THE

# A C T S

OF THE

# GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

OF

HIS MAJESTY'S PROVINCE

O F

# NEW-BRUNSWICK,

'From the TWENTY-SIXTH to the FORTY-FIFTH Year
Of the REIGN of

# KING GEORGE the THIRD.

With a COPIOUS INDEX.



#### ST. JOHN:

PRINTED BY JOHN RYAN, PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY, AT HIS OFFICE, NO. 9, LONG-WHARF, SOUTH SIDE MARKET SLIP.

M DCCC V.

THOMAS CARLETON, Esquire, the first Governor of the Province of New-Brunswick, was appointed Captain-General and Governor in Chief in and over the same on the 16th of August, in the year 1784, and continued so till the 20th of May, 1786; when Sir Guy Carleton, now Lord Dorchester, having been appointed Governor of this and the adjacent Provinces of Nova-Scotia, Canada, &c. the said Thomas Carleton, Esquire, was appointed Lieutenant-Governor of New-Brunswick, and continued to administer the Government of the same till the 5th of October, 1803, when having obtained His Majesty's most gracious leave of absence, he went to Great-Britain, and thereupon the administration of the Government devolved upon

who now administers the same by the style of President of His Majesty's Council and Commander in Chief of the Province.

GABRIEL G. LUDLOW, Esquire,

A

# T A B L E

OF THE

# ACTS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

CONTAINING

The TITLES of the ACTS passed

From the Twenty-Sixth to the Forty-Third Year of the
Reign of GEORGE III. inclusive.

#### Anno 26 Georgii III.

- 1. AN A&t for the better afcertaining and confirming the Boundaries of the feveral Counties within this Province, and for fubdividing them into Towns or Parishes.
- 2. An Act for the Registering of Letters Patent and Grants made under the Great Seal of the Province of *Nova-Scotia*, of Lands now fituate within the limits of this Province.
- 3. An Act for the Public Registering of all Deeds, Conveyances and Wills, and other Incumbrances which shall be made of, or that may affect, any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments within this Province.
- 4. An Act for Preserving the Church of England, as by Law established in this Province, and for securing Liberty of Conscience in matters of Religion.
- 5. An Act against the Profanation of the LORD's Day, commonly called Sunday, and for the suppression of Immorality.
- 6. An Act for Regulating Juries and declaring the Qualifications of Jurors.
- 7. An Act to empower the Foreman of the Grand Juries to administer the usual Oaths to such Witnesses as are to be examined before them.

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### ii The TITLES of the ACTS.

- 8. An A&t for enabling the Justices of the Supreme Court to try all causes at Nisi Prius, and authorizing Attornies of the Supreme Court to practice in the Inserior Courts of Common Pleas within this Province.
- 9. An Act for limiting the Value of Actions to be brought in the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas in this Province, and for restraining the removal of Actions.
- 10. An Act for Regulating the Courts of Law established in the feveral Counties for the Trial of Causes to the value of Forty Shillings.
- 11. An Act relating to Wills, Legacies, Executors and Administrators, and for the fettlement and distribution of the Estates of Intestates.
- 12. An Act subjecting Real Estates in the Province of New-Brunswick to the payment of Debts, and directing the Sheriff in his proceedings thereon.
- 13. An Act for Relief against Absconding Debtors.
- 14. An A& for Prevention of Frauds and Perjuries.
- 15. An Act for Regulating Weights and Measures.
- 16. An Act for Establishing a Tender in all Payments to be made in this Province.
- 17. An A& for Establishing the Rate of Interest.
- 18. An Act for Preventing the Multiplication of Law Suits.
- 19. An Act for Permitting Persons of the Profession of the People called Quakers, to make an Affirmation instead of an Oath.
- 20. An Act for admitting Depositions De Bene Esse, of Witnesses aged, infirm, and otherwise unable to travel, and of Witnesses departing from the Province.
- 21. An Act to prevent unnecessary Expence in Actions on the Case on Judgment by Default.
- 22. An Act for afcertaining Damages on Protested Bills of Exchange.
- 23. An Act for giving the like Remedy upon Promiffory Notes as on Inland Bills of Exchange.
- 24. An Act to enable Creditors more easily to recover their Debts from Joint Partners.
- 25. An Act to prevent Frivolous and Vexatious Arrests.
- 26. An Act to prevent Gaming.
- 27. An Act for preventing Idleness and Disorders, and for punishing Rogues, Vagabonds and other idle and disorderly Persons.

- 28. An Act for the Appointment of Town or Parish Officers in the feveral Counties in this Province.
- 29. An Act for preventing Trespasses.
- 30. An Act to prevent the Burning Woods by carelessly or wantonly Firing the same.
- 31. An Act to prevent Nuisances by Hedges, Wears, Seines and other Incumbrances obstructing the passage of Fish in the Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province.
- 32. An Act for laying out, repairing and amending Highways, Roads and Streets, and for appointing Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways within the several Towns or Parishes in this Province.
- 33. An Act for regulating and facilitating the Navigation of the River Saint John, and other Rivers in this Province.
- 34. An Act for fecuring the Navigation of the River Maggaugaudavic.
- 35. An Act to prevent the malicious killing or maining of Cattle.
- 36. An Act for regulating Inn-holders, Tavern-keepers and Retailers of Spirituous Liquors.
- 37. An Act for regulating Servants.
- 38. An Act to enable the Justices of the Peace of the several Counties in this Province for the time being, to receive for Public uses, Grants of Lands lying in their respective Counties, and to regulate the Commons belonging to the several Townships or Parishes within the same.
- 39. An Act for the Preservation of Moose.
- 40. An Act to oblige Absent Proprietors to pay a proportion of any Public charge and to repair Highways.
- 41. An A& to enable the Treasurers of the respective Counties in this Province to recover from such Person or Persons as have heretofore received any Monies or are otherwise indebted for the Sale of Mill-Privileges and Public Lots.
- 42. An Act for affeffing, collecting and levying County Rates.
- 43. An Act to regulate and provide for the support of the Poor in this Province.
- 44. An Act to regulate the Sale of Goods fold at Public Auction or Out-cry.
- 45. An Act for appointing Commissioners of Sewers.
- 46. An Act for confirming unto the City of Saint John its Rights and Privileges.

# iv The TITLES of the ACTS.

- 47. An Act for the better extinguishing Fires that may happen within the City of Saint John.
- 48. An Act against Forestallers and Regraters.
- 49. An Act establishing the Rates to be taken for Wharfage and Cranage of Ships and other Vessels within the limits of this Province.
- 50. An Act for regulating the Exportation of Fish and Lumber, and for afcertaining the Quality of the same.
- 51. An Act to prevent Frauds in the Sale of Damaged Goods imported into this Province.
- 52. An Act for regulating Pilots.
- 53. An Act for the regulation of Seamen.
- 54. An Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Saint John to raife a fum of Money, not exceeding Three Hundred Pounds in the whole, nor more than One Hundred Pounds in any one Year, to pay off their Debts already incurred, and to defray the necessary contingent Expences arising within the said City.
- 55. An Act for raifing a Revenue in this Province.
- 56. An Act to rectify the mistakes in an Act for raising a Revenue in this Province.
- 57. An Act to lay a Tax on Dogs.
- 58. An A& against Tumults and Diforders upon pretence of preparing or prefenting Public Petitions or other Addresses to the Governor or General Assembly.
- 59. An Act for the speedy Punishment and Release of such Persons as shall commit Criminal offences under the degree of Grand Larceny.
- 60. An Act for the Conviction and Punishment of Criminals who shall refuse to plead when arraigned, and for the Trial of those who shall peremptorily challenge more than Twenty.
- 61. An Act for the Trial and Punishment of Criminals who shall Steal Bills of Exchange, Bonds, Warrants, Bills or Promissory Notes.

### Anno 27 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act for establishing a Militia in the Province of New-Brunswick, and for regulating the same.
- 2. An Act to authorize the respective Proprietors of certain Islands in the River Saint John, and other Rivers in this Province, to make rules and regulations for their better improvement and cultivation.

- 3. An Act for laying an Impost.
- 4. An Act for fecuring the Purchafers of Mortgaged Estates.
- 5. An Act in addition to An Act for laying out, repairing and amending Highways, Roads and Streets, and for appointing Commissioners and Surveyors within the several Towns or Parishes in this Province.
- 6. An Act to empower the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace in the several Counties in this Province to grant Licences to Tavernkeepers and Retailers of Spirituous Liquors.
- 7. An Act in addition to An Act for the better afcertaining and confirming the Boundaries of the several Counties within this Province, and for subdividing them into Towns or Parishes.
- 8. An Act in addition to an Act, intitled, An Act for affessing, collecting and levying County Rates.
- 9. An Act for more effectually fecuring the Title of Purchasers of Real Estates against Claims of Dower.
- 10. An Act to enable the Justices of the Peace in the several Counties in this Province, wherein no sufficient Gaols are erected, to send Perfons charged with Grand Larceny, and other offences of a higher nature, to the Gaol of the City and County of Saint John.
- 11. An Act in addition to an Act, intitled, An Act for regulating the Exportation of Fish and Lumber, and for ascertaining the quality of the same.
- 12. An Act for appropriating and disposing of the Public Monies.

#### Anno 28 Georgii III.

- 1. AN A& for continuing and amending an A&, intitled, An A& for laying an Impoft.
- 2. An Act in addition to an Act, intitled, An Act for Relief against Absconding Debtors.
- 3. An Act in addition to an Act, intitled, An Act for the better extinguishing Fires that may happen within the City of Saint John.
- 4. An Act to provide for the Support of a Light-House to be built upon Partridge-Island.
- 5. An Act to continue fundry Acts of the General Affembly which are near expiring.
- 6. An Act for regulating the Fisheries in the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province.

### The TITLES of the ACTS.

- 7. An Act in addition to an Act, intitled, An Act for regulating Pilots.
- 8. An Act to empower the Justices of the Sessions in the several Counties in this Province to make such Regulations respecting Markets and Ferries within such Counties, as may be found necessary.
- 9. An A& to amend an A&, intitled, An A& for regulating the Exportation of Fish and Lumber and for ascertaining the quality of the same.
- 10. An Act for appropriating and disposing of the Public Monies.

#### Anno 29 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act for erecting a Parish in the City of Saint John, and incorporating the Rectors, Church-Wardens and Vestries of the Church of England, in the several Parishes in this Province.
- 2. An Act to repeal an Act, intitled, An Act to empower the Foreman of the Grand Juries to administer the usual Oaths to such Witnesses as are to be examined before them.
- 3. An Act in amendment of an Act, intitled, An Act for affeffing, collecting and levying County Rates.
- 4. An Ast to authorize the erection of Fences and Gates across certain Roads in the several Counties in this Province, where the same shall be found necessary.
- 5. An A& to continue and amend an A&, intitled, An A& for regulating the Fisheries in the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province.
- 6. An A& for laying an Impost.

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- 7. An Act relating to the Punishment of Persons convicted of Felony within the Benefit of Clergy.
- 8. An Act for reviving and continuing and amending fundry Laws that have expired and are near expiring.
- 9. An Act for appropriating and disposing of the Public Monies.

### Anno 31 Georgii III.

- 1. AN A& to continue an A&, intitled, An A& to authorize the erection of Fences and Gates across certain Roads in the several Counties in this Province, where the sume shall be found necessary.
- 2. An Ast to declare that no Law passed in the General Assembly of the Province of Nova-Scotia before the erestion of the Province of New-Brunswick, shall be of force in this Province.

- 3. An A& in addition to and in amendment of an A&, intitled, An AA for laying out, repairing and amending Highways, Roads and Streets, and for appointing Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways within the several Towns or Parishes of this Province.
- 4. An Act for the Recovery of Small Debts.
- 5. An Act for regulating Marriage and Divorce, and for preventing and punishing Incest, Adultery and Fornication.
- 6. An Act in addition to an Act, intitled, An Act for regulating Juries and declaring the Qualification of Jurors.
- 7. An Act to define and describe the Crime of Petit Larceny.
- 8. An Act for fixing permanently the Boundary Lines between the different Grants in this Province.
- 9. An Act for altering the Times of holding the Court of General Seffions of the Peace, and Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the Counties therein mentioned.
- 10. An Act to enable the Justices of the Supreme Court to iffue Commissions for the examining of Witnesses out of the Province.
- 11. An Act for the security and protection of certain Islands in the River Saint John.
- 12. An Act to continue an Act, intitled, An Act for laying an Impost.
- 13. An Act for regulating the Fisheries in the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province.
- 14. An Act for the support and relief of Confined Debtors.
- 15. An Act for laying an Impost.
- 16. An A&t for appropriating and disposing of the Public Monies.
- 17. An Act for regulating Elections of Representatives in General Assembly, and for limiting the duration of Assemblies in this Province.

#### Anno 32 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act for continuing the establishment of a Militia, and for regulating the same.
- 2. An Act in amendment of an Act, intitled, An Act for more effectually securing the Title of Purchasers of Real Estates against Claims of Dower, and also to enable Femes Covert more easily to convey any Real Estate they may hold in their own right.
- 3. An A& to provide for the Maintenance of Bastard Children.

#### viii The TITLES of the ACTS.

- 4. An Act for altering the Times of holding the Court of General Scf. fions of the Peace and Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the County of Northumberland.
- 5. An Act to encourage the destroying of Wolves.
- 6. An Act to prevent the destruction of Sheep by Dogs.
- 7. An Act to continue an Act, intitled, An Act to prevent Frauds in the Sale of Damaged Goods imported into this Province.
- 8. An Act to enable the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Inferior Court of Common Pleas in King's County to hold the same Courts for the present Ycar, at the time therein mentioned.
- An A& to restrain all Persons that may be concerned in the Collection
  of Impost Duties from owning any Vessel, or trading or dealing in
  Dutiable Articles.
- 10. An Act for raifing a Revenue in this Province.
- 11. An A&t to defray the Expences incurred, and to be incurred in the Public Service therein mentioned.

#### Anno 33 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act to continue fundry Acts of the General Assembly which have expired or are near expiring.
- 2. An A& to prevent the encumbering or filling up of Harbours.
- 3. An Act for apprehending Deferters from His Majesty's Service and for punishing unlawful Dealings with Soldiers or Deferters.
- 4. An Act to explain and amend an Act, intitled, An Act to provide for the support of a Light-House to be built upon Partridge Island.
- 5. An Act in amendment of an Act, intitled, An Act for more effectually fecuring the Title of Purchasers of Real Estates against Claims of Dower.
- 6. An A& in amendment of an A&, intitled, An A& to regulate and provide for the Support of the Poor in this Province.
- 7. An Act for regulating the Size and Contents of Lime Hogsheads within this Province.
- 8. An Act to levy an Assessment on the Proprietors of the Township of Sackville, for defraying the Expences of a Survey and Plan of faid Township.
- 9. An Act for regulating the Fisheries in the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province.
- 10. An Act for raising a Revenue in this Province.

#### Anno 34 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act for the better regulating the Militia in this Province.
- 2. An Act for apprehending Persons in any County or Place upon Warrants granted by Justices of the Peace of any other County.
- 3. An Act to explain and amend an Act, intitled, An Act for regulating the Fisheries in the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province.
- 4. An Act for altering the Times of holding the Inferior Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace in the County of Charlotte.
- 5. An Act to alter and amend an Act, intitled, An Act for regulating Inn-holders, Tavern-keepers and Retailers of Spirituous Liquors.
- 6. An Act to alter and amend an Act, intitled, An Act for afcertaining Damages on Protested Bills of Exchange.
- 7. An Act to continue an Act, intitled, An Act for raifing a Revenue in this Province.
- 8. An Act in addition to an Act, intitled, An Act for appointing Commissioners of Sewers.
- 9. An Act for preserving the Bank of the River Saint John, in front of the Parishes of Magerville, Sheffield and Waterborough.
- 10. An Act for appropriating and disposing of the Public Monies.

#### Anno 35 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts.
- 2. An Act to regulate the Terms of the Sittings of the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas in this Province, and to enlarge the Jurisdiction of the same, and for the Summary Trial of certain Actions.
- 3. An A& in addition to an A&, intitled, An A& for the better afcertaining and confirming the Boundaries of the several Counties within this Province, and for subdividing them into Towns or Parishes.
- 4. An Act for preserving the Bank of the River Saint John, in front of the Parish of Lincoln, in the County of Sunbury.
- 5. An Act to continue feveral Acts that are near expiring.
- 6. An Act to provide for the support of Beacons to be erected for better fecuring the Navigation of Paffamaquoddy Bay, and building a Slip in the Harbour of Saint Andrews.
- 7. An Act further to continue an Act, intitled, An Act for raising a Revenue in this Province.

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### Anno 36 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act to prevent Acts of the General Assembly from taking effect from a time prior to the passing thereof.
- 2. An Act for reviving and continuing an Act, intitled, An Act for the Support and relief of Confined Debtors.
- 3. An Act to revive and continue an Act, intitled, An Act for preserving the Bank of the River Saint John, in front of the Parishes of Magerville, Sheffield, and Waterborough.
- 4. An Act for preventing unnecessary expense and delay in the process of Barring Entails, and for establishing a plain and easy Form of conveying and affuring Estates-Tail.
- 5. An Act to prevent bringing Infectious Distempers into the City of Saint John.
- 6. An Act to amend an Act, intitled, An Act for regulating the Fisheries in the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province, fo far as the same respects the Fisheries in that part of the County of Northumberland, which is within the Bay and River Miramichi and its Branches.
- 7. An Act for regulating, laying out and repairing Highways and Roads, and for appointing Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways within the several Towns or Parishes in this Province, and for suspending for a limited time all the Laws now in force relating to the same.

### Anno 37 Georgii III.

- 1. AN A& to continue an A&, intitled, An A& for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts.
- 2. An Act to alter and amend an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, An Act for preventing Trespasses.
- 3. An Act to authorize the erection of Fences and Gates across certain Roads in the several Counties in this Province, where the same shall be found necessary.
- 4. An Act for regulating the Exportation of Fish and Lumber, and for repealing the Laws now in force regulating the same.
- 5. An Act to prevent the growth of Thistles.
- 6. An A& to alter and amend an A&, intitled, An A& for regulating, laying out and repairing Highways and Roads, and for appointing Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways within the several Towns or Parishes in this Province, and for suspending for a limited time all the Laws now in force relating to the same.

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#### Anno 38 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act to continue fundry Acts of the General Assembly that are near expiring.
- 2. An Act in addition to and in amendment of an Act, intitled, An Act for the Regulation of Seamen.

#### Anno 39 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act for raising a Revenue in this Province.
- 2. An Act to provide for payment of fundry Debts of the Province for the year One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-five.
- 3. An Act for defraying the Ordinary Services of the year One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-five.
- 4. An Act to provide for payment of the Services therein mentioned.
- 5. An A& for regulating the Fisheries in the County of Northumberland.
- 6. An Act in amendment of an Act made and passed in the Thirty-sirst year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, An Act for the support and relief of Confined Debtors.
- 7. An Act to authorize the Justices of the Sessions in the several Counties in this Province, to make regulations for the weighing of Hay, within such Counties where it may be found necessary to erect Machines for that purpose.
- 8. An Act to prevent the Importation or spreading of Infectious Distempers within this Province.
- g. An Act to repeal an Act made and passed in the Thirty-sixth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, An Act to prevent bringing Infectious Distempers into the City of Saint John, and to make more effectual provision for preventing the Importation and spreading of such contagious Distempers.
- 10. An Act for defraying the Ordinary Services of the Province, for the years One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-fix, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-feven, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-eight, and One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-nine.
- 11. An Act for raifing a Revenue and for appropriating the fame towards re-imburfing the Members attending in General Assembly.

#### Anno 41 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act for raising a Revenue in this Province.
- 2. An Act for the rendering Justices of the Peace more fase in the execution of their Office; and for indemnifying Constables and others acting in obedience to their warrants.

#### The TITLES of the ACTS.

- 3. An Act to repeal all the Acts now in force relating to Trespasses, and for making new Regulations to prevent the same.
- 4. An Act for the better fecuring the Navigation of Paffamaquoddy Bay within Deer Island.
- 5. An Act for the support and relief of Confined Debtors.

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- 6. An Act for erecting a Court-House and Gaol in the County of West-morland, and for altering the Shire Town of the said County.
- 7. An Act to continue an Act made and passed in the Thirty-sixth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, An Act for regulating, laying out and repairing Highways and Roads, and for appointing Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways within the several Towns or Parishes in this Province, and for suspending for a limited time all the Laws now in force relating to the same.
- 8. An Act for the further and better support of the Poor in the City of Saint John.
- 9. An Ast for preferving the Bank of the River Saint John, in front of the Parish of Lincoln, in the County of Sunbury.
- 10. An Ast to continue an Ast, intitled, An Ast for preserving the Bank of the River Saint John, in front of the Parishes of Magerville, Sheffield and Waterborough.
- 11. An A& to empower the Justices of the Peace for the County of York, to make such Regulations respecting the Winter Roads in that County as may be found necessary.
- 12. An Ast for appropriating certain Monies for defraying the Expences of the Province.
- 13. An Act for granting certain Sums for repairing and laying out Roads.

#### Anno 42 Georgii III.

- 4. AN Act for regulating the Militia.
- 2. An Act for altering the Times of holding the Inferior Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace for the County of King's.
- 3. An Act for altering the Times of holding the Courts of General Seffions of the Peace and Common Pleas in the County of Westmorland.
- 4. An A&t to render Persons convicted of Petty Larceny competent Witnesses.
- 5. An Act for the casy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts, and for regulating the proceedings thereon.

- 6. An A&t for aiding and encouraging Parish Schools.
- 7. An Act in addition to an Act, "To regulate the Terms of the Sittings of the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas in this Province, and to enlarge the Jurisdiction of the same, and for the Summary trial of Actions."
- 8. An Act for raising a Revenue in this Province, and for appropriating the same, together with the Monies now in the Treasury.

#### Anno 43 Georgii III.

- 3. AN Act for transferring to and veffing in the Crown such Lands and Tenements of any person or body politic, on which it may be judged suitable and necessary to erect Fortifications, or which may be wanted for other uses of War and defence, and for ascertaining the value thereof and making compensation for the same to the former owners.
- 2. An Act to enable the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace and Inserior Court of Common Pleas in the County of Northumber-land, to hold the same for the present Year at the times therein mentioned.
- 3. An Act for altering the Divisions of Four of the Wards in the City of Saint John, and for changing the mode of Elections within the two other Wards of the said City.
- 4. An Act in addition to an Act, intitled, "An Act for the better ascertaining and confirming the Boundaries of the several Counties within this Province, and for subdividing them into Towns and Parishes."
- 5. An Act for erecting the Upper part of the County of York into a diftinct Town and Parish.
- 6. An A& for regulating the Exportation of Butter.
- 7. An Act to explain and amend an Act, intitled, "An Act for regulating the Exportation of Fish and Lumber, and repealing the Laws now in force regulating the same."
- 8. An Act to continue fundry Acts of the General Affembly that are near expiring.
- 9. An A& for raising a Revenue in this Province.
- 10. An Ast for appropriating certain Monies for defraying the Expences of the Province.
- \*1. An Act for granting certain Sums for repairing and laying out Roads.

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#### Anno 45 Georgii III.

- 1. AN Act for the better regulating the Militia in this Province.
- 2. An Act to alter one of the Terms of holding the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County of York.
- 3. An Act to prevent the Importation and Sale of Goods by Persons not His Majesty's Subjects,
- 4. An Ast for the better regulating the Weight and Rates at which Gold Coin shall pass current in this Province.
- 5. An Act to continue an Act, intitled, "An Act for the better fecuring the Navigation of Passamaquoddy Bay, within Deer-Island."
- 6. An Act for the more effectual prevention of Defertion from His Majesty's Forces.
- 7. An Act to alter and amend an Act, intitled, "An Act for fecuring the Navigation of the River Magaguadavic."
- 8. An Act to regulate the Winter Roads in the Counties of York and Sunbury.
- 9. An Act in addition to an Act, intitled, "An Act for regulating Juries and declaring the Qualification of Jurors."
- of Common Pleas in the County of Sunbury.
- 11. An Act to provide for punctuality of payment at the Treasury, by iffuing Notes to the amount of the Public appropriations.
- 12. An Act for encouraging and extending Literature in this Province.
- 13. An Act to enable the Commissioners of Highways in the Parishes of Magerville, Sheffield and Waterborough, to lay out Highways and to appropriate part of the Statute labor for securing the Bank of the River in front of those Parishes.
- 14. An Act for the regulation of Booms for fecuring Masts, Logs and Lumber, in the County of Charlotte.
- 15. An Act for granting aid in support of the College of New-Brunf-wick, incorporated by Charter and established at Fredericion.
- 16. An A&t to continue an A&t made and passed in the Thirty-sixth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, "An A&t for regulating, laying out, and repairing Highways."
- 17. An Act to continue an Act made and passed in the Forty-third year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Act for raising a Revenue in this Province."

- 18. An Act for erecting the Eastern part of the County of Westmorland into a distinct Town or Parish.
- 19. An Act to continue fundry Acts of the General Assembly that are near expiring.
- 20. An Act to amend "An Act for regulating the Exportation of Butter."
- 21. An Act to appropriate the Public Revenue.

ERRATUM in the TABLE.

Page 1, line 7, for Forty-third, read Forty-fifth.

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# THE ACTS

OF THE

# GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

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### Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Vicesimo Sexto.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at the City of Saint John, on the third day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, and in the twenty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth; being the first Session of the first Assembly convened in the said Province.

#### CAP. I.

An ACT for the better ascertaining and confirming the Boundaries of the several Counties within this Province, and for subdividing them into Towns or Parishes.

THEREAS his most gracious Majesty, by his Royal Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Preamble descrithis Province, bearing date the 18th day of May, bing the several Counties in the 1785, was pleased to erect and constitute into one Province, viz. distinct and separate County, all that tract or district of Land fituate in this Province, bounded southerly on the Bay of Fundy, easterly by Hopewell Townfhip,

Saint John.

ship, and a line running from the north-west corner of said Township, due north into the Country, northerly by a line running east-north-east, and west-south-west, from the southern-most point of the Kennebeckacis Island, lying at the mouth of the river Kennebeckacis, where it joins the river Saint John, and westerly by a due north line from point Le Proe, in the Bay of Fundy aforesaid. And did thereby ordain, establish and declare that all and singular the Lands and Waters comprised within the limits aforesaid, should forever thereafter be, continue and remain a distinct and separate County, and including the City of Saint John, should be called, known and distinguished by the name of the City and County of Saint John.

Westmorland.

And whereas by like Letters Patent fince paffed, his Majesty was further pleased to creet and constitute into one diffinct and separate County, all that tract or diffrict of Land situate in this Province, bounded eafterly by the Province of Nova-Scotia, and the Gulf of St. Lawrence, northerly by a due west line running into the Country from the northernmost point of the large Island in the mouth or entrance of Chediac bay or harrour, westerly by a line beginning at a point in the north boundary line of Saint John's county, due north from Quaco Head in the Bay of Fundy, and running north into the Country until it meets said west line, and southerly by the County of Saint John aforesaid, and the Bay of Chignecto, and did thereby ordain, establish and declare, that all and fingular the Lands and Waters comprised within the limits aforesaid, should forever thereaster be, continue and remain a distinct and separate County, to be called, known and diftinguished by the name of the County of Westmorland.

Charlotte.

And whereas by like Letters Patent fince passed, his Majesty was pleased to erect and constitute into one distinct and separate County, another tract or district of Land, situate in the western part of this Province, bounded on the south by the Bay of Fundy,

on the west by the river Scudiac or St. Croix, and the western shore of the Bay of Passamaquoddy, including the Island of Grand Manan, on the east by **2** due north line from point Le Proe in said Bay of Fundy, running into the Country, and on the north by a due west line commencing in the said north line thirty miles diftant from point Le Proe aforesaid. And did thereby ordain, establish and declare that all and fingular the Lands and Waters comprised within the limits aforesaid, should forever thereafter be, continue and remain a diffinct and separate County, to be called, known and diffinguished by the name of the County of Charlotte.

And whereas by like Letters Patent fince paffed, another tract or diftrict of Land lying within this Northumberland. Province, bounded southerly by the County of Westmorland, eafterly by the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and the Baie des Chaleurs, northerly by the said Bay and the southern boundary of the Province of Quebec, and westerly by a continuation of the western boundary line of the said County of Westmorland, was also erected into one diffinct and separate County, to be called and known by the name of the County of Northumberland.

And whereas by like Letters Patent in like manner fince passed, another tract or district of Land, lying within this Province, on both fides the river Saint John, bounded on the south by the County of Saint John, on the west by Charlotte County, on the east by the Counties of Westmorland and Northumberland, and on the north by a line running south-west and north-east from the south point of Spoon-Island, lying in Saint John's river, was also erected into one diftinct and separate County, to be called and known by the name of King's County.

And whereas by like Letters Patent in like manner fince passed, another tract or district of Land, lying Queen's County within this Province, on both fides the river Saint John, bounded on the south-east by King's County, on the south-west by Charlotte County, on the

King's County.

north-east by the County of Northumberland, and on the north-west by the south boundary line of Burton Township, and by a continuation of the said line to the north-east and south-west until it meets the Counties of Northumberland and Charlotte respectively; was also erected into one diffinct and separate County, to be called and known by the name of Queen's County.

York.

And whereas by like Letters Patent, in like manner fince passed, another tract or district of Land, lying within this Province on both fides the river Saint *John*, bounded on the south-west by *Charlotte* County, on the north-east by the County of Northumberland, on the north-west by the Province of Quebec, and on the south-east by the north boundary line of the Township of Maugerville, and by the said line continued to the north-east till it meets the western bounds of Northumberland County, and south-west to the eastern bounds of the County of *Charlotte*, was also erected into one distinct and separate County, to be called and known by the name of the County of York.

Sandary.

And whereas by like Letters Patent, in like manner fince passed, the County of Sunbury was limited and bounded on the north-west by the County of York, on the north-east by the County of Northumberland, on the south-east by Queen's County, and on the south-west by the County of Charlotte.

Court-Houses & Gaols to be erected as follows, viz.-

Saint John; At Westmorland; At St. Andrews; At Kingston; At Gagetown; At Fredericton.

And whereas his Majesty did further grant and declare in the said Letters Patent respectively, that his loving subjects then refiding and who thereafter should inhabit within the said Counties respectively, might at their own charge erect a Court-House and Gaol in each of the said Counties, viz. at the City At the City of of Saint John, in the County of Saint John; at Westmorland, in the County of Westmorland; at Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte; at Kingston, in King's County; at Gagetown, in Queen's County; and at Fredericton, in the County of York; which said several Towns were thereby declared to

be the county Towns of the said Counties respectively.

And whereas the said several lines limiting and bounding the said respective Counties, cannot in the present condition of the Province be surveyed and finally ascertained, notwithstanding which it is at present necessary that the said several Counties be subdivided into Towns or Parishes, for the more convenient and orderly distributions of the respective Inhabitants, to enable them in their respective districts to fulfil the several duties incumbent on them, and for the better administration of Justice through the same.

Be it therefore enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That the said several Counties so bounded and limited as aforesaid, shall be, continue and for ever remain diffinct and separate Counties, to be called, known and diffinguished by their respective names as aforesaid, and that they shall be, and are hereby respectively subdivided into Towns or Parishes as follows, viz.—

The said County called the County of Saint John, exclusive of the City of Saint John, shall be divided into three Towns or Parishes, as follows, viz. the first Town or Parish to be called, known and diffinguished by the name of *Portland*, bounded on the south by the Bay of Fundy, the eastern shore of the harbour of Saint John, and the several northern bounds and limits of the said City of Saint John, on the east by the eastern boundary line of Lot No. 1, granted to Samuel Hughes, continued to the northern boundary line of the County, said eastern boundary line running from the shore of the Bay of Fundy—north fifteen degrees west—on the north by the northern boundary line of said County, and on the west by the eastern shore of the river Saint John, to the limits of the said City.—The second Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Saint Martin's, bounded on the St. Martin's. south by the Bay of Fundy, on the east by the eas-

Counties subdivided into Towns

Names and description of Towns or Parishes in the County of St. John, viz.

tern boundary line of the County, on the north by the northern boundary line of the County, and on the west by the eastern boundary line of the said Town or Parish of Portland.—The third Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Lancaster, bounded on the south by the Bay of Fundy, on the east by the western limits of the said City of Saint John and the western shore of the river Saint John, on the north by the northern boundary line of the County, and on the west by the western boundary line of the same.

Lancaster.

Towns or Parishes in the County of Westmorland, viz.—
Westmorland, Sackwille, Hopewell, Hillsburough, Moncton.

III. The said County called the County of Westmorland, shall be divided into five Towns or Parishes, to be called, known and distinguished by the following names, viz. the Town or Parish of Westmorland, the Town or Parish of Sackville, the Town or Parish of Hopewell, the Town or Parish of Hillsborough, and the Town or Parish of Moncton; the same Towns or Parishes to be bounded as in and by the several Letters Patent or Grants of the said Towns, under the Great Seal of the Province of Nova-Scotia, the said Towns are bounded and described, which bounds and descriptions are hereby ratisfied and confirmed as fully and effectually as if the same were in this Act particularly repeated and expressed,

Towns or Parishes in *Charlotte* County, viz.—
St. Stephen.

IV. The said County called Charlotte County, shall be divided into seven Towns or Parishes, as follows, viz. the first Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of St. Stephen, beginning at the southerly bounds of Lot number one hundred and thirteen, on the west side of Oak Point Bay, thence bounded northerly and easterly by the southerly line of the said Lot, and of Lot number one in the back location, the easterly lines of the grant to Nehemiah Marks and others, to the most northerly angle of said grant, and by the continuation of the northerly line of said grant to the river St. Croix, thence westerly and southerly by the bank or shore of said river, and the westerly shore of Oak Point Bay, to the first bounds—the second

Town

Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of St. David, bounded westerly by St. David. the said Town of St. Stephen, and the westerly lines of a grant to the Cape Ann Association, northerly and eafterly by the lines of said grant, and the back line of the Lots laid out on the east side of Oak Point Bay, and the continuation of that line 'till it meets the southerly line of the Cape Ann Association, southerly by the west side of the Waughweig, from the back line of Lot number eighty-two, and round Oak Point to the beginning of said Town of St. Stephen.

The third Town or Parish to be called, known and diftinguished by the name of St. Andrews, bounded westerly by the back line of Lots on the east side of Oak Point Bay, (from whence its continuation meets the southerly line of the Cape Ann Association and the Waughweig) and by the shores of Waughweig and St. Croix Bay, including St. Andrew's Island, southerly by the shores of Passamaquoddy Bay, to the division line between Lot number twenty and Lands reserved for a Glebe, Minister and School, including *Champcook* Island, easterly by a line running from the rear line of said Lot number twenty, to the southerly line of the Cape Ann Association, the said line dividing in its extent two ranges of Lots laid out in the back location, and northerly by a part of the southerly line of Cape Ann Association.

The fourth Town or Parish to be called, known and diffinguished by the name of St. Patrick, boun- St. Patrick, ded westerly by the said Town of St. Andrews, northerly by the southerly line of the Cape Ann Association, and the continuation thereof until it meets the line bounding the surveys, allotments and grants, on the western side the Maggaugaudavick, to the rear or westward, easterly by the continuation of the last described line, following its several courses until it meets the Bay of Passamaquoddy, there form- $\log$  the western bounds of Land granted  $extit{Philip Bailey}$ and others, southerly by the shores of Passama oquoddy

St. Andrews.

quoddy Bay, from the last bounds to the eastern bounds of said Town of St. Andrews, including all the Islands within two miles of the shore in this extent.

St. George.

The fifth Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of St. George, bounded westerly by the said Town of St. Patrick, northerly by the continuation of the northerly line of the same Town of St. Patrick, croffing the Maggaugaudavick, to the rear or easterly line of the surveys, allotments and grants on the east side of that river, easterly by the said line and by the northerly and easterly lines of Capt. Clinch's grant to Etang river, thence by the easterly shore of that river and the southerly fhore of the coast to the Bay of *Passamaguoddy*, and by the eafterly shore of that Bay crossing the mouth of the Maggaugaudavick, and running by the said eafterly shore to the eastern limits of the said Town of St. Patrick, including all Islands within two miles of the shore.

Pennfield.

The fixth Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of *Pennsield*, bounded westerly by the said Town of *St. George*, and the easterly shore of *Etang* river, southerly by the shore of the *Bay of Fundy* from *Etang* river to point *Le Proe*, easterly by the County line, northerly by the continuation of the northerly line of the said Town of *St. George*, until it meets the County line including *Wolf Islands*, and the Islands in *Maise's* Bay.

West-Isles.

The seventh Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of West-Isles, to contain Deer Island, Campo-Bello Island, Grand Manan Island, Moose Island, Frederick Island and Dudley Island, with all the lesser Islands contiguous to them, not included in the Towns before-mentioned.

Towns or Parishes in King's County, viz.—
Westfield.

V. The said County called King's County, shall be divided into four Towns or Parishes, as follows, viz. the first Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Westfield, bounded by a line running from the mouth of a Creek which discharges into the Long Reach at Devil's Head,

north-

north-west to the County line, and south-east to the north-west shore of Kennebeckacis Bay, and thence croffing the said Bay to the point where the County line strikes the south-east shore of said Bay.

The second Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Sussex, beginning Sussex. at the point where the County line strikes the southeast shore of Kennebeckacis Bay, and continuing along the same to the lower boundary line of a grant to Studholme, Baxter, and others, thence north to the north-west angle of the said grant, and thence north fixty-five degrees east, to the boundary line of the County.

The third Town or Parish to be called, known and diffinguished by the name of Springfield, beginning on the County line fix miles north-east from its commencement at the lower point of Spoon Island, and running thence to the rear of the Lots laid out on the north-east side of Belisle Bay, at the division line between numbers nineteen and twenty, thence croffing the Bay to a defigned Road between numbers one and eight of the Lots on the south-east side of said Bay, thence along said Road and the rear of the same Lots to the division line between numbers fixteen and seventeen in the back Settlements, and along that line to the rear of the Kingston Lots, and along the rear of the Kingston Lots to the Town of Sussex.

The fourth Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Kingston, begin- Kingston, ning at the point where the first described line of the Town of Westfield strikes the north-west shore Altered by 35 of Kennebeckacis Bay, and bounded on the southwest by said line, on the north-west by the upper line of the County, to the commencement of the Town of *Spring field*, thence along the boundary of the same Town 'till it strikes the line of the Town of Sussex, at the said grant to Studholme, Baxter, and others, and thence along the boundary line of

the same Town of Sussex, to the place of beginning, including Darling's Island, and Long Island.

Towns or Pariflies in Queen's County, viz. Wichham. VI. The said County called Queen's County, shall be divided into four Towns or Parishes, as follows, to wit: the first Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Wickham, on the east side the river Saint John, bounded southerly by the lower County line, westerly by the river Saint John, to the lower bounds of Lieut. Col. Spry's Lands, northerly by a line running from the said lower bounds of said Land north sifty-four degrees east, thirty miles, easterly by a line running from said extent south, thirty degrees east, until it strikes the lower County line, including the lower Musquash Island.

Waterborough.

The second Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Waterborough, on the east side the river Saint John, bounded southerly by the said Town of Wickham, easterly by the continuation of the back line of the same Town of Wickham, north thirty degrees west, until it strikes the upper County line, northerly by said County line, and westerly by the river Saint John.

Hampstead.

The third Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Hampstead, on the west side the river Saint John, bounded southerly by the lower County line, easterly by the river Saint John, to the division line between Nathaniel Jarvis's Lot number thirty-eight, and George Sweet's Lot number thirty-seven in the Gage-Town grant, northerly by said division line to the rear of said Lots, thence by a line running south sifty-two degrees west to the easterly line of Charlotte County, and westerly by Charlotte County, including Long Island, Upper Musquash Island, and Spoon Island.

Cagetown.

The fourth Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Gage-Town, on the west side the river Saint John, bounded southerly by the said Town of Hampstead, easterly by the river Saint John, northerly by the upper County

line, and westerly by Charlotte County, including Grimross Island.

VII. The said County called the County of Sun--bury, shall be divided into four Towns or Parishes as follows, to wit: the first Town or Parish to be cal-viz, led, known and diffinguished by the name of Burton, Burton, on the west side the river Saint John, bounded southerly by the lower County line, eafterly by the river Saint John to the Oromosto, northerly by a line running up said River along the middle of its channel to the point of Land at its forks in Shearman's grant, thence by a line running south fifty-five degrees west, to the easterly line of Charlotte County, and westerly by *Charlotte* County, including *Mager's* and Ox Islands.

Towns or Pari-

The second Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Lincoln, on the Lincoln. west fide the river Saint John, bounded southerly by the said Town of Burton, easterly by the river Saint John, to the lower line of York County, northerly by said County line, and westerly by Charlotte County.

The third Town or Parish to be called, known and diffinguished by the name of Sheffield, on the Sheffield. east side the river Saint John, bounded southerly by the lower County line, westerly by the river Saint John to the lower line of Nathaniel Underhill's Lot, northerly by said line of said Lot, and its continuation twenty-five miles eafterly from the river Saint John, eafterly by a line running from the extent of the last line south forty-five degrees east, until it meets the lower County line, including Middle Island.

The fourth Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Magerville, on Magerville, the east side the river Saint John, bounded southerly by said Town of Sheffield, westerly by the river Saint John, to the lower line of York County, northerly by said County line until it meets the continuation of the easterly line of the said Town of Sheffield,

Sheffield, running north forty-five degrees weft, twenty-five miles from the river Saint John, on the continuation of Nathaniel Underhill's Lot, and easterly by the said continuation of the easterly line of the said Town of Sheffield, including Oromocto Island.

Towns or Parishes in York County, viz.

Fredericton.

VIII. The said County called York County, shall be divided into seven Towns or Parishes, as follows, to wit: the first Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Fredericton, bounded on the south-east by the lower line of the County of York, on the north-west by the lower line of the grant to Col. Isaac Allen and others, to its south angle, on the south-west by a line running from that angle south-east to the lower line of the County, on the north-east by the shore of the river Saint John.

Kingselear.

The second Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Kingsclear, bounded on the south-east by the Town of Fredericlon and the lower line of the County, on the north-west by the lower line of the Town of Prince William, and a continuation thereof, twelve miles into the Country, on the south-west by a line running from thence south-east to the lower line of the County, and on the north-east by the shore of the river Saint John, including the Islands in front.

Prince William.

The third Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of *Prince William*, bounded on the south-east by the upper boundary line of the Town of *Kingsclear*, on the north-west by the lower line of block number four, on the upper boundary line of a grant to *Edward Winslow*, Esq. and by a continuation of the same south-west into the Country, on the south-west by a continuation of the south-west boundary line of the Town of *Kingsclear*, and on the north-east by the shore of the river *Saint John*, including the Islands in front.

The fourth Town or Parish to be called known and

and diftinguished by the name of Woodstock, bounded on the south-east by the northwest boundary line Woodstock. of the Town of Prince William, extended twelve miles into the Country, on the north by the upper boundary line of a grant to the second battalion of Delancey's, and a continuation thereof west into the Country twelve miles from the River, westerly and southerly by a line running from thence 'till it strikes the continuation of the upper boundary line of a grant to John Munroe, twelve miles from its commencement on the shore of the river Saint John, thence running south-easterly 'till it strikes the upper corner of the south-east boundary line, and easterly by the shore of the river Saint John, including all the Islands in front.

The fifth Town or Parish to be called, known and diffinguished by the name of St. Mary's, bounded St. Mary's. on the south-east by the lower line of the County running thereon thirty miles, westerly and northwesterly by the river Madam Keswick, to the upper boundary line of Lands laid out for the New-YorkVolunteers, and by a continuation of the said line north-east into the Country, on the north-east by a line running from the upper corner of the southeast boundary line north-west, 'till it meets the northwest boundary line.

The fixth Town or Parish to be called, known and distinguished by the name of Queensbury, bounded Queensbury. by the river Madam Keswick, 'till it comes oppofite the upper line of Lands laid out for the New-York Volunteers, thence by a line running west 'till it meets the continuation of the lower boundary line of a tract of Land laid out to Capt. Cunliffe and others, at the entrance of the Narcawegack Creek, thence by that line to the shore of the River and by the shore of the river Saint John to the Madam Keswick.

The seventh Town or Parish to be called, known and diffinguished by the name of Northampton, bounded on the south-east by the north-west boun-

Northampton.

dary line of the Town of Queensbury, extended twelve miles into the Country, on the north-east by a line running from thence north-westerly to the mouth of a River which discharges into the river Saint John, at the upper boundary of block number seven, about two miles and a quarter above the upper end of *Pine Island*, on the north-west and south-west by the shore of the river Saint John.

Towns or Parifhes in Northumberland, viz. New-Castle.

The said County of Northumberland, shall be divided into two Towns or Parishes as follows, viz. the first Town or Parish to be called, known and diffinguished by the name of New-Castle, bounded southerly by the north boundary line of the County of Westmorland, eafterly by the sea-coast, including the Islands in front to the northernmost point of Waltham Island, northerly by a due west line from said point extended 'till it meets a north line drawn from Okean river, a branch of the river Miramichi.

Alnwick.

The second Town or Parish to be called, known and diffinguished by the name of Alnwick, bounded southerly by the north line of said Town of New-Castle, easterly by the sea-shore, including the Islands in front, to the north side of the mouth of Trachady river, northerly by a due west line from the said north fide of the mouth of said river 'till it meets the continuation of the western line of the Lines of Towns said Town of New-Castle. All which said lines of the said Towns in the respective Counties herein before mentioned are intended and to be confidered as lines run by the magnet and not otherwise.

run by the magnet.

