

We regret that we have, on the present occasion, less space and time than we could have wished to devote to the volume before us; but we have no hesitation to recommend it to the personal notice of those who love adventures of "floor and field." It will be found to be a capital barrack and guardroom companion; and cannot fail to afford considerable amusement, and perhaps instruction in these regions, whenever the intervals of duty will admit of it. The life and adventures of our author are described in an easy, pleasant style, with many agreeable minuteness of detail. He describes his birth-place as "the town of C., in the North of Scotland." We have no wish to pry into the secret

The officer above mentioned is Lieut. Colonel Witham, now commanding the Royal in Montreal. Feeling certain that the Colonel was the same officer who acted so humanely towards me in India, I waited upon and remembered him of the circumstance. The Colonel immediately recollected it and expressed his satisfaction at again seeing me, at the same time said, that if he could forward my views in any way, he would feel most happy to do so.

1813; a period of twenty-five years since; and with which Her Gracious Majesty, in honor of Her name, has already signified her desire to identify herself. The promotion to Major General will thus include

potentiary, the result of the application of the General Government to the state of Maine, on the subject of the North Eastern Boundary Line, and the resolution which the President has formed upon a

Cherokees! The President of the United States has sent me, with a powerful army, to cause you, in obedience to the treaty of 1835, to join that part of your people who

His Excellency having determined on disembarking this day, the military preparations were accordingly made, and a little after one o'clock, the two battalions

ment as will protect the rights and interests of all classes—allay all discussions—and permanently establish under Divine Providence, that wealth, greatness, and prosperity, of which such inexhaustible

ing a British
s, not surprisin
own country, on

BECAUSE—
Why? Because—
Sweet Nell for your lovely sake
I wrote these rambling numbers,
Because—I've lain in hour awake,
And can't compose my slumbers:
Because—your beauty's gentle light
Is round my pillow beaming;
And things, I know not why, to-night
Some witchery've in my dreaming!

Because—we've passed some joyous days,
And danced some merry dances;
Because—you love old Beaumont's plays
And old Freinet's farces;
Because—whenever I hear your words
Some pleasant feeling lingers;
Because—I think your heart has cords
That vibrate to my fingers!

Because—you've got those long, soft curls
That seem to deck my goddess;
Because—you're not, like other girls,
All little, blash, and bodices;
Because—your eyes are deep and blue,
Your fingers long and rosy;
Because—a little child and you
Would make one's home so cosy!

Because—your little tiny nose
Turns up so pert and funny;
Because—I know you choose your beau
More for their merit than money;
Because—I think you'd rather twirl
A waltz, with me to guide you,
Than talk small nonsense with an Earl
And a coronet beside you!

Because—you don't object to walk,
And are not given to fainting;
Because—you have not learned to talk
Of flowers and Poonah painting;
Because—I think you'd scarce refuse
To see one on a button;
Because—I know you'll sometimes choose
To dine on simple mutton!

Because—I think I'm just so weak,
As one of those fine fellows,
To ask you if you'll let me speak
My story—and my sorrows;
Because—his isn't a simple thing,
A matter quickly over,
A church—a priest—a sign—a ring—
And a chaise—and four to Dover!

DREAMS.
The Rev. H. Alexander recently
read an interesting paper on dreams, be-
tween the Lancaster Literary Society,
from which the following extracts are
taken:

HAPPINESS OF IDEAS IN DREAMS.—
Two friends agreed to go on a walking
expedition, one of whom promised to
call the other at an early hour the fol-
lowing morning. He did so, but in
vain as his friend fell asleep again. He
then dreamt that his father put several
questions to him as to the state of his
health—he was alarmed at his replies, and
sent a messenger for a surgeon; that
two medical men attended—put the us-
ual questions, and ordered him a cold
shower bath. He awoke with the shock,
and found that his friend, tired
with walking, had dashed a basin full
of cold water in his face. It was evi-
dent that what to the dreamer seemed
the concluding circumstance was in
truth the suggestion of the whole series
of identical events. The mind had called
up all this train of thought to account
for the sensations produced by the water.
Several dreams illustrative of this point
were related. There was something
analogous to this in our waking hours.
A single word would call up instantane-
ously a long series of by-gone events, and
in a reverie our fancies were often as
ridiculous and as rapid in their passage
through the mind as in a dream. Gen-
erally speaking, however, our waking
thoughts succeed each other less rapidly
than the ideas which make up our
dreams. This might be accounted for
in the first place by the absence of sen-
sations, and secondly, by the absence
of that "regulative faculty" which when
awake we exercise over our thoughts.
In sleep the flow of thought was as
rapid and irregular as the motion of a
machine without its regulator.

