





Hight from MARGATE to South AMERICA.
MUNCHAUSEN'S TRAVELS. Seep. 242.

The EIGHTH EDITION,

Ornamented with Twenty Explanatory Engravings, from Original Designs.

GULLIVER REVIVED:

OR,

The VICE of LYING properly exposed

CONTAINING

SINGULAR TRAVELS, CAMPAIGNS, VOYAGES, AND ADVENTURES

IN RUSSIA, THE CASPIAN SEA, ICELAND, TURKEY, EGYPT, GIERALTAR, UP THE MEDITERRANEAN, ON THE ATLANTIC OCEAN, AND THROUGH THE CENTRE OF MOUNT ÆTNA INTO THE SOUTH SEA.

ALSO,

An Account of a Voyage into the Moon and Dog-star; with many extraordinary Particulars relative to the Cooking Animal in those Planets, which are there called the Human Species.

BY

BARON MUNCHAUSEN.

LONDON:

Printed for G. KEARSLEY, FLEET-STREET.
1799.

Lord Brandon.

PREFACE

To the SEVENTH EDITION.

SOME notice of the extraordinary success of this little volume, and the various improvements it has undergone, will not, we hope, be thought unnecessary. The first edition contained no more than what was written by Baron Munchausen, and includes Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 only; all the other Chapters are the production of another pen, written in the Baron's manner. To the fame a 3

fame person the Public is also indebted for the Plates with which the book is now embellished.

Some of the hints, and a few of the facts, are taken from "Lucian's True History," as he ironically calls it; particularly a short account of fuch things as were discovered in the Moon. Lucian's motives for writing such extraordinary tales were partly to entertain the reader after more fevere studies, and partly as a satire upon some writers who had related a number of monstrous and incredible stories in their works.

Baron

Baron Munchausen is a man of great original humour; and having found that prejudiced minds cannot be reasoned into common sense, and that bold affertors are very apt to bully their audience out of it, he never argues with either of them, but adroitly turns the conversation upon indifferent topics, and then tells a story of his travels, campaigns, and adventures, in a manner peculiar to himself, and well calculated to awaken and put to shame the practice of lying, or, as it is politely called, drawing the long bow.

The

The fudden estimation which this work is grown into (having passed fix editions within a short period) is a strong proof that the Public have seen its moral tendency in a proper light; it might have been intitled, with great propriety, THE LIAR'S MONITOR :: for, furely, no vice is more contemptible than a habit of abusing the ears of our friends with falsehoods.

The first edition, for want of more matter, was comparatively slow in sale; but the whole of the subsequent impressions were purchased.

chased within a short time after they were printed.

In the preface to GULLIVER'S TRAVELS, which is a fine piece of irony, we find the following passage:

"There is an air of truth ap"parent through the whole of
"these travels; and, indeed, the
"author was so distinguished for
"veracity, that it became a sort
"of proverb among his neighbours, when any one affirmed
a thing, it was as true as if Mr.

The Editor of these Adventures humbly hopes they will also

"GULLIVER had spoken it."

also be received with the same marks of respect, and the exclamation of THAT'S A MUNCHAUSEN! given hereafter to every article of authentic intelligence.

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Gulliver Revived.

CHAP. I.*

The Baron relates an account of his first travels.—The astonishing effects of a storm.—Arrives at Ceylon; combats and conquers two extraordinary opponents.—Returns to Holland.

SOME years before my beard announced approaching manhood, or, in other words, when I was neither man nor boy, but between both, I expressed in repeated conversations a strong desire of seeing the world, from which I was discouraged by my pa-

^{*} The Baron is supposed to relate these adventures to his friends, over a bottle.

rents, though my father had been no inconfiderable traveller himfelf, as will appear before I have reached the end of my fingular, and, I may add, interesting, adventures. A cousin, by my mother's side, took a liking to me, often said I was a fine forward youth, and was much inclined to gratify my curiosity. His eloquence had more effect than mine, for my father consented to my accompanying him in a voyage to the island of Ceylon, where his uncle had resided as governor many years.

We failed from Amsterdam with dispatches from their High Mightinesses the States of Holland. The only circumstance which happened on our voyage worth relating, was the wonderful effects of a storm, which had torn up by the roots a great number of trees of enormous bulk and height,

(in an island where we lay at anchor to take in wood and water); some of these trees weighed many tons, yet they were carried by the wind fo amazingly high, that they appeared like the feathers of small birds floating in the air, for they were at least five miles above the earth: however, as foon as the storm fublided, they all fell perpendicularly into their respective places, and took root again, except the largest, which happened, when it was blown into the air, to have a man and his wife, a very honest old couple, upon its branches, gathering cucumbers, (in this part of the globe, that ufeful vegetable grows upon trees); the weight of this couple, as the tree descended, overbalanced the trunk, and brought it down in an horizontal polition: it fell upon the chief man of the island, and killed him on the spot; he had quitted his house in

B 2

the storm, under an apprehension of its falling upon him, and was returning through his own garden when this fortunate accident happened. — The word fortunate, here, requires some explanation. — This chief was a man of a very avaricious and oppressive disposition, and though he had no family, the natives of the island were half-starved by his oppressive and infamous impositions.

The very goods which he had thus taken from them were spoiling in his stores, while the poor wretches from whom they were plundered were pining in poverty. Though the destruction of this tyrant was accidental, the people chose the cucumber-gatherers for their governors, as a mark of their gratitude, for destroying, though accidentally, their late tyrant.

After

After we had repaired the damages we fustained in this remarkable storm, and taken leave of the new governor and his lady, we failed with a fair wind for the object of our voyage.

In about fix weeks we arrived at Ceylon, where we were received with great marks of friendship and true politeness. The following singular adventure may not prove unentertaining.

After we had resided at Ceylon about a sortnight, I accompanied one of the governor's brothers upon a shooting party. He was a strong athletic man, and being used to that climate (for he had resided there some years), he bore the violent heat of the sun much better than I could; in our excursion, he had made a considerable progress through a thick wood when I was only at the entrance.

B 3

Near

Near the banks of a large piece of water, which had engaged my attention, I thought I heard a rustling noise behind; on turning about, I was almost petrified (as who would not?) at the fight of a lion, which was evidently approaching with an intention of fatisfying his appetite with my poor carcafs, and that without asking my consent. - What was to be done in this horrible dilemma? I had not even a moment for reflection; my piece was only charged with fwan shot, and I had no other about me: however, though I could have no idea of killing fuch an animal with that weak kind of ammunition, yet I had some hopes of frightening him by the report, and perhaps of wounding him also. I immediately let fly, without waiting till he was within reach; and the report did but enrage him, for he now quickened

his

his pace, and feemed to approach me full speed: I attempted to escape, but that only added (if an addition could be made) to my distress; for the moment I turned about, I found a large crocodile, with his mouth extended almost ready to receive me; on my right hand was the piece of water before-mentioned, and on my left a deepprecipice, faid to have, as I have fince learned, a receptacle at the bottom for venomous creatures; in short, I gave myself up as lost, for the lion was now upon his hind-legs, just in the act of feizing me: I fell involuntarily to the ground with fear, and, as it afterwards appeared, he sprang over me. I lay some time in a fituation which no language can describe, expecting to feel his teeth or talons in some part of me every moment: after waiting in this prostrate fituation a few feconds, I heard a violent

lent but unusual noise, different from any found that had ever before affailed my ears; nor is it at all to be wondered at, when I inform you from whence it proceeded: after listening for fome time, I ventured to raife my head and look round, when, to my unfpeakable joy, I perceived the lion had, by the eagerness with which he sprung at me, jumped forward as I fell, into the crocodile's mouth! which, as before observed, was wide open; the head of the one stuck in the throat of the other! and they were struggling to extricate themselves: I fortunately recollected my couteau de chasse which was by my fide; with this instrument I fevered the lion's head at one blow, and the body fell at my feet! I then, with the but-end of my fowling-piece, rammed the head farther into the throat of the crocodile, and destroyed him



MUNCHAUSEN'S TRAVELS: See Page 34.

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by suffocation, for he could neither gorge nor eject it.

Soon after I had thus gained a complete victory over my two powerful adversaries, my companion arrived in search of me; for, finding I did not follow him into the wood, he returned, apprehending I had lost my way, or met with some accident.

After mutual congratulations, we measured the crocodile, which was just forty feet in length.

As soon as we had related this extraordinary adventure to the governor, he sent a waggon and servants, who brought home the two carcases. The lion's skin was properly preserved, with its hair on; after which it was made into tobacco-pouches, and presented by me upon our arrival in Holland to the burgomasters, who in re-

turn

turn requested my acceptance of a thousand ducats.

The skin of the crocodile was stuffed in the usual manner, and makes a capital article in their public museum at Amsterdam, where the exhibitor relates the whole story to each spectator, with fuch additions as he thinks proper: fome of his variations are rather extravagant; one of them is, that the lion jumped quite through the crocodile, and was making his escape at the back-door, when, as foon as his head appeared, Monfieur the Great Baron (as he is pleased to call me) cut it off, and three feet of the crocodile's tail along with it; nay, fo little attention has this fellow to the truth, that he fometimes adds, As foon as the crocodile missed his tail, he turned about, fnatched the couteau de chaffe out of Monsieur's hand, and swallowed it with fuch

fuch eagerness, that it pierced his heart, and killed him immediately!

The little regard which this impudent knave has to veracity, makes me fometimes apprehensive that my real facts may fall under suspicion, by being found in company with his confounded inventions.

CHAP. II.

In which the Baron proves himself a good
shot.—He loses his horse, and finds a
wolf;—Makes him draw his sledge.—
Promises to entertain his company with
a relation of such fatts as are well deserving their notice.

I SET off from Rome on a journey to Russia, in the midst of winter, from a just notion that frost and snow must of course mend the roads, which every traveller had described as uncommonly bad through the northern parts of Germany, Poland, Courland, and Livonia. I went on horseback, as the most convenient manner of travelling; I was but lightly clothed, and of this I selt the inconvenience the more I advanced north-east. What must not a poor old

man have suffered in that severe weather and climate, whom I saw on a bleak common in Poland, lying on the road, helpless, shivering, and hardly having where-withal to cover his nakedness?

I pitied the poor foul!—Though I felt the feverity of the air myfelf, I threw my mantle over him, and immediately I heard a voice from the heavens, bleffing me for that piece of charity, faying,

"You will be rewarded, my fon, for this in time."

I went on. Night and darkness overtook me. No village was to be seen. The country was covered with snow, and I was unacquainted with the road.

Tired, I alighted, and fastened my horse to something like a pointed stump of a tree, which appeared above the snow; for the sake of safety, I placed

C

my pistols under my arm, and laid down on the fnow, where I flept fo foundly that I did not open my eyes till full day-light. It is not easy to conceive my aftonishment, to find myfelf in the midst of a village, lying in a church-yard; nor was my horse to be feen, but I heard him foon after neigh somewhere above me. On looking upwards, I beheld him hanging by his bridle to the weather-cock of the steeple. Matters were now very plain to me: the village had been covered with fnow over night; a fudden change of weather had taken place; I had funk down to the church-yard whilst asleep, gently, and in the same proportion as the fnow had melted away; and what in the dark I had taken to be a stump of a little tree appearing above the fnow, to which I had tied my horse, proved to have bee n

been the cross or weather-cock of the steeple!

Without long confideration, I took one of my pistols, shot the bridle in two, brought down the horse, and proceeded on my journey.*

He carried me well—advancing into the interior parts of Russia, I sound travelling on horseback rather unfashionable in winter, therefore I submitted, as I always do, to the custom of the country, took a single horse sledge, and drove briskly towards St. Petersburgh. I do not exactly recollect whether it was in Eastland or Jugemanland, but I remember that in the midst of a dreary forest, I spied a terrible wolf making after me, with all the speed of ravenous winter hunger.

C 2

^{*} Here the Baron seems to have forgot his feelings; he should certainly have ordered his horse a feed of sorn, after fasting so long.

He foon overtook me. There was no possibility of escape. Mechanically I laid myself down flat in the sledge, and let my horse run for our safety. What I wished, but hardly hoped or expected, happened immediately after. The wolf did not mind me in the least, but took a leap over me, and falling furiously on the horse, began instantly to tear and devour the hind part of the poor animal, which ran the faster for his pain and terror. Thus unnoticed and fafe myself, I lifted my head flily up, and with horror I beheld that the wolf had ate his way into the horse's body; it was not long before he had fairly forced himself into it, when I took my advantage, and fell upon him with the but end of my whip. This unexpected attack in his rear, frightened him so much, that he leaped forward with all his might: the horse's carcafs

carcass dropt on the ground; but in his place the wolf was in the harness; and I, on my part, whipping him continually, we both arrived in full career safe at St. Petersburgh, contrary to our respective expectations, and very much to the astonishment of the spectators.

I shall not tire you, gentlemen, with the politics, arts, sciences, and history of this magnificent metropolis of Russia; nor trouble you with the various intrigues, and pleasing adventures, I had in the politer circles of that country, where the lady of the house always receives the visitor with a dram and a falute. I shall confine myself rather to the greater and nobler objects of your attention, horses and dogs, my favourites in the brute creation; also to foxes, wolves, and bears, with which, and game in general, Russia abounds more than any other part of C 3

the world; and to fuch fports, manly exercises, and feats of gallantry and activity, as show the Gentleman better than musty Greek or Latin, or all the perfume, finery, and capers of French wits, or petit-maîtres,

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CHAP. III.

I faw through the

An encounter between the Baron's nose and a door-post, with its wonderful effects.

— Fifty brace of ducks and other fowl destroyed by one shot.— Flogs a fox out of his skin.— Leads an old sow home in a new way, and vanquishes a wild boar.

T was some time before I could obtain a commission in the army, and for several months I was perfectly at liberty to sport away my time and money in the most gentleman-like manner. You may easily imagine, that I spent much of both out of town, with such gallant sellows as knew how to make the most of an open forest country. The very recollection of those amusements gives me fresh spirits, and creates a warm wish for a repetition of them.

One morning I faw through the windows of my bed-room, that a large pond, not far off, was covered with wild ducks. In an instant I took my gun from the corner, ran down stairs and out of the house in such a hurry, that I imprudently struck my face against the door post. Fire slew out of my eyes, but it did not prevent my intention; I foon came within shot, when levelling my piece, I obferved, to my forrow, that even the flint had fprung from the cock, by the violence of the shock I had just received. There was no time to be loft. I presently remembered the effect it had upon my eyes, therefore opened the pan, levelled my piece against the wild fowls, and my fift against one of my eyes.* A hearty

The Baron's eyes have retained fire ever fince, and appear particularly illuminated when he relates this anecdote.

blow drew sparks again; the shot went off, and I killed fifty brace of ducks, twenty widgeons, and three couple of teals. Presence of mind is the foul of manly exercises. If foldiers and failors owe to it many of their lucky escapes, hunters and sportsmen are not less beholden to it for many of their successes. In a noble forest in Russia, I met a fine black fox, whose valuable skin it would have been a pity to tear by ball or shot. Reynard stood close to a tree. In a twinkling I took out my ball, and placed a good spike nail in its room, fired, and hit him so cleverly, that I nailed his brush fast to. the tree. I now went up to him, took out my hanger, gave him a cross cut over the face, laid hold of my whip, and fairly flogged him out of his fine skin.