> And be it further enacted, That the said Town of Westmorland in the County of Westmorland, the said Town of St. Andrews in the County of Charlotte, the said Town of Kingston in King's County, the said Town of Gage-Town in Queen's County, the said Town of Burton in the County of Sunbury, the said Town of *Fredericton* in the County of *York*, and the said Town of New-Castle in the County of Northumberland, shall be for ever hereafter the Shire or County Towns of the said Counties respectively.

Shire or County Towns, viz. Westmorland. St. Andrews. Kingston. Gagetown. Burton. Fredericton.

New-Castle.

spectively. Provided, That in the County of Sun- In Sunbury the bury the Courts may be held in the Town of Ma- Courts to be held gerville, until such time as a convenient Courttila Court-house House and Gaol shall be erected in the said Town of andGaolbeerec-Burton.

ted at Burton.

#### CAP. II.

An ACT for the Registering of Letters Patent and Grants made under the Great Seal of the Province of Nova-Scotia, of Lands now fituate within the limits of this Province.

THEREAS it is necessary as well for ascertaining the Rights of the Crown as for ascertaining and securing the Rights and Estates of his Majesty's subjects in this Province, that all Grants of Lands should be publicly registered.

- Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Letters Patent & Assembly, That all Letters Patent and Grants heretofore made and passed under the Great Seal of the Nova-Scotia, of Province of Nova-Scotia, of Lands, Tenements, He-Lands, &c. in reditaments, now fituate, lying and being within this Province, shall and may be registered at full length by the several Grantees therein named, their several and respective heirs and affigns in the office of the gifter of this Pro-Secretary and Register of the Records of this Pro-year. vince, within the space of one year.
  - Grants under the Great Seal of this Province, to be registered in the office of the Secretary and re-
- And be it further enacted, That the said several Grantees, their several and respective heirs and gifter of this Proaffigns, may within the said term of one year, produce to the Secretary and Register, to be by him entered and registered as aforesaid, any and all such under the Great Letters Patent and Grants so made and paffed as aforesaid, under the Great Seal of the said Province of duly attested, &c. Nova-Scotia, or a copy and copies of the same, duly attested and authenticated by and under the hand of the Register of the said Province of Nova-Scotia, or exemplified under the Great Seal of the same Province. And the said Secretary and Register of the Records

Secretary & Revince required to register Letters Patent & Grants Seal of Nova-Scotia, or copies Records of this Province is hereby authorised and required to register at full length among the Records of Letters Patent and Grants of Lands made and passed under the Great Seal of this Province, all such Letters Patent and Grants made under the Great Seal of the said Province of Nova-Scotia, and such copy or copies thereof so duly attested, authenticated and exemplified as aforesaid.

Letters Patent & Grants under the Great Seal of Nova-Scotia, not registered in this Province within one year, to be void and of no effect against any Grant under the Great Seal of this Province.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Grantee or Grantees, their several and respective heirs and affigns, shall neglect to register in manner as is herein provided, any Letter Patent, Grant or Grants, made and paffed under the Great Seal of the Province of Nova-Scotia, of Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, now fituate, lying and being within this Province, for a longer term than the said space of one year, such Grantee and Grantees, their several and respective heirs and affigns, shall be forever after precluded and barred, of and from all rights, title and claim, in and to such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in any such Letters Patent or Grants contained, and all such Letters Patent and Grants not registered as aforesaid, within the term aforesaid, shall be vacated and cancelled, and are hereby declared to be null and void, and of no effect in Law against the King's Majesty, his heirs and successors, or against any Grantee under the Great Seal of this Province.

# CAP. III.

An ACT for the Public Registering of all Deeds, Conveyances and Wills, and other incumbrances which shall be made of or that may affect any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, within this Province.

Preamble.

WHEREAS by the different and secret ways of transferring, conveying and incumbering Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, such as are ill-disposed have it in their power to commit frauds, whereby persons who purchase Lands, or lend Mo-

nies

nies on Land security, are liable to be injured in their purchases and Mortgages, and to be utterly ruined by prior and secret convevances and fraudulent incumbrances; for preventing whereof,

- $\emph{Be}$  it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That all Deeds and Conveyances which Deeds, Conveyshall hereafter be made and executed, and all Wills ances and Wills, and Devises in writing, made or to be made and may be registerpublished, where the Devisor or Testatrix shall hereafter die of or concerning, and whereby any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in this Province, may be any way affected in Law or Equity, may be regiftered at full length in such manner as is herein after directed; and that every such Deed and Conveyance, that shall any time hereafter be made and executed, shall be adjudged fraudulent and void, Adjudged frauagainst any subsequent Purchaser or Mortgagee for dulent and void valuable confideration, unless such Deed and Conquent purchaser, veyances be registered as by this Act is directed, be- unless registered. fore the registering of the Deeds or Conveyances under which such subsequent Purchaser or Mortgagee shall claim; and that every such Devise by Will shall be adjudged fraudulent and void against any subsequent Purchaser or Mortgagee for valuable confideration, unless such Will be registered at such times and in such manner as is herein after directed.
- And for the better settling and establishing a certain method, with proper rules and directions for Registry Office registering such Deeds, Conveyances and Wills as erected in each aforesaid, Be it further enacted, That in each and every County in this Province, there shall be erected and established one Public office for registering such Deeds, Conveyances and Wills, of and concerning any Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, that are fituate, lying and being within such County and Counties respectively; to be managed and execu- Registers to be ted by such fit and able person and persons as shall appointed by the thereto be nominated and appointed by the Gover-Commander in nor or the Commander in Chief of this Province.

County.

sworn.

And be it further enacted, That all and every III. Registers to be such Register and Registers, shall before he or they enter upon the execution of the said office, be sworn before two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace quorum unus, in the County where such Registers are respectively appointed, or before one of His Majesty's Justices of the Supreme Court of Judicature, well, truly and faithfully to execute the same office, which oath such Justices are severally empowered and required to administer.

Cuilty of neglect & c. to pay treble damage, & costs.

And be it further enacted, That if any such person or persons so appointed Register or Registers as aforesaid, shall be guilty of any neglect, misdemeanor, or fraudulent practice in the execution of the said office and offices respectively, such Register or Registers so guilty as aforesaid, and being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be liable to pay treble damages with full costs of suit, to every person that shall be injured thereby, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in this Province.

duced to the Regifter, shall incate,

And be it further enacted, That every such Deeds, &c. pro- Deed, Conveyance and Will, or Probate of the same, which is so to be registered as aforesaid, shall be dorse a Certifi- produced to the said Register and Registers at the time of entering and registering the same, who shall indorse a Certificate on every such Deed, Conveyance and Will, or Probate thereof, and therein mention the certain day on which such Deed, Conveyance or Will is so entered or registered, expressing also, in what book, page and number, the same is entered and registered, and shall sign the said Cerwhich shall be tificate when so indorsed; which Certificate shall be taken and allowed as evidence of such respective Registers in all Courts of Record whatsoever; and every page of such Register books, and every Deed, Conveyance and Will, which shall be entered and transcribed therein, shall be numbered, and the year and day of the month when every such Deed, Conveyance and Will are received, entered and register-

allowed as evidence.

Everypage of the Register books to be numbered and time of receiving and entering to be mentioned.

ed, shall be entered in the said Register books; and every Register shall duly enter and register all Deeds, Conveyances and Wills, or Probate of the same, in the same order that they shall respectively come to his hands.

And be it further enacted, That the due execution of all such Deeds and Conveyances so to be entered and registered, shall be made evident by the attestation of one or more of the subscribing witneffes thereto, who shall upon oath, or being a Quaker, on solemn affirmation, before the Register or before the Supreme Court of Judicature, or before any one of the Justices of the same Court, or before some of the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas in this Province, prove the figning, sealing and delivery of such Deeds and Conveyances; or else the or by the ac-Grantor and Grantors, and persons so figning, sealing, and delivering such Deeds and Conveyances, shall before the said Register or before one of his Majesty's Justices of the Courts aforesaid, or before one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, acknowledge his or their figning, sealing and delivering such Deeds and Conveyances; and in case of Wills Wills to be prothe same shall be proved by the attestation of one wed by one or or more of the subscribing witnesses, upon oath, witness or by the or being a Quaker, upon solemn affirmation, in manner aforesaid, or by due and legal probate of the same: and the said Registers respectively, and the several Courts and Justices aforesaid, are hereby empowered to administer such oaths and affirmations aforesaid, and to take the said acknowledgments as aforesaid, and shall enter a memorandum of the administering and taking the same oaths, affirmations, and acknowledgments respectively, figned with their hands respectively, upon the said Deeds, Conveyances and Wills, with the time when the same was so taken or administered. no Deed or Conveyance, or Will, shall be entered or registered, or Certificate thereof made as aforesaid, by any Register, before such oath, affirmation

Deeds, &c. to be entered in the order of time as received.

The execution of Deeds to be proved by oath of one or more of the subscribing

knowledgment of Grantor, &c.

more subscribing Probate thereof.

Registers, Courts and Juffices, to administer oaths, take acknowledgments & enter the same

No Deeds, &c. to be entered or registered before proved or -:knowledged.

Copies of entries and enrollments where the originals are destroyed to be allowed good and sufficient evidence.

Wills registered within the times limited as in this section, valid against subsequent purchasers.

Proviso where Wills being contelled or by other inevitable difficulty not registered within the limited times. or acknowledgment, or probate as aforesaid, thereof duly adminifiered and taken as aforesaid, and a memorandum thereof so entered on the same respectively as aforesaid. And all copies of such entries and enrollments of such Deeds, Conveyances and Wills, so registered at full length, and which copies shall be signed by such Register or Registers respectively, shall be allowed in all Courts of Record to be good and sufficient evidence of such Deeds, Conveyances and Wills so registered, in case the same shall be destroyed by fire or other accident.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Wills that shall be registered in manner as aforesaid, within the space of six months after the death of every respective Devisor or Testatrix, dying within this Province, or within the space of three years after the death of every respective Devisor or Testatrix, dying upon or in parts beyond the Seas, or within the space of one year after the death of every respective Devisor or Testatrix in any other parts out of the limits of this Province, shall be as valid and effectual against subsequent purchasers, as if the same had been registered immediately after the death of such respective Devisor or Testatrix; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. Provided always, That in case the Devisee, or person or persons interested in the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, devised by any such Will as aforesaid, by reason of the contesting of such Will or other inevitable difficulty, without his, her, or their wilful neglect or default, shall be disabled to exhibit the same, or a Probate thereof, for Registry, within the respective times herein before limited, and that a Memorial shall be entered in the said Register office or offices, of such contest or impediment, within the space of six months after the decease of such Devisor or Testatrix, who shall die within this Province, or within the space of three years next after the decease of such person who shall die upon or beyond the seas, or within

the

the space of one year after the death of every respective Devisor or Testatrix, in any other parts out of the limits of this Province; then and in such case the Registry of such Will within the space of fix months next after his, her, or their attainment of such Will, or a Probate thereof, or removal of the impediment, whereby he, she or they were so disabled or hindred as aforesaid, shall be a sufficient Registry, within the meaning of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Provided nevertheless, That in case of any concealment or suppression of any Will or Devise, no purchaser or purchasers, for valuable confideration, shall be defeated or disturbed in his or their subsequent purpurchase, by any title made or devised by any such Will, unless the Will be actually registered within three three years. years after the death of the Devisor or Testatrix.

And be it further enacted, That all bargains and sales of any Lands, Tenements, and Heredita-Bargains & Sale ments, by Deed indented, or Deed poll, and all Grants and Conveyances whatsoever, made by writing and duly figned, sealed and delivered, and acknowledged by the Grantor or Grantors, Bargainor good and sufficior Bargainors, in such Grants, Sales and Conveyances, before one or more Justices of the Peace, (who are hereby empowered to take and enter on such Deeds, Bargains and Sales, and Conveyances, all such acknowledgments according to the intent of this Act) which shall be entered and registered at full length, by the said Register or Registers, in the Public office in and by this Act erected in the County and Counties where such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments are fituate, lying and being, shall be good, effectual, and available, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, for the paffing and transferring such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, and the Estate and possession thereof, to the Bargainee and Bargainees, Grantee and Grantees therein named, according to the in-

Wills concealed or suppressed, not good against chasers, unless registered within

acknowledged & registered as by this Act is pro-vided, shall be ent to pass the Estate livery of seifin.

tents and uses, and purposes in such Deeds and Conveyances expressed without livery of seisin, or any other Ast, or Deed, or form, or ceremony whatever.

Deeds so registered, and copies thereof, good and sufficient.

And be it further enacted, That all Deeds of bargain and sale, and all other Grants and Conveyances whatsoever, so executed, acknowledged, and registered in the said public or Register office and offices as aforesaid, which shall appear to be so acknowledged and registered by Indorsement or Certificate thereon, in form aforesaid, and all copies of the Registries thereof, remaining in the said Regifter's office or offices, duly attested and certified by the several Registers, shall be allowed in all Courts where such Deeds and Conveyances, or copies, shall be produced, to be as good and sufficient evidence as any bargains and sales inrolled in any of the Courts of Westminster, and the copies of the inrollments thereof are, in any Court of Great-Britain.

Mode of proof and how registered where the Grantor lives out of the Province or dies before acknowledgment.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if the Grantor or Grantors, Bargainor or Bargainors, in any Deed or Deeds, and Conveyance of Lands hereafter executed, shall live in parts beyond the Sea, or out of the limits of this Province, or shall happen to die before acknowledgment of such Deed or Deeds in the manner aforesaid, acknowledgment, certificate and proof of the execution thereof may be made as follows, that is to say, if such Grantor or Bargainor live within the Kingdoms of Great-Britain or Ireland, the acknowledgment of such Deed may be had and taken by and before any Judge of any of the Courts of King's Bench, or Common Pleas, or Baron of the Exchequer, or any Master in Chancery, or any Judge or Lord of the Seffion in Scotland; and if any other part of the British dominions, by and before any Judge of the Supreme or Superior Court of Judicature, in such Colony or part of said dominions wherein such Grantor or Bargainor shall reside, and certified on the said Deed or Conveyance by and under the hand of such Judge or other person so taking the acknowledgment thereof as aforesaid, such Certificate being also authenticated, if in the British Plantations, under the hand and seal of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Commander in Chief of the Province where the same shall be made, and if in Great-Britain or Ireland, the Public Seal of some Corporation, there certifying that all faith and credit ought to be given to the attestation of the person so taking the acknowledgment thereof as aforesaid; and if the Grantor or Bargainor shall die before the acknowledgment of such Deed as aforesaid, proof of the execution thereof may be made by the oath of one or more of the subscribing witnesses thereto, before his Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature, or any inferior Court of Common Pleas in this Province, or before any of the Courts of King's Bench, or Common Pleas, or Exchequer, in *England* or *Ire*land, or the Court of Seffion in Scotland, or before the Supreme or Superior Court of Judicature, in such other *British* Colony as aforesaid. such Deeds and Conveyances, so acknowledged or proved, may be registered, as by this Act is provided, and shall have all the force and effect to pass the Lands and Estate, and possession therein granted or intended to be granted, of Deeds and Conveyances executed and acknowledged according to the provisions of any other and former clauses and parts of this Act, and all such Deeds and Conveyances. and the Registries and copies thereof, certified as in this clause is provided, shall be received to be as good and sufficient evidence as any other Deeds, Conveyances, Registries, or copies in this Act mentioned.

XIII. And be it further enacled, That every such Register shall be allowed, for the entering and registering of all Deeds, Conveyances, Wills, and Writings as aforesaid, the sum of two shillings and no more, in case the same do not exceed two hundred words, but if such writing shall exceed two hundred

Register's Fees.

words, then after the rate and proportion of fixpence an hundred for all the words contained therein, over and above the first two hundred words: And the same fees of fix-pence for every hundred words, in all Certificates, and in all copies given out of the said offices, and no more; and for every search in the said offices one shilling and no more.

due attendancesearch for Deeds, &c.-give copies,

And be it further enacted, That every such Registers to give Register shall give due attendance at his office daily, excepting Sundays, and holidays, for the dispatch of all business belonging to his office aforesaid, and shall as often as required, make searches concerning all Deeds, Conveyances, Wills and Writings, so entered and registered as aforesaid, and give copies and Certificates concerning the same under his hand.

To give security in £300.

And be it further enacted, That every Register at the time of his being sworn into the said office, shall enter into a recognizance, with two or more sufficient sureties, to be taken and approved of by the Justice or Justices by whom the said oath shall be administered, in the penalty of three hundred pounds to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, conditioned for his true and faithful performance of his duty in the execution of his said office, in all things directed and required by this Act; the same to be transmitted within three months after the datehereof, by the same Court or Justices or Justice, into the office of the Clerk of his Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature, there to remain amongst the Records of the said Court.

ing entries of acknowledgments, forswearing of witnesses to Deeds, &c.

And be it further enacted, That if any per-Penalty for forg- son or persons shall at any time forge or counterfeit any entry of the acknowledgment of any Gran-&c. and for the tor or Bargainor in such Deed, Bargain and Sale, or Conveyance as aforesaid, or any such Memorandum, Certificate or Indorsement, as is herein mentioned or directed, and be thereof lawfully convicted, such person or persons shall incur and be liable to such pains and penalties as in and by an Act made in the fifth year of Queen Elizabeth, intitled, an Act against

forgery

forgery of false Deeds and Writings, are imposed upon persons for forging and publishing false Deeds, Charters, or Writings sealed, Court rolls or Wills, whereby the Freehold or Inheritance of any person or persons, of, in, or to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall or may be molested or charged; and if any person or persons shall at any time forswear himself, or being a Quaker, shall falsely, maliciously and corruptly affirm before any Register to be appointed in manner herein after mentioned, or before any Court, or Judge, or Justice, in any of the cases herein mentioned, and be thereof lawfully convicted, such person or persons shall incur and be liable to all the pains and penalties of persons committing, and convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury in any Court of Record.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in case of Mortgages, where any Mortgage Deed shall be re- Upon Certificate giftered, pursuant to this A&t, if at any time afterwards a Certificate shall be brought to the said Re- Mortgage is paid gifter figned by the Mortgagee, in such Mortgage, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, and attest- thereof in the ed by two witnesses, whereby it shall appear that all Monies due upon such Mortgage, have been paid or satisfied in discharge thereof (which witnesses shall upon their oath, before one of the Judges of his Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature, or before the said Register, who are hereby respectively impowered to administer such oath, prove such Monies to be satisfied and paid accordingly, and that they saw such Certificate figned by the said Mortgagee, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns) that then and in every such case, the said Register shall make an entry in the margin of the said registry book, against the registry of the said Mortgage Deed, that the same was satisfied and discharged, according to such Certificate, to which the same entry shall refer, and also to a registry and transcript at full length of the said Certificate, which shall be made in the registry books, and he shall also file

and proof that Money due on Register shall make an entry

Mortgagee may discharge the Mortgage by entering anacknowledgment of payment and satisfaction in the margin.

This Act not to extend to Leases not exceeding 3 years, &c.

Register offices to be erected in Towns appointed by the Governor.

In Deeds, &c. duly registered, the words grant, bargain and sell, shall be adjudged tantamount to certain express Covenants.

such Certificate, to remain in the said Register's of-Or any such Mortgagee, his Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, having received full payment and satisfaction for all Monies due by virtue of such Mortgage, may acknowledge and cause such payment and satisfaction thereof to be entered in the margin of the said registry book, against the registry of the said Mortgage Deed, and subscribe his proper hand and name thereto, in presence of the said Register, who shall also sign his name a witness thereto, which shall for ever after be a full discharge and release of such Mortgage.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not extend to any Lease, not exceeding three years, where the actual potterfion and

occupation goeth along with the Lease.

And be it further enacted, That the several Register's offices in the several Counties of this Province which by this Act are or hereafter shall be erected and established, shall be held and kept in such convenient Towns and places, in such Counties respectively, as shall be appointed and ordained for that purpose by the Governor.

And be it further enacted, That in all Deeds of Bargain and Sale, and all other Grants and Conveyances, hereafter registered in pursuance of this Act, whereby an Estate of inheritance in see simple is limited to the Grantee or Bargainee, and his Heirs, the words grant, bargain and sell, shall amount to, and be construed and adjudged in all Courts of Judicature to be, express Covenants to the Bargainee or Grantee, their Heirs and Assigns respectively, from the Bargainor and Grantor, for him and themselves respectively, their several and respective Heirs, Executors and Administrators, that the Bargainor and Grantorrespectively, not with standing any act done by him or them, was and respectively were, at the time of the execution of such Deed and Deeds, seized of the Hereditaments and Premises thereby granted, bargained and sold, of an indefeasible Estate of inheritance.

ritance, in fee simple, free from all incumbrances, (rents, duties, conditions, and services due and reserved to the King only excepted) and for quiet enjoyment thereof against the Grantor and Bargainor, his and their Heirs and Affigns respectively, and all claiming under him or them, and also for further affurance thereof to be made by the Grantor and Bargainor, his and their Heirs and Affigns, and all claiming under him or them; unless the same shall be reftrained and limited by express particular words contained in such Deed or Deeds; and that the Bargainee and Grantee, their and each of their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns respectively, shall and may, in any action or actions to be brought, affign a breach or breaches thereupon, as they might do in case such Covenants were expressly inserted in such bargain and sale, Deed and Conveyance aforesaid.

# CAP. IV.

An ACT for preserving the Church of England, as by Law established in this Province, and for securing Liberty of Conscience in matters of Religion.

BE it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That no person whatsoever shall Persons admitted be capable to be admitted to any Parsonage, or other to Parsonages, Ecclesiastical benefice or promotion whatsoever, ed. within this Province of New-Brunswick, before such time as he shall be ordained according to the form and manner by Law established in the said Church of England.

And be it further enacted, That every person having any Ecclefiaftical benefice or promotion benefices, &c. 10 within this Province (not having some lawful impediment, to be allowed and approved of by the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time be- fer Sacraments, ing) shall once at the least in every Month, upon &c. under penalty of Five some Lord's Day, in the Church, Chapel, or place Pounds. of Public Worship, belonging to his said benefice or promotion

Persons having read prayers once in every Month at least, admini-

promotion, openly and solemnly read the public and common Prayers and service prescribed in and by the Liturgy of the said Church of England, and (if there be occasion) administer each of the Sacraments, and other rites of the Church, in such order, manner and form, as in and by the said Liturgy is appointed, upon pain to forfeit the sum of Five Pounds to the use of the Poor of the Parish for every offence, upon conviction by indictment or information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in this Province.

benefices, &c. who shall use any other form of Prayers,&c. than those prescribed in the Liturgy, Thall be ipso facto disabled to officiate and be deprived of their benefices.

And be it further enacted, That if any per-Persons having son whatsoever, having any Ecclefiastical benefice or promotion within this Province, shall presume, in any Church, Chapel, or other place of Public Worship within this Province, openly to use any other form or order of common Prayers, administration of Sacrament, rites or ceremonies, than what is prescribed and appointed to be used in and by the said Liturgy; every such person so offending and being thereof convicted, upon indictment or information, in the Supreme Court, or in any Court of Over and Terminer or Goal Delivery in this Province, shall be ipso facto disabled to officiate in the Church, and deprived of all his Ecclefiaftical benefice or promotion, and it shall be thereupon lawful for the Governor, or Commander in Chief for the time being, to collate to the same as if the person so offending as aforesaid were dead.

Diffenters shall have liberty of conscience, may build Meetinghouses, and elect Ministers.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Diffenters from the Church of England, within this Province, shall have liberty of conscience, and may erect and build Meeting-houses for Public Worship, and may choose and elect Ministers for the decent and orderly celebration of Divine Service, and administration of the Sacraments, according to their several and respective opinions.

Provided nevertheless, and be it further enact-No person not ed, That no person whatsoever, of what persuafion duly elected by diffenters, allow or denomination soever, unless so chosen and elected to preach, &c. ed, shall be permitted, suffered or allowed, to preach

any Sermon or Lecture, or to officiate in the cele-unless licensed bration of Divine Service and administration of the by the Governor Sacraments, or other rites and ceremonies, in any or Commanderin Chief, nor shall place of Public Worship within this Province, un- any person be al-·less he be first approved and thereunto licensed by lowed to preach, the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time &c. unless he fhall take the being, under his Hand and Seal, and no person what- oaths of fidelity, soever of what persuafion or denomination soever. shall be permitted, suffered or allowed, to preach any Sermon or Lecture, or to officiate in the celebration of Divine Service and administration of the Sacraments or other rites and ceremonies in any place of Public Worship unless he shall in the presence of the same Governor, or Commander in Chief, or of such person as he shall for that purpose nominate and appoint, take the usual oaths of fidelity and allegiance to his Majesty and his Successors: And that every person offending herein against the Offenders to be true intent and meaning of this Act, and being thereof convicted upon indictment or information less than £50, or in the Supreme Court, or in any Court of Oyer and imprisoned not Terminer or Goal Delivery in this Province, shall for each offence pay a fine to his Majesty, not ex- Months. ceeding the sum of one hundred pounds, nor less than fifty pounds, to be applied for the public uses of this Province and the support of the Government thereof, or suffer imprisonment for a space not exceeding fix months nor less than three months, at the discretion of the Court before which the said offender shall be so convicted. *Provided*, That no person whatsoever shall, at any time be liable to the penalties mentioned in this Act, or any of them, for any offence or offences hereafter to be done or committed in any of the premises, unless he be thereof Months. convicted as aforesaid, within fix months respectively after such offence or offences shall have been committed: And provided, That the people called Quakers may be allowed the exercise of Public ed to worthin as Worship in the manner they are accustomed, any accustomed. thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

fined not exceeding £100, nor exceeding fix nor less than three

Conviction must

Quakers allow-

CAP.

### CAP. V.

An ACT against the Profanation of the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, and for the Suppression of Immorality.

TO prevent the true and fincere worship of God from being profaned, disturbed or neglected, by any of the Inhabitants and sojourners within this Province.

Shooting, Gaming, &c. prohibited on the Lord's Day.

Drunkenness and diffurbance of Public Worfhip on that or other days. Penalty three shillings for each offence.

For want of effects offenders set in the Stocks.

Forfeitures applied to relief of the Poor.

Complaint within ten days.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the publication of this Act, all persons within this Province, of what description soever, (native Indians excepted) who shall be convicted, by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before any of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in any County within said Province (who are hereby required to take cognizance of the same) of shooting, gaming, sporting, playing, hunting, or frequenting tippling-houses, or servile labor (works of necessity and mercy excepted) on the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, or who shall be convicted of drunkenness, or the disturbance of the Public Worship of God, either on that or any other day, shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of three shillings, to be levied by distress and sale of the offender's goods at Public Auction by warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace (the overplus, if any, to be returned to the owner of such diffrained goods) unless the said forfeiture be paid within three days after conviction; but for want of effects whereon to levy the forfeiture, such offender shall for every such offence, by warrant under Hand and Seal of such Justice of the Peace, be publicly set in the Stocks, not more than three, nor less than the space of one hour. All forseitures incurred by virtue of this Act to be applied towards the relief of the Poor of the City, Township or Parish where such offence shall have been committed. Provided always, That the complaint shall be within ten days after the commission of such offence.

CAP.

## CAP. VI.

An ACT for regulating Juries and declaring the Qualifications of Jurors.

BE it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That no person shall be qualified to Grand Jurors to serve as a Grand Juror unless such person shall be be possessed of a possessed of a Freehold in the County where he refides, of the clear yearly value of ten pounds, or of  $f_{10}$ , or of a pera personal Estate of the value of one hundred sonal Estate of And that no person shall be qualified to £100. serve as a Petit Juror, unless he hath a Freehold And Petit Jurors Estate of the value of twenty shillings a year, or is of a Freehold of 200s. a year, or of possessed of ten pounds in personal Estate. And if fig personal Esany of a leffer Estate be returned, it shall be good tate. cause of challenge, and the party returned shall be discharged upon said challenge or upon his own oath.

Be it further enacled, That no Sheriff or Bai-II. liff shall return any person to have been summon- No person to be ed unless such person shall have been duly sum-summoned fix moned fix days before the day of appearance, and days before the in case any Juror be absent from his habitation, ance. notice of such summons shall be given by leaving a note in writing under the hand of such officer at Notice in writing the dwelling house of such Juror, with some person there inhabiting.

day of appear-

left at the dwelling house.

Be it further enacted, That the Sheriff in each County shall duly summon twenty-four men Sheriff to sumqualified as by this Law is directed, to serve as Grand mon twenty-four Jurors, and twenty-four other men also duly qualified to serve as Petit Jurors, to attend at the Su- four other men preme Court of this Province, on their several for Petit Jurors. Terms and at the General Seffions of the Peace, and Inferior Courts of Common Pleas in each County, at such times and places as are by ordinance or Law appointed. Which Grand and Petit Jury so return- Manner of imed, shall be the Juries for hearing and determining panelling all causes criminal, to be heard or tried at the said rors in civil causes.

men for Grand

Courts

Courts during the several Terms aforesaid. And in all causes other than criminal causes, the names of each person so summoned, impanelled and returned, in either of the said Courts, shall with his addition and place of abode be written in distinct pieces of parchment or paper of equal fize, and shall be delivered to the Clerk of each Court to be rolled up and put into a box, and when a cause is brought to be tried some indifferent person shall in open Court draw out twelve of the papers; and if any of the persons drawn shall not appear, or be challenged or set afide, then a further number 'till twelve be drawn, who shall appear, and the said twelve persons so first drawn and approved, their names being marked in the panel, and they being sworn, shall be the Jury to try the cause, and the names of the persons sworn shall be kept apart in some other box 'till the Jury have given in their verdict and the same is recorded, or 'till the Jury be discharged, and then the same names shall be rolled up again and returned to the former box; and so toties quoties. And if a cause shall be brought on to be tried, before the Jury in any other cause finall have brought in their verdict or be discharged, the Court may order twelve of the residue to be drawn as before for trial of the cause.

Be it further enacted, That in all causes cri-In ease of default minal and civil where the Jury is like to remain unof Jurors, other persons present taken for default of Jurors, the Justices shall have to be named and authority to command the Sheriff to name so many added to the for- other able persons of the County then present as shall make up a full Jury, which persons shall be added to the former panel.

Be it further enacted, That where a view shall Manner of form- be allowed, fix of the Jurors, or more (who shall ing a Jury where be consented to on both fides or if they cannot a view is allow- agree shall be named by the proper efficer of the Court, or if need be by a Judge, or by the Judge before whom the cause shall be brought on to trial shall have the view, and shall be first sworn, or such of them as appear on the Jury, before any drawing; and so many only shall be drawn to be added to the viewers as shall make up the number of twelve.

Be it further enacted, That upon motion made in the Supreme Court in behalf of his Ma- Jury to be flruck jesty, or on the motion of any Prosecutor or De- Supreme Court, fendant in an indictment or information, for any as special Juries misdemeanor or information in the nature of a quo in trials at bar, warranto, or on motion of any Plaintiff or Defendant in any cause depending in the said Court, the Justices are required to order a Jury to be struck before the proper officer for the trial of any iffue in such manner as Special Juries are usually struck in the said Court, upon trials at bar. And in all cases the party who shall apply for a Special Jury shall Fees & expences not only pay the fees for striking such Jury, but of special Jury shall also pay all the expences occusioned by the narry applying trial of the cause by such Special Jury, and shall for the same unnot have any other allowance for the same, upon taxation of costs, than such party would be entitled Judge to be prounto in case the cause had been tried by a common per to be tried by Jury; unless the Judge before whom the cause is tried, immediately after the trial, certify in open Court under his hand, upon the back of the Record, that the same was a cause proper to be tried by a Special Jury.

Be it further enacled, That the several persons who shall be sworn as Grand Jurors in the Grand Jurors to Courts of General Sessions of the Peace to be held continue the half yearly in each County, shall be and continue Grand Inquest until the next the Grand Inquest of the County until another General Sessions Grand Jury shall be sworn in at the ensuing General Sessions of the Peace in the said County.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Members of his Majesty's Council, the Members Members of the of the Affembly, the Treasurer of the Province, Council and of the Affembly, Register of Deeds, chief Surveyor of the Crown &c.excused from Lands, Secretary of the Province, Clerks of the serving as Jurors. Council, and of the Affembly, Officers of his Majesty's Customs and Naval Officer, Attornies at Law,

on motion in the

party applying less the cause be certified by the a special Jury.

Officers of his Majesty's Courts, Physicians and Surgeons, shall be excused from serving as Jurors.

Grand and Petit Jurors to be fined for non-appearance when called

And be it further enacted, That every person or persons so summoned as aforesaid to serve as a Grand Juror, and who shall not appear after being openly called three times, upon oath made by the summoning officer that such person so making default had been lawfully summoned, shall forfeit and pay for every such default, such fine, (not exceeding the sum of three pounds, nor less than twenty shillings) as the Judge or Judges presiding in said Court shall think reasonable to inslict or assess, unless some sufficient cause of his absence be proved by oath, affidavit or affirmation, to the satisfaction of the said Judge or Judges. And that every Petit Juror so summoned as aforesaid to attend at any Court of Record in this Province, and making default on proof so as above set forth, of their being legally summoned, shall forfeit and pay for every such default, the sum of five shillings, unless some reasonable cause by proof as above directed, be asfigned to the satisfaction of the Judge or Judges who fit to try the cause.

not to exceed £3.

Provided always, That the amount of the said Amount of fines fines to be levied on each Juryman for the several defaults at one Term, shall not exceed the sum of three pounds. See further 31 Geo. 3. C. 6.

#### CAP. VII.

An ACT to empower the Foreman of the Grand Juries to administer the usual Oaths to such Witnesses as are to be examined before them.

Rep. by 29th Geo. 3, C. 2.

## CAP. VIII.

An ACT, for enabling the Justices of the Supreme Court to try all causes at Nisi Prius, and authorizing Attornies of the Supreme Court to practice in the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas within this Province.

BE it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That the Justices of the Supreme Justices of the Supreme Court Court, or any of them, shall have full power and Supreme Court to try causes in authority to hear and determine in the several and the Circuit respective Circuit Courts, which shall from time to time hereafter be for that purpose appointed in the Province; all causes brought to iffue in the Supreme Court, without a commission being expressly made for that purpose.

And be it further enacted, That all and every Attornies of the of the Attornies of the Supreme Court, may com- Supreme Court mence, prosecute, or defend any action or suit for may practice in Inferior Courts. his or their clients in any Inferior Court of Common Pleas within the Province.

## CAP. IX.

An ACT for limiting the value of Actions to be brought in the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in this Province, and for restraining the removal of Actions.

THEREAS it is necessary that the administra-Preamble, tion of Justice should not be delayed or rendered expensive by the contentious spirit of the parties, and that in all causes of small value it is reasonable, just and proper, the costs of suit should in some measure be proportioned to the sum in contest.

 $Be\ it\ enacted\ by\ the\ Governor,\ Council\ and\$  No action to be Assembly, That no person whatsoever, by him or commenced exherself,

cept in the Clerks Courts or where the sum, cced 40s.

Nor in any Court ceed f 10.

Suits, &c. so commenced, not to be removed.

herself, or by his or her Counsel or Attorney, shall commence any suit or action by bill, plaint, or in the City Court any other manner whatsoever, upon Bond, Obliof Saint John, gation, or Penal Bill, or on any other matter or &c. does not ex- thing whatsoever, or shall pursue or prosecute any such bill, plaint, action or suit, where the sum or thing in demand, suit or controversy, does not exceed the sum of forty shillings in any Court of Law within this Province, except the Clerk's Court of the respective Counties, or the City Court of the City of Saint John: Nor when the sum or thing in but the Common demand does not exceed ten pounds, in any Courts Pleas, where the of Law within the Province except the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas for the respective Counties, or the Mayor's Court of the City of Saint John.

And when any suit or action within the limits aforesaid is or shall be commenced, heard or determined in such Court as is by this Act permitted and allowed, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons whatsoever, by him, her, or themselves, or by his, her, or their Counsel or Attorney, or by any ways or means whatsoever, to remove such suit or action so commenced, from the said respective Courts, any Law, usage or privilege, to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CAP. X.

An ACT for regulating the Courts of Law established in the several Counties for the Trial of Causes to the value of Forty Shillings.

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Rep. by 3.5th Geo. 3, C. 1, § 18.
     See 31st Geo. 3, C. 24-33d Geo. 3, C. 1.
    ---35th Geo. 3, C. 1-37th Geo. 3, C. 1.
     —-42 d Geo. 3, C. 5.
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# CAP. XI.

An ACT relating to Wills, Legacies, Executors and Administrators, and for the settlement and distribution of the Estates of Intestates.

DE it enacted by the Governor, Council, and Assembly, That all devises and bequests of any Devises, &c. to Lands or Tenements devisable by Law, shall be in writing, and figned by the party so devising the three Witnesses. same, or by some other person in his or her presence, and by his or her express direction, and shall be attested and subscribed in the presence of the Devisor by three or more credible witnesses, or else they shall be utterly void and of none effect.

And be it enacted, That no devise in writing, of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, nor any clause thereof, shall be revokable, otherwise than by some other Will or Codicil in writing, or other writing figned in the presence of three or more witnesses, declaring the same, or by burning, cancelling, tearing or obliterating the same by the Testator himself, or in his presence, and by his direction and consent.

And be it enacted, That no nuncupative Will shall be good, where the Estate thereby bequeathed Wills, how proshall exceed the value of thirty pounds, that is not ved. proved by the oath of three witnesses (at the least) that were present at the making thereof, nor unless it be proved that the Testator, at the time of pronouncing the same, did bid the persons present, or some of them bear witness that such was his Will, or to that effect; nor unless such nuncupative Will was made in the time of the last sickness of the deceased, and in the house of his or her habitation or dwelling, or where he or fhe hath been resident for the term of ten days or more next before the making of such Will, except where such person was surprised or taken fick, being from his or her own house, and died before he or she returned to the place of his or her dwelling.

be in writing, and attested by

Not revoked but by other Will or Codicil in writing, or by burns

IV.

Nuncupative Wills committed to writing in fix days.

And be it enacted, That after fix months past after the speaking of the pretended testamentary words, no testimony shall be received to prove any Will nuncupative, except the said testimony or the substance thereof be committed to writing within fix days after making the said Will.

Probate of such Wills not to país dred called in.

V. And be it enacted, That no letters testamentary or probate of any nuncupative Will shall pass the Seal of any the Seal of any Court 'till fourteen days at least, Court, 'till 14 after the decease of the Testator be fully expired, days. Widow or next of kin- nor shall any nuncupative Will be at any time received to be proved, unless process have first issued to call in the Widow, or next of kindred to the deceased, to the end they may contest the same.

Wills concern- nor shall any clause, devise or bequest therein, be ing personal Estate, committed altered or changed by words or Will, by word of to writing.

And be it enacted, That no Will in writing Repeal, &c. of concerning any personal Estate shall be repealed,

mouth only, except the same be in the life of the Testator, committed to writing, and after the writing thereof, read unto the Testator and allowed by him, and proved to be so done by three Provided nevertheless, That This Ast not to witnesses at the least.

extend to Soldiers or Seamen.

any soldier, being in actual military service, or any mariner or seaman, being at sea, may dispose of his moveables, wages, and personal Estate, as he or they might have done before the making of this Act, and

that nothing in this Act shall alter the jurisdiction

Jurisdiction of Governor or Commander in Chief not alter-

or right of probate of Wills concerning personal Estates vested in the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, who shall retain the same right and power as they had before in every respect, subject nevertheless to the rules and directions of

Executors to prove and regisevery Month's neglect.

this Act.

VII. And be it enacted, That if any Executor or Executors of the Will of any person deceased, knowter Wills under ing of their being so named and appointed, shall Penalty of £5 for not within the term of thirty days next after the decease of the Testator, cause such Will to be proved and recorded in the Register's office of the same

County

County where the deceased person last dwelt, or present the said Will and declare his or their refusal of the Executorship: every Executor so neglecting his or her trust and duty in that behalf (without just excuse made for such delay) shall forseit unto his Majesty the sum of five pounds every month, from and after the expiration of the said thirty days, until he or they shall cause probate of such Will to be made or present the same as aforesaid: every such forfeiture to be had and recovered by action of debt in the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, in the same County, at the suit of any of the Heirs, Legatees, or Creditors, or in the Supreme Court by information of his Majesty's Attorney General, for the public uses of the Province and the support of the Government thereof.

VIII. And be it enacted, That if any person or persons shall be found guilty of suppressing any Like penalty for last Will and Testament, such person or persons wills. shall be subject and liable to the same penalty as by this Act is prescribed for persons neglecting to prove any last Will and Testament.

IX. And be it enacted, That where any certain Legacy is or shall be bequeathed, and given by any Legacies to be person in his or her last Will and Testament, as al- sued for at comso where any refiduary or uncertain Legacy is or shall, by the account of any Executor, be reduced to a certainty, every such Legacy and Legacies as aforesaid, may be sued for and recovered at common Law, any Law, cuftom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, That henceforth every Executor named in any Will, taking upon him that Executors to excharge, by proving such Will within the space of hibit an inventhree months next after probate thereof, (or at such further and longer time, as the Judge of probate shall see meet to allow the circumstances of any Estate requiring the same, shall exhibit into the Register's office aforesaid, upon oath, a full and true inventory of the whole Estate of the deceased,

so far as is then come to his hands and knowledge: and shall add thereto what and so much as may further afterwards appear, on pain of forfeiting five pounds for every month's neglect thereof, afterward as is by Law provided for not presenting a Will, and to be recovered in like manner.

Executors being refiduary Legatees, &c. may sue co-Executors,

And any Executor being a refiduary Legatee, may bring his action of account against his Co-Executor or Executors, of the Estate of the Testator, in their hands, and may also sue for and recover his equal and rateable part thereof. And any other Legatee or refiduary Legatee shall have like remedy against the Executors.

have two shares of Intestate real Estate.

And be it enacled, That when and so often Heir at Law to as it shall happen that any person dies Intestate, the Heir at Law of such Intestate shall be entitled to and receive a double portion or two shares of the real Estate left by such Intestate, (saving to the Widow her Right of Dower) and the remainder of such Effate shall be divided equally to and amongst the other children, or their legal representatives including in the said distribution children of the half blood, and in case there be no children, to the next of kindred in equal degree and their representatives.—Provided that children advanced by settlement or portions not equal to the other shares, shall have so much of the surplusage as shall make the Estate of all to be equal, except the Heir at Law who shall have two shares or a double portion of the whole.

Portions advanced to be deducted.

XIII. And be it enacted, That upon due applica-Persons by Law tion within thirty days after the death of any Intestate the said Judge of Probate shall grant Letters of Administration as is by Law directed; and in case the persons so by Law entitled shall neglect to apply within the said thirty days, after first citing such person or persons, and their refusal to accept the same, such Judge of Probate shall grant Administration to one or more of the principal Creditors or to such person or persons as he shall judge sit;

entitled to adminifter neglecting so to do for 30 d 1ys, administration to be given to Creditors or others.

and he shall in all cases take sufficient Bonds with two able sureties, respect being had to the value of the Estate; and shall and may proceed to call such Administrators to account for and touching the goods of the Intestate: and upon due hearing and confideration thereof, the said Judge shall and hereby is fully empowered to order and make just and equal distribution of what remaineth clear (after Debts and Funeall debts, Funeral and just expences of every sort ral expences deducted before first deducted) amongst the Wife and Children, or distribution. Children's Children, if any such there be, or otherwise to the next of kindred to the dead person in equal degree, or legally representing their stocks pro suo cuique jure, according to the Laws in such cases, and the rules and limitation hereafter set down; and the same distributions to decree and settle, and to compel such Administrators to observe and pay the same by the due course of Law, saving to every one his right of appeal.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Judge of Probates and every other person who Distribution of by this Act is enabled to make distribution of the of persons dying surplusage of the personal Estate of any person dy- Intestate. ing Intestate, shall distribute the whole surplusage of such Estate or Estates in manner and form following; that is to say, one third part of the said surplusage to the Wife of the Intestate, and all the refidue by equal portions, to and amongst the Children of such persons dying Intestate, and such persons as legally represent such Children, in case any of the said Children be then dead, other than such Child or Children (not being Heir at Law) who shall have any Estate by the settlement of the Intestate, or shall be advanced by the Intestate in his life time, by portion or portions equal to the share, which shall by such distribution be allotted to the other Children, to whom such distribution is to be made: And in case any Child, other than the Heir at Law, who shall have any Estate by settlement from the said Intestate, or shall be advanced by the

personal Estate

said Intestate in his life time, by portion not equal to the share which will be due to the other Children by such distribution as aforesaid; then so much of the surplusage of the Estate of such Intestate, to be distributed to such Child or Children as shall have any Land by settlement from the Intestate, or were advanced in the life time of the Intestate, as shall make the Estate of all the said Children to be equal as near as can be estimated: But the Heir at Law, notwithstanding any Land that he shall have by descent or otherwise from the Intestate, is to have an equal part in the distribution with the rest of the Children, without any consideration of the value of the Land which he hath by descent or otherwise from the Intestate. And in case there be no Children nor any legal representatives of them, then one moiety of the said Estate to be allotted to the Wife of the Intestate, the residue of the said Estate to be distributed equally to every of the next of kindred of the Intestate, who are in equal degree, and those who legally represent them.— Provided, That there be no representations admitted among collaterals after Brother's and Sifter's Children: and in case there be no Wife, then all the said Effate to be diffributed equally to and amongst the Children: and in case there be no Child, then the next of kindred in equal degree of or unto the Intestate, and their legal representatives as aforesaid, and in no other manner whatsoever. Provided, That if after the death of the Father any of his Children shall die Intestate without Wife or Children, in the life time of the Mother, every Brother and Sister and their representatives shall have equal share with her.

of goods of persons dying Intes-

XV. Provided also, and be it likewise enacted, No distribution To the end that a due regard be had to Creditors, that no such distribution of the goods of any person tate'till after one dying Intestate be made till after one year be fully year, unless by order of Judge expired after the Intestate's death, except by special of Probue, and order of the Judge of Probate, and that such and

every one to whom any distribution and share shall then Bond to be be allotted, shall give Bond with sufficient sureties given to refund in the said Courts, that if any debt or debts truly afterwards found owing by the Intestate shall be afterwards sued for due and costs of and recovered, or otherwise duly made to appear; that then and in every such case he or fhe shall respectively refund and pay back to the Administrator his or her rateable part of that debt or debts, and of the costs of suit and charges of the Administrator by reason of such debt, out of the part and share so as aforesaid allotted to him or her, thereby to enable the said Administrator to pay and satisfy the said debt or debts so discovered after the diffribution made as aforesaid.

in case of Debts suit, if any.