A DREAM RELATED BY MR. WALTER SCOTT.—A gentleman in Scotland
was prosecuted for arrears of tithes. He
had a strong conviction that his father
had purchased these tithes of the lay im-
propriators, but after a long and fruitless
search, he could discover no record of
the purchase, and determined to go to
Edinburgh next day and effect the best
compromise he could. He went to bed
and dreamed that his father appeared to
him and told him he purchased the
tithes in question; and that the papers
were in the hands of Mr. A. a writer
of Inveresk. Should Mr. A. a writer
of Inveresk, continued the narra-
tive, you may remind him, that when I
came to pay his account, there was a
difficulty in getting change for a Por-
tuguese piece of gold, and that we
were forced to drink out the balance in
a tavern. Mr. R. on awaking in the
morning, determined to go to Inveresk,
to see Mr. A. The old writer did not
at first remember the transaction, but at
the mention of the Portuguese piece, the
whole transaction returned upon his
memory—immediate search was made,
and papers found, by which Mr. A.
was cleared. Mr. Walter Scott was sat-
isfied of the truth of this relation, but
did not think that the same of nature
were equalled to save Mr. R. a sum
of money. The most probable solution
of the matter was that he had heard the
old gentleman tell the story some day
after dinner: that the young gentleman
at the same time paid a dreamy attention
to it, as young men will do to the old
man's reminiscences, and that in his
dream the matter had floated upon his
mind. It was evident that Mr. R. had
heard something of the matter, for he
said he had a strong feeling that the

tithes were not due. We ought to be
satisfied, then, that there was nothing
miraculous in this case.

A MURDERER DISCOVERED THROUGH
A DREAM.—Mr. Alexander instanced a
well authenticated dream, recorded by
Ward, in his "Human Life." There
really appeared more than fabulous co-
incidence in this. "It happened,"
said one of the characters in Mr. Ward's
book (whether Mr. Ward was himself
the narrator, the lecturer did not know),
some thirty or more years ago, when I
used to attend as a grand jurymen at
Lancaster. We must abridge the story.
There had been a sad murder com-
mitted on an amiable young man named
Horrocks. He was found robbed, and
his head beaten in with bludgeons.—
The murder excited more than common
sympathy, and for many months vigilant
search was made for the perpetrators.—
A particular friend of the murdered man
awoke one night in great terror, and
told his wife that God had revealed to
him a dream that Samuel Longwith, of
Bolton, was the murderer. It is impor-
tant to observe, that Longwith was a
man with whom he had no acquaintance,
and whom he had scarcely ever seen, and
who lived twenty miles off. His wife
told him to think no more about it, but
to go to sleep. He did so, but again a-
woke from the effects of the same dream.
He resolved to let out for Bolton instanta-
ly, and apply for a warrant against
Longwith. He did so; but the magis-
trate to whom he applied refused to take
it on such evidence. He retired in mor-
tification. As he was passing through
the market-place he met Longwith, whom
he immediately desired to go to a
public house with him to hear some-
thing he had to communicate. There,
locking the door, he at once charged
Longwith with the murder. The man
was seized with all the disorder of
guilt, and faintly denied the accusation.
In his confession he said he was inno-
cent for he did not strike the blow.—
"Then you know who did," replied
the friend of the murdered man; and
the man was taken up and examined.
He prevaricated in his statement, and
was remanded for three days, at the
end of which, after many hours' prayer,
he confessed that he had been in-
duced to join three men in a robbery
expedition, meeting Horrocks, who
made some resistance, his companions
murdered him. This confession came
out before the grand jury, and upon it
Longwith was brought to trial. The
dream, and every thing supernatural,
was of course not offered in evidence.
"I was at the trial," continues St. Law-
rence, in "Human Life," and the man
who was doggedly silent after being
found guilty, again confessed his guilt
just before his execution, to the no-
small satisfaction of the judge (look), who
had no doubts, but many fears, arising
from the paucity of the evidence, and
the peculiar nature of the facts which
led to the discovery." This account,
Mr. Alexander remarked, seemed to
defy attack. It would be interesting to
know, however, whether Longwith was
a man of notorious character, and whether
the dreamer had seen him in the
neighbourhood at the time of the mur-
der. If so, and there was nothing to
contradict it, it was what occurred oft-
en, that the mind should rush to con-
clusions during sleep which it would
at once reject while awake. The recur-
rence of the dreamer would confirm the
notion, and all that followed would be
plain enough. But there were nothing
in his knowledge of Longwith to lead
him to suspect him rather than any
other, the matter was inexplicable.