Chance

Chance and good luck often correct our mistakes: of this I had a fingular instance soon after, when, in the depth of a forest, I saw a wild pig and fow running close behind each other. My ball had missed them, yet the foremost pig only ran away, and the fow stood motionless, as fixed to the ground. On examining into the matter, I found the latter one to be an old fow, blind with age, which had taken hold of her pig's tail, in order to be led along by filial duty. My ball having passed between the two, had cut his leadingftring, which the old fow continued to hold in her mouth; and as her former guide did not draw her on any longer, she had stopped of course: I therefore laid hold of the remaining end of the pig's tail, and led the old beast home, without any farther trouble on my part, and without any reluctance or apprehension on the part of the helpless old animal.

Terrible as these wild fows are, yet more fierce and dangerous are the boars, one of which I had once the misfortune to meet in a forest, unprepared for attack or defence. I retired behind an oak tree, just when the furious animal levelled a fide blow at me, with fuch force, that his tusks pierced through the tree, by which means he could neither repeat the blow nor retire. - Ho! ho! thought I, I shall soon have you now-and immediately I laid hold of a stone, wherewith I hammered and bent his tusks in such a manner, that he could not retreat by any means, and must wait my return from the next village, whither I went for ropes and

and a cart, to fecure him properly, and to carry him off fafe and alive, in which I perfectly fucceeded.

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CHAP. IV.

Reflections on Saint Hubert's stag.—
Shoots a stag with cherry-stones; the wonderful effects of it.—Kills a bear by extraordinary dexterity; his danger pathetically described.—Attacked by a wolf, which he turns inside out.—Is assailed by a mad dog, from which he escapes.—The Baron's cloak seized with madness, by which his whole wardrobe is thrown into confusion.

You have heard, I dare fay, of the hunter's and sportsman's faint and protector, St. Hubert; and of the noble stag, which appeared to him in the forest, with the holy cross between his antlers. I have paid my homage to that saint every year in good fellowship, and seen this stag a thousand times, either painted in churches, or D embroidered

embroidered in the stars of his knights; fo that, upon the honour and conscience of a good sportsman, I hardly know whether there may not have been formerly, or whether there are not fuch croffed stags even at this present day. But let me rather tell what I have feen myself. Having one day spent all my shot, I found myself unexpectedly in presence of a stately stag, looking at me as unconcernedly as if he had known of my empty pouches. I charged immediately with powder, and upon it a good handful of cherry-stones, for I had fucked the fruit as far as the hurry would permit. Thus I let fly at him, and hit him just on the middle of the forehead, between his antlers: it stunned him-he staggered-yet he made off. A year or two after, being with a party in the fame forest, I beheld





Singular Advives related in the Travels of Baron Munchausen. Publish Act directs for Ghearsley & sold at N. 16, in Fleet Street, Spril 20th. 1786.

held a noble stag with a fine full-grown cherry-tree above ten feet high between his antlers. I immediately recollected my former adventure, looked upon him as my property, and brought him to the ground by one shot, which at once gave me the haunch and cherry-fauce; for the tree was covered with the richest fruit, the like I never had tasted before. Who knows but some passionate holy sportsman, or sporting abbot, or bishop, may have shot, planted, and fixed the cross between the antlers of St. Hubert's stag, in a manner similar to this? They always have been, and still are, famous for plantations of croffes and antlers; and in a case of distress or dilemma, which too often happens to keen sportsmen, one is apt to grasp at any thing for fafety, and to try any expedient, rather than lose the fa-D 2 vourable

vourable opportunity. I have many times found myself in that trying situation.

What do you fay of this, for example? Day-light and powder were fpent one day in a Polish forest. When I was going home, a terrible bear made up to me in great speed, with open mouth ready to fall upon me: all my pockets were fearched in an instant for pewder and ball, but in vain-I found nothing but two spare Hints; one I flung with all my might into the monster's open jaws, down his throat. It gave him pain, and made him turn about, fo that I could level the fecond at his back door, which, indeed, I did with wonderful fuccess; for it flew in, met the first flint in the stomach, struck fire, and blew up the bear with a terrible explosion. Though I came safe off that time, yet I should

I should not wish to try it again, or venture against bears with no other ammunition.

There is a kind of fatality in it. The fiercest and most dangerous animals generally came upon me when defenceless, as if they had a notion or an instinctive intimation of it. Thus, a frightful wolf rushed upon me so fuddenly, and fo close, that I could do nothing but follow mechanical instinct, and thrust my fist into his open mouth. For fafety's fake I pushed on and on, till my arm was fairly in, up to the shoulder. How should I disengage myfelf? I was not much pleafed with my awkward situation - with a wolf face to face, our ogling was not of the most pleasant kind. If I withdrew my arm, then the animal would fly the more furiously upon me; that I saw in his flaming eyes. In short, I laid hold of-D 3

of his entrails, turned him infide out like a glove, and flung him to the ground, where I left him.

The fame expedient would not have answered against a mad dog, which foon after came running against me in a narrow street at St. Petersburgh. Run who can, I thought; and to do this the better, I threw off my fur cloak, and was fafe within doors in an instant. I sent my servant for the cloak, and he put it in the wardrobe with my other clothes. The day after I was amazed and frightened by Jack's bawling: "For God's fake, Sir, your fur cloak is mad!" I hastened up to him, and found almost all my clothes toffed about and torn to pieces. The fellow was perfectly right in his apprehensions about the fur cloak's madness. I saw him myself just then falling

falling upon a fine full-dress suit, which he shook and tossed in an unmerciful manner.

a famous borge by Count Pravbosky,

ALL thefo narrow and lucky ef-

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wood Whale prilition stock CHAP.

CHAP. V.

The effects of great activity and prefence of mind.— A favourite bound described, which pups while pursuing a hare; the hare also litters while pursued by the bound.— Presented with a famous borse by Count Przobossky, with which he performs many extraordinary feats.

ALL these narrow and lucky escapes, gentlemen, were chances turned to advantage, by presence of mind and vigorous exertions; which, taken together, as every body knows, make the fortunate sportsman, sailor, and soldier; but he would be a very blameable and imprudent sportsman, admiral, or general, who would always depend upon chance and his stars, without troubling himself about those

those arts which are their particular pursuits, and without providing the very best implements, which infure fuccess. I was not blameable either way; for I have always been as remarkable for the excellency of my horses, dogs, guns, and swords, as for the proper manner of using and managing them, fo that upon the whole I may hope to be remembered in the forest, upon the turf, and in the field. I shall not enter here into any detail of my stables, kennel, or armory; but a favourite bitch of mine I cannot help mentioning to you-she was a greyhound, and I never had or faw a better. She grew old in my fervice, and was not remarkable for her fize, but rather for her uncommon swiftness. I always coursed with her. Had you feen her, you must have admired her, and would not have wondered at my

my predilection, and at my coursing her so much. She ran so fast, so much, and so long in my service, that she actually ran off her legs; so that, in the latter part of her life, I was under the necessity of working and using her only as a terrier, in which quality she still served me many years.

Coursing one day a hare, which appeared to me uncommonly big, I pitied my poor bitch, being big with pups, yet she would course as fast as ever. I could follow her on horseback only at a great distance. At once I heard a cry as it were of a pack of hounds—but so weak and faint that I hardly knew what to make of it. Coming up to them, I was greatly surprised. The hare had littered in running; the same had happened to my bitch in coursing—and there were just as many leverets as pups. By instinct the for-

mer ran, the latter coursed; and thus I found myself in possession at once of fix hares, and as many dogs, at the end of a course, which had only begun with one.

I remember this, my wonderful bitch, with the fame pleafure and tenderness as a superb Lithuanian horse, which no money could have bought. He became mine by an accident, which gave me an opportunity of shewing my horsemanship to a great advantage. I was at Count Przobossky's noble country feat in Lithuania, and remained with the ladies at tea in the drawingroom, while the gentlemen were down in the yard, to fee a young horse of blood, which was just arrived from the stud. We suddenly heard a noise of distress - I hastened down stairs, and found the horse so unruly, that nobody durst approach or mount him.

The

The most resolute horsemen stood dismayed and aghaft: despondency was expressed in every countenance, when, in one leap, I was on his back, took him by furprise, and worked him quite into gentleness and obedience, with the best display of horsemanship I was mafter of. Fully to shew this to the ladies, and fave them unnecessary trouble, I forced him to leap in at one of the open windows of the tea-room,* walked round feveral times, pace, trot, and gallop; and at last made him mount the tea-table, there to repeat his lessons, in a pretty style of miniature, which was exceedingly pleasing to the ladies, for he performed them amazingly well, and did not break either cup or faucer. It placed me fo high in their opinion, and so well in that of the noble lord, that with his

* See plate. + See plate.

ufual

usual politeness, he begged I would accept of this young horse, and ride him sull career to conquest and honour, in the campaign against the Turks, which was soon to be opened, under the command of Count Munich.

I could not indeed have received a more agreeable present, nor a more ominous one at the opening of that campaign, in which I made my apprenticeship as a soldier. A horse so gentle, so spirited, and so sierce—at once a lamb and a Bucephalus, put me always in mind of the soldier's and the gentleman's duty; of young Alexan, der, and of the astonishing things he performed in the field.

We took the field, among feveral other reasons, it seems, with an intention to retrieve the character of the Russian arms, which had been blemished a little by Czar Peter's last campaign

E

on the Pruth; and this we fully accomplished by several very satisfying and glorious campaigns under the command of that great general I mentioned before.

Modesty forbids individuals to arrogate to themselves great successes or victories, the glory of which is generally engrossed by the commander, nay, which is rather aukward, by kings and queens, who never smelt gun-powder but at the field-days and reviews of their troops; never saw a field of battle, or an enemy in battle array.

Nor do I claim any particular share of glory in the great engagements with the enemy. We all did our duty, which, in the patriot's, soldier's, and gentleman's language, is a very comprehensive word, of great honour, meaning, and import, and of which the generality of idle quidnuncs and coffee-

coffee-house politicians, can hardly form any but a very mean and contemptible idea. However, having had the command of a body of hussars, I went upon feveral expeditions, with discretionary powers; and the success I then met with is, I think, fairly and only to be placed to my account, and to that of the brave fellows whom I led on to conquest and to victory. We had very hot work once in the van of the army, when we drove the Turks into Oczakow. My spirited Lithuanian had almost brought me into a scrape: I had an advanced fore-post, and faw the enemy coming against me in a cloud of dust, which left me rather uncertain about their actual numbers and real intentions: to wrap myfelf up in a fimilar cloud was common prudence, but would not have much advanced my knowledge, or answered E 2 the

the end for which I had been fent out; therefore I let my flankers on both wings spread to the right and left, and make what dust they could, and I myfelf led on straight upon the enemy, to have a nearer fight of them; in this I was gratified, for they ftood and fought, till, for fear of my flankers, they began to move off rather diforderly. This was the moment to fall upon them with spirit - We broke them entirely, made a terrible havock amongst them - and drove them not only back to a walled town in their rear, but even through it, contrary to our most sanguine expectation.

The swiftness of my Lithuanian enabled me to be foremost in the purfuit; and seeing the enemy fairly slying through the opposite gate, I thought it would be prudent to stop in the market-place, to order the men to rendezvous.

I stopped, gentlemen; but judge of my astonishment, when in this market-place I faw not one of my huffars about me! Are they fcouring the other streets? or what is become of them? They could not be far off, and must, at all events, soon join me. In that expectation I walked my panting Lithuanian to a spring in this marketplace, and let him drink. He drank uncommonly - with an eagerness not to be fatisfied, but natural enough, for when I looked round for my men, what should I fee, gentlemen? the hind part of the poor creature's croup and legs were missing, as if he had been cut in two, and the water ran out as it came in, without refreshing or doing him any good! How it could have happened, was quite a mystery to me, till I returned with him to the towngate. There I saw, that when I rushed

in

in pell-mell with the flying enemy, they had dropped the port-cullis *, unperceived by me, which had totally cut off his hind part +, that still lay quivering on the outfide of the gate. It would have been an irreparable loss, had not our farrier contrived to bring both parts together while hot. He sewed them up with sprigs and young shoots of laurels that were at hand - the wound ·healed; and, what could not have happened but to fo glorious an horfe, the sprigs took root in his body, grew up, and formed a bower over me; fo that afterwards I could go upon many other expeditions in the shade of my own and my horse's laurels.

^{*} An heavy falling door, with sharp spikes at the bottom, let down suddenly, to prevent the entrance of an enemy into a fortissed town.

[†] See the plate.

utial among the Torks *, to be fold

CHAP. VI.

The Baron is made a prisoner of war, and sold for a slave—Keeps the Sultan's bees, which are attacked by two bears—Loses one of his bees; a silver batchet, which he throws at the bees, rebounds, and slies up to the moon; brings it back by an ingenious invention; falls to the earth on his return, and helps himself out of a pit—Extricates his own in a narrow road, in a manner never before attempted, nor practised since. The wonderful effects of the frost upon his servant's French born.

I WAS not always successful. I had the misfortune to be overpowered by numbers, to be made prisoner of war; and, what is worse, but always usual

usual among the Turks *, to be fold for a flave. In that state of humiliation, my daily task was not very hard and laborious, but rather fingular and irksome. It was to drive the Sultan's bees every morning to their pasturegrounds, to attend them all the day long, and against night to drive them back to their hives. One evening I missed a bee, and soon observed that two bears had fallen upon her, to tear her to pieces for the honey she carried †. I had nothing like an offenfive weapon in my hands but the filver hatchet, which is the badge of the Sultan's gardeners and farmers. I threw it at the robbers, with an intention to frighten them away, and fet the poor bee at liberty; but, by an un-

^{*} The Baron was afterwards in great favour with the Grand Signior, as will appear hereafter.

[†] See the plate.

lucky turn of my arm, it flew upwards, and continued rifing till it reached the moon. How should I recover it? how fetch it down again? I recollected that Turkey-beans grow very quick, and run up to an aftonishing height. I planted one immediately; it grew, and actually fastened itfelf to one of the moon's horns. I had no more to do now but to climb up by it into the moon, where I fafely arrived, and had a troublesome piece of business before I could find my filver hatchet, in a place were every thing has the brightness of silver; at last, however, I found it in a heap of chaff and chopped straw. I was now for returning: but alas! the heat of the fun had dried up my bean; it was totaily useless for my descent: so I fell to work, and twisted me a rope of that chopped straw, as long and as well as I could

I could make it. This I fastened to one of the moon's horns, and flid down to the end of it. Here I held myself fast with the left hand; and, with the hatchet in my right, I cut the long, now useless end of the upper part, which, when tied to the lower end, brought me a good deal lower: this repeated splicing and tying of the rope, did not improve its quality, or bring me down to the Sultan's farms. I was four or five miles from the earth at least *, when it broke; I fell to the ground with fuch amazing violence, that I found myself stunned, and in a hole nine fathoms deep at least, made by the weight of my body falling from fo great a height: I recovered, but knew not how to get out again; however, I dug slopes or steps with my nails (the Baron's nails were then of

forty years growth), and easily accom-

Peace was foon after concluded with the Turks; and gaining my liberty, I left St. Petersburgh at the time of that singular revolution, when the emperor in his cradle, his mother, the duke of Brunswick, her father, field-marshall Munich, and many others, were snet ot Siberia. The winter was then so uncommonly severe all over Europe, that ever since the sun seems to be frost-bitten. At my return to this place, I felt on the road greater inconveniences than those I had experienced on my setting out.

