

MADemoiselle
JENNY LIND

Has the honor to announce that she will give a

GRAND CONCERT

IN TORONTO, AT THE
ST. LAWRENCE HALL,

On Tuesday Ev'ng, Oct. 21, 1851.

ASSISTED BY

SIGNOR SALVI,

SIGNOR E. BELLETTI,

MR. JOSEPH BURKE,

Conductor, MR. OTTO GOLDSCHMIDT.

The net proceeds of which will be devoted to

CHARITABLE PURPOSES.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

FANTASIA—on Themes of La Figlia del Reggimento... BELLETTI.
Clarionette—SIGNOR E. BELLETTI.

ARIA—"Discendi O Sonno" (Massaniello).....AUBER.
SIGNOR SALVI.

AIR—"Come unto Him" (Messiah).....HANDEL.
(Violin Obligato—MR. JOSEPH BURKE.)

MD'LE JENNY LIND.

FANTASIA—On Themes of Don Pasquale.....THALBERG.
Piano Forte—MR. OTTO GOLDSCHMIDT.

ARIA—"Come per me" (Sonnambula).....BELLINI.
MD'LE JENNY LIND.

PART II.

VARIATIONS on a melody of Schubert.....DAVID.
Violin—MR. JOSEPH BURKE.

CAVATINA—"Raimbaut" (Robert le Diable).....MEYERBEER.
MD'LE JENNY LIND.

ARIA—"Spirto gentil" (La Favorita).....DONIZETTI.
SIGNOR SALVI.

THE BIRD SONG.....TAUBERT.
MD'LE JENNY LIND.

FANTASIA—on Themes of the Bohemian Girl.....BELLETTI.
Clarionette—SIGNOR E. BELLETTI.

SCOTCH BALLAD—"John Anderson my Jo".....
MD'LE JENNY LIND.

SCOTCH BALLAD—"Comin' through the Rye".....
MD'LE JENNY LIND.

Doors open at 6½. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

NOTE.—The price of Tickets has been fixed at \$4 and \$3. They will be for sale on Monday Morning, Oct. 20th, at 10 o'clock, at Messrs. A. & S. NORDHEIMER'S Music Establishment, King Street.

NOTICE.—This is the only Ticket Office, and Mr. BUSHNELL is the only authorized Agent for the sale of Tickets for Miss LIND'S Concert.
Books containing the words of the Songs, for sale at the door on the evening of the Concert—price 7½d. each.

The Piano Forte used on this occasion is from the ware-rooms of Messrs. Nordheimer, King Street, and manufactured by S. Chickering, Boston.

Henry Rowell, Printer, King Street, Toronto.

A Century of Ontario Broad­sides, 1793-1893

A Typographic
exhibition in the
Toronto Public Library
June, 1965

INTRODUCTION — “The Office of Printer,” wrote Upper Canada’s first Lieutenant Governor in 1791, “seems to be of the utmost importance,” and from Simcoe’s time to the present, his comment has remained valid. Not the least significant of the Ontario printer’s work was the broadside — a sheet of paper printed on one side only, which today we would call a poster or announcement. As a handmaid to literacy and an essential supplement to the weekly or bi-weekly newspaper, the broadside has always been used for a wide variety of purposes, among them government notices; electioneering publicity; sales, transportation and entertainment advertisements; and announcements of all kinds. From a study of them we can watch the development of the printer’s skill, the advancement of his techniques, and the variations of public taste.

The history of the broadside in Ontario parallels the history of printing. The first printing press in the province was established at Niagara under government auspices by a 22 year old French Canadian from Quebec, Louis Roy. He arrived before the end of 1792, and by late January or early February, 1793, he was able to begin work. Two of the earliest examples from his press are included in this exhibition — one or other of them may well be the first printing in Ontario. Roy’s task, like that of later King’s Printers was primarily to print government publications. In 1799 Gideon and Sylvester Tiffany, former King’s Printers, established the first private press in Ontario at Niagara, the government press having followed the transfer of the capital to York (Toronto). Another unofficial press was set

up in Kingston in 1810. Notable successors to Louis Roy at York were John Bennett and John Cameron. It was not until after the War of 1812, however, that the number of presses in the province really began to increase. After 1827 paper made in Ontario was available for the first time, and the amount of printed material doubled and tripled yearly from then on. By 1836 there were at least 38 presses at work in 21 different places. In Toronto alone there were at least ten printers, including R. Stanton, C. Fothergill, W. J. Coates, G. Gurnett, John F. Rogers, Henry Rowsell, M. Reynolds, J. H. Lawrence and W. L. Mackenzie. Many of them published a newspaper, as well as reports, books, pamphlets, and all sorts of ephemeral publications.

By 1893 almost every town in Ontario had its press, and the larger centres had a great number of them capable of all types of work. The average printing office had grown from 1793 when Roy worked alone to 1890 when over 2,000 people were employed in the 74 printing trade establishments in Toronto, and others worked in Hamilton, Windsor, London, Kingston and Ottawa.

The early printers in Ontario used the crude wooden hand press, with Caslon type. Most of them used the type long after it was badly worn, because of their isolation from sources of supply, and also because of their shaky financial backing. In the 1830’s the introduction of the iron printing press was the first of many innovations which were to revolutionize the printing industry. As techniques changed, so too did fashion in typefaces. The earliest broadsides were very close to book pages in style and typeface.

The introduction of bold face and fat face type changed all that — it has been called “the biggest break in typographic styles since the beginning of printing.” Although criticized by classicists, it made possible the flamboyance and dramatic effect of the Victorian posters, and separated forever the style of the book from the style of the broadside. As to be expected, the use of the new typefaces in Ontario lagged behind that in England and the United States, where the fonts would have to be bought. Even one of the earliest innovations, the abandonment of the long ‘s’ which had been generally superseded in England by 1800, did not occur here until after the War of 1812. The new display types made their first appearance in Ontario in the 1820’s, although they were in use in England from 1803. This exhibit has been chosen from over 600 Ontario broadsides of the period in the collections of the Toronto Public Library. The descriptive notes have been prepared by Miss Edith G. Firth, head of Manuscripts and Canadian History Section of the Central Library. Mr. Larry Ryan mounted the exhibition, and photographs for the catalogue have been prepared by Mr. Wallace Bonner. Mr. Douglas Lochhead of Massey College and Mr. Leslie Smart have both assisted greatly in the identification of typefaces.

The exhibit and catalogue are presented by the Toronto Public Library Board in the hope that the study of this neglected field of Canadiana may awaken fresh interest in our province’s past.

H. C. CAMPBELL, *Chief Librarian*

UPPER CANADA.

COUNCIL-CHAMBER,

NAVY HALL, FEBRUARY 2, 1793.

PRESENT

His Excellency JOHN GRAVES SIMCOE, Esquire;
Lieutenant-Governor, &c. &c. &c. IN COUNCIL.

HIS Excellency acquainted the Board, that He wished to call their attention to the Situation of the several Persons occupying Lands or claiming to be entitled thereto under various Authorities since the first Settlement of the Province, and to consult on the most effectual means of carrying his Majesty's gracious Intentions into Execution by making out regular grants of Allotments of Land to such Persons as are respectively entitled thereto.

RESOLVED,

That immediate steps be taken to fulfill his Majesty's Gracious Intentions progressively throughout the Province, and that the same be publicly made known; and for that purpose that notice be given to all Persons claiming any Allotment of Land within the HOME DISTRICT of this Province that they do forthwith bring in to the Attorney-General of this Province the certificate, ticket of occupation, warrant, or other document whereon they severally found their claim; or transmit to him an attested copy thereof, that He may report thereon to his Excellency in Council, in order that regular and effective grants of Estates of inheritance in the said allotments may without delay be made out to all persons entitled thereto conformably to his Majesty's Royal Proclamation, to the Rules and Regulations for the conduct of the Land Office Department heretofore severally declared and made public, and in pursuance of an Act of Parliament, passed in the Thirty-first Year of his present Majesty's Reign, entitled, an Act to repeal certain parts of an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of his Majesty's Reign, entitled an Act for making more effectual provision for the Government of the Province of the Province of Quebec in North-America, and to make further provision for the Government of the said Province.

And further, that due notice shall from time to time be given to all persons claiming Lands within the remaining Districts of this Province as soon as it shall be convenient and practicable to proceed on their Claims.

Extracted from the Minutes.

E. B. LITTLEHALES,

Acting Clerk of the Council.

1.

1. GOVERNMENT NOTICE 1793

22.5 x 14.7 cm. [Louis Roy, Niagara]

One of the earliest examples of printing in Ontario, published in the first month after the establishment of the press. It is set in Caslon Old Face, and owes much in general style to the traditional book page format of the time. It announces a resolution of the Executive Council concerning the securing of land titles in Ontario.

JOHN GRAVES SIMCOE.

PROCLAMATION

GEORGE the Third by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. &c. &c.

To Our Beloved and Faithful Legislative Councils of Our Province of Upper-Canada, and Our Faithful Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of Our said Province to the Assembly at Our Town of Newark, on the Eight Day of this present Month of February, to be commenced and held called and styled and to every of You,

GREETING:



WHEREAS we for certain arduous and urgent affairs Us the State and Defence of Our said Province, concerning Our Assembly at the Day and Place aforesaid to be held, have Ordained and You by Our separate Writs at the Town and Day aforesaid to be present for the purposes therein mentioned, We have Commanded,

Nevertheless, for certain causes and considerations Us therunto especially moving Our said Assembly at and upon the Eight Day of this present Month of February, We have thought proper to Prorogue, so that You nor any of You on this said Eight Day of this present Month of February at Our said Town to appear are to be held or constrained, for We do will that You and each of You, be as to Us in this matter entirely exonerated, Commanding and by the tenor of these presents firmly enjoining You and every of You and all others in this behalf interceded that on the Eighteenth Day of March next, at Our said Town of Newark personally You and every of You be and appear to treat do act and conclude upon those things which in Our said Assembly, by the Common Council of Our said Province by the Favor of GOD may be ordained. In Testimony whereof these Our Letters we have caused to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Our said Province to be hereunto affixed. Witness Our Trusty and Well Beloved JOHN GRAVES SIMCOE, Esquire, Lieutenant Governor and Colonel Commanding Our Forces in Our said Province. At Our Government House Navy Hall, this seventh Day of February, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, and in the Third third of Our Reign.

J. G. S.

Wm. JARVIS, Secretary.

2.

2. PROCLAMATION 1793

32.7 x 18.7 cm. [Louis Roy, Niagara]

Another very early item printed by Roy in February, 1793. It postpones the second session of the first legislature from February 8 to March 18, 1793. The session actually opened at Niagara on May 31, 1793.

A PROCLAMATION,

To such as are desirous to settle on the lands of the crown in the Province of UPPER CANADA;

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

John Graves Simcoe, Esquire;

Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the said Province, and Colonel Commanding His Majesty's Forces, &c. &c. &c.



BE IT KNOWN to all concerned, that his majesty hath, by his royal commission and instructions to the governor, and in his absence the lieutenant governor or person administering the government for the time being, of the said Province of Upper Canada, given authority and command to grant the lands of the crown in the same by patent under the great seal thereof; and it being expedient to publish and declare the royal intention respecting such grants and patents, I do accordingly hereby make known the terms of grant and settlement to be:

FIRST—That the crown lands to be granted be parcel of township; if an island township, of ten miles square, and if a township on navigable waters, of nine miles in front and twelve miles in depth, be run out and marked by his majesty's surveyor or deputy surveyor general, or under his direction and authority.