Lord John Russell's Hat.
Wednesday, a poor woman, named
Mary Ann Blay, who stated that she
resided in Lambeth, applied to Mr. Bal-
lantine and Mr. Broderick, the Magis-
trates at the Thames Police Office, to
request their interference under very
odd circumstances.

The applicant stated, that about three
or four months ago, she was on her way
home from Poplar, where she had been
purchasing some vegetables, when she
saw something black lying on the
ground, opposite to the house of Mr.
Jardell, the butcher. She first suppo-
sed it was a piece of coal, but on stoop-
ing to pick it up, discovered it was a
hat. She walked onwards with the hat
in her right hand until she reached the
Commercial Road, when she was met
by a policeman, who asked her where
she had got the hat. She informed him
that she had picked it up at the corner
of the New Road, and the policeman
looked at it, and saw the name of Lord
John Russell in the inside. He deman-
ded the hat of her, and on her refusing to
give it up to him he seized the hat, and
took her into custody. She was locked
up in the station-house, and on the fol-
lowing morning was brought before the
sitting magistrate at that office. The
justice, after hearing the policeman's
statement, directed her to be discharg-
ed, and gave orders that the hat should
be detained for a certain time in the
station-house, and if no owner was dis-
covered, it should be given up to her.—
She had since made repeated inquiries
of the police respecting the hat, but
could obtain no information from them,
nor any redress for the false imprison-
ment she had suffered.

Mr. Ballantine asked the applicant if
she was sure the hat belonged to Lord
John Russell?

The woman said there had been a
white cat and a black cat, and that she
saw something of the matter, for he
said he had a strong feeling that the

hat, and Lord John Russell was one of
the party.

Mr. Ballantine—Well, I don't un-
derstand how his lordship could lose his
hat at the corner of the New Road.

The woman said it was supposed that
Lord John Russell put his hat out of his
carriage window, and looked back to
see if his friends were following him,
when his hat fell off his head, and as he
was a Lord, he would not stop until it
was picked up again. (Laughter.)

Mr. Ballantine—What do you want
me to do in the matter?

The applicant said she wanted to
know to whom the hat belonged.

Mr. Ballantine—Why, I should say
it belonged to Lord John Russell.

The woman said the hat was worth a
guinea, and that if she had accepted
five shillings from the policeman, and
given it up to him, she would not have
been very hard to be subject to such ty-
ranny because she had picked up Lord
John Russell's hat; for she had done
no harm to the crown of it. (A laugh.)
She supposed Lord John Russell was in
liquor, or he would have ordered his
carriage to stop, and picked up his hat
(loud laughter, in which the magis-
trates could not help joining). "You
may laugh," said the woman, "but it's
all true what I say, you may depend
upon it. The Ministers don't eat white
bait without drinking plenty of wine
after it, I don't know why the gen-
tleman laugh, I am sure. I was locked
up all night away from my husband and
children."

Mr. Ballantine said it was very singu-
lar the woman could not recollect what
night it was she picked up the hat and
the letter and number of the policeman
who took her into custody.

The applicant said she was too much
alarmed at being locked up in the station
house and brought before the magistrate
to recollect what night it was, or the
policeman's identity.

Mr. Ballantine said it was a very odd
affair, and he would direct the books to
be searched, to ascertain when the wo-
man was brought before the magistrate.
She was afterwards the woman was again
called into the office, and Mr. Ballantine
said, it appeared from the minutes that
she was brought before him on Tuesday
the 3d of October last, on suspicion of
stealing a hat, and that the policeman
said that she stopped her at two o'clock
in the morning with the hat in her pos-
session. It also appeared that he had
discharged her, but no mention was
made of the hat belonging to Lord John
Russell. If that fact had been men-
tioned to him, he should have ordered
the hat to be restored to his Lordship
immediately.