I travelled post, and finding myself in a narrow lane, bid the postillion give a signal with his horn, that other travellers might not meet us in the narrow passage. He blew with all his might; but his endeavours were in vain,

vain, he could not make the horn found; which was unaccountable, and rather unfortunate, for foon after we found ourselves in the presence of another coach coming the other way: there was no proceeding; however, I got out of my carriage, and being pretty strong, placed it, wheels and all, upon my head; I then jumped over a hedge about nine feet high * (which, confidering the weight of the coach, was rather difficult) into a field, and came out again by another jump into the road beyond the other carriage; I then went back for the horses, and placing one upon my head, and the other under my left arm, by the fame means brought them to my coach +, put to, and proceeded to an inn at the end of our stage. I should have told you, that the horse under

^{*} See the plate. † See the plate.

my arm was very spirited, and not above four years old; in making my second spring over the hedge, he expressed great dislike to that violent kind of motion, by kicking and snorting; however, I confined his hindlegs, by putting them into my coatpocket. After we arrived at the inn, my postillion and I refreshed ourselves: he hung his horn on a peg near the kitchen fire; I sat on the other side.

Suddenly we heard a Tereng! tereng! teng! teng! We looked round, and now found the reason why the postillion had not been able to found his horn; his tunes were frozen up in the horn, and came out now by thawing, plain enough, and much to the credit of the driver; so that the honest sellow entertained us for some time with a variety of tunes, without putting his mouth to the horn—The King

F

of Prussia's march—Over the hill and over the dale—with many other favourite tunes: at length the thawing entertainment concluded, as I shall this short account of my Russian travels.

Some travellers are apt to advance more than is perhaps strictly true; if any of the company entertain a doubt of my veracity, I shall only say to such, I pity their want of faith, and must request they will take leave before I begin the second part of my adventures, which are as strictly founded in fact as those I have already related.

Gulliver Revived.

PART II.

CHAP. VII.

The Baron relates his adventures on a woyage to North America, which are well worth the reader's attention.—

Pranks of a whale.— A sea-gull saves a sailor's life.— The Baron's head forced into his stomach.— A dangerous leak stopped a posteriori.

I Embarked at Portsmouth in a firstrate English man of war, of one hundred guns, and fourteen hundred men,
for North America. Nothing worth
relating happened till we arrived within
three hundred leagues of the river
F 2 Saint

Saint Laurence, when the ship struck with amazing force against (as we supposed) a rock; however, upon heaving the lead, we could find no bottom, even with three hundred fathom. What made this circumstance the more wonderful, and indeed beyond all comprehension, was, that the violence of the shock was such that we lost our rudder, broke our bowsprit in the middle, and split all our masts from top to bottom, two of which went by the board: a poor fellow, who was aloft, furling the main sheet, was flung at least three leagues from the ship; but he fortunately saved his life, by laying hold of the tail of a large fea-gull, who brought him back, and lodged him on the very spot from whence he was thrown*. Another

^{*} See the plate.

proof of the violence of the shock was the force with which the people between decks were driven against the floors above them: my head particularly was preffed into my stomach, where it continued fome months before it recovered its natural fituation. Whilst we were all in a state of astonishment at the general and unaccountable confusion in which we were involved, the whole was fuddenly explained, by the appearance of a large whale, who had been basking asleep, within sixteen feet of the surface of the water. This animal was fo much displeased with the disturbance which our ship had given him (for, in our passage, we had with our rudder scratched his nose) that he beat in all the gallery and part of the quarterdeck with his tail, and almost at the fame instant took the main-sheet anchor,

F 3

chor, which was suspended, as it usually is, from the head, between his teeth, and ran away with the ship, at least sixty leagues, at the rate of twelve leagues an hour*, when fortunately the cable broke, and we lost both the whale and the anchor. However, upon our return to Europe some months after, we found the fame whale, within a few leagues of the fame fpot, floating dead upon the water; it measured above half a mile in length. As we could take but a small quantity of fuch a monstrous animal on board, we got our boats out, and with much difficulty cut off his head, where, to our great joy, we found the anchor, and above forty fathom of the cable concealed on the left fide of his mouth, just under his

^{*} See the plate.

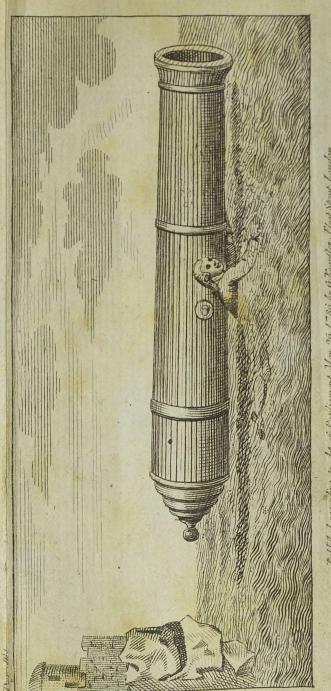


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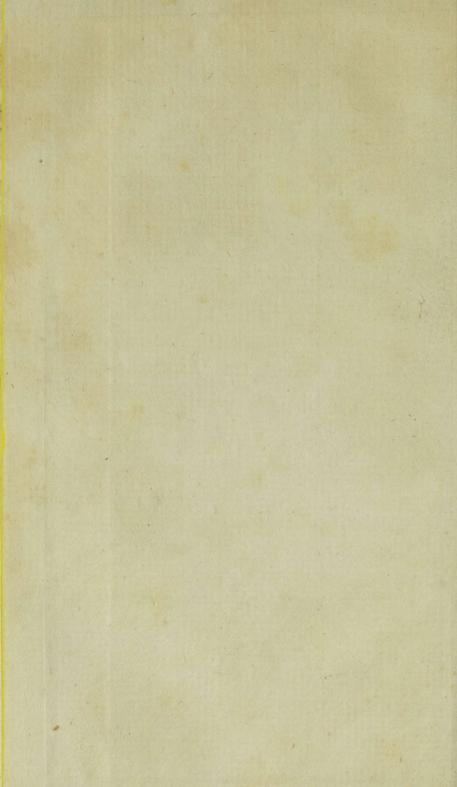






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tongue*. This was the only extraordinary circumstance that happened on this voyage. One part of our diftress however I had like to have forgotten: while the whale was running away with the ship, she sprung a leak, and the water poured in so fast, that all our pumps could not keep us from finking: it was, however, my good fortune to discover it first. I found it a large hole about a foot diameter; you will naturally suppose this circumstance gives me infinite pleasure, when I inform you, that this noble veffel was preferved, with all its crew, by a most fortunate thought! In short, I completely filled it with my ---, without taking off my fmall-clothes, and could have dispensed with it had it

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^{*} Perhaps this was the cause of his death, as that fide of his tongue was much swelled, with a great degree of inflammation.

been larger; nor will you be furprised when I inform you, I am descended from Dutch * parents.

My fituation, while I fat there, was rather cool, but the carpenter's art foon relieved me.

* The Baron's ancestors have but lately settled there: in another part of his Adventures, he boasts of royal blood.

CHAP.

CHAP. VIII.

Bathes in the Mediterranean — Meets an unexpected companion — Arrives unintentionally in the regions of heat and darkness, from which he is extricated by dancing an hornpipe — Frightens his deliverers, and returns on shore.

I Was once in great danger of being lost in a most singular manner in the Mediterranean: I was bathing in that pleasant sea near Marseilles, one summer's afternoon, when I discovered a very large sish, with his jaws quite extended, approaching me with the greatest velocity; there was no time to be lost, nor could I possibly avoid him. I immediately reduced myself to as small a size as possible, by closing my feet and placing my hands also near

my sides, in which position I passed directly between his jaws, and into his stomach, where I remained some time in total darkness, and comfortably warm, as you may imagine; at last it occurred to me, that by giving him pain, he would be glad to get rid of me: as I had plenty of room, I played my pranks, fuch as tumbling, hop, step, and jump, &c. but nothing feemed to diffurb him so much as the quick motion of my feet in attempting to dance a hornpipe; foon after I began, he put me out, by fudden fits and starts: I persevered; at last he roared horridly, and stood up almost perpendicular in the water, with his head and shoulders exposed, by which he was discovered by the people on board an Italian trader, then failing by, who harpooned him in a few minutes. As foon as he was brought on board, I heard

heard the crew confulting how they should cut him up, so as to preserve the greatest quantity of oil. As I understood Italian, I was in most dreadful apprehensions lest their weapons employed in this business should destroy me also; therefore I stood as near the centre as possible, for there was room enough for a dozen men in this creature's stomach, and I naturally imagined they would begin with the extremities: however, my fears were foon dispersed, for they began by opening the bottom of the belly. As foon as I perceived a glimmering of light, I called out luftily, to be released from a fituation in which I was now almost suffocated. It is impossible for me to do justice to the degree and kind of aftonishment which fat upon every countenance at hearing a human voice iffue from a fish, but more so at feeing

feeing a naked man walk upright out of his body *: in short, gentlemen, I told them the whole story, as I have done you, whilst amazement struck them dumb.

After taking some refreshment, and jumping into the sea to cleanse myself, I swam to my clothes, which lay where I had left them on the shore. As near as I can calculate, I was about four hours and a half confined in the stomach of this animal.

* See the plate

CHAP. IX.

Adventures in Turkey, and upon the river Nile. — Sees a balloon over Constantinople; shoots at, and brings it down: finds a French experimental philosopher suspended from it. — Goes on an embassy to Grand Cairo, and returns upon the Nile, where he is thrown into an unexpected situation, and detained six weeks.

WHEN I was in the fervice of the Turks, I frequently amused myself in a pleasure-barge on the Marmora, which commands a view of the whole city of Constantinople, including the Grand Signior's Seraglio. One morning, as I was admiring the beauty and serenity of the sky, I observed a globular substance in the air, which appeared to be about the size

G

of a twelve-inch globe, with fomething fuspended from it. I immediately took up my largest and longest barrel fowling piece, which I never travel or make even an excursion without, if I can help it: I charged it with ball, and fired at the globe; but to no purpose, the object being at too great a distance. I then put in a double quantity of powder, and five or fix balls: this fecond attempt succeeded; all the balls took effect, and tore one fide open, and brought it down. Judge my furprise, when a most elegant gilt car, with a man in it, and part of a sheep which seemed to have been roafted, fell within two yards of me: when my aftonishment had in some degree subsided, I ordered my people to row close to this strange aerial traweller.

I took him on board my barge (he

was a native of France): he was much indisposed from his sudden fall into the fea, and incapable of speaking; after fome time, however, he recovered, and gave the following account of himself, viz. "About seven or eight days since, I cannot tell which, of for I have loft my reckoning, hav-" ing been most of the time where " the fun never fets, I afcended from " the Land's end in Cornwall, in the " island of GREAT BRITAIN, in the car from which I have been just " taken, fuspended from a very large " balloon, and took a sheep with me, to " try atmospheric experiments upon: " unfortunately, the wind changed within ten minutes after my ascent; " and, instead of driving towards " Exeter, where I intended to land, I " was driven towards the fea, over "which, I fuppose, I have continued G 2 " ever

" ever fince, but much too high to " make observations.

"The calls of hunger were fo " preffing, that the intended experi-" ments upon heat and respiration " gave way to them. I was obliged " on the third day, to kill the sheep for " food; and being at that time infi-" nitely above the moon, and for up-" wards of fixteen hours after fo very " near the fun that it scorched my " eye-brows, I placed the carcafs, staking care to skin it first, in that " part of the car where the fun had " fufficient power, or, in other words, " where the balloon did not shade it " from the fun, by which method " it was well roafted in about two "hours. This has been my food " ever fince." Here he paused, and feemed lost in viewing the objects about him. When I told him the buildings

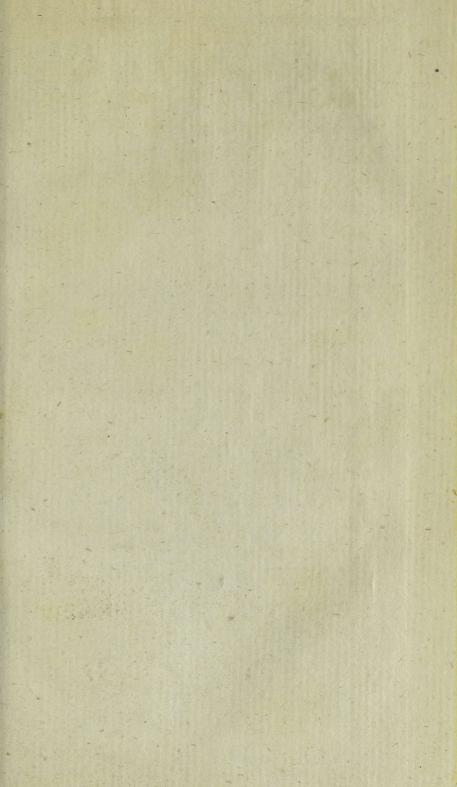
buildings before us were the Grand Signior's Seraglio at Constantinople, he seemed exceedingly affected, as he had supposed himself in a very different situation. "The cause," added he, "of my long slight, was owing "to the failure of a string which was "fixed to a valve in the balloon, in-"tended to let out the instammable "air; and if it had not been fired at, and rent in the manner before mentioned, I might, like Mahomet, have been suspended between hea-"ven and earth till doomsday."

The Grand Signior, to whom I was introduced by the Imperial, Ruffian, and French ambaffadors, employed me to negociate a matter of great importance at Grand Cairo, and which was of such a nature that it must ever remain a secret.

I went there in great state by land;

G 3 where

where having compleated the business, I difmissed almost all my attendants, and returned like a private gentleman: the weather was delightful, and that famous river the Nile was beautiful beyond all description; in short, I was tempted to hire a barge, to descend by water to Alexandria. On the third day of my voyage the river began to rife most amazingly (you have all heard, I presume, of the annual overflowing of the Nile), and on the next day it fpread the whole country for many leagues on each fide! On the fifth, at fun-rife, my barge became entangled with what I at first took for shrubs; but as the light became stronger, I found myself surrounded by almonds, which were perfectly ripe, and in the highest perfection*. Upon plumbing with a line, my people found





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we were at least fixty feet from the ground, and unable to advance or retreat. At about eight or nine o'clock, as near as I could judge by the altitude of the fun, the wind rose suddenly, and canted our barge on one fide; here she filled, and I saw no more of her for some time. Fortunately we all faved ourselves (six men and two boys) by clinging to the tree, the boughs of which were equal to our weight, though not to that of the barge: in this fituation we continued fix weeks and three days, living upon the almonds; I need not inform you we had plenty of water. On the fortyfecond day of our diffress, the water fell as rapidly as it had rifen, and on the forty-fixth we were able to venture down upon terra firma. Our barge was the first pleasing object we saw, about two hundred yards from the **fpot**

spot were she sunk. After drying every thing that was useful by the heat of the fun, and loading ourselves with necessaries from the stores on board, we fet out to recover our lost ground; and found, by the nearest calculation, we had been carried over garden-walls, and variety of inclosures, above 150 miles. In four days, after a very tirefome journey on foot, with thin shoes, we reached the river, which was now confined to its banks, related our adventures to a Bey, who kindly accommodated all our wants, and fent us forward in a barge of his own. In fix days more we arrived at Alexandria, where we took shipping for Constantinople. I was received kindly by the Grand Signior, had the honour of feeing the feraglio, to which his highness introduced me himself, and presented me with as many ladies, his wives

wives not excepted, as I thought proper to select for my own amusement, and that of my friends also.