SECOND—That only such part of the township be granted as shall remain, after a reservation of one seventh part thereof, for the support of a protestant clergy, and one other seventh part thereof, for the future disposition of the crown.

THIRD—That no land lot shall be granted to any one person which shall contain more than two hundred acres; yet the governor, lieutenant governor or person administering the government, is allowed and permitted to grant to any person or persons (not further quantity of land as they may desire, not exceeding one thousand acres, over and above what may have been before granted to them.

FOURTH—That every petitioner for lands make it appear, that he or she is in a condition to cultivate and improve the same, and shall, before taking the usual oaths, subscribe a declaration (before proper persons to be for that purpose appointed) of the tenor of the words following, viz. "I A. B. do properly and declare that I will maintain and defend to the utmost of my power the authority of the King in his parliament as the supreme legislature of this Province."

FIFTH—That applications for grants be made by petition to the governor, lieutenant governor, or person administering the government for the time being, & where it is advisable to grant the prayer thereof a warrant shall issue to the proper officer for a survey thereof, reasonable within six months with a plot annexed, and be followed with a patent granting the same, if desired, in free and common socage, upon the terms and conditions in the royal instructions expressed, and herein after fogged.

SIXTH—That all grants relative to the crown, all coals, commonly called iron coals, and mines of gold, silver, copper, tin, iron, and lead; and each patent contain a clause for the reservation of timber for the royal navy of the tenor following: "And provided also, that no part of the tract or parcel of land hereby granted to the said and his heirs, be within any reservation heretofore made and marked for us, our heirs and successors, by our surveyor general of woods, or his lawful deputy; in which case, this our grant for such part of the land hereby given and granted to the said and his heirs forever as aforesaid, and which shall upon survey thereof being made, be found within any such reservation, shall be null and void, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding."

SEVENTH—That the two sevenths reserved for the crown's future disposition, and the support of a protestant clergy, be not severed tracts, each of one seventh part of the township, but such lots or estates therein, as the surveyor-general's return of the survey of the township, shall be defined as set apart for these purposes, between the other lots of which the said township shall consist, to the intent that the lands to be reserved may be nearly of the like value with an equal quantity of the other parts to be granted out as aforesaid.

EIGHTH—That the respective patentees are to take the estates granted to them severally free of quit rent and of any other expenses, than such fees as are or may be allowed to be demanded and received by the different officers concerned in passing the patent and recording the same, to be stated in a table authorized and established by the government, and publicly fixed up in the several offices of the clerk of the council, of the surveyor general, and of the secretary of the Province.

NINTH—That every patent be entered upon record within six months from the date thereof, in the secretary's or register's office, and a docket thereof in the auditor's office.

TENTH—Whenever it shall be thought advisable to grant any given quantity to one person of one thousand acres or under, and the same cannot be found by reason of the said reservations and prior grants within the township in the petition expressed, the same, or what shall be requisite to make up to such person the quantity aforesaid, shall be located to him, in some other township, upon a new petition for that purpose to be preferred.

And of the said several regulations, all persons concerned are to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my hand and seal, in the city of Quebec, the seventh day of February, in the thirty-second year of his majesty's reign, and in the year of our Lord, one thousand, seven hundred and ninety-two.

John Graves Simcoe.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY'S COMMAND,

THOMAS TALBOT, Acting Secretary.

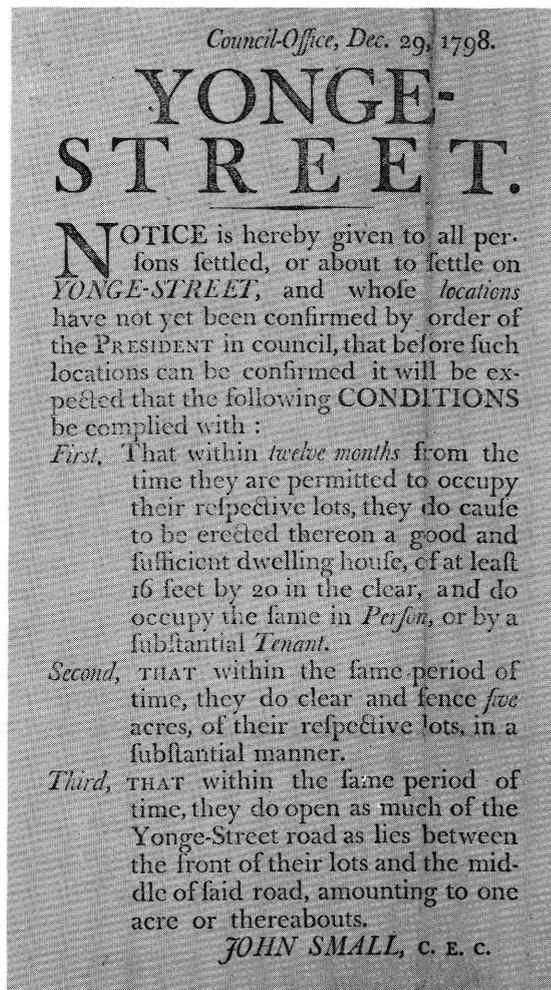
Re-printed at Newark, by G. TIFFANY, 1795.

3.

3. PROCLAMATION 1795

28.7 x 15.3 cm. Gideon Tiffany, Niagara

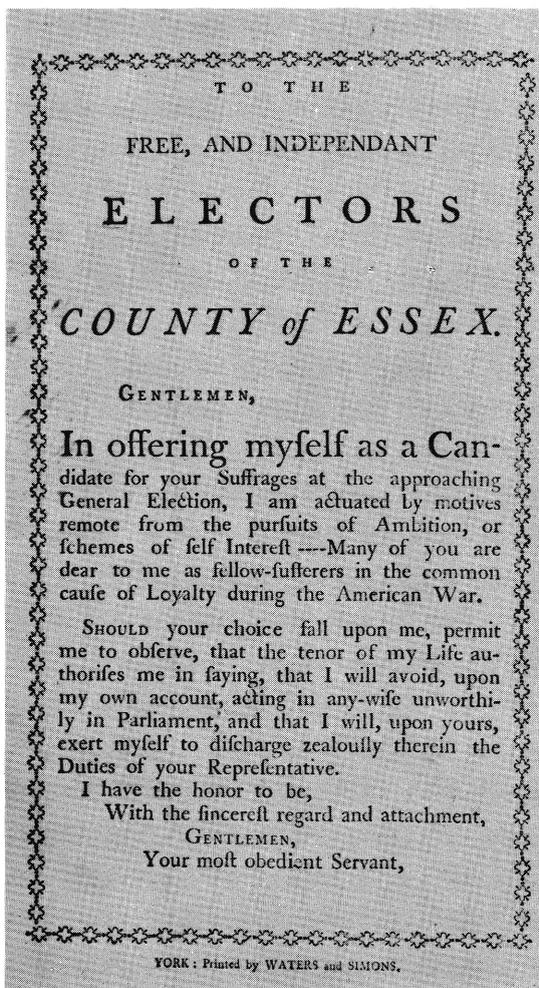
Originally published by Samuel Neilson at Quebec in February, 1792, this was the first publication in Ontario of the regulations concerning the granting of lands in the province. Tiffany succeeded Roy as King's Printer and served from 1794 to 1797.



4.

4. GOVERNMENT NOTICE 1799?
40.5 x 20 cm. [William Waters and Titus Geer Simons, York]

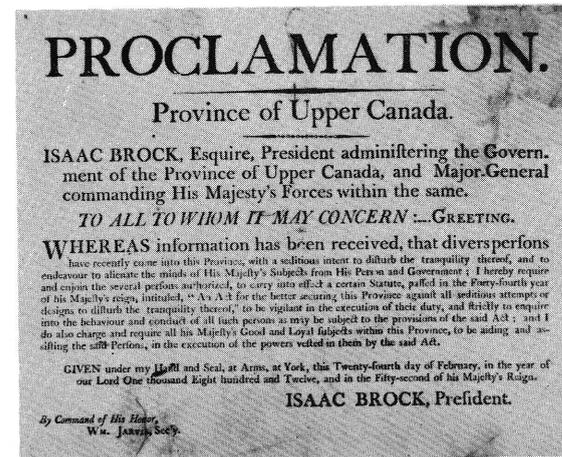
Printed in double great primer (36 pt.) Caslon Old Face on poor quality paper. The conditions of settlement on Yonge Street set out here were more rigid than in the back concessions. Waters and Simons were King's Printers from 1798 to 1801.



5.

5. ELECTION NOTICE 1800
28.3 x 15.3 cm. William Waters and Titus Geer Simons, York

One of the earliest examples of job printing for a private individual in Ontario. This candidate in the 1800 election was probably either Thomas McKee or Matthew Elliot. For distribution he would have signed this broadside by hand.



6.

6. PROCLAMATION 1812
22.7 x 30.7 cm. [John Cameron, York]

Warning by Brock against diverse persons who "have recently come into this Province with a seditious attempt to disturb the tranquillity thereof," issued four months before the outbreak of the War of 1812.

QUETTON ST. GEORGE AND CO.

Mr. St. GEORGE begs leave to return his thanks to his Friends and the Public for their very liberal support to him since his first establishment in Business at this place; and also to inform them that he has now taken Messrs. JULIUS QUESNEL and JOHN S. BALDWIN into Copartnership, and that the business of the Concern will in future be carried on under the name of *Quetton St. George & Co.*

The new Firm takes this opportunity of expressing their hope that Mr. St. George's old Customers will continue their favors towards them, and of assuring them that every attention shall be paid to their wishes and commands; and also at the same time to inform them and the Public at large, that they have now an extensive assortment of Goods of the first quality immediately imported from England, from whence they will continue to import a constant supply—they flatter themselves that their prices will not be higher than those of other Merchants.

York, December 10, 1814.

N. B. Mr. St. George requests those indebted to him to make their payments without delay—and that all those to whom he is indebted will present their Accounts to him immediately, or at farthest before the first day of May next, as he purports to make a voyage to Europe in the course of the next Summer.

He has for sale a Mare and Colt; a double Harness, plated; a Pleasure Sleigh with Seats, Cushions, &c.

7.

7. BUSINESS NOTICE 1814

12.3 x 14.1 cm. [John Cameron, York?]

Printed under wartime conditions, the type and format of this little handbill are both reminiscent of eighteenth century printing, and contrast with the next item. Laurent Quetton St. George was a French royalist emigré who established a chain of shops in Ontario and became very wealthy. Jules Quesnel was a Montreal merchant and John Spread Baldwin was an uncle of Hon. Robert Baldwin. St. George returned to France after the restoration of 1815.

Dissolution of COPARTNERSHIP.

The Public is hereby informed, that the Partnership heretofore carried on, under the firm of
HELLIWELL, EASTWOOD & Co.
was dissolved on the Twentyfirst day of October One thousand eight hundred and twentytwo; and I hereby notify the Public that I will not be answerable for any debt or debts that have been contracted in the name of the said Partnership concern from that date

Thos. Helliwell, Senr.

DON MILLS, York, May 29th 1823.

8.

8. BUSINESS NOTICE 1823

15.2 x 16.8 cm. [John Carey, York?]