The applicant—I am sure it is his
Lordship's hat. There is Lord John
Russell's hat of it quite plain. It's a
new one.

Mr. Ballantine—Very well: an in-
quiry shall be made about the hat, and you
can attend here to-morrow, and we will
let you know what has become of it.—
I think Lord J. Russell has the best
claim to the hat, if he has, not already
got it.

IMPORTATION OF SPRING & SUMMER
DRY GOODS.
ISAAC BUCHANAN & Co. beg to in-
form their customers and the Trade
generally, that they are this spring receiv-
ing a very large and well assorted
STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
by the first ships from Greenock, Liver-
pool, and London (several of which have
arrived at Quebec and Montreal) and they
expect by 25th inst. to have a full assort-
ment opened out here, which they will
sell at their usual low advances for Cash,
or on their regular terms of credit, when
satisfied that punctual payment will be
made.

Front Street, Toronto,
16th May, 1838.

COFFEE & TOBACCO.
A PRIME lot of both articles, just received
and for sale low. JAMES F. SMITH.
Toronto, 8th May 1838.

FRESH FRUIT.
Figs, Prunes, Oranges, Lemons,
COCOA NUTS, RAISINS in whole
half and quarter cases, and a general assort-
ment of Fresh Goods just received and for sale.
JAMES F. SMITH.
Toronto, May 10, 1838.

FOUND.
LAST week a Young Terrier Pup. The
Owner may have it by paying expenses.
Apply at the Office of this Paper.
Toronto May 24th 1838.

NOTICE.
DURING the Rebellion a Grey Gelding
about 6 years old came in the possession
of Hugh Shaw, Esq. of Lot 4, at last con-
cession Market East side of Yonge Street. Should
the owner not claim the same within the time by
law allowed, it will be sold to defray expenses.
Markham, May 1838.

TORONTO
SEED WAREHOUSE.
J. F. WESTLAND begs to inform his friends
and the public that he has now opened his
New Store on Yonge street, (about 500 yards
north of Lot street, and nearly opposite Elm
Cottage) with a very superior stock of
GARDEN & AGRICULTURAL SEEDS,
Also, a general assortment of
GROCERIES.
All of which he offers at the very lowest possible
prices for cash.
N.B. The business will be carried on as usual
till 16th King street.
14th March, 1838.

NOTICE.
I HEREBY caution the Public against trust-
ing any man by the name of James, who has
been lately in the city, and who is not
accountable for any debts of his contracting.
EDWARD ROSELY.
Edin, May 10th, 1838.

WACOUSTA,
BY THE AUTHOR OF "ECARTE."
Having been intimated to the Author of the
above named work that a very general demand
for its republication exists throughout the coun-
try, a revised Canadian Edition will, provided
the suggestion should prove to be a correct one,
appear in the course of the ensuing summer.
It is proposed for the accommodation of those
who may prefer that style of publication, to
bring out the work in eight monthly parts, at
one quarter of a dollar each monthly part, to be paid
for on delivery.
Each part will be contained in a wrapper, on
which will be printed the several Reviews of the
work by the principal critics of the London
press, and, moreover, the first number will be
appended the autograph letter which accompa-
nied a copy to His late Majesty, who took the
warmest interest in whatever related to the Can-
adas.
In bringing before the attention of the Cana-
dian public the fact of his being the first and only
writer of historical fiction the country has yet
produced, the Author feels that he is stating that
which will give an interest to the publication
wholly abstract from any which may arise from
the sale itself. It is the inducement which prin-
ciple weighs with him in taking the sense of
the public on the subject through the medium of
the press.
Should the number of applicants for copies of
Wacousta be such as to warrant the assumption
that the book is really in demand, the first num-
ber will appear early in July.
Among the number of those gentlemen who
have kindly offered to receive the names of sub-
scribers are the following:
Messrs. Arnott & Ramsay, Montreal,
J. McFarlane Esq., Kingston,
R. Stanton Esq., Toronto,
H. Russell Esq., Hamilton,
W. Richardson Esq., Brantford,
J. R. Askin Esq., London,
P. F. Short Esq., Woodstock,
S. Reid Esq., Chatham,
W. Duff Esq., Amherstburgh,
Joseph Woods Esq., Sandwich,
Duncan Campbell Esq., Simcoe,
Edw. Ermenting Esq., St. Thomas,
G. S. Jarvis Esq., M. P. P., Cornwall,
Doctor Townbridge, Buffalo,
Edward Brush Esq., Detroit.
(the scene of the Tale.)
Subscriptions will also be received at the office
of the Chronicle and Advertiser, and by Alexan-
der Davidson Esq., M. P. Niagara.
Niagara, May 15th, 1838.

