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SAV. Pimington


## DIVINE EMBLEMS:

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## TEMPORAL THINGS

SPIRITUALIZED.

EITTEDFOR THE USEOF

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By $7 O H N B U N X A N_{0}$

## LONDON:

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## TO THE

## R E A D E R.

## COURTEOUS READER,

ME title-page will hew, if thou wilt look, Who are the proper fubjects of this book. They're boys and girls, of all forts and degrees, From thofe of age to children on the knees. Thus comprehenfive am I in my notions, They tempt me to it by their childifh motions. We now have boys with beards, and girls that be Huge as old women, wanting gravity.

Then do not blame me, fince I thus defcribe 'em,
Flatter I may not, left thereby I bribe them To have a better judgment of themfelves, Than wife men have of babies on the fhelves. Their antic tricks, fantaltic modes and way Shew they like very boys and girls do play With all the frantic fooleries of the age, And that in open view, as on a ftage; Our bearded men do act like beardlefs boys, Our women pleafe themfelves with childifh toys.

Our minifters long time by word and pen Dealt with them, counting them not boys, but men : They fhot their thunders at them and theirtoys, But hit them not, 'caufe they were girls and boys.

The better charg'd, the wider fill they fhot, Or elfe fo high thefe Dwarfs they touched not. Inftead of men they found them girls and boys, To nought addicted but to childifh toys.

Wherefore, dear reader, that I fave them may, I now with them the very Dotril play. And fince at gravity they make a tufh, My very beard I caft behind a bufh, And like a fool fand fing'ring of their toys, And all to fhew they are but girls and boys.

Nor do I bluft, altho' I think fome may Call me a child, becaufe I with them play: I aim to fhew them how each fingle fangle On which they doat, does but their fouls entangle, As with a web, a trap, a gin, a fnare, And will deftroy them, have they not a care.

Paul feem'd to play the fool, that he might gain Thofe that were fools indeed, if not in grain; He did it by fuch things, to let them fee Their emptinefs, their fin and vanity: A noble act, and full of honefty !

Nor he, nor I would like them be in vice, But by their play-things I would them entice, That they mister aife their thoughts from childifh toys,
To heav'n, for that's prepar'd for girls and boys. Nor would I fo confine myfelf to thefe, As to thun graver things, but feek to pleafe Thofe more compos'd with better things than toys; Tho' I would thus be catching girls and boys.

Wherefore if men inclined are to look, Perhaps their graver fancies may be took With what is here, tho' but in homely rhimes: But he who pleafes all muft rife betimes. Some, I perfuade me, will be finding fault, Concluding, here I trip, and there I halt: No doubt fome could thofe grov'ling notions raire By fine-fpun terms, that challenge might the bays.

Should all be forc'd their brains to lay afide That cannot regulate the flowing tide; By this or that man's fancy we fhould have The wife, unto the fool, become a flave. What tho' my text feems mean, my morals be Grave, as if fetch'd from a fublimer tree. And if fome better handle can a fly, Than fome a text, wherefore fhould we deny Their making proof, or good experiment, Of fmalleft things, great mifchiefs to prevent?

Wife Solomon did fools to pifinires fend, To learn true wifdom, and their lives to mend. Yea, God by fwallows, cuckows, and the afs, Shews they are fools who let that feafon pafs, Which he put in their hands, that to obtain, Which is both prefent and eternal gain.

I tionk the wifer fort my rhime may flight, While I perufe them, fools will take delight. Then what care I? the foolifh, God has chofe; And doth by foolifh things, their minds compofe, And fettle upon that which is divine: Great things, by Jittle ones, are made to ©ine. A 3

1 could, were I fo pleas'd, ufe higher ftrains ; And for applaufe on tenters ftretch my brains; But what needs that? the arrow out of fight, Does not the fleeper, nor the watchman fright; To fhoot too high doth make but children gaze, 'Tis that which hits the man doth hitn amaze.

As for the inconfiderablenefs Of things, by which I do my mind exprefs: May I by them bring fome good thing to pafs, As Samfon, with the jaw bone of an afs; Or as brave Shangar with his ox ${ }^{3}$ s goad, (Both things unmanly, not for war in mode) I have my end, tho' I myfelf expofe: For God will have the glory at the clofe.
J. B.

# DIVINE EMBLEMS： 

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TEMPORAL THINGS

SPIRITUALIZED，たた．

> I。

Ulon the barren Fig－Tree in God＇s Vineyard．


WHAT barren here！in this fo good a foil？
The fight of this doth make God＇s heart recoil From giving thee his bleffing，barren tree ； Bear fruit，or elfe thine end will curfed be ：

Art thou not planted by the water-fide? Know'f not thy Lord by fruit is glorify'd? The fentence is, Cut down the barren tree: Bear fruit, or elfe thine end will curfed be!

Thou haft been digg'd about and dunged too, Will neither patience, nor yet dreffing do? The executioner is come, O tree! Bear fruit, or elfe thine end will curfed be!

He that about thy roots takes pains to dig, Would, if on thee were found but one good fig, Preferve thee from the axe : but, barren tree, Bear fruit, or elfe thy end will curfed be!

The utmoft end of patience is at hand, 'Tis much if thou much longer here doth fland. O cumber-ground, thou art a barren tree; Bear fruit, or elfe thy end will curfed be!

Thy ftanding, nor thy name will help at all; When fruitful trees are fpared, thou muft fall. The axe is laid unto thy roots, O tree! Bear fruit, or elfe thy end will curfed be.
II.

Upon the Lark and the Fowler.


THOU fimple bird, what makes thee here to play!
Look, there's the fowler; pr'y thee come away. Do'f not behold the net? Look there 'tis fpread, Venture a little further, thou art dead.

Is there not room enough in all the field, For thee to play in, but thou needs mult yield To the deceitful glite'ring of a glafs, Between nets plac'd, to bring thy death to pafs?

Bird, if thou art fo much for dazzling light, Look, there's the fun above thee: dart upright: Thy nature is to foar up to the iky ,
Why wilt thou then come down to the nets and die?
Heed not the fowler's tempting flatt'ring call; This whiftle he enchanteth birds withal:

What tho' thou fee'th a live bird in his net, She's there becaufe from thence fhe cannot get.

Look how he tempteth thee with his decoy, That he may rob thee of thy life, thy joy. Come, prythee bird, I pry yhee come away, Why Mould $f$ thou to this net become a prey?

Had'f thou not wings, or were thy feathers pull'd,
Or waft thou blind, or faft afleep wer't lull'd, The cafe would fomewhat alter, but for thee, Thy eyes are ope', and thou halt wings to flee.

Remember that thy fong is in thy rife, Not in thy fall; earth's not thy paradife. Keep up aloft then, let thy circaits be Above, where birds from fowlers nets are free.
COMPARISON.

This fowler is an emblem of the devil, His nets and whiftle, fingers of all evil. His glafs an emblem is of finful pleafure, Decoying fuch who reckon fin a treafure.