The contrast between this notice and the previous one shows the change created by the introduction of a bold face type used here in the title and signature. Thomas Helliwell was a Yorkshireman who established a brewery and distillery at Todmorden in 1821; his brother-in-law, John Eastwood also had mills in the area, and in 1827 established there the second paper mill in Ontario.

TERMS

At Mrs. & the Miss RADCLIFFE'S School,

Niagara.

BOARDING with ordinary Tuition, including English Grammar, Geography with the use of Globes, History; Composition, Plain and Ornamental Needlework, &c. &c. &c. £6 0 0 *Per Quarter*

Writing & Ciphers, " 10 0 "

Day Scholars, (including Writing and Ciphers,) 1 10 0 "

Music, 1 10 0 "

Drawing, Velvet Painting, Artificial Flower & Card Work, charged separately.

No entrance money required.

No Pupil taken for any term less than six Months.

A quarters notice, or a quarters payment expected, previous to a pupil's leaving School.

No allowance for temporary absence. Each Lady to bring Bed & Bedding, Towels, Spoons, Knife & Fork, which will be returned.

* * Bills paid Quarterly.

Niagara, December 9th, 1823.

9.

9. SCHOOL ANNOUNCEMENT 1823

14.5 x 13.5 cm. [Andrew Heron, Niagara?]

Although the new display types had probably not yet reached Niagara, the printer here has used one line of black letter, in an attempt to achieve the same effect. This school was typical of those available for the education of girls in early Ontario.

S. THOMPSON'S BOOKS!
Beware of Wooden Nutmegs!!

When Americans friendly to our institutions, come into this colony to settle amongst us, to bear a part of our burthens and to lead a life of honest industry as farmers, mechanics, merchants, &c. we hail them as brothers. For if the United States are not afraid of receiving 10,000 idle or discontented British and Irish every year and then—whether it John Bull likely to become alarmed at a small importation of Jonathan into British America. But when we see Yankee wooden clock pedlars, wooden nutmeg pedlars, lottery ticket vendors, pretended hawkers of the lives of La Fayette and Washington, by subscription, and others of that stamp, openly gulling our neighbours out of their hard earned dollars, to increase the miseries of Baltimore and Connecticut gamblers and cheats, and to impoverish the poor inhabitants of this infant colony, depress and ruin our mechanics and artists, and injure our commerce with Britain, we perform an imperative duty by exposing them to the just indignation of every friend to this country.

We have warned the public that one S. Thompson, lately from and of the United States, preacher and pedlar—had gone about the country and obtained 100 subscribers for a quarto bible to be printed on home made paper, in Upper Canada, to cost five or six dollars, and that he had told the people they were subscribing for the first Canada edition of the scriptures,—as also, that he had since expressed to us and others his intention of pointing on his subscribers some Yankee stereotype edition in place of the Canadian one for which they had signed.

We have now to state that this Thompson has his Yankee books nearly ready printed, wherewith to impose upon his signers, and that he expects to bring them across the Niagara in a few days.

Thompson says in an advertisement that our former statement was *unsafe and FALSE*; this is impudent enough on his part. We refer to Mr. John Eastwood, paper maker, Mr. Francis Collins, printer, (who published his advertisement) and Mr. Maxwell, cabinet maker, all of York—and if need be we can bring 100 credible witnesses to prove that this person has been guilty in form and manner as charged in our late indictment.

We wish the country well, and therefore offer a timely caution to all manner of persons against having any thing to do with this Thompson's Yankee Bibles and Testaments.

There was an act passed in London on the 26th July 1825, (5th Geo. IV. Cap. 114) by which "books such as are prohibited to be imported into the United Kingdom; or are prohibited to be imported into Upper Canada" from foreign parts. Bibles and Testaments in the English language are permanent copy right works in the hands of the King's printers and the two universities, and may not be lawfully imported into the United Kingdom, consequently cannot be admitted from the United States into Canada. And if Thompson shall attempt to smuggle them in, contrary to the true and evident intent and meaning of the above imperial act, he may rest assured that we and others our associates will look sharply after him, as we are well aware that there is no collector of the customs who dare admit them to pay 30 per cent duty contrary to law.

W. L. MACKENZIE,
On behalf of 25 of the inhabitants
of York, E. C.

York, August 29th. 1827.

See also 15 Geo. III c. 33.—11 Geo. III c. 197.—24 Geo. III c. 156 (unrepealed) and a general order of the commissioners of customs, dated London 8th Oct. 1819.

The Bible could be printed in England by any one formerly—but in the reign of Charles—(at a large edition was struck off and circulated, with the omission of the word "not" in the 7th commandment, by which it read "Thou shalt commit adultery." The edition was all bought in and Archbishop Laud procured the passage of an act wherby spurious editions could not be printed as before. In the United States any man may print the bible, and very incorrect copies are printed and circulated there, but these are strictly prohibited from being imported into England, or her colonies for sale.

10.

10. BUSINESS NOTICE 1827
23.3 x 14.5 cm. W. L. Mackenzie, York

Typical example of William Lyon Mackenzie's work, with the body in small type surrounded by an ornamental border. The heading is in fat face type. Mackenzie warns against the merchandise of American pedlars, especially a so-called Canadian edition of the Bible sold by S. Thompson.

**To the free and independent
Electors of the County of
York.**

GENTLEMEN,

I have been nominated by a public Meeting, as a Candidate for your suffrages at the ensuing Election. In this important and alarming crisis, lest I should fail in performing my duty to my country, I have consented to the nomination. I am therefore ready to obey your voice, and should you think proper to return me as your Representative in Parliament, my most earnest endeavours will be faithfully to represent your feelings and opinions, and carefully to watch over and protect your rights and liberties.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your very sincere well-wisher,

R. BALDWIN.

York, 7th July, 1828.

Collins, Printer, York.

11.

11. ELECTION NOTICE 1828
17.8 x 17.5 cm. Francis Collins, York

In 1828 the dismissal of Judge Willis created great excitement. The 24 year old Robert Baldwin first ran for parliament in that year, but was defeated by two Radicals, William Lyon Mackenzie and Jesse Ketchum.

12. POLITICAL MEETING 1828
17.3 x 14.4 cm. [John Carey, York?]

The early newspapers were very outspoken. In the troubled politics of 1828 a Reform editor, Francis Collins, was convicted of libel against Attorney General Robinson, and sentenced to a year's imprisonment and a fine of £50. This was issued the day after sentence was passed.

13. POLITICAL MEETING 1832
18.1 x 14.8 cm. [Anon.]

The use of fat face type gradually increased through the 1830's. In this broadside William Morris, a Perth merchant and member of parliament, calls a political meeting in his riding.

CHOLERA BULLETIN.

Printed at the Wesleyan Office.

TO the President of the Board of Health of the Gore District:

Sir—I have this morning received a communication from Doct. GILPIN of Brantford, stating he was called to visit Three cases, which he considers exhibited characters of Spasmodic Cholera. One case, a man by the name of Young, proved fatal in 8 hours. The other two were convalescent when Doctor Gilpin writes.

The following is a report I submit to the Board of Health, on the above cases:

Cases of CHOLERA in the Gore District, from June 23, to June 28, inclusive—

Brantford, Cases THREE, Deaths 1, Convalescent 2.

(Signed) **SLADE ROBINSON,**
Pres't Medical Board.

Hamilton, June 27, 1832.

14.

14. CHOLERA 1832
15.3 x 20.4 cm. Wesleyan Office, [Hamilton]

This broadside uses an Egyptian typeface for the first line, and fat face for the rest of the text. Egyptian with its slab serifs was an important innovation for producing a stark, heavy letter. Cholera epidemics raged in Canada in 1832, 1834, 1849, and 1854.

Farmers! BEWARE!

The enemies of the King and the People,--of the

CONSTITUTION,

AND

SIR FRANCIS HEAD.
ARE, DAY AND NIGHT, SPREADING

LIES.

They say Sir Francis Head is recalled,--Sir Francis Head is *NOT* recalled, but is supported by the King and His Ministers.

They say *Tithes* are to be claimed in Upper Canada,--*Tithes* shall *NOT* be claimed in Upper Canada says a permanent Act of Parliament.

FARMERS

Believe not a word these *Agitators* say, but think for yourselves, and **SUPPORT SIR FRANCIS HEAD**, the friend of Constitutional Reform.

Printed Office, Toronto.—JOHN F. ROGERS, Printer.

15.

15. ELECTION NOTICE 1836

38.4 x 27.5 cm. John F. Rogers, Toronto

The printer's use of fat face and Egyptian typefaces matches the vigour of the text, and is extremely effective. The lieutenant governor, Sir Francis Bond Head, campaigned energetically against the Reformers in the 1836 election, and contributed to their defeat.

“Victory or Death.”

The Rebels shall be defeated!!!

STATE OF THE POLLS.

| <i>Frontenac.</i> SECOND DAY. | <i>Lenox & Addington.</i> SECOND DAY. | <i>Leeds.</i> FIRST DAY. |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Mathewson, 145. | Cartwright, 203. | Jones, 122 |
| Marks, 138. | Detlor, 197. | Gowan, 120 |
| Yarker, 56. | Bidwell, 173. | Buell, 96 |
| Shibley 52. | Perry, 173. | Howard, 95 |

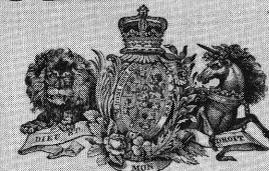
16.

16. ELECTION NOTICE 1836

8.6 x 18.7 cm. [Anon.]

Another example of Tory invective in the 1836 election. Elections lasted for several days with open voting at the hustings, and progress reports were issued daily.

£50 REWARD



PROCLAMATION.

UPPER CANADA.

F. B. HEAD.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c. &c.

To all to whom these Presents shall come—GREETING:

WHEREAS on the evening of Monday the 25th instant, some evil-disposed person or persons committed a gross and violent assault upon THOMAS CARFRAE, Esq. our *Collector of Customs* for the City of Toronto, in the Home District of our said Province of Upper Canada, and also upon the *Deputy Collector of Customs* for the said City.

Now know Ye, that a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS will be paid to any person or persons (not being the actual offender or offenders) who will give such information as may lead to the apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the said offence: And further, that a FREE PARDON, and a Reward of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS, will be granted to any one of the offenders, (not being the one who actually struck the said *Collector of Customs*, or his *Deputy*.) who will give such evidence as may lead to the apprehension and conviction of his accomplices.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said Province to be hereunto affixed: Witness our trusty and well-beloved SIR FRANCIS BOND HEAD, Baronet, K.C.H., &c. &c. Lieutenant Governor of our said Province, at Toronto, this thirtieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in the first year of our Reign.

F. B. H.

By Command of His Excellency in Council,

C. A. HAGERMAN, Attorney General.

D. CAMERON, Secretary.

Printed at the Upper Canada Gazette Office.

17.

17. PROCLAMATION 1837

38.7 x 26.8 cm. Robert Stanton, Toronto

An effective use of fat face type combined with Italian typeface for “Proclamation.” Italian was introduced in England about 1821, but was never very popular. The Lieutenant Governor offers a reward for the “evil-disposed person” who assaulted the collector of customs at Toronto.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Tolls taken at the

Toll-Bar

In the City of Toronto, at the Side-line, usually called *Crookshanks Lane*, on Dundas Street, will be SOLD for One Year from the 17th day of December next, by

PUBLIC AUCTION

to the Highest Bidder, who must give satisfactory security for the faithful discharge of his duty, as well as the fulfilment of his agreement. The Receipts for the present year being now over Thirty Pounds, and the year not yet expired.