THE ALBION—THE NEW
PLATE.
We beg to announce that we have another
plate in preparation which will exceed
in size and beauty any we have yet issued. It
will be ready for publication in the course of
the next month.
We take an opportunity of asking remittances
from our distant readers, as we should be
sorry to withhold the new plate from any sub-
scriber for want of ready money. We should be
glad to request the remittances to be made in
northern and eastern bills, if possible, but we will
not object to receiving notes of any good bank
which are current at the residence of the person
remitting.

THE PLATE OF THE
QUEEN
which we have in contemplation will occupy
the most considerable length of time in preparing
but we shall produce it with as little delay as
possible.

FARM IN OHIO FOR SALE.
A GENTLEMAN desirous of coming to
Canada from the United States, offers a
small farm of 200 ACRES,
partially cleared, within two miles and a half
of the Ohio River, for SALE, or in EXCHANGE
for Lands in Canada. The original cost of this
Estate to the present proprietor, several years
ago, was \$17 per Acre, he is in possession of a
DEED, and can give a good title to a purchaser.
Application may be made to John Mail-
land, Esq., Toronto, or to Mr. Munro, at
Chatham, Gauley, Esq., Attorney.
Toronto, May 1, 1838.

NOTICE.
THE Commissariat Board of Claims will
meet at Chatham on Saturday, the 12th
inst., at 10 o'clock, on Monday, the 14th inst.,
at 10 o'clock, on Tuesday, the 15th inst., at 10
o'clock, on Wednesday, the 16th inst., at 10
o'clock, for the purpose of receiving the
accounts of individuals having claims
against the Government for services rendered
by the Militia Force recently employed in those
districts in the Upper Province.
All claims must be presented on or before
Monday, the 4th of June, as after that day none
will be received or acknowledged.
The accounts will be examined and arranged
at Toronto, and such as are found equitable,
paid through the Commissariat Department.
The irregularity of the expenditure which has
taken place, and the extraordinary character of
some demands, have caused a delay in the prompt
liquidation of many just accounts which it is ac-
knowledged to be regretted, but under circum-
stances could not be avoided.
For the Board,
THOMAS WILSON.
Toronto, 7th May, 1838.

Bank of British North America.
Toronto, 21st April, 1838.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in accordance
with an arrangement concluded between the
Directors of this Bank and those of the Colonial
Bank, this branch is now authorised to grant
drafts on the Branches of the Colonial Bank at
Kingston,
Montego Bay, Jamaica,
Falmouth,
Savanna la Mar, Barbadoes,
Demerara,
Trinidad,
Antigua,
Demerara,
Grenada,
St. Lucia,
St. Kitts,
St. Vincent,
St. John's,
St. Thomas,
St. Peter, St. Paul, and
St. Croix.

For sums of sterling money payable in the cur-
rency of the Colony on which they are granted,
at the current Bank rate of exchange for bills on
London, 60 days sight.
13rd B. SMITH, Manager.

GEORGE DENHOLM,
IMPORTER OF
Fancy & Staple Dry Goods,
No. 131, KING STREET,
Toronto.

STRAW & NETS, HATS, CAPS, SHOES,
CARPETS, FURS, &c., &c.

THE NEW STEAMER
WILLIAM L. WHEELER, Master,
WILL regularly for the Season between
TORONTO and HAMILTON, leaving
Hamilton, every Morning (Sundays excepted)
for Toronto, at 7 o'clock, and Toronto same day at
2 o'clock, P. M., calling at the intermediate places,
WELLINGTON SQUARE, OAKVILLE,
and FORT CREDIT, weather permitting.
ALL BAGGAGE, unless booked and
paid for, will be at the risk of the owners.
THE EXPERIMENT is a New Boat—her
accommodations are superior, and every atten-
tion will be given to render passengers comforta-
ble. All freight payable on delivery.
April 5, 1838.