This fimple lark's a fhadow of a faint, Under allurings, ready now to faint. What you have read, a needful warning is, Defign'd to fhew the foul its fhare and blifs, And how it may this fowler's net efcape, And not commit upon itfelf this rape.
III.

U/hon the Vine Tree.



W
HAT is the vine more than another tree?
Nay moft, than it, more tall, more comely be?
What workman thence will take a beam or pin, To make out which may be delighted in?
Its excellency in its fruit doth lie:
A fruitlefs vine it is not worth a fly.

> COMPARISON.

What are profeffors more than other men? Nothing at all. Nay, there's not one in ten, Either for wealth, or wit, that may compare, In many things, with fome that carnal are : Good then they are, when mortify'd their fin, But without that, they are not worth a pin.

> IV.

## Meditations upon an Egg.



THE egg's no chick by falling from the hen; Nor man a Chriftian 'till he's born again.

The egg's at first contained in the thell: Men afore grace, in fins and darknefs dwell. The egg, when laid, by warmth is made a chicken, And Chrift by grace the dead in fin does quicken. The chick at firft is in the cell confin'd; So heav'n-born fouls are in the flefh detain'd. The thell doth crack, the chick doth chirp and
peep,

The flefh decays, and men then pray and weep. The fhell doth break, the chick's at liberty, The flefh falls off, the foul mounts up on high. But both do not enjoy the felf-fame plight; The foul is fafe, the chick now fears the kite.

But chicks from rotten eggs do not proceed Nor is an hypocrite a faint indeed.
The rotten egg, tho' underneath the hen, If crack'd, ftinks, and is loathfome unto men. Nor doth her warmth make what is rotten found; What's rotten, rotten will at laft be found. The hypocrite, fin has him in poffeffion, He is a rotten egg under profeffion.

Some eggs bring cockatrices; and fome men, Some hatch'd and brooded in the viper's den. Some eggs bring wild fowls; and fome men there be
As wild as are the wildeft fowls that flee. Some eggs bring fiders; and fome men appear More venom'd than the wort of fipiders are. Some eggs bring pifmires; and fome feem to me As much for trifles as the pifmires be. And thus do divers eggs form diff'rent thapes, As like fome men as monkeys are like apes, But this is but an egg, were it a chick, Here had been legs, and wings, and bones to pick.


METHINKS I fee a fight moft excellent, All forts of birds fly in the firmament: Some great, fome fmall, all of a divers kind, Mine eye affecting, pleafant to my mind. Look how they wing along the wholefome air, Above the world of worldings, and their care. And as they divers are in bulk and hue, So are they in their way of flying too. So many birds, fo many various things Swim in the element upon their wings.
COMPARISON.

Thefe birds are emblems of thofe men, that fhall E're long poffefs the heavens, their all in all. They each are of a different fhape and kind: To teach, we of all nations there fhall find. They are fome great, fome little as we fee, To fhew, fome great, fome fmall, in glory be.

Their flying diverfly, as we behold,
Do fhew faints joys will there be manifold. Some glide, fome mount, forme fluter and fome do, In a mixt way of flying, glory too. To fhew that each fhali to his full content, Be happy in that heav'nly firmament,

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\begin{gathered}
\text { VI. } \\
\text { Ulion the Lord's Prajor. }
\end{gathered}
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UR Father which in heaven art,
Thy name be always hallowed:
Thy kingdom come, thy will be done;
Thy heavenly path be followed:
By us on earth, as 'tis with thee,
We humbly pray;
And let our bread to us be giv'n
From day to day.
Forgive our debts, as we forgive
Thofe that to us indebted are:

Into temptation lead us not!
But fave us from the wicked fnare.
The kingdom's thine, the power too,
We thee adore;
The glory alfo fhall be thine
For evermore.

## VII.

Meditations uhon the Peep of Day.


A
T peep of day I often cannot know Whether 'tis night, whether 'tis day or no. I fancy that I fee a little light, But cannot yet diftinguifh day from night; I hope, I doubt, but certain yet I be not, I am not at a point, the fun I fee not. Thus fuch, who are but juft of grace poffeft, They know not yet if they be curft or blef.

## VII.

## Uhon the Flint in the Water.



THIS flint, time out of mind has there abode, Where cryftal freams make their continual Yet it abides a fint as much as 'twere, [road, Before it touch'd the water, or came there.

Its hardnefs is not in the leaft abated,
'Tis not at all by water penetrated.
Though water hath a foft'ning virtue in't,
It can't diffolve the fone, for 'tis a flint.
Yea, tho' in the water it doth fill remain, Its fiery nature fill it does retain. If you oppofe it with its oppolite, Then in your very face its fire 'twill fpit.
COMPARISON.

This flint an emblem is of thofe that lie, Under the word like fones, until they die.

Its cryftal ftreams have not their natures chang'd, They are not from their luffs by grace eftrang'd.

## IX.

## Upon the Fifth in the Water.



THE water is the fifth's element:
'Take her from thence, none can her death prevent;
And forme have fid, who have tranfgreffors been, As good not be, as to be kept from fin.

The water is the film's element, Leave her but there, and the will be content. So's he, who in the path of life doth plod, Take all, fays he, let me but have my God.

The water is the fifth's element:
Her fportings there to her are excellent : So is God's fervice unto holy men, They are not in their element till then.
X.

Uhon the Swallow.

$T$
HIS pretty bird, oh! how the flies and fings!
But could fhe do fo if the had not wings?
Her wings befpeak my faith, her fongs my peace; When 1 believe and fing, my doubtings ceafe.

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\begin{gathered}
\text { XI. } \\
\text { Uhon the Bee: }
\end{gathered}
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THE bee goes out, and honey home doth bring ;
And fome who feek that honey find a fting. Now would'ft thou have the honey, and be free From flinging ; in the firft place kill the bee.
COMPARISON.

This bee an emblem truly is of fin, Whofe fweet unto a many, death hath been. Would'ft thou have fiweet from fin, and yet not die, Sin in the firt place thou muft mortify.

## XII.

Upon a low'ring Morning.


TTELL, with the day I fee the clouds ap. pear;
And mix the light with darknefs ev'ry where; This threatens thole who on long journeys go, That they fall meet with flabby rain or now. Elfe while I gaze, the fun doth with his beams Belace the clouds, as 'twee with bloody ftreams; Then fuddenly thole clouds do watery grow, And weep and pour their tears out where they go.
COMPARISON.

Thus 'tic when gofpel light doth uther in To us, both fenfe of grace, and fenfe of fin; Yea, when it makes fin red with Jefus' blood, Then we can weep, till weeping does us good.

## XIII.

Uhon orer-much Nicene/s.


91 IS ftrange to fee how over-nice are fome
About their clothes, their bodies and their home : While what's of worth, they flightly pafs it by, Not doing it all, or flovenly.

Their houfes matt well furnifh'd be in print; While their immortal foul has no good in't. Its outfide alfo they mult beautify, While there is in't fcarce common honefty.

Their bodies they muft have trick'd up and trim: Their infide full of filth up to the brim. Upon their clothes there muft not be a fpot, Whereas their lives are but one common blot.