The Auction will take place at the Toll-house on Monday the 16th day of December, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

For further particulars apply to

THOS. FISHER, Esq.

*Chairman to the Board of Trustees
For the Western Road*

Number, 4th December, 1839.

18.

18. PUBLIC NOTICE 1839

33.7 x 22.5 cm. [Anon., Toronto]

The Gothic (sans serif) wooden type used for "Notice" was to grow in popularity. Toll-gate concessions, like the one offered here at the corner of Dundas and Bathurst Streets in Toronto, were put up for auction annually.

19. REGATTA 1840

33.1 x 16 cm. [Anon., Toronto]

Printed on mauve paper. Regattas were held in Toronto Harbour from the 1830's, and were very popular.

GLORIOUS NEWS.

Hurra For REFORM.

Reformers of Hastings awake!

rush to the polls and support the Government candidate, the Honorable Robert Baldwin, the tried friend of the people, the Reformers throughout the Province, as well as all desiring good Government, call them by what name you will, are carrying every thing before them. Look at the following returns from Counties which sent Tories to the last Parliament.

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Toronto. | Messrs. Dana, and Buchanan, Reformers, elected by a large majority. |
| County Wentworth. | Dr. Smith, reformer. do. do. |
| Simcoe. | Elmes Steele, Esq. do. do. do. 117 over "Compact" candidate. |
| Halton W Riding Do. E Riding. | James Durand, Esq., elected. Caleb Hopkins, Esq., reform, elected. |
| Northumberland, N Riding. | Dr. Gilchrist, tried reformer, elctd. maj. 117. |
| Prince Edward. | J. P. Roblin, Esq. do do do maj. 107 over high Church candidate, Boekus. |
| Frontenac | H. Smith Jr. Esq. tried reformer, elected over Mathewson-Tory candidate. |
| Leeds | Jas. Morris Esq. tried reformer, maj. over Ogle R Gowen 292. |
| Greenville | Samuel Crane, Esq., reformer, maj. 119 |
| Dundas | J. Cook, Esq., tried reformer. |

Will the Reformers of Hastings be outdone! Never! Never!! Never!!!

A Constitutional Reformer.

20.

20. ELECTION NOTICE 1841

32.5 x 20.3 cm. [Anon.]

An early use of a shaded typeface in the first line, in a poster supporting the Hon. Robert Baldwin in the first election of the united Canadas in 1841.

21. ELECTION NOTICE 1841

29 x 19.3 cm. [Anon.]

The election of 1841 was a bitter one, to which sectarianism contributed. This is an attempt to discredit among Irish immigrants a candidate who is accused of anti-Catholic sentiments.

NOTICE.

LOUIS H. LA FONTAINE, ESQ.,
Accompanied by Dr. Baldwin,
WILL MEET THE FREEHOLDERS,
FRIENDLY TO HIS ELECTION.

*For the North Riding of the County of York, at
THE FOLLOWING TIMES AND PLACES.*

*At Sharon--On Monday, 6th September, at noon.
At Bennett's, in North Gwillimbury--Tuesday, 7th, at do
At Johnson's Mills, in Georgina--Wednesday, 8th, at do
At Uzbridge Village--Thursday, 9th, at do
At Stouffville--Friday, 10th, at do.*

LESSLIE BROTHERS-PRINTERS

22.

22. ELECTION NOTICE 1841

18.6 x 23.9 cm. Lesslie Brothers, Toronto

An effective combination of fat face and sans serif typeface, with one line of Caslon's Ornamented No. 2 (Friendly to his election). In the election of 1841 LaFontaine was defeated in Terrebonne, Lower Canada, but found a seat with the help of the Baldwin family in the north riding of York.

23. LUNATIC ASYLUM 1845

42.2 x 58.8 cm. Herald Office, Toronto

A splendid coat of arms ornaments this broadside calling for tenders for the provincial lunatic asylum. Designed by John George Howard, the building was opened in 1850 and still stands surrounded by additions at 999 Queen Street West, Toronto.

24. PUBLIC DINNER 1846

23.3 x 35.1 cm. Dundas Warder Office, Dundas

The Hon. Robert Baldwin contributed to the constitutional development of Canada with his concept of Responsible Government. This dinner was given to him when he was in opposition, between the end of his first joint ministry with LaFontaine in 1843, and the beginning of their Great Ministry in 1848.

PROGRAMME.

**ROCKWELL & STONE'S
MAMMOTH
CIRCUS.**

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.
TORONTO, WEDNESDAY EV'G, AUG. 26.

| | |
|--|--|
| PROPRIETORS, ROCKWELL & STONE QUESTRIAN MANAGER, HENRY NEEDHAM ACTING MANAGER, WILLIAM HUBBLE CLOWNS, JOHN GOSSIN & BOB WILLIAMS RING MASTER, F. WHITTAKER TREASURER, E. G. MEAD. | Performances will open with the TOURNAMENT ENTREE. DOG BOFFER Will be introduced by his Master, BOB WILLIAMS. DOUBLE LEAPS OVER VARIOUS OBJECTS BY W. FRANKLIN. Ground and Lofty Tumbling By the entire strength of the Company. THE ARENA'S PRIDE, ON HER PALFREY, MRS. GOSSIN. HORSE COLUMBUS will be instructed by his Master, F. WHITTAKER. JUVENILE WONDIE, Master STEVENS, in his admired Single Horse Act. The Unapproachable FRANKLIN, ON THE CORDE VOLANTE A Laughable Equestrian Scene, By J. GOSSIN & CHAMPION. A new Scene on the by the accomplished HERR CLINE. Groups and Poses, By those talented Artists, FRANKLIN & STEVENS. THE CHAMPION OF THE ARENA, LEVI NORTH, in a daring Equestrian Act. MUSCULAR AND DARING FEATS, By the Modern Sampson, ALONZA HUBBLE. The Diversions to close with the Magnificent and Original Spanish Pageants, the BULL FIGHT, or Spanish Games of Olden Times. |
|--|--|

♂ First Class Seats, 2s. 6d. ;—Second Class Seats, 1s. 6d. ;—
 Children, under 10, half price.—Open at 7;—to commence at 7½.
 ♀ Females not admitted unless accompanied by a Gentleman.
 F. GILKARD, PRINTER

25.

25. CIRCUS 1846
29.5 x 10.5 cm. James Cleland, Toronto

Ten different display typefaces are used here to give variety and to capture attention. Cleland was the printer of the *British Colonist*. Circuses visited Toronto from the 1820's; this rather small one pitched its tents on Wellington Street.

26. BAZAAR 1848
16.3 x 25 cm. G. S. Porter, Newmarket

Bazaars were a popular method of raising money for charity in Ontario from the 1830's. This bazaar, to help St. Paul's Anglican Church, Newmarket, was held in the local inn.

**TORONTO
MECHANICS' INSTITUTE,**
INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

Under the Patronage of his Excellency the Governor General.

EXHIBITION!

An Exhibition of Specimens of Art, New Inventions and Improvements, and samples of Manufactures in general, by Mechanics, Artisans and others, resident in Canada, will be held in the

HALL OF THE INSTITUTE,
COMMENCING ON
Monday, 16th of October,
AND BE CONTINUED
FOR TWO WEEKS.

The principal design of this Exhibition is, to bring the productions of skilful Mechanics and Artisans before the public; that genius and enterprise may be fostered and patronized; and also to encourage a laudable emulation on the part of the Mechanic or Artisan, to excel in their respective professions.

Mechanics and Operatives of every description, Students of the Fine Arts, and Ladies, are respectfully invited to furnish specimens; so as to make the Exhibition creditable not only to this rising City, but to the Province; and also to encourage it by their presence, and by recommending it to their friends, that it may not result in a pecuniary loss to the Institute.

It is requested that all Articles intended for Exhibition be sent to the Society's Rooms, on the *Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday* previous to the days of Exhibition, where a competent person will be in attendance to receive and register the same.

ADMISSION.—The charge for admission (to persons not furnishing specimens) will be—For Single Tickets, 7d. for the Season, 1s. 3d.; Children half price. Tickets to be had of any member of the Committee, or at the Door.

The Rooms will be open from Ten o'Clock A.M. to Ten P.M., each day.

Refreshments may be obtained at the Rooms.
BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.

W.M. EDWARDS,
RECORDING SECRETARY.

Toronto Mechanics' Institute,
September 6th, 1848.
Brown's Printing Establishment, Yonge Street, Toronto.

27.

27. TORONTO MECHANICS' INSTITUTE 1848
47.5 x 33.4 cm. Brown's Press, Toronto

An effective combination of several typefaces, printed on thin pink paper. It is a forerunner of later typographic experimentation and eclecticism. The Toronto Mechanics' Institute, founded in 1830, had a long and honorable career before being taken over by the Toronto Public Library in 1883.


Fire! Fire! Fire!!

Men of Hallowell and Marysburgh!
Men of Arrol and Sophiasburgh! Men of Ameliasburgh and Hillier!
Loyal Men of Prince Edward! all!
Read the Requisition below. Ponder upon the important subject now engaging the attention, and rousing the fiery feeling, of the Country.

Let every Man be at his post on Saturday next!

NOW OR NEVER.
Onward and do your duty like men, like free men, like Britons!
Or remain

SLAVES,
Taxed Paupers,
AND
Beggars for ever!

A Debt is to be saddled upon you, and upon your Children, by the issue of Debentures, for the immense sum of

£180,000,
Payable in Twenty Years, with Interest, which will exceed

Half a Million of Pounds!

Or ever One Million Four Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Will the Farmers and others remain at home, sleepy and inactive, while such Chains and Slavery are placed about themselves and their Children?
Let Saturday next answer the question!
Men of Prince Edward! On! On! One and all!

Public Meeting.

To Owen McMahon, Esquire, Sheriff of the District of Prince Edward.

Sir.—We desire that you call, at as early a day as practicable, a Public Meeting of the Inhabitants of Prince Edward, to take into consideration, with the view of obtaining an expression of their opinion thereon, certain Resolutions respecting the Rebellion Losses of Lower Canada introduced into the Legislative Assembly by the Honourable Mr. Lafontaine, Picton, 17th February, 1849.

[Here follow Eighty Two Signatures.]

In pursuance of the above request contained in the above Requisition, I hereby appoint SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at the Court House, in the Town of Picton, at the hour of One o'Clock P.M. as the time and place for holding the said Public Meeting.

O. M. MAHON,
Sheriff of the P. E. D.
Sheriff's Office, Picton, February 19th, 1849.

28.

28. REBELLION LOSSES 1849
34.1 x 10.5 cm. [Anon., Picton?]

A rather old-fashioned use of type. The Rebellion Losses Bill was to indemnify all losses suffered in Lower Canada during the Rebellion by anyone, loyal or rebel. It caused much excitement in Upper Canada on political grounds, although this broadside from Prince Edward County is more concerned with cost.

BRITONS! AWAKE!

"England expects every man to do his Duty."

To His Worship the Mayor
OF THE CITY OF KINGSTON.