Provided always, That in all cases where the Judge of Probates has used heretofore to grant Administration cum testamento annexo, he shall continue so to do, and the Will of the deceased in such Testament expressed shall be performed and observed in such manner as it should have been if this A& had never been made.

Administration cum testamento annexo in all cases as heretofore.

Provided, That nothing in this Act contained, shall be construed to extend to the Estates extend to seme of feme coverts who shall die Intestate, but that their Husbands may demand and have Administration of their rights, credits and other personal Estates and recover and enjoy the same as they might have done heretofore.

This Act not to coverts.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case that personal affets shall be desicient for the pay- desicient for the ment of any debts or legacies, and it shall be found necessary for an Executor or Administrator to make sale of any part of the real Estate of the deceased, for the payment of any debts or legacies, such Executor or Administrator shall apply to the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, and his Majesty's Council of this Province, who are hereby authorized and empowered to take cognizance thereof, and to grant a licence for the sale of such part of such real Estate, as may be most convenient

Personal affets payment of debis &c. real Estate may be sold by licence from the Governor and Council.

#### Anno XXVI. GEORGII III. A. D. 1786. 44.

convenient for the payment of such debts or legacies, and before any sale be made of any real Estate. the Executor or Administrator, shall give thirty days public notice, by posting up notifications in the most public places in the Town where the deceased person last dwelt, and in the public prints, if any such there be, and whoever will give most shall have the preference in such sale. And in case the Estate of such Intestate shall be Insolvent, the Executor or Administrator shall make like application to the Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, and his Majesty's Council for an inquiry, and for the appointment of Commissioners to inquire into such Insolvency, and to examine and settle the claims of all Creditors, and the amount of the Estate of such Insolvent, and to authorize such Executor or Administrator to sell all the Lands and Tenements of such Insolvent, and to divide the produce of the whole of such Estate, in due proportion to and among the Creditors.

to give Bond before the Sale of real Estate.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Ex-Executors, &c. ecutor or Administrator, who may be authorized and empowered to make sale of any real Estate, shall, before such sale made give Bond by himself, or his lawful Attorney with two sureties, at the office of the Register of the Court of Probates, in the County where such real Estate shall lie, for the just and legal distribution of the monies arising from such sale, in the full value which, by the report of the Commissioners for that purpose appointed, shall be certified to be necessary to be raised by such sale.

CAP.

# CAP. XII.

An ACT subjecting Real Estates in the Province of New-Brunswick to the payment of Debts, and directing the Sheriff in his proceedings thereon.

THEREAS it is highly reasonable and just that the real Estate of every person or persons in this Province should be subject to the payment of his, her or their debts due to all and every of his, her or their Creditors, wheresoever resident.

Preamble.

 $\emph{Be}$  it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the publication hereof, the Houses, Lands, real Estate and Hereditaments, fituate or being in any part of this Province, belonging to any person or persons whatsoever, indebted, shall be liable to and chargeable with all just debts and demands, of what nature or kind soever, owing by or due from any such person to his Majesty, or any of his subjects, and shall be and are hereby made chattels for the satisfaction thereof in like manner as personal Eftates within this Province are seized, sold or disposed of, for satisfaction of debts.

Lands, &c. liable to be seized, &c. for Debts.

Provided always, That every Sheriff, or other II. officer, to whom any Writ of fieri facias, or other Writ, shall be directed, shall first seize and take so much of the personal Estate of the Desendant or Defendants as may be sufficient to satisfy the sum ther Writ where justly due to the Plaintiff, with cost of suit, which shall be indorsed on the said execution before the sealing thereof, if so much within his Bailiwic he can find, and if so much he cannot so find, then, and in that case the Sheriff, or other officer shall seize, sell and dispose of so much and no more, as near as may be of the Houses, Lands, real Estate and Hereditaments of the Defendant or Defendants as will be sufficient to satisfy the whole, or the refidue, as the case may require, of the monies so as aforesaid from him or them due, and on such Writs payable.

Sheriffs or other officers to seize and sell Houses, Lands, &c. on fieri facias or opersonal Estate cannot be found. &c. to be advertised six months before sale.

Sale to be between the hours of 12 & 5, r. M.

ses, Lands, &c. to have their election which part to be sold.

officer to make conveyance of Houses, Lands, &c. sold on execution.

And be it further enacted, That before any Houses, Lands, sale shall be made by any Sheriff, or other officer of the Houses, Lands, real Estate or Hereditaments of any person or persons, he shall first advertise the time and place of such intended sale at least six months before he shall make the same, in the City, Town or Parish where the premises are or shall be, in three or more of the most public places of the County wherein such Estate doth lay, and then and there between the hours of twelve and five in the afternoon shall sell the same to the highest bidder.

And be it further enacted, That every Defen-Owners of Hou-dant and Defendants whose Houses, Lands, real Estate or Hereditaments shall or may hereafter be taken into execution, shall and may have free election by himself, his Attorney, his Heirs or Executors, at any time twenty days before sale thereof is as aforesaid to be made and fignify in writing to the officer who is to make the same sale what part or portion of the same Houses, Lands, real Estate or Hereditaments shall be sold, if a part or dividend thereof may be sufficient to satisfy the monies on such execution due and payable as aforesaid; which part, if that shall be sufficient and no other, the Sheriff or other officer shall on such Writ of execution sell or dispose of.

And be it further enacted, That when any Sheriff or other Houses, Lands, real Estate or Hereditaments shall be sold in manner aforesaid, the Sheriff or other officer that sold the same, shall in his own name make unto the purchaser thereof, as good and sufficient a conveyance for the Houses, Land, real Estate or Hereditaments purchased as aforesaid, as the owner of such Houses, Land, real Estate or Hereditaments might or could have thereof made at or before the time of the judgment therein reciting the execution or executions, or other process requiring such sale to be made, by virtue whereof the premises were sold as aforesaid, by which Deed the purchaser or purchasers shall be and are hereby declared to be vested in as good and perfect an Estate as the owner of such Houses, Lands, real Estate or Hereditaments was seized of or entitled unto, at or before the said Judgment, and as fully to all intents and purposes, as if the person against whom such Writ of execution shall be granted had sold such Lands and premises to such purchaser or purchasers, and figned, sealed and delivered a good Deed for the same, and received the confideration money himself.

And be it further enacted, That the purchaser, his Heirs and Affigns, shall hold the premises pur- Purchaser shall chased as aforesaid, free and clear of all other judg- ses free of Judgments, recognizances, statutes merchant and statutes ments, &c. stable whatsoever, by virtue whereof no execution has been executed upon the real Estate so purchased, any Law, usage or cuftom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, That no process against real Estates shall issue until one of the Judges of the Supreme Court shall have inspected the record of cess against real the judgment, and thereon certified that he has inspected the same, and no error is therein apparent to him; and in like manner one of the said Judges shall inspect the process to be iffued, and certify thereon as aforesaid; and the said judgment and Judgment and process, with such Certificates, shall be recorded in a book by the Clerk of the Supreme Court to Supreme Court. be kept for that purpose, before sending such process to any Sheriff or other officer or officers.

And be it enacted, That if any Judgment or Process by virtue of which such sale shall be Reversal of made as aforesaid, and certified and recorded as Judgment not to operate against aforesaid, shall happen to be reversed for error, yet bona fide purchathe same reversal shall not be given in evidence, ser; but Plaintiff shall restore in or be of force against any bona fide purchaser un- value to Defendder the said Judgment or Process so certified and ant. recorded as aforesaid: but the purchaser, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Affigns, shall hold the Land or other thing so bona fide purchased, notwithstanding

hold the Premi-

Judge to certify &c. before Pro-Estate shall issue.

certificate recorded by Clerk of

45.

ftanding a reversal of the Judgment or Process after his purchase, and such reversal shall only operate against the Plaintiff, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, to compel him or them to restore in value to the Defendant for what he lost.

Record in Clerk's book good evidence. IX. And be it enacted, That the record made in the said book as aforesaid, of the Judgment, Process and Certificates, shall be as good evidence of either of them at all times, as if the originals were produced.

X. And in the case where sundry executions or other Processes have issued, requiring the sale of real Estate and sufficient cannot be levied of the personal and real Estate, to satisfy all the sums commanded to be levied. Be it enasted, That such priority and preference as the Law gives in the case of executions against personal Estate only shall be given in the case aforesaid, and all disputes on that head shall thereby be regulated, adjudged and de-

termined.

The same priority on executions against real as personal Estates.

Damages and double costs of suit against Sheriff or other officer for neglect of duty. XI. And be it enacled, That if any Sheriff or other officer, shall, in any matter or thing, act or do contrary to his duty hereby required and directed, or contrary to the liberty and election hereby given to the Defendant, or shall refuse to return the overplus money arising from such sale, if any shall remain in his hands, such Defendant or person injured thereby, shall and may maintain his, her or their action on the case, against such Sheriff or other officer in any Court of Record within this Province, which shall or may have cognizance of the same, wherein he, she or they shall recover the damage by him, her or them sustained, with double costs of suit.

## CAP. XIII.

An ACT for Relief against Absconding Deprors.

DE it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the passing Debtors absconding Conding Conding of this Act, whensoever it shall happen, that any person or persons whatsoever, being indebted with- before the Judges in this Province, shall either secretly depart the of the Supreme Court. Province, or keep concealed within the same, any one Creditor or joint company whose debt or demand is due to them jointly to whom such absconding or concealed person or persons is or are indebted in the sum of Twenty Pounds or upwards, or any Two to whom he, she or they is or are indebted in the sum of Thirty Pounds or upwards, or any Three to whom he, she or they is or are indebted in the sum of Forty Pounds or upwards over and above all discounts, may make application to the Judges of the Supreme Court of this Province for the time being, or any of them, and there make affidavitor affirmation in writing in cases where by Law an affirmation is allowed, that the said absconding or concealed person or persons is or are indebted to him, her or them, in the sum of

over and above all discounts, and that he. fhe or they do verily believe that the said absconding or concealed person or persons is or are either departed the Province or concealed within it with intent and defign to defraud him, her or them, and other Creditors (if any such there be) of their just dues, or to avoid being arrested by the ordinary Process of Law, which departure or concealment shall also be proved to the satisfaction of such Judge or Judges by  $\mathit{Two}$  witneffes: And on such affidavit or affirmation and such other proof made, the said Judge or Judges, or any one of them hereby is and are fully empowered, authorized and required forthwith Warrant for the to iffue his or their Warrant or Warrants to the attachment of the Sheriff of the City or County which contains the Debtors.

ding, Creditors may make oath

last usual place of residence of such absconding or concealed person or persons, or to the Sheriff or Sheriffs of any or every other City or County within this Province, commanding such Sheriff or Sheriffs respectively to attach, seize, take and safely keep all the Estate as well real as personal of the said abscending or concealed person or persons of what kind or nature soever, and every or any part or parcel thereof in whatever part of his Bailiwic they can be found, with all evidences, books of account, vouchers and papers relating thereto, which Warrant or Warrants the Sheriff or Sheriffs respectively to whom the same shall be directed and delivered, are hereby enjoined, required, authorized and com manded well and truly to execute, and with the asfiftance of two substantial freeholders forthwith to make a just and true inventory of all such Estate and effects as he shall seize and take by virtue thereof, and to return the same figned by himself and the said two freeholders to such Judge or Judges who iffued the Warrant or Warrants for taking and seizing thereof.

Public notice of such attachment that the Estate will be sold if the Dubtor does not return & pay his debts within Three Months.

And be it further enacted, That such Judge or Judges who shall issue such Warrant or Warrants, to be given, and shall immediately thereafter order notice to be given in the Royal Gazette, published by the King's Printer in this Province, that on application to him or them made by a Creditor or Creditors as the case may be of such absconding or concealed person or persons, he has directed all his, her or their Estates real and personal within this Province to be seized, and that unless he, she or they, by name so absconding or concealed return and discharge his, her or their debt or debts within three months after such public notice given, all his, her or their Estates real and personal, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of his, her or their Creditors.

Perishable goods to be attached and sold immediately.

And be it further enacted, That in case any Sheriff or Sheriffs shall by virtue of any Warrant or Warrants to be issued in pursuance of this Act, seize

and take any perishable goods or chattels it shall and may be lawful for the Judge or Judges who issued such Warrant or Warrants at his or their dis cretion to order the sale of such things perishable, and the monies arising thereby to be delivered and paid to the Trustees that shall be appointed to manage the Estate and effects of such abscording or concealed person or persons mentioned in such Warrant or Warrants, to be by such Trustees applied according to the directions and intention of this Act.

And be it further enacted, That if any She- took when riff or Sheriffs shall by virtue of any Warrant or Whengoods sei-Warrants to be iffued in pursuance of this Act, thro' by other persons ignorance or want of proper information seize and the right of protake any goods, chattels or effects which shall or may be claimed or challenged by any person or persons as his or their property, it shall and may be lawful for such Sheriff thereupon to summon and swear a Jury to inquire into and try the right and property thereof, and if such Jury shall upon such inquest find the right and property of such goods, chattels or effects to be in the person or persons so claiming the same, or in any other than the person or persons against whose effects or Estate such Warrant or Warrants did iffue, such Sheriff shall forthwith after such inquifition had and taken deliver such goods, chattels and effects to the person or persons in whom the property thereof shall be so found, or to his, her or their Agent, Attorney or Affigns, and such Sheriff shall not be liable to any suit or prosecution, for his having seized and taken such goods, chattels' or effects so seized and taken through ignorance or for want of proper information, and all reasonable charges arifing by the sale of such perishable goods or by such inquest as aforesaid, shall be allowed and certified by the Judge or Judges who iffued such Warrant and paid out of the effects or Estate of the abscending or concealed person or persons against whose Estate and effects such Warrant issued if the property

perty to be tried by a Jury.

property of such goods, chattels or effects so claimed shall by such inquisition be found to be in any other than the person or persons against whose Estate or effects such Warrant issued; but if the property of the goods, chattels or effects so claimed shall by such inquisition be found to be in the person or persons against whose Estate or effects the Warrant of Attachment which caused them to be seized did issue, then all costs, charges and expences accrued or arising by such claim and inquisition or either of them, shall be paid and borne by the person or persons who claimed the same from the Sheriff or applied for inquisition to be had or occasioned the same to be had and taken.

After such public notice payment of Momes or delivery of effects to the absconding Debtor to be deemed fraudulent.

And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons indebted to any such abscording or concealed person or persons or having the custody or possession of any effects or other thing or things whatsoever of any such absconding or conceated person or persons shall after such first public notice as aforesaid given, pay any debt or demand or deliver any such effects or other thing or things whatsoever to any such absconding or concealed person or persons or his, her or their Attorney, Agents, Factors or Affigns the person or persons so paying any such debt or demand, or delivering such effects or other thing or things whatsoever shall be deemed to have paid the same fraudulently and is and are hereby made liable to answer the same or the amount or the value thereof to such trustees or the survivor of them as shall by virtue of this A& be appointed to receive and distribute the Estate and effects of such absconding or concealed person or persons, towards the payment and satisfaction of his, her or their Creditors. And if any person or persons indebted to, or having the cuftody or possession of any effects or other thing or things whatsoever of any absconding or concealed debtor or debtors, shall after such public notice as aforesaid given, be sued by him or them, or by his, her

her or their order, Attorney or procurement, for any such debt or debts, duty, demand, effects or thing, he, she or they so sued, may plead the general issue and give this Act and the special matter in evidence

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Sales and Conveyances of his, her or their Estates, Lands, All sales, &c. Goods and Chattels, to him, her or them belonging, made by any such absconding or concealed person such notice to be or persons after such public notice as aforesaid given, and all Powers of Attorney by him, her or them for selling any Estate or effects or collecting any debts or demands whether made after or before such first public notice as aforesaid given, shall be null and void to all intents, conftructions and purposes whatsoever as to all Acts done or to be done after such first public notice given, any Law usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons against whose Estate or effects such Warrant or Warrants of Attachment as aforesaid that he is a refishall have issued, shall at any time before the ap-dent and did not pointment of Trustees for all the Creditors of such debtor be made, either by himself or by his Attorney or Agent by petition to the Judge or Judges who iffued such Warrant offer to prove to the Court ding; the Court of which he or they is or are Judge or Judges in open Court, that he, she or they against whose Estate or effects such Warrant or Warrants issued is or are refident within this Province and were not at the time such Warrant iffued nor within thirty the warrant. days preceding, nor at any time after and is or are not then absconding or concealed, and thereby pray that the same may be heard and determined at the then next fitting of such Court, and shall and do at the same time execute and deliver to the Creditor or Creditors who applied for and obtained such Warrant or Warrants of Attachment a Bond with good and sufficient security to be approved of by the said Judge or Judges; if in the Supreme Court in the sum of Forty pounds, if in any of the Inferior

ing Debtor after

When the Debtor fhall prove abscond or lie concealed when such warrant issued, or within 30 days preceis to grant a supersedeas of the warrant and allow costs against the Creditors who procured

Courts in the sum of Twenty pounds, binding the obligors jointly and severally with a condition that if such person or persons by name against whose Estate or essects such Warrant or Warrants issued, do not prove to the said Court at the then next Court that he, she or they is or are resident in this Province and were not at the time such Warrant or Warrants iffued, nor within thirty days preceding the iffuing thereof, nor at any time after and is or are not then absconding or concealed, then such Bond or Obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue; then and in every such case the Judge or Judges, who iffued such Warrant or Warrants shall report his or their proceedings in the premises to the next Court whereof he or they is or are Judge or Judges which Court is hereby fully authorized and empowered to compel the parties and their witnesses to come into Court and hear the proofs and allegations of the parties and their witnesses in a summary way, and thereupon to determine whether the matter and things in such petition have been fully proved and supported, and if such Court shall adjudge and determine that the matters and things contained in such petition have been fully and satisfactorily proved and supported, then such Court shall grant a supersedeas to such Warrant or Warrants and the person or persons against whose Estate or effects such Warrant or Warrants did iffue shall recover his, her or their costs (to be taxed by the said Court, in open Court) of the Creditor or Creditors who procured such Warrant or Warrants of Attachment to be issued: but if the said Court shall adjudge and determine that the matters and things in such petition mentioned have not been fully and satisfactorily proved and supported to the said Court, then the person or persons to whom such Bond as aforesaid shall have been given, his, her or their Executors or Administrators shall recover the penalty or sum of such Bond, together with costs of suit, by action of debt, bill, plaint or otherwise, in any Court of Record within this Province, the one moiety of such penalty or sum to the use of the obligee or obligees, his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns, and the other moiety thereof when recovered and received, to be paid to such Trustees or the survivor of them, as shall be appointed to manage and distribute the Estate and effects for seizing whereof such Warrant or Warrants issued, to be by such Trustees or the survivor of them, disposed of and diffributed in like manner as all other monies that may come to their hands by virtue of their appointment as Trustees is directed to be disposed of by virtue of this Act.

And be it further enacled, That if such VIII. absconding or concealed person or persons do not If the person abreturn within three months next after such public sconding return notice as aforesaid given and discharge his, her or Months, the their debt or debts or otherwise compound with or Judges to ap-satisfy his, her or their Creditors not having pre-for all the Cresented such Petition and given such Bond as afore-ditors. said, or if such absconding or concealed person or persons shall have presented such Petition and the Court shall have adjudged and determined that the matters and things in such Petition mentioned have not been fully and satisfactorily supported and proved, or shall have refused to grant a supersedeas to such Warrant or Warrants, that then and in either such case, it shall and may be lawful for the Judge or Judges who iffued the Warrant of Attachment or the Judges of the same Court for the time being, or any one of them, and either of them is hereby fully authorized and empowered to nominate and appoint three or more fit persons to be Trustees for all the Creditors of such absconding or concealed person or persons, which Trustees shall take an oath Oath or affirmaor affirmation (in cases where by Law an affirmation is allowed) well and truly to execute the trust by that appointment reposed in them according to the best of their skill and understanding, which oath or affirmation

tion of Trustees.

affirmation the Judge or Judges appointing the said Trustees is and are hereby required to administer.

Truffees to notify their appointment and to re-Debts, &c.

And be it further enacted, That the said Trustees or any two of them, when so as aforesaid appointed, shall as soon as may be thereafter, cause quire payment of public notice to be given in the Royal Gazette, published by the King's Printer in this Province, of such their appointment, and thereby require all persons indebted to such absconding or concealed person or persons by a day certain to be appointed by them in their said notice, to pay all such sum or sums of money or other debt, duty or thing which they owe to the said absconding or concealed person or persons, and deliver all other effects of such absconding or concealed person or persons, which he, she or they may have in their hands, power or custody, to them the said Trustees; and that the said Trustees, shall also by public advertisement in the said news-paper, defire all the Creditors of counts, &c. to such absconding or concealed person or persons, by a certain time in such advertisement to be mentioned, to deliver to the said Trustees, or any one or more of them, their respective accounts and demands against such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors.

Creditors to deliver their Acthe Trustees.

And be it further enacted, That such Trustees Trustees to take and each and every of them, when so nominated and appointed under the hand and seal, or hands and seals of the said Judges or any one of them, hereby is and are fully authorized and empowered, to take into their hands all the Estate or Estates of such absconding or concealed person or persons for the management of whose Estate or effects they were appointed, and every part or parcel thereof that shall have been seized as aforesaid, and all other his, her or their Estate and effects, which they the said Trustees may afterwards discover in any part of this Province, and all evidences, books of account, vouchers and papers relating thereto; and such Trustees immediately from their appointment shall

the Estate, &c. of the absconding party into their hands, with power to sue for the same.

be and hereby are declared to be vested with all the Estate real and personal of such absconding or concealed person or persons for the management of whose Estate they were appointed, and they and the survivors and survivor of them, is and hereby are enabled and made capable to sue for, recover and receive all such Estate and Estates, as well real as personal, debts, dues, effects or other thing or things whatsoever, which they shall find due, payable or belonging to such absconding or concealed person or persons; and such Sheriff or Sheriffs as shall have seized, attached or taken any Estate or Estates real or personal or any other matter or thing whatsoever, by virtue of any such Warrant or Warrants as aforesaid, shall deliver the same to such Trustees or one of them; and such Trustees and the survivor and survivors of them is and are hereby authorized and directed to make sale by Public Ven- After 14 days due of all such Estates and effects of such absconding sale of the same or concealed person or persons as shall come to at Public Auctheir hands (after fourteen days notice of each time and place of sale respectively) and of all Estate and interest which such absconding or concealed person or persons had in the same, and Deed, Releases, Deeds, &c. ex-Bills of Sale or other Conveyances for the same or ccuted by Trusany part or parts thereof, from time to time to make lid against the and execute, which being so made and executed, absconding party by them or any two of them, or the survivor of and all claiming under him. them, for such Estates or effects or any part or parts thereof, shall be and are hereby declared to be as good, valid and effectual to transfer the property thereof to all intents, confiructions and purposes whatsoever, as if executed by the said absconding or secreted person or persons before such first public notice as aforesaid given, and shall be good, valid and effectual in Law, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, against the said absconding or concealed person or persons, his, her or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, and all persons claiming under them or any of them, by vir-

tees declared va-

tue of any Act, Deed, matter or thing, after such

first public notice as aforesaid given.

ing effects or Débis, to forfeit double the value or sum due.

And he it further enacted, That if any person Persons conceal- or persons indebted to such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors, or having the custody of any goods, chattels or effects, or other thing or things whatsoever of such absconding or concealed person cr persons, shall conceal the same and not deliver a just account thereof to such Trustees as aforesaid, or one of them, by the day, for that purpose by them appointed, he, she or they, so concealing, shall forfeit double the sum of the debt or debts, or double the value of the goods, chattels, effects or other thing or things so concealed, to be recovered by the said Trustees in any Court within this Province having jurisdiction to the amount of such forfeiture, and applied as herein after is directed, which said Courts are hereby respectively fully empowered to compel to come before them, all such concealers or others concerned, and them to examine upon oath, touching the premises and to commit them or either of them if they refuse to be so examined, or being so examined, refusing to answer fully and satisfactorily to such Court.

Yalse swearing 10 be dremed wilful perjury.

Tersone discovering secreted effects, intitled to 10 per cent. on the value thereut.

And be it further enacted, That in case any person so to be examined as aforesaid, shall wilfully and knowingly swear or affirm falsely, the person so offending, shall be liable to all the same pains and penalties as those who are convicted of wilful and corrupt perjury.

And be it further enacted, That any person or persons (other than those who have the effects in their custody) who shall discover any effects of any absconding or concealed debtor or debtors, secreted contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, so that they be recovered by the Trustees of such absconding or concealed person or persons' Estate, shall be and hereby is or are intitled to ten per cent. on the value of all effects so discovered, · recovered and received by the said Trustees, to be paid

paid to the discoverer or discoverers by the said Trustees out of the Estate or essects of such ab-

sconding or concealed person or persons.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees of any absconding or concealed debtor's Estate, Trustees emhereafter to be appointed in pursuance of this Act, powered to settle or any two of them, are hereby fully empowered and to examine to settle and adjust all matters, contracts and acon on oath. counts that may be subfifting between such absconding or concealed person or persons, and his, her or their debtor or debtors, and also between such absconding or concealed person or persons and his. her or their Creditor or Creditors, and to examine any person or persons upon oath, concerning any matters, accounts or settlements between them or either of them, which oath the said Trustees or any one of them, two of them being present, is and are hereby empowered to administer.

XV. And for the greater ease and relief of such Trustees aforesaid, Be it enacted, That in case any Trustees emcontroversy shall arise concerning any debt, matter controverses by or thing claimed by any Creditor or Creditors of referees. such absconding or concealed person or persons, or concerning any debt, due, duty, matter or thing claimed by the said Trustees from or against any person or persons, as belonging to or in right of the effects or Estate of such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors, or concerning or relating to any contract or agreement entered into or made by such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors previous to such public notice as aforesaid first given, it shall and may be lawful for such Trustees or any two of them, or the survivors or survivor of them, to have every such controversy determined in the following manner, that is to say, the said Truffees or any two of them, or the survivors or survivor of Mode of appointhem, may nominate two referees not being Creditors of such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors, or to them known to be otherwise interested in such controversy, or related to any person in-

ting referces.

terested

terested in such controversy and the other party or parties in such controversy shall also nominate two indifferent persons to be referees, and their names shall be separately written upon four pieces of paper as nearly as may be of the same fize and figure. which shall be rolled up separately in the same manner, and put into a box and from thence one of the Trustees shall draw out three of the said pieces of paper, and the persons whose names are so drawn fhall finally settle such controversy, and if any referees so appointed shall refuse or be incapable of acting in a reasonable time, a new choice shall be made in the manner as before, of another or others in the room of him or them so refusing or being incapable of acting as aforesaid; and in case any person or persons who shall have any controversy with any such Trustees as aforesaid, shall refuse to nominate fit persons to be referees on his or their part, then such Trustees or any two of them or the survivors or survivor of them are hereby empowered to nominate referees for him or them so refusing, and to proceed to the final settlement of such controversy in manner aforesaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Trus-Duty of Trus- tees hereafter to be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall proceed to convert the Estate or Estates real and personal of such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors, for the management of which Estates respectively they shall be appointed, into money and collect the debts, due to the same, and that the said Trustees or any two of them, or the survivors or survivor of them, shall cause public notice to be given in the public news-paper before mentioned, requesting a general meeting of all such Creditors as shall chuse to attend, to examine and see the debts due to each person ascertained at a certain time and place by such Trustees in their said notice to be appointed, which shall not be less than two nor more than three months after such notice given, nor more than one year and a half from the time of

their

their first appointment, at which meeting or at other subsequent meetings to be continued by adjournment if necessary, when all accounts are fairly stated and adjusted, they shall proceed to make a distribution or division among the Creditors in proportion to their respective just demands, of all such monies as shall have come to their hands as Trustees of such Estate or effects (of which all forseitures by them recovered and received by virtue of this Act, shall be considered as a part) first deducting thereout all legal charges and commissions, in which payment no preference shall be allowed to debts due on specialties; and if the whole of such absconding or concealed debtor or debtor's Estate shall not be then settled and distributed, such Trustees or any two of them, or the survivors or survivor of them, shall within the space of one year thereafter make a second dividend of all such monies as shall have come to his or their hands after the first division, and so from year to year until a final settlement thereof, and a just and equal distribution of such Estate or effects shall have been made amongst the Creditor or Creditors of such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors in proportion to their respective just demands; and if any surplus shall remain after all just debts and legal charges and commissions are fully paid and satisfied, such surplus shall be paid or delivered to the said absconding or concealed person or persons, his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Assigns.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons who may have given credit to any Creditors having such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors on demands not due at the time of a valuable confideration, for any sum of money making a diviwhich shall not be due or payable at the time of any such division or distribution as aforesaid, but will upon rebate of become due or payable at some time after; shall interest. and may nevertheless be admitted and considered as a Creditor or Creditors whose debts were then due, and shall receive a dividend of the Estate of

such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors in the same proportion as other Creditors, deducting thereout only a rebate of legal interest for what shall be received on such debt or debts to be computed from the actual payment thereof to the time such debt or demand respectively would have become

Creditors neglecting, &c. to deliver their accounts to be excluded from any dividend.

And be it further enacled, That if any Creditor or Creditors shall neglect or refuse to give notice of or deliver unto the said Trustees an account of his, her or their debt or demand, or having any controversy relating to or concerning the Estate of such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors shall refuse to adjust or settle the same with the said Trustees in the manner in and by this Act directed, until after a division shall have been made of the monies and effects in the hands of the said Trustees, any such Creditor or Creditors shall not be entitled to any dividend and the whole monies then in hand to be divided, shall be divided by the said Trustees among the other Creditors; But in case the whole of such debtor or debtors' Estate shall not be divided and settled at the first division, then if such Creditor or Creditors respectively shall prove and deliver unto the Trustees, his, her or their debt or demand before the time appointed for the second division or shall have settled such controversy as aforesaid with the said Trustees, then such Creditor or Creditors shall have his, her or their first dividend or so much money as he, she or they would otherwise have been entitled to on the first division, before any second division shall be made.

this Province auby Attornies.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That any Cre-Creditors out of ditor or Creditors refiding out of this Province, thorized to all the privileges and benefits of this Act, and that the Attorney or Attornies of every such Creditor or Creditors residing out of this Province, on producing a Letter of Attorney from such Creditor or Creditors, duly authenticated, and legal proof of the debt due, shall and may in all

respects

respects act, do and proceed for and in behalf of such Creditor or Creditors in the same manner as such Creditor or Creditors might or could do for securing or recovering their respective debts from such absconding or concealed debtor or debtors if such Creditor of Creditors was or were personally present.

And be it futher enacted, That the Judges XX. of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in each County within this Province and the Mayor and the Mayor and Recorder of the City of Saint John, and each and every of them is hereby authorized and empowered to put this Act in execution in their respective Counties where the debt or sum due to any one Creditor or joint company applying for relief does have issued from not exceed fifty pounds. Provided always, That where Warrants shall be iffued by any Judge or Judges of the Supreme Court, and also by any Judge or Judges of any of the said Inferior Courts against the Estate or effects of the same person or persons, in such case the Judges of the Supreme Court or any one of them, shall award a Writ or Writs of certiorari to the Judge or Judges of such Inferior Courts as the case may require, to remove the proceedings there, before the Judge or Judges of the Supreme Court, that he, or they may proceed upon both Warrants or either of them.

And be it further enacted, That the Judge or Judges who shall issue any Warrant or Warrants issuing warrants of Attachment in pursuance of this Act, shall make report to the Court whereof he or they is or are Judge or Judges of the proof of the debt or demand made by the Creditor or Creditors on whose application such Warrant or Warrants issued, of the issuing of such Warrant or Warrants, of the notice thereon ordered, of the publication of such notice, of the appointment of Trustees and of all other matters required of him or them by this Act to be done out of Court, and cause that report to be entered in the minutes of the said Court to be evidence

Judges of Inferior Courts and Recorder of the City of St. John, to put this Act in execution for Debts under £ 50 where warrants Judges of both Courts a Certio. rari shall be awarded to bring all the proceed. ings before the Judges of the Supreme Court.

to report to the Court the proof of the Debt, &c.

of the facts so reported and such report or the record or entry thereof in the minutes of the said Court shall be full and conclusive evidence of the facts so reported in all Courts of Record within this Province.

endorse a Certificate, authorizing the proper officers to record the same.

And be it further enacted, That the Judge XXII. Judges appoints or Judges who shall make any such appointment of ing Trustees may Trustees shall and is and are the request of the Trustees thereby appointed, or any one of them, to indorse on such appointment an allowance that the same may be recorded, which allowance figned by the said Judges or any one of them, if a Judge of the Supreme Court, shall be a sufficient Warrant and authority to the Secretary of this Province, and all or any of the Clerks of the respective Cities or Counties within this Province to record the same. And if such Judge be a Judge of an Inferior Court of Common Pleas, shall be a sufficient Warrant and authority to the Clerk of the County whereof he is a Judge to record the same; and any appointment of Trustees under the hand and seal, or hands and seals of any Judge or Judges authorized to put this Act in execution, or the record thereof duly made in the said Secretary's office, or in the office of the Clerk of any City or County of this Province, shall be full and conclusive proof in all Courts and places within this Province, that the person or persons against whose Estate or effects such Warrant or Warrants issued, was or were at the time of iffling thereof absconding or concealed debtor or debtors within the meaning of this Act, and that the said appointment and the proceedings previous thereto were regular and according to the directions of this Act.

Record of such appointment to be good proof in all Courts.

XXIII.And be it further enacted, That any Judge or Judges who shall issue such Warrant or Warrants tachment to file of Attachment as aforesaid, pursuant to this Act, shall, and he or they is and are hereby required and davits in the of- directed to cause the affidavits or affirmations of the Creditor or Creditors made before him or them previous

Judges issuing warrant of acthe same togeth-er with the affifice of their respective Courts.

vious to the iffuing of such Warrant or Warrants respectively within thirty days after the taking of such affidavit or affirmation, and such Warrant or Warrants of Attachment as aforesaid, within thirty days after the return thereof by such Sheriff as shall return the same, together with the Sheriff's return thereof, to be delivered into the office of the Clerk of that Court, whereof he or they is or are Judge or Judges, which Clerk is hereby required and commanded to mark or cause them to be marked respectively with the day and year on which each of them respectively shall be filed in his office, and to preserve the same amongst the papers filed in such office.—And all Trustees hereafter to be appointed Trustees selling by virtue of this Act or the survivors or survivor of real Effate to them, who by virtue of such appointment shall sell and convey any Meffuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall cause such appointment of Truftees to be duly proved or acknowledged and allowed, so that the same may be recorded, and shall cause the same to be entered of record either in the Secretary's office of this Province or in the office of the Clerk of the City or County wherein such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments do And every appointment of Truftees hereafter Record of the to be made in pursuance of this Act or the record thereof made by such proper officer as aforesaid, or an office copy thereof attested by any such proper officer as aforesaid, in case such record should have title. perished by fire or other accident, together with a legal title or conveyance from such Truftees or any two of them, or the survivors or survivor of them proved or to be proved in due form as by Law required, shall be a full, complete and perfect title for such Meffuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to such purchaser or purchasers, his, her, or their Heirs and Affigns, against such absconding or concealed Debtor or Debtors, his, her or their Heirs or Affigns, and all other persons claiming or to claim by, from or under him, her or them, by

prove and record their appoint-

appointment of Truffees, and a legal conveyance from them to be deemed a good virtue of any Act, Deed, matter or thing, after such first public notice as aforesaid given.

Trustees to keep an account of their Receipts to be open to the inspection of the Creditors.

To be subject to the orders of the Court the Judges whereof appointed them.

And to render to the same Court an account of theirproceedings attesting thereto in open Court.

Trustees to be allowed 5 per cent. for their trouble.

Special matter given in evidence under general issue.

the Act.

And be it further enacted, That such Trustees as shall hereafter be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall keep a regular book or regular books of account of all such monies as shall come to their hands by reason or on account of such their appointment, to which book or books every Creditor interested in such monies or Estate at all reasonable times may have recourse. And that such Trustees and each of them shall be subject to such orders and directions for the more effectual putting this Act in execution, and finishing a distribution of such Estate or effects as may come to their hands by virtue of such appointment as shall from time to time be made and given in the Court by the Judge or Judges whereof such appointment of Trustees was made. And also that such Trustees shall render into the Court by the Judge or Judges whereof they were appointed, a just and true account or accounts in writing, upon oath made in open Court of their proceedings and accounts in the premises by virtue of their appointment, which shall be filed with the Clerk of the said Court for the satisfaction of all persons concerned. And such Trustees of the Estate of any such absconding or concealed person or persons shall and may retain and keep in their hands for the trouble and services to be by them performed, the sum of five per cent. on the whole sum which shall come into their hands by virtue of such appointment before each dividend made, over and above all necessary disbursements in the Premises.

XXVAnd be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall be sued for any matter or thing done in pursuance or by virtue of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for him, her or them, to plead the general iffue and give the special matter in evidence. And also that this Act shall be bene-Continuance of ficially confirmed for the Creditors in all Courts of Record within this Province; and that the same shall

continue

continue and be of force as to the powers of Judges to grant such Warrants of Attachment and exercise the powers hereby given until the first day of February, which will be in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and ninety. from thence to the end of the then next Seffion of the General Affembly of this Province. continue and be in full force as to the power of every Court, Person, and Truffees, that shall be appointed as aforesaid, by virtue of this Act, before its above limitation, and have any duty or thing thereby enjoined or required to be done, until a full and final settlement and distribution shall be made by them and finished according to the true intent and meaning of this Act.

Continued to 1st March, 1803, by 38 Geo. 3. C. 1.

# CAP. XIV.

An ACT for prevention of FRAUDS and PERJURIES.

OR prevention of many fraudulent practices, which are commonly endeavoured to be up- Preamble. held by perjury and subornation of perjury:

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Leases, &c. or Assembly, That all Leases, Estates, Interests of Free- uncertain interholds, or terms of years, or any uncertain Interest of, in, to or out of any Meffuages, Manors, Lands, livery and seifin Tenements or Hereditaments, made or created by only, and not in Livery and Seifin only, or by Parole, and not put have the effect of in writing, and figned by the parties so making Effates at will or creating the same, or their agents thereunto lawfully authorized by writing, shall have the force and effect of Leases or Estates at Will only, and shall not either in Law or Equity be deemed or taken to have any other or greater force or effect; any confideration for making any such Parole, Leases or Estates, or any former Law or usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

est in Messuages &c. created by writing, shall

Except Leases not exceeding 3 years, and the rent equal to two thirds the value.

to be affigned, &c. but in writing.

brought on special promise of ExecutorsorAdministrators; on promise to answerdebt of another; on sale of Lands, &c. on agreement not to one year, or promise of marriage, unless in writing.

Declarations or creations of trufts Lands, &c. not in writing, to be

Except nevertheless, All Leases not exceed-II. ing the term of three years from the making thereof, whereupon the rent reserved to the Landlord, during such term, shall amount unto two third parts at the least of the full improved value of the thing demised.

And moreover, That no Leases, Estates or III. Leases, &c. not Interests, either of Freehold, or terms of years, or any uncertain Interest of, in, to or out of any Messuages, Manors, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, shall be affigued, granted or surrendered, unless it be by Deed or Note in writing, figned by the party so affigning, granting or surrendering the same, or their agents thereunto lawfully authorized by writing, or by Act and operation of Law.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no action No action to be shall be brought whereby to charge any Executor or Administrator upon any special promise, to answer damages out of his own Estate; or whereby to charge the Defendant upon any special promise to answer for the debt, default or miscarriages of another person; or to charge any person upon any agreement made upon confideration of marbe performed in riage, or upon any contract or sale of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Interest in or concerning them; or upon any agreement that is not to be performed within the space of one year from the making thereof; unless the agreement upon which such action shall be brought, or some memorandum or note thereof, shall be in writing, and figned by the party to be charged therewith, or some other person thereunto by him lawfully authorized.

And be it further enacted, That all declarations or creations of trufts or confidences of any or confidences of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments shall be manifested and proved by some writing, signed by the party who is by Law enabled to declare such truft, or by his last Will in writing, or else they shall be totterly void and of none effect.

Provided always, That where any conveyance shall be made of any Lands or Tenements by which a trust or confidence shall or may arise or or extinguished result by the implication or construction of Law, or be transferred or extinguished by an Act or operation of Law, then and in every such case, such trust or confidence shall be of the like force and effect as the same would have been if this flatute had not been made; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, That all Grants and Affignments of any trust or confidence shall Grants, &c. of likewise be in writing, figned by the party granting ting, void. or affigning the same, or by such last Will or Devise, or else shall be utterly void and of none effect.

And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for every Sheriff or other officer to whom any Writ or Precept is or shall be directed, is directed on at the suit of any person or persons, of, for and Judgment, &c. upon any Judgment, Statute or Recognizance hereafter to be made or had, to do, make and deliver execution unto the party in that behalf suing, of all such Lands, Tenements, Rectories, Rents and Here- for him against ditaments, as any other person or persons, be in any manner seized or possessed, or hereaster shall be seized or possessed, in trust for him against whom execution is so sued, like as the Sheriff or other officer might or ought to have done, if the said party against whom execution hereafter shall be so sued, had been seized of such Lands, Tenements, Rectories, Rents or other Hereditaments of such Estate as they be seized of in trust for him at the time of the said execution sued; which Lands, Tenements, Rectories, Rents and other Hereditaments by force and virtue of such execution, shall accordingly be held or enjoyed, freed and discharged from all incumbrances of such person or persons as shall be so seized or possessed in trust for the person against If cestur que trust whom such execution shall be sued; and if any dieleaving a trust

Trusts, &c. arifing, transferred by operation of Law excepted.

trusts not in wri-

Sheriff to whom Writ or Process cution of Lands, &c. of which other persons are seized in trust cution is sued.

in fee fimple, such truft fhall by descent.

cestui que trust hereaster shall die, leaving a trust in fee fimple to descend to his heir, there and in every be deemed affets such case such trust shall be deemed and taken, and is hereby declared to be affets by descent, and the heir shall be liable to and chargeable with the obligation of his ancestors for and by reason of such affets, as fully and amply as he might or ought to have been, if the Estate in Law had descended to him in possession in like manner as the trust descended; any Law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

How not chargeable out of his own Eflate, by reason of an Estate or trust made affets by this act; but such assess liable as at common Law.

Provided always, That no heir that shall become chargeable by reason of any Estate or trust made affets in his hands by this Law, shall by reason of any kind of plea or confession of the action, or suffering judgment by nient dedire, or any other matter, be chargeable to pay the condemnation out of his own Estate; but execution shall be sued of the whole Estate so made affets in his hands by descent; in whose hands soever it shall come after the Writ purchased, in the same manner as it is to be at and by the Common Law, where the heir at Law pleading a true plea, judgment is prayed against him thereupon, any thing in this present Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Estate pur auter zz., deviseable by Will; and if no devise chargeable in the hands of the heir to whom it comes by special occupancy, it no special occupant shall be affets in the hands of Exministrators.

And for the amendment of the Law in the particulars following; Be it further enacted, That from henceforth any Estate pur auter vie, shall be deviseable by a Will in writing, figned by the party so devising the same, or by some other person in his presence and by his express directions, attested and subscribed in the presence of the Devisor by three or more witnesses; and if no such devise thereof be made, the same shall be chargeable in ecutors or Ad- the hands of the heir, if it shall come to him by reason of a special occupancy, as affets by descent, as in case of Lands in fee simple; and in case there be no special occupant thereof, it shall go to the Executors or Administrators of the party that had the Estate thereof by virtue of the grant, and shall be affets in their hands. XI.

XI. Be it enacted, That any Judge or officer of any of his Majesty's Courts, that shall sign any Judgments, shall at the figning of the same, set down the day of the month and year of his so doing up- the month, &c. on the paper, book, docket, or record which he shall fign; which day of the month and year shall be also entered upon the margent of the roll of the Record where the said Judgment shall be entered.

Judge or officer of Court figning Judgments to fet down the day of

And be it enacted, That such Judgments as against purchasers bona fide for valuable consideration of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be charg- fide purchasers to ed thereby, shall in consideration of Law, be Judgments only from such time as they shall be so figned, and shall not relate to the first day of the term whereof they are entered, or the day of the return of the original or filing the Bail.

Such Judgments as against bona take effect from the time of fign-

And be it further enacted, That no Writ of fieri facias or other Writ of execution shall bind the property of the goods against whom such Writ of execution is sued forth, but from the time that such Writ shall be delivered to the Sheriss, Under-Sheriss to the Sheriss, or Coroners, to be executed; and for the better indorsed on the manifestation of the said time, the Sheriff, Under-Sheriff and Coroners, their Deputies and Agents, shall upon the receipt of any such Writ, (without fee for doing the same) endorse upon the back thereof, the day of the month and year whercon he or they receive the same.