How nice, how coy are fome about their diet, That can their crying fouls with hogs-meat quiet,

All muft be dreft t'a hair, or elfe 'tis naught. While of the living bread they have no thought. Thus for their outfide they are clean and nice, While their poor infide Rinks with fin and vice.
XIV.

## Meditations ufon a Candle.



$\sqrt{1}$AN's like a candle in a candleftick, Made up of tallow, and a little wick; For what the candle is, before 'tis lighted, Juft fuch be they who are in fin benighted. Nor can a man his foul with grace infpire, More than the candle fet themfelves on fire.

Candles receive their light from what they are not:
Men grace from him, for whom at firft they care not.

We manage candles when they take the fire; God men, when he with grace doth them infpire.

And biggeft candles give the betrer light, As grace on biggeft finners fhines moft bright.

The candle fhines to make another fee, A faint unto his neeighbour light fhould be.

The blinking candle we do much defpife, Saints dim of light are high in no man's eyes.

Again, though it may feem to fome a riddle, We ufe to light our candle at the middle: True light doth at the candle's end appear, And grace the heart firft reaches by the ear.

But 'tis the wick the fire doth kindle on, As 'tis the heart that grace firft works upon. Thus both do faften upon what's the main, And fo their life and vigour do maintain.

The tallow makes the wick yield to the fire, And finful flefh doth make the foul defire, That grace may kindle on it, in it burn; So evil makes the foul from evil turn.

But candles in the wind are apt to flare; And Chriftians in a tempeft, to defpair. We fee the flame with fmoke attended is; And in our holy lives there's much amis.

Sometimes a thief will candle-light annoy : And lufts do feek our graces to deftroy. What brackifh is will make a candle fputter; .Twixt fin and grace there's oft' a heavy clutter.

Sometimes the light burns dim, 'caufe of the fruff, And fometimes 'tis blown quite out with a puff; But watchfulnefs preventeth both thefe evils, Keeps candles light, and grace in fpite of devils.

But let not fnuffs nor puffs make us to doubt:
Our candles may be lighted, tha pufft out.
The candle in the night doth all excel, Nor fun, nor moon, nor ftars, then thine fo well. So is the Chriftian in our hemifphere, Whofe light fhews others how their courfe to fteer.

When candles are put out all's in confufion ; Where Chriftians are not, devils make intrufion. They then are happy who fuch candles have, All others dwell in darknefs and the grave. But candles that do blink within the focket, And faints whofe eyes are always in their pocket, Are much alike; fuch candle's make us fumble; And at fuch faints, good men and bad do fumble.

Good candles don't offend, except fore eyes, Nor hurt, unlefs it be the filly flies:
Thus none like burning candles in the night, Nor ought to haly living for delight.
But let us draw towards the candle's end: The fire, you fee, doth wick and tallow fpend : As grace man's life, until his glafs is run, And fo the candle and the man is done.

The man now lays him down upon his bed; The wick yields up its fire, and fo is dead. The candle now extinct is, but the man,
XV.

Uhon the Sacrament.


TW O facraments I do believe there be, Ev'n baptifm and the Supper of the Lord: Both myfteries divine, which do to me, By God's appointment, benefit afford:

But fhall they be my God, or fhall I have Of them fo foul and impious a thought, To think that from the curfe they can me fave? Bread, wine, nor water me no ranfom bought.

Upon the Sun's Reflection then the Clouds in a fair Morning.


LOOK yonder, ah! methinks mine eyes do fee,
Clouds edg'd with filver, as fine garments be! They look as if they fay the golden face, That makes black clouds molt beautiful with grace.

Unto the faints fret incenfe of their prayer, There fmoaky curled clouds I do compare. For as there clouds rem edg'd, or lac'd with gold, Their prayers return with bleflings manifold.

> XVII.
> U/pon Aplarel.


O
OD gave us cloaths to hide our nakednefs IT And we by them do it expofe to view. Our pride and unclean minds, to an excefs, By our apparel we to others fhew.

## XVIII.

The Sinner and the S/iider.


Sinner.
TH HA T black, what ugly crawling thing art thou?
Spider.

I am a fpider
Sinner.
A fider, ay; truly a fithy creature.
spider.

Not filthy as thy felf in name or feature : My name entailed is to my creation; My feature from the God of thy falvation.
$C_{3}$

## Sinner.

I am a man, and in God's image made, I have a foul fhall neither die nor fade: God has poffeffed me with human reafon, Speak not againft me, left thou fpeakeft treafon. For if I am the image of my maker, Of flanders laid on me he is partaker.

## Spider.

I know thou art a creature far above me, Therefore I fhun, I fear, and alfo love thee. But tho' thy God hath made thee fuch a creature, Thou haft againft him often play'd the traitor. Thy fin has fetch'd thee down: leave off to boaft: Nature thou haft defil'd, God's image lof. Yea thou, thyfelf a very beaft haft made, And art become like grafs, which foon doth fade. Thy foul, thy reafon, yea, thy fpotlefs flate, Sin has fubjected to th' moft dreadful fate. But I retain my primitive condition, I've all but what I loft by thy ambition.

Sinner.
Thou venom'd thing, I know not what to call thee;
The dregs of nature furely did befall thee; Thou waft compos'd $o^{3}$ th' drofs and fcum of all, Men hate thee, and in fcorn thee Spider call.

## Spider.

My venom's good for fomething ; fince God made it.
Thy nature fin has fpoil'd, and doth degrade it. Thou art defpoil'd of good: and tho' I fear thee, I will not, tho' I might, defpife and jeer thee, Thou fay'f I am the very dregs of mature, Thy fin's the fpawn of devils, tis no creature. Thou fay'ft man hates me, caufe 1 am a fpider, Poor man, thou at thy God art a derider; My venom tendeth to my prefervation; Thy pleafing follies work out thy damnation. Poor man, I keep the rules of my creation, Thy fin has calt thee headlong from thy fation. I hurt nobody willingly; but thou Art a felf-murderer: thou know'f not how To do what's good; no, for thou lovef evil: Thou fly't God's law, adhereft to the devil.

## Sinner.

Thou ill fhap'd thing, there's an antipathy 'Twixt man and fpiders, 'tis in vain to lie; Stand off, I hate thee, if thou doft come nigh me, I'll crufh thee with my foot: I do defy thee.

## Spider.

They are ill-fhap'd, who warped are by fin, Hatred in thee to God hath long time been; No marvel then indeed, if me his creature Thou doft defy, pretending name and feature.

But why ftand off? My prefence fhall not throng: thee,
'Tis not my venom, but thy fin doth wrong thee.
Come, I will teach thee wifdom, do but hear me. I was made for thy profit, do not fear me.

But if thy God thow wilt not hearken to, What can the fwallow, ant, and fider do? Yet I will fpeak, 1 can but be rejected, Sometimes, great things, by fmall means are effected.