We, the undersigned, request that you will convene a

MEETING
OF THE INHABITANTS OF THIS CITY
ON MONDAY NEXT,

at 2 o'clock, P. M. at the CITY HALL, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of transmitting to Her Majesty without a moment's delay a Petition praying Her to exercise Her Royal Prerogative by disallowing the Bill for rewarding Rebellion, which has been sanctioned in despite of the Remonstrances of her *Loyal Canadian Subjects*, by Her Representative, and also to recall such Representative from a Government which he can no longer administer with safety, to the Province or with honor to the Crown.

Kingston, 29th April, 1849.

| | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| John R. Forsyth, | C. Miller, | A. Foster, | William Kennedy, |
| F. A. Harper, | George Christie, | Peter McDonald, | Archibald Smith, |
| James A. Henderson, | Henry Squires, | James Little, | James Binny, |
| William Houldich, | John Macpherson, | Wm. Bevers, | James Chestnut, |
| J. Cauter, | William Wilson, | George Anderson, | D. Christie, |
| John Fraser, | Samuel MacKeston, | William Braden, | John Olliphant, |
| Arch. John Macintosh, | Charles Bevan, | James Gairdner, | John McDonald, |
| John Moray, | Thomas DeKay, | William Graham, | J. J. Burrows, |
| James Williamson, | A. Campbell, | John Hopkins, | K. Scotchell, |
| John Brookscroft, | Charles W. Jenkins, | Alexander Ross, | Richard Scotchell, |
| William Wade, | E. H. Hardy, | John Bedford, | Samuel Macintosh, |
| R. Allen, | George L. Howard, | John Finlayson, | C. J. Campbell, |
| Joseph Bevan, | Thomas Francis, | J. Richardson, | Thomas Glasgow, |
| D. Prentiss, | B. Meadows, | Samuel Young, | H. Yates, |
| W. Drummond, | Samuel Morley, | John Gilmartin, | William Ferguson, |
| John Shields, | W. A. Geddes, | B. T. W. Thompson, | William F. Harper, |
| W. J. Goodwin, | Francis Henderson, | George Baxter, | Lewis Cameron, |
| Thomas Maxwell, | James G. Fortier, | Thomas Thompson, | J. Wiley, |
| W. Goodwin, | Robert McCormick, | George Thompson, | Henry Berthel, |
| Thomas Drexel, | John Jenkins, | James Gilm, | John G. McKay, |
| Henry Andrews, | | George Kennedy, | Stephen Foster, |

In compliance with the above Requisition, I hereby call a PUBLIC MEETING at the CITY HALL, on MONDAY next, the 30th of April inst. at 2 o'clock, P. M.

FRANCIS M. HILL,

29.

29. REBELLION LOSSES 1849

54.8 x 39.4 cm. [Anon., Kingston]

Dramatic use of an elongated typeface in the first line. Printed on green paper. The Kingston protest against the Rebellion Losses Bill was the traditional political one.

30. LOTTERY, ST. GEORGE 1849

152.6 x 52 cm. Brantford Courier Office, Brantford

A huge broadside. Lotteries were a common means of raising money in the last century. Here the proprietor of the Temperance House at St. George proposes to dispose of his property by selling tickets for \$1.00. The first prize was his hotel, and the other prizes his less valuable possessions. He had to sell 4500 tickets; since the draw was postponed at least once, he was apparently having difficulty.

LOTTERY!

EVERY TICKET A PRIZE!!

To be Drawn on the premises of the Subscriber

IN THE
TOWN OF DUNDAS,
On Monday, 5th day of November, 1849.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR EACH.

THE PRINCIPAL PRIZE IS A VALUABLE
Town Lot, on King-Street, Dundas,

(Nearly opposite the Elgin House and within a few rods of the well known Foundry of Galt-shore & Co.)

The Lot is 50 feet front by 200 feet rear, with a good two-story Frame Dwelling House containing nine rooms, with a good Cellar under the whole and a never failing well at the door, and a good work-shop, 24x30 ft. valued at \$400

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--|------|
| Two Iron Axletree Buggy | 25 | Large Plate Stove | 5 |
| Good Horse | 30 | Two do. Stoves, each a prize | 4 |
| Two horse Lumber Wagon, nearly new | 18 15 | Two sets Hallmore Chairs, each set a prize | 4 |
| splendid Silver Watch | 10 | Furn | 3 |
| Woodwork of a Buggy | 8 15 | Two Tables, each a prize | 3 10 |
| Double-barrel Stub & Twist Gun, with | 6 5 | Twenty Beds, each a prize | 12 |
| Shotbelt and Powder Flask | 5 | Twenty Sets Chairs, each set a prize | 25 |
| Barrel | 5 | Two Large Rocking Chairs, each a prize | 2 |
| Cutter | 5 | Two Sewing Chairs, each a prize | 3 10 |
| Parlour Stove | 2 10 | Twenty prizes consisting of Chairs and | 5 |

And others of less value, amounting in all to \$200 prizes.

The above Furniture is new and manufactured from the best materials and valued at the lowest cash prices. The Lottery will positively be drawn on the day above mentioned and no humbugging.

An indisputable Title will be given for the above Town Lot within two weeks from the time of drawing, and in order to give perfect satisfaction the managers will be chosen by the holders of TICKETS present at the time of Drawing.

SAMUEL H. HARE.

Dundas, 24th August, 1849.

31.

31. LOTTERY, DUNDAS 1849

59 x 42 cm. Peter Ruthven, Hamilton

An effective use of shaded Gothic (sans serif) typeface for the first line. Although the tickets cost \$1.00, the value of the prizes is given in pounds; both currencies were in use in Ontario before the official adoption of the dollar in 1857.

TO BE LET,

AND IMMEDIATE POSSESSION GIVEN.

A LARGE
COTTAGE,

WITH STABLING ATTACHED, AND
100 ACRES OF LAND,
Within five miles of the City Hall, beautifully situated on the Lake Shore.

RENT, \$50 PER ANNUM.

ALSO:
**THE WESTERN
LIME KILNS,**

NEAR THE QUEEN'S WHARF,

Consisting of three large Kilns, Stable for 8 horses, and a Dwelling House with nine Rooms, all in good repair.

A sufficient supply of good dry Pine Cordwood, will be furnished, for the purpose of burning the lime.

RENT, \$60 PER ANNUM.

The Cordwood to be paid for in Lime.

For further particulars, apply to

MR. J. G. HOWARD,
ARCHITECT.

Toronto, April 28, 1849.

32.

32. LEASE 1849

86.7 x 39.7 cm. Rowsell & Thompson, Toronto

The cottage offered for rent by John George Howard may have been Sunnyside, a villa on Lake Shore Road that Howard finally sold in 1853. The lime kilns at the foot of Bathurst Street were probably used in the erection of the lunatic asylum, and were torn down with the coming of the railroad along the waterfront.

**TORONTO, SIMCOE AND HURON
RAILROAD UNION COMPANY.**

UNION OF INTERESTS!!

\$2,000,000!!

IN EXCESSIVE GAINS!!

Railroad Union Tirage!

Founded upon the principle of the Act of Union of England,
Specially authorized by an act of the Provincial Parliament,
THE ROYAL ASSENT OF HER MAJESTY IN PRIVY COUNCIL,
27th Nov. 1849.

CONTAINING \$2,000,000

\$100,000!

\$40,000-\$20,000-\$10,000-\$5,000-\$2,000-\$1,000-&c.

The proceeds to be applied to construct a Railroad from TORONTO TO LAKE HURON,
including at Midland Landing and Huron. To be PUBLICLY DRAWN at the City Hall,
Toronto, under the superintendance of Messrs. CAPREOL, assisted by the Act of Incorporation,
consisting of the following Gentlemen, viz:

J. G. HARRISON, CHARLES MERRITT,
MRS. MARY JOHN HOLLIS, M.P., JAMES BURN BURNETT,
THOMAS HURSTON, GEORGE HARRISON,
ROBERT ELIOTT MERRIN, ALBERT FURNES,
SIR JOHN GIBSON, M.P., RICHARD MURPHY, M.P.

BANKERS:
Commercial Bank, N. D. Toronto and its various Branches in Canada.
Every Number to be drawn and each number to have its value divided in accordance
with the plan specified by the Act of Incorporation.

FOURTEEN DAYS PUBLIC NOTICE TO BE GIVEN PREVIOUS TO ANY DRAWING.

F. C. CAPREOL, MANAGER.

ADVISED BY THE MANAGER

GRAND PLAN:

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| 2 magnificent allotments of \$100,000 each..... | \$200,000 |
| 6 splendid allotments of..... | 46,000 |
| 10 extensive allotments of..... | 20,000 |
| 16 large allotments of..... | 10,000 |
| 20 allotments of..... | 5,000 |
| 50 allotments of..... | 2,000 |
| 100 allotments of..... | 1,000 |
| 250 allotments of..... | 500 |
| 500 allotments of..... | 250 |
| 2,500 allotments of..... | 100 |
| 5,000 allotments of..... | 50 |
| 7,500 allotments of..... | 20 |
| 15,954 allotments, amounting to..... | \$2,000,000 |
| 100,000 Contributions amount to..... | \$2,000,000 |

BEING LITTLE MORE THAN FIVE BLANKS TO AN ALLOTMENT!!!

Contributions \$20 each; Halves and Quarters in proportion.

✓ CHECK will be issued for allotments, which must, however, after the drawing,
be paid in cash or by bank transfer, in compliance with the
provisions of the Act of Incorporation.

The Grand and Important Plan is particularly deserving of attention from every class of the
community in Canada and various parts of the United States, whether directly interested in
Railroads or not. It has been presented as a great public advantage, that of opening a railway
connection across the Peninsula to the Far West, in connection with the line now intended
from New York and Boston to Chicago—then reaching the Northern Route, by Toronto to the
Western Nile, thence their way where by several hundred miles the distance across the
Peninsula being not about Eight Miles, thus avoiding the circuitous and dangerous route by
Lake Erie and the headwaters of Lake Huron.

It is presumed that when this line of Railway is finished, it will be the best paying Stock
in North America.

✓ Applications for Tickets (containing commitments to be addressed, post-paid, to
F. C. CAPREOL, Manager.

Times Theatre Hall, Toronto, Dec. 1st, 1849.

33.

33. RAILROADS 1849

41 x 15.8 cm. [Anon., Toronto]

Printed in gold on white satin. The Toronto, Simcoe and Lake Huron Union Railroad Company was incorporated in 1849 to build a railroad from Toronto to Lake Huron. It was permitted to raise money by a lottery; the buyer of a ticket had one chance in six of winning a block of shares. After some financial difficulty the railroad opened from Toronto to Aurora in 1853.

**THE GREAT
RAILROAD BUBBLE
BURST!**

**HURRAH FOR
ST. JAMES'S WARD!**

At a Meeting of the Electors of St. James's Ward, called by the Directors of the Railroad Company, last evening, **FRIDAY, at Wilson's Inn, Church Street, J. BELL, Esq. in the Chair, Mr. C. STOTESBURY, Secretary,**

It was moved by Captain LEE, seconded by Mr. A. B. TURNER, *Land Agent*,
"That the proposed Railroad, under our present shortness of Capital, is performing the greatest possible benefit in this Province at the least possible risk of loss, by opening the **TORONTO, SIMCOE AND HURON RAILROAD.**"

It was then moved in amendment, and **CARRIED BY AN ENORMOUS MAJORITY.**
"That this meeting is entirely opposed to paying any tax towards the construction of the Toronto, Simcoe and Huron Railroad; and that they are decidedly of opinion that it is unjust and oppressive to compel the Inhabitants of this City to contribute towards such Railroad by a tax when none but the great Landholders, Speculators and unemployed Adventurers are likely to be benefitted by it.