Writ of fieri facias, not binding but from the time of delivery such time to be

And be it further enacted, That no contract for the sale of any Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, for the price of ten pounds sterling or upwards, shall be allowed to be good, except the buyer shall accept part of the Goods so sold, and actually receive the same, or give something in earnest to bind the bargain, or in part of payment, or that some note or memorandum in writing of the said bargain be made and figned by the parties to be charged by such contract, or their Agents thereunto lawfully authorized.

Contract for sale of Goods, &c. not good, unless part of the Goods accepted and received by the buyer or some note in writing.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the day of Recognizances the

not to bind

Lands, &c. but from the time of enrollment.

the month and year of the enrollment of the recognizances shall be set down in the margent of the roll where the said recognizances are enrolled, and that no recognizance shall bind any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in the hands of any purchaser bona fide and for valuable confideration, but from the time of such enrollment, any Law, usage or course of any Court to the contrary notwithstanding.

### CAP. XV.

An ACT for the regulating Weights and Measures.

Weights and Measures to be according to the standard of the Exchequer.

Persons convicted of others forfeit five shillings for every offence Poor.

Marketannually chosen by the Towns or Parishes, to procure all Weights and marked.

BE it enacted by the Governor, Council and As-D sembly, That there shall be one just Beam or Balance, one certain Weight and Measure, and one Yard according to the standard of his Majesty's Exchequer in England, used throughout this Province; and whosoever shall keep any other Weight, Measure or Yard whereby any Corn, Grain or cther thing is bought or sold, shall forfeit for every offence five shillings, being thereof convicted by to the use of the the oath of one sufficient witness before any Justice of the Peace, to be levied by diffress and sale of the offender's goods, to the use of the poor of the Town or Parish where such offence shall be committed.

And for the better observation of and put-Clerks of the ting in execution this Act, Be it further enacted, That the Clerks of the Market to be annually appointed or chosen in the several Towns or Parishes in the respective Counties in this Province, shall Measures to be procure a set of Weights and Measures according to such standard, and shall cause to be assayed, sealed and marked with the letters G. III. R. all Weights and Measures brought to him for that purpose, to be used in the respective Towns and Parishes for which they shall be so appointed or chosen, for each and every of which Weights and Measures so assayed, sealed and marked, the said Clerk of the

Market

Market shall have and take one penny, and if any Clerks Fees and Clerk of the Market shall neglect or refuse when Penalty for negthereunto required, to affay, seal and mark any affay, seal and Weight or Measure, he shall forfeit for every offence mark such five pounds on conviction by presentment or indictment at the Quarter Sessions, one moiety thereof to the Prosecutor and the other moiety to the use of the Poor of the Town or Parish where such offence shall be committed, to be levied by distress and sale of the offender's goods, and for default of such distress the offender to be imprisoned by Warrant of the Justices at such Session till payment be made. Saving always nevertheless, unto the City of Saint John, and the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the same City, and all and every of them, all such rights, privileges and usages as they or either of them can justly claim as Clerk of the Market within the said City or otherwise howsoever, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

lect or refusal to

# CAP. XVI.

An ACT for establishing a Tender in all PAYMENTS to be made in this Province.

THEREAS it is necessary for the ascertaining of contracts, to determine the value of the coin in which all tenders may be lawfully made.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That an English Guinea shall pass current which to pass in and be received for twenty-three shillings and four pence, and a filver English or French Crown piece at 23/4. French for five shillings and six pence, and all other Encrowns at 5/6.

Spanish dollars glish gold and silver coin in the like proportion, at 5s. Halfjoanand that Spanish mill'd Dollars shall pass current nes at 40% and and be received for five shillings each, and a half other gold and filver money in Joannes, for forty shillings, in all payments to be proportion. made within this Province.

Preamble,

Value of coin at alipayments, viz. English guineas,

### CAP. XVII.

### An ACT for establishing the RATE of INTEREST.

Not more than 6 per cent. interest to be received for loan of Monies, Wares, &c.

Eonds, &c. securing more than 6 fer cent. interest to be void.

Perfonswhoshall on any contract, bond, &c. take more than 6 per cent. interest shall forfeit the value of the principal sum, &c. one half to the King and the other to the Prosecutor.

BE it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That no person or persons whatsoever, upon any contract which may be made, shall directly or indirectly accept or receive for loan of any monies, wares, merchandize, or other commodities whatsoever, above the value of six pounds for the forbearance of one hundred pounds for the term of one year, and so after that rate for a greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter time; and that all Bonds, Centracts, Obligations and Affurances whatsoever, for payment of any principal or money, to be lent, or covenanted to be performed, whereupon, or whereby there shall be reserved, taken, or received above the rate of six pounds for one hundred pounds as aforesaid, shall be utterly void; and that all and every person or persons whatsoever, who shall, upon any Contract, Bond, Obligation or Affurance to be made, take, accept or receive by way or means of any corrupt bargain, loan, exchange, shift or transfer of any wares, merchandize or other thing or things whatsoever, by covin, or by any deceitful way or mean whatsoever, for the forbearing, or giving day of payment, beyond one whole year, of and for their money, wares, merchandize or other things, above the sum of six pounds for the forbearing of one hundred pounds for one year, and so after that rate, for a greater or less sum, or for a longer or shorter time, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, the full value of the principal sum or sums of money, wares, merchandize or other things so lent, bargained, exchanged or shisted; together with all interest, and other emoluments accruing thereon, one moiety thereof to be to the King's most excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the public use of this Province, and the support of the Government thereof; and the other half or moiety to him or them that shall sue for the same, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in the Supreme Court or in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record, in the County where the offence shall be committed. Provided, That nothing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to extend to, or affect any specialty, obligation, inftrument or agreement in writing, that fhall be made, entered into or executed for any money lent, or advanced upon the bottom of any fhip or veffel; or to prevent the full recovery of damages on protested Bills as by Law established; or against the recovery of any penalty incurred or forfeited by the non-fulfilling of any contract or agreement entered into for the performance of certain things and conditions where the penalty therein expressed becomes mutually binding, any thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, That all prosecutions for any forfeitures incurred by this Act, shall be commenced by the person or persons aggrieved, or by any person who shall sue for the same within twelve months from the time the offence was committed; *Provided*, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend to any contract for the loan or hire of any Grain, Cattle or live flock let out on flockletonshares fhares or on such terms as the parties may agree, in case the lender take the rifk of casualties upon himself, in which case such borrower shall not avail himself of any lofs suffered through his wilful neglect or any voluntary damage which may be committed by him, any thing in this Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

This Act not to extend to bottomry, to damages on protested Bills, or forfeitures for non-fulfilling contracts,

Prosecutions under this Act to be commenced within Twelve Months.

This Act not to extend to contracts for the loan of cattle or live &c. at the risk of the lender.

# CAP. XVIII.

# An ACT for preventing the MULTIPLICITY of LAW SUITS.

Preamble.

X 7HEREAS a provision for setting mutual debts one against the other is highly just and reasonable at all times, and tends to prevent a multiplicity of Law Suits.

Where mutual debts between against the other and given in evidence under ge-neral issue, notice to Plaintiff of ed on.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That where there are mutual debts be-Plaintiff and De- tween the Plaintiff and Defendant in any Court of fendant, one set Record in this Province, or if either party sue or be sued as Executor or Administrator, where there are mutual debts between the Testator or Intestate and either party, one debt may be set against the debt to be infift- other, and such matter may be given in evidence upon the general iffue or pleading in bar, as the nature of the case shall require, so as at the time of his pleading the general iffue, where any such debt of the Plaintiff, his Testator or Intestate is intended to be infifted on in evidence, notice shall be given of the particular sum or debt so intended to be infifted on and upon what occasion it became due or otherwise, such matter shall not be allowed in evidence upon such general issue.

Where the debt to be set off shall accrue by reason of a penalty and is pleaded in bar, the sum justly due must be fhewn in the plea.

And be it further enacted, That by virtue of this Act, mutual debts, may be set against each other, either by being pleaded in bar, or given in evidence on the general iffue, in the manner herein before mentioned, notwithstanding that such debts are deemed in Law to be of a different nature, unless in cases where either of the faid debts shall accrue by reason of a penalty contained in any Bond or specialty, and in all cases where either the debt for which the action hath been or shall be brought, or the debt intended to be set against the same, hath accrued, or shall accrue by reason of any such penalty, the debt intended to be set off shall be pleaded in bar, in which plea shall be shewn how much is truly and justly due on either side, and in case the Plaintiff shall recover in any such action or suit, judgment shall be entered for no more than fhall appear to be truly and justly due to the Plaintiff after one debt being set against the other as a-And if upon trial of the iffue between the Costs paid by parties, the Plaintiff shall become nonsuit, or the lance found for Jury shall not assess damages to the Plaintiff over Defendant. and above the debt, or sum of which notice of setoff shall have been given as aforesaid, then the Plaintiff shall have no costs, but shall pay to the Defendant or his Attorney costs to be taxed. And if upon such trial, it shall appear to the Jury that the Plaintiff is over-paid, then they shall find a verdict for the Defendant, and therewith certify to the Court how much they find the Plaintiff to be indebted or in arrear to the Defendant more than will answer the debt or sum to set-off, and found due by the same verdict, and the sum or sums so certified shall be recorded with the verdict, and shall be If Plaintiff redeemed as a debt of Record, and if the Plaintiff refuse to pay the same, the Defendant for the recove- gainst him, Dery thereof, shall have execution for the same, togefendant shall have execution ther with the costs of the said action, any Law, for the same and usage or custom to the contrary in anywise not- costs. withstanding.

# CAP. XIX.

An ACT for permitting Persons of the profession of the people called QUAKERS, to make an Affirmation instead of an Oath,

**D**E it enacted by the Governor, Council and As-D sembly, That every person of the profession of the people called Quakers, who shall be required affirmation inupon any lawful occasion to take an oath, shall, instead of an oath in the usual form, be permitted to make his or her solemn declaration or affirmation in these words, to wit:

People called Quakers to make stead of oath,

J. A. B.

Form of affirmation.

I A. B. do solemnly, sincerely, and truly declare and affirm.

Which solemn affirmation shall and is hereby declared to be of the same force and effect in all cases where by Law an oath shall be required, as if such Quaker had taken an oath in the usual form.

False affirmation punished as perjury.

And be it further enacted, That every person who shall have made such solemn affirmation, and fhall be convicted of wilfully, falsely and corruptly having affirmed any thing which if the same had been sworn in the usual form would have amounted to wilful and corrupt perjury, shall incur the same penalties as persons convicted of wilful and corrupt perjury.

III. *Provided*, That no Quaker or reputed Qua-Not to affirm in ker, shall by virtue of this Act, be admitted to give criminal causes evidence in any criminal cause extending to life or extending to life or limb. limb, by such solemn declaration or affirmation as is

hereby directed.

No Persons deemed Quakers unless they affirm they are and have been so for one year.

Provided also, That no persons shall be deemed Quakers within the intention of this Act, unless they shall affirm in the form before directed, that they are of the profession of the people called Quakers, and have been so for one year then last paft.

#### CAP. XX.

An ACT for admitting Depositions De Bene Esse, of Witnesses, aged, infirm, and otherwise unable to travel, and of Witnesses departing from the Province.

Depolitions of withelles who shall be infirm, aged, unable to travel or obliged to leave the Province, taken by

 $ightharpoons \mathrm{E}$  it enacted by the Governor, Council and A $\sim$ number sembly, That when it shall so happen that any of the witneffes which shall be judged necessary to be produced on the trial of any cause between party and party, shall be infirm, aged, or otherwise unable to travel, or when any such witness or cvia Judge after de- dence is obliged to leave the Province, it shall and

may be lawful for any one of the Judges of the claration filed Court wherethe cause is to be tried after declaration filed, on due notice given to the adverse party to be present (if he see fit) to take the deposition of shall be received such infirm or aged person or persons unable to travel, or who is obliged to leave the Province, and such depositions so taken and certified under the hand and seal of the said Judge and sealed up, and directed to such Court, shall be received as legal ture causes beevidence in such cause, and also when the title to land shall be in question in all future causes between tion of title to the same parties or persons holding under them, for the same Land.

party having been notified, as evidence.

Admitted in futween the same parties in ques-

Provided, That proof be made on oath, that due notice was given to the adverse party of the time and place of taking such depositions.

Proof on oath of notice to adverse party.

And provided nevertheless, That if such witnesses shall at the time of the trial of the cause, be in the Province, or able to travel, they shall be required to give their testimony viva voce, at such trial, such deposition in the same manner, as if such depositions had not been taken.

If witnesses in the Province or able to travel, shall notwithstanding.

Provided also, That all benefit of exceptions to the credit of such Deponents shall be reserved in the credit of Dethe same manner as on producing witnesses for examination, viva voce, at the trial.

Exceptions to ponents reserv-

And be it enacted, That every person of the profession of the people called Quakers, who shall be required to take an oath as aforesaid, shall instead of an oath be permitted to make his or her solemn affirmation.

Quakers to make affirmation inflead of oath.

VI. And be it also enacted, That every person, who shall have made such oath or solemn affirmation, punished as perand shall be convicted of wilfully, falsely and cor- jury. ruptly having sworn or affirmed any thing, shall incur the same penalties as persons convicted of wilful and corrupt perjury.

False swearing

# CAP. XXI.

An ACT to prevent unnecessary Expence in Actions on the Case on Judgment by Default.

Where Judgment is suffered by default, Justices may affefs for a Jury of inquiry.

B E it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly. That from and affect? D sembly, That from and after the publication of this Act, in all actions on the case wherein judgdamages, unless ment is suffered by default, the Justices in the Court Defendant apply wherein such judgment is given, may affess the damages at the next succeeding term, and give final judgment for the sum so affeffed; unless the Defendant in such cause should apply for a Jury of Inquiry, in which case the Sheriff is to proceed to ascertain the damages as has been heretofore practised.

### CAP. XXII.

An ACT for ascertaining DAMAGES on Protested BILLS of EXCHANGE.

Protested Bills I. on Europe subprotesting, postage, and fix per cent. interest.

B E it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the first day of jecttotenpercent. April, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, all damages, cost of Bills of Exchange drawn from and after said time by persons residing within this Province upon persons in Europe, that may be sent back protested, shall be subject to ten per cent. damages, together with the accustomed charge of protesting and postage, and also six per cent. per annum interest on the amount of principal, damages and charges, to commence from the day of the date of the protest on said Bill for non-payment, and continue till the same is paid.

Protested Bills on America and West Indies subject to five per cent. damages, **8**:0:

II. And be it further enacted, That all Bills of Exchange drawn by persons residing within this Province after said time, on persons in any part of America and the West-Indies, and sent back protested, shall be subject to five per cent. damages, to-

gether

gether with the accustomed charge of protest and postage, and also six per cent. per annum interest on the amount of principal damages and charges, to commence from the date of the protest for nonpayment, and continue till the same is paid.

And be it further enacted, That all Bills drawn, or endorsed by persons not residing in this drawn by per-Province, and who at any time may be found there- sons not reliding in, shall be subject to the same damages, charges and but found thereinterest, as if the same had been drawn or endorsed in, subject to the

See further 34 Geo. 3. c. 6.

by persons who actually did reside in the Province. &c. same damages, &c.

# CAP. XXIII.

An ACT for giving the like Remedy upon Promis-SORY NOTES as on Inland BILLS of EXCHANGE.

**)** E it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assem- Notes in writing bly, That all Notes in writing for any sum of for Money payable to order, asmoney, payable to order or bearer, shall be affign- fignable as inland able and indorseable over, in the same manner as Bills of Ex-Inland Bills of Exchange are by the cuftom of merchants; and that any person or persons to whom, or to whose order, such Note shall be made payable, shall and may maintain his, her or their action for such sum of money in like manner as in cases of Inland Bills of Exchange, with damages and costs of suit.

# CAP. XXIV.

An ACT to enable Creditors more easily to recover. their Deets from Joint Partners.

HEREAS Creditors are often put to great trouble and difficulty in recovering debts due from joint partners, the proceeding to outlawry against persons who cannot be taken by process, not being in use in this Province, and doubts have arisen, whether

Preamble.

whether any one joint partner is now compellable to answer for the partnership debts, unless all are brought into Court, which many times cannot be done; for remedy whereof,

Joint debtors, answerable separately.

Creditors may iffue process against joint debtors as usual, and if any are taken, judgment and execution shall be had against them and others, named in the process though not taken.

Execution not executed against the Body or Lands or Goods of persons not taken before fcire facias.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That all persons that now are or hereafter shall be jointly indebted to any other person or persons whatever, for any joint contract, obligation, matter or thing whatsoever, for which remedy could or might be had at Law against such Debtors, in case all were or could be taken by procefs iffued out of the Courts of this Province, shall be answerable to their Creditors separately for such debts; that is to say, such Creditor or Creditors shall and may iffue process against such joint Debters, in the manner now in use, and in case any or either of such joint Debtors shall be taken, and brought into Court by virtue of such process, he, fhe or they so taken and brought into Court, shall answer to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and in case the judgment pass for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, he or they shall have his or their judgment and execution against those that are brought into Court, and against the other joint Debtors named in the process, in the same manner as if they had been all taken and brought into Court by virtue of such pro-Provided always, That it shall not be lawful, by virtue of this Act, to execute such execution against the Body, or the Lands, or Goods, the sole property of any person not brought into Court, before scire facias brought against him or them on such judgment.

# CAP. XXV.

An ACT to prevent frivolous and vexatious Arrests.

OR the more effectual preventing frivolous Defendant not and vexatious arrests, Be it enacted by the held to special Governor, Council and Assembly, That no person bail on process fhall be held to special bail upon any process issuing out of the Supreme Court where the cause of from supreme court for less than action shall not amount to the sum of ten pounds or less than 40s. upwards, nor out of any Inferior Court within this Province, where the cause of action shall not amount to forty shillings or upwards. And that in all suits In suits for a less brought for a less sum, the Defendant shall be serv- to be served with ed with a copy of the process within the jurisdiction acopyof process, of the Court iffuing such process, in manner as hath and in case of non-appearance heretofore been accustomed, and if such Desendant Plaintiff may afor Defendants shall not appear at the return of such process, or within twenty days after such return, it enter common shall and may be lawful to and for the Plaintiff or appearance, &c. Plaintiffs, upon affidavit being made before any Judge of the Court out of which such process shall iffue, or before any Commissioners authorized to take affidavits to be read in the Supreme Court, and filed in the proper Court, of the personal service of such process as aforesaid, to enter a common appearance, or file common bail for the Defendant or Defendants, and to proceed thereon as if such Defendant or Defendants had entered his, her, or their appearance, or filed common bail.

And be it further enacted, That in all cases When the cause where the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs cause of action shall ofaction amounts amount to the sum of ten pounds or forty shillings, affidavit to be or upwards as aforesaid, affidavit shall be made and made thereof befiled of such cause of action, which affidavit may be forea Judge, &c. made before any Judge of the Court from which such process shall iffue, and before any Commissioner appointed to take affidavits to be read in the Supreme Court, or else before the officer who shall issue such process, or his deputy, if such suit shall

fides in his Majesty's Plantations without the Province, before a Judge of Supreme Court there. Sum indorsed on writ, for which bail to be taken and no more.

Or writ or procels for £ 10. or 40s. and no affidavit, the body of Defendant shall not be arrested.

If Plaintiff re- be brought therein: And in all cases, when the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall reside without this Province, in any of his Majesty's Plantations, before any Judge of the Supreme or Superior Court in such Plantation, and the sum or sums specified in such affidavit shall be indorsed on the back of such writ or process, for which sum or sums so indorsed, the Sheriff or other officer to whom such writ or process shall be directed, shall take bail, and for no But if any writ or process shall issue for the sum of ten pounds or forty shillings, or upwards as aforesaid, and no affidavit or indorsement shall be made as aforesaid, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall not proceed to arrest the body of the Defendant or Defendants, but shall proceed in like manner as is by this Act directed in cases where the cause of action does not amount to the sum of ten pounds or forty fhillings, or upwards as aforesaid.

# CAP. XXVI.

# An ACT to PREVENT GAMING.

Notes, Bonds, &c. for money or other things won by gaming or playing at Cards, &c. void and of no effect.

 $oldsymbol{\Sigma}$  E it enacted by the Governor, Council and As-D sembly, That for the more effectually preventing and suppressing Gaming of every kind, all Notes, Bills, Bonds, Judgments, Mortgages, or other securities or conveyances whatsoever, given, granted, drawn or entered into, or executed by any persons whatsoever, where the whole or any part of the confideration of such conveyances or securities shall be for any money, or other valuable thing whatsoever, won by gaming or playing at Cards, Dice, Tables, Tennis, Bowls, or other game or games whatsoever, or by betting on the fides or hands of such as do game at any of the games aforesaid, or for the reimburfing or repaying any money knowingly lent or advanced for such gaming or betting as aforesaid, or lent and advanced at the time and place of such play, to any person or per-

as aforesaid, shall

sons so gaming or betting as aforesaid, or to any other person or persons in trust for, or to the use of them so gaming or betting, or that shall during such play so game or bet, shall be utterly void, frustrate and of none effect, to all intents and purposes whatsoever: and that where such Mortgages, secu- Mortgages, &c. rities and other conveyances, shall be of Lands, made and execu-Tenements or Hereditaments, or shall be such as in-ted for money or cumber or affect the same, such Mortgages, securities or other conveyances, shall enure and be to and enure to the use for the sole use and benefit of, and shall devolve of persons otherupon such person or persons, as should or might if made to them. have, or be intitled to such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in case the said Grantor or Grantors thereof, or the person or persons so incumbering the same, had been naturally dead, and as if such Mortgages, securities or other conveyances, had been made to such person or persons so to be intitled after the decease of the person or persons so incumbering the same; and that all Grants or Conveyances to be made for the preventing such Lands or Tenements or Hereditaments from coming to, or devolving upon, such person or persons hereby intended to enjoy the same as aforesaid, shall be deemed fraudulent and void, and of none effect to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

In actions for on any wager or bet, the Plaintiff fhall suffer a nonfendant recover

And be it hereby further enacted, That in all actions of the case or other actions, (except such money, &c. won suits as shall be brought under this Act) which shall or may hereafter be brought in any Court of Judicature within this Province, for any sum or sums of suit and the demoney, in which it shall appear on trial of the same that the cause of action accrued by or in consequence of a wager or gaming bet, that the Plaintiff fhall in all such cases suffer non-suit, and the Defendant recover full costs against him.

And be it further enacted, That any person or persons whatsoever, who shall by playing at or 20s. worth be Cards, Dice or Tables, or any other game or games lost at cards, &c. whatsoever, or by betting on the fides or hands of four hours, or at such

If more than 20s. within twentyone fitting, and thesame be paid or delivered, the party lofing may sue for and recover the same with cofts.

such as do play at any game or games as aforesaid, within twenty-four hours, or at any one meeting or fitting, lose to any one or more person or persons, so playing or betting, any sum or sums of money exceeding the sum of twenty shillings, or any other valuable thing or things whatsoever beyond the value of the sum of twenty shillings, and shall pay or deliver the same or any part thereof, the person or persons so losing and paying or delivering the same, shall be at liberty within one month then next following, to sue for and recover the money or goods so lost and paid or delivered, or any part thereof from the respective winner or winners thereof, with costs of suit, by action of debt, founded on this Act, to be prosecuted in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record, in which action it shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff to alledge that the Defendant or Defendants are indebted to the Plaintiff, or received to the Plaintiff's use, the monies so lost and paid, or converted the goods won of the Plaintiff to the Defendant's use, whereby the Plaintiff's action accrued to him according to the form of this Act, without setting forth the special matter.

Money or other thing won from minors may be sued for and recovered by guardian or mafter and treble the value with cofts.

Persons convicted of fraud, &c. in playing at any game as afore-said, shall forfeit five times the value of the money or thing won.

IV. And be it further enacled, That the Parent, Guardian or Master of any person or persons under the age of twenty-one years, shall likewise be at liberty to sue for and recover, in manner as is before prescribed, any money or other thing won by gaming from such persons within lawful age, and treble the value of money so won, with costs of suit.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any persons shall, by fraud, unlawful device, or ill practice whatsoever, in playing at any game or games whatsoever, or by bearing a share or part in the stakes, or by betting on the sides of such as shall play, win or acquire to themselves, or to any others, any money or other valuable thing, every person so winning or acquiring by such ill-practice as aforesaid, and being thereof convicted of any of the said

offences,

offences, upon indictment or information, shall forfeit five times the value of the money or other thing so won as aforesaid; such penalty to be recovered by such person as shall sue for the same by such action as aforesaid.

And for the better suppressing all public gaming houses, Be it hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any two of houses suspeted his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to enter into any public houses suspected of keeping any gaming ingtables and order their removal tables, and to order and direct the keepers of such within 48 hours, gaming tables, if any such shall be found therein, to remove the same within forty-eight hours, as a public nuisance; and any person refusing or neglecting to obey the order of such Juffices, the said Justices shall have power to break and prostrate senders for their such public gaming tables, and also to require sufficient security from persons keeping such gaming houses, for their good behaviour during twelve months, or for their appearance at the next Quarter Seffions, there to be prosecuted for offending a- In case of refugainst this Act, or in case he or they shall refuse to rity, offenders to find security, then to commit him or them to the be committed. common Goal of the County for trial. On convictor to be fined or imtion, to be either fined or imprisoned, as the Court prisoned. fhall direct.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for any two Justices of the Peace to cause to be brought before Jurors, two Justhem, every person against whom information shall be lodged by the members of the Grand Jury, sworn at the preceding Seffion of the Peace, held in the County, or by some one of them that he or they have reason to suspect such person to have no visible Estate or calling to maintain himself by, but that he does for the most part support himself by gaming; and if such person shall not make it ap-charged, do not pear that the principal part of his expences is not trary, such Jusmaintained by gaming, such Justices shall require tices may require of him security for his good behaviour for twelve security for good behaviour for 12 months,

Two Justices may enter public of keeping gamand on refusal to remove, may break and prostrate the same, and require security from the ofgood behaviour,

sal to find secu-

On conviction

On information of sworn Grand tices to apprehendpersons suspected of maintaining them-selves by gam-

If persons so

non-compliance may commit.

months, and on months, and in default of his finding such security. commit him to the common Goal until he shall find such security.

## CAP. XXVII.

An ACT for preventing Idleness and Disorders, and for punishing Rogues, VAGABONDS, and other Idle and Disorderly Persons.

Persons not having any visible means of maintaining them-selves, refufing to work, going about to beg alms, not having a pass from a Justice, returning to the place from whence removed, fhall be deemed idle and disorderly.

A Justice of the Peace may on information apprehend such idle or disorderly persons, and examine them, and on refusal to answer or giving false answers, may confider and deal with them as such.

B E it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That all persons who not having any visible means of maintaining themselves, live idle and refuse to work for the usual wages, and all persons going about to beg alms, and all idle and wandering persons, who shall not have a pass or testimonial from some Justice of the Peace, setting forth from whence such idle and wandering persons fhall have come, and the place to which they are to pals, and all persons who return to such Town, Parish or place from whence they have been legally removed by order of two Justices of the Peace, without bringing a certificate from the Town or Parish whereunto they belong, shall be deemed idle and disorderly persons, and it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace on receiving information that any idle or disorderly person or persons is or are in any place within his jurisdiction, to iffue his warrant to the Constables, to search for and apprehend such idle and disorderly person or persons, and bring him or them before such Justice, who is hereby empowered to examine such person or persons not only as to their manner of livelihood and subfiftence, but also as to the place from whence they came and where they were last settled, and they refusing to be examined, or not making true answers to such questions as shall be put to them by such Justice on such their examination, shall be confidered as idle and disorderly persons within the intent and meaning of this Act, and be dealt with accordingly.

And be it further enacted, That it shall and Justices of the may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to commit all and every person and persons by this Act mentioned and described as idle and disorderly perfons (and thereof convicted by their own confession, by view, or by the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, or refusing to be examined, or returning untrue answers as aforesaid) to Prison or to the House of Correction, there to be kept to hard labour for any time not exceeding one month.

And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall be found offending in any Town or Towns, &c. re-Parish or place against this Act, it shall and may belawful for any Constable of such Town, Parish or to apprehend place, and he is hereby enjoined and required on Notice thereof given him by any of the Inhabitants, convey them to a to apprehend and convey, or cause to be conveyed, fuch person so offending, to a Justice of the Peace of the County in order to be examined and proceeded against according to Law. And if any Constable after fuch Notice given as aforefaid shall refuse or neglect to use his best endeavors to apprehend and convey fuch offenders before a Justice of the Peace as aforefaid, being thereof legally convicted before fuch Justice of the Peace, every such Constable shall forfeit and pay to the use of the Poor thereof the fum of Ten Shillings, to be levied by diffress and fale, of the offender's Goods, by warrant from fuch Juftice, and the overplus, if any, after the charge of profecution and of fuch diffres shall be fatisfied, shall be returned to such offender.

IV. And be it further enacted, That any person Persons aggrievor perfons who shall conceive him, her or themselves aggrieved by any act, judgment or determination of any Juffice or Juffices of the Peace out of Seffions, in and concerning the execution of this Act, may appeal to the next General Quarter Sessions of the City or County on finding two fufficient fecurities in Ten Pounds each, to profecute such appeal to effect.

М

Peace may commit offenders against this Act to Prison or House of Correction.

Constables of quired, on notice by an Inhabitant offenders against this Act, and Justice to be examined, &c.

Constables refufing or neglecting to apprehend &c. as aforefaid, to be fined tos.

ed may appeal to the next General Quarter Selfions, on finding two fufficient fecurities in f 10 each, to profecute the

# CAP. XXVIII.

An ACT for the appointment of Town or Parish Officers, in the feveral Counties in this Province.

Justices of General Seffions to appointannually at the first Seffions, Overfeers of the Poor-Town or Parish Clerks - Conflables-Fenceviewers--Clerks of the Market-Pound keepers, Cullers, &c. of Fish-Surveyors of Lumber and Cord Wood-Sealer of Leather-Guagers of Calks-Hogreeves-Affeffors of Rates, &c .--Surveyors,&c.of Hay-Inspectors, &c. of staple commodities in Counties, who shall be respectively fworn in Court or within fourteen days by a fingle Justice.

 $\mathbb{D} \to it$  enasted by the Governor, Council, and As- . sembly, That the Justices of the General Sesfions of the Peace for the feveral Counties in this Province, shall hereafter annually at the first Sessions of the faid Court, appoint out of every Town or Parish in the said County, three fit persons to be Overfeers of the Poor of the faid Town or Parish, and at the fame time, in like manner, appoint one fit person in every Town or Parish in said County to be Clerk of faid Town or Parish, who shall be fworn truly to enter and record all fuch matters and things, as shall relate to the faid Town or Parish, and shall appertain to his office, and shall also appoint two or more as they shall fee convenient to be Constables in faid Town or Parish; and shall also appoint two or more as they shall see convenient, to be Fence-viewers in fuch Town or Parish, and shall also appoint one Clerk of the Market in said Town or Parish, and shall also appoint a sufficient number in their discretion to be Pound keepers, in faid Town or Parish, and shall also appoint a sufficient number in their discretion to be Cullers and Surveyors of Fish in faid Town or Parish, and shall also appoint a sufficient number in their discretion to be Surveyers of Lumber, and of Cord Wood in faid Town or Parify, and shall also appoint one Sealer of Leather in faid Town or Parish, and shall also appoint a fufficient number in their discretion to be Guagers of Casks in fald Town or Parish, and shall also appoint a fufficient number in their discretion to be Hogreeves in faid Town or Parifh, and fhall alfo appoint three fit perfons to be Affeffors in faid Town or Parish of all such Rates and Taxes as shall be payable by any Act or Acts of the Governor, Council and Affembly of this Province, and shall also appoint a fufficient number in their discretion to be Surveyors

Surveyors and Weighers of Hay in faid Town or Parish, and shall and may also appoint a sufficient number in their discretion in each Town or Parish to be Inspectors and Examiners of any staple commodity in fuch Counties respectively for market or exportation, who shall be respectively sworn in faid Court, where they shall be so appointed, or within fourteen days after fuch appointment, before one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County where fuch Town or Parish lies; which Court and Justices respectively are hereby authorized to adminifter fuch Oaths, to the faithful discharge of their duty, and also shall conform to the Laws of this Province respecting or regulating the same; and upon their or any or either of their refusal to accept, or being guilty of any neglect or misbehaviour in the feir 405. execution of the duty of their respective offices, they shall forfeit and pay for the use of the Poor of the faid Town or Parish the sum of Forty Shillings, for every fuch refufal, neglect or misbehaviour, to be recovered upon proof of fuch refufal, neglect or misbehaviour, by the Oath of one credible witness, before any two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where fuch Town or Parish is, to be levied by warrant of diffres, and fale of the offender's goods and chattels, rendering the overplus, if any, after deducting the costs and charges of profecution to the offender. And if any perfon fo appointed shall leave the Province, change vince or change the Town of his residence, or happen to die within of Town, two the period for which he shall be appointed to serve in any of the faid offices, in fuch case any two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County shall and may appoint a fit person, who shall be fworn as aforefaid to the faithful discharge of his duty, and shall ferve in such vacant office until another shall be appointed by such Court of General Seffions at their meeting next enfuing fuch vacancy.

And be it further enacted, That the Surveyors Surveyors, &c. and Weighers of Hay, shall be paid for their trou- of Hay, to be

For refusal or neglect shall for-

In case of death, leaving the Pro-Justices to appoint others.

paid One penny per hundred and Four pence per mile travel, by feller.

In Counties where the Courts of Sessions have been held this year before publication of this Act, Justices required to call special Sessions for the appointment of officers aforesaid.

ble in viewing and weighing Hay at the rate of One Penny per hundred weight, and Four Pence per mile travel; if such travel exceed one mile to be paid by the feller.

III. And be it further enacled, That in such of the Counties in this Province where the faid Court of General Seffions of the Peace has been already held in this year, or shall be held before the publication of this Act, it shall and may be lawful, and the Justices of the faid Seffions are hereby required to call and hold as foon as conveniently may be after the publication of this Act, a special Sessions for the purpose of appointing the several officers as in and by this Act is directed, which officers to appointed shall in all respects act, and be liable, as if they were appointed at the General Sessions of the Peace as herein before directed, and shall continue in their respective offices until other persons shall be appointed in their stead at the first General Sessions of the Peace to be held in fuch Counties respectively, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-feven,

## CAP. XXIX.

An ACT for preventing Trespasses. Rep.

#### CAP. XXX.

An ACT to prevent the Burning Woods, by carelefsly or wantonly firing the fame.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the Inhabitants of this Province have frequently left Fires burning, which by communicating to the Woods have done great damage not only to the Proprietors of certain Lands, but also to the greater damage of the unlocated Lands.

Persons convicted of kindling

I. For prevention whereof, Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after

the

the publication of this Act, any perfon or perfons Fires in Woods, who shall be convicted by his or their own confes- &c. and shall not fion, or by the Oath of one or more credible wit- extinguish or feness or witnesses before any one or more Justice or from communi-Justices of the Peace of any County within this Province, of having kindled any Fire in any woods, fields, or other open place, and who fhall depart leaving the fame burning, and shall not either extinguish the same by water, or otherwise secure it so that it Town, and shall may not communicate to any woods, under-woods or brush, whereby damage may ensue either to any private property or to any unlocated Lands in this Province, shall for every such offence (although no damage enfued) forfeit and pay the fum of Three Pounds, one half to the use of the Informer and the other half to the use of the Poor of the Town where fuch offence shall have been committed, as well as be subject to all damages sustained in consequence of fuch Fire, to be recovered by action of debt in any Court of this Province where the fame shall be cognizable, with costs of fuit.

cating to other woods, shall forfeit £3, one half to informer, the other to the Poor of the pay all damages.

## CAP. XXXI.

An ACT to prevent Nuisances by Hedges, Wears, Seines, and other Incumbrances obstructing the Paffage of FISH, in the Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province. Exp.

#### CAP. XXXII.

An ACT for laying out, repairing and amending Highways, Roads and Streets, and for appointing Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways within the feveral Towns or Parishes in this Province. Susp. by 41 Geo. 3, c. 7.

CAP.

# CAP. XXXIII.

An ACT for regulating and facilitating the Naviga-TION of the River SAINT JOHN, and other Rivers in this Province.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the Navigation of the River Saint John, and other Rivers in this Province, and particularly in those parts thereof where from the rapids, and for other causes, it is often sound necessary to tow small vessels, boats, and rafts of lumber, along the sides, and near the shores of said Rivers, is often obstructed by felling trees, standing on the banks of said Rivers, and by casting and leaving the same across said banks; partly on the banks, and partly in said Rivers, and by logs, and other heavy bodies being deposited and lodged by the freshes and otherwise, on said banks, and on the shores of said Rivers.

Commissioners and Surveyors of Roads to be Surveyors of Rivers and empowered to clear Rivers, &c. of incumbrances, &c.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That the Commissioners and Surveyors of Roads, that shall be annually appointed or chosen in the feveral Towns or Parishes, in the respective Counties in this Province, shall be Surveyors of Rivers, who shall take care that all Rivers, and the banks and shores thereof, within the respective diftricts affigned them, be cleared of all fuch incumbrances and obstructions to the Navigation thereof, that they may be fafe and convenient for the aforefaid purpofes of paffing up and down the fame, with imall veffels, boats and rafts of lumber, in manner as aforefaid, and the Surveyors are hereby empowered to cut down, dig up and remove all forts of trees, bushes, or other thing or things, that may any way straiten, hurt, hinder, incommode, impede, or obstruct the Navigation of faid Rivers with small veffels, boats or rafts of lumber, by towing the fame or otherwife; and to warn all labourers, owners of carriages, teams and boats, or other things fit and necessary to be employed for the above purposes.

To warn labourors, &c.

And be it further enacted, That if any person Persons felling or persons shall hereafter fell any Tree or Trees, &c. on flanding on the Banks of faid Rivers, and cast and leave the same across said Banks, or shall cut down each Tree, &c. and leave on faid Banks, any Log or Logs, or other heavy bodies, fuch person or persons, shall for each Tree, Log, or other heavy body felled, cut down, or left on or across said Banks, in manner aforesaid, forfeit and pay a fine or penalty of Twenty Shillings, to be recovered by complaint to a Justice of the Peace, as in the case of refusal to labour on the Highways, and appropriated for the purpose of clearing faid Rivers, by the Surveyors within whofe district the offence shall be committed. And the faid Surveyors are hereby authorized to command the affistance of the Inhabitants of the Parish for the purposes aforesaid, in like manner as for working on the Highways, and the work fo done by each person shall be considered and returned by faid Surveyor and allowed for, as fo much work done on the Highways.

to forfeit 20s. for

Surveyors to command affiftance of Inhabitants, and work allowed as in cafe of Highways.

## CAP. XXXIV.

An ACT for fecuring the Navigation of the River Maggaugaudavick.

HEREAS the fecurity of the free Navigation of the river Maggaugaudavick through its Preamble. extensive communications, must be highly conducive to the fettlement thereof, and greatly tend to the encouragement of the Lumber trade, at prefent the most important branch of Commerce in the Province.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That no person or persons shall raise a Dam or throw a Boom across the main river Mag- Dams, &c. across gaugaudavick, and any perfon or perfons fo offending shall forseit the sum of Twenty Pounds, the half forseit f20. of which fum shall be for the Informer and the other half for the Poor of the Township where the offence

Persons raising

shall be committed, to be recovered by bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province.

thrown across faid River below the carryingplace above the first Falls, to stop Masts, &c.

Provided always, That it shall and may be Booms may be lawful to throw a Boom or Booms across said River at or below the carrying-place or Portage, immediately above the first falls of faid River, which falls are next adjoining to the falt water, for the purpofe of stopping masts, spars, rafts or other lumber, to be hauled over the faid Portage where the height and rapidity of the stream renders the further conveyance of them by water unfafe.

Persons erecting Mills above faid carrying-place, may raise Dams half across the River.

And be it enacted, That any person or perfons who may think it expedient to erect a Mill or Mills, upon faid river Maggaugaudavick, in any part thereof above the carrying-place or Portage before-mentioned, shall have a power or privilege to erect a Dam or Dams, or to lay a Boom or Booms which shall not extend more than half way across faid main River, the half distance to be estimated in the drought of Summer or in the feafon when the water of this River shall be deemed at the lowest.

Dams, &c. may be made across the River above the grand Forks, leaving Sluiceways for Boats, &c.

Provided, That above the Grand Forks, fupposed about Twenty-seven miles from the first Falls, any person may have permission to throw a Dam or Booms acrofs the River, provided there is left in faid Dam or Booms, fufficient Sluiceway or paffage for conveying boats, rafts of boards, or other lumber through the fame. And every person convicted of offending herein, on trial by indictment for a public nuisance, at the Court of Sessions held for the County, shall be fined at the discretion of the faid Court, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, who are hereby empowered on fuch conviction, to order the faid nuisance to be abated.

Two Justices may on view order fuch Booms removed.

And be it enacted, That any two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace upon their own view, or upon the Oath of two or more credible witnesses, have power, and they are hereby directed to order any fuch Boom or Booms to be removed.

CAP.

# CAP. XXXV.

An ACT to prevent the malicious Killing or Maiming of Cattle.

BE it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assem-bly, That if any person or persons shall mali-length of the state of th ciously, unlawfully and willingly kill, maim, wound or otherwise hurt any Horses, Neat Cattle, Swine, damages to the Sheep or other Cattle, every fuch offender or offenders shall forfeit and pay unto the party grieved, treble the damages which he or they shall fustain, to be recovered by action of Trespass, or upon the cafe in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record in this Province.

Horses, &c. shall forfeit treble

# CAP. XXXVI.

An ACT for regulating Inn-holders, Tavern-keepers, and Retailers of Spirituous Liquors.

I. B E it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the publication hereof, no Retailer, Inn-holder, Tavern or Ale-house keeper, who shall fell upon trust or credit, any Wine, ftrong Beer, Ale, Brandy, Rum or other Spirituous Liquors mixt or unmixt, to any Soldier, Sailor, Servant, or other person whatsoever, to the amount of any fum exceeding the fum of Five Shillings, shall have any remedy to recover the same either at Law, or in Equity, against any of the perfons aforefaid, their Executors or Administrators.

And be it further enacted, That in case any Soldier, Sailor, Servant, Apprentice, bound Servant, for securing payor other person whatsoever, shall leave any pawn or pledge as a fecurity for the payment of any fum exceeding Five Shillings contracted in fuch manner, fuch Soldier, Sailor, Servant, Apprentice, bound of a Justice and Servant, or other person whatsoever, or the Masters the offenders or Mistresses of such Servant, Apprentice or bound subject to Fine Servant, may complain to any Justice of the Peace, f<sub>5</sub>.

Retailers, &c. felling wine, &c. on trust to Soldiers, &c. for more than 5s. without remedy.

Pawns, &c. left ment of any fum exceeding 5s. contracted as aforesaid, shall be restored by order not exceeding

where fuch Retailer, Inn-holder, Tavern or Ale-house keeper, or any other person whatsoever receiving fuch pawns or pledges usually resides; that such pawn or pledge is detained from him or her by fuch Retailer, Inn-holder, Tavern or Ale-houfe keeper, or any other person whatsoever, and having made proof thereof by the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, such Justice of the Peace is required by warrant under his hand and feal to compel fuch Retailer, Inn-holder, Tavern or Ale-house keeper, or other person whatsoever, by distress and fale of his goods to reftore the aforefaid pawn or pledge to the party complaining, or to make him or her fatisfaction for the loss or abuse thereof, and fhall further be fubject to a Fine not exceeding Five Pounds, for the use of the Poor of the Town or Parish where such offence shall be committed.

Retailers, &c. harboring or fuffering Apprentices to fit drinking in their houses or felling them spirituous Liquors without order, &c. shall forfeit 1cs. for each offense.

And be it further enacted, That no Retailer or person whatsoever shall harbour, or suffer any Apprentice or Servant whatfoever, to fit drinking in his or her house, nor fell or give him, her or them, nor fuffer to be fold or given him, her or them, any of the Liquors aforefaid, without special order or allowance of their respective Masters or Mistresses, on pain of forfeiting the sum of Ten Shillings for every fuch offence, together with the charges of profecution, to be recovered upon conviction on the Oath of one credible witness before any one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace within the County where the offence shall be committed, or such other proof as shall be to the satisfaction of fuch Justice, and to be levied by warrant of diffress and fale of the offender's goods and chattels, under the hand and feal of the faid Justice, and for want of sufficient distress said Justice shall and may commit fuch offender to his Majesty's Goal, there to remain for the space of one month, or until he shall have paid and fatisfied the same. fuch fum fo levied shall, by the faid Justice be paid into the hands of the Overseers of the Poor of the

Town

Town or Parish where the offence shall be committed, to be by them applied to the use of the Poor of fuch Town or Parish.

IV. Provided always, And nothing herein contained shall extend to debar any Retailer, Inn-hol- and to travelder, Tavern or Ale-house keeper, from furnishing lers, &c. any Traveller, or Boarder in his family, with neces-Jary refreshments on credit.

This Act not to

See further 34 Geo. 3. c. 5.

#### CAP. XXXVII.

An ACT for regulating SERVANTS.

WHEREAS damage and inconvenience may arife from Apprentices and indented Servants Preamble. leaving the fervice of their Masters without a pro-

per discharge.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the publication of vants or Apprenthis Act, all Servants or Apprentices bound by Indenture, shall at the expiration of the term for which they are engaged, require and receive from their Master or Mistress a discharge or Certificate of such Servants having ferved his or her time.