DUNDAS, HAMILTON, & TORONTO.
THE STEAM PACKET,
BURLINGTON,
JOHN GORDON, MASTER.
Will leave DUNDAS on Tuesdays, Thurs-
days, and Saturdays, at 9 o'clock, A. M.
for TORONTO, on Mondays, Wednes-
days, and Fridays, at 11 o'clock, A. M., touch-
ing at Port Hamilton, Abol Land's wharf, B.
Canal, Wellington Square, Oakville, and
Fort Credit on her way up and down.
The Boat will leave Port Hamilton on her
way down, at 11 precisely.
N. B.—Travellers by this Boat to Dundas,
will always meet the Stages for Gait and the
surrounding country.
April 27, 1838.

UNCLAIMED GOODS.
THE following packages are in store at
the City Wharf, Toronto, and if not
called for, will be sold for the charges, as
the law directs, viz:
No. 1 150ft Box Glass 14x10
W.C.G. 1
No. 1 1 Black leather Portmanteau.
1 chest Clothing.
Rev'd Jos. Stevenson,
Missionary to the Indians, 1 Box Books
Toronto.
No. 1 2 cherry Tables,
1 Keg,
1 Sugar Kettle.
No. 2 2 bags wool.
1 Chest.
Mr. Wm. Rowe,
White Lion Yard,
March Street,
Toronto.
MR 1 Hhd Crockery.
JG M 82 a 01. 10 boxes cake Blacking.
7 T T 1 tierce ground bottom Tumblers.
20 do
Henry Stewart, Esq., 1 matted Chest,
North American Hotel, 1 Box,
Toronto.
Geo. Pate, 1 covered Trunk.
BKT 435, 436, 438, 439 4 Tierces blue.
EJC Toronto 2 case.
LFB H 14 1 50ft Box 9x7
Mr. Mittlebury,
care of
Gillespie & Co. 1 Box medicine.
York.
Mrs. Mountjoy, 1 Slope.
No. 1 1 Red chest.
No. 1 1 Tierce Glassware.
No. 1 1 Fanning Mill wheels and
handles.
No. 1 1 box Books and Clothing.
Charles Watson, 1 Case.
Toronto.
JW 2 2 Barrels.
ED 2
No. 1 1 bl. Biscuit.
No. 1 1 Hamper crockery.
A F 1 bl. Oatmeal.
J. Simmonds, 4 bales Hops.
No. 1 1 Saddle.
Toronto, March 20th, 1838.

TEA, WINE & SPIRIT WAREHOUSE,
No. 197, King Street.
The Subscriber has always on hand an ex-
tensive and well assorted stock of Groceries,
Wines, & Spirits, which he offers low for cash, or
on short approved credit. He has also received
on consignment a few bales Red Flannels, a
assortment of Castles, Groceries, &c., &c., &c.
ALEX. OGILVIE.
Toronto, January, 1838.

FOR SALE.
AT THE CITY WHARF, 430 Barrels
WHITE PLASTER PARIS.
A good article—cheap for Cash.
D. MACDONELL.
Toronto, 5th March, 1838.

Forwarding to Upper Canada,
VIA THE OTTAWA RIVER & RIDEAU CANAL
And to places below Prescott,
VIA THE RIVER ST. LAWRENCE.
THE Subscribers having purchased the
T. Barges, &c. of the late Firm of
Messrs. WHITING & CHANDLER, are now
prepared to Transport Merchandise and
produce to and from all parts of Upper
Canada with despatch, and on as reason-
able terms as any other Establishment.
MURRAY & SANDERSON.
Montreal
Stores in rear of Messrs. H. & S. Jones
SANDERSON & MURRAY.
Stores on Mr. Scobell's Wharf,
Kingston & Brockville.
April, 1838.

FARM FOR SALE,
NEAR BUFFALO, N. Y.
A GENTLEMAN desirous of coming
to Canada, offers his farm in exchange
for Lands, Town Lots, or other property
in Canada. The farm is situated in Cata-
raugus county, N. Y., 50 miles south of
Buffalo; it consists of 100 acres, with 60
acres cleared, a portion of which is enti-
rely free from stumps. It is well watered
and fenced, and is suitable either for a
grain or grazing farm. There are a good
Orchard, Fruit and Kitchen Garden, Frame
Barn, Milk house, and a superior
NEW FRAME COTTAGE,
in the English style, with cellarage under-
neath, upon the premises. For particu-
lars apply to Mr. JOHN STONE, City
Arms, Market Lane, Toronto.
Toronto, U. C., April 6, 1838.