The following Resolution was then moved and seconded, and upon being put from the Chair **CARRIED BY AN OVERWHELMING MAJORITY.**
"That the Electors of St. James's Ward, in public Meeting assembled, call upon their Representatives in the City Council, Messrs. G. BROWN, Esq. Alderman, and Messrs. R. JAMES & R. BELL, Councilmen, to attend in their places at the Council Board to watch over the interests of the Ward; and to use every effort to prevent the imposition of a tax for the construction of the said Railroad; and to report at once the result of their proceedings to the Council."

**WARDS OF ST. PATRICK & ST. ANDREW
FOLLOW THE NOBLE EXAMPLE OF THE WARDS OF ST. JAMES AND
ST. DAVID; ST. LAWRENCE WARD HAS BRAVELY PROVED TRUE!**

**NO TAXATION FOR HUMBAG!
DRAIN OUR STREETS, MACADAMIZE OUR ROADS,
PLANK OUR SIDEWALKS!**

Toronto, Nov. 21 1850.

34.

34. RAILROADS 1850

87.3 x 52 cm. [Anon., Toronto]

In 1849 the city refused to contribute to the Toronto, Simcoe and Lake Huron Union Railroad Company, mainly on moral grounds because of the lottery. In 1850, however, the city gave £25,000, a valuable site for a station, and a right of way through the city, despite this spirited protest against such an action.

MADEMOISELLE
JENNY LIND

Has the honor to announce that she will give a
GRAND CONCERT
IN TORONTO, AT THE
ST. LAWRENCE HALL,
On Tuesday Ev'ng, Oct. 21, 1851.
ASSISTED BY

SIGNOR SALVI,
SIGNOR E. BELLETTI,
MR. JOSEPH BURKE,
Conductor. MR. OTTO GOLDSCHMIDT.

The net proceeds of which will be devoted to
CHARITABLE PURPOSES.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

FANTASIA—on Themes of La Folia del Reggimento... BELLETTI.
Clarinete—SIGNOR E. BELLETTI.
ARIA—"Discendi O Sonno" (Massaniello)... AUBER.
SIGNOR SALVI.
AIR—"Come unto Him" (Mossali)... HANDEL.
(Viola Obligato)—MR. JOSEPH BURKE.
MID'LE JENNY LIND.
FANTASIA—On Themes of Don Quixote... TRAILBERG.
Piano Forte—MR. OTTO GOLDSCHMIDT.
ARIA—"Come per me" (Sonnambula)... BELLETTI.
MID'LE JENNY LIND.

PART II.

VARIATIONS on a motley of Schubert... DAVID.
Viola—MR. JOSEPH BURKE.
CAVATINA—"Rainbow" (Robert le Diable)... MEYERBEER.
MID'LE JENNY LIND.
ARIA—"Sperto gentile" (Le Favorita)... DONIZETTI.
SIGNOR SALVI.
THE BIRD SONG... TALENTI.
MID'LE JENNY LIND.
FANTASIA—on Themes of the Bohemian Girl... BELLETTI.
Clarinete—SIGNOR E. BELLETTI.
SCOTCH BALLAD—"John Anderson my Jo"
MID'LE JENNY LIND.
SCOTCH BALLAD—"Cousin" through the Rye"
MID'LE JENNY LIND.

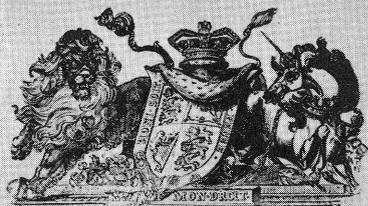
Doors open at 8½. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.
✓ The price of Tickets has been fixed at \$1 and \$3. They will be for sale on
Monday Morning, Oct. 20th, at 10 o'clock, at Messrs. A. & S. NORDHEIMER'S
Music Establishment, King Street.
NOTICE—Das is the only Ticket Office and Mr. BISHNELL is the only
authorized Agent for the sale of Tickets for Miss LIND'S Concert.
✓ The Programme contains the words of the Songs, for sale at the door on the evening
of the Concert—price 7½ cents.
The Piano Forte used on this occasion is from the manufacture of Messrs.
Northey, King Street, and manufactured by S. Chickering, Boston.
Henry Rowsell, Printer, King Street, Toronto.

35.

35. CONCERT 1851

29.5 x 12.2 cm. Henry Rowsell, Toronto

A very attractive handbill, printed on green paper. St. Lawrence Hall opened in April, 1851. Jenny Lind's concert was a huge success, and was repeated for three more nights because of oversubscription, despite the relatively high cost of \$3 and \$4 a ticket. The money raised was used to found the Protestant Orphans' Home.



TOWAGE

ON THE

RIVER ST. LAWRENCE.

In order that there may be no misunderstanding respecting the precedence which Lake Craft are to have, during the Season, over Barges, &c., the following explanation is given:

In all cases the Tow taken on at the ends of the line is to be carried through, whether it be Vessels or Barges. If, on the route, a Lake Craft should be met with at one of the Way Stations waiting to be Towed, no part of the Tow previously taken on is to be cast off, to take in such Lake Craft; but it must be so arranged as that this Lake Craft shall be taken on the next turn.

In cases of a Tow taking on a full Tow at Lachine,—say part Schooners, and part Barges,—as they cannot all be brought together from Pierciness to Kingston, the Schooners are first to be brought up to Prescott and left there, while the Tow goes back to bring up the remainder of the Tow left at DeLormers Landing, and then all are to be brought on together to Kingston, unless it should be desired to sail the Schooners up.

The hour for starting will be SIX o'clock, A.M. when the Tow will be taken on of Vessels in readiness, but is not to be detained by waiting for others, only those moving through the Canals or getting up to their Berths.

In all cases the Masters of the Vessels must have on hand the means wherewith to pay the Towage, otherwise such Vessels are not to be taken in Tow without the previous consent of, or arrangement with, Messrs. CALVIN & COOK.

By Order,
THOMAS A. BEGLY,
Secretary.

Dep't. of Public Works,
 1st April, 1851.

PRINTED AT THE "MIRROR" OFFICE, OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL.

36.

36. GOVERNMENT NOTICE 1851

44.7 x 27.4 cm. *Mirror* Office, Toronto

An effective use of Grecian X Condensed type for "Towage." This broadside announces the regulations for the tugs which towed schooners and barges from Lachine to Kingston. Although the steamer had revolutionized transportation on the lakes, there were still many sailing vessels which needed assistance on the St. Lawrence.



FORM OF PROCESSION

To be observed at the Laying of the
FOUNDATION STONE
 OF THE
BROCK
MONUMENT!
 ON QUEENSTON HEIGHTS
 ON THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1853:

Canadian Rifles,
 Band,
 Enrolled Pensioners.

Colonels and other Officers, Six in number, as Pall Bearers.

FUNERAL CAR,
 With the Remains of the lamented
MAJOR GENERAL
SIR ISAAC BROCK,
 And his Aide-de-Camp,
LIEUT. COL. M'DONNELL.

Colonels and other Officers, Six in number, as Pall Bearers.

Colonel Donald McDonell, Deputy Adjutant General of Militia for Canada West.
 Lieut. Colonel De Salaberry, Deputy Adjutant General for Canada East.

Colonel Tache, late Deputy Adjutant General.
 Lieut. Colonel Irving, Provincial Aide-de-Camp to the Governor General.

And the survivors of 1812, and Indian Chiefs, as Chief Mourners.
 Military and Militia Officers in uniform.

The Building Committee.
 The Architect.
 The Builder and Clerk of Work.
 The Clergy.
 The Bar.
 Magistrates.
 The Indian Band.
 The Canadian Society.
 The National and other Societies, and other persons, subject to the rule of the Marshals.

The Rifles, the Band, Pall-Bearers, and all named in the Programme, to assemble on the outside of the grave-yard. The Building Committee and Pensioners within the same. All other persons on King Street, opposite Col. Hamilton's, as previously arranged.

Colonel Adams is requested to act as Deputy Marshal, Chief Mourners to wear crapes on the left arm.

W. H. MERRITT, Chairman.
 HECTOR MUNRO, Sec'y.

PRINTED AT THE MIRROR OFFICE, NIAGARA.

37.

37. BROCK MONUMENT 1853

32.5 x 13 cm. *Mail* Office, Niagara

By the 1850's more ornate types were becoming available. Brock's body was buried at Fort George after the Battle of Queenston Heights, and moved to a handsome monument on the Heights in 1824. In 1840 this monument was blown up by an Irish American, and was replaced in 1853 by the present monument.



Agricultural Show.

The AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF
ETOBICOKE,
 Will hold their SPRING FAIR and CATTLE SHOW on
THURSDAY, 19TH APRIL, 1855,
 At the Village of Mimico, Dundas Street,

When the Society will award the following Premiums, amounting to the sum of ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FOUR DOLLARS.

| HORSES | | CATTLE | | IMPLEMENTS | |
|--|--------|---------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|--------|
| Best Blood Stallion, .. | 25 0 0 | Best Bull, three years and upward, .. | 25 0 0 | Best Iron Plough, .. | 25 0 0 |
| Second best, .. | 7 0 0 | Second best, .. | 15 0 0 | Second best, .. | 15 0 0 |
| Third best, .. | 5 0 0 | Best Bull two years old, .. | 10 0 0 | Best Woods Plough, .. | 10 0 0 |
| Best Draught Stallion, .. | 3 0 0 | Second best, .. | 5 0 0 | Second best, .. | 5 0 0 |
| Second best, .. | 2 0 0 | Best Yearling Bull, .. | 1 0 0 | Best Pair of Harrows, .. | 15 0 0 |
| Third best, .. | 1 0 0 | Second best, .. | 5 0 0 | Second best, .. | 10 0 0 |
| Best Stallion for general purposes, .. | 2 0 0 | Best Cow, Durham breed, .. | 1 0 0 | Best Plough Horse Collar, .. | 10 0 0 |
| Second best, .. | 1 0 0 | Second best, .. | 5 0 0 | Second best, .. | 5 0 0 |
| Third best, .. | 5 0 0 | Best Cow, grade or native, .. | 5 0 0 | Second best, .. | 5 0 0 |
| Best Yearling, .. | 2 0 0 | Second best, .. | 2 0 0 | Best Heavy Drill, .. | 10 0 0 |
| Second best, .. | 1 0 0 | Third best, .. | 1 0 0 | Second best, .. | 5 0 0 |
| Best Mare for general purposes, .. | 1 0 0 | | | | |
| Second best, .. | 5 0 0 | | | | |

For the Best Team, including Horses, Waggon, and Harness, for general purposes, £1 & 6.

RULES and REGULATIONS for the SHOW.