And if any person shall knowingly hire or harbour any indented Servant or Apprentice till he or she shall produce such Certificate or discharge, fuch persons so offending and being thereof convicted before the General Session of the Peace, shall shall forseit £5. forfeit and pay Five Pounds, to be levied by diffrefs and fale of the offender's goods and chattels, by warrant from fuch General Seffions, one half of which shall be to the Prosecutor, and the other half for the benefit of the County where the fame shall be recovered.

And all indented Servants and Apprentices as aforefaid, who shall absent themselves from their Indented Serfervice, shall be liable to make satisfaction by fer-prentices absentvice after the time of their Indenture is expired, ing themselves double

tices shall, at the expiration of their term of service, receive a discharge.

Persons hiring or harbouring Servants or Apprentices, not produ-

shall make satisfaction by fervice.

Justices of the Peace may give discharges where Maffers unreafonably refuse.

Persons making use of salse Certificates fhall be publicly whipped.

Before Indentures are concluded or affigned, parties to go before a Justice.

Mafters of veffels receiving, harbouring or concealing Servants, &c. to forseit £ 10.

Maffers shall provide for Servants.

Two Juffices on

double the time of fervice so neglected, and if their absence was in feed time or harvest, or the charge of recovering them be extraordinary, the Court before whom complaint is made, shall adjudge a longer time of service proportionable to the damage the Master shall make it appear he has sustained.

IV. And in cafe any perfon shall refuse his or her Servant a Certificate or discharge as aforesaid. fuch Servant may apply to one of his Majesty's Juftices of the Peace in the County where faid Master or Mistress does reside, who shall give Notice to said Mafter or Miftress, and require the reasons for such refufal, and in cafe no regard is paid to fuch Notice within Five days, or the Justice by a reply shall find no sufficient cause for such refusal, he shall without any fee, give fuch Servant a Certificate to that purpole, which shall be a sufficient discharge from said Indenture. And if any person shall be convicted of making use of a false Certificate upon Oath before any two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, he shall be publicly whipped not exceeding Thirty firipes, at the differetion of faid Justices.

V. And be it fariher enacted, That before any Indenture is finally concluded, or affigned over, the parties shall go before one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, who shall examine whether the Apprentice or Servant has any just objection to such Indenture or affigument thereof, and if he has not, faall give a Certificate on the Indenture accordingly.

And be it further enacted, That no Master of any Ship or Veffel shall receive, harbour or conceal, on board, any indented Servant or Apprentice, on pain of forfeiting Ten Pounds for every fuch offence, to be recovered and applied as aforefaid.

And be it further enacted, That every Master or Mistress shall provide for his or her Servant or Apprentice according to the full tenor of their agreement.

VIII. And every Servant or Apprentice having complaint of Ser- just cause of complaint for the non-performance of

fuch

fuch agreement, or for hard or cruel usage, may and vants, may order shall on application to any two of his Majesty's Jus- relief by distices of the Peace, be heard concerning the fame, wife. and if faid Justices shall find sufficient cause of complaint, they are hereby empowered and required to make an order for the relief of faid Servant or Apprentice, by a discharge from their service or otherwife as they may fee fit.

And if either party shall not be satisfied with Party not satisthe order of faid Justices, appeal may be had to the to Court of Selnext General Seffions of the Peace, where the mat- fions. ter shall be finally determined.

fied may appeal

And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Merchant, Trader, Tavern-keeper or other person whatsoever, to fell upon credit to any indented Servant or Apprentice, and all actions commenced against such persons, shall and are hereby declared to be void and of no effect.

Merchants, &c. not to fell on credit to Servants or Apprentices.

#### CAP. XXXVIII.

An ACT to enable the Justices of the Peace, of the feveral Counties in this Province for the time being, to receive, for Public Ufes, Grants of Lands lying in their respective Counties, and to regulate the Commons belonging to the feveral Townfhips or Parishes within the same.

HEREAS there are feveral Tracts of Land referved in the different Counties of this Province for Public uses, and whereas it is necessary that perfons be empowered to receive Grants as well of the faid Lands as of fuch other Lands as may hereafter be fo referved or granted, that the intent for which they have been or shall be so reserved or granted, may be carried into execution.

Preamble.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That the Justices of the Peace in each County shall be and are hereby authorized and empowered, by the stile and title of the Justices of the for public uses. Peace of the County of for the time

Justices of the Peace authorized

being

being, to accept, receive and retain in trust for the Public uses therein specified, any Grant or Grants of Lands lying in the faid County, and fuch trust to execute: and all Grants fo as aforefaid made, are hereby declared to be good and valid in Law.

ons concerning fuch Lands and may leafe the fame.

And be it further enacted, That the faid Justi-May bring acti- ces, by the stile and title aforesaid, shall be able. and in Law capable to bring and maintain any action of trespais or ejectment of, or concerning any the Lands fo granted to them in trust as aforesaid. And to leafe for a term of years any fuch Lands for granted to them, or heretofore given to Public uses, to the best advantage, except the use is expressly given in fuch Grant to fome particular person or perfons or body corporate.

Justices in their Sessions to affix and fettle regulations for the Inhabitants of Towns respect-

ing Commons.

And be it also enacted, That the Justices in their feveral General Sessions of the Peace, to be held for the feveral Counties in this Province, shall from time to time affix and fettle fuch regulations as they may think most proper and convenient to be observed and followed by the Inhabitants in the feveral Townships within such County, in regard to the Common belonging to the same, and such regulations fo made, affixed and fettled, shall be and are hereby declared to be the flated rules to be kept, observed and followed, by the Inhabitants of each respective Township; and that if any person shall transgress any such rules and regulations so to be fettled and affixed, or shall neglect or refuse to obey the same, such person shall forfeit and pay a Fine not exceeding Forty Shillings for every fuch offence; and in case such offender shall refuse or neglect to pay the Fine, then it shall and may be lawful for any two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to grant a warrant of diffrefs for levying the same in the utual manner, one half to be to the person complaining, and the other half for the use of the Poor of the Township where the offence shall be committed; and in default of fuch diffrefs, to commit fuch offender for any space not exceeding Ten days.

Persons transgreffing or refufing to obey fuch regulations to be fined not exceeding 40s.

CAP.

#### CAP. XXXIX.

An ACT for the Preservation of MOOSE. Exp.

## CAP. XL.

An ACT to oblige Absent Proprietors to pay a proportion of any Public charge, and to repair Highways.

HEREAS there are many persons who own Lands in Counties where they do not refide, whose Lands are enhanced in their value, by the labour of those who are present.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That each and every fuch Proprietor or Non-refident Proprietors of any Lands, Tenements or Heredita- Proprietors of ments, within this Province, shall pay or cause to their proportion be paid, his, her, or their just quota or proportion of charges affelof all charges hereafter to be affessed on the Lands within fuch County, and upon failure thereof, the ways. fame to be recovered, as may be directed by the Laws empowering fuch affessment, and each and every non-resident Proprietor or Proprietors of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall be obliged to do and perform his, her or their parts or proportion of labor on the Highways, Streets, Roads and Bridges, within their respective limits, or pay for the fame as delinquent Inhabitants.

Be it also enacted, That if any Proprietor or Proprietors of any real Estate as aforesaid, shall be absent, and no person appear in their behalf within Six Months after Public Notice being given in the Royal Gazette, to pay his, her or their quota or proportion of any Affestment as aforefaid, made by virtue of any Law of this Province, or of labor on Highways, Streets, Roads and Bridges as aforefaid, Lands, or, if neand not having any goods and chattels to answer his, her or their quota or proportion of any charge fell the fame to made as aforefaid, it shall and may be lawful for any pay such charges three of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, quorum

Preamble.

Land, &c. to pay of labor on High-

Such delinquent Proprietors being absent or not appearing within 6 Months after public notice in the Royal Gazette three Justices may let out their cessary, may order the Sheriff to and coffs.

unus, who are hereby empowered to let out fuch part of the delinquent's Lands as may be fufficient to pay, by the produce thereof, any fuch quota. proportion, or charge fo due; and in cafe the Lands of fuch absentees, should not for the present produce sufficient to pay the quota of his, her or their proportion of fuch Affeffment, or no one appear to hire the fame, that then it shall and may be lawful for fuch Juffices, by warrant under their hands and feals, to order the Sheriff or his deputy, to fell at Public Auction to the highest bidder, so much of the Lands of fuch delinquent, as may be fufficient to pay the quota, proportion or charge as aforefaid, with the costs and charges attending the same. And the Sheriff or his deputy is hereby empowered and directed to execute a Deed to the purchaler or purchasers thereof, their heirs and affigns, and deliver feizin and poffession of the same to such purchaser.

Sheriffs to execute Deeds to the purchasers.

# CAP, XLI.

An ACT to enable the Treasurers of the respective Counties in this Province, to recover from such person or persons as have heretofore received any Monies, or are otherwise indebted for the Sale of Mill privileges and Public Lots.

Preamble.

WHEREAS divers perfons in this Province have received fums of money, and are otherwife indebted for the fale of Mill privileges and public Lots, fold by order of the Governor of Nova-Scotia, and have not yet accounted to any perfon for the fame.

Persons having public monies or indebted for Mill privileges, &c. to pay the same to county Treasurers.

I. Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That all and every person or persons, who have or hath any public monies in his or their hands, or are otherwise indebted by such sales aforesaid, shall and may, and they are hereby required to pay the same into the hands of the respective county Treasurers of such County where such privileges

vileges and Lots were fold, and the receipt of fuch Treasurer shall be a full and sufficient acquittance and discharge to him or them for the same. if any person or persons when thereunto required by fuch Treasurer shall refuse or neglect to account nies, &c. on reand pay to fuch Treafurer all and every fum or fums which he or they shall have in his or their hands, or are otherwise indebted as aforesaid, such Treasurer shall and may fue for and recover the same in any Court of Record in this Province, having competent jurisdiction, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, and upon judgment given for the Plaintiff, he shall and may recover treble costs of fuit.

Treasurers may fue for fuch mofufal to pay.

And be it further enacted, That all fuch monies fo received or recovered by any fuch Treafurer, shall be disposed of, and appropriated by the Justices of the Peace at their General Sessions in the respective County, by their order or orders, for the uses and purposes which such privileges and public Lots were declaredly fold for, at the time of fuch fale, and should there be any overplus after such purposes are answered, the same is to remain in the hands of fuch Treafurer and be confidered as part of the Public flock of fuch County. Provided, That Persons aggricuany person or persons conceiving himself or them- ed may bring a felves aggrieved by fuch order or orders, shall and may within Six Months from the date thereof, bring Court. a writ of certiorari, in the Supreme Court, to remove the fame order or orders, which Court is hereby authorized to hear and finally determine the fame.

Such monies to be appropriated by Justices in

And be it further enacted, That all persons who have any demands against any Town or district, for the discharge of which the sales aforesaid are declaredly made, are hereby required to deliver in a particular account of the fame to the county Treafurer, who is hereby directed to receive fuch accounts, and lay the fame before the Justices of the Peace at their General Sessions in the respective County, who are hereby authorized to examine and

writ of certiorari in Supreme

Persons having demands to be paid on certificate of Court of fessions.

adjust said accounts and certify the balance due on each, that the fame may be paid by the Treasurer as foon as he is enabled by the recovery of the monies aforesaid, and no certiorari is brought as aforefaid.

#### CAP. XLII.

An ACT for assessing, collecting and Levying COUNTY RATES.

Jullices in general or special sesfions may agree on fums of money for building Goals & Courthouses & charge fors.

Affesfors to direct precepts to Constables with copies of Asselsments, who are to collect the fame.

Such fums to be

apportioned by Affeffors.

**)** E it enacled by the Governor, Council and As-BE it enacieu oy inc Goods.

sembly, That the Justices of the Peace in the feveral Counties in this Province, where no Goals or Court-Houses are already erected and finished in and for faid Counties, shall at their general or special Seffions of the Peace, have full power and authe fame on the thority to conclude and agree upon fuch fum or Towns by war-rants to Asser, fums of money as upon examination of able and fufficient workmen shall be thought necessary for the building and finithing a public Goal and a public Court-House, in and for such Counties respectively, and by warrant under their hands and feals, or under the hands and feals of the greater number of them, to be directed to the Affesfors of the several and respective Towns by equal proportion to distribute and charge the sum or sums of money to be levied for the uses aforesaid upon the several Towns or Parishes in such Counties respectively; and the Assessor for the faid Towns or Parishes respectively, shall apportion the quota of the said sum or fums of money fo to be levied upon the respective Towns or Parishes, to be paid by the several and respective Inhabitants of the said Towns or Parishes as they in their discretion shall think just and reasonable; and the faid Assessors are hereby authorized and empowered to direct their precepts with a copy of fuch Affestment or apportionment of the different fums fo to be paid by the respective Inhabitants, to the Constables of the respective Towns or Parishes, for which such Assessors are appointed,

which Constables are hereby authorized to levy and collect the fame accordingly. Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful for any Inhabitant of any Town in case he shall so chuse, instead of paying the fum fo to be affeffed upon him, to contribute a proportion of labor at and after the rate of Two Shillings and Six Pence per day, allowing Ten hours to each day's work, under the direction of fuch person as the said Justices shall agree and contract with for the building fuch Goal and Court-House, who is hereby authorized to notify to the respective Constables where such labor will be required, which labor fo contributed, shall be a full discharge of the sums so affessed at and after the rate aforefaid.

Repealed by 29 Geo. 3. c. 3.

II. And be it further enacted, That when any Goal or Court-House, or any public Bridges or other works are to be repaired at the expence of any County in this Province, the Justices of the Peace in the feveral Counties, shall at their General Sef- for repairing fions of the Peace upon the presentment of the Grand Jury at fuch Sessions of the want of such reparation of the Goal, Court-House and Bridges or other works, have full power and authority, if they think proper and convenient, from time to time to make rates and affeffments for fuch fum or fums of money as they in their differetion shall think fufficient to answer all and every the purposes aforefaid, in fuch proportions as is herein before directed to be in like manner affeffed, levied and collected; and the faid Justices of the Peace at their refpective General Seffions, are hereby authorized and empowered to covenant, contract and agree with any person or persons for the well and sufficient building, finishing or repairing such Goals, Court-Houses, Bridges or other works as aforesaid.

Justices in genes ral fessions may, on presentment of Grand Jury, make rates, &c. Goals, &c.

And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons who shall not have worked as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to pay his or their affessment, by the space of Ten days after demand of such affessment

And may agree with persons for building, &c. fuch Goals, &c.

Perfons not having worked as a. foresaid, and reing to pay their Assessments, liable to diffress goods.

fuling or negled- fessiment by the Constable appointed to collect the fame, or shall convey away his or their goods or estate whereby the sum or sums of money so affestand fale of their fed cannot be levied, then it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Constables by warrant from any one of the Justices of the Peace in the County. to levy the fum so affessed, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of fuch persons so neglecting or refusing to pay, who shall not have worked as aforefaid, and the goods and chattels then and there found, and the diffress so taken to keep for the space of Ten days, at the costs and charges of the owner thereof; and if the faid owner do not pay the fum or fums of money fo rated or affeffed. within the space of the faid Ten days, then the faid diffrefs to be appraised by two or more of the Inhabitants where the fame shall be taken, or other fufficient persons, and to be fold by the faid Constable for payment of the faid money, and the overplus of fuch fale (if any be) over and above the fum fo affeffed and charges of taking and keeping the diffress, to be immediately returned to the owner thereof; and the respective Constables are hereby required upon demand to pay fuch fum or fums of money as they shall have so received or collected into the hands of fuch person (being resident in fuch County where fuch rates shall be respectively made) whom the faid Justices at their General Seffions, or the greater part of them then and there County Treasur- assembled, appoint to be the Treasurer of the County, (which Treasurer they are hereby authorized general sessions, and empowered to nominate and appoint) such and to give secu- Treasurer first giving security in such sum as shall be approved of by the faid Justices at such General Seffions, or the greater part of them then and there affembled, to be accountable for the feveral and respective sums of money which shall be respectively paid to them, in purfuance of this or any other Act or Law of this Province, and to pay fuch fum or fums of money as shall be ordered to be paid by the

Constables to pay their collections to county Treasurers.

rers to be appointed by Juffices in

the Justices at their General Sessions, and for the due and faithful execution of the trust reposed in him, and all and every fuch fum or fums of money as shall be paid into his hands by virtue of this or any other Act or Law of this Province, shall be deemed and taken to be the Public stock, and the faid Treasurer shall and is hereby required to pay Treasurers topay fo much of the money in his hands to fuch perfore ed by Justices in and persons as the said Justices at their General Sef- sessions. fions, or the greater part of them then and there affembled, shall by their orders from time to time, direct and appoint for the use and purposes of this Act, and for any other uses and purposes to which the Public stock of any County is or shall be applicable by Law.

And be it further enacted, That the faid respective Treasurers in the several Counties shall and Kreasurers to keep books of are hereby required to keep books of entries of the entries of monies feveral fums respectively received and paid by them, received and paid and are also hereby required to deliver in true and account under exact accounts upon Oath if required, (which Oath oath if required. the faid Justices at their respective General Sessions are hereby empowered to administer) of all and every the fum and fums of money respectively received and paid by them, diftinguishing the particular uses to which such sum or sums of money have been applied, to the Justices at every General Seffions respectively to be holden by them in the several Counties, and shall lay before the Justices at fuch Sessions the proper vouchers for the same.

and to render an

And be it further enacted, That the respective Constables of the several Towns or Parishes, shall and they are hereby required to demand and levy fuch rates, &c. fuch rates and affestments, and to notify the Inha- and to account bitants to work as aforefaid, in manner before directed, and shall account for the same before the faid Justices at their respective General Sessions in the feveral Counties if thereunto required, in like manner as the faid Treasurers are hereby directed to account; and in case such Constables or any of

Constables to demand and levy for the fame.

Constables neg-lecting or refumitted to Goal.

them shall neglect or refuse so to demand, levy or account, then it shall and may be lawful to and for fing may be com- the faid Justices at their respective General Sessions. or the greater part of them, then and there affembled, to commit fuch Constable or Constables to the common Goal of the County, there to remain without bail or mainprize, until he or they shall have caused such rates or affestments upon the perfons who shall not have so worked as aforesaid, to be demanded or levied, and shall have rendered a true account or accounts in the manner hereby directed: and in case it shall appear by such account or accounts that any fum or fums of money is or are remaining in his or their hands, which he or they shall have received of the several persons in the Town or Parish for which he or they shall be respectively appointed, which ought to have been paid to the respective Treasurer, in order to be applied to the purposes aforefaid, and if he or they shall neglect or refuse to pay the same over into the hands of the respective Treasurers or otherwise, if thereunto required by order of the faid Justices at their respective General Sessions or the greater part of them, then and there affembled, then it shall and may be lawful for the faid Justices at fuch their General Sessions, or the greater part of them, then and there affembled, to commit fuch Constable or Constables to the common Goal of the County, there to remain without bail or mainprize, until he or they thall have made full payment of the fum or fums of money that shall appear to be due on such account or accounts. And all the accounts and vouchers of the faid Treasurers and Constables shall, after having been passed by the said Justices at their respective General Sessions, be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the time being, of each County respectively, who is hereby required to keep them among the Records of fuch County, to be inspected from time to time by any of the faid Justices for fuch County as occasion shall require, without see or reward.

Accounts,&c. to be deposited with the Clerks of the Peace.

charges to Con-

charges of Juffi-

VI. And be it further enacted, That the receipts ReceiptsofTreaof fuch respective Treasurer shall be sufficient dif- surers, good discharges to all Constables, and the discharges of the stables, and disfaid Justices of the Peace or the greater part of them, by their orders made at their respective General furers. Seffions to fuch Treafurer, shall be deemed and allowed as good and fufficient releases, acquittances or discharges, in any Court of Law or Equity, to all intents and purpofes whatfoever.

Justices in fessions may continue and remove Treasurers, and allow them pay

And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Justices of the Peace, at their respective General Sessions, or the greater part of them then and there affembled, to continue from time to time fuch Treasurer in his not exceeding office, fo long as they shall fee convenient, and to £15. a year. remove him at their pleafure, and appoint any other person in his place, and to allow him infifting on the fame fuch reasonable sum or sums of money for his care and pains in the execution of fuch truft, not exceeding Fifteen Pounds, by the year, as they in their difcretion shall think fit, which they are hereby empowered to direct the payment of, out of the monies arifing by the respective rates from time to time appointed to be made.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Affesfors of any Town or Parish shall at any time have reason to believe the said Town or Parish is over-rated, fuch Affesfors may appeal tothe respective Justices of the Peace at their next General Seffions, against such part of the rate only as may effect the Town or Parish in which they serve such office, which Justices or the greater part of them, then and there affembled, are hereby authorized and empowered to hear and finally determine on the fame. Provided nevertheless, That upon such appeal such rate shall not be quashed or destroyed in regard to

Affelfors believing their Towns over-rated, may appeal to Courts of fellions.

any other Towns or Parishes affested thereby. And be it further enacted, That no new rate No new rate shall be made until it shall appear to the said Justi- be made until 3ces at their respective General Sessions, or the great-

4ths of the former rate are expended.

er part of them, then and there affembled, by the accounts of their respective Treasurer or otherwise. that three-fourths of the money collected by virtue of the preceding rate have been expended for the uses and purposes aforesaid.

be commenced against persons collecting money on rates quashed on writs of certiorari.

Persons paying

more than they ought, to be repaid or allowed in the next rate.

tiorari to remove orders, &c. touon motion in Term next after time of appeal, &c.

And be it further enacted, That no action or Actions shall not suit shall be commenced or prosecuted against any person or persons who shall be employed in collecting or receiving any money in purfuance of this Act on any rate or rates which shall be quashed or difcharged on any certiorari to be brought in the Supreme Court for any money to be collected or received on any fuch rate or rates, before fuch writ of certiorari shall be brought and allowed, and that justice may be done to such persons who shall pay towards any rate which shall be quashed or discharged, the feveral fums of money which shall appear to have been paid by them on fuch rate, either in the whole or in part, more than they ought to have paid, shall be repaid or allowed to them in the next rate or rates which shall be made in pursuance of this Act, as if the fame had been paid on fuch new rate or rates.

And be it further enacted, That no writ of No writs of cer- certiorari to remove any rates made in pursuance of this Act, or to remove any orders or other proceedching rates, shall ing taken or made by the faid respective General be taken out but Seffions, touching fuch rates, shall be taken out or granted, but upon motion to be made fome time in the Term next after the time for appealing from fuch rates or orders is expired, and upon making it appear to the Court by affidavit or otherwise, that the merits of the question upon such appeal or orders will by fuch removal come properly in the judgment of the faid Court, and that no fuch writ of certiorari shall be allowed, until sufficient security be given to the respective Treasurers appointed by virtue of this Act, in the fum of One hundred Pounds, to profecute fuch writ of certiorari with effect, and to pay the costs to be ascertained by the

Court

Court to which fuch rates, orders or proceedings, shall be removed, in case such rates or orders shall be confirmed, nor shall any such rates, orders or Rates not to be proceedings be quashed or vacated for want of form only, and all charges attending fuch removal shall be defrayed out of that or any subsequent rate.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any action

or fuit shall be commenced against any person or persons for any thing that shall be done in pursuance or by the authority of this present Act, in every fuch case the action or suit shall be commenced within Three Months next after the fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid and brought in the respective County in which the cause of action or fuit shall arise and not elsewhere. the Defendant or Defendants in fuch action or fuit to be brought, shall and may plead the general Issue and give this Act and the special matter in evidence at any trial to be had thereupon, and that the fame was done in purfuance and by the authority of this Act, and if it shall appear so to be done, or that fuch action or actions shall be brought after the time before limited for bringing the same as afore-

faid, or shall be brought in any other County or place, that then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and upon fuch verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be non-suited or discontinued, his, her or their action or fuit after the De-

upon demurrer judgment shall be given against the

Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants

remedy for the fame as any Defendant or Defen-

dants hath or have in other cases by Law.

quashed for want

Actions to be brought within 3 months.

Defendants may give special matter in evidence under general

fendant or Defendants hath or have appeared, or if If judgment against Plaintiff, Defendant shall recover tieble shall and may recover treble costs, and have the like costs.

See further 27 Geo. 3. c. 8.

CAP. P

# CAP. XLIII.

An ACT to Regulate and Provide for the Support of the POOR in this Province.

Overfeers at the first General Sefsions annually, to lay before the Justices the state &c. of the Poor.

iffue

Justices to issue warrants to Asfessors to raise monies allowed for the relief of the Poor.

Overfeers with confent of two Justices may inquire after idle or disorderlypersons, and oblige them to labour.

 $\mathbf{B}^{Eit}$  enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That the Overseers of the Poor to be appointed in the feveral Towns and Parishes in the respective Counties in this Province, and the Overfeers of the Poor to be appointed in the City of St. John, shall at the first General Sessions of the Peace annually, in the refpective Counties where fuch Towns, Parishes and City are; lay before the Justices at fuch General Sessions, the state and condition of the Poor in their feveral districts, which statement the faid Justices at their faid Sessions are hereby authorized and required to supervise, examine and allow, and thereupon shall issue their warrants to the Affesfors of such Towns or Parishes, and City respectively, for the affessing and levying the several fums fo respectively allowed upon such statements as aforefaid, which fums shall be rated, affested and collected, in fuch manner, at fuch times, and under the fame regulations, reftrictions, penalties and forfeitures as County charges are rated, affessed and collected by an Act or Law of this Province, intitled, "An Act for affeffing, collecting and levying County Rates," and shall be paid into the hands of the Overfeers of the Town or Parish where such rates are affeffed.

II. And be it further enacled, That the faid Over-feers of the Poor, or the major part of them, by and with the confent of two or more Justices of the Peace, dwelling in or near such Town or Parish respectively, are hereby empowered to inquire from time to time after any idle, or disorderly person or persons, married or unmarried, who have no visible means of support, and who are likely to become chargeable to the Town or Parish where they reside, and to oblige such person or persons to labour for any substantial person who may be willing to empare the person of the person who may be willing to empare the person of the person who may be willing to empare the person of the person who may be willing to empare the person of the person of

ploy

ploy him or them: and if fuch poor perfon or perfons have children in a suffering condition, the said dren of Poor per-Overfeers, with the confent of the faid Justices, are fons Apprentice. hereby empowered to bind fuch poor children Apprentices, the Males to be bound until they arrive to the age of Twenty-one years, and the Females to the age of Eighteen years; and for fuch Poor who are not able to earn a living, but are supported at the Public expense, the faid Overseers, with the confent of the General Sessions, are hereby empowered to hire or purchase a house for the reception of fuch Poor, and to purchase materials to employ fuch of them as are able to labour; or to agree with fome person residing in the same Town or Parish to take into their house at a yearly allowance and employ fuch Poor in any labour they are able to do, and to give credit for the fame to the Overfeers, from the fum allowed them for the faid yearly maintenance of fuch Poor; and that Public charities may not be abused, the said Overseers are hereby directed to act with impartiality, and to put the faid Poor in the hands of the person who shall offer to keep them for the least expense, having at the same time a regard to the character of the person who offers, fo that the Poor may not be inhumanly treated, nor the Public abused; and for which sum or fums of money fo expended, and all other expenses of the Poor in each Town or Parish, they the said Overfeers respectively, are hereby authorized and required to ascertain and lay the same before the faid Justices as aforesaid at their General Sessions, and the fame fo afcertained and allowed by the faid General Seffions, shall be by them ordered to be affeffed, collected and paid as aforefaid, unless the funds for the support of the Poor and appropriated to fuch Town in the respective county Treasury are fufficient to pay faid expense.

May bind chil-

May hire or purchase houses for Poor unable to

May agree with perfons to take fuch Poor into their houses, &c.

Overfeers to act withimpartiality and humanity.

See further 33 Geo. 3. c. 6.

CAP.

# CAP. XLIV.

An ACT to regulate the Sale of Goods fold at Public Auction or Out-cry.

Goods, &c. fold at Public Vendue fubject to a duty of two and a half per cent. to be paid by the feller. Be it enacted by the Governor, Council, and Assembly, That all goods, chattels, wares, merchandizes and effects whatfoever, which shall or may at any time or times, from and after the publication hereof and during the continuance of this Act, be sold at Public Vendue, Auction or Out-cry, within this Province, by any Vendue Master or Vendue Masters, Auctioneer or Auctioneers, or by any other person or persons whatsoever, shall be and hereby are declared and made subject to a duty of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for every Hundred Pounds of the value or price at which the same shall be sold as aforesaid, and after the same rate for every greater or lesser sum, to be paid by such person or persons, who shall so sell the same as aforesaid.

II. Provided always, That all goods belonging to the Crown, or feized by any public officer or officers, for or on account of any forfeiture or forfeitures, penalty or penalties; houses, cattle, lands, ships and vessels, goods and essects of deceased perfons, or goods distrained for Rent, or taken in execution, essects of insolvent Debtors, household surniture, goods damaged at sea and fold on account of the Owners or Insurers within Twenty-one days after the same shall be landed, shall in no wife be subject to, but are hereby altogether exempted and declared free from the duty before mentioned.

III. And in order more effectually to fecure the duty hereby imposed as aforesaid: Be it further enacted, That no Vendue Master or Vendue Masters, Auctioneer or Auctioneers, or any other person or persons whatsoever, shall presume to sell or dispose of any goods, chattels, wares, merchandizes or effects at Public Vendue, Auction or Out-cry, unless he or they first enter into recognizance to our Sovereign Lord the King, his heirs and successors, before any

Excepting goods &c. belongingto the Crown, houfes, &c. goods, &c. of deceafed 
perfons, diffrained for rent, taken 
on execution, of 
infolvent Debtors, household 
furniture, and 
goods damaged 
at sea.

Vendue Masters to recognize before a Judge in f200, with two fecuritiesinf100 each, for the payment of such duties.

one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this Province, or one of the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in any of the Counties, in the penal fum of Two hundred Pounds current money of this Province, with two fufficient fecurities, each in the fum of One hundred Pounds, like money, conditioned for the payment of the duties herein before mentioned, to the Treasurer of this Province for the time being, and in all things well and faithfully to behave, according to the true intent and meaning of this Act, which recognizance shall be filed with fuch Judge before whom it shall be taken; and fuch Vendue Master or Vendue Masters, Auctioneer or Auctioneers, and every other person or to render an acpersons who shall at any time or times during the continuance of this Act, either for him or themfelves, of on his or their own account, or for or on account of any other person or persons whomsoever, fell or dispose of any goods, chattels, wares, merchandizes or effects, at Public Vendue, Auction, or Out-cry, shall at or within Twenty days after the expiration of every Three Months from the commencement of this Act, render a just, exact and true account in writing, upon Oath, to the Treasurer of this Province for the time being, of all and fingular the goods, wares, merchandizes and effects, with the amount thereof, which he or they shall have so fold and disposed of at Public Vendue, Auction or Outcry, at each fuch fale as aforefaid, and shall within Twenty-one days thereafter, pay to the faid Treafu- And within 21 rer for the time being, the fum of Two Pounds Ten Shillings out of every Hundred Pounds value for every fuch respective sale, and at the same rate for a greater or leffer value, which Oath shall be in the following words, viz. I A. B. do folemnly fwear, Oath. in the presence of Almighty GOD, that the account now exhibited by me and to which I have fubfcribed my name, contains a just and true account of all the goods, wares, merchandizes and effects, fold by me, or any person or persons under me, within

Vendue Masters count upon Oath toprovinceTreafurer within 20 days after every 3 Months.

days shall pay the duties.

118.

refusal to acry offence.

the time in the faid account mentioned, which are liable to the duty imposed by an Act, intitled, "An Act to regulate the fale of Goods at Public Vendue, Auction or Out-cry, within this Province." So help For neglect or me GOD. And if the faid Vendue Master, Auctioneer or Auctioneers, neglect or refuse to deliver feit £50 for eve- fuch account on Oath, and pay the duty within the time limited as aforefaid, he or they fo neglecting or refusing, shall respectively forfeit the sum of Fifty Pounds for every offence, which forfeiture the Treasurer of the Province for the time being, is hereby empowered and directed to fue for in any Court of Record in this Province.

Persons selling at Public Vendue not having recognized, to forfeit £100.

IV. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons presuming to fell, or dispose of any goods, wares or merchandizes, at Public Vendue or Outcry, without first entering into recognizance as above directed, shall forfeit the sum of One hundred Pounds, for every offence, to be recovered in the manner above directed.

Treasurer to keep exact account of monies arifing by this

And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer for the time being, shall keep exact and distinct accounts of the monies arising from time to time by virtue of this Act; which monies shall remain in the hands of the Treasurer for the use of the Province.

the Act.

And be it further enacted, That this Act shall Continuance of be in force until the first day of March, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety.

Continued to 1st March, 1803, by 38 Geo. 3. c. 1.

## CAP. XLV.

An ACT for appointing Commissioners of Sewers.

Governor may appoint Commissioners of Sewers.

 $oldsymbol{Q} E$  it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That upon application of any Proprietors of any Marsh, low Lands or Meadow, the Governor or Commander in Chief, with the advice

of his Majesty's Council, may and is hereby authorized by Commission, to appoint such able and discreet persons as to him shall seem meet to be Commissioners of Sewers; in which Commission such Their power and Commissioners shall be authorized and empowered authority. to convene and meet together from time to time as occasion may require, to confult, consider and devife means and methods for building, erecting or repairing fuch Dams, Dykes and Wears, as are or may be necessary to prevent Inundations, and for the draining or drowning of Marshes, Swamps and other unprofitable Lands, and to employ labourers and workmen for fuch reasonable wages as may be agreed on for that purpose; and to tax and affess all fuch persons from time to time as shall or may be owners of fuch Marshes, Meadows, Swamps or unprofitable Lands as aforefaid, for defraying the expense thereof, having regard to the quantity of Land of each person and benefits thereby to be received as equally as they can, according to their best judgment: and also to appoint and swear a Collector or Collectors for collecting fuch affefiments and paying the fame to fuch persons as by faid Commissioners shall be appointed, with powers to diftrain all fuch perfons as shall neglect or refuse to make payment of his, her or their proportions affessed as aforesaid, in like manner as is usually done in other cases by diffress, and to call before them fuch Collector or Collectors, to account for his or their trusts in regard to the premises, and likewise to value fuch repairs as may have been made to fuch Dykes and Wears by the Proprietors before the date of their faid Commissions, and to apportion an affeffment for the payment thereof by those who have been or may be benefited thereby in the fame manner as if fuch repairs had been made by their own orders, which faid Commissioners shall be sworn Commissioners to a faithful discharge of their duty, and may re- to be sworn. ceive out of fuch affeffment a reasonable compensation for their trouble, to be allowed by the Gover-

nor and Council, to whom fuch Commissioners shall be accountable.

quent Propriebe found.

And be it further enacted, That if no person Land of delin. shall appear to pay the quota or proportion of any quent Proprietor in any affessment made as aif no diffres can foresaid for the dyking or draining such Lands, and no sufficient distress shall be found to answer such affessment, the Commissioners of Sewers or major part of them, shall by advertisement during Three Months in the Royal Gazette, published by the King's Printer, and in the office of the Register of Deeds and Conveyances of Land in fuch County, cause notice to be giving for letting out the Lands of fuch delinquent Proprietor; and if no person shall appear to hire the same, it shall and may be lawful for the faid Commissioners or the major part of them, by warrant under their hands and feals, to order the Sheriff to fell at Public Auction to the highest bidder, so much of such delinquent's Lands fo dyked in and drained as may be fufficient to pay fuch proportion or quota due as aforefaid, with the charges of fuch fale, and fuch Sheriff is hereby authorized and directed to execute a good and authentic Deed to the purchaser or purchasers thereof, their heirs and affigns.

Owner of marsh Land shallattend or fend labourers to work in common cases.

And be it further enacted, That in all ordinary cases, either in raising or repairing Dykes or draining Lands, each and every owner or possessor of Marsh or low Lands in this Province where such Commissioners are appointed, shall upon receiving Six days notice from the Commissioners, attend either himself or provide a sufficient labourer, with proper tools to work at fuch time and place as by them shall be appointed, agreeable to the rules and regulations made for that purpose and according to the quantity or proportion of Land belonging to fuch owner or proprietor, and where it may be neceffary to employ Oxen and Carts, each and every owner or possessor of fuch Lands who have them, shall in like manner be obliged to attend with such

Oxen and Carts may be employ-

Oxen

Oxen and Carts for fuch work, according to the difcretion of faid Commissioners, or shall forfeit and Penalties on repay over and above his tax or affessment the sum of fuling. Five Shillings for every day's neglect, and fo in proportion for Oxen and Carts, to be recovered in any Court proper to try the fame, and the monies arifing from fuch Fines to be paid into the hands of the Commissioners, to be appropriated for repairs of fuch Dykes.

And be it also further enacted, That in case of Sudden breach any fudden breach in any Dyke, or where the fame of Dykes every is likely to be made, or inundation occasioned by high tides, storms or otherwise, each and every ownto the place.

The state of the place of the er or possessfor of Land within such Dykes, shall immediately on notice given by one or more of the Commissioners, repair to the place directed with proper tools or teams, to labour and use their utmost endeavours to repair or prevent such breach, and shall continue to work from day to day, so long as the Commissioners of Sewers shall judge necessary, or shall forfeit and pay over and above their tax Penalty on negor affessment, the sum of Ten Shillings for each day's lest. neglect, and fo in proportion for Oxen and Carts, to be recovered in manner and applied to the uses aforefaid.

And be it further enacted, That when the fod V. or foil shall have been cut off the Lands of any Proprietor in any tract of Marsh dyked in common with repair, &c. the other Proprietors, for the purpose of dyking in the Owners to fame, or when the Land of fuch Proprietor shall made good. have been washed away by the tide or current of the River, or when by means of making new Dykes for fecuring the marsh Land so dyked in common, such Proprietor shall have lost the whole or part of his Lot, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Sewers to cause a just valuation to be made of fuch lofs, by five difinterested Freeholders, who shall be fworn truly and impartially to value the fame, and in case there be in such tract a sufficient quantity of Land lying in common and undivided,

to make good the loss so sustained, the Commissioners shall deliver possession of so much thereof as is fufficient to make good the loss to such Proprietor. by an affessment to the value thereof to be paid in a just and equal proportion by the other Proprietors interested in such tract or piece of marsh Land.

Appeal to the Governor and Council.

Provided always, That any person aggrieved by any procedure of fuch Commissioners may prefer his or their complaint by way of appeal to the Governor and Council for relief, at any time within Six Months, who are hourly authorized to grant redrefs, and on any groundlefs complaint, to tax double costs in favor of fuch Commissioners.

See further 34 Geo. 3. c. 8,

# CAP. XLVI.

An ACT for confirming unto the City of Saint JOHN its Rights and Privileges.

Mayor, Alder- I. men and Com-City of St. John to be a body corporate and politic and to fue,&c. by that name.

 $\mathbf{B}^{E}$  it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the monalty of the City of Saint John, shall and may forever hereafter remain, continue, and be a body corporate and politic, in re, facto et nomine, by the name of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint John, and by that name fue and be fued, plead and be impleaded, answer and be anfwered unto, without any feizure or forejudger for or upon any pretence of any forfeiture or mildemeanour at any time heretofore done, fuffered or committed.

&c. to the Mayor, &c. declared good.

And that all and fingular Letters patent, Grants, Allletters patent Charters and Gifts, fealed under the Great Seal of this Province, heretofore made and granted unto the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint John, be and are hereby declared to be and shall be good, valid, perfect, authentic and effectual in the Law, and shall stand and be taken, reputed, deemed

deemed and adjudged good, perfect, fure, available, authentic and effectual in the Law, against the King's Majesty, his heirs and successors, and all and every person or persons whomsoever, according to the tenor and effect of the faid Letters patent, Grants, Charters and Gifts, and that the fame be and are to all intents and purpofes hereby ratified and confirmed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint successors, shall John, and their successors, shall and may forever forever hold &c. hereafter peaceably have, hold, use and enjoy, all all the rights and every the rights, gifts, charters, grants, powers, ted. liberties, privileges, franchifes, cuftoms, ufages, constitutions, immunities, markets, duties, tolls, lands, tenements, estates and hereditaments, which have heretofore been given or granted unto the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint John, by any Letters patent, Grant, Charter or Gift, fealed under the Seal of this Province.

III. And be it further enacted, That this prefent Act shall be accepted, taken and reputed to be a accepted, &c. to public Act of which all and every the Judges and be a public Act. Justices of this Province in all Courts and all other perfons shall take notice on all occasions what soever, as if it were a public Act of Affembly relating to the whole Province, any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywife notwithstanding.

## CAP. XLVII.

An ACT for the better extinguishing Fires that may happen within the City of St. John.

THEREAS the Inhabitants of the City of St. John have at great charge and expense supplied themselves and are provided with two fire Engines, and have undertaken to procure various forts of poles, hooks, chains, ropes, ladders and other tools and inftruments for extinguishing Fires, the

Preamble.

rage and violence of which may be in great part prevented if a fufficient number of skilful persons be appointed to have the care, management and working of the faid fire Engines, and other tools and instruments for extinguishing of Fires, in cases of fuch cafualty and diffress that may hereafter happen.

Mayer, &c. of the City of Saint John, to elect proper persons to take charge of fire Engines.

Be it therefore enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That from, and with all convenient fpeed after, the publication hereof, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of St. John, or the major part of them in Common Council convened, and they are hereby required to elect, nominate and appoint a fufficient number of strong, able, discreet, honest and fober men, willing to accept, not exceeding Thirty-two in number, being Freemen or Freeholders of the faid City, to have the care, management, working and using the said fire Engines and the other tools and inftruments for extinguishing of Fires that may happen within the faid City, which persons so to be elected, nominated and appointed as aforefaid, shall be called the Firemen of the City of St. John, and who are hereby required and enjoined always to be ready at a call, by night as well as by day, to manage, work and use the same fire Engines, and others that may hereafter belong to the fame City, and the other tools and instruments for extinguishing of Fires that may happen or break out in the City aforefaid.

To be called firemen.

And in order to compel and oblige the Fire-Firemen remov- men so to be elected, nominated or appointed as aforesaid, to be diligent, industrious and vigilant, in the execution and discharge of their office and duty. Be it further enacted, That the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the faid City for the time being, in Common Council affembled, or the major part of them, are hereby authorized and empowered to remove and displace all or any of the Firemen so as aforesaid to be elected, nominated or appointed, when and as often as they shall think fit, and others

able by Mayor, &c.

in the room or places of fuch as they shall remove or displace, to elect, nominate or appoint and put in, and fo from time to time as they the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty aforefaid, for the time being, in manner aforefaid shall fee convenient.

III. And be it further enacted, That the persons so to be elected, nominated or appointed Firemen as Firemen freed aforefaid, and each and every of them from time to Conflables. time, during the continuance of being in the office of Firemen, and no longer, shall and are hereby declared to be freed, exempted, and privileged from the feveral offices of Constable and Surveyor of the Highways, and from being compellable to ferve in the Militia except in cases of Invasion or other imminent danger; and the names of fuch persons to be elected, nominated or appointed Firemen by men registered virtue hereof, from time to time, shall be registered and entered with the Clerk of the Peace for the faid Peace. City; and if at any time after the publication of this Act, and the electing or appointing Firemen by virtue hereof, any fuch person or persons elected or appointed Firemen as aforefaid, shall be chosen, elected or appointed into any of the faid offices, or to ferve in the Militia (except as before excepted) or be disquieted or disturbed by reason thereof, that then fuch person or persons producing a testimonial or certificate under the hand of the Mayor, Recorder, or any one Alderman of the faid City for the time being, of fuch his election, nomination or appointment, to the person or persons by whom he fhall be fo elected or appointed, or by or before whom he shall be summoned, returned or required to ferve, execute or hold any of the faid offices or duties, shall be absolutely discharged from the same, and fuch election, nomination, return and appointment, shall be utterly void and of none effect, unless such person or persons shall voluntarily consent and agree to hold fuch office or ferve in fuch Militia, any order, cuftom, law or practice, to the conrary hereof in anywife notwithstanding.

from ferving as

and entered with Clerk of the

IV.

Mayor, &c. to make rules, &c. for fuch firemen,

and to impose Fines, &c. for default of duty.

All Sheriffs, &c. to repair to places where Fires shall happen, with their rods,

And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the faid City for the time being, or the major part of them, met as aforefaid, to make. establish and ordain such rules, orders, ordinances and regulations, in respect of the government, conduct, duty and behaviour of the persons from time to time to be by them elected, nominated or appointed Firemen by virtue of this Act, in the working, managing and frequent exercifing, trying and using the same fire Engines, tools and other instruments, and to impose and establish such reasonable Fines, penalties and forfeitures, upon them or any of them, for default or neglect of the duties, businesses and fervices thereby to be enjoined or required from them, as the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the fame City, for the time being, or the major part of them, met as aforefaid, shall from time to time think meet and convenient.

V. And be it further enacted, That upon the breaking out of any Fire within the City of St. John aforefaid, all Sheriffs, under or deputy Sheriffs, high Conftables, petty Conftables and Marshals, upon notice thereof, shall immediately repair to the place where the faid Fire shall happen, with their rods, staves and other badges of their authority, and be aiding and affishing as well in extinguishing the faid Fires and causing the people to work, as also in preventing goods from being stolen, and shall seize and apprehend all ill-disposed persons that they find stealing or pilsering from the Inhabitants, as also that the said officers aforesaid, shall give their utmost affistance to help the Inhabitants to remove and secure their said goods.

See further 28 Geo. 3. c. 3.

## CAP. XLVIII.

An ACT against Forestallers and Regraters.