Hark then, tho' man is noble by creation, He's lapfed now to fuch degeneration As not to grieve, fo carelefs is he grown, Tho' he himfelf has fadly overthrown, And brought to bondage every earthly thing, Ev'n from the very fider to the king:
This we poor fenfitives do feel and fee; For fubject to the curfe you made us be. Tread not upou me, neither from me go; 'Tis man which has brought all the world to woe.

The law of my creation bids me teach thee: I will not for thy pride to God impeach thee. I fpin, I weave, and all to let thee fee, Thy beft performances but cobwebs be. Thy glory now is brought to fuch an ebb, It doth not much excel the fpider's web.
My webs becoming fnares and traps for flies, Do fet the wiles of hell before thine eyes, Their tangling nature is to let thee fee, Thy fins (too) of a tangling nature be.

My den, or hole, for that 'tis bottomlefs, Doth of damnation fhew the lafting nefs. My lying quiet till the fly is catcht, Shews, fecretly hell hath thy ruin hatcht, In that I on her feize, when the is taken, I fhew who gathers whom God hath forfaken. The fly lies buzzing in my web to tell How finners always roar and howl in hell.

Now fince I fhew thee all thefe myteries, How canf thou hate me; or me fcandalize?

## Sirner.

Well, well, I will no more be a derider, I did not look for fuch things from a fiider.

## Spider.

Come, hold thy peace, what I have yet to fay,
If heeded, may help thee another day. Since I an ugly ven'mous creature be,
There's fome refemblance 'twixt vile man and me,

My wild and heedlefs runnings, are like thofe Whofe ways to ruin do their fouls expofe. Day light is not my time, I work i' th' night, 'To fhew, they are like me who hate the light. The maid fweeps one web down, I make a other, To fhew how heedlefs ones convictions fmother. My web is no defence at all to me, Nor will falfe hopes at judgment be to thee.

## Sinner.

O fider, I have heard thee, and do wonder, A fpider Should thus lighten, and thus thunder?

## Spider.

Do but hold fill, and I will let thee fee, Yet in my ways more mytteries there be. Shall not I do thee good, if I thee tell, I thew to thee a four-fold way to hell? For fince I fet my web in fundry places, I hew men go to hell in divers traces.

One I fet in the window, that I might Shew fome go down to hell with gofpel light.

One I fet in a corner, as you fee, To fhew how fome in fecret fnared be.

Grofs webs great ftore I fet in darkfome places,
To fhew, how many fin with brazen faces.
Another web I fet aloft on high,
To fhew there's fome profeffing men mult die. Thus in my ways, God wifdom doth conceal; And by my ways, that wifdom doth reveal.

I hide myfelf when I for flies do wait, So doth the devil when he lays his bait; If I do fear the lofing of my prey, Thir me, and more fnares upon her lay. This way, and that, her wings and legs I tie, That fure as the is catch'd, fo the muft die.

But if I fee fhe's like to get away, Then with my venom I her journey flay. All which my ways, the devil imitates To catch men, 'caufe he their falvation hates.

## Sinner.

O fpider, thou delight'ft me with thy fkill, I pr'ythee fpit this venom at me fill.

## Spider.

I am a fpider, yet I can poffefs
The palace of a king, where happinefs
So much abounds. Nor when I do go thither, Do they afk what, or whence I come, or whither I make my hafty travels? no, not they:
They let me pafs, and I go on my way.
I feize the palace, do with hands take hold
Of doors, of locks, or bolts; yet I am bold,
When in, to clamber up unto the throne,
And to poffefs it, as if 'twere my own.
Nor is there any law forbidding me Here to abide, or in this palace be.

At pleafure I afcend the higheft fories, And then I fit, and fo behold the glories Myfelf is compafs'd with, as if I were, One of the chiefeft courtiers that be there.

Here lords and ladies do come round about me, With grave demeanour, nor do any flout me, For this my brave adventure, no, not they; They come, they go, but leave me there to ftay.

Now, my reproacher, I do by all this Shew how thou may'it poffefs thyfelf of blifs : Thou art worfe than a fpider, but take hold
On Chrift the door thou fhalt not be controul'd : By him do thou the heavenly palace enter; None e'er will chide thee for thy brave adventure. Approach thou then unto the very throne, There fpeak thy mind: fear not, the day's thine own.
Not faint, nor angel will thee ftop or ftay, But rather tumble blocks out of the way. My venom flops not me; let not thy vice -Stop thee ; poffefs thy felf of paradife.

Go on, I fay, although thou be a finner, Learn to be bold in faith of me a fpinner. This is the way true glories to poffefs, And to enjoy what no man can exprefs.

Sometimes I find the palace door up-lockt, And fo my entrance thither has up-blockt. But am I daunted? No, I here and there Do feel and fearch; and fo if any where, At any chink or crevice find my way, I croud, I prefs for paffage, make no flay: And fo thro' difficulty I attain The palace, yea, the throne where princes reign.

I croud fometimes, as if I'd burft in funder : And art thou crufh'd with feriving, do not wonder. Some fcarce get in, and yet indeed they enter; Knock, for they nothing have, that nothing ventare.

Nor will the King himfelf throw dirt on thee, As thou haft caft reproaches upon me, He will not hate thee, O thou foul backflider ! As thou didft me becaufe I am a fpider.

Now, to conclude: fince I much doctrine bring, Slight me no more, call me not ugly thing. God wifdom hath unto the pifmire given, And fpiders may teach men the way to heaven.

## Sinner.

Well, my good fpider, I my errors fee, I was a fool for railing fo at thee. Thy nature, venom, and thy fearful hue, But fhew what finners are, and what they do.

Thy way, and works do alfo darkly tell, How fome men go to heaven, and fome to hell. Thou art my monitor, I am a fool; They may learn, that to fpiders go to fchool.

## XIX.

## Neditations upon the Day before the Sun-rifing.



5
UT all this while, where's he whofe golden rays
Drives night away, and beautifies our days?
Where's he whofe goodly face doth warm and heal,
And fhews us what the darkfome nights conceal? Where's he that thaws our ice, drives cold away? Let's have him, or we care not for the day.

Thus 'tis with thofe who are poffeft of grace, There's nought to them like their Redeemer's face.

## XX.

## Of the Mole in the Ground.



THE mole's a creature very froth and flick, She digs isth' dirt, but 'twill not on her flick.
So's he who counts this world, his greateft gains, Yet nothing gets but labour for his pains. Earth's the mole's element, fie can't abide To be above ground, dirt heaps are her pride; And he is like her, who the worldling plays; He imitates her in her works and ways.

Poor filly mole, that thou fhould't love to be, Where thou, nor fun, nor moon, nor flats can'ft fee.
But oh! How filly's he, who doth not care So he gets earth, to have of heav'n a flare!

## XXI。

> Of the Cuckoo.


THOU booby, fay't thou nothing but Cuckoo?
The Robin and the Wren can thee out do. They to us play thorough their little throats, Not one, but fundry pretty tuneful notes. But thou halt fellows, fome like thee can do Little but fuck our eggs, and fing Cuckoo.