- All Members who have paid their Subscriptions, shall be entitled to enter Stock, to exhibit articles and to vote thereon.
- No person shall be allowed to compete as a Member who has not become such before the 15th day of April, 1855.
- Persons desirous of competing for Premiums, who are not Members of the Society, may pay an Entrance Fee of 50c.
- Persons shall be allowed to exhibit on the day of the Show, unless they deliver their certificates of admission, under direction of the Committee.
- No animal or vehicle shall be exhibited, unless on the ground of the Society, or on the premises of the Exhibition, on the morning of the Exhibition, for the purpose of taking entries, at which time the Stock will be closed.
- No person shall be admitted on premises, although he may have the warrant therefor, unless he be the first purchaser of the property entered in his name.
- All Mills to be properly secured by ring or otherwise.
- Persons who may have premiums awarded them, will be required to stand once a week in the Township, and receive their premiums on the 15th of the month. (Throughland Horse to be paid on the 15th.)
- As it is expected that a number of Fat and Blood Cattle will be on the ground, it will be the interest of purchasers to attend.

A DINNER will be prepared at MR. SMITH'S INN, and the Premiums List will be declared immediately after.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

A. WARD,

SECRETARY.

E. MUSSON,

PRESIDENT.

The Society will hold a Ploughing Match, as also an other arrangements can be made, of which due notice will be given.
 A Throughland Stallion, 2 years old, by the Tanna Sire, will be offered for sale on the show ground, on which a blood credit will be given.
 ETOBICOKE, March 4, 1855.

38.

38. AGRICULTURAL SHOW 1855

56.6 x 39.7 cm. Thompson & Co., Toronto

Printed on yellow paper. In 1855 farming was still the major occupation in Ontario, and the fairs and cattle shows organized by the township agricultural societies were extremely important, not only because they improved standards of agriculture, but also because they were pleasant social occasions.

39. CONCERT 1855

27.3 x 12.3 cm. Thompson & Co., Toronto

Printed on yellow paper. Henry Haycraft was a music teacher in Toronto, as well as the senior partner in a firm of musical instrument dealers and publishers. He often arranged concerts like this one, with other music teachers and gifted amateurs. At these concerts some of his own compositions were played.

COUNTY OF BRANT. TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO
12 o'clock, noon, of the 13th day of July next,
FOR
MAKING, ERECTING, & PAINTING A PICKET FENCE

(Composed of Wood and Iron) to inclose the Court House Square of the Town of Brantford.
The Plans and Specifications of which may be seen at the office of John Cameron, Esq., County Clerk, at the Court House, who will also receive Tenders marked "Tenders for County Fence."

The lowest tender will be accepted if in every other respect satisfactory; the names of two sureties to accompany each tender.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned,

BY ORDER OF THE COUNTY COUNCIL.

JAMES WALLACE,
CHAIRMAN BUILDING COMMITTEE.
(Owner's Agent)

Printed: 26th June 1862.

44.

43. BRANT COUNTY 1861

28.4 x 41.1 cm. *Brantford Courier* Office, Brantford

A request for tenders by the County Council of Brant for building a wood and iron fence around the court house square in Brantford.

44. PUBLIC MEETING 1861

85.3 x 56.5 cm. *British Herald* Office, Toronto

A large poster, using fat face, Egyptian and American Tuscan typefaces. The Mayor of Toronto called a public meeting in St. Lawrence Hall to consider the proposed Georgian Bay Canal, which would connect Toronto, Lake Simcoe and Georgian Bay. With the development of the railroads and the technical difficulties involved in the required 600 feet of lockage, the plan was never carried out.

1862 **NEW** 1862
AND
IMPORTANT ARRANGEMENT.
Canadian Inland Steam Navigation Company's
ROYAL MAIL



THROUGH LINE.
FOR DARLINGTON, PORT HOPE, COBBOURG,
KINGSTON, BROCKVILLE,
Prescott, Ogdensburgh
AND
MONTREAL.
THE ONLY LINE WITHOUT TRANS-SHIPMENT.

The Following First-Class Upper-Cabin Steamers
OF THE LINE, ARE:
KINGSTON, Capt. Hamilton. BANSHEE, Capt. Swales.
PASSPORT, " Harbottle. EMPRESS, " Cameron.
MAGNET, " T. Howard. CHAMPION, " Kelley.

They were built expressly for Lake and River Navigation. SUPERIOR STEEL AND IRON, and in every respect V. E. L. L.
FOUND with every requisite for SAFETY and SPEED, and furnished with
every Modern CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT.

ONE OF THESE STEAMERS WILL LEAVE
The CUSTOM HOUSE WHARF Foot of Yonge Street.
EVERY AFTERNOON, (Sundays excepted.)
AT TWO O'CLOCK, P.M.
FOR THE ABOVE AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS.
ARRIVING AT MONTREAL EARLY THE FOLLOWING AFTERNOON.
IN ADVANCE OF ANY OTHER LINE AND DIRECT WITHOUT TRANS-SHIPMENT including Direct Connections
with the Western Steam and Canal Companies to the following places, viz:
ROCHESTER, PETERBOROUGH, BAY OF QUINTE, CAPE VINCENT,
OTTAWA, BOSTON via Ogdensburgh, QUEBEC, PORTLAND,
BOSTON via White Mountains, &c. &c. &c.
ALSO, WILL LEAVE TORONTO FOR HAMILTON DAILY, AT 8.30, A.M.
TUESDAYS EXCEPTED.

TO THE TOURIST OR PLEASURE SEEKER
This line affords a most desirable opportunity. Comfortable, Pleasant, and Expeditious, and passing through the District
of Scenery of the LAKE OF THE THIRTIEN ISLANDS, by the Nicot Channel, (the most picturesque) and also the
RAPIDS OF THE ST. LAWRENCE BY DAYLIGHT.

As the Steamers leave late in the day, the **BUSINESS MAN** will reach his destination with as little
loss of time as by Railway.

FOR TICKETS AND FURTHER INFORMATION, APPLY TO THE CLERK AT THE OFFICE, FRONT STREET, ADJOINING
THE AMERICAN HOTEL, OR TO
TORONTO, MAY 1862. **T. D. SHIPMAN, Agent.**
BLACKBURN'S CITY STEAM PRESS: 96 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

45.

45. STEAMSHIP NOTICE 1862

32.2 x 14.1 cm. Blackburn's Press, Toronto

The cut is of a typical lake steamer of the time. The Canadian Inland Steam Navigation Company took over the Royal Mail Line in 1857. By 1862 the competition of the railroads was beginning to be felt by the steamship lines, who had earlier enjoyed a virtual monopoly of freight transport.

**PAISLEY NEW
WOOLEN WORKS**

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the farmers of the surrounding country and County of Bruce generally, that there will be in operation about the

FIRST OF JUNE,
At his new woollen works near the south end of Treewater bridge, close to Mr. Hanna's Grist & Saw Mill, in the village of Paisley.

A FIRST CLASS NEW CARDING MACHINE
Fitted up in the Latest Style, with every improvement of the day.

The subscriber would also more particularly call the attention of the whole farming community to one important fact in connection with carding, and that is, old cards in use in carding are not so good as the new Machine is fitted up complete with the

BEST DESCRIPTION OF CARDS,
Straight from the manufacturer, he feels confident in giving every satisfaction as that generally. Wool coming from Manchester or Nottingham he will receive through the mill, and will be returned from a farmer with wool of equal or better quality than that which he will receive from the mill.

CLOTH DRESSING
Such as collars, &c. will be prepared in connection with carding, and will be returned from a farmer with wool of equal or better quality than that which he will receive from the mill.

TAKE NOTICE.
This establishment will be conducted by the well known first class carder
Mr. J. King, and Messrs. Barber & Bros., who have been given the first preference in carding cloth by the Government and the highest reputation for their cloth and cloth dressings, and will be conducted by
Samuel King.

Paisley, 16th May, 1864.

46.

46. BUSINESS NOTICE 1864

45.4 x 40.7 cm. *Bruce Vindicator* Office, Saugeen

Wooden Grecian X Condensed type is used for "Woolen Works." This mill in Paisley carded the wool brought in by the farmers, for spinning and weaving at home. The cloth was then returned to the mill for fulling. The mill employed a professional carder from Barber & Bros.' mill which had produced the first commercial cloth in Ontario in 1837 at Georgetown.

47. HARBOUR NOTICE 1866

21.1 x 25.7 cm. [Anon.]

An awkward example of the use of both wooden and metal types. Gothic Tuscan Condensed type with its bifurcated edges is used for "Harbour." Port Burwell was founded in 1830, and has a long history as a Lake Erie port.

**COMPLIMENTARY
DINNER!**

TO  THE

GOVERNOR GENERAL'S BODY GUARD!

A Complimentary Dinner will be given to the Members composing the

YORK CAVALRY

RESIDING IN TORONTO, WESTON AND VICINITY,
ON THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 28

AT
JNO. EAGLE'S HOTEL, WESTON

Dinner to be Served at Six o'clock, P. M.

ADMISSION FREE TO ALL.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

WESTON, June 22, 1866. LEADER PRINT, TORONTO

48.

48. MILITIA 1866

63 x 46.2 cm. *Leader Office, Toronto*

Printed in red and blue inks, and using fat face, condensed and expanded Egyptian, rounded, rounded outline, Gothic (sans serif), and Grecian condensed type-faces. The dinner was given after the return of the regiment from their service at Fort Erie during the Fenian Invasion.

**EXTENSIVE
AUCTION SALE!**

OF
SIXTY-TWO COWS

HORSES, FARM IMPLEMENTS, &C.

THE SUBSCRIBER IS INSTRUCTED BY

MR. STEPHEN A. BOYCE,

TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION AT THE

HALDIMAND CHEESE FACTORY,

ON LOT No. 6, IN THE 1st CONCESSION HALDIMAND,
ON MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4th, 1867.

The following Valuable Property, which will be sold without reserve, viz—

2 Draught Horses, 4 and 8 years old; 1 Gelding, 7 years old; 1 Buggy Horse, 4 years old; 1 Buggy Horse 3 years old; 1 Stud Colt, 2 years old, sired by Mr. Card's celebrated fast trotting horse; 40 Good Dairy Cows, giving milk, chosen from the best herds in Canada; 13 Cows lately dried off; 2 Bulls, 3 years old; 1 Galloway Bull, 2 years old; 3 Yearling Steers; 2 Yearling Heifers; 3 Calves, 2 Lumber Waggon, 1 Light Democrat Buggy, 1 Single Buggy, 1 Lumber Sleigh, A number of Ploughs, Harrows, &c.

TERMS, under \$20 Cash; \$20 and over, 1 year's credit with interest on approved endorsed Notes.

SALE AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.

E. C. HULL, Auctioneer.

HALDIMAND, 26th October, 1867.

Printed at the World Office King Street, Cobourg.

49.

49. SALE NOTICE 1867

58.5 x 40.9 cm. *World Office, Cobourg*

A number of types are used here, including an American Tuscan and Grecian X Condensed wooden types. After the ending of the Reciprocity Treaty with the United States in 1866, the high price of cheese created a mania for cheese factories. By the summer of 1867 there were about 235 in Ontario, but the price of cheese slumped and there were too many factories too close together. Sales like this one became common.

\$100 REWARD!

Two Persons escaped from the Jail at St. Catharines, on Sunday Evening last, viz:

THOMAS GANE, aged about 19 or 20 years, about 5ft. 10 inches high, fair complexion.

ALSO,

JEREMIAH LASHER, aged 33, about 5 ft. 8 inches high, sandy complexion, formerly residing on **Elias Fitch's Farm, St. Davids.**

The whole of the above Reward will be paid on the apprehension of both of the above Prisoners, or one half of the same for the arrest of one of them.

St. Catharines, January 12, 1869. **JOHN HAMILTON, Jailer.**

50.