B E it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly. That from and G. sembly, That from and after the publication Buying victuals hereof, whatfoever person or persons shall buy or coming to any cause to be bought any Victuals of any kind what- Market, within foever, coming by land or water towards any Mar- 10 miles thereof ket or Fair already established or that may hereaster deemed sorestalbe established in this Province, to be fold in the lingtame again, (except at the distance of Ten miles at least from the place where such Market or Fair is to be held or kept) or shall make any bargain, contract or promife for the having or buying the fame or any part thereof, or shall make any motion by word, letter or message or otherwise, to any person or persons, for the enhancing the price or dearer selling any kind of Victuals or Provisions for the use of Man, coming by land or water towards any Market or Fair as aforefaid, shall be deemed and adjudged a Forestaller.

II. And be it further enacted, That what soever person or persons shall by any means regrate, obtain or get into his or their hands or possession in any Fair or Market in this Province, or on board any veffel in the harbour of Saint John, any corn, hay, butter, cheefe, fish, mutton, lamb, veal, beef, pork, poultry or game of any kind, or other dead reputed Regravictuals whatfoever, or any roots, fruits, or vegetable's whatfoever, that shall be brought to such Fair or Market, or shall be on board such vessel for the fupply of the Markets of the City of Saint John to be fold, and do fell the fame again in any Fair or Market, Shop or Stall, holden or kept in the fame place, within One Month after purchasing or receiving the fame shall be accepted, reputed and taken for a Regrater or Regraters.

Persons getting possession in any Fair or Market, of Corn, &c. brought for fale and shall sell the fame again within One Month,

And be it further enacted, That any person or persons who shall be guilty of Forestalling or Regrating, contrary to the intent and meaning of this Forestalling or

Persons guilty and convicted of

be fined not exceeding £ 10.

And for nonpayment of fine. to be imprisoned not exceeding Two Months.

Regrating, shall Act, and shall be convicted thereof by the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses before any three of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where the offence is committed, or the Mayor or Recorder and two of the Aldermen of the City of Saint John, when the offence shall be committed in the same City, shall be fined at the discretion of the faid Juffices and the faid Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen respectively, in any sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and for non-payment of his or their Fine shall suffer imprisonment at the discretion of the faid Justices and the faid Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen respectively, not exceeding Two Months for each and every offence, one moiety of the faid Fine and forfeitures to be for the use of the Poor of the Town or City where the offence shall be committed, and the other moiety to him or them who shall fue for the same.

#### CAP. XLIX.

An ACT establishing the RATES to be taken for Wharfage and Cranage of Ships and other Veffels within the limits of this Province.

Preamble.

THEREAS the erecting of Wharves and Cranes is found to be greatly ferviceable and to conduce very much to the eafe, benefit and convenience of Trade and Navigation and the increase of the fame, and for as much as the Proprietors of fuch Wharves and Cranes, have and will be at a confiderable expense in building, and keeping the same in repair.

Owners and Proprietors of Wharves, &c. may demand and receive wharfage.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the owners and proprietors of Wharves and Cranes now built or hereafter to be erected within the limits of this Province, to ask, demand, take and receive to and for their feveral and respective uses, from all ships and vessels that shall use the same from

and

and after the publication of this Act, the following rates, that is to fay, for every veffel not exceeding Fifty tons, whilft careening, loading, unloading or lying fast to any Wharf, after the rate of One Shilling for each and every day they may fo use the fame, and for every vessel of Fifty tons and not exceeding One hundred, fo using as aforesaid, after the rate of One Shilling and Six Pence for each and every day they may fo use the same, and for every vessel of One hundred tons and upwards, not exceeding Two hundred tons, so using as aforesaid, after the rate of Two Shillings and Six Pence for each and every day they may fo use the same. And for every veffel of Two hundred tons or upwards, fo using as aforesaid, at and after the rate of Three Shillings for each and every day they may fo use the fame.

II. And be it further enacted, That every ship or other veffel which at any time shall only lie fast to any or either of the faid Wharves, and shall be in a condition capable of being removed, shall be obliged to move off from thence in order to make room for, and fuffer any other ship or vessel to load, un- shall forfeit 40% load, or careen thereat, and on refusal or failure so to do, after due notice and request thereof to the Mafter or Commander, or to any one of the owners of fuch thip or other veffel, he or they thall forfeit and pay to the owner or owners of fuch Wharf, the fum of Two Pounds, to be recovered upon complaint made, and due proof upon the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before any one Justice of the Peace in the County, to be levied by warrant of diffress and sale of the offender's goods, rendering the overplus, (if any be) after deducting the cost of prosecution, to the offender.

And be it further enacted, That all and every thip or other vessel, that shall make fast to any other fast to other ship or vessel that shall be fastened to any or either ships made fast of the Wharves aforefaid, and shall continue to to be fastened, or shall so load, unload or careen, shall age.

Masters, &c. of fhips, &c. made fast to Wharves and capable of removal, on refusal to remove,

Ships making to Wharves, to pay half wharfbe subject and liable to pay the one half of the rates that fuch ship or other vessel so fastened should and would have been liable to pay by this Act, in cafe they were fastened to any or either of the said Wharves and there loaded, unloaded and careened.

ships, &c. to pay for use of Cranes.

And be it further enacted, That it shall and Massers, &c. of may be lawful to and for the owner or owners refpectively of every Crane that now is or hereafter fhall be made, erected and built on any or either of the Wharves aforefaid, to ask, demand, take, and receive to and for his, her or their feveral and respective use and uses, from the master, commander, or owners of all ships and other vessels that shall use and employ fuch Crane or Cranes, the rates following, that is to fay, for taking out and putting in the Mast of any ship or other vessel the sum of Twenty Shillings; and for taking out or putting in the Mast of any ship or vessel the sum of Fisteen Shillings, and for any other use or purpose of loading or unloading any Goods, Wares, Merchandize, or other thing, at and after the rate of Five Shillings for each and every day fuch ship or vessel shall fo use the same.

Owners of Wharves or Cranes may remove and keep, until charge of removal be paid them, all Lumber, &c. the owners thereof, on notice, not removing the same.

And be it further enacted, That if any or either of the faid Wharves or Cranes shall at any time or times be fo encumbered with Lumber, Mill-stones or any other species of goods, so as to incommode or obstruct the passing or repassing of any Carts or Carriages employed for the purpose of loading or unloading any ship or other vessel, then and in that cafe the owner or owners of fuch Wharves or Cranes shall personally warn, or by notice in writing to be left at the place of refidence of the owner or owners of fuch Lumber, Mill-stones or other goods, their Agent or Agents, requiring him or them to remove the fame from thence within a reasonable time, and if the fame shall not be removed accordingly, the owner or owners of faid Wharves or Cranes, by themselves or their Agents, are hereby empowered to remove the fame, and keep them in his custody,

until

until the whole charges attending the removal be paid by the owner or claimer of fuch goods, and in case the owner or agent is not to be found, the owner of fuch Wharf or Crane may and shall at his difcretion remove the faid goods as before directed.

And be it further enacted, That the master or commander, owner or agent of every ship or other Massers, &c. liavessel using any of the Wharves or Cranes as afore- age and cranage. faid, shall be liable to pay the fum or fums due for the wharfage or cranage of fuch ship or other vessel, after the rates by this Act established, to the owner or agent for fuch Wharf or Crane.

Provided, That fuch agent or agents for fuch thip or veffel shall be liable to pay the same only where Agents not liable an accompt shall be delivered to, or in case of ab
delivered and defence, left at his or their house, and the money de- mand made bemanded of him or them, or his or their clerk before failing of
fuch fhips, &c. fore the failing or departure of fuch ship or vessel from port: any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided also, That nothing herein contained fhall infringe, impair, or do away any right which Rights of Mayor &c. of St. John, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City not infringed by of Saint John, have or possess by the Charter of the this Act. faid City, as by Law established.

#### CAP. L.

An ACT for regulating the Exportation of FISH and LUMBER, and for afcertaining the quality of the fame. Rep.

#### CAP. LI.

An ACT to prevent FRAUDS in the Sale of DAMA-GED GOODS imported into this Province.

THEREAS Goods imported here, and insured Preamble. in Great-Britain and elfewhere, are fometimes fold in this City or other Port within this Province

Province for the account of the Infurers; wherefore to prevent Frauds in fuch fales,

den of the Port.

Sale to be Public tween the hours parcels, if most the Infurers.

voice of the goods to be produced at the fale.

furvey and pro-

fler & Wardens.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Damaged Goods Assembly, That all damaged Goods hereafter to be fold on account of the Infurers shall be surveyed by of Insurers, to be surveyed by the the Master, or one or more of the Wardens of the Master or War- Port of Saint John for the time being, or other Port within this Province, at or upon the first unlading thereof, or as foon thereafter as the same are discovered to be damaged, which faid Mafter or Wardens are to determine if the same has been properly stowed; which fale shall be made in his or their preand inprefence of fence at Public Vendue, in the most public and conthe Warden be- venient place within the faid City, between the of 11 and 3, after hours of Eleven in the morning and Three in the advertifing, &c. afternoon, first advertising the fale thereof at least and in feparate Twenty-four hours; which faid Goods shall be only for the interest of fuch as are really damaged in the judgment of fuch Mafter or Wardens, and the fale thereof shall be in fuch feparate pieces or fmall parcels at a time as fuch Master or Warden shall think most for the interest of the Infurers; and the person that shall or-The original In- der fuch damaged Goods to be fold, shall at the time of the fale produce to the By-standers the original Invoice of the sterling cost of such damaged Goods, as he shall direct to be fold, for account of the Infurers, unless fuch person do make Oath that no fuch Invoice is come to his hand.

Be it enacted, That of all fales of damaged Vendue Master, Goods for the account of the Infurers, the Vendue and Master or Master or person acting as such, and Master, or one Warden of the Port to subscribe or more of the Wardens, shall subscribe an account an account of the of every furvey and the proceedings thereon, and ccedings and give the said Master or Wardens shall give a Certificate a Certificate, &c. to the end that the true damage may thereby appear.

Be it also enacled, That the Master and War-Fces of the Ma- den or Wardens, shall each receive Seven Shillings and Six Pence a day for attending the fervices above-mentioned, to be paid by the persons at whose request

request the fale is made, and for every Certificate Five Shillings. And that the Vendue Master or perfon acting as Vendue Master, and the Master and or Master and Wardens, or either of them fo offending against Wardens, or either of them 10 offending against ing against this Act, shall for every offence forseit the sum of Act, to forseit Twenty Pounds; and that no perion shall make any  $\ell^{20}$ . fale of Goods for account of fuch Infurers, except No fales of dain the manner above directed, nor make any demand for a loss without transmitting or producing the account of fales and Certificate above required, or a true copy thereof, under the forfeiture of double feiture of double the value of the amount of such fales; all and every of which faid penalties and forfeitures may be recovered in any Court of Record in this Province, by bill, plaint, or information, wherein no more than one imparlance shall be allowed, one moiety whereof shall be to any person suing for the same, and the other moiety to be paid to the Treasurer of this Province, to be applied towards the support of Government, in the manner hereafter to be directed.

And be it enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the first day of March, One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty-nine.

Continued to 1st April, 1808, by 43 Geo. 3. c. 8.

Vendue Master Warden offend-

maged Goodsfor the Infurers, tobe in other manner than herein provided, under forvalue.

Penalties, &c. to be recovered in any Court of Record, one moiety to the Informer, the other to the provinceTreasurer, &c.

This Act to continue in force until March, 1789.

#### CAP. LII.

# An ACT for REGULATING PILOTS.

HEREAS the appointment of Wardens and Branch Pilots for the different Ports in this Province, will tend to the safety of the Navigation and proper regulation thereof; as many accidents have happened and much damage been fustained through the ignorance or neglect of Pilots from other Ports, and not living in this Province.

I. Be it therefore enacted, by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That the Justices of the Common mon Pleas to ap-Pleas in each of the Counties, where the same shall Point wardens of

Preamble.

Juffices of Com-

Pilots, when recommended by fuch Wardens.

PortsandBranch be found necessary, shall appoint Three or more Wardens of the Port, which Wardens shall examine and recommend fuch Branch Pilots, and as many of them as may be found necessary. Which Pilots fo recommended, are to be approved and appointed by the faid Magistrates for the Port or Ports respectively in each County within this Province, and that the Pilots fo appointed and confirmed as aforefaid. shall be entitled to demand and receive from the Master of each ship or vessel that shall come into any Port in this Province, for which Port faid Pilot shall have a Branch, his established Fees of Pilotage. which shall be fixed by the faid Magistrates and Wardens of fuch Port, according to the draft of water fuch ship or vessel may draw, that is to say, if faid Pilot shall be found by the faid Wardens to have done his duty by offering his fervice of piloting fuch ship or vessel in proper place and time. And if the Master of such ship or vessel do not employ fuch Pilot, yet if he can prove that he offered his fervice at a proper time and place, he shall be entitled to receive from the Master of such ship or veffel his full rate of Pilotage, unless faid ship or veffel belong to faid Port.

Pilots offering, though not employed, to receive full Pilotage, unless ships &c. belong to the

extend to Coasters or vessels not of water.

Provided always, That this Act shall not be This Ast not to construed to extend to vessels commonly called Coasters, going from one Port in this Province to drawing Six feet another, or from one Port to another in the Bay of Fundy, unless the Master of such vessel respectively shall choose to employ such Pilot. Provided also, That this Act shall not be construed to extend to veffels which do not draw fix feet of water.

Magistrates and Wardens to regulate Pilots and Pilotage.

And be it further enacted, That the faid Magistrates and Wardens, are hereby authorized and empowered to make fuch regulations, and establish fuch rates of Pilotage, as well as to subject the faid Pilots in the feveral Counties respectively, to such penalties and forfeitures for offences, as they shall judge expedient, during the continuance of this Act, all which Fees, penalties and forfeitures, shall be profecuted

profecuted for, and recovered before fuch Court, as may be competent to take cognizance of the fame.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to abridge, mon Council of diminish or interfere with the powers given to the Saint John, not Common Council of the City of Saint John, in and by the Charter of the faid City.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Pilots which shall be appointed by the faid Common Council, shall be entitled to the same Fees, perquisites and Council, entitled privileges, that any Pilots appointed by virtue of to same Fees, &c. this Act are entitled to.

Powers of Comabridged.

Pilots appointed by faid Common

## CAP. LIII.

An ACT for the REGULATION of SEAMEN.

THEREAS great lofs and damage is frequently occasioned to Trade and Navigation by Seamen deferting their employ, or voyages they are entered upon, or being taken off from the fame by arrest for Debt or pretence thereof: for remedy whereof.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That if any Inn-holder, Victualler, feller Noattachmentor of Rum and strong Liquors, Shop-keeper, or any to be served upother person whatsoever, shall trust or give credit to any Mariner or Seaman belonging to any ship or other veffel, without the knowledge and allowance

knowledge and allowance as aforefaid, shall be granted against or served upon the person of such Mariner or Seaman, until he shall have performed the voyage he is then entered upon and be discharged of the fame; and every process iffued contrary to this Act, shall be deemed and adjudged utterly void And any one Justice of the Court from whence such process shall issue to whom it shall be

of the Master or Commander thereof, in any sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, no capias, arrest or any other process for any Debt so contracted without

process for debt. on any Seaman when engaged in made to appear that any Mariner or Seaman is committed or restrained upon process granted for any such Debt or pretence of Debt made whilst he was engaged, and actually entered and in pay on any voyage, shall forthwith order his release, upon filing common bail to the action.

Repealed by 38 Geo. 3. c. 2.

Be it further enacted, That if the Master or Commander of any ship or vessel shall ship any Seaman knowing him to be first entered and shipped on board of any other ship or vessel, or after notice thereof given him shall not forthwith dismiss him, every fuch Mafter or Commander fo offending being thereof convicted, shall forfeit and pay the sum of Ten Pounds, to the use of the City or County where fuch offence shall be committed, to be fued for in any Court of Record proper to try the same, and fuch Seaman fo shipping himself, being under the obligation of a former contract, shall forfeit and pay the value of One Month's wages that he shall fo agree for, to be deducted from fuch wages, as he may have due or may afterwards be due unto him; for the use of the party aggrieved.

Seamen neglecting their attendance and duty when engaged.

Penalty.

III. Be it further enacted, That if any Mariner or Seaman having shipped himself on board any ship or veffel which hath been launched or is actually preparing for fea, to proceed on any voyage and under pay, shall neglect his attendance and duty on board, and abfent himfelf from his faid fervice, upon complaint thereof made on Oath, by the Owner, Master, or other officer of the said ship or vessel, to any Justice of the Peace within the same County, fuch Justice is hereby empowered to cause such Mariner or Seaman to be forthwith brought before him by warrant, and upon conviction of his absenting himself as aforesaid, to commit to Prison, that he may be fecured and forth coming, to proceed on the voyage he has fo agreed to, and to be delivered by order of the Justice that committed him, or some other Justice in the same County, and all necessary charges attending his being so secured,

and which have been actually paid by the faid Owner or Master, may be deducted from such Mariner or Seaman's wages, as the fame becomes due.

IV. Provided always, That no Seaman shall be bound by entering or shipping himself on board of any ship or vessel, unless the agreement shall be agreement in in writing, and declare what wages fuch Seaman is writing. to have for fo long a time as he shall ship himself for, and also express the voyage for which such seaman was shipped, any thing herein before to the contrary notwithstanding.

bound, unless

#### CAP. LIV.

An ACT to enable the Corporation of the City of Saint John to raife a fum of Money, not exceeding THREE HUNDRED POUNDS in the whole, nor more than One Hundred Pounds in any one Year, to pay off their Debts already incurred, and to defray the necessary contingent expenses arifing within the faid City.

BE it enacted by the Governor, Council, and Assembly, That in order to enable the Corpocitof the Civing ration of the City of Saint John, to pay off their St. John to raise Debts already incurred and to defray the necessary by affestments on contingent expenses arising within the faid City, it shall and may be lawful for the Common Council sums of f 100 a of the faid City to raife a fum of Money, not ex-year. ceeding Three hundred Pounds in the whole, nor more than One hundred Pounds in any one year, by rates or affeffments upon the Freeholders and Inhabitants of the faid City, by just and equal proportions, to be affeffed by the faid Common Council, or by three or more Affesfors to be by them for that purpose appointed, and levied upon and paid by the faid Freeholders and Inhabitants in fuch manner and under fuch rules, regulations, restrictions and penalties, as the faid Common Council shall direct and appoint.

the Freeholders, &c. £300 in

II.

cil to appoint Affelfors & Colledois.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and Common Coun- may be lawful for the faid Common Council to appoint fo many Affesfors and Collectors as they in their difcretion shall think sit, to carry this or any other Act or Law into execution, and that the Monies to be raifed and paid by virtue hereof shall be to the use of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the faid City, to be disposed of and appropriated by the faid Common Council, in the fame manner as any other Monies belonging to the faid Corporation are or can be disposed of and approprinted.

See further 27 Geo. 3. c. 8.

#### CAP. LV.

An ACT for RAISING a REVENUE in this Province. Exp.

# CAP. LVI.

An ACT to rectify the MISTAKES in "An Act for raising a Revenue in this Province."

#### CAP. LVII.

An ACT to lay a TAX on DOGS. Exp.

#### CAP. LVIII.

An ACT against Tumults and Disorders, upon pretence of preparing or prefenting Public Pe-TITIONS or other Addresses to the Governor, or General Affembly.

Preamble.

O prevent tumultuous and other diforderly foliciting and procuring of Hands by private persons to Petitions, complaints, remonstrances and declarations,

declarations, and other Addresses, to the Governor, Council and Affembly, or any or either of them, for alteration of matters established by Law, redress of pretended grievances in Church or State, or other Public concernments, being made use of to serve the ends of factious and feditious persons, to the violation of the Public peace.

I. Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That no person or persons whatsoever, shall No persons to folicit, labour or procure the getting of Hands, or folicit, &c. more than 20 fubscriother consent, of any persons above the number of bers to Petitions Twenty or more, to any Petition, complaint, remon- &c. to the Gofrance, declaration or other Address to the Gover- and Assembly, nor, Council and Affembly, or any or either of unless confent to them, for alteration of matters established by Law or by Grand Juin Church or State, unless the matter thereof have ry. been first confented unto and ordered by three or more Justices of that County, or by the major part of the Grand Jury of the County or division of the County, where the fame matter shall arise, at their Public Affizes or General Quarter Sessions; and that Nor repair to the no person or persons whatsoever shall repair to the Governor, &c.to Governor, Council or Affembly, upon pretence of present such Pepresenting or delivering any Petition, complaint, titions, &c. accompanied by remonstrance or declaration, or other Addresses, ac-more than Ten companied with excessive number of people, nor at persons. any one time with more than the number of Ten persons, upon pain of incurring a penalty not ex-Offenders shall ceeding the fum of One hundred Pounds in money, incura penalty of and Three Months imprisonment without bail or f100 and Three mainprize for every offence; which offence to be forment. profecuted in the Supreme Court, or at the General Quarter Sessions, within Six Months after the offence committed and proved by two or more credible witneffes.

Provided always, That this Act or any thing This Act not to therein contained, shall not be construed to extend persons not exceeding 20 to debar or hinder any person or persons, not ex- presenting grievceeding the number of Twenty aforefaid, to prefent ances to Members of Council, any public or private grievance or complaint to any &c. Member

Norto Addresses of the Council, &c. to the Governor.

Member or Members of the Council or Affembly, during the fitting of the General Affembly, or to the Governor, for any remedy to be thereupon had; nor to extend to any Address whatsoever to the Governor, by all or any of the Members of the Council and Assembly, or either of them, during the sitting of the General Assembly, but that they may enjoy their freedom of access to his Excellency, as heretosore hath been used.

#### CAP. LIX.

An ACT for the speedy Punishment and Release of such persons as shall commit Criminal Offences under the degree of Grand Larceny.

Persons guilty of and committed for offences under the degree of Grand Larceny, may be tried by any three Justices quorum unus.

 $\mathbf{B}^{E}$  it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That if any perfon or perfons shall hereafter be guilty of any breach of the Peace, or other criminal offence under the degree of Grand Larceny, and being committed to the common Goal. fhall not within Forty-eight hours after fuch commitment, give fufficient Bail for his or their appearance at the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County where fuch offence shall be committed, then and there to answer for the same; it shall and may be lawful for any three of his Majefty's Justices of the Peace in each County, (quorum unus) and if in the City of Saint John for the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen for the time being, or any three of them, whereof the Mayor or Recorder shall be one, forthwith to hear and determine the offence committed by fuch offender or offenders as aforefaid, and on conviction by confession or the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, the said Magistrates are hereby authorized to give judgment against such offender or offenders so committed, to have and receive such corporal punishment (not extending to life or limb) as they in their discretion shall think fit, after which punish-

How punished.

ment faid criminal or criminals, if an Inhabitant or Inhabitants of fuch County or City shall immediately be discharged without paying any Fees, but if not an Inhabitant or Inhabitants, he or they shall immediately be ordered out of fuch County or City, to the place of his, her or their former fettlement or place of abode, or out of this Province. And if any person or persons, having been so ordered out of fuch County or City, shall remain in the same for the space of Five days, or return thereto within Twelve Months after fuch order, the person or perfons fo remaining or returning shall be forthwith apprehended, and again receive fuch corporal punishment as faid Magistrates shall in their discretion order and direct (not extending to life or limb) as aforefaid.

And be it further enacted, That the charge of profecuting and punishing such offender or offenders, shall be raised, levied, and paid in like manner, and at the same time, that Money is raised in such contingencies. County or City for paying the contingencies of the fame, fo as the whole charge for profecuting and punishing each such offender shall not exceed the fum of Fifteen Shillings currency of this Province.

Charge of prosecution raised, &c. as County

## CAP. LX.

An ACT for the Conviction and Punishment of CRIMINALS who shall refuse to plead when arraigned, and for the TRIAL of those who shall peremptorily Challenge more than Twenty.

 $oldsymbol{D}$  E it enacted by the Governor, Council and As-Sembly, That in all cases of Felony or misdemeanor, if the person indicted shall resuse to plead to the Indictment, stand mute or not answer directly to the fame, he shall be deemed guilty and judgment shall be pronounced and execution awarded, as if fuch person had been convicted of fuch offence by verdict or confession.

Persons refusing to plead, &c. in cases of Felonyor misdemeanors, shall be deemed guilty.

A peremptory challenge of more than 20 Jurors, shall be over-ruled.

II. And if any Prisoner, indicted of a capital erime, shall peremptorily challenge more than Twenty of the Jury, such challenge shall be overruled, and the Jurors shall be sworn for the trial of such Prisoner, as if no such challenge had been peremptorily made.

#### CAP. LXI.

An ACT for the Trial and Punishment of Criminals who shall steal Bills of Exchange, Bonds, Warrants, Bills or Promissory Notes.

Stealing or robbing of Bills of Exchange, &c. deemed Felony of the fame nature as stealing or robbing of Money, &c. and punished accordingly.

 $\mathbf{B}^{E}$  it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, That if any person shall steal or take by robbery, any Bills of Exchange, Bonds, Warrants, Bills or Promiffory Notes, for the payment of Money, being the property of any person, persons, or body politic, it shall be deemed a Felony of the fame nature and within or without the benefit of clergy in the fame manner as it would have been if the offender had stolen or taken by robbery Money or Goods of the like value with the Money due on fuch Bills of Exchange, Bonds, Warrants, Bills or Notes, or fecured thereby and remaining unfatisfied; and the criminal shall suffer like punishment as if he or she had stolen other Goods or Money of the like value, notwithstanding any of the said particulars so stolen, are termed in Law a chose in action.



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# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Vicesimo Septimo.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at the City of Saint John, on the third day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, and in the twenty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of GREAT-BRITAIN, FRANCE and IRELAND, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth: And from thence continued by several prorogations to the thirteenth day of February, One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty-seven; being the second Session of the first Assembly convened in the said Province.

#### CAP. I.

An ACT for Establishing a MILITIA in the Province of New-Brunswick, and for regulating the same. Expired.

#### CAP. II.

An ACT to AUTHORIZE the respective Proprietors of certain Islands in the River St. John, and other Rivers in this Province, to make Rules and Regulations for their better improvement and cultivation.

HEREAS there are many Islands lying in the River Saint John, and other Rivers in this Province, owned in small rights or shares, and on which division Fences are liable to be carried away by the current, and pressure of the water passing in times of freshes over the same.

Preamble.

I. Be

Proprietorsofthe Islands may meet once a year, on the first day of the winter Sessions, in the County, and by a major vote may pass orders and rules for the husbandry & improvement of the faid Islands, the votes to be collectedaccording to the respective rights er Ihares under actual cultivation. And if any of the faid Proprietors shall disobey the orders and rules fo made, they shall be subject 20 an action of respass for the damage fustain-ed, and shall forfeit and pay to the use of the Poor of the Town to which the Island belongs 40s. for everyoffence, to be recovered before any one justice of the Peace.

The faid votes, &c. shall be reduced to writing, &c. and deposited with the Clerk of the Peace in the County, and shall be in force but one year.

The Proprietors may meet, at times and places fixed by two Juf-tices, &c.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That the respective Proprietors of the faid Islands may and are hereby authorized to meet once a year, on the first day of the winter Sessions, in the respective Counties in which such Islands are included; and such and so many of the respective Proprietors of the said Islands as shall be present, shall have power by a major vote to make and pass orders, rules and regulations for the managing, improving, and better husbandry of the faid Islands, the voices of the respective Proprietors prefent to be collected according to their respective rights or shares under actual cultivation and im-And if any of the faid Proprietors provement. shall in disobedience of the votes, orders, rules and regulations, fo made and paffed, occupy, hufband, manage or improve his, her or their respective shares or rights, contrary to fuch votes, orders, rules and regulations, he, she or they, shall be subject to an action of trespass, for the damage sustained by any Proprietor, and shall forfeit and pay to the use of the Poor of the respective Parish to which the Island containing fuch shares or rights belong, a fine of Forty Shillings for each and every offence, to be recovered on complaint to a Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to hear and determine the fame, provided the faid action of trespass or complaint be profecuted within One Month.

II. And the faid votes, orders, rules and regulations, made and passed as aforesaid, shall be reduced to writing, and subscribed by the major part of the Proprietors present, collecting their voices as aforesaid, and afterwards deposited with the Clerks of the Peace for the respective Counties, and shall be

in force for one year and no longer.

III. Provided also, That the faid respective Proprietors of the said Islands, may meet at such times and places in the present year as shall be fixed and stated by two Justices in each County, on application of any one or more of said Proprietors.

IV.

And for the fecurity and protection of the Thewaterround faid Islands against trespasses, it is also enacted, That the Islands shall the water furrounding them and each of them, shall be deemed and taken in Law a lawful Fence.

be deemed a lawful Fence.

This Act to continue and be in force for Actobeinforce three years and no longer.

three years.

Continued to 1st. April, 1808, by 43 Geo. 3. c. 8.

#### CAP. III.

An ACT for laying an IMPOST. Expired.

# CAP. IV.

An ACT for fecuring the Purchafers of Mortgaged ESTATES.

Difallowed by His Majesty in Council, 1790.

# CAP. V.

An ACT in addition to an Act for laying out, repairing and amending Highways, Roads, Streets, and for appointing Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways within the feveral Towns or Parishes in this Province. Expired.

#### CAP. VI.

An ACT to empower the Justices of the General SESSIONS of the PEACE, in the feveral Counties in this Province, to grant LICENCES to Tavern-keepers and Retailers of spirituous Liquors.

BE it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Coun-cil and Assembly, That the Justices of the at Sessions autho-General Sessions of the Peace, in the several Coun-rized to grant Lities in this Province, shall at their General Sessions,

cences to Tavern

keepers and re- or at any Special Session to be for that purpose hol-Liquors.

tailers of strong den, have full power and authority, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to give and grant Licences to fuch persons as they in their discretion fhall think fit, being of good fame and character, to licence them, and each and every of them, to keep a Tavern, or to fell Wine, Brandy, Rum, Beer, Ale, or any strong Liquors whatsoever, within their respective Counties, by retail or the small measure, under the quantity of Five gallons, and that it shall and may be lawful for the faid Justices, or the major part of them, then and there affembled, to ask, And to demand demand and receive, for every fuch Licence, by for the same a them to be given and granted as aforesaid, such sum sum not exceeding f4, nor less as they in their differetion shall think fit, not exceeding Four Pounds, nor less than Ten Shillings for each Licence for one year, which fums fo to be Money fo arifing received shall be paid by the Clerks of the respecto be paid into tive Counties into the hands of the respective county Treasurers, to defray such necessary contingent ing County char- expences of the County, as fuch Justices or the major part of them, shall from time to time, by their orders in their General Sessions direct, such Clerks retaining for their trouble Two Shillings and Six Pence for each Licence fo to be granted, and no more.

than 10s.

the county Trea-fury, for defray-

Fee to Clerk of the Peace.

II. And be it further enacted, That every person Persons licensed so licensed as aforesaid, shall at the time of taking to enter into re-cognizance with fuch Licence, enter into recognizance with two fureties for keep. good and fufficient fureties to his Majesty, in such ing an orderly fum as the faid Justices or the major part of them, house, and to obey rules and or then and there affembled shall direct, to keep an ders of the Sef- orderly house, and obey fuch rules and regulations as the faid Justices in their General Sessions, or the major part of them, then and there affembled, shall from time to time make and ordain, to be observed by Tavern-keepers and Retailers respectively in such County, which rules and regulations the faid Justices in their General Sessions as aforesaid, are hereby authorized and empowered to make and ordain.

III.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall sell any Wine, Brandy, Rum, Beer, by retail without Ale, or any strong Liquors whatsoever, by retail or Licence, forfeit the fmall measure, under the quantity of Five gal- £5, to be recolons without Licence first had and obtained for that purpose as aforesaid, and entering into recognizance as aforefaid, he, she or they so offending, shall for diffress, every offence forfeit and pay the fum of Five Pounds, to be recovered upon complaint made to any one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in the County where such offence shall be committed, upon the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, and levied by warrant of distress and fale of the offender's goods, under the hand and feal of fuch Justice, directed to any Constable of the Town or Parish where such offence shall be committed. rendering the overplus, if any, after deducting the costs and charges of such distress and sale, to the offender, and if no goods shall be found whereon to If no goods found levy fuch diftress, it shall and may be lawful for the offender to be committed. fuch Justice, by warrant under his hand and feal, to commit fuch offender to the common Goal of the County where fuch offence shall be committed, without bail or mainprize, for fuch time not exceeding Three Months, nor less that One Month, as such Justice shall in his discretion think fit, unless such penalty and forfeiture, together with the costs and charges, shall be fooner paid, one half of all which penalties and forfeitures shall be paid into the hands of the Overseers of the Poor of the Town or Parish where fuch offence shall be committed, for the use of the Poor of fuch Town or Parish, the other half to him or them who shall make complaint and fue for the fame.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall keep a Tavern without having a Li- Persons keeping cence given and granted as aforesaid, to him, her or out Licence, or them, for that purpose, and entering into recogni- entertaining perzance as aforesaid, or without such Licence to keep ftrong Liquors in a Tavern, and entering into recognizance as afore- their houses, liafaid.

Persons felling vered before a Justice of the Peace, and levied by warrant of

fons and felling

penalty, to be recovered and apmanner.

ble to the same said, shall entertain any person or persons in his, her or their house, and shall fell to such person or plied in the same persons so entertained, any Rum, Brandy, Wine. Beer, Ale, or any strong Liquors or mixed Liquors, to be drank and confumed in his, her or their house, or any part of fuch house, fuch person or persons fo offending shall be subject and liable to the same penalty for each and every offence, as persons selling by retail, without Licence, and without entering into recognizance as aforefaid, are herein before made subject and liable to be sued for, recovered and applied in the same manner, and to the fame uses and purposes.

to keep Tavern, to be licenfed alfo to retail.

Provided always, That any person or persons to Persons licensed whom a Licence shall be granted as aforesaid to keep a Tavern, shall have included in such Licence a Licence also to fell any strong Liquors whatsoever by retail, without taking out a separate Licence so to fell by retail.

read at the opening of the Genelists of persons licensed delivered to the Grand Jury.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall This Ast to be be publicly read by the Clerk at the opening of every Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the ral Seffions, and feveral Counties in this Province, and the Justices of fuch Courts shall at the same time cause a list of

And charge to be given to present offenders.

all the Tavern-keepers and retailers respectively in their respective Counties, to whom Licence has been granted as aforefaid, to be delivered to the Grand Jurors at fuch Courts respectively, and it shall be particularly given in charge to such Grand Jurors, to make diligent inquiry and prefentment of all and every fuch person and persons as shall be guilty of any breach of, or offence against this Act, contrary to the true intent and meaning thereof, and upon fuch presentment, it shall and may be law-Justices of Ge- ful for the Justices of such Court to proceed against fuch offenders, in the manner herein before directed, to one Justice to proceed for the recovery of the penalties herein before inflicted, and upon conviction of such offender or offenders, before the

Justices of such Court, such penalty and penalties

neral Seffions to proceed on pre-fentment to recover penalties, in the manner herein before prefcribed.

**fhall** 

shall upon the recovery thereof be paid into the Penalties and hands of the respective county Treasurers for the forfeitures to be fame uses and purposes, and subject to the same or- paid into county Treasury. ders and directions as the sums to be paid for Licences, are herein before directed to be applied and fubject unto.

And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to This Act not to extend to the City of Saint John, but the Licences of St. John. to be granted therein shall be granted as heretofore, agreeable to the directions in the Charter of the faid City, and the Laws of the Common Council of the faid City regulating the fame.

# CAP. VII.

An ACT in addition to an Act, for the better afcertaining and confirming the BOUNDARIES of the feveral Counties within this Province, and for Subdividing them into Towns or Parishes.

BE it enacted, by the Lieutenant Governor, Council and Assembly, That all that tract of Land Town and Parish in the County of Westmorland, beginning fifteen of Dorchester, chains east of a Creek about two miles fouth of with the bounds. Memramcock river, thence northerly on the western line of the Town of Sackville to Chediac harbour. including the Island, thence west on the north line of faid County, as far as the east line of the Town of Monkton, thence down faid line and the other river Petcudiac, to the first mentioned bounds, be one District, Town and Parish, distinguished by the name of the Town and Parish of Dorchester. all that tract of Land to the west of the Town of of Salisbury, with Hillsborough and Monkton, extending the width of the bounds. the fame County, as far as the Portage, between Petcudiac and Salmon brook, be one Town and Parish, distinguished and known by the Town and Parish of Salisbury.

And be it further enacted, That a line due Jouth from the north end of the faid Portage to

Town and Parille

tween the County of Westmorand Queen's.

Dividing linebe- the northern boundary of the County of St. John, and from the faid north end of the faid Portage due Is and and King's north to the fouthern boundary of the County of Northumberland, be the dividing line between the County of Westmorland and the Counties of King's and Queen's, any Law or Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CAP. VIII.

visions, refer to 26Geo. 3. c. 42.

Mayor, Aldermen and Comed to appoint Affellors and Coland taxes.

Such Affeffors fubject to the fame rules, penalties, &c. as Parish Assessors.

And fuch Colrules, penalties, &c.asConstables are subject to.

For former pro- An ACT in addition to an Act, intitled "an Act for ASSESSING, COLLECTING and LEVYING COUNTY RATES."

**D** E it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Coun-**D** cil and Assembly, That it shall and may be monalty of St. lawful for the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty John, empower- of the City of Saint John, in Common Council convened, and they are hereby authorized and empowlectors of rates ered to appoint fuch and fo many Affesfors and Collectors as they in their difcretion shall think fit, for the affeffing, levying and collecting all fuch rates, taxes and affeffments, as shall from time to time be required to be levied and affeffed upon the Inhabitants of the faid City, by virtue of the faid recited Act, or of any other Law for raising or affesting any fum or fums of Money upon the Inhabitants of the faid City. And fuch Affessors so to be appointed, and all fuch Affessors as have been heretofore appointed by the faid Common Council, by virtue of any Law of this Province, shall be and they are hereby made subject and liable to the same rules, regulations, restrictions, penalties and forfeitures, as the Affesfors of any Town or Parish in this Province are by Law made fubject and liable to. And all Collectors also sub. lectors to be appointed, or that have been already jest to the same appointed by the said Common Council, shall be and they are hereby made subject and liable to the fame duties, rules, reftrictions, regulations, penalties and forfeitures, as any Constables in any Town or Parish in this Province are by the said herein before recited Act made subject and liable to.

CAP.

#### CAP. IX.

An ACT for more effectually fecuring the TITLE of Purchasers of Real Estates against Claims for Dower.

**X** THEREAS fome doubts have arifen concerning the conveyance of Dower by the wife, Preamble. in her husband's life-time, in the manner and form now in practice: In order therefore to prevent any difficulty that may hereafter arife touching the fame,

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That no Deed of bargain and fale, or other conveyance of any Lands, Tenements or Heards in which any feme covert reditaments in which any Feme Covert is, or may be has right of dowintitled to a right of Dower, shall be valid and sufficient to bar fuch right or the recovery thereof, cuted by her, and after the decease of her husband, unless such Feme acknowledgedon separate examination before a fuch Deed, and shall also appear before some one Judge. of his Majesty's Council, Judge of the Supreme Court, or one of the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the feveral Counties of this Province, and being examined feparate and apart from her faid husband, shall declare that she executed the fame freely and voluntary without any threat, fear or compulsion from him, which acknowledgment and declaration shall be entered on such Deed, and registered with the same, and shall be an effectual bar to her recovery of Dower in and to the premifes.

See further 32 Geo. 3. c. 2. and 33 Geo. 3. c. 5.

#### CAP. X.

An ACT to enable the Justices of the Peace in the feveral Counties in this Province, wherein no fufficient Goals are erected, to fend persons charged with GRAND LARCENY and other offences of a higher nature, to the Goal of the City and County of Saint John. Expired. CAP.

# CAP. XI.

An ACT in addition to an Act, intitled "an Act for regulating the Exportation of FISH and LUM-BER, and for afcertaining the quality of the fame.

Repealed.

# CAP. XII.

An ACT for Appropriating and Disposing of the Public Monies.

Expired.





# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Vicesimo Octavo.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at the City of Saint John, on the third day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty-six, and in the Twenty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth: And from thence continued by several prorogations to the Fifteenth day of  $J_{uly}$ , One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty-eight; at Fredericton; being the third Session of the first Assembly convened in the said Province.

#### CAP. I.

An ACT for continuing and amending an Act, intitled, "an Act for laying an Impost." Expired.

#### CAP. II.

An ACT in addition to an Act, intitled, "an Act for Relief against Absconding Debtors."

HEREAS in the faid Act for relief against Absconding Debtors, there is no sufficient Preamble. provision made for relief against Debtors who have departed from this Province, who have Estates or Effects in the Province, and who may remain out of it to prevent their Creditors from recovering or getting hold of fuch Estates or Essects, therefore—

The Estates real and personal of every person and in the fum of 40s. or upwards, who may depart from the Province, made subject 10 be feized and difpoled of.

Instead of proof of ablconding or concealment, the Creditor or his Attorney applying for an attachment to make proof that such Debtor departed from the Province after the debt was contracted, and has not refided within the Province for Six Monthsnextpreceding fuch applicatio n.

No Trustees to be appointed until Six Months after public no-

as to the power of Judges, until 1st Feb. 1790;

And as to the power of Trustees, until a final fettlement and distribution.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That the Estates, goods, chattels and effects, real and personal, of all and every persons indebted such person and persons indebted in the sum of Forty Shillings or upwards, who have departed, or have departed or may depart from this Province, may be subject and liable to be taken, feized, proceeded against, fold, conveyed and disposed of for the payment and satisfaction of their debts, as near as may be, in like manner as the Estates and effects of other Debtors. in and by the above recited Act are made subject and liable to. Provided always, That instead of the proof of abfconding or concealment of fuch Debtor or Debtors, the Creditor or Creditors, or his or their Attorney, who shall apply for any attachment against the Estate or effects of any person or persons who have departed or may depart from the Province, shall make proof by one or more witness or witnesses, to the satisfaction of the Judge or Judges to whom application for fuch attachment shall be made, that fuch Debtor or Debtors departed from the Province after the debt was contracted, and have or hath not refided within this Province for the term of Six Months next preceding fuch application: And also provided, That in any fuch cafe no Truftees shall be appointed until the expiration of Six Months after fuch public notice as is required to be given by the before recited Act.

And be it further enacted, That this Act shall Actobeinforce continue and be of force as to the power of Judges to grant warrants of attachment pursuant hereto, and exercife the powers hereby given, until the first day of February, which will be in the year of our Lord, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety; and from thence to the end of the then next Scilion of the General Assembly, but shall continue and be in force as to the power of every Court, Person and Trustees, that shall be appointed by virtue of this Act before its above-mentioned limitation, and have any duty or thing thereby enjoined or required to

be done, until a full and final fettlement and diffribution shall be made by them and finished according to the true intent and meaning of this Act.

Continued to 1st. April, 1808, by 43 Geo. 3. c. 8.

# CAP. III.

An ACT in addition to an Act, intitled, "an Act for the better Extinguishing Fires that may happen within the City of Saint John."

THEREAS in and by an Act made and paffed in the Twenty-fixth year of his Majesty King George the Third, intitled, "an Act for the better "extinguishing Fires that may happen within the "City of Saint John," the number of Firemen of the faid City of Saint John, to be appointed by virtue of the faid Act, is limited to Thirty-two, and that number is found by experience to be infufficient; and whereas it is fit and expedient to give all due encouragement to the faid Firemen, to be watchful and diligent in the discharge of their duty.

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That the number of The number of Firemen of the City of Saint John, to be appointed City of St. John, by virtue of the faid herein before recited Act, shall, increased to forand may be increased and extended to Forty and ty, no more, any thing in the faid Act contained, to the

contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, That the faid Firemen, in addition to the privileges and exemptions contained in the faid Act, shall also during their continuance in the office of Firemen, be freed, exempted and privileged from ferving upon any Jury, in the Court of Quarter Sessions, or in the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the City and County preme Court. of Saint John, or in the City Court of the faid City of Saint John, in like manner and under the same conditions and regulations as they are in and by the

Preamble.

who during their continuance in that office, are to be exempted from ferving upon any Jury except in the Sufaid Act freed, privileged and exempted from the feveral offices of Confiable and Surveyor of the Highways, and from being compellable to ferve in the Militia, except in cases of Invasion or other imminent danger.

#### CAP. IV:

An ACT to provide for the Support of a Light-House, to be built upon Partridge-Island.

Preamble.

HEREAS it is necessary and expedient, that provision should be made for the support of a Light-House to be erected upon Partridge-Island, lying at the entrance of the harbour of the City of Saint John, for the fafety of Vessels coming into and going out of the faid harbour.

After it shall be certified under the Seal of the Corporation that a Light-House is erected and used as fuch, there be granted unto his Majesty for the Support thereof a duty of 2d per ton on all vessels belonging to the Port of St. John, of 15 tons and upwards, excepting Coasters and Fishing vessels. And upon all vessels not belonging to the faid Port, a duty of 4d per ton. Duty to be paid at the time of arrival to the Treafurer of the Province or his de-And on refulal,

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the time it shall be certified under the Seal of the Corporation of the faid City, to the Treasurer of the Province, that a Light-House is erected and used as such upon the faid Island, there be and hereby is granted unto his Majesty, his heirs and successors, for the support of fuch Light-House, a duty of Two Pence upon every Ton each veffel belonging to the Port of Saint John, of the burthen of Fifteen tons and upwards, other than Coasters or Fishing vessels, shall measure agreeable to her Register, that may arrive in the faid harbour; and upon all vessels not belonging to the faid Port, which shall so arrive, a duty of Four Pence upon each and every Ton agreeable to the aforefaid measurement, which duties shall be paid at the time of the arrival of fuch vessels in the said harbour unto the Treasurer of the Province, or his deputy, who are hereby authorized to demand and receive the same, and upon refusal of payment to be proved upon Oath before any one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the said City and County, to be levied by warrant of distress and sale of the warrant of distress and sale of the guns,

guns, boats, tackle and apparel and furniture of fuch trefs and fale of veffels, under the hand and feal of fuch Justice, di- the guns, boats, rected to any Sheriff or Constable, or Marshal of the fa' City, rendering the overplus, if any, after deducting the costs and charges of distress and sale to the Master or person baving the command of such veffel.