FOR SALE, the following valuable Lots of
LAND, viz:
WESTERN DISTRICT.
Lot. No. Con. Township. Co. Acres.
S. half 23 and 24 4 do. do. 200
N. half 23 and 24 4 do. do. 200
N. half 26 and 27 4 do. do. 200
N. half 28 and 29 4 do. do. 200
34 and 35 east side Baldwin st. Dover 200
HOME DISTRICT.
No. Con. Township. Co. Acres.
North East q. 16 15 Tully, Simcoe, 30
6 13 do. do. 10
NEWCASTLE DISTRICT.
No. Con. Township. Co. Acres.
30 9 Crumlin, Durham, 200
MIDLAND DISTRICT.
No. Con. Township. Co. Acres.
27 12 Lizard, Hastings 20
6 12 Hungerford do 20
East half 1 5 Portland do 10
West half 5 4 Hinchinbrook do 10
N. E. quarter 1 4 Loughborough do 10
25 7 do do 10
25 8 do do 10
25 9 do do 10
25 10 do do 10
18 9 do do 10
22 9 do do 10
10 2 Pittsburgh do 100
JOHNSTOWN DISTRICT.
No. Con. Township. Co. Acres.
5 7 N. Crosby, Leeds, 200
TERMS.—One-eighth to be paid on getting
possession, the remainder by seven equal yearly
instalments, with interest. When one half of the
purchase money is paid, Deeds (discretionary
titles) will be given, and security taken for the
remainder by mortgage or otherwise.
JOHN MOWAT.
Kingston, U. C., 24 November 1837.
N. B. Application by letter, unless post-paid,
will not be attended to.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his
numerous friends, who so liberally patronised
him last season, and the public in general, that
his stock of
GARDEN AND AGRICULTURAL
SEEDS
is very complete, and being selected by himself
with great care, he can confidently recommend
and warrant true.
An excellent assortment of young Pear, Ap-
ple, Plum, Cherry, Guelderrose, Currant, and
Raspberry Trees and Bushes, warranted true to
name.
N. B. Country Merchants supplied on the
most moderate and liberal terms.
GEORGE LESLIE,
25, King Street East,
Toronto, 12th March, 1838.

200 Barrels NORTH SHORE
RINGS.
Also—
30 Packages CROCKERY assorted for Con-
try Storekeepers—for sale by the Subscriber.
ALEX. OGILVIE.
No 197 King Street,
Toronto, 6th Feb. 1838.

ROSS & MACLEOD,
No. 193, King Street, Toronto.
WOULD respectfully acquaint their friends
and the public generally, that their
stock of Staple and Fancy Goods is at present
very complete, and which they are now offering
at unusually low prices, in order to make room
for their spring importations. The following
is among their stock:
Broad Cloths, of great variety in prices and
colours, plain, striped, and check Cassimeres
and Buckramings in great variety, and
Cassimeres, Satinets, and Scotch Plaids,
Moleskins and Canteens, Grey and bleached
Cottons and Scotch Hollands, Spinning
Apron Cloths, Regatta, Turkey, and
Gingham, and printed Calicoes, Linens,
Brown Hollands, Diapers, Hackbuck, Double
Canvas and Osnaburgh, linen and cotton tis-
sues, bleached and unbleached, and all kinds
of Flannels, plain and striped Sergee and Rain-
coat, Wines, and Super Bath blankets, Quince
suits, Linen, Lamb's wool shirts and draw-
ers, Worsted and Lamb's wool Hosiery, Wool-
lined Kid Gloves, Muffs, Tippets and Bags,
3-4 and 6-4 Merinos and Shawl dresses, Plaid
and Figured Gros de Naples, Persian Shawls
and Satins, Black and Coloured Silks, Veils,
Gimpe and Braids, Satin Shawls and Gauze
ribbons, Gimp edging and footings, thread lace
and edgings, Plain and Figured Balloons,
Quillings, Bird Nests, Birdcages and quil-
lings, Book, Jacket, and Mull Linens, and
Striped and Checked do, and Cambrics, serged
muslin Edgings and Insertions, Muslin and
Capes and Collars, Children's frock bodies and
long robes, Black Gauze handkerchiefs, neck-
ties and Veils, Tubet shawls and handkerchiefs,
Silk fillet shawls and handkerchiefs, and all
kinds of spun sarries and Canton crane shawls
and handkerchiefs, Ladies' Prunella Boots and Shoes,
Also, Ladies' Kid and Satin Shoes, Silks,
Cotton Umbrellas, Long and Short Hats, Black
stocks, Fur and Seal Caps, also Boys' cloth
Caps, &c., &c.
Toronto, 1st February, 1838.