50. REWARD 1869

18.8 x 27.2 cm. [*Anon., St. Catharines*]

The dollar sign is still not standardized in this broadside. The \$100 reward suggests an unusual urgency, although the description of the prisoners seems remarkably vague.

1784 **CENTENNIAL** 1884

CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION

— MOHAWK —

THURSDAY SEPT. 4TH 1884.

In commemoration of the landing of the MOHAWKS on Tyendinaga Reserve, to be held in the grounds near the Lower Church—one mile from Deseronto. The following gentlemen will be present on the occasion and deliver addresses—

John White, M. P.; W. Hudson, M. P. P.; Alex. Robertson, M. P. (West Hastings); Dr. Canniff, Toronto; W. Kirby, Esq., Niagara; A. Ford, Esq., Belleville; Dr. Rutten, Napanee; Rev. G. A. Anderson, Penetanguishene; Rev. E. H. M. Baker, Tyendinaga; Rev. T. G. Porter, Rev. J. C. Ash and A. L. Roberts, Esq., Shannonville; Chief Sampson Green and Ex-Chief W. J. W. Hill, Reserve.

Meals will be furnished on the grounds by the Committee at twenty cents. Admission to the grounds, ten cents.

Platforms will be erected and STRING BANDS furnished.

THE DESERONTO CORNET BAND WILL BE IN ATTENDANCE.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT:

A. Culbertson, Sampson Green, Cornelius Maricle, Wm. Green, T. Blanchard, D. Smith, Joseph John, John Loft, J. P. Brant, Josiah Brant, Wm. Powles, and Thomas Claus.

SOLOMON LOFT, Chairman. **F. CLAUS,** Treasurer. **W. J. W. HILL,** Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

58.

58. CENTENNIAL 1884
45 x 40.2 cm. [Anon.]

Heading in Antique Tuscan and Gothic Tuscan X Condensed wooden types. In 1884 the centennial of the arrival of the United Empire Loyalists was celebrated all over Ontario. This broadside announces the celebration near Deseronto, commemorating the arrival there of a number of Six Nations Indians, who had served the British cause during the American Revolution, and who left their homes in the Mohawk Valley to find asylum in Canada.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS '85

York Township.

In compliance with the provisions of "the Consolidated Municipal Act 1883," a poll will be opened in the several Polling Subdivisions of the Township of York, on

MONDAY, JAN. 5TH, 1885

FOR THE ELECTION OF A

Reeve and 4 Deputy Reeves

To serve in the Municipal Council of said Municipality for the Year 1885,

AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES:

| | | |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Polling Subdivision No. 1, at Norway, | Deputy Returning Officer, | Ira Bates. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 2, at Temperance Hall, Todmorden. | " | Martin Slinker |
| Polling Subdivision No. 3, at Mrs. Gates old race course. | " | Joe Fitzgerald |
| Polling Subdivision No. 4, at Level's house, Deer Park. | " | N. Shepard. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 5, at Arkell's house, York Mills. | " | John Morgan. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 6, at Sampson's shop. | " | John Sampson. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 7, at Flynn's shop. | " | James Flynn. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 8, at Jacob Anderson's Davenport road. | " | F. O. Miller. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 9, at William Bailey's house, Seaton. | " | John Bailey. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 10, at Royce's store, Davenport. | " | John R. Bull. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 11, at Fairbank, old P. O. | " | Wm. Brown. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 12, at John Lennox's house, lot 16, con 4. | " | John Lennox. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 13, at Michael Peterman's house. | " | Chas. Peterman. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 14, at Town Hall, Eglinton. | " | George Ward. |
| Polling Subdivision No. 15, at School house, Section No. 22. | " | Chas. Wilson. |

The voting will be by ballot and will commence at 9 o'clock, a.m., and close at 5 o'clock, p.m.

J. KNOX LESLIE,

Returning Officer.

Printed, Dec. 29th 1884. Clerk of York Township.

MOORE & CO. PRINTERS 25 ADELAIDE ST. EAST, TORONTO.

59.

59. MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS 1884
47.6 x 28.4 cm. Moore & Co., Toronto

An effective use of French Antique Condensed wooden type in the first line. York Township in 1884 included much that is now part of Toronto, like the communities listed here as Norway, Deer Park, Davenport, Seaton, and Eglinton. This broadside was printed in 1884 for the 1885 election.

IMPORTANT
TO
BOATMEN

GOOD BOATMEN required to accompany English Expedition up the Nile, to steer boats through the rapids and do all necessary portaging.

ENGAGEMENTS TO BE FOR SIX MONTHS
From **SEPTEMBER 9th, 1884.**

PAY to be at the rate of from \$30 to \$40 per month according to efficiency of each man.

EACH MAN will be provided with all sorts of free rations, and all expenses paid from and back to place of his engagement. The men to be subject to the authority of their command, and the officers under whose charge they may be sent out. Such officers to have power of punishing insubordination or irregularity by stoppage of pay, and if necessary, by dismissal.

Men to report at
9th September 1884

ONLY THOROUGHLY
GOOD & ACTIVE BOATMEN
WILL BE ENGAGED.

MARRIED MEN to have the privilege of allowing their family to draw a few shillings of their monthly pay as they may desire.

All information in connection with the above can be had at the office of J. T. LAMBERT, 110 Wellington Street, Ottawa.

MELGUND,
JULIEN & SONS' PROPRIETARY

CITIZEN PRINT.

60.

60. NILE EXPEDITION 1884
85.4 x 57.8 cm. Citizen Office [Ottawa]

In August, 1884, Lord Wolseley, who had served in Canada and was in command of the British troops fighting in Sudan, suggested to the Governor General the organization of a volunteer corps of voyageurs to aid his army in the navigation of the Nile. Nearly 400 boatmen were recruited from Ontario, Quebec and Manitoba. This was the first time that a Canadian contingent took part in an overseas war.

61. EXHIBITION 1887
122.2 x 42 cm. Mail Office, Toronto

Printed with a variety of typefaces in black, red, and grey inks. Exhibitions had been held in Toronto since the 1840's; the Canadian National Exhibition was incorporated in 1878. Its attractions in 1887, besides the usual ones, included two lady equestrians "engaged at enormous expense" and "the world's greatest aeronauts" who took part in balloon races.

York Pioneers
JUBILEE EXCURSION
 TO
NIAGARA FALLS
 ON
WEDNESDAY JUNE 22 1887
 Per GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY and STEAMER "EMPERESS OF INDIA"
 By kind permission of Lieut-Col GRAZETT and Officers of the Regiment, the
BAND OF THE ROYAL GRENADIERS
 Under Bandmaster Toulmie, will accompany the Excursion
TICKETS
 TORONTO, YORK, SCARBORO JUNCTION and AGINCOURT TO FALLS \$1.25
 AND RETURN
 UNIONVILLE, MARKHAM and STOUFFVILLE TO FALLS AND RETURN \$1.50
 CHILDREN'S TICKETS, HALF PRICE.
TRAINS WILL LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:
 STOUFFVILLE 6:30 a.m. MARKHAM 5:47 UNIONVILLE 5:55 MILLIKEN 6:05
 AGINCOURT 6:15 SCARBORO JUNCTION 6:26 YORK 6:30 Arriving at foot of Yonge St.
 Toronto at 7:00. Steamer "Empress of India" will leave Yonge St. Wharf at 7:15 a.m. upon arrival
 of train from the North. RETURNING leave the Falls at 6:30 p.m.
DANCING UNDER MANAGEMENT OF ALDERMAN PIPER.
 REV. DR. SCADDING, Pres. W. H. DOEL, Treas. BOB. FLATTEN, Secy. WM. LEA, Chair. of Com.

62.

62. YORK PIONEERS 1887
 63.8 x 47 cm. [Anon., Toronto]

An effective use of French Clarendon wooden typeface for "Niagara Falls." The York Pioneer and Historical Society was founded in 1869 for the study and preservation of the history of the Home District. Here they celebrate Queen Victoria's fiftieth jubilee by one of Toronto's favorite pastimes of the period — a cruise across the lake to Niagara Falls.

NOTICE.
 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following townships in the district of Nipissing, viz. PECK, HUNTER, DEVINE, BIGGAR, WILKES, CANISBAY, McLAUGHLIN, BISHOP, OSLER, PENTLAND, SPROULE, BOWER, FRESWICK, LISTER, PRESTON, DICKSON, ANGLIN and DEACON have been set aside as a public park, forest reservation and fish and game preserve, under the name of "The Algonquin National Park of Ontario," by virtue of 56 Vic, chap. 8. The said Act strictly prohibits:
 1. Carrying or using firearms or explosives within the Park, except as provided by regulations.
 2. Hunting or trapping therein.
 3. Fishing with net, trap, spear or night line.
 4. Fishing with hook or line without license from the Commissioner of Crown Lands.
 5. Mining exploration or prospecting for minerals.
 The Superintendent of the Park and the Park Rangers are charged with the duty of enforcing the said Act, and are empowered to arrest and bring to trial or remove from the Park, any person found violating the same, or carrying or having in his possession any fishing nets, traps, spears or night lines, firearms or explosives, and to seize and confiscate the same.
 The penalty for violating the said Act is a fine not exceeding \$100 for each offence, or in default of payment thereof, imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.
 All persons are required to govern themselves accordingly.
 The co-operation of the public is invited in preserving the timber, game and natural beauty of the Park, and in carrying out the objects for which it has been established.
A. S. HARDY,
 Commissioner of Crown Lands.
 Toronto, 27th Sept., 1893.

64.

63. DOMINION DAY 1890
 86.3 x 25.9 cm. Mail Office, Toronto

Printed in red and blue inks, this broadside is particularly gay and colourful. The summer carnival in Toronto, June 30 to July 3, 1890, was an expansion of earlier Dominion Day celebrations, with parades, sports, concerts, illuminations, and fireworks. As the *Globe* said, such a Dominion Day celebration "is one of the brightest bits of prophesy vouchsafed us in these days of threatened doubt and discord."

64. GOVERNMENT NOTICE 1893
 29.2 x 36.2 cm. [Queen's Printer, Toronto]

Printed on sturdy white cotton, this broadside sets out the regulations for the establishment of Algonquin Park. Thus this exhibition, which began with a government notice concerning the granting of lands in a more or less empty province, ends with one concerning the preservation of a large section of land from individual grants in a province now fairly well populated.

NOTES — Identification of Typefaces & Styles

Identification and description of the following typefaces have been based on Nicolette Gray, *XIXth Century Ornamented Types and Title Pages*: fat face; Caslon Old Face; Egyptian; Ornamented No. 2 (Caslon); Italian (Caslon 1821). Identification of the following wooden display types has been based on R. R. Kelly, *American Wood Type*, Vol. 1. The numbers in brackets indicate broadsides listed in catalogue in which these types are used: Antique XX Condensed, (40); Antique Tuscan, (41, 58); American Tuscan, (44, 49, 52); French Antique, (59); French Clarendon, (55, 62); Grecian Condensed, (48); Grecian X Condensed, (36, 40, 46, 48, 49); Grecian XX Condensed, (41); Gothic, (18, 48); Gothic Tuscan Condensed, (47); Gothic Tuscan X Condensed, (58).

The measurements refer to the printed area of the broadside, with the height given first.

Published by the Toronto Public Library
Printed by Rolph·Clark·Stone Limited
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