H. And be it further enacted, That no vessel shall be deemed a Fishing vessel within the meaning of this Act, excepting fuch as shall be wholly employed in that business, nor shall any vessel be deemed a Coafter, excepting fuch as shall be wholly employed within the Bay of Fundy.

No vessel to be deemed a fishing veffel excepting ployed in that business, nor a Coaster, &c.

And be it further enacted, That every coasting veffel shall pay in lieu of the faid duty at the rate of Ten Shillings per annum, and no more, to be received and recovered in manner aforefaid.

Every coasting vessel to pay 10s. perannuminlieu of the faid duty.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arifing by the aforefaid duties, shall be applied towards the support of the faid Light-House, to be from the Goveriffued for that purpose, by warrant under the hand nor or Commanand feal of the Lieutenant-Governor or Commander in Chief of the Province for the time being; and in case there be more Monies raised than is necessary for the support of the faid Light-House, the fur-disposed of by an plusage to be disposed of by an Act or Acts of the Act of the General Assembly. Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Affembly, to be passed for that purpose.

Monies to be iffued by warrant der in Chief.

Surplufage to be

See further 33 Geo. 3. c. 4.

#### CAP. V.

An ACT to continue fundry Acts of the General Assembly which are near Expiring. Expired.

# CAP. VI.

An ACT for Regulating the FISHERIES in the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province.

Expired.

CAP.

## CAP. VII.

An ACT in addition to an Act, intitled, "an Act for Regulating Pilots." Expired.

## CAP. VIII.

An ACT to empower the Justices of the Sessions in feveral Counties in this Province, to make fuch Regulations respecting Markets and Ferries within such Counties as may be found necessary.

Justices of the Sessions for the sessions for the several Counties in the Province, except St. John, authorized to make rules and ostablish rates & farcs,

And to affix penalties, not exceeding  $f_5$ .

To be recovered on the Oath of one or more witnesses,

And levied by warrant of diftres and sale of the offender's goods, one half to the Informer, the other half to the Poor.

Limitation of the A&.

 $\mathbf{B}^{E}$  it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Justices of the General Seftions of the Peace for the feveral Counties in this Province, except the County of Saint John, be and hereby are authorized and empowered to make and ordain fuch rules and regulations and establish fuch rates and fares for the better government and management of the Markets and Ferries within their respective Counties, as they shall from time to time judge necessary. And that the said Justices shall and may affix fuch penalties, not exceeding Five Pounds, as they may think necessary for the carrying into execution fuch rules and regulations, and for the establishing such rates and fares, so by them to be made and established, such penalties to be recovered on the Oath of one or more credible witnels or witnesses, before any two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where the penalty shall be incurred, and to be levied by warrant of diffrefs and fale of the offender's goods, one half to the Informer, and the other half to the use of the Poor of the Town or Parish where the offence shall be committed.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force Five years and no longer.

Continued to 1st. April, 1808, by 43 Geo. 3. c. 8.

CAP.

# CAP. IX.

An ACT to amend an Act, intitled, "an Act for regulating the Exportation of Fish and Lumber, and for afcertaining the Quality of the fame.

Repealed.

# CAP. X.

An ACT for Appropriating and Disposing of the Public Monies. Expired.







# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Vicesimo Nono.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at the City of Saint John, on the third day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty-six, and in the Twenty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth: And from thence continued by several prorogations to the Sixth day of October, One thousand Seven hundred and Eightynine, at Fredericton; being the fourth Session of the first Assembly convened in the said Province.

# CAP. I.

An ACT for erecting a Parish in the City of Saint John, and Incorporating the Rectors, Church-Wardens and Vestries of the Church of England in the feveral Parishes in this Province.

The Parish of I.
Trinity Church in the City of St.
John, established.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That the Parish of the Church commonly called and known by the name of Trinity Church, in the City of Saint John, shall comprehend all the Lands lying and being in the City of Saint John, and shall be known and called by the name of the Parish of Saint John.

The Rector, II. And be it further enacted, That the present Church-War- Rector, Church-Wardens and Vestry of the said dens and Vestry Church, and their successors forever, shall be a body politic

politic and corporate in deed and name, and shall of the said have succession for ever by the name of "The Church & their "Rector, Church-Wardens and Vestry of Trinity "Church, in the Parish of Saint John," and by that name of "The name shall fue and be fued, implead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, in all Courts and "Vestry of Triplaces whatfoever in this Province; and shall have "nity Church,in the Parish of full power and capacity to purchase, receive, take, "the Farin St. John." hold and enjoy, for the use and benefit of the faid And to have ca-Church, as well goods and chattels, as lands, tene- pacity to purments and hereditaments, and improve and use the for the use of the fame for the benefit and advantage of the faid faid Church, Church, according to their best discretion and the lands, and tenetrue intent and meaning of the donors, where fuch ments. goods and chattels, lands, tenements or hereditaments, fhall be given, devifed or bequeathed, to the use and benefit of the said Church, any Law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always, That the amount of the annual rents, profits and receipts of fuch lands, tenements, goods, chattels and hereditaments, shall not exceed the fum of Five hundred Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Parishioners of the faid Parish, shall on the first Monday after The parishioners Easter, forever hereafter, yearly and every year, affemble and meet together at the faid Parish Church, Easter in every and shall then and there by a plurality of voices, year, at the said Parish Church, elect and chuse two fit persons belonging to the said to chuse two Parish to be Church-Wardens for the year enfuing, Church-wardens and any number not exceeding Twelve, of other fit and any number not exceeding persons, belonging to the said Parish to be Vestry- twelve, of Vestry men for the year enfuing; who shall thereupon enter into the execution of their respective offices, and shall continue in the same until other fit persons shall be chosen in their stead.

And be it further enacted, That the feveral lots of Land already purchased or conveyed to the conveyed to the use of the said Church, for the purpose of erecting use of the said the said Church, and the said Church, and the said Church latelately erected on the faid Lots, shall be and remain ly creded on the

fucceffors incor-"Restor, church "Wardens, and chase and receive

1st Monday after and any number.

in the faid Rector, Church-Wardens, and Vestiy.

The Rector, Wardens and Vestry, to have power to fell or let Pews, or the Lands, and by the improvegoods, lands,&c. to finish and repair the Church, provide furniture, bells, &c.

faid lots, veffed fully and absolutely vested in the said Rector, Church-Wardens and Vestry, and their successors for ever, as a good and absolute estate in FEE SIMPLE, for the use, trust and benefit aforesaid, and shall be fo deemed and taken in all Courts of Law and Equity in this Province, any Law, usage or custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That the faid Rector, Church-Wardens and Veftry, or the major part of them affembled, upon due notice publicly given, shall have full power and authority to have, use and take, all fuch ways, means and methods, as in their discretion they shall think meet, by the absolute sale ment and use of of or by letting to hire, or other disposal of the Pews of the faid Church, or the faid Lands and Ground, and by the improvement and use as aforefaid of fuch goods, chattels, lands, tenements and and pay falaries, hereditaments as shall be hereafter purchased or given to the use and benefit of the said Church, to compleat and finish the faid Church, and repair the fame from time to time, and to provide goods, furniture, ornaments and bells; and to pay the falaries and other allowances to the Rector, Organist, Clerk and Sexton of the fame Church, and to the Clerk of the Vestry; and to defray all other necesfary future expenses for the use and benefit of the faid Church.

The Restors, Church-Wardens and Vestries of the Churches erected and to be erected in the feveral Parishes in the Province incorporated.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Rectors, Church-Wardens and Vestries of the several and respective Churches already erected in the several and respective Parishes in this Province, and also of such Churches as shall be hereafter erected, and their respective successors for ever, shall, as soon as they are respectively inducted and appointed, be bodies politic and corporate in deed and name, and shall have fuccession for ever, by the name of the Rector, Church-Wardens and Vestry of the several and respective Churches to which they belong; and this Act and every clause, direction, authority and power in the same contained, shall extend and be in force

for

for all fuch Churches, in the fame manner as if the faid clauses, directions, authorities and powers were particularly re-enacted and applied to fuch Church-

es respectively.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case of the death or absence from the Province, of the respecting case of the tive Rectors of the faid Churches for the time being, of the Rectors, and where no Rectors shall have been appointed, the Church warthe Church-Wardens and Vestry in such Parishes shall, during such vacancy or absence, have the full authority as the powers and authorities that are herein before given Rector, Church-Wardens, &c. to the Rector, Church-Wardens and Vestry of such Churches respectively.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That henceforth No Corpse to be no Corpfe shall be interred within or under the faid interred under Church in the City of Saint John, or within one any Church, nor hundred yards from the walls of the faid Church; within 100 yards of Trinity or within or under the walls of any Church already Church. erected or hereafter to be erected in this Province.

death or absence to have the fame

#### CAP. II.

An ACT to repeal an Act, intitled, "an Act to empower the Foreman of the Grand Juries to administer the usual Oaths to such Witnesses as are to be examined before them."

Refer to 26 Geo. 3. c. 7.

## CAP. III.

An ACT in amendment of an Act, intitled, "an Act for assessing, collecting and Levying County RATES."

For former provisions refer to 26 Geo. 3, c. 42 and 27 Geo. 3,

I. B E it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That so much of the Act intitled "an Act for affesting, collecting and levying "collecting and County Rates," and every fuch clause therein as "tyRates"—remakes it lawful for any Inhabitant of any Town or pealed.

Part of the "A& " for allefling, " levying CounParish, in case he shall so chuse, instead of paying the sum to be assessed upon him by virtue of the said Act, to contribute a proportion of labour, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Where the Juftices of the Peace have purchased any building to be used as a Gaol or Court-house, or shall hereafter purchase any building to be ufed for that purpose, such Justices have power to distribute and charge the fum fo given or contracted to be given for fuch building, upon the feveral Townsor Parishes in like manner as fuch Justices may diftribute & charge the fum to be levied for the purpole of building and finishing a public Gaol or Court-house by virtue of the faid AS.

The Affestors to apportion the quota of the sum to be distributed and charged by virtue of this Act, upon the Towns or Parishes.

And be it further enacted, That in all fuch Counties in this Province, where the Justices of the Peace at their general or special Sessions held for that purpose, have purchased or agreed and contracted to purchase any house or building to be used and occupied as a Gaol or Court-House in such Counties respectively, or shall hereafter purchase or agree and contract to purchase any house or building to be used and occupied as a Gaol or Court-House in such Counties respectively, such Justices fhall have full power and authority by warrant under their hands and feals, or under the hands and feals of the greater number of them to be directed to the Affesfors of the several and respective Towns or Parishes in their respective Counties, by equal proportion to distribute and charge the sum or sums of money fo given, or agreed and contracted to be given for fuch house or building for the use and purpole of a Gaol or Court-House as aforesaid, upon the feveral Towns or Parishes in such Counties respectively, in like manner and as fully to all intents and purpofes, as fuch Juffices in and by the faid recited Act may distribute and charge the fum or fums of money to be levied by virtue of the faid Act, for the purpose of building and finishing a public Gaol or Court-House in and for such Counties respectively. And the Affeffors for the faid Towns or Parishes respectively, shall apportion the quota of the faid fum or fums, fo to be distributed and charged by virtue of this Act, upon the respective Towns or Parishes, in like manner as the said Assesfors are authorized to apportion the fum or fums of money to be levied by virtue of the faid recited Act, for the purpose of building and finishing a public Gaol or Court-House in and for such Counties respectively. And such sum and sums of money so to be distributed, charged and apportioned by virtue of this Act, shall and may be levied, collected and paid in like manner and under the same restrictions, regulations, penalties and forfeitures, in every respect as any sum or sums of money can be levied, collected and paid by virtue of the said herein before recited Act; any thing in the said herein before recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Justices of the Sessions in any County in this Province to levy more than the sum of Three hundred Pounds, for the purpose of building and finishing a Gaol and Court-House by virtue of the said herein before recited Act, or for the purpose of paying for or purchasing any buildings for a Gaol and Court-House in their respective Counties by virtue of this Act; any thing in this Act or in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the faid herein before recited Act and every clause, matter and thing therein contained, not herein before altered and repealed, shall be and remain in full force; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Not to levy more that £300 for building Gaol & Court-house, or purchasing any building for that purpose.

The faid recited Act, except as herein altered & repealed, to remain in force.

## CAP. IV.

An ACT to authorize the erection of Fences and Gates across certain Roads in the several Counties in this Province, where the same shall be found necessary. Expired.

### CAP. V.

An ACT to continue and amend an Act, intitled, "an Act for regulating the FISHERIES in the dif"ferent Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Pro"vince." Expired.

CAP.

## CAP. VI.

An ACT for LAYING an IMPOST. Expired.

#### CAP. VII.

An ACT relating to the Punishment of Persons convicted of Felony within the Benefit of Clergy.

Preamble.

THEREAS the Punishment of Burning in the Hand, when any person is convicted of Felony within the Benefit of Clergy, is often difregarded and ineffectual.

Courts empowered to punish persons convicted of Felony within the benefit of Clergy, by fine,

or except in cafes of manslaughter, by whipping public or private.

Mode of inflicting private whipping.

to have the same legal confequences as burning in the hand.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the passing of this Act, when any person shall be lawfully convicted of any Felony within the Benefit of Clergy, for which he or she is liable to be burned or marked in the brawn of the left thumb; it shall and may be lawful for the Court before which any person shall be fo convicted, or any Court holden for the fame place with the like authority, if fuch Court shall think fit, instead of fuch burning or marking, to impose upon such offender, such pecuniary fine as to the Court in its discretion shall seem meet; or otherwife it shall be lawful, instead of such burning and marking in any of the cases aforesaid, except in the case of Manslaughter, to order and adjudge that such offender shall be once or oftener, but not more than Three times, either publicly or privately whipped; fuch private whipping to be inflicted in the presence of not less than two persons, besides the offender and the officer who inflicts the fame, and in cafe of Female offenders, in the presence of Females only: Thispunishment And such fine or whipping so imposed or inslicted, instead of such burning or marking, shall have the like effects and confequences to the party, on whom the fame or either of them shall be so imposed or inflicted with respect to any discharge from the same or other Felonies, or any restitution to his or her Estates.

Estates, capacities and credits, as if he or she had been burned or marked as aforefaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Court before which any person shall be so convicted as afore- The Court may faid of any of the Felonies aforefaid, or any Court holden for the same place with the like authority, may also in its discretion, after such burning or tion, work-house marking, or after fuch whipping or fine as may by virtue of this Act be inflicted or imposed instead thereof, award and give judgment that fuch offender as aforefaid shall be committed to some House of Correction or Public Work-house or Prison within the County, City or place where fuch conviction shall be, there to be, remain and be kept, without there to remain bail or mainprize, for fuch time as fuch Court shall then judge and award, not less than Six Months and not exceeding two years, to be accounted from the time of fuch conviction; and an entry thereof shall be made of record purfuant to fuch judgment and award; and fuch offender fo judged and awarded, to remain and be kept in fuch House of Correction, Public Work-house or Prison, shall be there set at to be kept at hard work and kept at hard labour, for and during fuch time as shall be so adjudged and awarded. case such person shall resuse or neglect to work and labour as they ought to do, the Master or keeper of to be corrected fuch House of Correction, Work-house or Prison respectively, is hereby required to give such Person fuch due correction as shall be fit and necessary in that behalf.

also sentence the offender to a house of correcor prifon,

not less than fix months, nor longer than 2 years;

labour-

and in case of refusing to work by the master or keeper.

#### CAP. VIII.

An ACT for reviving and continuing and amending fundry Laws that have expired and are near expiring. Expired.

#### CAP. IX.

An ACT for APPROPRIATING and DISPOSING of the Pub-LIC MONIES. Expired.

Anno



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Tricefimo Primo.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at the City of Saint John, on the third day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty-six, and in the Twenty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth: And from thence continued by several prorogations to the First day of February, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-one, at Fredericton; being the fifth Session of the first Assembly convened in the said Province.

# CAP. I.

An ACT to continue an Act, intitled, "an Act to "authorize the erection of Fences and Gates a-"cross certain Roads in the several Counties in "this Province, where the same shall be found "necessary." Expired.

#### CAP. II.

An ACT to DECLARE that no Law passed in the GE-NERAL ASSEMBLY of the Province of Nova-Scotia, before the ERECTION of the Province of New-Brunswick, shall be of Force in this Province.

 $\mathbf{B}^{E}$  it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That no Law passed in the NoLaw of Nova-General Assembly of the Province of Nova-Scotia, Scotia to be of force in this Probefore the erection of the Province of New-Bruns-vince, wick, shall be of any force or validity whatever in this Province; or so deemed or taken in any Court of Law or Equity within the fame. Provided, That this Act shall have no retrospective force or operation.

## CAP. III.

An ACT in addition to and in amendment of an Act. intitled, "An A& for laying out, repairing and "amending Highways, Roads and Streets, "and for appointing Commissioners and Survey-"ors of Highways within the feveral Towns or "Parishes in this Province."

Suspended for 5 years by 36 Geo. 3. c. 7, and for 5 years further by 41 Geo. 3. c. 7.

#### CAP. IV.

An ACT for the Recovery of SMALL DEBTS. Exp.

#### CAP. V.

An ACT for regulating MARRIAGE and DIVORCE, and for preventing and punishing INCEST, ADULtery, and Fornication.

THEREAS it is necessary in order to the keeping up of a decent and regular fociety, that Preamble. the Matrimonial union be fettled and limited by

certain rules and restraints; and the state of this Province requires some provisions in this behalf, as alfo for cases of divorce and alimony.

known to any Clergyman of the Church of England

or to any Justice of the Quorum

marrying, fuch Clergyman shall publish the banns three Sundays fucceffively,

or fuch Justice shall advertise the same on three Sundays fucceffively,

and if no impodiment, fuch or any other Cler-gyman of the Church of England or fuch Juf-Marriage.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Coun-Persons making cil and Assembly, That when any persons of lawful age and capacity to make a contract of Marriage. shall make known to any Parson, Vicar, Curate or other person in Holy Orders of the Church of England, in the Town or Parish where they respectively reside, or in case there shall be no Parson, Vicar, Curate or other person in Holy Orders of the Church of England, in fuch Town or Parish, then to any of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, being of the Quorum, in the County where they respectively refide, their intention of making a contract of Marriage, fuch Parson, Vicar, Curate or other person in Holy Orders of the Church of England, shall cause proclamation to be made with an audible voice of their intention of fuch intention of Marriage at some Church, Chapel, or other public place of meeting for Religious worship in the Town or Parish, or Towns and Parishes where fuch parties and each of them respectively refide, during the time of divine fervice, on three Sundays fucceffively, or in cafe there shall be no Parfon, Vicar, Curate or other perfon in Holy Orders of the Church of England as aforefaid, fuch Justice of the Peace as aforefaid, shall cause a notification of fuch banns of Matrimony in writing fubfcribed with the hand of fuch Justice of the Peace, to be affixed to fome visible part of such Church, Chapel, or other public place of meeting for Religious worship, or some other public building to be directed and appointed by fuch Justice of the Peace and fituate as aforefaid, on three Sundays fuccessiveiy: And if there shall be no lawful impediment or objection after fuch publication or notification of banns as aforefaid, it shall and may be lawful for fuch or any other Parson, Vicar, Curate or other tice to folemnize person in Holy Orders of the Church of England, or any fuch Justice of the Peace as aforefaid, where there

there shall be no Parson, Vicar, Curate or other person in Holy Orders of the Church of England as aforefaid, and they are hereby respectively authorized to folemnize and take the acknowledgment of Marriage between fuch parties. Provided, that in Ifeither party be case they or either of them are within the age of within 21 years, Twenty-one years, consent thereto be first had of the parent to be first Father or Guardian of the party or parties within the age last mentioned. Provided also, that any Justices of the Marriage fo to be folemnized by any fuch Justice Peace to use the form directed by the Governor. performed in the manner and form which shall be directed by the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Commander in Chief of the Province.

And be it further enacted, That if any Parson, Vicar, Curate or other person in Holy Orders of the Any Clergyman Church of England, or any fuch Justice of the Peace as aforefaid, shall presume to solemnize or celebrate tice of the Peace Marriage between any persons whatsoever, before proclamation or notification of banns of Matrimony lication, without between them made in form aforefaid, except a Li-licence, to forfeit cence be first had and obtained therefor by and under the hand and feal of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Commander in Chief of this Province. he shall forfeit and pay to his Majesty the fum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered with costs of suit, by bill, plaint or information, in the Supreme Court of Judicature. Provided always, that every profe- Profecution to cution for any offence, penalty, or forfeiture in this be commenced within Twelve clause contained, shall be commenced within the Months. fpace of Twelve Months after fuch offence committed, and not afterwards.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any person, other than a Parlon, Vicar, Curate, or some person Anypersonother in Holy Orders of the Church of England, or fome fuch Justice of the Peace where there shall be no of England, or Parson, Vicar, Curate or other person in Holy Or- Justice of Peace ders of the Church of England as aforefaid, shall affishing in any prefume to folemnize or celebrate Marriage, or shall Marriage, officiate or affift in folemnizing or celebrating or making

of the Church of England or Jufcelebrating Marriage before pub-

than a Clergyman of the Crch.

contrary to the meaning of this Aô,

to be fined not more than tool. nor less than 501. for every offence and imprisoned.

Not to extend to

nor to Quakers,

nor Clergymen of the Church of Rome.

Justices of the Peace to register Marriages.

making any Marriage or contract of present Marriage between any persons whatsoever, or if any such Parfon, Vicar, Curate or other perfon in Holv Orders of the Church of England, or any fuch Justice as aforefaid, shall solemnize or celebrate Marriage. or shall officiate or affist in solemnizing or celebrating, or making any Marriage contrary to the provisions and the true intent and meaning of this Act, every fuch offender who shall be thereof convicted upon indictment or information of His Majesty's Attorney-General before the Supreme Court of Judicature or any Court of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol delivery, shall for every offence forfeit and pay a fine to the King, not exceeding One hundred Pounds, nor less than Fifty Pounds, and suffer Twelve Months imprisonment. Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or Ministers of the be construed to extend to prevent may Kirk of Scot- the Kirk of Scotland regularly ordained according to the rights thereof, from celebrating and folemnizing Marriage agreeable to the forms and usages of that Church between persons of that communion. Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prohibit or restrain persons called Quakers from the full and free liberty of folemnizing Marriage according to the usages, forms and customs of that sect, in case both parties to fuch Marriage are Quakers. And Provided also, that nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to prohibit or restrain any perfon regularly ordained in Holy Orders of the Church of Rome from folemnizing Marriage agreeable to the forms of their Church between persons of that communion only.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every fuch Justice of the Peace as aforefaid, shall register or cause to be registered, in a fair or legible hand writing, subscribed with his own proper name and addition by himself, or by some other person in his presence and by his direction, in a book to be pro-

vided

vided and kept for that purpose, all Marriages and contracts of Marriage by and in prefence of him and them respectively celebrated, solemnized and acknowledged from time to time, and shall also within Three Months from and after every fuch celebration and folemnization of Marriage, deliver or transmit to the Clerk of the Peace in the County where the Marriage shall have been solemnized and made as aforesaid, a certificate or memorial thereof in writing, fubscribed with his proper name and addition, which certificate or memorial the faid Clerk of the Peace is hereby authorized and required to enter, transcribe and enrol in and with the records the Records of of the Court of General Seffions of the Peace. And fuch registry shall be deemed and taken in all Courts of Law and Equity in this Province to be as good evidence of fuch Marriage fo registered, as the registry of such Marriage would be if made by any Parson, Vicar, Curate or other person in Holy Orders of the Church of England, agreeable to the Canons of the faid Church.

V. And be it further enacted, That all causes, fuits, controversies, matters and questions touching and concerning Marriage and contracts of Marriage and divorce, as well from the bond of Matrimony as divorce and separation from bed and board and alimony, shall and may be heard and determined by and before the Governor or Commander in Chief of this Province and his Majesty's Council: And that the Governor or Commander in Chief and Council aforefaid, or any five or more of the faid Council, together with the Governor or Commander in Chief as President, be and they are hereby constituted, appointed and established a Court of Judicature in the matters and premifes aforefaid, with full authority, power and jurifdiction in the fame. Provided,and it is hereby declared that nothing herein contained shall deprive, diminish, control, obstruct or abridge, or be confirmed, deemed or extended to deprive, diminish, control, obstruct or abridge in

and transmit a certificate thereof to the Clerk of the Peace within Three Months.

to be entered in the County,

which shall be as good as if regiftered by a Clergyman of the Church of England.

Allcontroversies concerning Marriage and divorce to be determined by the Governor and Council,

who are constituted a Court for that purpose.

Nothing in this Act to control the rights of any Court, any manner the rights, powers, authority, judica-

and no fentence Governor and Council to affect tion of any per-

ture or jurifdiction of the Court of Chancery or of the Supreme Court of Judicature or of any Inferior Court of this Province, in and touching the matters and premifes aforefaid or any of them, and that no fentence, decree, judgment or proceeding of the of the Court of faid Court of Governor or Commander in Chief and Council in any information, profecution, fuit or the right of ac- process touching and concerning any Marriage or contract of Marriage or divorce or alimony, shall take away, annul, bar, fuspend or in any wife alter or affect the right of action of any person or perfons for any injury or damage fuftained for or by reason of any breach of any covenant or contract of Marriage.

Terms of holding the Court of Governor and Council.

And be it further enacted, That the fixed and stated terms of holding the faid Court of the Governor and Council for the purposes and causes herein mentioned, shall be and commence on the First Tuesday in February and the Third Tuesday in July in each and every year, and shall continue during the space of *Ten* days.

VII. And whereas, The arduous affairs of Government may render it impossible for the Governor or Commander in Chief at all times to preside in perfon in the Court aforefaid.

The Governor or Commander in Chief to appoint a Deputy in the faid Court.

Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor or Commander in Chief by warrant or commission under his hand and seal, to depute, constitute and appoint the Chief Justice, or either of the Justices of the Supreme Court of Judicature or the Master of the Rolls, to preside in his place and flead in the faid Court of the Governor and Council, and to have, hold and exercife all the powers, privileges, authority and jurisdiction of the Governor or Commander in Chief in the same Court, and that fuch Deputy or Vice-Prefident, shall have, hold and exercise all such powers, privileges, authority and jurisdiction accordingly as are hereby given and granted to the Governor or Commander in Chief in the same Court, in all the causes, matters and things therein cognizable by this Act.

VIII. And for the more effectually preventing and punishing of Incest, Adultery, Fornication and all acts of lewdness and unlawful cohabitation and intercourse between Man and Woman,

Be it further enacted, That every person who shall be hereafter lawfully convicted of any of the crimes Persons convictaforefaid, before the Supreme Court of Judicature or any Court of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Deli- the discretion of very in this Province, shall be punished by fine and the Court. imprisonment, or either of them, at the discretion of the Court in which such offender or offenders finall be convicted.

ed of Incest, &c. to be punished at

IX. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That the causes of divorce from the bond of Matrimony and of diffolving and annulling Marriage are and fhall be frigidity or impotence, adultery and confanguinity within the degrees prohibited in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Thirty-second year of the reign of King HENRY the Eighth, intitled, "an Act for Marriages to stand notwithstanding pre-"contracts," and no other causes whatsoever.

Caufes of di-

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case of a sentence of divorce from the bond of In cases of di-Matrimony or Marriage for the cause of Adultery, vorce for Adultery, theissue not the issue of such Marriage shall not in any case be to be bastardized. bastardized or in any way prejudiced or affected with any disability thereby. Provided also, That the wife in fuch case shall not be thereby barred of her red of dower, nor dower, or the husband be thereby deprived of any husband deprivtenancy by the courtefy of England, unless it shall be fo expressly adjudged and determined in and by fuch fentence of divorce.

nor the wife bared of tenancy.

And be it further enacted, That an Act made and passed in the Twenty-seventh year of his present The Ast passed in the 27th year Majesty's reign, intitled, "an Act for regulating of His Majesty's "Marriage and Divorce, and for preventing and reign repealed. " punishing Incest, Adultery and Fornication," be and the same is hereby repealed, and declared to be utterly null and void. CAP.

#### CAP. VI.

For former provisions refer to 26 Geo. 3. c. 6. An ACT in addition to an Act, intitled, "an Act for "Regulating JURIES and declaring the Qualifi-"cation of JURORS."

Sheriffs of the Counties once a year to make out a list of Jurors,

and return it into the Clerk's office, to be enter-

Penalty on Sheriffs neglecting.

Sheriffs not to return persons not named in the lift.

paid for making out fuch lists.

 $oldsymbol{D}$  E it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Coun-I. But and Assembly, That the Sheriffs of each County shall once a year, viz. on or before the First day of May, make out a lift of all persons qualified to ferve upon Juries, who have refided within the faid County for Three Months preceding, with their titles and additions, between the age of Twenty-one years and the age of Sixty years, and return the fame into the office of the Clerk of the Peace in ed in a book kept their respective Counties, which Clerks respectively for the purpose. shall cause the same to be fairly entered in a book to be by them provided and kept for that purpofe, among the records of the Sessions of the said County: And each and every Sheriff who shall neglect to make out and return fuch lift, shall forfeit and incur the penalty of Ten Pounds, to be paid into the hands of the Treasurers of the respective Counties, for the use of the County, to be recovered by bill, plaint or information in any Court of Record, having jurisdiction thereof. And no Sheriff shall impanel or return any person or persons to try any iffue joined in any Court of Record in this Province. that shall not be named and mentioned in such list.

And be it further enacted, That each Sheriff Sheriffs to be shall have and receive such sum of Money for his expenses and trouble in making out and returning fuch lift, as the Justices in their General Sessions fhall deem to be an adequate compensation therefor, and they shall thereupon order the same to be paid by the Treasurer of the County, out of the Monies in his hands belonging to fuch County refpectively, and fuch fum to be allowed to the Sheriff shall be deemed a County charge, and shall be provided for as other County charges are or may be by Law.

CAP.

## CAP. VII.

An ACT to DEFINE and DESCRIBE the CRIME of PETIT LARCENY.

B E it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That if any person shall felocid of stealing niously take and carry away any goods, chattels, Goods, &c. to money or effects to the value of Twenty Shillings, the value of 20st to be punished and be thereof duly convicted, fuch offence shall for Grand Larbe deemed, adjudged and punished as GRAND LAR- ceny, CENY: And if the value shall be found by verdict Under 205. for on trial to be less than Twenty Shillings, then such Petit Larceny. offence shall be deemed, adjudged and punished as PETIT LARCENY.

## CAP. VIII.

An ACT for fixing PERMANENTLY the BOUNDARY LINES between the different GRANTS in this Province.

THEREAS great confusion, uneasiness and disquiet have arisen among the Settlers in some Preamble. parts of this Province from the uncertainty that exists about the true extent and limits of their Freeholds, particularly on Grants made fome years ago; which uncertainty has been partly occasioned by running out the lateral Boundary lines of the faid Grants at different times by the magnetic needle, the deviation of which from the meridian or the true line of North and South is in a continual state of variation; partly from the custom which many of the faid Settlers have been in of employing perfons not properly deputifed, nor acting under Oath, and with inaccurate Instruments to run out the side lines of their respective Lots: and partly from the practice which has been generally purfued in fetting off even recent Grants, of merely marking the extent or limits of the fronts of the faid Grants without running back at all their lateral Boundaries from

the banks of the Rivers, Creeks or other fronts on which they lie; to prevent all fuch confusion, uneasiness and uncertainty in suture, and the growth and increase of those evils and inconveniences which if not remedied must soon give rise to an endless variety of disputes.

Any Proprietor of Land in any Grant being defirous of having the fide lines run may on public notice being given, have the fame run out by the Surveyor General or any of his deputies,

Re it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That whenever one or more Grantees of the Crown of any Lands already granted or hereafter to be granted in this Province, either on one or both of two separate Grants adjoining each other or comprised in any one Grant, or one or more Freeholders on the faid Grant or Grants, fhall be defirous of having the direction of the lateral Boundary line or lines of fuch Grant, or between fuch Grants afcertained, fixed and rendered permanent, he, fhe or they shall give notice thereof to the other Grantees or Proprietors therein concerned, by advertifing the fame in writing, posted up for one Month in three at least of the most public places in the Town or Parish where such Lands lie, whereupon it shall and may be lawful for the Surveyor-General of the Province, by himfelf or his fufficient deputy or deputies thereunto authorized and under Oath, upon the application of fuch Grantee or Grantees, Freeholder or Freeholders, to run the faid lateral Boundary line or lines of fuch Grant or between fuch Grants, with proper Instruments to be examined and approved of by the Surveyor-General, at least Five hundred yards back from the bank of the River, Creek, or other front on which the faid Grants lie, and by the magnetical needle as expressed in the said Grants, and that in the faid line or lines and each of them two small pillars of stone, where stones can be conveniently procured, or otherwife two flout posts of durable or lasting wood and cleared of sap, one near the bank or other front, or only at a fufficient distance therefrom, to be in no danger of being washed away, and the other at least Five hundred vards back from

and have pillars of flone or posts erested, the fame, each reaching four feet below the furface of the Ground and four feet above the fame, shall be erected under the direction of the Surveyor-General, or his deputy or deputies acting under oath as aforefaid, who shall carefully examine the faid pillars or posts and see that the line formed by the interfection of the vertical plane passing through their centres (or fo as to divide them equally) with that of the horizon, shall exactly coincide with the above mentioned line run out by the needle: which pillars or posts shall be considered as permanent Land marks for fixing and afcertaining the direction of the faid Boundary line or lines of the faid Grant, or between the faid Grants in all time to come, without any attention or regard whatfoever had to any future variation of the needle.—The expense Expense defrayof running the faid line or lines, and of erecting the faid pillars or posts to be defrayed by the party or parties fo applying: The Surveyor-General when he acts himself to be paid at the rate of Fisteen Shillings per diem, and his deputies as is cuftomary, at the rate of Ten Shillings per diem respectively.

And be it further enacted, That the direction of all the lateral lines between Lots already laid out, or that shall be laid out hereafter on Grants of Land all lines to be afthroughout this Province, shall be regulated and fix- faid Land marks. ed by a reference to the above mentioned permanent Land marks, ascertaining the direction of the Boundary line or lines between the Grants on which faid Lots lie, without any regard whatfoever had to the future variation of the needle, except only in fuch case or cases as are herein after mentioned.

And whereas certain Grants have been paffed under the Seal of the Province of Nova-Scotia, the Boundary lines represented on the plans annexed to which, differ from those expressed in such Grants, by the projectors of the faid plans mistaking the true for the magnetic meridian. And whereas great inconvenience and confusion will arise to the Proprietors of the Lots comprehended in fuch Grants

for permanent Land marks.

ed by the party applying.

Fees for furvey-

The direction of certained by the

Grants of Land. made by the true meridian, provi-

if their Boundary lines should be run by the courfes expressed in the said Grants:—Be it enacted, That the Boundary lines of all fuch Grants shall form the fame angles with the meridian that are expressed on the plans annexed to the faid Grants, without any reference whatfoever had to the lines or courses specified in the said Grants.

Proviso.

Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to fix or afcertain the points where the Boundary lines between any Lots in any Grants shall commence, but that fuch points shall be left to be agreed on between the Proprietors of fuch Lots, or be fettled by a due course of Law.

Proceedings to be registered in the Surveyor-General's office.

And be it also further enacted, That all proceedings relative to the fixing of permanent Land marks as aforefaid, shall be registered by the Surveyor-General in his office: Which registry shall be deemed and taken, in all Courts of Law, good evidence of the manner in which the direction of fuch Boundary lines was afcertained in case any of the faid pillars or posts shall be at any time hereafter removed, lost or destroyed.

ing Land marks,

And be it further enacted, That if any person Persons destroy- or persons shall at any time or times hereaster wilfully deface, pull down, remove or destroy any of the Land marks erected as above described for fixing permanently the direction of the Boundary lines between Grants as aforefaid, it shall and may be lawful for any two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near the place where such offence shall be committed, and such Justices are hereby respectively authorized and required, upon complaint or information upon Oath of fuch offence, to fummon the person or persons so complained of, or to iffue the warrant or warrants to apprehend and bring before them the person or persons so accused, complained of or suspected, and upon his, her or their appearance or neglect to appear, to proceed to examine the matter of fact with which fuch

fuch person or persons are charged, and upon due proof thereof made, either by confession or upon the Oath or Oaths of one or more credible witness or witnesses to determine the same, and to convict the offender or offenders, and every person offending herein and being thereof convicted as aforefaid, shall forfeit the sum of Five Pounds, to be paid to the Overfeers of the Poor, to the use of the Poor of the Town or Parish wherein such offence shall be committed, the fame to be levied by diftress and fale of the offender's goods and chattels, together with the charges of fuch diffress and fale, rendering the overplus, if any be, to the owner or owners thereof: And for want of sufficient distress the said Justices are hereby required to commit the person or persons convicted as aforesaid to the common Gaol of the County, Town or place where the offence shall be committed; there to remain for the fpace of One Month.

to forfeit 51. on

## CAP. IX.

An ACT for ALTERING the Times of holding the COURT of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and INFERIOR COURT of COMMON PLEAS in the Counties therein mentioned.

THEREAS the times appointed for holding the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Preamble. Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the County of Westmorland, King's County and Queen's County, have been found inconvenient.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That the faid Courts shall be holding the Courts in Westmorland, of Westmorland on the THIRD Tuesdays in January and June; for Queen's County on the FOURTH Tues- King's counties, and the City and days in January and June; for King's County on County of Saint the SECOND Tuesday in February and FIRST Tuesday John. in July; and for the City and County of Saint John

on the THIRD Tuesday instead of the FIRST Tuesday of March, in each and every year, any Law or Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

No writ to abate by reason of the alteration.

And be it further enacted, That no writ or process of any kind whatsoever, shall abate or be discontinued by reason of the alteration of the Times of holding the faid Courts as aforefaid; but that all writs and processes which are or shall be returnable to the faid Courts respectively on the days and times heretofore established, shall be proceeded upon in the same manner as if the same were made returnable on the fame days herein established and appointed.

## CAP. X.

An ACT to enable the Justices of the Supreme COURT to iffue Commissions for the examining of WITNESSES out of the Province.

B E it enacted, by the Lieutenant Governor, Council and Assembly, That in all civil causes depending and at iffue in the Supreme Court of this Province, in which either party shall be desirous to take the depositions of Witnesses residing out of this Justices of the Province to be read as evidence in such causes, it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the said Court upon fufficient cause being shewn by assidavit on the behalf of the party defiring the same, to iffue a Commission under the Seal of the said Court, for taking fuch depositions, in fuch manner, and under fuch restrictions and regulations as the said Court by any rules and orders for that purpose made, shall direct and appoint: And fuch depositions so taken, shall be read in evidence as depositions taken de bene esse, at the trial of such causes. And the costs attending the iffuing and taking fuch depositions shall be regulated by rule or order of the said Court for that purpose to be made.

Supreme Court to iffue commiffions for taking depositions,

to be read as depositions de bene effe.

## CAP. XI.

An ACT for the Security and Protection of Certain ISLANDS in the River Saint John. Exp.

# CAP. XII.

An ACT to continue an Act, intitled "An Act for "LAYING anIMPOST." Expired.

#### CAP. XIII.

An ACT for Regulating the FISHERIES in the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province. Expired.

## CAP. XIV.

An ACT for the Support and Relief of CONFINED DEBTORS. Expired.

## CAP. XV.

An ACT for LAYING an IMPOST. Expired.

# CAP. XVI.

An ACT for APPROPRIATING and DISPOSING of the Public Monies. Expired.

## CAP. XVII.

An ACT for Regulating ELECTIONS of REPRESENTA-TIVES in GENERAL ASSEMBLY, and for limiting the duration of ASSEMBLIES in this Province.

I. B it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That when any new Affembly shall, at any time hereafter, be summoned or called

Forty days allowed between the teffe and re-

Writs to be delivered to the Sheriff.

Sheriff on the back of the writ to indorfe the day he receives it.

Time and place of election to be notified by the Sheriff within fix days after receipt of the writ; and fix days notice at least to be given to one or more Constables, &c.

No fee, reward or gratuity, to be allowed the Sheiff, or under-Sheriff, for execution of fuch writ, unless a Poll be demand-

In case of a Poll the Sheriff to have 10s. per diem for himfelf and 5s. per diem for a Poll Clerk, to be paid out of the Province Treasury; and the same allowance in case of a scrutiny to be paid by the party tion.

called in this Province, as also in case of any vacancy during this prefent Assembly, there shall be Forty days between the teste and return of the writs of fummons, and that the Clerk of the Crown in turn of the writs. Chancery shall issue out the writs for the Election of Members to ferve in the fame Affembly with as much expedition as the fame may be done, and that as well upon the calling or fummoning any new Affembly, as also in case of any vacancy during the prefent or any future Affembly, the feveral writs shall be delivered to the respective Sheriffs; and that every fuch Sheriff upon the receipt of the same writ shall upon the back thereof indorfe the day he received the fame, and within Six days after he has received the fame writ, shall cause public notice to be given in writing of the time and place of Election, and give Six days notice at least of the day appointed to the Constables or one of them, of each Town or Parish within his bailiwick, who are hereby required forthwith to affix the same to the most public place of each Town or Parish as aforesaid, for the Election.

And be it further enacted, That no Sheriff or under-Sheriff shall give, pay, receive or take any fee, reward or gratuity whatfoever, for the making out receipt, delivery, return or execution of any fuch writ or precept, unless a Poll shall be demanded; and in case a Poll shall be demanded he shall be intitled to have and receive an allowance of Ten Shillings per diem for himself and Five Shillings per diem for a Poll-Clerk, to be by him appointed for taking fuch Poll in manner herein after mentioned, for each day the faid Poll shall be held, and also for each day the Scrutiny shall be held in case of any Scrutiny granted as herein after mentioned, which allowance for holding the Poll shall be paid out of the Province Treasury upon the account thereof being submitted to and audited by the Assembly at losing the elec- their next Session; and which allowance for holding the Scrutiny shall be paid by the party or parties losing

losing his or their Election upon such Scrutiny, and shall be recovered by action of debt. in any Court of Record in this Province having jurisdiction thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Members to be chosen to serve in such Assembly, shall be chosen in every County which hath right to chuse by persons whereof every one of them shall have a therein of the Freehold in fuch County of the clear value of Twenty-five Pounds, in case such persons reside in sidents of the vafuch County, and in case such persons do not reside in fuch County, shall have a Freehold in fuch County of the clear value of Fifty Pounds free from all incumbrances, and shall have respectively possessed the same, and have had their title Deeds registered Six Months before the teste of the said writ: And Persons eligible the person to be chosen shall be possessed of real tate of the value Estate of the value of Two hundred Pounds within of 200% within the County for which he shall be chosen, and shall have been possessed of the same, and the Deeds in full possession thereof duly registered Six Months before the teste of the writ. And fuch as have the greatest number writ. of votes of Electors qualified as aforefaid, shall be returned by the faid Sheriffs, Members to ferve in fuch Affembly by Indentures between the faid She-Provided always, that Mortgagers who riffs and the faid Electors. no person who shall have mortgaged his Lands, and remain in possession thereof, and receive the income of the income of therefrom, shall by reason of such Mortgage be their Lands, no debarred voting debarred from giving his vote; or being elected as or being elected. aforefaid.

IV. And be it further enacled, That upon every Election so to be made of any Member to serve held at the most in this or any future Affembly, the Sheriff of the usual and public County where fuch Election shall be made, shall hold his Court for the fame Election at the most we usual and public place of Election within the said County, but in case the said Election be not determined upon the view with the confent of the Electors there present, and that a Poll shall be demand-

Electors residing in the County, to have a Freehold clear value of 251. and non-relue of 50l. and shall have posfelled the same 6 months at least, before the teste of the writ.

to have real Efthe County, and fhall have been 6 months before the teste of the

remain in possesfion and receive

Election to be place of election within the Coun-

ed for the determination thereof, then the faid Sheriff, or in his absence his under-Sheriff, shall forthwith, in some open or public place, proceed to take the faid Poll.

Sheriff's oath to be taken immediatelyafter reading the writ.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Sheriff shall immediately after reading the writ or precept for the Election of fuch Member, take and fubscribe the following Oath, viz.  $ilde{\ }^{\prime\prime}I$  A. B. do solemnly " swear that I have not directly or indirectly received " any sum or sums of money, office, place or employ-"ment, gratuity or reward, or any bond, bill or note, " or any promise or gratuity whatsoever, either by my-" self or any other person to my use, benefit or advan-" tage, for making any return at the present Election " of Members to serve in Assembly, and that I will "return such person or persons as shall, to the best of "my judgment, appear to me to have the majority of " legal Votes." Which Oath any Justice of the Peace of the County where fuch Election shall be made, or in his absence, any three of the Electors are hereby required and authorized to administer. fuch Oath fo taken and fubscribed shall be entered among the Records of the Seffion of fuch County.

read openly before the Electors place of election.

And be it further enacted, That every Sheriff This Act to be shall and is hereby required at the time of such Election, immediately after reading fuch writ or affembled at the precept, and taking and fubscribing such Oath as aforesaid, to read or cause to be read openly before the Electors there affembled this prefent Act and every clause therein contained.