Thy notes do not firf welcome in our fpring, Nor doft thou its firft tokens to us bring. Birds lefs than thee by far, like Prophets, do Tell us, 'tis coming, tho' not by Cuckoo.

Nor doff thou fummer have away with thee, Though thou a yawling, bawling Cuckoo be. When thou doft ceafe among us to appear, Then doth our harveft bravely crown our year.

But thou haft fellows, fume 1 ike thee can do Little but fuck our eggs, and fang Cuckoo.

Since Cuckoos forward not our early Spring, Nor help with notes to bring our barveft in; And fence while here, the only makes a noife, So pleafing unto none as girls and boys, The Formalift we may compare her to, For he doth fuck our eggs, and fing Cuckoo.

## XXII.

Of the Boy and Butter-fly.


B
EHOLD how eager this our little boy Is for this Butter-fly, as if all joy, All profits, honours, yea and lafting pleafures, Were wrapt up in her, or the richeff treafures Found in her, would be bundled up together, When all her all is lighter than a feather.

He holloos, runs, and cries out, Here boys, here,
Nor doth he brambles or the nettles fear: He ftumbles at the mole-hills, up he gets, And runs again, as one bereft of wits; And all his labour and this large out-cry, Is only for a filly Butter-fly.
COMPARISON.

This little boy an emblem is of thofe, Whofe hearts are wholly at the world's difpofe, The Butter-fly doth reprefent to me, The world's beft things at beft but fading be; All are but painted nothings and falfe joys, Like this poor Butter-fly to thefe our boys.

His running thorough nettles, thorns and briars, To gratify his boyifh fond defires;
His tumbling over mole-hills to attain His end, namely his Butter-fly to gain;
Doth plainly fhew what hazards fome men run, To get what will be loft as foon as won. Men feem in choice, than children far more wife, Becaufe they run not after Butter-flies: When yet alas! for what are empty toys, They follow children, like to beardlefs boys.

## XXIII.

Of the Fly at the Candle.


NHAT ails this fly thus defperately to enter
A combat with the candle? Will foe venture To clafh at light? Away thou filly Fly; Thus doing thou wilt burn thy wings and die.

But 'ti a folly her advice to give, She'll kill the candle, or the will not live. Slap, fays the at it: then the makes retreat, So wheels about, and doth her blows repeat.

Nor doth the candle let her quite efcape, But gives forme little check unto the ape: Throws up her nimble heels, and down the falls, Where the lies sprawling, and for fuccour calls.

When the recovers, up the gets again, And at the candle comes with might and main. But now behold, the candle takes the Fly, And holds her, till fie doth by burning die.

> COMPARISON.

This candle is an emblem of that light, Our gofpel gives in this our darkfome night, The Fly a lively picture is of those That hate, and do this gofpel-light oppose. At lat t the gofpel doth become their fare, Doth them with burning hands in pieces tear.

## XXIV.

On the Ri jig of the Sun.


L
OOK, look, brave Sol doth peep up from beneath,
Shews us his golden face, doth on us breathe;

Yea he doth compafs us around with glories, Whilft he afcends up to his higheff ftories; Where he his banner over us difplays, And gives us light to fee our works and ways.

Nor are we now, as at the peep of light, To quettion, is it day, or is it night? The night is gone, the fhadow's fled away, And now we are moft certain that 'tis day.

And thus it is when Jefus flews his face, And doth affure us of his love and grace.

## XXV.

Uhon the promijng Fruitfulness of a Tree.


A
Comely fight indeed it is to fee
A world of bloffoms on an appletree:
Yet far more comely would this tree appear, If all its dainty blooms young apples were.

But how much more, might one upon it fee, If all would hang there till they ripe fhould be. But moft of all in beauty would abound, If every one fhould then be truly found.

But we, alas ! do commonly behold Blooms fall arace, if mornings be but cold. They (too) which hang till they young apples are,
By blafling winds and vermin take defpair; Store that do hang, while almoft ripe, we fee By bluftring winds are faken from the tree. So that of many, only fome there be, That grow and thrive to full maturity.

$$
\mathrm{COMPARISON.}
$$

This tree a perfect emblem is of thofe Which do the garden of the Lord compofe.

Its blafted blooms are motions unto good, Whicis chill affections do nip in the bud.

Thofe little apples which yet blafted are, Shew, fome good purpofes, no good fruits bear. Thofe fpoil'd by vermin are to let us fee, How good attempts by bad thoughis ruin'd be.

Thofe which the wind blows down, while they are green,
Shew good works have by trials fpoiled been. Thofe that abide, while ripe upon the tree, Shew, in a good man, fome ripe fruit will be.

Behold then how abortive fome fruits are, Which at the firft molt promifing appear.

The froft, the wind, the worm, with time doth fhew,
There flow from much appearance works but few.

## XXVI.

Ulpon the Thief.


T
HE thief, when he doth fteal, thinks he doth gain,
Yet then the greateft lofs he doth fuftain.
Come, thief, tell me thy gains, but do not faulter, When fum'd, what comes it to more than the halter?

Perhaps thou'lt fay, the halter I defy: So thou may'ft fay, yet by the halter die.

Thou'lt fay, then there's an end; no, pr'ythee hold,
He was no friend of thine that thee fo told. Hear thou the word of God, that will thee tell, Without repentance, thieves muft go to hell. But fhould it be as thy falfe prophet fays, Yet nought but lofs doth come by thievifh ways.

All honeft men will flee thy company, Thou liv'ft a rogue, and fo a rogue will die. Innocent boldnefs thou haft none at all, Thy inward thoughts do thee a villain call.

Sometimes when thou ly't warmly on thy bed,
Thou art like one unto the gallows led. Fear as a conftable breaks in upon thee, Thou art as if the town was up to fone thee.

If hogs do grunt, or filly rats do rufsle, Thou art in confternation, think'ft a bufte By men about the door is made to take thee: And all becaufe good confcience doth forfake thee.

Thy cafe is fo deplorable and bad;
Thou fhunn'f to think on't, left thou fhould'it be mad:
Thou art befet with mifchiefs every way, The gallows groaneth for thee ev'ry day.

Wherefore, I pr'ythee, thief, thy theft forbearo Confult thy fafety, pr'ythee have a care.

If once thy head be got within the noofe, 'Twill be too late a longer life to choofe.

As to the penitent thou readeft of, What's that to them who at repentance fcoff. Nor is that grace at thy command or pow'r, That thou fhould'ft put it off till the laft hour.

I pr'ythee, thief, think on't, and turn betime; Few go to life, who do the gallows climb.

## XXVII.

Of the Child with the Bird on the Buft.


MY little bird, how can'f thou fit, And fing amidit fo many thorns?
Let me but hold upon thee get, My love with honour thee adorns.

Thou art at prefent little worth; Five farthings none will give for thee. But pr'ythee little bird come forth, Thou of more value art to me.
'Tis true, it is fun-fhine to day, To-morrow birds will have a form; My pretty one come thou away, My bofom then fhall keep thee warm.