Count & Arrivis, and Jude him to Fa-

their with the illest oil fling abor billed

DEPRING the Tate track of Gig-

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fee my old triend General Entror, who had, by his distinguished detence

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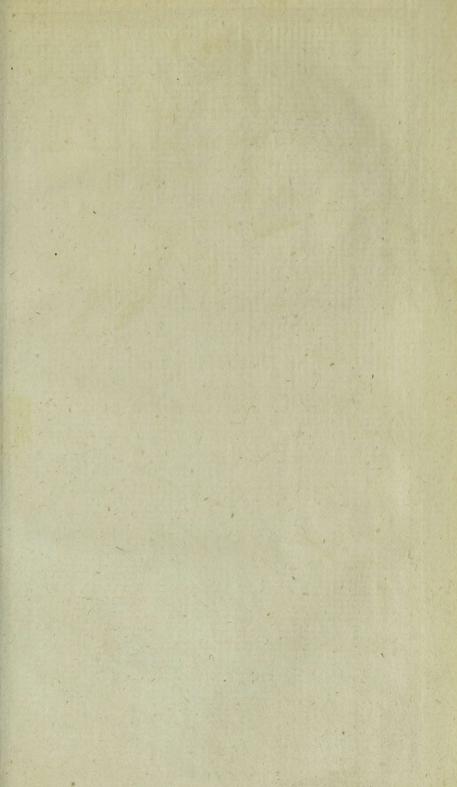
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CHAP. X.

Pays a visit during the siege of Gibraltar to his old friend General Elliot.—Sinks a Spanish man of war.—Wakes an old woman on the African coast.—Destroys all the enemy's cannon; frightens the Count d'Artois, and sends him to Paris.—Saves the lives of two English spies with the identical sling that killed Goliath; and raises the siege.

DURING the late SPECE of GIB-RALTAR, I went with a provision-fleet under LORD RODNEY'S command to fee my old friend GENERAL ELLIOT, who had, by his distinguished defence of that place, acquired laurels that can never fade. After the usual joy which generally attends the meeting of old friends had subsided, I went to examine the state of the garrison, and view





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the operations of the enemy, for which purpose the General accompanied me. I had brought a most excellent refracting telescope with me from London, purchased of Dollond, by the help of which I found the enemy were going to discharge a thirty-fix pounder at the spot where we stood. I told the General what they were about; he looked through the glass also, and found my conjectures right. I immediately, by his permission, ordered a forty-eight pounder to be brought from a neighbouring battery, which I placed with fo much exactness (having long studied the art of gunnery) that I was fure of my mark.

I continued watching the enemy till I saw the match placed at the touchhole of their piece; at that very instant I gave the signal for our gun to be fired also. About midway between

the two pieces of cannon, the balls struck each other with amazing force, and the effect was aftonishing! The enemy's ball recoiled back with fuch violence as to kill the man who had discharged it, by carrying his head fairly off, with fixteen others, which it met with in its progress to the BARBARY COAST; where its force, after paffing through three masts of vessels that then lay in a line behind each other in the harbour, was fo much spent, that it only broke its way through the roof of a poor labourer's hut, about two hundred yards inland, and destroyed the few teeth an old woman had left, who lay afleep upon her back with her mouth open. The ball lodged in her throat. Her husband soon after came home, and endeavoured to extract it; but finding that impracticable, by the affiftance of a rammer he forced it into

her stomach, from whence it was difcharged downwards in a natural way. Our ball did excellent service; for it not only repelled the other in the manner just described; but proceeding as I intended it should, it dismounted the . very piece of cannon that had been just employed against us, and forced it into the hold of the ship, where it fell with fo much force as to break its way through the bottom. The ship immediately filled and funk, with above a thousand Spanish sailors on board, besides a considerable number of soldiers. This, to be fure, was a most extraordinary exploit: I will not, however, take the whole merit to myfelf; my judgment was the principal engine, but chance affisted me a little; for I afterwards found, that the man who charged our forty-eight pounder put in, by mistake, a double quantity H

tity of powder, else we could never have succeeded so much beyond all expectation, especially in repelling the enemy's ball.

General Elliot would have given me a commission for this singular piece of service; but I declined every thing, except his thanks, which I received at a crowded table of officers at supper on the evening of that very day.

As I am very partial to the English, who are beyond all doubt a brave people, I determined not to take my leave of the garrison till I had rendered them another piece of service, and in about three weeks an opportunity presented itself. I dressed myself in the habit of a *Popish Priest*, and at about one o'clock in the morning stole out of the garrison, passed the enemy's lines, and arrived in the middle of their camp, where I entered the

the tent in which the Prince d'Artois was, with the commander in chief, and feveral other officers, in deep council, concerting a plan to storm the garrifon next morning. My difguife was my protection; they fuffered me to continue there, hearing every thing that passed, till they went to their several beds. When I found the whole camp, and even the fentinels, were wrapped up in the arms of Morpheus, I began my work, which was that of difmounting all their cannon (above three hundred pieces) from forty-eight to twenty-four pounders, and throwing them three leagues into the sea. Having no affiftance, I found this the hardest task I ever undertook, except fwimming to the opposite shore with the famous Turkish piece of ordnance, described by Baron de Tott in his Memoirs, which I shall hereafter men-

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tion,

tion. I then piled all the carriages together in the centre of the camp, which, to prevent the noise of the wheels being heard, I carried in pairs under my arms: and a noble appearance they made, as high at least as the rock of Gibraltar. I then lighted a match, by striking a slint stone, situated twenty feet from the ground (in an old wall, built by the Moors, when they invaded Spain), with the breech of an iron eight-and-forty pounder, and so set fire to the whole pile. I forgot to inform you, that I threw all their ammunition waggons upon the top.

Before I applied the lighted match, I had laid the combustibles at the bottom fo judiciously, that the whole was in a blaze in a moment. To prevent suspicion, I was one of the first to express my surprise. The whole camp

was, as you may imagine, petrified with aftonishment; the general conclufion was, that their fentinels had been bribed, and that feven or eight regiments of the garrifon had been employed in this horrid destruction of their artillery. Mr. Drinkwater, in his account of this famous fiege, mentions the enemy fustaining a great loss by a fire which happened in their camp, but never knew the cause: how should he? as I never divulged it before (though I alone faved Gibraltar by this night's business), not even to General Elliott. The Count d'Artois, and all his attendants, ran away in their fright, and never stopped on the road till they reached Paris, which they did in about a fortnight. This dreadful conflagration had fuch an effect upon them, that they were incapable of taking the least refreshment for three H 3

three months after, but, cameleon-like, lived upon the air.

If any gentleman will say he doubts the truth of this story, I will sine him a gallon of brandy, and make him drink it at one draught.

About two months after I had done the besieged this service, one morning, as I sat at breakfast with General Elliott, a shell (for I had not time to destroy their mortars, as well as their cannon) entered the apartment we were sitting in; it lodged upon our table. The general, as most men would do, quitted the room directly; but I took it up before it burst, and carried it to the top of the rock; when looking over the enemy's camp, on an eminence near the sea-coast, I observed a considerable number of people, but could

could not, with my naked eye, difcover how they were employed. I had recourse again to my telescope, when I found that two of our officers, one a general, the other a colonel, with whom I had fpent the preceding evening, and who went out into the enemy's camp about midnight as spies, were taken, and then were actually going to be executed on a gibbet. I found the distance too great to throw the shell with my hand; but most fortunately recollecting that I had the very fling in my pocket which affifted David in flaying Goliath, I placed the shell in it, and immediately threw it in the midst of them: it burst as it fell, and destroyed all present, except the two culprits, who were faved by being fuspended so high, for they were just turned off: however, one of the pieces: of the shell flew with such force against

the foot of the gibbet, that it immediately brought it down. Our two friends no fooner felt terra firma, than they looked about for the cause; and finding their guards, executioner and all, had taken it in their heads to die first, they directly extricated each other from their difgraceful cords; and then ran down to the fea-shore, seized a Spanish boat with two men in it, and made them row to one of our ships, which they did with great fafety; and in a few minutes after, when I was relating to General Elliott how I had acted, they both took us by the hand, and, after mutual congratulations, we retired to spend the day with festivity.

CHAP. XI.

An interesting account of the Baron's ancesters.—A quarrel relative to the spot
where Noah built his ark.—The
history of the sling, and its properties.—A for ur to poet introduced
upon no very rejutable occasion.—
Queen Eizabeth's abstinance.—The
Baron's father crosses from England to
Holland upon a marine horse, which
he sells for seven hundred ducats.

YOU wish (I can see by your countenances) I would inform you how I became possessed of such a treasure as the sling just mentioned (Here sacts must be held sacred). Thus then it was: I am a descendant of the wise of Uriah, whom we all know David was intimate with; she had several children by his majesty: they quarrelled once upon

upon a matter of the first consequence, viz. the fpot where Noah's ark was built, and where it rested after the flood. A feparation confequently enfued. She had often heard him speak of this fling, as his most valuable treasure: this she stole the night they parted; it was missed before she got out of his dominions, and she was purfued by no lefs than fix of the king's body guards: however, by using it herself, she hit the first of them (for one was more active in the purfuit than the rest) where David did Goliath, and killed him on the spot. His companions were fo alarmed at his fall, that they retired, and left Uriah's wife to purfue her journey. She took with her, I should have informed you before, her favourite fon by this connexion, to whom she bequeathed the fling; and thus it has, without interruption,

ruption, descended from father to son till it came into my possession. One of its possessions, my great great great grandfather, who lived about two hundred and fifty years ago, was upon a vifit to England, and became intimate with a poet, who was a great deer-stealer; I think his name was Shakspeare: he frequently borrowed this fling, and with it killed fo much of Sir Thomas Lucy's venison, that he narrowly escaped the fate of my two friends at Gibraltar. Poor Shakipeare was imprisoned, and my ancestor obtained his freedom in a very fingular manner. Queen Elizabeth was then on the throne, but grown fo indolent, that every trifling matter was become a trouble to her; dreffing, undreffing, eating, drinking, and fome other offices, which shall be nameless, made life a burthen to her: all these thing

he enabled her to do without, or by a deputy! and what do you think was the only return she could prevail upon him to accept for such eminent services?—Setting Shakspeare at liberty. Such was his affection for that famous writer, that he would have shortened his own days to add to the number of his friends.

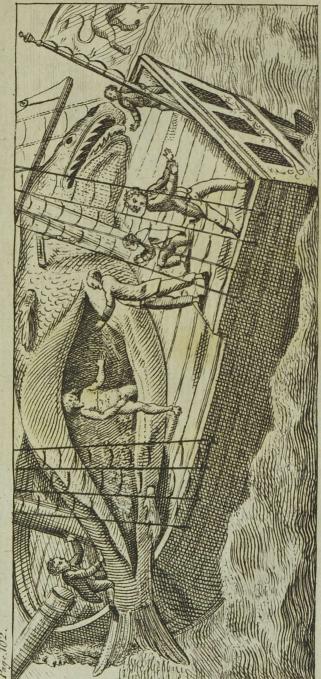
I do not hear that any of the queen's subjects, particularly the beef-eaters, as they are vulgarly called to this day, however they might be struck with the novelty at the time, much approved of her living totally without food. She did not survive the practice herself above seven years and a half.

My father, who was the immediate possession of this sling before me, told me the following anecdote:

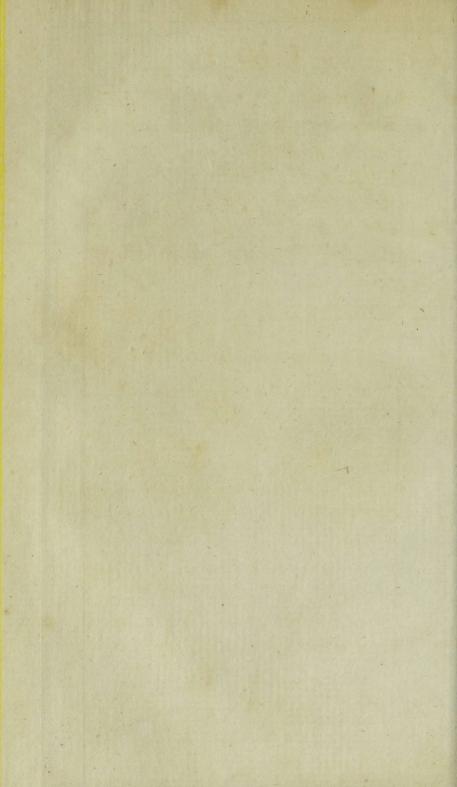
He was walking by the fea-shore

at Harwich, with this sling in his pocket; before his paces had covered a mile, he was attacked by a fierce animal, called a fea-horfe, open mouthed, who ran at him with great fury; he hesitated a moment, then took out his fling, retreated back about a hundred yards, stooped for a couple of pebbles, of which there was plenty under his feet, and flung them both fo dexteroufly at the animal, that each stone put out an eye, and lodged in the cavities which their removal had occasioned. He now got upon his back, and drove him into the fea; for the moment he lost his fight he lost also his ferocity, and became as tame as possible: the sling was placed as a bridle in his mouth; he was guided with the greatest facility across the ocean, and in less than three hours they both arrived on the opposite shore, The master of the Three Cups, at Helvoetsluys, in Holland, purchased this marine horse to make an exhibition of, for seven hundred ducats, which was upwards of three hundred pounds; and the next day my father paid his passage back in the packet to Harwich.

My father made several curious observations in this passage, which I will relate hereafter.



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CHAP XII.

The frolic; its consequences.—Windsor castle.—St. Paul's.—College of phy-sicians, undertakers, sextons, &c. almost ruined.—Industry of the apothecaries.

The FROLIC.