WANTED TO BORROW
£2,000!
Proposals will be received by the Sub-
scriber until the 17th of May next, from
such person or persons as may be willing to loan
on the credit of the intended District of Simcoe
the sum of Two Thousand pounds currency,
terms agreeable to an act passed 7th Wm. 4th
1837.—
The Magistrates for the County of Simcoe are
authorised by an act passed during the last ses-
sion of Parliament, to levy an additional tax of
one penny in the pound, for the purpose of pay-
ing the interest as it becomes due, and a portion
of the loan every year, until the whole is paid off.
S. M. SANDFORD,
Treasurer of the Building Committee
Barrie, U. C., 16th April, 1838.

FOR SALE.
32 SHARES OF GORE BANK
STOCK, apply at this Office.
5th April, 1838.

KAY, WHITEHEAD & Co.
BEG leave to inform their Upper Canada
Friends, that they expect, by the first
vessel, a very extensive and choice assortment
of DRY GOODS.
Montreal, April 20, 1838.

THE BRITISH COLONIST
IS PUBLISHED ON THURSDAY MORNING,
BY
HUGH SCOBIE,
54, NEWCASTLE STREET.
TERMS.—One Pound per annum, pay-
able in advance.
Price of Advertising.—Six lines in ad-
under 2d. 6d. first insertion, and 7d. for
subsequent insertions. From six to ten
lines 3s. 4d. first insertion, and 10d. for
each subsequent insertion. Above to
lines 4d. per line, and 1d. per line, for every
subsequent insertion.
Advertisements without written insur-
ances, will be inserted until forbid or
charged accordingly.
Letters to the Editor must be post-paid.

AN ACT better
ance of the
sanctity of this
purpose thereof
(Royal Assent
26th April 1838.)

WHEREAS
seats of
of Assembly held
vacated in certain
enacted, by the
Majesty, by and
consent of the L.
Assembly of the
nada, constituted
tue of and unde-
Act passed in the
Britain, entitled
certain parts of a
tenth year of His
title 'An Act for
provision for the
Province of Que-
and to make fur-
Government of it
by the authority
any member of it
now or hereafter
or either of the f
His Majesty's Go-
vies, viz: King's
Court, or of any
after to be estab-
General; Survey
General; Mem-
Council; Collec-
Attorney and Sol-
his seat in the sa-
shall be, and is
thereby vacated, be-
lawful for the
Warrant in the
tion of a new M-
the Member who
so vacated: Pro-
less, that any suc-
shall be, by no re-
election into the
of the person so
the same.

2. Provided a-
That nothing in the
extend, or be con-
authorise the elec-
the Court of Kin-
ber of the Assen-
s. And in the
July elected to
county or place,
shall, after such
country's permit-
by the constituted
to represent
the seat of every
shall be declared
or shall order a
election of anot-
the room and plac-
vacating his seat
that no writ shall
tion, to fill any
until the House
satisfied at its re-
tution of the Pro-
towa or place, to
writing that a writ
Member about
ording to the fac-
stating that fact
bly, by a commu-

LOWE

VICTORIA,
the United
tain and Ireland.
Faith: To our
well beloved Gov-
George Earl of
Cross of St. Geo-
Bath, Secreting
newly Commis-
Seat of our Uni-
Britain and Ire-
and appointed
George Earl of
tain General and
and over each o-
er Canada, Upper
New Brunswick
Island of Prince
Edwa, and we ha-
Commissions men-
istration of the
said Provinces,
respectively, in
sence, by auth-
Licutenants Gov-
of the Governme-
and of the re-
in that count-
Powers of the sa-
tively granted o-
We have by O-
Great Seal of
ed and appointe-
beloved Henry
tain in our Roy-
vernor and Coun-
over our Island
its Dependence
are at present c-
be adjusted in
Lawyer and Up-