Thou fubject art to cold o'nights, When darknefs is thy covering; At days thy danger's great by kites, How can'f thou then fit there and fing?

Thy food is fcarce and fcanty too, ${ }^{5}$ Tis worms and trafh which thou doft eat ; Thy prefent fate I pity do, Come, I'll provide thee better meat.

Ill feed thes with white bread and milk, And fugar-plumbs, if thou them crave; I'll cover thee with finell filk, That from the cold 1 may thee fave.

My father's palace fhall be thine, Yea, in it thou fhalt fit and fing: My little bird, if thoul't be mine, The whole year round fhall be thy fpring.

I'll teach thee all the notes at court ; Unthought-of mufic thou fhalt play: And all that thither do refort, Shall praife thee for it every day.

I'll keep thee fafe from cat and cur, No manner o'harm fhall come to thee : Yea, I will be thy fuccourer, My bofom fhall thy cabin be.

But lo, behold, the bird is gone;
Thefe charmings would not make her yield:
The child's left at the bufh alone, The bird fies yonder o'er the field.
COMPARISON.

This child of Chrift an emblem is;
The birds to finners I compare :
The thorns are like thofe fins of his, Which do furround him ev'ry where.

Her fongs, her food, and fun-fhine day, Are emblems of thofe foolifh toys, Which to deftruction lead the way, The fruit of worldly empty joys.

The arguments this child doth chure, 'To draw to him a bird thus wild, Shews Chrift familiar fpeech doth ufe, To make to him be reconcil'd.

The bird in that fhe takes her wing, To fpeed her from him after all : Shews us, vain man loves any thing, Much better than the heavn'ly call.

E 2.

## XXVIII.

Of Moles and his Wife.


THIS Mofes was a fair and comely man; His wife a fwarthy 不thiopian : Nor did his milk-white bofom change her fkin, She came out thence as black as fhe went in.

Now Mofes was a type of Mofes' law, His wife likewife of one that never faw Another way unto eternal life; There's myft'ry thens in Mofes and his wife.

The law is very holy, juft and good, And to it is efpous'd all flefh and blood: But yet the law its goodnefs can't beftow On any that are wedded thereunto.

Therefore as Mofes' wife came fwarthy in, And went out from him without change of finin, So he that doth the law for life adore, Shall yet by it be left a black-a-moor.

## XXIX.

Of the Role Buffi.


THIS homely bufh doth to mine eyes expofe, A very fair, yea comely ruddy rofe.

This rofe doth always bow its head to me, Saying, come pluck me, I thy rofe will be; Yet offer I to gather Rofe or bud, Ten to one but the bufh will have my blood.

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\mathrm{E}_{3}
$$

This looks like a trepan, or a decoy, To offer, and yet fnap, who would enjoy; Yea, the more eager on't, the more in danger, Be he the mafter of it or a ftranger.

Bufh, why doft bear a Rofe, if none muft have it, Who doft expofe it, yet claw thofe that crave it? Art become freakih? Doft thee wanton play, Or doth thy tefty humour tend this way?
COMPARISON.

This Rofe God's Son is, with his ruday looks: But what's the buh? whofe pricks like tenterhooks,
Do feratch and claw the fineft lady's hands, Or rend her cloaths, if fhe too near it flands.

This bufh an emblem is of Adam's race, Of which Chrift came, when he his Father's grace Commended to us in his crimfon blood, While he in finners ftead and nature ftood.

Thus Adam's race did bear this dainty rofe, And doth the fame to Adam's race expofe: But thofe of Adam's race which at it catch, Them will the race of Adam clasv and fcratch.

## XXX。

> Of the going down of the Sun..


W
H A T, haft thou run thy race, art going down?
Why, as one angry, doft thou on us fiown ?
Why wrap thy head with clouds, and hide thy. face,
As threatening to withdraw from us thy grace? O leave us not! When once thou hidit thy head, Our horizon with darknefs will be fpread. Tell, who hath thee offended, turn again : Alas! too late, intreaties are in vain!.
COMPARISON.

The gofpel here has had a fummer's day. But in its iun-mine we, like fools, did play;

Or elfe fall out, and with each other wrangle, And did, inflead of work, not much but jangle.

And if our fun feems angry, hides his face, Shall it go down, fhall night poffefs this place? Let not the voice of night-birds us afflict, And of our mifpent fummer us convict.

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\begin{gathered}
\text { XXXI. } \\
\text { U/hon the Frog. }
\end{gathered}
$$



T
HE Frog by nature is both damp and cold.
Her mouth is large, her belly much will hold;

She fits fomewhat afcending, loves to be Croaking in gardens, tho' unpleafantly.
COMPARISON.

The hypocrite is like unto this Frog; As like as is the puppy to the dog. He is of nature cold, his mouth is wide To prate, and at true goodnefs to deride. And tho' the world is that which has his love, He mounts his head, as if he liv'd above. And though he feeks in churches for to croak He neither loveth Jefus, nor his yoke

## XXXII.

Uhon the Whiphing of a Top.


4 IS with the whip the boy fets up the top, The whip does make it whirl upon its toe; Hither and thither makes it Zkip and hop: ' Tis with the whip, the top is made to go.

Our Legalift is like this nimble top, Without a whip, he will not duty do. Let Mofes whip him, he will fkip and hop; Forbear to whip, he'll neither fand nor go.

## XXXIII.

Ullon the Pifmire.


T/ UST we unto the Pimire go to fchool, To learn of her in fummer to provide, For winter next enfuing? man's a fool, Or filly ants would not be made his guide.

But, fluggard, is it not a fhame for thee, To be out-done by Pifmires? Pr'ythee hear: Their works (too) will thy condemuation be, When at the judgment-feat thou fhalt appear.

But fince thy God doth bid thee to her go, Obey, her ways confider, and be wife: The Pifmires will inform thee what to do, And fet the way to life before thine eyes.

## XXXIV.

Upion the Beggar.


TE wants, he akks, he pleads his poverty, They within door do him an alms deny. He doth repeat and aggravate his grief; But they repulfe him, give him no relief. He begs, they fay begone : he will not hear, He coughs and fighs to flew he ftill is there; They difregard him, he repeats his groans; They ftill fay nay, and he himfelf bemoans. They call him vagrant, and more rugged grow; He cries the fhriller; trumpets out his woe. At laft when they perceive hell take no nay, An alms they give him without more delay.

## COMPARISON.

This beggar doth refemble them that pray To God for mercy, and will take no nay ; But wait, and count that all his hard gainfays, Are nothing elfe, but fartherly delays: Then imitate him, praying fouls, and cry: There's nothing like to importunity.

## XXXV.

Uhon the Horfe and his Rider.


T
HERE's one rides very fagely on the road: Shewing that he affects the gravelt mode; Another rides tantivy, or full trot, To fhew with gravity, he matters not.

Lo, here comes one amain, he rides full fpeed, Hedge, ditch, or miry bog, he doth not heed.

One claws it up-hill without fop or check, Another down, as if he'd break his neck.

Now ev'ry horfe has his efpecial guider: Then by his going you may know the rider.