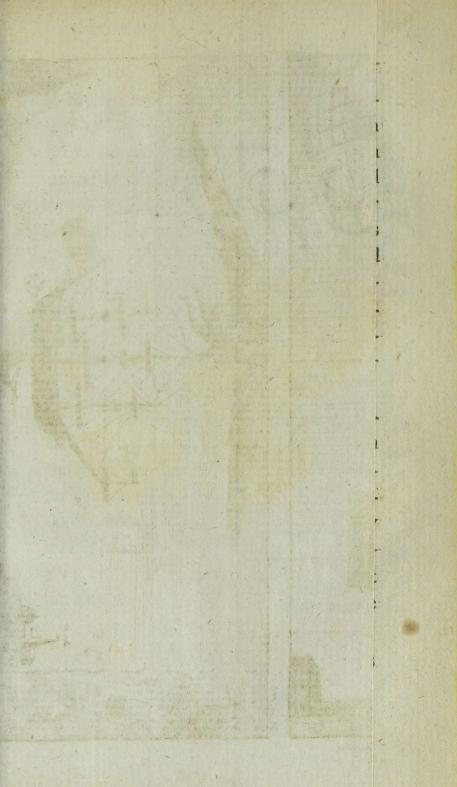
THIS famous sling makes the posfessor equal to any task he is desirous of performing.

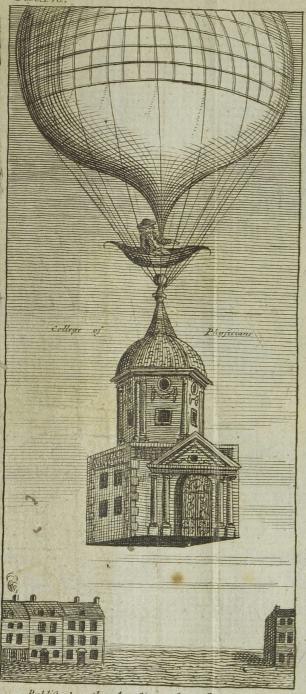
I made a balloon of fuch extenfive dimensions, that an account of
the silk it contained would exceed
all credibility; every mercer's shop
and weaver's stock in London, Westminster, and Spital-sields, contributed
to it: with this balloon and my sling
I played many tricks, such as taking
one house from its station, and placing

I 2 another

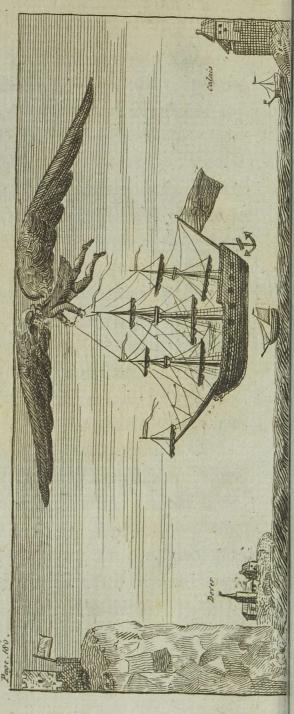
another in its stead, without disturbing the inhabitants, who were generally asleep, or too much employed to observe the peregrinations of their habitations. When the fentinel at Windfor-caftle heard St. Paul's clock strike thirteen, it was through my dexterity; I brought the buildings nearly together that night, by placing the castle in Saint George's Fields, and carried it back again before day-light, without waking any of the inhabitants: notwithstanding these exploits, I should have kept my balloon and its properties a fecret, if Mongolfier had not made the art of flying fo public.

On the 30th of September, when the College of Physicians choose their annual officers, and dine sumptuously together, I filled my balloon, brought it over the dome of their building, clapped the sling round the golden ball





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at the top, fastening the other end of it to the balloon, and immediately ascended with the whole College to an immense height,* where I kept them upwards of three months. You will naturally enquire what they did for food such a length of time? To this I answer, Had I kept them suspended twice the time, they would have experienced no inconvenience on that account, so amply, or rather extravagantly, had they spread their table for that day's feasting.

Though this was meant as an innocent frolic, it was productive of much mischief to several respectable characters amongst the clergy, undertakers, sextons, and grave-diggers; they were, it must be acknowledged, sufferers; for it is a well-known fact, that during the three months the college

* See the plate.

was suspended in the air, and therefore incapable of attending their patients, no deaths happened, except a sew who sell before the scythe of father Time, and some melancholy objects who, perhaps, to avoid some trisling inconvenience here, laid the hands of violence upon themselves, and plunged into misery infinitely greater than that which they hoped by such a rash step to avoid, without a moment's consideration.

If the apothecaries had not been yery active during the above time, half the undertakers, in all probability, would have been bankrupts.

CHAP. XIII.

A TRIP TO THE NORTH.

The Baron sails with Captain Phipps,
—attacks two large bears, and has a
very narrow escape. — Gains the confidence of these animals, and then destroys thousands of them; loads the
ship with their hams and skins; makes
presents of the former, and obtains a
general invitation to all city feasts. —
A dispute between the Captain and
the Baron, in which, from motives of
politeness, the Captain is suffered to
gain his point.—The Baron declines the
honour of a throne, and an empress
into the bargain.

WE all remember Capt. Phipps's (now Lord Mulgrave) last voyage of discovery to the North. I accompanied the captain, not as an officer, but

but a private friend. When we arrived in a high northern latitude, I was viewing the objects around me with the telescope, which I introduced to your notice in my Gibraltar adven-I thought I faw two large white bears in violent action upon a body of ice confiderably above the masts, and about half a league diftance. I immediately took my carbine, flung it across my shoulder, and ascended the ice. When I arrived at the top, the unevenness of the surface made my approach to those animals troublesome and hazardous beyond expression: sometimes hideous cavities opposed me, which I was obliged to fpring over; in other parts the furface was as fmooth as a mirror, and I was continually falling: as I approached near enough to reach them, I found they were only at play. I immediately began

began to calculate the value of their skins, for they were each as large as a well-fed ox: unfortunately, at the very instant I was presenting my carbine, my right foot slipped, I fell upon my back, and the violence of the blow deprived me totally of my fenses for near half an hour; however, when I recovered, judge of my surprise at finding one of those large animals I have been just describing, had turned me upon my face, and was just laying hold of the waiftband of my breeches, which were then new, and made of leather: he was certainly going to carry me feet foremost, God knows where, when I took this knife (shewing a large clasp knife) out of my fidepocket, made a chop at one of his hind feet, and cut off three of his toes; he immediately let me drop, and roared most horridly. I took up my carbine, and

and fired at him as he ran off; he fell directly. The noise of the piece roused feveral thousands of these white bears, who were asleep upon the ice within half a mile of me; they came immediately to the spot. There was no time to be lost. A most fortunate thought arrived in my pericranium just at that instant. I took off the skin and head of the dead bear in half the time that fome people would be in skinning a rabbit, and wrapped myself in it, placing my own head directly under Bruin's; the whole herd came round me immediately, and my apprehenfions threw me in a most piteous situation, to be fure: however, my scheme turned out a most admirable one for my own fafety. They all came fmelling, and evidently took me for a brother Bruin: I wanted nothing but bulk to make an excellent counterfeit:

terfeit: however, I saw several cubs amongst them, not much larger than myself. After they had all smelt me, and the body of their deceased companion, whose skin was now become my protector, we seemed very sociable, and I sound I could mimic all their actions tolerably well; but at growling, roaring, or hugging, they were quite my masters. I began now to think how I might turn the general considence which I had created amongst these animals to my advantage.

I had heard an old army furgeon fay, a wound in the spine was instant death. I now determined to try the experiment, and had again recourse to my knife, with which I stuck the largest in the back of the neck, near the shoulders, but under great apprehensions, not doubting but the creature would, if he survived the stab,

tear me to pieces. However, I was remarkably fortunate; for he fell dead at my feet, without making the least noise. I was now resolved to demolish them every one in the same manner, which I accomplished without the least difficulty; for though they saw their companions fall, they had no suspicion of either the cause or the effect. When they all lay dead before me, I felt myself a second Sampson, having slain my thousands.

To make short of the story, I went back to the ship, and borrowed three parts of the crew, to assist me in skinning them, and carrying the hams on board, which we did in a few hours, and loaded the ship with them. As to the other parts of the animals, they were thrown into the sea, though I doubt not but the whole would eat as

well as the legs, were they properly cured.

As foon as we returned, I fent some of the hams, in the captain's name, to the lords of the Admiralty, others to the lords of the Treasury, some to the lord-mayor and corporation of London, a few to each of the trading companies, and the remainder to my particular friends, from all of whom I received warm thanks; but from the city I was honoured with substantial notice, viz. an invitation to dine at Guildhall annually on Lord Mayor's day.

The bear-skins I sent to the Empress of Russia, to clothe her majesty and her court in the winter, for which she wrote me a letter of thanks with her own hand, and sent it by an ambassador extraordinary, inviting me to share the honours of her bed and

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crown; but, as I never was ambitious of royal dignity, I declined her majesty's favour in the politest terms. The fame ambaffador had orders to wait and bring my answer to her majesty personally, upon which business he was absent about three months: ther majesty's reply convinced me of the strength of her affection, and the dignity of her mind; her late indifposition was entirely owing (as she, kind creature! was pleafed to express herfelf in a late conversation with the prince Dolgoroucki) to my cruelty. What the fex fee in me I cannot conceive, but the Empress is not the only female fovereign who has offered me her hand.

Some people have very illiberally reported, that Captain Phipps did not proceed as far as he might have done upon that expedition. Here it becomes

comes my duty to acquit him; our ship was in very proper trim, till I loaded it with such an immense quantity of bear-skins and hams, after which it would have been madness to have attempted to proceed further, as we were now scarcely able to combat a brisk gale, much less those mountains of ice which lay in the higher latitudes.

The captain has fince often expressed a dissatisfaction that he had no share in the honours of that day, which he emphatically called the bear-skin day. He has also been very desirous of knowing by what art I destroyed so many thousands, without fatigue or danger to myself: indeed he his so ambitious of dividing the glory with me, that we have actually quarrelled about it, and we are not now upon speaking terms. He boldly afferts I had no K 2 merit

merit in deceiving the bears, because I was covered with one of their skins; nay, he declares there is not, in his opinion, in Europe, so complete a bear naturally, as himself, among the human species.

He is now a noble peer, and I am too well acquainted with good manners to dispute so delicate a point with his lordship.

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He last alls been very defined of

CHAP. XIV.

Our Baron excels Baron Tott, beyond all comparison; yet fails in part of his attempt.—Gets into disgrace with the Grand Signior, who orders his head to be cut off.—Escapes, and gets on board a vessel, in which he is carried to Venice.—Baron Tott's origin, with some account of that great man's parents.—Pope Ganganelli's amour.—His Holiness fond of shell-fish.

BARON de Tott, in his Memoirs, makes as great a parade of a fingle act, as many travellers whose whole lives have been spent in seeing the different parts of the globe; for my part, if I had been blown from Europe to Asia from the mouth of a cannon, I should have boasted less of it afterwards than he has done of only K3 firing

firing off a Turkish piece of ordnance. What he fays of this wonderful gun, as near as my memory will ferve me, is this: "The Turks had placed below " the castle, and near the city, on the " banks of SIMOIS, a celebrated river, " an enormous piece of ordnance, cast in " brass, which would carry a marble ball of ELEVEN HUNDRED POUNDS " weight. I was inclined, says Tott, so to fire it, but I was willing first to judge of its effect; the crowd about " me trembled at this proposal, as they afferted it would overthrow not only " the castle, but the city also: at length " their fears in part subsided, and I was " permitted to discharge it. It required " not less than THREE HUNDRED AND " THIRTY POUNDS WEIGHT OF POW-" DER; and the ball weighed, as be-" fore mentioned, ELEVEN HUNDRED WEIGHT. When the engineer brought se the

et the priming, the crowds who were ac about me retreated back as fast as they could; nay, it was with the utmost difce ficulty I persuaded the PACHA, who came on purpose, there was no danger: " even the engineer, who was to discharge " it by my direction; was considerably alarmed. I took my stand on some frone-work behind the cannon, gave " the signal, and felt a shock like that " of an EARTHQUAKE! At the distance co of three hundred fathom, the ball " burst into three pieces; the fragments " crossed the Strait, rebounded on the " opposite mountain, and left the surface of the water all in a foam, through the " whole breadth of the channel."

This gentlemen, is, as near as I can recollect, BARON TOTT'S account of the largest cannon in the known world. Now, when I was there not long since, the anecdote of Tott's firing

firing this tremendous piece was mentioned as a proof of that gentleman's extraordinary courage.

I was determined not to be outdone by a Frenchman; therefore took this very piece upon my shoulder, and, after balancing it properly, jumped into the fea with it, and fwam to the opposite shore, from whence I unfortunately attempted to throw it back into its former place: I fay unfortunately, for it slipped a little in my hand, just as I was going to discharge it, and in consequence of that, it fell into the middle of the channel, where it now lies, without a prospect of ever recovering it; and, notwithstanding the high favour I was in with the Grand Signior, as before mentioned, this cruel Turk, as foon as he heard of the loss of his famous piece of ordnance, issued an order to cut off my head.

head. I was immediately informed of it by one of the Sultanas, with whom I was become a great favourite, and she secreted me in her apartment while the officer charged with my execution was, with his assistants, in search of me.

That very night I made my escape on board a vessel bound to Venice, which was then weighing anchor to proceed on her voyage.

The last story, gentlemen, I am not fond of mentioning, as I miscarried in the attempt, and was very near losing my life into the bargain: however, as it contains no impeachment of my honour, I would not withhold it from you.

Now, gentlemen, you all know me and can have no doubt of my veracity: I will entertain you with

the origin of this same swaggering, bouncing Tort.

His reputed father was a native of Berne, in Switzerland; his profession was that of a furveyor of the streets, lanes, and alleys, vulgarly called a scavenger. His mother was a native of the mountains of Savoy, and had a most beautiful large wen on her neck, common to both fexes in that part of the world; she left her parents when young, and fought her fortune in the same city which gave his father birth: she maintained herself while fingle by acts of kindness to our fex, for the never was known to refuse them any favour they asked, provided they did but pay her some compliment before hand. This lovely couple met by accident in the street, in confequence of their being both intoxicated; for, by reeling to one centre, they threw

threw each other down; this created mutual abuse, in which they were complete adepts; they were both carried to the watch-house, and afterwards to the house of correction; they foon faw the folly of quarrelling, made it up, became fond of each other, and married: but madam returning to her old tricks, his father, who had high notions of honour, foon feparated himself from her; she then joined a family who strolled about with a puppet shew. In time she arrived at Rome, where she kept an oyster-stand. You have all heard, no doubt, of Pope Ganganelli, commonly called Clement XIV. he was remarkably fond of oysters. One Good-Friday as he was paffing through this famous city in state, to assist at high-mass at St. Pe_ ter's church, he faw this woman's oyfters, (which were remarkably fine and

and fresh) he could not proceed without tasting them; there were above five thousand people in his train; he ordered them all to stop, and sent word to the church he could not attend mass till next day; then alighting from his horse (for the Pope always rides on horseback upon these occafions) he went into her stall, and ate every oyster she had there, and afterwards retired into the cellar, where she had a few more. This fubterraneous apartment was her kitchen, parlour, and bed-chamber. He liked his fituation fo much, that he discharged all his attendants, and, to make short of the flory, His Holiness passed the whole night with her! Before they parted, he gave her full absolution, not only for every fin she had, but all she might hereafter commit.

Now, gentlemen, I have his mother's word for it, (and her honour cannot be doubted) that Baron Tott is the fruit of that amour. When Tott was born, his mother applied to his Holiness, as the father of her child: he immediately placed him under proper people; and as he grew up, gave him a gentleman's education, had him taught the use of arms, procured him promotion in France, and a title, and when he died he left him a good estate.

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CHAP. XV.

A further account of the journey from Harwich to Helvoetsluys. — Description of a number of marine objects, never mentioned by any traveller before. — Rocks seen in this passage, equal to the Alps in magnitude: Lobsters, Crabs, &c. of an extraordinary magnitude. — A woman's life saved. — The cause of her falling into the sea. — Dr. Hawes's directions followed with success.

I Omitted several very material parts of my father's journey across the English channel to Holland, which, that they may not be totally lost, I will now faithfully give you in his own words, as I heard him relate them to his friends several times.

"On my arrival," fays my father, at Helvoetsluys, I was observed

to breathe with fome difficulty; upon the inhabitants inquiring in-" to the cause, I informed them, that " the animal upon whose back I rode " from Harwich across to their shore " did not fwim! fuch is their pecu-" liar form and disposition, that they " cannot float or move upon the se furface of the water: he ran with " incredible swiftness upon the sands, ", from shore to shore, driving fish in " millions before him, many of which were quite different from any I had yet feen, carrying their heads at the " extremity of their tails. I croffed," continued he, " one prodigious range " of rocks, equal in height to the " Alps,* on the fides of which there were a great variety of tall, noble

^{*} The tops or highest parts of these marine mountains are said to be upwards of one hundred fathoms below the surface of the sea.

trees, loaded with marine fruit, fuch " as lobsters, crabs, oysters, scollops, " muscles, cockles, &c. &c. some of " which were a cart load fingly! and none less than a porter's! All those " which are brought on shore, and " fold in our markets, are of an infe-" rior dwarf kind, or properly water-" falls, i. e. fruit shook off the branches " of the tree it grows upon by the motion of the water, as those in " our gardens are by that of the wind! The lobster-trees appeared " the richest, but the crab and oysters were the tallest. The periwinkle " is a kind of shrub; it grows at the " foot of the oyster-tree, and twines " round it, as the ivy does the oak. " I observed the effects of several ac-" cidents by shipwreck, &c. particu-" larly a ship that had been wrecked " by striking against a mountain or rock,

" rock, the top of which lay within three fathoms of the furface. As " she funk, she fell upon her side, and " forced a very large lobster-tree out of its place. It was in the fpring, when the lobsters were very young; and many of them being separated by the violence of the shock, they fell upon a crab-tree, which was 66 growing below them; they have, like the farina of plants, united, 66 and produced a fish resembling both. " I endeavoured to bring one with 23 me, but it was too cumbersome, 66 and my falt-water Pegafus feemed much displeased at every attempt 56 to stop his career whilst I continued 28 €€ upon his back; besides, I was then, 66 though galloping over a mountain of rocks that lay about midway the 66 passage, at least five hundred fathom below the furface of the fea, and L 3 a began

began to find the want of air inconvenient; therefore I had no in-" clination to prolong the time. Add " to this, my fituation was in other " respects very unpleasant: I met " many large fish, who were, if I could judge by their open mouths, " not only able, but really wished to " devour us; now, as my Rosinante " was blind, I had thefe hungry gen-" tlemen's attempts to guard against, " in addition to my other difficulties. " As we drew near the Dutch " shore, and the body of water over " our heads did not exceed twenty " fathoms, I thought I faw a human " figure in a female dress then ly-" ing on the fand before me,* with " fome figns of life: when I came " close, I perceived her hand move;

"I took it into mine, and brought

^{*} See the plate.

[&]quot; her

"her on shore as a corpse. An apo"thecary, who had just been instructed
by Dr. Hawes,* of London, treated
her properly, and she recovered.

She was the rib of a man who

commanded a vessel belonging to

Helvoetsluys. He was just going

out of port on a voyage, when she,
hearing he had got a mistress with

him, followed him in an open

boat. As soon as she had got on

" the quarter-deck, she flew at her

" husband, and attempted to strike

him with fuch impetuofity, that he

" thought it most prudent to slip on

" one fide, and let her make the im-

" pression of her fingers upon the

" waves rather than his face: he was

" not much out in his ideas of the

" consequence; for meeting no oppo-

" fition,

^{*} The Baron's father must have lived very lately, if Dr. Hawes was his preceptor.

" fition, she went directly overboard,

" and it was my unfortunate lot to

" lay the foundation for bringing this

" happy pair together again.

" I can eafily conceive what exe-

" crations the husband loaded me with,

" when, upon his return, he found

" this gentle creature waiting his ar-

" rival, and learned the means by

" which she came into the world again.

" However, great as the injury is

" which I have done this poor devil,

" I hope he will die in charity with

" me, as my motive was good, though

" the consequences to him are, it must

" be confessed, horrible."

CHAP. XVI.

This is a very short chapter, but contains a fact for which the Baron's memory ought to be dear to every Englishman, especially those who may hereafter have the misfortune of being made prisoners of war.

ON my return from Gibraltar, I travelled by way of France to England. Being a foreigner, this was not attended with any inconvenience to me. I found in the harbour of Calais a ship just arrived, with a number of English sailors, as prisoners of war. I immediately conceived an idea of giving these brave sellows their liberty, which I accomplished as sollows,—After forming a pair of large wings, each of them forty yards long, and sourteen wide, and annexing them to myself,

myself, I mounted at break of day, when every creature, even the watch upon deck, was fast asleep. As I hovered over the ship, I sastened three grappling irons to the tops of the three masts, with my sling, and sairly lifted her several yards out of the water, and then proceeded across to Dover*, where I arrived in half an hour! Having no surther occasion for these wings, I made them a present to the governor of Dover Castle, where they are now exhibited to the curious.

As to the prisoners, and the Frenchmen who guarded them, they did not awake till they had been near two hours on Dover Pier. The moment the Englishmen understood their situation, they changed places with their guard, and took back what they had been plundered of, but no more; for they were too generous to retaliate, and plunder them in return.

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CHAP. XVII.

Voyage eastward.—The Baron introduces a friend who never deceived him; wins an hundred guineas by pinning his faith upon that friend's nose.—Game started at sea.— Some other circumstances, which will, it is hoped, afford the Reader no small degree of amusement.

In a voyage which I made to the East Indies with Captain Hamilton, I took a favourite pointer with me; he was, to use a common phrase, worth his weight in gold, for he never deceived me. One day when we were, by the best observations we could make, at least three hundred leagues from land, my dog pointed: I observed him for near an hour with astonishment, and mentioned the circumstance to the captain and every officer on board,

board, afferting, that we must be near land, for my dog finelt game. This occasioned a general laugh; but that did not alter in the least the good opinion I had of my dog. After much conversation pro and con, I boldly told the captain, I placed more confidence in TRAY's nose, than I did in the eyes of every feaman on board; and therefore boldly proposed laying the fum I had agreed to pay for my passage (viz. one hundred guineas), that we should find game within half an hour. The captain (a good hearty fellow) laughed again, defired Mr. Crawford the furgeon, who was prefent, to feel my pulse: he did so, and reported me in perfect health. The following dialogue between them took place; I overheard it, though spoken low, and at some distance.

M

Captain. His brain is turned; I cannot with honour accept his wager.

Surgeon. I am of a different opinion; he is quite sane, and depends more upon the scent of his dog, than he will upon the judgment of all the officers on board: he will certainly lose, and he richly merits it.

Captain. Such a wager cannot be fair on my fide; however, I'll take him up, if I return his money afterwards.

During the above conversation, Tray continued in the same situation, and confirmed me still more in my former opinion. I proposed the wager a second time; it was then accepted.

Done! and Done! were scarcely said on both sides, when some sailors who were sishing in the long-boat, which was made fast to the stern of the ship, harpooned an exceeding large shark, which

which they brought on board, and began to cut up for the purpose of barrelling the oil, when, behold, they found no less than fix brace of live partridges in this animal's stomach!

They had been so long in that situation, that one of the hens was sitting upon sour eggs, and a fifth was hatching, when the shark was opened *!!!

* This young bird we brought up, by placing it with a litter of kittens that came into the world a few minutes before! The old cat was as fond of it as any of her own four-legged progeny, and made herself very unhappy when it flew out of her reach till it returned again. As to the other partridges, there were four hens amongst them: one or more were, during the voyage, constantly sitting, and consequently we had plenty of game at the Captain's table; and in gratitude to poor Tray (for being a means of winning one hundred guineas), I ordered him the bones daily, and sometimes a whole bird.

till a fresh gale arising, filled the sails in every part, and onwards we travelled at a prodigious rate: thus we proceeded above the clouds for fix weeks. At last we discovered a great land in the sky, like a shining island, round and bright; where, coming into a convenient harbour, we went on shore, and soon found it was inhabited. Below us we faw another earth, con. taining cities, trees, mountains, rivers, feas, &c. which we conjectured was this world which we had left. Here we faw huge figures riding upon vultures of a prodigious fize, and each of them having three heads. To form some idea of the magnitude of these birds, I must inform you, that each of their wings are as wide, and fix times the length of the main-sheet of our veffel, which was about fix hundred tons burthen. Thus, instead of riding upon

upon horses, as we do in this world, the inhabitants of the Moon (for we now found we were in madam Luna) fly about on these birds. The king we found was engaged in a war with the SUN, and he offered me a commission, but I declined the honour his majesty intended me.

Every thing in this world is of extraordinary magnitude; a common flea being much larger than one of our sheep: in making war, their principal weapons are radishes, which are used as darts; those who are wounded by them, die immediately. Their shields are made of mushrooms; and their darts (when radishes are out of season) of the tops of asparagus. Some of the natives of the dog-star are to be seen here; commerce tempts them to ramble: their saces are like large mastiss, with their eyes near the lower

end or tip of their nofes; they have no eye-lids, but cover their eyes with the end of their tongues when they go to fleep: they are generally twenty feet high. As to the natives of the Moon, none of them are less in stature than thirty-fix feet; they are not called the human species, but the cooking animals, for they all drefs their food by fire, as we do, but lose no time at their meals, as they open their left fide, and place the whole quantity at once in their stomach, then fhut it again till the fame day in the next month; for they never indulge themselves with food more than twelve times in a year, or once a month. All but gluttons and epicures must prefer this method to ours.

There is but one fex either of the cooking or any other animals in the Moon; they are all produced from trees

trees of various fizes and foliage: that which produces the cooking animal, or human species, is much more beautiful than any of the others; it has large straight boughs, and fleshcoloured leaves, and the fruit it produces are nuts or pods, with hard shells, at least two yards long: when they become ripe, which is known from their changing colour, they are gathered with great care, and laid by as long as they think proper: when they choose to animate the feed of these nuts, they throw them into a large cauldron of boiling water, which opens the shells in a few hours, and out jumps the creature.

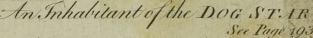
Nature forms their minds for different pursuits before they come into the world; from one shell comes forth a warrior, from another a philosopher, from a third a divine, from a fourth a lawyer, a lawyer, from a fifth a farmer, from a fixth a clown, &c. &c. and all of them immediately begin to perfect themselves, by practising what they before knew only in theory.

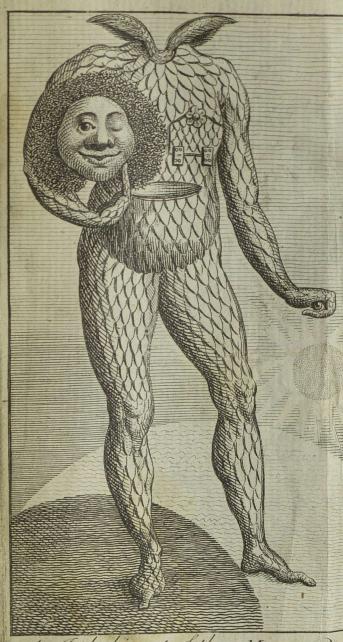
When they grow old, they do not die, but turn into air, and dissolve like smoke! As for their drink, they need none; the only evacuations they have are infenfible, and by their breath. They have but one finger upon each hand, with which they perform every thing in as perfect a manner as we who have four befides the thumb. Their heads are placed under their right arm; and, when they are going to travel, or about any violent exercife, they generally leave them at home, for they can confult them at any distance: this is a very common practice: and when those of rank or quality among the Lunarians have an inclination inclination to fee what's going forward among the common people, they stay at home, i. e. the body stays at home, and fends the head only, which is suffered to be present incog. and return at pleasure with an account of what has passed.

The ftones of their grapes are exactly like hail; and, I am perfectly fatisfied, that when a ftorm or high wind in the Moon shakes their vines, and breaks the grapes from the stalks, the stones fall down, and form our hailfhowers. I would advise those who are of my opinion, to fave a quantity of these stones when it hails next, and make Lunarian wine. It is common beverage at Saint Luke's. Some material circumstances I had nearly omitted. They put their bellies to the fame use we do a fack, and throw whatever they have occasion for into it, for they can thurThut and open it again when they please, as they do their stomachs: they are not troubled with bowels, liver, heart, or any other intestines; neither are they incumbered with clothes, nor is there any part of their bodies unseemly or indecent to exhibit.

Their eyes they can take in and out of their places when they please, and can see as well with them in their hand as in their head! and if by any accident they lose or damage one, they can borrow or purchase another, and see as clearly with it as their own. Dealers in eyes are on that account very numerous in most parts of the Moon, and in this article alone all the inhabitants are whimsical; sometimes green, and sometimes yellow eyes are the fashion. I know these things appear strange; but if the shadow of a doubt







An Inhabitant of the DOG ST. 1R. An Inhabitant of the MOON.

MUNCHAUSEN'S TRAVELS.

Published as the Act directs, July to the Good G. Kearsley Nº 46, in Fleet Street London.



can remain on any person's mind, I fay, let him take a voyage there himfelf, and then he will know I am a traveller of veracity.

CHAP. XIX.

The Baron crosses the Thames without the assistance of a bridge, ship, boat, or balloon, or even his own will; rouses himself after a long nap, and destroys a monster, who lived upon the destruction of others.

My first visit to England was about the beginning of the present King's reign. I had occasion to go down to Wapping, to see some goods shipped, which I was sending to some friends at Hamburgh: after that business was over, I took the Tower Wharf in my way back. Here I sound the sun very powerful; and I was so much fatigued that I stepped into one of the cannon to compose me, where I fell sast assect. This was about noon; it

was the fourth of June : exactly at one o'clock, these cannon were all difcharged in memory of the day: they had been all charged that morning, and having no fuspicion of my situation, I was shot over the houses on the opposite side of the river, into a farmer's yard, between Bermondsey and Deptford, where I fell upon a large hayftack, without waking, and continued there in a found sleep till hay became fo extravagantly dear (which was about three months after), that the farmer found it his interest to send his whole stock to market: the stack I was reposing upon was the largest in the yard, containing above five hundred load; they began to cut that first. I waked (with the voices of the people who had afcended the ladders to begin at the top) and got up, totally ignorant of my fituation; N 2 in in attempting to run away, I fell upon the farmer to whom the hay belonged, and broke his neck, yet received no injury myself! I afterwards found, to my great consolation, that this fellow was a most detestable character, always keeping the produce of his grounds for extravagant markets.