> COMPARISON.

Now let us turn our horfe into a man, The rider to a fpirit, if we can : Then let us by the methods of the guider, 'Tell ev'ry horfe how he fhould know his rider.

Some go as men divect, in a right way, Nor are they fufter'd e'er to go aftray: As with a bridle they are govern'd well, And fo are kept from paths that lead to hell.

Now this good man has his efpecial guider:
Then by his going, let him know his rider.
Another goes as if he did not care
Whether of heav'n or hell he fhould be heir. The rein, it feems, is laid upon his neck, And he purfues his way without a check.

Now this man (too) has his efpecial guider, And by his going he may know his rider.

Again, fome run, as if refolv'd to die, Body and foul to all eternity. Good counfel they by no means can abide: They 11 have their courfe, whatever them betide.

Now thefe por men have their efpecial guider;
Were they not fools, they foon might know their rider.

There's one makes head againft all godlinefs Thofe (too) that do profefs it he'll diftrefs: He'll taunt and flout if goodnefs doth appear; And thofe that love it, he will mock and jeer. Now this man (too) has his efpecial guider, And by his going he may know his rider.

## XXXVI.

Uhon the Sight of a Pound of Candles falling: to the Ground.


B UT are the Candles down, and fcatter'd too,
Some lying here, fome there? What fhall we do?
Hold, light the candle there that flands on high, The other candles you may find thereby.

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\mathrm{D}_{2}
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Light that, I fay, and fo take up the pound, Which you let fall and fcatter'd on the ground.
COMPARISON.

The fallen Candles to us intimate, The bulk of God's elect in their laps'd fate, Their lying foatter'd in the dark may be, To fhew by man's laps'd flate his mifery.

The Candle that was taken down and lighted, Thereby to find them fallen and benighted, Is Jofus Chrift: God by his light doth gather Whom he will fave, and be to them a father.

## XXXVII。

Ulion a Penny Loaf.


THY price one penny is, in time of plenty : In famine doubled 'tis from one to twenty. Yea, no man knows what price on thee to fet, When there is but one penny loaf to get.
COMPARISON.

This Loaf's an emblem of the word of God, A thing of low efteem; before the rod Of famine fmites the foul with fear of death : Be then it is our all, our life, our breath.

## XXXVIII.

The Boy and Watch-maker.



TVHIS Watch my father did on me beftow, A golden one it is, but 'twill not go,
Unlefs it be at an uncertainty :
But as good none, as one to tell a lie.
When tis high day, my hand will fland at nine; I think there's no man's watch fo bad as mine. Sometimes 'tis fullen, 'twill not go at all, And yet 'twas never broke nor had a fall.

> Watch-maker.

Your watch, tho' it be good, through want of fkill
May fail to do according to your will.

Suppofe the balance, wheels and fpring be good, And all things elfe, unlefs you undertood To manage it, as watches ought to be, Your watch will ftill be at uncertainty. Come, tell me, do you keep it from the duft, And wind it duly, that it may not ruft? Take heed (too) that you do not ftrain the fpring; You muft be circumfpect in ev'ry thing, Or elfe your watch will not exactly go, 'Twill fand, or fun too falt, or move too flow.
COMPARISON.

This boy refembles one that's turn'd from fin; His watch the curious works of grace within. The Watch-maker is Jefus Chrilt our Lord, His counfel, the directions of his word Then Convert, if thy heart be out of frame, Of this Watch-maker learn to mend the fame.

Do not lay ope' thy heart to worldly duft, Nor let thy graces over-grow with ruft, Be oft' renew'd in th' fpirit of thy mind, Or elfe uncertain thou thy watch wilt find.
XXXIX.
Upon a Looking-Glafs.


IN this, fee thou thy beauty, haft thou any; Or thy defects, fhould they be few or many; Thou may'ft (too) here thy fpots and freckles fee,
Haft thou but eyes, and what their numbers be. But art thou blind? There is no looking.glafs Can fhew thee thy defects, thy fpots, or face.
COMPARISON.

Unto this glafs we may compare the word, For that to man affiftance doth afford, (Has he a mind to know himfelf and flate) To fee what will be his eternal fate.

But without eyes, alas! how can he fee? Many that feem to look here, blind men be, This is the reafon, they fo often read, Their judgment there, and do it nothing dread.

## XL。

## Of the Love of Chrif.



THE love of Chrif, poor I ! may touch upon;
But tis unfearchable. O ! there is none Its large dimenfions can comprehend, Should they dilate thereon, world without end.

When we had finn'd, he in his zeal did fwear, That he upon his back our fins would bear. And fince to fin there is entailed death, He vow'd that for our fins he'd lofe his breath.

He did not only fay, vow, or refolve:
But to aftonifhment did fo involve Himfelf in man's diftrefs and mifery, As for, and with him, both to live and die.

To his eternal fame in facred ftory, We find that he did lay afide his glory, Step'd from the throne of higheft dignity, Became cor man, did in a manger lie; Yea, was beholden upon his for bread, Had, of his own, not where to lay his head: Tho rich, he did, for us, become thas poor, That he might make us rich for evermore.

Yet this was but the leait of what he did; But the outfide of what he fuffered. God made his blefed Son under the law; Under the curfe, whi n like the lion's paw, Did rend and tear his foul, for mankind's fin, More than if we for it in hell had been. His cries, his tears, and bloody agony, The nature of his death doils teflify.

Nor did he of conftraint himfelf thus give, For fin, to de th, that men might with him live. He did do what he did moft willingly, He fung, and gave God thanks that he muft die.

Did ever king die for a captive flave ? Yet fuch were we whom Jefus dy'd to fave.

Yea, when be made himfelf a facrifice, It was that he might fave his ewemies.

And tho' he was provoked to retract His beft refolves to do fo kind an act, By the abufive carriages of thofe, That did both him, his love, and grace oppofe:

Yet he, as unconcern'd about fuch things, Goes on, determines to make captives kings; Yea, many of his murderers he takes Into his favour, and them princes makes.

## XIi.

On the Cackling of a Hen.


THE Hen fo foo as the an egg doth 'ry, (Spread the fame of her doing what the may)
About the yard a cackling fie doth go, To tell what 'twas the at her nett did do.

Jut thus it is with forme profeffing men, If they do ought that's good; they, like our hen, Cannot but cackle on't where-e'er they go, And what their right hand doth, their left must know.

## XLII.

Uhon an Hour Glafs.


T glafs when made, was by the workman's kill,
The fum of fixty minutes to fulfil.
Time more, norlefs, by it will out be fpun, But juft an hour, and then the glafs is run.

Man's life we will compare unto this glafs, The number of his months he cannot pafs; But when he has accomplifired his day, He, like a vapour, vanifheth away.

## XLIII.

> Uhon a Snail.


SHE goes but foftly, but fhe goeth fure, She ftumbles not, as tronger creatures do: Her journey's fhorter, fo fhe may endure, Better than they which do much further go.