CHAP. XX.

The Baron slips through the world: after paying a visit to Mount Etna, he finds himself in the South Sea; visits Vulcan in his passage; gets on board a Dutchman; arrives at an island of Cheefe, surrounded by a sea of Milk; describes some very extraordinary objects.-Lose their compass; their ship slips between the teeth of a fish unknown in this part of the world; their difficulty in escaping from thence; arrive in the Caspian sea.—Starves a bear to death.—A few waist coat anecdotes.— In this chapter, which is the longest, the Baron moralizes upon the virtue of veracity.

MR. Brydone's Travels to Sicily, which I had read with great pleasure,

N 3 induced:

induced me to pay a visit to Mount Etna; my voyage to this place was not attended with any circumstances worth relating. One morning early, three or four days after my arrival, I fet out from a cottage where I had flept, within fix miles of the foot of the mountain, determined to explore the internal parts, if I perished in the attempt. After three hours hard labour, I found myself at the top; it was then, and had been for upwards of three weeks raging; its appearance in this state has been so frequently noticed by different travellers, that I will not tire you with descriptions of objects you are already acquainted with. I walked round the edge of the crater, which appeared to be fifty times at least as capacious as the Devil's Punch-Bowl near Petersfield, on the Portsmouth road, but not so broad

at the bottom, as in that part it refembles the contracted part of a funnel more than a punch-bowl. At last, having made up my mind, in I sprang feet foremost: I soon found myself in a warm birth, and my body bruised and burnt in various parts by the redhot cinders, which, by their violent ascent, opposed my descent; however, my weight foon brought me to the bottom, where I found myself in the midst of noise and clamour, mixed with most horrid imprecations; after recovering my fenses, and feeling a reduction of my pain, I began to look about me. Guess, gentlemen, my astonishment, when I found myself in the company of Vulcan and his cyclops, who had been quarrelling for the three weeks before mentioned, about the observation of good order and due Subordination, and which had occafioned

fioned fuch alarms for that space of time in the world above. However, my arrival restored peace to the whole fociety, and Vulcan himfelf did me the honour of applying plasters to my wounds, which healed them immediately; he also placed refreshments before me, particularly nectar, and other rich wines, fuch as the gods and goddesses only aspire to. After this repast was over, Vulcan ordered Venus to shew me every indulgence which my fituation required. To describe the apartment and the couch on which I reposed, is totally impossible, therefore I will not attempt it: let it suffice to say, it exceeds the power of language to do it justice, or speak of that kind-hearted goddess in any terms equal to her merit.

Vulcan gave me a very concife account of Mount Etna; he faid it was nothing more than an accumulation

tion of ashes thrown from his forge; that he was frequently obliged to chastise his people, at whom, in his passion, he made it a practice to throw red-hot coals at home, which they often parried with great dexterity, and then threw them up into the world, to place them out of his reach, for they never attempted to affault him in return, by throwing them back again: our quarrels, added he, last sometimes three or four months, and these appearances of coals or cinders in the world are what I find you mortals call eruptions. Mount Vesuvius, he assured me, was another of his shops, to which he had a paffage three hundred and fifty leagues under the bed of the fea, where fimilar quarrels produced fimilar eruptions. I should have continued here as an humble attendant upon Madam Venus; but some busy tattlers

tattlers, who delight in mischief, whispered a tale in Vulcan's ear, which roused in him a fit of jealousy not to be appeafed. Without the leaft previous notice, he took me one morning under his arm, as I was waiting upon Venus, agreeably to custom, and carried me to an apartment I had never before feen, in which there was, to all appearance, a well, with a wide mouth: over this he held me at arm'slength, and faying, " Ungrateful morec tal, return to the world from whence " you came," without giving me the least opportunity of reply, dropped me in the centre. I found myself defcending with an increasing rapidity, till the horror of my mind deprived me of all reflection. I suppose I fell into a trance; from which I was fuddenly roused, by plunging into a large

body of water illuminated by the rays of the fun!!

I could, from my infancy, fwim well, and play tricks in the water. I now found myself in paradife, confidering the horrors of mind I had just been released from. After looking about me some time, I could discover nothing but an expanse of sea, extending beyond the eye in every direction; I also found it very cold, a different climate from Master Vulcan's shop. At last I observed, at some distance, a body of amazing magnitude, like a huge rock, approaching me: I foon discovered it to be a piece of floating ice; I swam round it till I found a place where I could ascend to the top, which I did, but not without fome difficulty. Still I was out of fight of land, and despair returned with double force: however, before night

night came on, I faw a fail, which we approached very fast; when it was within a very small distance, I hailed them in German; they answered in Dutch; I then flung myself into the sea, and they threw out a rope, by which I was taken on board. I now enquired where we were, and was informed, in the great Southern Ocean; this opened a discovery which removed all my doubts and difficulties. It was now evident that I had passed from Mount Etna through the centre of the earth to the South Seas; this, gentlemen, was a much shorter cut than going round the world, and which no man has accomplished, or ever attempted, but myself: however, the next time I perform it, I will be much more particular in my observations.

I took some refreshment, and went

of people; I related the Etna passage to the officers, exactly as I have done to you; and some of them, particularly the Captain, seemed by his grimace and half-sentences to doubt my veracity: however, as he had kindly taken me on board his vessel, and was then in the very act of administering to my necessities, I pocketed the affront.

I now in my turn began to enquire where they were bound? To which they answered, they were in search of new discoveries; " and if, said they, your story is true, a new passage is really discovered, and we shall not return disappointed." We were now exactly in Captain Cook's first track, and arrive I the next morning in Botany Bay. This place I would by no means recommend to the English government as

a receptacle for felons, or place of punishment: it should rather be the reward of merit, nature having most bountifully bestowed her best gifts upon it.

We staid here but three days; the fourth after our departure, a most dreadful storm arose, which in a few hours destroyed all our fails, fplintered our bowsprit, and brought down our top-mast; it fell directly upon the box that inclosed our compass, which, with the compass, was broken to pieces. Every one who has been at fea, knows the confequences of fuch a misfortune; we now were at a loss where to steer. At length the storm abated, which was followed by a steady brisk gale, that carried us at least forty knots an hour for fix months*! when we began to observe

^{*} We should suppose the Baron has made a little mistake and substituted months for days.

an amazing change in every thing about us; our spirits became light, our nofes were regaled with the most aromatic effluvia imaginable: the fea also had changed its complexion, and from green became white! Soon after these wonderful alterations we saw land, and not at any great distance an inlet, which we failed up near fixty leagues, and found it wide and deep, flowing with milk of the most delicious taste. Here we landed, and foon found it was an island consisting of one large cheefe: we discovered this by one of the company fainting away as foon as he landed; this man always had an aversion to cheese: when he recovered, he defired the cheefe to be taken from under his feet; upon examination we found him perfectly right, for the whole island, as before obferved, was nothing but a cheefe of 02 im-

immense magnitude! Upon this the inhabitants, who are amazingly numerous, principally fustain themselves, and it grows every night in proportion as it is confumed in the day. Here feemed to be plenty of vines, with bunches of large grapes, which, upon being pressed, yielded nothing but milk. We faw the inhabitants running races upon the furface of the milk; they were upright, comely figures, nine feet high, have three legs, and but one arm; upon the whole, their form was graceful; and when they quarrel, they exercise a strait horn, which grows in adults from the centre of their foreheads, with great adroitness: they did not fink at all, but ran and walked upon the furface of the milk, as we do upon a bowlinggreen.

Upon this island of cheese grows great

great plenty of corn, the ears of which produce loaves of bread, ready made, of a round form like mushrooms. We discovered, in our rambles over this cheese, seventeen other rivers of milk, and ten of wine.

After thirty-eight days journey, we arrived on the opposite side to that on which we landed; here we found some blue mould, as cheefe-eaters call it, from whence fpring all kinds of rich fruit: instead of breeding mites, it produced peaches, nectarines, apricots, and a thousand delicious fruits, which we are not acquainted with. In these trees, which are of an amazing size, were plenty of birds nests: amongst others was a king-sisher's, of prodigious magnitude; it was at least twice the circumference of the dome of St. Paul's church in London: upon inspection, this nest was made of

O 3 huge

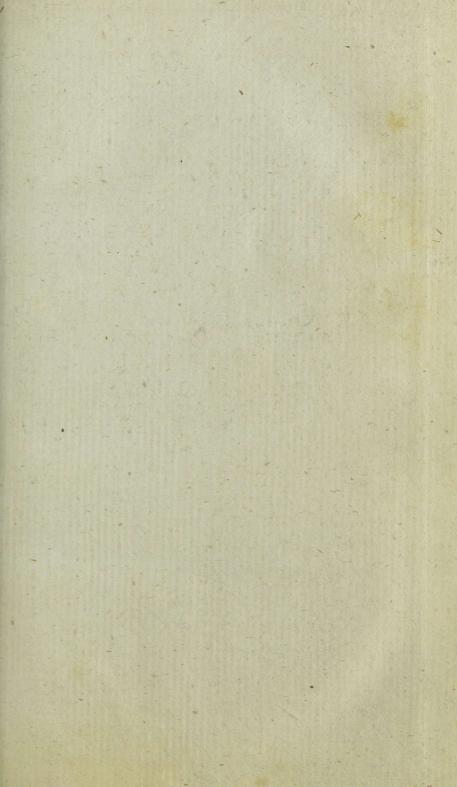
huge trees, curiously joined together; there were, let me see (for I make it a rule always to speak within compass), there were upwards of five hundred eggs in this nest, and each of them was as large as four common hogfheads or eight barrels, and we could not only fee, but hear the young ones chirping within. Having, with great fatigue, cut open one of these eggs, we let out a young one unfeathered, confiderably larger than twenty fullgrown vultures. Just as we had given this youngster his liberty, the old king-fisher lighted, and seizing our captain, who had been active in breaking the egg, in one of her claws, flew with him above a mile high, and then let him drop into the fea, but not till she had beaten all his teeth out of his mouth with her wings.

Dutchmen generally fwim well; he foon



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foon joined us, and we retreated to our ship. On our return we took a different route, and observed many strange objects. We shot two wild oxen, each with one horn also, like the inhabitants, except that it sprouted from between the eyes of these animals: we were afterwards concerned at having destroyed them, as we found, by inquiry, they tamed these creatures and used them as we do horses, to ride upon and draw their carriages; their flesh, we were informed, is excellent, but useles where people live upon cheefe and milk. When we had reached within two days journey of the ship, we observed three men hanging to a tall tree by the heels: upon enquiring the cause of their punishment, I found they had all been travellers, and upon their return home had deceived their friends, by defcribing fcribing places they never faw, and relating things that never happened: this gave me no concern, as I have ever confined myself to fasts.

As foon as we arrived at the ship, we unmoored, and set fail from this extraordinary country, when, to our astonishment, all the trees upon shore, of which there were a great number very tall and large, paid their respects to us twice, bowing to exact time, and immediately recovered their former posture, which was quite erect.

By what we could learn of this Cheese, it was confiderably larger than the continent of all Europe!

After failing three months we knew not where, being still without compass, we arrived in a sea which appeared to be almost black; upon tasting it, we found it most excellent wine, and had great difficulty to keep

the

the failors from getting drunk with it: however, in a few hours we found ourselves surrounded by whales and other animals of an immense magnitude; one of which appeared to be too large for the eye to form a judgment of: we did not fee him till we were close to him. This monster drew our ship, with all her masts standing, and fails bent, by fuction, into its mouth, between its teeth, which were much larger and taller than the maft of a first-rate man of war. After we had been in his mouth fome time, he opened it pretty wide, took in an immense quantity of water, and floated our vessel, which was at least 500 tons burthen, into his stomach; here we lay as quiet as at anchor in a dead calm. The air, to be fure, was rather warm, and very offensive. We found anchors, cables, boats, and barges

barges in abundance, and a confiderable number of ships, some laden and fome not, which this creature had swallowed. Every thing was transacted by torch-light; no fun, no moon, no planet, to make observations from. We were all generally afloat and aground twice a-day: whenever he drank, it became high-water with us; and when he evacuated, we found ourfelves aground: upon a moderate computation, he took in more water at a fingle draught than is generally to be found in the Lake of Geneva, though that is above thirty miles in circumference. On the fecond day of our confinement in these regions of darkness, I ventured at low water, as as we called it, when the ship was aground, to ramble with the Captain, and a few of the other officers, with lights in our hands: we met with people of all nations, to the amount of upwards of ten thousand; they were going to hold a council how to recover their liberty; fome of them having lived in this animal's ftomach feveral years, there were feveral children here who had never feen the world, their mothers having lain-in repeatedly in this warm fituation. Just as the chairman was going to inform us of the business upon which we were affembled, this plaguy fish becoming thirsty, drank in his usual manner: the water poured in with fuch impetuolity, that we were all obliged to retreat to our respective ships immediate. ly, or run the risque of being drowned; fome were obliged to fwim for it, and with difficulty faved their lives. In a few hours after, we were more fortunate; we met again just after the monster had evacuated. I was chosen chairman

chairman, and the first thing I did was to propose splicing two main-masts together; and the next time he opened his mouth, to be ready to wedge them in, fo as to prevent his shutting it. It was unanimously approved. One hundred ftout men were chosen upon this fervice. We had scarcely got our masts properly prepared, when an opportunity offered; the monster opened his mouth: immediately the top of the mast was placed against the roof, and the other end pierced his tongue, which effectually prevented him from shutting his mouth. As foon as every thing in his stomach was afloat, we manned a few boats, whorowed themselves and us into the world. The day-light, after, as near as we could judge, three months confinement in total darkness, cheered our spirits surprisingly. When we had

all taken our leave of this capacious animal, we mustered just a sleet of ninety-five ships, of all nations, who had been in this confined situation.

We left the two masts in his mouth, to prevent others being confined in the same horrid gulph of darkness and filth. Our first object was to learn what part of the world we were in: this we were for some time at a loss to ascertain; at last I found, from former observations, that we were in the Caspian Sea, which washes part of the country of the Calmuck Tartars! How we came here, it was impossible to conceive, as this sea has no communication with any other. One of the inhabitants of the Cheefe Island, whom I had brought with me, accounted for it thus; that the monster, in whose stomach we had been so long confined, had carried us here P through

through fome subterraneous passage; however, we pushed to shore, and I was the first who landed. Just as I put my foot upon the ground, a large bear leaped upon me, with his forepaws; I caught one in each hand, and fqueezed him till he cried out most lustily; however, in this position I held him till I starved him to death. You may laugh, gentlemen, but this was foon accomplished, as I prevented him licking his paws. From hence I travelled up to St. Petersburgh a fecond time; here an old friend gave me a most excellent pointer, descended from the famous bitch before mentioned, that littered while she was hunting a hare, I had the misfortune to have him shot soon after by a blundering sportsman, who fired at him instead of a covey of partridges which he he had just set. Of this creature's skin I have had this waistcoat made (shewing his waistcoat), which always leads me involuntarily to game if I walk in the fields in the proper season; and when I come within shot, one of the buttons constantly slies off, and lodges upon the spot where the sport is; and, as the birds rise, being always primed and cocked, I never miss them. Here are now but three buttons left. I shall have a new set sewed on against the shooting season commences.

When a covey of partridges is difturbed in this manner, by the button falling amongst them, they always rise from the ground in a direct line before each other. I one day, by forgetting to take my ram-rod out of my gun, shot it straight through a leash, as regularly as if the cook had spitted them. I had forgot to put in any P 2

shot, and the rod had been made so hot with the powder, that the birds were completely roasted by the time I reached home.

Since my arrival in England I have accomplished what I had very much at heart, viz. providing for the inhabitant of the Cheese Island, whom I had brought with me. My old friend, Sir William Chambers, who is intirely indebted to me for all his ideas of Chinese gardening, by a description of which he has gained such high reputation; I fay, gentlemen, in a discourse which I had with this gentleman, he feemed much distressed for a contrivance to light the lamps at the new buildings, Somerset House: the common mode with ladders, he observed, was both dirty and inconvenient. My native of the Cheese Island popped into my head; he was only only nine feet high when I first brought him from his own country, but was now increased to ten and an half: I introduced him to Sir William, and he is appointed to that honourable office. He is also to carry, under a large cloak, an utensil in each coat pocket, instead of those four which Sir William has very properly fixed for private purposes in so conspicuous a situation, in the great quadrangle.

He has also obtained from Mr. Pitt, the situation of messenger to his Majesty's lords of the bed-chamber, whose principal employment will now be, divulging the secrets of the Royal Household to their worthy patron.

SUPPLEMENT.

Extraordinary Flight on the Back of an Eagle over France to Gibraltar, South and North America, the Polar Regions, and back to England, within six-and-thirty hours.

ABOUT the beginning of his prefent Majesty's reign I had some business with a distant relation who then lived on the isle of Thanet; it was a family dispute, and not likely to be finished soon. I made it a practice during my residence there, the weather being sine, to walk out every morning. After a few of these excursions, I observed an object upon a great eminence about three miles distant; I extended my walk to it, and sound the ruins of an ancient temple: I approached it with admiration

admiration and aftonishment; the traces of grandeur and magnificence which yet remained were evident proofs of its former splendour: here I could not help lamenting the ravages and devastations of time, of which that once noble structure exhibited such a melancholy proof. I walked round it feveral times, meditating on the fleeting and transitory nature of all terrestrial things: on the eastern end were the remains of a lofty tower, near forty feet high, overgrown with ivy, the top apparently flat; I furveyed it on every fide very minutely, thinking that if I could gain its fummit, I should enjoy the most delightful prospect of the circumjacent country. Animated with this hope, I refolved, if possible, to gain the fummit; which I at length effected by means of the ivy, though not without great difficulty and dan-

ger: the top I found covered with this evergreen, except a large chasm in the middle. After I had furveyed with pleasing wonder the beauties of art and nature that conspired to enrich the scene, curiofity prompted me to found the opening in the middle, in order to ascertain its depth, as I entertained a fuspicion that it might probably communicate with fome unexplored fubterranean cavern in the hill; but having no line, I was at a loss how to proceed. After revolving the matter in my thoughts for fome time, I refolved to drop a stone down, and liften to the echo: having found one that answered my purpose, I placed myself over the hole with one foot on each fide, and stooping down to listen, I dropped the stone; which I had no sooner done, than I heard a ruffling below, and fuddenly

denly a monstrous eagle put up its head right opposite my face; and rising up with irresistable force, carried me away feated on its shoulders. I instantly grasped it round the neck, which was large enough to fill my arms; and its wings, when extended, were ten yards from one extremity to the other. As it arose with a regular afcent, my feat was perfectly eafy, and I enjoyed the prospect below with inexpressible pleasure. It hovered over Margate for fome time, was feen by feveral people, and many shots were fired at it; one ball hit the heel of my shoe, but did me no injury. It then directed its course to Dover cliff, where it alighted, and I thought of difmounting; but was prevented, by a fudden discharge of musquetry from a party of marines that were exercifing on the beach: the balls flew about my head, and

and rattled on the feathers of the eagle like hail-stones; yet I could not perceive it had received any injury. It instantly re-ascended, and slew over the fea towards Calais; but fo very high, that the channel feemed to be no broader than the Thames at Londonbridge. In a quarter of an hour I found myself over a thick wood in France, where the eagle descended very rapidly, which caused me to slip down to the back part of its head: but alighting on a large tree, and raifing its head, I recovered my feat as before, but faw no poffibility of difengaging myself without the danger of being killed by the fall: fo I determined to fit fast, thinking it would carry me to the Alps, or some other high mountain, where I could difmount without any danger. After resting a few minutes it took wing, flew feveral times round

round the wood, and screamed loud enough to be heard across the English channel. In a few minutes one of the same species arose out of the wood, and flew directly towards us: it furveyed me with evident marks of displeasure, and came very near me. After flying feveral times round, they both directed their course to the fouth-west. I foon observed that the one I rode upon could not keep pace with the other, but inclined towards the earth, on account of my weight: its companion perceiving this, turned round, and placed itself in such a position that the other could rest its head on its rump: in this manner they proceeded till noon, when I faw the rock of Gibraltar very diffinctly. The day being clear, notwithstanding my degree of elevation, the earth's furface appeared just like a map, where land, sea, lakes, rivers.

rivers, mountains, and the like, were perfectly distinguishable; and having some knowledge of geography, I was at no loss to determine what part of the globe I was in.

While I was contemplating this wonderful prospect, a dreadful howling fuddenly began all around me, and in a moment I was invested by thousands of fmall, black, deformed, frightfullooking creatures, who pressed me on all fides in fuch a manner that I could neither move hand nor foot: but I had not been in their possession more than ten minutes, when I heard the most delightful music that can possibly be imagined; which was fuddenly changed into a noise the most awful and tremendous, to which the report of cannon, or the loudest claps of thunder, would bear no more proportion than the gentle zephyrs of the evening

to the most dreadful hurricane: but the shortness of its duration prevented all those fatal effects which a prolongation of it would certainly have been attended with.

The music commenced, and I faw a great number of the most beautiful little creatures feize the other party, and throw them with great violence into fomething like a fnuff-box, which they shut down; and one threw it away with incredible velocity; then turning to me, he faid, they whom he had fecured were a party of devils, who had wandered from their proper -habitation; and that the vehicle in which they were inclosed would fly with unabating rapidity for ten thoufand years, when it would burst of its own accord, and the devils would recover their liberty and faculties, as at the present moment. He had no sooner

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finished this relation than the music ceased, and they all disappeared, leaving me in a state of mind bordering on the confines of despair.

When I had recomposed myself a little, and looking before me with inexpressible pleasure, I observed that the eagles were preparing to alight on the peak of Teneriffe: they descended on the top of a rock: but feeing no posfible means of escape if I dismounted, determined me to remain where I was. The eagles fat down feemingly fatigued, when the heat of the fun foon caused them both to fall asleep; nor did I long resist its fascinating power. In the cool of the evening, when the fun had retired below the horizon, I was roused from sleep by the eagle moving under me; and having stretched myself along its back, I sat up, and reaffumed my travelling position, when they

they both took wing, and having placed themselves as before, directed their course to South America. The moon shining bright during the whole night, I had a fine view of all the islands in those seas.

About the break of day we reached the great continent of America, that part called Terra Firma, and descended on the top of a very high mountain. At this time the moon, far distant in the west, and obscured by dark clouds, but just afforded light sufficient for me to discover a kind of shrubbery all around, bearing fruit fomething like cabbages, which the eagles began to feed on very eagerly. I endeavoured to discover my situation, but sogs and passing clouds involved me in the thickest darkness; and what rendered the scene still more shocking, was the tremendous howling of wild beafts,

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fome of which appeared to be very near: however, I determined to keep my feat, imagining that the eagle would carry me away if any of them fhould make an hostile attempt. When -day light began to appear, I thought of examining the fruit which I had feen the eagles eat; and as some was hanging, which I could eafily come at, I took out my knife, and cut a flice; but how great was my furprise to see that it had all the appearance of roaft beef regularly mixed, both fat and lean! I tasted it, and found it well flavoured and delicious; then cut feveral large flices, and put in my pocket, where I found a crust of bread which I had brought from Margate; took it out, and found three musket balls that had been lodged in it on Dover cliff. I extracted them, and cutting a few flices more, made

made a hearty meal of bread and cold beef fruit. I then cut down two of the largest that grew near me, and tying them together with one of my garters, hung them over the eagle's neck for another occasion, filling my pockets at the fame time. While I was fettling these affairs, I observed a large fruit like an inflated bladder, which I wished to try an experiment upon; and striking my knife into one of them, a fine pure liquor like Holland's gin gushed out, which the eagles observing, eagerly drank up from the ground. I cut down the bladder as fast as I could, and faved about half a pint in the bottom of it, which I tafted, and could not diffinguish it from the best mountain wine. I drank it all, and found myself greatly refreshed. By this time the eagles began to stagger against the shrubs. I endeavoured to

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keep

keep my feat, but was foon thrown to fome distance among the bushes. In attempting to rife, I put my hand upon a large hedge-hog, which happened to lie among the grafs upon its back: it instantly closed round my hand, fo that I found it impossible to shake it off. I struck it several times against the ground without effect; but while I was thus employed, I heard a ruftling among the shrubbery, and looking up, I faw an huge animal within three yards of me: I could make no defence, but held out both my hands, when it rushed upon me, and seized that on which the hedge-hog was fixed My hand being foon relieved, I ran to fome distance, where I saw the creature fuddenly drop down, and expire with the hedge-hog in its throat. When the danger was past, I went to view the eagles, and found them ly-

ing on the grafs fast asleep, being intoxicated with the liquor they had drank. Indeed I found myself confiderably elevated by it, and feeing every thing quiet, I began to fearch for fome more, which I foon found; and having cut down two large bladders, about a gallon each, I tied them together, and hung them over the neck of the other eagle; and two fmaller ones 1 tied with a cord round my own waift. Having fecured a good stock of provisions, and perceiving the eagles begin to recover, I again took my feat. In half an hour they arose majestically from the place, without taking the least notice of their incumbrance. Each reassumed its former station; and directing their course to the northward, they croffed the Gulf of Mexico, entered North America, and steered directly for the Polar

Polar regions; which gave me the finest opportunity of viewing this vast continent that can possibly be imagined.

Before we entered the frigid zone, the cold began to affect me; but piercing one of my bladders, I took a draught, and found that it could make no impression on me afterwards. Passing over Hudson's Bay, I saw several of the company's ships lying at anchor, and many tribes of Indians marching with their surs to market.

By this time I was fo reconciled to my feat, and became fuch an expert rider, that I could fit up and look around me; but in general I lay along the eagle's neck, grasping it in my arms, with my hands immersed in its feathers, in order to keep them warm.

In these cold climates I observed that the eagles slew with greater rapidity,

pidity, in order, I suppose, to keep their blood in circulation. In passing Bassin's Bay I saw several large Greenlandmen to the eastward, and many surprising mountains of ice in those seas.

While I was furveying these wonders of nature, it occurred to me that this was a good opportunity to discover the north-west passage, if any fuch thing existed, and not only obtain the reward offered by government, but the honour of a discovery pregnant with fo many advantages to every European nation. But while my thoughts were absorbed in this pleasing reverie, I was alarmed by the first eagle striking its head against a solid transparent substance; and in a moment that which I rode experienced the fame fate; and both fell down feemingly dead.

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Here our lives must inevitably have terminated, had not a fense of danger, and the fingularity of my fituation, inspired me with a degree of skill and dexterity, which enabled us to fall near two miles perpendicular with as little inconveniency as if we had been let down with a rope: for no fooner did I perceive the eagles strike against a frozen cloud, which is very common near the poles, than (they being close together) I laid myself along the back of the foremost, and took hold of its wings to keep them extended, at the same time stretching out my legs behind to support the wings of the other. This had the defired effect; and we descended very safe on a mountain of ice, which I supposed to be about three miles above the level of the fea.

I difmounted; unloaded the eagles; opened

opened one of the bladders, and administered some of the liquor to each of them, without once confidering that the horrors of destruction seemed to have conspired against me. The roaring of waves, crashing of ice, and the howling of bears, conspired to form a scene the most awful and tremendous; but notwithstanding this, my concern for the recovery of the eagles was fo great, that I was infensible of the danger to which I was exposed. Having rendered them every affiftance in my power, I flood over them in painful anxiety, fully fensible that it was only by means of them that I could possibly be delivered from these abodes of despair.

But suddenly a monstrous bear began to roar behind me, with a voice like thunder. I turned round, and feeing the creature just ready to de-

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vour me, having the bladder of liquor in my hands, through fear I fqueezed it so hard, that it burst, and the liquor slying in the eyes of the animal, totally deprived it of sight. It instantly turned from me, ran away in a state of distraction, and soon fell over a precipice of ice into the sea, where I saw it no more.

The danger being over, I again turned my attention to the eagles, whom I found in a fair way of recovery; and suspecting that they were faint for want of victuals, I took one of the beef fruits, cut it into small slices, and presented them with it, which they devoured with avidity.

Having given them plenty to eat and drink, and disposed of the remainder of my provision, I took posfession of my seat as before. After composing myself, and adjusting every thing

thing in the best manner, I began to eat and drink very heartily; and through the effects of the mountain, as I called it, was very cheerful, and began to fing a few verses of a fong, which I had learned when I was a boy: but the noise foon alarmed the eagles, who had been asleep, through the quantity of liquor which they drank, and they arose seemingly much terrified. Happily for me, however, when I was feeding them, I had accidently turned their heads towards the fouth-east, which course they pursued with a rapid motion. In a few hours I faw the western isles; and soon after had the inexpressible pleasure of seeing Old England. I took no notice of the feas or islands over which I passed.

The eagles descended gradually as they drew near the shore, intending, as I supposed, to alight on one of the

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Welch

Welch mountains; but when they came to the distance of about fixty yards, two guns were fired at them, loaded with balls, one of which took place in a bladder of liquor that hung to my waist; the other entered the breast of the foremost eagle, who fell to the ground, while that which I rode, having received no injury, slew away with amazing swiftness.

This circumstance alarmed me exceedingly, and I began to think it was impossible for me to escape with my life; but recovering a little, I once more looked down upon the earth; when, to my inexpressible joy, I saw Margate at a little distance, and the eagle descending on the old tower whence it had carried me on the morning of the day before. It no sooner came down, than I threw myself off, happy to find that I was once more restored.

restored to the world. The eagle slew away in a few minutes, and I sat down to compose my fluttering spirits, which I did in a few hours.

I foon paid a visit to my friends, and related these adventures. Amazement stood in every countenance; their congratulations on my returning in safety were repeated with an unaffected degree of pleasure, and we passed the evening, as we are doing now, every person present paying the highest compliments to my Courage and Veracuty.

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