She makes no noife, but filly feizeth on The flow'r or herb, appointed for her food; The which fhe quietly doth feed upon, While others range and glare, but find no good.

And tho' the doth but very foftly go, However flow her pace be, yet 'tis fure ; And certainly they that do travel fo, The prize which they do aim at they procu:e,

> G

Altho' they feem not much to ftir or go, Who thirft for Chrift, and who from wrath do flee;
Yet what they feek for, quickly they come to, 'Tho' it doth feem the fartheft off to be.

One act of faith doth bring them to that flow'r They fo long for, that they may eat and live; Which to attain is not in others power, 'Tho' for it a king's ranfom they would give:

Then let none faint, nor be at all difmay'd, That life by Chrift do feek, they fhall not fail To have it ; let them nothing be afraid; The herb and How'r are eaten by the fail.
XLIV.

## Of the Shoufe of Chrift.



V $V$$\mathrm{HO}^{\prime}$ 's this that cometh from the wildernefs,
Like fmoky pillars thus perfum'd with myrrh, Leaning upon her deareft in diftrefs,
Plac'd in his bofom by the Comforter?
She's clothed with the fun, crown'd with twelve ftars,
The fpotted moon her footfool fhe hath made. The dragon her affaults, fills her with jarrs, Yet refts fhe under her beloved's fhade.

But whence was fhe? What is her pedigree? Was not her father a poor Amorite? What was her mother but as others be, A Hittite finful, poor, and helplefs quite. G 2

## DIVINE EMBLEMS

Yea, as for her, the day that fhe was born, As loathfome, out of doors they did her caft; Naked and filthy, ftinking and forlorn: This was her pedigree from firt to laft.

Nor was fhe pitied in this eftate, All let her lie polluted in her blood: None her condition did commiferate, There was no heart that fought to do her good.

Yet the unto the fe ornaments is come, Her breafts are fafhion'd, and her hair is grown; She is made heirefs of an heav'nly home; All her indignities away are blown.

Caft out the was, but now the home is taken, Once fhe was naked, now you fee fhe's clad; Now made the darling, though before forfaken, Bare-foot, but now, as princes daughters fhod.

Inftead of filth, fhe now has her perfumes, Intead of ignominy, chains of gold; Inftead of what the beauty moft confumes, Her beauty's perfect, lovely to behold.

Thofe that attend, and wait upon her be Princes of honour cloth'd in white array; Upon her head's a crown of gold, and the Eats honey, wheat and oil, from day to day.

For her beloved, he's the high't of all, The only Potentate, the King of kings: Angels and men do him Jehovah call, And from him life and glory always fprings.

He's white and ruddy, and of all the chief: His head, his locks, his eyer, his hands and feet, Do for compleatnefs out-do all belief, His cheeks like flowers are, his mouth moft fweet.

As for his wealth, he is made heir of all, What is in heav'n, what is in earth is his: And he this lady his joint-heir doth call, Of all that fhall be, or at prefent is,

Well, lady, well, God has been good to thee ! Thou of an out-caft, now art made a queen. Few or none may with thee compared be, A beggar made thus high is feldom feen.

Take heed of pride, remember what thou art By nature, tho' thou haft in grace a fhare, Thou in thy felf doft yet retain a part Of thine own filthinefs: wherefore beware.

## XLV.

Upion a filful Player on an Infrument.


TR4 that can play well on an inftrument, Will take the ear, and caprivate the mind With mirth or fadne\{s, when it is intent; And mufic into it a way doth find.

But if one hears that hath therein no fkill, (As often mufie lights of fuch a chance) Of its brave notes they foon be weary will: And there are fome can neither fing nor dance.

## COMPARISON.

To him that thus mof Mkifully doth play, God doth compare a gofpel-minifter, That doth with life and vigour preach and prays Applying right, what he doth there infer.

Whether this man of wrath or grace doth preach, So fkilfully he handles every word, And by his faying, doth the heart fo reach, That it doth joy or figh before the Lord.

But fome there be, which as the brute doth lie Under the word, without the leaft advance; Such do defpife the gofpel miniftry: They weep not at it, neither to it dance.


FROM God he's a back-flider, Of ways he loves the wider;
With wickednefs a fider, More venom than a fider.

## XLVII.

> Uhon the Difobedient Child.


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HILDREN, when little, how do they delight us!
When they grow bigger, they begin to fright us, Their finful nature prompts them to rebel, And to delight in paths that lead to hell. Their parents love, and care, they overlook, As if relation had them quite forfook. They take the counfels of the wanton, rather Than the moft grave inftruction of a father, They reckon parents ought to do for them, Tho' they the fifth commandment do condemn.

They fnap, and fnarl, if parents them controul,
Altho' in things moft hurtful to the foul. They reckon they are mafters, and that we Who parents are, fhould to them fubject be!

If parents fain would have a hand in chufing, The children have a heart ftill in refufing. They by wrong doings, from their parents gather,
And fay it is no fin to rob a father.
They'll jofle parents out of place and pow'r, They'll make themfelves the head, and them devour.
How many children, by becoming head, Have brought their parents to a piece of bread! Thus they who at the firft were parents joy, Turn that to bitternefs, themfelves deltroy.

But wretched child, how can'it thou thus requite
Thy aged parents, for that great delight They took in thee when thou, as helpiefs lay, In their indulgent bofoms day by day?
Thy mother, long before fhe brought thee forth, Took care thou fhould'it want neither food nos cloth.
Thy father glad was at his very heart, Had he, to thee, a portion to impart. Comfort they promifed themfelves in thee, But thou, it feems, to them a grief will be. How oft! How willingly brake they their fleep, If thou, their bantling, did'it but winch or weep.

Their love to thee was fuch, they could have giv'n,
That thou might'f live, all but their part of heav'n.

But now, behold, how they rewarded are!
For their indulgent love and tender care. All is forgot, this love they do defpife, They brought this bird up, to pick out their eyes.

## XLVIII.

> Uhon a Sheet of White Paher.


HIS paper's handled by the fons of men, Both with the faireft and the fouleft pen. 'Twill alfo fhew what is upon it writ, Whether 'tis wifely done, or void of wit,

Each blot and blur, it alfo will expofe To the next readers, be they friends or foes.
COMPARISON.

Some fouls are like unto this blank or fheet, (Tho' not in whitenefs:) The next man they meet,
Be what he will, a good man or deluder, A knave or fool, the dangerous intruder May write thereon, to caufe that man to err, In doctrine, or in life, with blot and blur. Nor will that foul conceal wherein it fiverves, But fhow itfelf to each one that obferves. A reading man may know who was the writer, And by the hellifh nonfenfe, the inditer.

## DIVINE EMBLEMS.

## XLIX.

UT/ion the Fire.


WHO falls into the fire fhall burn with heat;
While thofe remote fcorn from it to retreat. Yea, while thofe in it, cry out, Oh! I burn, Some farther off thofe cries to laughter turn.

While fome tormented are in hell for fin; On earth fome greatly do delight therein. Yea while fome make it echo with their cry, Others count it a fable and a lie.

FINIS.
AN
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