> And for the more due and orderly proceeding in the faid Poll when required as aforefaid, the faid Sheriff shall appoint such number of Clerks as to him shall seem meet and convenient for taking thereof, which Clerks shall take the said Poll in the prefence of the faid Sheriff or his under-Sheriff, and before they begin to take the faid Poll every Clerk fo appointed shall by the faid Sheriff or his under-Sheriff as aforefaid, be fworn truly and indifferently to take the same Poll, and to set down the name of

Sheriff to ap-point Clerks for taking the Poll.

Clerks to be fworn.

cach

each Elector and the place of his Freehold, and for whom he shall Poll, and to Poll no Elector who is not fworn if fo required by the Candidates or any of them then and there present. Which Oath of the faid Clerks the faid Sheriff or his under-Sheriff is hereby empowered to administer: And the Sheriff Sheriff to apor his under-Sheriff as aforefaid, shall appoint for fons as the Caneach Candidate such one person as shall be nomi-didates shall nonated to him by each Candidate then and there pre- minate to be Infent, to be Inspectors of every Clerk who shall be Clerks. appointed for taking the Poll. And every Elector at the time of polling shall distinctly name the Can- Electors, is theredidate or Candidates for whom he votes, and before to required, to be he is admitted to Poll at the same Election, shall if required by the Candidates or any one of them, first take the Oaths herein after mentioned, or any or " You shall swear that you are either of them, viz. " a Freeholder of the County of and have "real Estate of the value of Twenty-five Pounds, "(or Fifty Pounds if the Elector do not reside in the " said County) lying at within the said " County of and that you have not been " before polled at this Election, and that you have not  $ilde{ ilde{w}}$  procured this  $oldsymbol{F}$ reehold to give your voice in this "Election, and that the place of your abode is at So help you GOD." inalso the Oaths in and by an Act made in the First. year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the First, intituled, "An Act for the further security " of his Majesty's Person and Government and the "succession of the Crown in the heirs of the late " Princess Sophia, being Protestants, and for extin-"guishing the hopes of the pretended Prince of WALES "and his open and secret abettors," appointed to be taken; and also the following Oath:—" You shall " swear that you have not received or had by yourself " or any other person whatsoever in trust for you, or " for your use and benefit, directly or indirectly, any "sum or sums of money, office, place or employment, "gift or reward, or any promise or security for any " money,

spectors of the

"money, office, employment or gift, in order to give

"your vote at this  $\dot{E}$ lection. So help you GOD." Or being one of the people called Quakers, shall, if required as aforefaid, folemnly affirm the effect of each and every of the faid Oaths which shall be required as aforefaid, which fame Oaths or affirmations, the faid Sheriff, his under-Sheriff, or fuch fworn Clerk by him appointed for taking of the faid Poll as aforefaid, are hereby authorized to admini-And if any Elector shall, being thereunto required as aforefaid, refuse or neglect to take the faid Oaths herein before appointed to be taken, or either of them, or to affirm the effect thereof as aforefaid, that then the Poll or vote of fuch person fo neglecting or refusing, shall be and is hereby declared to be null and void, and as fuch shall be rejected and difallowed. And if any Sheriff, under-Sheriff, or sworn Sheriff or sworn Clerk, shall neglect or refuse when thereunto requested as aforesaid, to administer the above Oaths and affirmations, or shall otherwise offend in the premifes contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, every fuch Sheriff, under-Sheriff or fworn Clerk, shall for every such offence forfeit the fum of Fifty Pounds, together with full costs of fuit, to be recovered by action of debt, bill. plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's Courts

Elector, refusing to take these Oaths or either of them to be rejected and disallowed.

The vote of any

Sheriff, under-Clerk, refusing to idminister such Daths,&c.to forcit 50%.

> VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any perfon or perfons shall wilfully, falsely and corruptly take the Oaths or affirmations fet forth and appointed in and by any part of this Act, or either of them. and be thereof lawfully convicted by Indictment or Information, or if any person or persons shall corruptly procure or fuborn any other person to take the faid Oaths or affirmations, or either of them, and the person so procuring or suborning shall be thereof convicted by Indictment or Information. every person so offending shall for every such offence incur and fuffer fuch penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as persons convicted of wilful and cor-

of Record in this Province.

Persons falsely king the Oaths r affirmations ppointed in and y any part of this Act or fuborning others, shall inur the penalties f wilful and corupt perjury,

rupt

rupt perjury are liable to. And no person convict- and be rendered ed of wilful and corrupt perjury or subornation of incapable of voperjury, shall after such conviction, be capable of ting. voting in any Election of any Member or Members to ferve in the Assembly of this Province.

And be it further enacted, That if any person who hath or claimeth to have, or hereafter shall Any person who have or claim to have any right to vote in fuch money or other Election, shall take any money or other reward by reward, &c. for way of gift, loan or other device, or contract or agree for any money, gift, office, employment or vote, or shall proother reward, to give or forbear to give his vote in any fuch Election, or if any perfon by himself or any person employed by him doth or shall by any gift or reward, or by any promife, agreement or fecurity for any gift or reward, corrupt or procure any person or persons to give his vote or votes, or to forbear to give his or their vote or votes in any fuch Election, fuch person so offending in any of the cases aforesaid, shall for every such offence forfeit the fum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered as before directed in the seventh section of this Act. with full costs of fuit, and every person offending in any of the cases aforesaid in this clause mentioned from and after judgment obtained against him in any fuch action of debt, bill, plaint or information, or being any otherwise lawfully convicted thereof, shall for ever be disabled to vote in any Election for any Member or Members of the Assembly of this Province.

And be it further enacted, That every Poll which shall be so demanded, shall commence on the day the fame shall be demanded, or upon the next day when it is day (unless that shall happen to be a Sunday and demanded or the then on the day after), and shall be duly and regularly proceeded in from day to day (Sundays ex- be continued cepted) without any delay or other adjournment, from day to day (Sundaysexceptuntil all the voters present shall have opportunity ed) till all the to be polled, after which the Sheriff by the confent woters present shall have opporof at least half the Candidates, shall have liberty to tunity to be pol-

giving or forbearing to give his cure others fo to do, to forfeit for every offence 20%. and be ever after disabled to vote.

Poll to commence on the next day (not being Sunday) and from day to day of at least half

The Poll to be closed at latest day.

Sheriff to declare the name of the person or persons who have the majority of votes & forthwith make his return, unless a Scrutiny be demanded; but not to delay making his return beyond the day required by the writ.

In a Scrutiny the Sheriff to décide nately.

open every day Seven hours at hour of Eight in the morning and Sun-set.

led, the Sheriff remove the Poll to fuch other place or places in then, by confent the fame County as he and fuch Candidates conthe Candidates, fenting shall think necessary, where such Sheriff or may remove the returning officer shall proceed in like manner until the Poll be finished. And if fuch Poll shall continue unto the Fifteenth day then the same shall be on the fifteenth finally closed at or before the hour of Three in the afternoon of the fame day. And the Sheriff at every fuch Election, shall immediately, or on the day next after the final close of the Poll, truly, fairly and publicly declare the name or names of the person or persons who have the majority of votes on fuch Poll, and shall forthwith make a return of fuch person or persons, unless the Sheriff upon a Scrutiny being demanded by any Candidate or any two or more Electors, shall deem it necessary to grant the fame, in which cafe it shall and may be lawful for him fo to do, and to proceed thereupon but fo as that in all cases of an Election of any new Affembly, or to fill any vacancy in the prefent or any future Affembly every Sheriff having the return of a writ shall close such Scrutiny and make his return upon fuch writ on or before the day on which fuch writ is returnable.

XI. And be it further enacled, That whenever a Scrutiny shall be granted as aforefaid, and there for the different shall be more parties than one objecting to votes on Candidates alter- fuch Scrutiny, the Sheriff shall decide alternately or by turns on the votes given for the different Candidates who shall be parties to such Scrutiny or against whom the same shall be carried on.

XII. And in order that Electors may have full Poll to be kept time and opportunity to Poll, Be it enacted, That every Sheriff, unlefs prevented by any unavoidable least between the accident, shall during the continuance of the Poll on every day subsequent to the commencement of the fame, cause the said Poll to be kept open for Seven hours, at the least, in each day between the hour of Eight in the morning and Sun-fet.

And be it further enacted, That upon every Election

Election of any Member or Members to ferve in Sheriff authorithis or any future Assembly, it shall and may be zed to adminisher lawful for the Sheriff if he fee cause, and he is in an Oath, if he fee cause, to any fuch case authorized, during the continuance of any person consent-Scrutiny which shall have been granted as aforesaid, ing to take touching any to administer an Oath to any person whatsoever thing material confenting to take the fame, touching the right of towards carrying any person having voted at such Election, or touching any other matter or thing material or necessary towards carrying on fuch Scrutiny.

And be it further enacted, That the respective Sheriffs for the different Counties, shall return Number of the following number of Members to ferve in Affembly, to wit: For the County of Saint John, four; the County of Westmorland, four; the County of CHARLOTTE, four; the County of Northumberland, two; King's County, two; Queen's County, two; the County of York, four; the County of Sunbury, Members for St. two; and two for the City of SAINT JOHN, which two John to be cho-Members for the faid City shall be chosen by the men being Inha-Freemen, being Inhabitants, and the Freeholders bitants, and the there: Provided that fuch Freemen who shall vote shall have been Freemen of the said City six months, Freemen to have and shall actually have dwelt therein six months be- been such and fore the teste of such writ of Election, and be pos- actually dwelt fessed of personal Estate to the value of Twenty-five Months before Pounds at the time of fuch Election. Which faid the teffe of the Freemen fo to give their votes shall be subject to fed of personal the like regulations, restrictions, forfeitures, penal- Estate to the vaties and disabilities, as Freeholders by this Act are made subject to, except that instead of the Oath herein directed to be taken by Freeholders, fuch Freeman shall take (or being Quakers affirm the effect of) the following Oath:—" You shall swear Oath to be taken "that you are a Freeman of the City of Saint John, by Freemen. " duly qualified, that you have dwelt in the same City "Six Months past, and that your dwelling place is " now in the same City, and that you are possessed of " personal Estate to the value of Twenty-five Pounds. "—So help you GOD."

ing to take it. on a Scrutiny.

Freeholders

in the City Six lue of 25%.

ing the Members for the City of St. John, to be directed to the Sheriff of the Ciry and County of St. John, and by him executed

on requisition of any person, a copy of the Poll. Sheriff for every wilful offence against this Act not provided for by particular penalties, to forfeit 3ol.

No person to vote nor be chofen under the age of Twenty-one years.

No Candidate, directly or indirectly, to give money, meat, drink, entertainment, or make anv gift, &c.

And be it further enacted, That the writ for Writ for elect- the Election of the faid two Members for the faid City, shall be directed to the Sheriff of the City and County of Saint John, who shall execute the same and make return thereof in the same manner and under the like regulations, restrictions, penalties and forfeitures, except as in the last preceding clause, as Sheriffs holding Elections in Counties are made fubiect and liable to.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Sheriff Sheriff to deliver shall forthwith deliver to such person or persons as shall defire the same, a copy of the Poll taken at fuch Election, paying only a reasonable charge for writing the same, and every Sheriff for every wilful offence contrary to this Act, not provided for by particular penalties in and by this Act inflicted, shall forfeit to every party fo aggrieved the fum of Thirty Pounds, to be recovered in manner aforefaid.

> And be it further enacted, That no person whatfoever being under the age of Twenty-one years shall at any time hereafter be admitted to give his vote for Election of any Member or Members to ferve in this present or any future Assembly in this Province; and that no person shall hereafter be capable of being elected a Member to ferve in this or any future Affembly of this Province who is not of the age of Twenty-one years: And every Election and return of any person under that age is hereby declared to be null and void.

> XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no person or persons hereafter to be elected to serve in Assembly for any County, City or place within this Province after the tefte, or iffuing out, or ordering of any writ of fummons for a new Assembly hereaster to be called, or after any fuch place becomes vacant hereafter in the time of this present or of any other Affembly in this Province, shall or do hereafter by himself or themselves, or by any other ways or means on his or their behalf, or at his or their charge before his or their Election to ferve in Affembly for

any fuch County, City or place, directly or indirectly give, prefent, or allow to any person or perfons having voice or vote in fuch Election, any money, meat, drink, entertainment or provision, or make any prefent, gift, reward or entertainment, or shall at any time hereafter make any promise, agreement, obligation or engagement to give or allow any money, meat, drink, provision, present, reward or entertainment to or for any fuch person or perfons in particular, or to any fuch County, City or place in general, or to or for the use, advantage, benefit, employment, profit or preferment of any fuch person or persons, place or places, in order to be elected or for being elected to ferve in Affembly for fuch County, City or place.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every perfon or persons so giving, presenting or allowing, making, promifing or engaging, doing, acting or the provisions of proceeding, shall be and are hereby declared and the last preceding enacted disabled and incapacitated upon such Elec-clause, to be disabled and incapacitated upon such Elec-abled and incapation to serve in Assembly for such County, City or citated to serve place, and that fuch person or persons shall be in Assembly. deemed and taken no Members in Affembly, and shall not act, sit, or have any vote or place in Assembly; but shall be and are hereby declared and enacted to be to all intents, constructions and purpofes, as if they had been never returned or elected Members for the Affembly.

And be it further enacted, That the Sheriff having the execution and return of any fuch writ Sheriff to make for the electing Members to ferve in Affembly return of the writ which shall be iffued for the future, shall, on or be- the Crown in fore the day that any future Assembly shall be cal- Chancery. led to meet, and with all convenient expedition after any Election made by virtue of any new writ, either in person or by his deputy, make return of the same to the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, to be by him filed in the Crown Office, and every Sheriff not mak-Sheriff having execution and return of any fuch ing return acwrit as aforefaid, who shall not make the returns cording to this

Every person offending against

to the Clerk of

Act to forfeit for every offence the fum of 100%.

according to the true intent and meaning of this Act, shall forfeit for every such offence the sum of One hundred Pounds, one moiety whereof shall be to his Majesty, and the other moiety to him or them that shall fue for the same, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record in this Province.

Clerks to enter the places of the Elector's freehold and abode.

" Jurat" to be entered against the names of fworn voters.

Returning officer, within 20 days after the Election, to deliver over upon Oath all the Poll books, to the Clerk of the Peace of the County.

return the party aggrieved may or any of them,

in the Supreme

Court, and recover double da-

mages with costs

of fuir.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That in taking any Poll which shall be required as aforefaid, the Sheriff and Clerks shall enter, not only the place of the Elector's freehold, but also the place of his abode, as he shall declare the same at the time of giving his vote, and shall also make or enter "Jurat" against the name of every fuch voter who shall be tendered and take the Oath first herein required to be taken by Electors. And that the faid Sheriff or returning officer shall within the space of Twenty days next after fuch Election, faithfully deliver over upon Oath, (which Oath the two next Justices of the Peace, one of whom to be of the Quorum, are hereby enabled and required to administer) unto the Clerk of the Peace of the fame County, all the Poll books of fuch respective Elections without any embezzlement or alteration, to be carefully kept and preferved among the Records of the Seffions of the Peace of and for the faid County.

And be it further enacted, That all false For every false returns wilfully made of any Member to serve in the Affembly of this Province are against Law and are hereby prohibited. And in cafe any perfon or persons shall return any Member to serve in the Affembly of this Province for any County, City or place, contrary to the right of Election in and by this Act declared, fuch return fo made shall and is hereby adjudged to be a falfe return, and the party grieved, to wit, every person that shall be duly elected to ferve in fuch Affembly for any County, . City or place, by fuch falle return, may fue the officers and persons making and procuring the same, and every or any of them at his Election, in the

Supreme

Supreme Court of this Province, and shall recover double the damages he shall fustain by reason thereof, together with his full costs of suit. And if any Thelike remedy officer shall wilfully, falfely or maliciously return incaseofwilfully more persons than are required to be chosen by the persons than the writ or precept on which any choice is made, the writ requires. like remedy may be had against him or them, and the party or parties that willingly procure the fame, and every or any of them by the party grieved at his Election: Provided always, That every fuit, ac- Provided that tion or information grounded on this Act, shall be every fuit be brought within brought within One year after the cause of action one year. shall arise, and not after.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That this prefent Assembly and all other Assemblies hereafter to Assemblies may be called or held in this Province, shall and may revears and no lonspectively have continuance for Seven Years and no ger, unless soonlonger, to be accounted from the day on which, by the Governor or the writs of fummons this present Assembly hath Commander in been, or any future Affembly may be appointed to Chief for the meet; unless this present or any succeeding Assembly hereafter to be fummoned, shall be sooner dif- The operation of folved by the Governor or Commander in Chief of this Act suspenthis Province for the time being. Provided that this Act shall not be in force until his Majesty's bation thereof be Royal approbation be thereunto had and declared.

time being.

ded until His Majesty's approdeclared.

This Act was "confirmed, finally enact-"ED and RATIFIED," by an Order of His Majesty in Council, dated at the Court of St. James's the 3d of June, 1795.



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Tricefimo Secundo.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at the City of Saint John, on the third day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty-six, and in the Twenty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth: And from thence continued by several prorogations to the Fourteenth day of February, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-two, at Fredericton; being the sixth Session of the first Assembly convened in the said Province.

#### CAP. I.

An ACT for continuing the Establishment of a MILITIA and for REGULATING the same. Rep.

#### CAP. II.

An ACT in amendment of an Act, intitled, "An

- "Act for more effectually securing the Title of For former pro-
- "Purchafers of Real Estates against Claims of visions refer to
- "Dower," and also to enable Femes Covert more 27 Geo. 3. c. 9. eafily to convey any Real Estate they may hold in their own Right.

THEREAS in and by an Act made and paffed in the Twenty-seventh year of his Majesty's Preamble. reign, intituled, "An Act for more effectually fe-"curing the Title of Purchasers of Real Estates a-"gainst Claims of Dower," It is enacted that no Deed of bargain and fale, or other conveyance of any Lands, tenements or hereditaments, in which any Feme Covert is or may be intitled to a right of Dower, shall be valid and sufficient to bar such right of Dower or the recovery thereof after the decease of her husband, unless such Feme Covert or married woman shall fign, feal and deliver such Deed; and shall also appear before some one of his Majesty's Council, Judge of the Supreme Court, or one of the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the feveral Counties of this Province, and being examined separate and apart from her faid husband, shall declare that she executed the same freely and voluntarily without any threat, fear or compulsion from him: And whereas it is expedient that some provision should be made to secure such Purchasers against the claims of Dower of Femes Covert residing out of the Province who cannot conveniently appear to make the acknowledgment required by the faid recited Act: And whereas it is also expedient that fome further provision should be made to enable Femes Covert or married women to convey any Estate of Freehold or Inheritance which may be vested in them in their own right.

Re it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That if any Feme If Femes Covert whose right of Covert, whose right of Dower is to be barred by any Dower is to be Deed

whose right of

out of the Proknowledgment as followsthe Courts of King's Bench or Common Pleas, Baron of the Exchequer, Master in Chancery, or Judge or Lord of Council and Seffionin other parts of the British dominions before a Judge of the Supreme Court;

barred by any Deed of bargain and fale or other conveyance of conveyance, live any Lands, tenements or hereditaments in this Province, the ac- vince, shall live in parts beyond the sea, or out of the limits of this Province, the acknowledgment of ance to be made fuch Deed or conveyance shall be made as follows, that is to fay; if fuch Feme Covert live within the in Great-Britain kingdoms of Great-Britain or Ireland, the acknowfore a judge of ledgment of fuch Deed or conveyance may be had and taken by and before any Judge of any of the Courts of King's Bench or Common Pleas, or Baron of the Exchequer, or any Mafter in Chancery, or any Judge or Lord of Council and Session in Scotland; and if in any other part of the British dominions, by and before any Judge of the Supreme or Superior Court of Judicature in fuch Colony or part of the faid British dominions wherein such Feme Covert shall reside, and certified on the said Deed or conveyance by and under the hand of fuch Judge or other person so taking the acknowledgment thereof as aforefaid, fuch Certificate being also authenticated, if in the British Plantations, under the hand and feal of the Governor, Licutenant-Governor or Commander in Chief of the Province where the fame shall be made, and if in Great-Britain or Ireland affidavit in writing shall be made, and certified under the feal of fome Corporation there, that the fignature of the person taking such acknowledgment is the actual and proper hand writing of fuch person so taking such acknowledgment: And if fuch Feme Covert live in any foreign state or kingdom, the acknowledgment of fuch Deed or conveyance may be had and taken by and before any public Minister, Ambassador or Consul from the Court of Great-Britain resident in any such state or kingdom, and certified on fuch Deed or conveyance by and under the hand and feal of fuch Minister, Ambaffador or Conful fo taking the acknowledgement thereof as aforefaid. And all fuch acknowder this Att, to ledgments so taken under and by virtue of this Act shall be registered with the respective Deeds and conveyances

And in any foreign state, before an Ambaffador or Conful from the Court of Great-Britain.

Allacknowledgments taken unberegisteredwith the conveyances.

conveyances fo acknowledged, and shall be an effectual bar to the recovery of any fuch Femes Covert respectively of their right of Dower in and to the premifes mentioned in any fuch Deed or conveyance, any thing in the faid herein before recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, That the acknowledgment of all Deeds of bargain and fale, or other The acknowconveyances duly made and executed by any Feme Covert of any Estate of freehold or inheritance, which by Femes Covert fuch Feme Covert may hold in her own right, in any of Estate held in Lands, tenements or hereditaments in this Province, shall and may be had and taken and certified in the certified in the fame manner and before the same persons respectively as any fuch Feme Covert can or may acknowledge any Deed of bargain or fale, or other conveyance for barring her right of Dower under and by virtue of this or the faid herein before recited Act.

ledgment of contheir own right, to be taken and fame manner.

See further 33 Geo. 3. c. 5.

#### CAP. III.

An ACT to provide for the Maintenance of BASTARD CHILDREN.

HEREAS the Laws now in being are not fufficient to provide for the fecurity and indem- Preamble. nification of the feveral Parishes in this Province, from the great charges frequently arising from Children begotten and born out of lawful Matrimony, for remedy thereof:

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That if any fingle woman shall be Any woman bedelivered of a Baftard Child which shall be chargeable or likely to become chargeable to any Parish, or declaring heror shall declare herself to be with Child, and that self to be with fuch Child is likely to be born a Bastard and to be be born a Bastard chargeable to any Parish; and shall in such case in and chargeable an examination to be taken in writing, upon Oath on examination before any one or more Justice or Justices of the before a Justice

See Eng. Stat. 6 Geo. 2. c. 31. and Burns' Just. tit. Bastard § 2.

ing delivered of a Bastard Child,

Peace

commit him to Gaol, unless he nizance.

of Peace, shall Peace of any County or of the City and County of charge any per- Saint John, wherein such Parish shall lie, charge any gotten her with person with having gotten her with Child, it shall Child, fuch Just and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justitice on application of the Over- ces, upon application made to him or them by the feers of the Poor, Overfeers of the Poor of such Parish or by any one to iffue a warrant of them, to iffue out his or their warrant or waring the person so rants for the immediate apprehending such person charged, and to so charged as aforesaid, and for bringing him before fuch Justice or Justices, or before any other of his give fecurity or Majesty's Justices of the Peace of such County or enter into recog- of the City and County of Saint John as the case may be, and the Justice or Justices before whom fuch perfon shall be brought, is and are hereby authorized and required to commit the person so charged as aforesaid to the common Gaol, or House of Correction of fuch County or City and County, unless he shall give security to indemnify such Parish, or shall enter into a recognizance with sufficient furety upon condition to appear at the next General Seffions of the Peace to be holden in and for fuch County or City and County, and to abide and perform fuch order or orders as shall be made in pursuance of an Act of Parliament, passed in the Eighteenth year of the reign of her Majesty Queen ELIZABETH, concerning Bastards begotten and born out of lawful Matrimony.

recognizance or released out of cuftody.

II. Provided nevertheless and be it enacted, That if If the woman the woman fo charging any person as aforesaid shall die, or be marri- happen to die, or be married before she shall be deed or miscarry, or appear not to livered, or if she shall miscarry of such Child, or shall have been with appear not to have been with Child at the time of Child, the per-fon to be dif. her examination, then and in any of the faid cases, charged from his fuch person shall be discharged from his recognizance at the next General Seffions of the Peace to be holden for fuch County or City and County, or immediately releafed out of custody by warrant under the hand and feal or hands and feals of any one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace residing in or near the limits where fuch Parish shall lie.

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That upon Juffice of the application made by any person who shall be com- Peace, upon apmitted to any Gaol or House of Correction by vir- plication of any tue of this Act, or by any person in his behalf, to ted, to summon any Justice or Justices residing in or near the limits the Overseers of where fuch Parish shall lie, such Justice or Justices cause why he is and are hereby authorized and required to fum- should not be mon the Overfeer or Overfeers of the Poor of fuch Parish to appear before him or them at a time and place to be mentioned in fuch fummons to shew cause why such person should not be discharged: And if no order shall appear to have been made in and if no order pursuance of the faid Act of the Eighteenth year of been made withthe reign of her Majesty Queen ELIZABETH, within in Six weeks as-Six weeks after fuch woman shall have been deliof such woman, vered, fuch Justice or Justices shall and may dif- the Justice to difcharge him from his imprisonment in such Gaol or charge him from imprisonment. House of Correction to which he shall have been committed.

person committhe Poor to shew discharged,

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, Juffice of the That it shall not be lawful for any Justice or Justices Peace not to send of the Peace to fend for any woman whatfoever betor any woman before her delifore the shall be delivered, and in one Month after, very, nor in one in order to her being examined concerning her pregnancy or supposed pregnancy, or to compel woman before any woman before the shall be delivered, to answer her delivery to to any questions relating to her pregnancy; any concerning her Law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstand- pregnancy. ing.

## CAP. IV.

An ACT for altering the times of holding the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and In-FERIOR COURT of COMMON PLEAS in the County of NORTHUMBERLAND.

THEREAS the Times appointed for holding the Court of General Seffions of the Peace Preamble. and Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the County of Northumberland have been found inconvenient.

be held on the first Tuesday in guft.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Coun-The Courts to cil and Assembly, That the faid Courts shall be holden hereaster on the first Tuesday in March and March and Au- the FIRST Tuesday in August in every year, instead of the THIRD Tuesday in January and the THIRD Tuesday in September, as heretofore accustomed.

Remaining part of this Act obsolete.

## CAP. V.

An  $\Lambda \mathrm{CT}$  to encourage the destroying of WOLVES.

Preamble.

\*\*THEREAS many loffes have been fuffered by fundry Inhabitants of this Province, from the destruction of their Sheep by Wolves, to the great discouragement of the increase of that valuable Stock.

Twenty shillings to be paid for each Wolf, and Ten shillings for each whelp, killed by an Inhabitant; and Ten shillings for each Wolf, and Five fhillings for each whelp, killed by an Indian.

I. Be it enacted, by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the publication of this Act, a reward of Twenty Shillings shall be paid to any Inhabitant of this Province for each full grown Wolf he shall kill within the limits of the fame, and Tcn Shillings for each Wolf's whelp under a vear old; and to every Indian Ten Shitlings for every full grown Wolf, and Five Shillings for every Wolf's whelp under a year old which he shall kill within the limits aforefaid.

ry Wolf killed to be brought to tice of the Peace, who, on being fatisfied that the to the reward, shall disfigure the head and give a certificate to the Treasurer.

And be it further enacted, That who oever The head of eve- shall kill any Wolf, Wolves, their Whelps or Whelp. shall bring the head or heads of the same to one of the nearest Just His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within the County residing nearest to the place where the same shall be killed, who shall examine the party on Oath (if person is entitled he judge it necessary) and, on being satisfied of his being entitled to the reward, shall disfigure the head of the Wolf or Whelp by cutting off both the ears, and shall give under his hand and feal a certificate fpecifying the reward to which the party is entitled, directed to the Treasurer of the Province, or his deputy,

deputy, in cafe any fuch deputy shall be resident in the County, who shall pay the same out of the Monies belonging to the Province Treasury: Which certificate shall be a sufficient voucher to the Treafurer for the Money paid by virtue of this Act.

# CAP. VI.

An ACT to prevent the destruction of SHEEP by DOGS.

I. B it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That if any Dog or Dogs shall kill any Sheep or Lambs within this Province, the owner of fuch Dog, upon complaint and conviction thereof before any Justice of the Peace, shall cause the same to be immediately killed, or shall be liable to pay the owner of fuch Sheep or Lambs the full value thereof, to be recovered before any one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County where fuch offence shall be committed, who is hereby authorized finally to determine the same: Pro- and sale in three vided the fum to be recovered does not exceed Forty Shillings, and on non-payment thereof within Three days after Judgment shall be given, to iffue his warrant to the next Constable to distrain so much of the offender's goods and chattels as may be fufficient to discharge the same with the charges arising thereby, and to fell such goods at Public Auction, returning the overplus (if there be any) to the owner or owners thereof.

And be it further enacted, That if any Dog, which had before been proved to have killed any Sheep or Lamb, shall afterwards kill any other Sheep or Lamb, then and in fuch cafe, the owner shall not only be liable to pay the full value of the Sheep or Lambs fo killed, but also be further liable to the penalty of Twenty Shillings for keeping fuch Dog, to be recovered as aforesaid, and applied to the use faid and applied of the Poor of the Parish where such offence shall Poor; and the

If any Dog shall kill Sheep or Lambs, the owner of the Dog to cause him to be killed, or be liable to pay for the Sheep or Lambs, to be recovered before a Justice of the Peace, and levied by warrant of distress

Anypersonkeeping a Dog that has killed Sheep liable to pay for any Sheep he may afterwards kill, and a fine of 20s. to be recovered as aforeJuffice to order fuch Dog to be killed.

Persons convicted, not having goods whereon to levy, to be committed to prison.

Damages exceeding 40s. to be recovered in the Court of Common Pleas.

be committed: And the Justice on conviction thereof shall by his warrant directed to a Constable order fuch Dog to be immediately killed. And in case the person so convicted shall not pay such damage and fine, and have no goods and chattels whereon to levy the fame as aforefaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Justice to commit him to prison, not exceeding Fourteen days for the first, and One month for the fecond offence: And in case the damage to be fustained as aforefaid, shall exceed the fum of Forty Shillings, and the owner of fuch Dog or Dogs shall neglect or refuse to kill such Dog or Dogs, or to make full compensation to the owner of fuch Sheep or Lambs for the damage fuftained by them as aforefaid, then the person or persons so fustaining damage, shall be at liberty to fue for and recover the same in the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County where the faid damage shall have been done and fustained.

#### CAP. VII.

An ACT to continue an Act, intitled, "An Act to "prevent FRAUDS in the Sale of DAMAGED "GOODS imported into this Province." Exp.

See further 43 Geo. 3. c. 8.

## CAP. VIII.

An ACT to enable the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Inferior Court of Common Pleas in King's County, to hold the fame Courts for the prefent Year at the Time herein mentioned.

Obsolete.

# CAP. IX.

An ACT to restrain all Persons that may be concerned in the collection of Impost Duties from owning any Vessel or trading, or dealing in Du-TIABLE ARTICLES.

BE it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the paffing of this Act, neither the Treasurer of the Pro- or any person vince, nor any of his deputies, nor any person or concerned in colpersons concerned in the collection of any Impost duties, are not to Duties made payable by any Act or Acts of Assem- own vessels, or bly, shall own any vessel or vessels, or any share or trade in dutiable fhares in any veffel or veffels trading to and from the penalty of any Port or Ports in this Province, or shall trade or of sheing dismissed directly or indirectly in any article or articles fed from office. made dutiable by any fuch Act or Acts, under the penalty of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by bill, plaint or information, in the Supreme Court of this Province, and of being forthwith dismissed from his or their office and offices.

or his deputies, articles, under

#### CAP. X.

An ACT for raising a Revenue in this Province. Expired.

## CAP. XI.

An ACT to DEFRAY the Expences incurred and to be incurred in the Public Service therein mentioned. Exp.

Anno



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Tricefimo Tertio.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begin and holden at Fredericton, on the Twelfth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-three, and in the Thirty-third year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth: being the First Session of the second Assembly convened in the said Province.

#### CAP. I.

An ACT to continue fundry Acts of the General Assembly, which have expired or are near expiring. Exp.

## CAP. II.

An ACT to prevent the encumbering or filling up of Harbours.

X / HEREAS great injury may be done to the different Harbours in this Province, by throwing ballast and rubbish into the same.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That no Master or Commander of any ship or vessel, shall presume to unload or throw overboard any ballast or rubbish into any road, port or harbour within this Province, or to land the same Harbour, or land in any other part of fuch road, port or harbour than shall be appointed by the Port-Wardens of the refpective ports, under the penalty of Ten Pounds; to be recovered of the faid Mafter or Commander the penalty of on the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before any two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where fuch offence shall be committed; which penalty shall be paid to such Port-Wardens, to be by them expended in erecting and fixing of beacons, landmarks or buoys, and other buoys, &c. and necessary purposes for the benefit of the harbours in their respective Counties, who shall be accountable to the Justices in their Sessions for such expenditure.

And be it further enacted, That in ballasting or unballafting any ship or vessel in any other place than shall be so appointed, there shall be a sufficient piece of canvas or tarpauling reaching from the a piece of canvas ballast-port or gunwale of such ship or vessel to the lighter or boat, to prevent any part of the ballast or rubbish falling into such road, port or harbour, under the penalty of Forty Shillings, to be recovered, appropriated and accounted for as aforefaid: Provided, that nothing in this Act shall extend or Not to extend to be confirued to extend to the City of Saint John.

No Master of a vessel to unload or throw overboard ballast or rubbish into any the fame in any other place than fuch as the Port-Wardens shall vered on Oath before two Justices of the Peace, and paid to Port-Wardens, to be applied in fixing accounted for to the Seffions.

Every vessel in ballafting or unballasting to have &c. to prevent the ballaff or rubbish falling into the Harbour under penalty of

the City of St. John.

#### CAP. III.

An ACT for apprehending DESERTERS from His Majesty's Service, and for punishing unlawful Dealings with Soldiers or Deserters.

Preamble.

THEREAS feveral Soldiers, being duly lifted, do afterwards defert and are often found wandering or otherwife abfenting themselves illegally from His Majesty's service:

Any person suspected to be a Deserter, may be apprehended by any Constable & brought before the nearest Justice of the Peace, who is to examine him; and if it appears to he is a Delerter, he shall commit him to prifon, and transmit an account thereof to the commanding officer of the King's troops.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Constable of the Town or place where any person, who may be reasonably suspected to be fuch a Deferter, shall be found within this Province, to apprehend or cause him to be apprehended, and to cause such person to be brought before any Justice of the Peace living in or near fuch Town or place, who hath hereby power to examine fuch fufthe Justice that pected person, and if by his confession or the testimony of one or more witness or witnesses upon Oath, or by the knowledge of fuch Juffice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found that such suspected person is a listed Soldier and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs, fuch Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or place where he shall be found, or other public Prison where fuch Deferter shall be apprehended, and transmit an account thereof to the Officer commanding His Majesty's forces within this Province for the time being, to the end fuch perfon may be proceeded against according to law; and the Keeper of such Gaol or Prison shall receive the full subsistence of fuch Deferter or Deferters during the time that he or they shall continue in his custody, for the maintenance of fuch Deferter or Deferters, but shall not be intitled to any Fee or reward on account of the imprisonment of such Deferter or Deferters.

The Gaoler to receive the fubfistence of fuch Deserter while in his custody; but not intitled to Fees for imprisonment.

And be it further enacted, That if any person ing or affilling shall harbour, conceal or affist any Deferter from

Persons harbour-

His

His Majesty's service, knowing him to be such, the Deserters to forperson so offending shall forfeit for every such of- feit 51. fence the sum of Five Pounds; or if any person or purchasing shall knowingly detain, buy or exchange, or other- arms, cloathing, wife receive from any Soldier or Deferter, or any other person, upon any account or pretence whatfoever, any Arms, Cloathing, Caps or other Furniture belonging to the King, or any fuch articles belonging to any Soldier or Deferter, as are generally deemed REGIMENTAL NECESSARIES according to the custom of the Army, being provided for the Soldier and paid for by deductions out of his pay, or cause the colour of any such cloathes to be changed, the person so offending shall forfeit for every cloathes to be fuch offence the fum of Five Pounds; and upon changed, to forconviction by the Oath of one or more credible feit 51. for every witness or witnesses before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, the faid respective penalties of Five Pounds and Five Pounds, shall be levied by to be levied by warrant under the hands of the faid Justice or Justi- warrant or untress & fale; one ces of the Peace, by diffress and sale of the goods half of the penaland chattels of the offender; one moiety of the faid first mentioned penalty of Five Pounds to be to the officer to paid to the Informer by whose means such Deferter shall be apprehended, and one moiety of the last mentioned penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer, and the refidue of the faid respective penalties to be paid to the Officer to whom any fuch Deferter or Soldier did belong: And in case For want of any fuch offender who shall be convicted as afore- goods and chatfaid, of harbouring or affifting any fuch Deferter or Deferters, or having knowingly received any Arms, or non-payment Cloathes, Caps or other Furniture belonging to the King, or having caused the colour of such cloaths offender to be to be changed contrary to the intent of this Act, committed to shall not have sufficient goods and chattels whereon months. diffres may be made to the value of the penalties recovered against him for such offence, or shall not pay fuch penalties within Four days after fuch conviction; then and in fuch case such Justice of the

or causing the colour of their

warrant of difties to the Informer, the refidue whom the Deferter belonged.

tels whereon to levy thepenalties in four days after conviction; the Gaol for three

Peace shall and may by warrant under his hand and feal commit such offender to the common Gaol, there to remain without bail or mainprize for the fpace of Three Months.

# CAP. IV.

Refer to 28 Geo. An ACT to explain and amend an Act, intituled, "An Act to provide for the support of a Light-"House to be built upon Partridge Island."

Preamble.

THEREAS in and by an Act made and paffed in the Twenty-eighth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to provide for the support "of a Light-House to be built upon Partridge-"Island," it is among other things enacted, that no veffel shall be deemed a Coaster within the meaning of that Act, excepting fuch as shall be wholly employed within the Bay of Fundy. And whereas doubts have arifen, whether veffels that are employed during the whole of the Summer feafon within the Bay of Fundy, but which during the Winter feafon, when there is no employment for them in the Bay of Fundy, occasionally make a voyage to any Port without the faid Bay, are to be confidered and deemed as Coasters within the meaning of the faid Act, and also whether vessels wholly employed within the faid Bay and in paffing and re-paffing between the Ports and places belonging to this Province within the faid Bay, and the Ports and places belonging to the Province of Nova-Scotia within the faid Bay, are to be considered and deemed as Coafters within the meaning of the faid A&: And also, whether vessels generally employed in fishing, but occasionally for other purposes, are to be confidered and deemed as fishing vessels within the meaning of the faid Act, for preventing and removing all fuch doubts in future—

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the paffing of

this Act, all veffels of the feveral and respective de- Veffels of what fcriptions herein before recited and contained, shall description to be deemed as coastbe deemed as Coasters or Fishermen respectively ers or fishing veswithin the meaning of the faid herein before reci- fels. ted Act, and shall be liable to the payment only of the duty required to be paid by coasting and fishing veffels respectively in and by the faid Act, any thing in the faid herein before recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always, That all fuch Proviso. veffels, when they make any voyage to any Port or place without the faid Bay, shall upon their arrival from fuch voyage within the harbour of Saint John. be liable to the same duties as if they were not deemed to be Coasters or fishing vessels within the meaning of the faid Act, any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

### CAP. V.

An ACT in amendment of an Act, intituled, "An Refer to 27 Geo. "Act for more effectually fecuring the TITLE of 3. c. 9, and 32 Geo. 3. c. 2.

"Purchasers of REAL ESTATE against claims of

"Dower."

WHEREAS in and by an Act made and paffed in the Twenty-feventh year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for more effectually fe-"curing the Title of Purchafers of Real Estates a-"gainst claims of Dower," it is enacted, that no Deed of bargain and fale or other conveyance of any Lands, tenements or hereditaments, in which any Feme Covert is or may be intitled to a right of Dower, shall be valid and sufficient to bar such right or the recovery thereof after the decease of her husband, unless such Feme Covert or married woman shall fign, feal and deliver fuch Deed, and shall alfo appear before fome one of His Majesty's Council, Judge of the Supreme Court, or one of the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the feveral Counties of this Province, and being examined

Preamble.

amined separate and apart from her husband shall declare that she executed the same freely and voluntarily without any threat, fear or compulsion from him. And whereas great inconveniences have been experienced for want of a greater number of perfons authorized to take fuch acknowledgment of Femes Covert,

The acknowledge by Femes Covert in which the confideration does fufficient to bar their right of dower if made before a Justice of the Peace or

Be it enacted, by the Lieutenant-Governor, Courcil and Assembly, That from and after the paffing of ment of Deeds this Act any fuch acknowledgment of any Feme Covert or married woman, of any Deed in which the confideration money shall not exceed Two hunnot exceed 2001. dred Pounds, shall be valid and sufficient to bar her right of Dower and the recovery thereof, if made before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in this Province, or Register of Deeds in the County register of deeds. in which the premises to be conveyed lie, in the fame manner and as fully to all intents and purpofes as if fuch acknowledgment should be made before any of the persons mentioned and described in and by the faid herein before recited Act.

## CAP. VI.

Refer to 26 Geo. 3, c. 43.

An ACT in amendment of an Act, intituled, "An "A&t to regulate and provide for the support of "the POOR in this Province."

Preamble.

THEREAS in and by the faid Act the Justices in the respective Counties are authorized to examine and allow the account of expenditures of the Overseers of the Poor in each Parish at the First General Seffions in each year only, which has been found inconvenient by reason of many persons becoming Poor and chargeable long before any provision can be made for their relief; which inconvenience to prevent,

Be it enacted, by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council The Justices at and Assembly, That the Justices in the respective Counties and in the City of Saint John, may at any General

General Sessions to be by them holden, examine sions, may exaand allow all fuch accounts and iffue their warrants mine the accts. to make an affessment in the same manner they are the Poor, and ifnow authorized in their first annual General Sessions, sue warrants of any thing in the faid Act to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided nevertheless, that in the City Proviso. Not and County of Saint John, the Justices shall not more than two make more than Two affeffments for the purposes made in St. John aforesaid in any one year.

of Overfeers of assessment.

affeffments to be in one year.

### CAP. VII.

An ACT for regulating the Size and Contents of LIME HOGSHEADS within this Province.

I. B E it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the May next, all first day of May next, every Cooper or other per- hogsheads made fon who shall make any Hogsheads or Half-hogsheads for the purpose of receiving Lime, shall make the gallons; and half same agreeable to the following dimensions, that is hogsheads 50 to fay, each Hogshead shall contain One hundred Gallons at the least, and each Half-hogshead shall maker's name. contain Fifty Gallons at the least; and each and every fuch Hogshead and Half-hogshead shall be branded upon one of the heads thereof with the name of the Cooper or other person making the fame; and if any Cooper or other person shall make any fuch Hogshead or Half-hogshead of a smaller king casks of a fize than is herein before specified, or shall neglect smaller size, or to brand the fame as aforefaid before any Lime shall be put therein, every such offender shall for each forfeit 5s. for and every offence, forfeit and pay the sum of Five Shillings.

gallons. And be branded with the

for receiving lime to contain 100

And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of July next, if any Lime shall be ship- After 1st July next, if Line ped for Exportation on board any ship or vessel in shall be shipped any Hogshead or Half-hogshead of a smaller fize in smaller casks, than is herein before specified, or which shall not ded, the owner be branded as aforesaid, the owners or shippers of or shipper, and

neglecting to brand them, to each offence.

Any person ma-

next, if Lime

the master of the vessel to forfeit 5s. for each hogshead.

Penaltiestoberecovered on Oath before a Justice of the Peace, and levied by warrant of distress and sale.

For want of diftress offender to be imprisoned. Proviso, that Lime may be shipped in smaller casks if their contents are ascertained and

marked thereon.

fuch Lime and the Master of the vessel receiving the same on board, shall each forseit and pay the sum of Five Shillings for each Hogshead and Halfhogshead so shipped.

And be it further enacted, That the several penalties and forfeitures inflicted by this Act shall be recovered before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County where the offence shall be committed, on the Oath of one credible witness, and shall be levied by warrant of distress and fale of the offender's goods and chattels, under the hand and feal of fuch Justice, rendering the overplus, if any, after deducting the costs and charges of profecution, to the offender; and for want of fufficient distress such offender shall suffer impriforment not exceeding Ten days. Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for any owner or fhipper of Lime to pack the fame for fale or exportation in any Hogsheads or Casks of a smaller size, if fuch Hogsheads or Casks previous to such sale or exportation shall have their contents ascertained by a fworn Gauger, and the exact number of Gallons marked by fuch Gauger upon fuch Hogsheads and Casks respectively, any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithflanding.

### CAP. VIII.

An ACT to levy an Assessment on the Proprietors of the Township of SACKVILLE, for defraying the Expences of a Survey and Plan of faid Township.

Preamble.

WW HEREAS from the loss of Boundaries and inaccuracies of Surveys heretofore made in the Town of Sackville, in the County of Westmorland, difficulties have arisen in ascertaining with precision the Boundary lines between adjoining Proprietors, who have generally agreed to a new Survey of the Lands in the said Town, as nearly as possible conforming to the ancient Boundaries in

the

the original plan, whereby expence has been incurred, which ought equally to be borne by the different Proprietors in proportion to their interests.

Be it therefore enacted, by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That CHARLES DIXON appointed to exand JONATHAN BURNHAM, Esquires, and Mr. HEZEKIAH amine the access. King, be, and they are hereby appointed Commiffioners with full power and authority to examine, fels the amount liquidate and adjust all accounts relative to the furvey and plan of the faid Town of Sackville, and the amount of the faid fum of the expence of the faid furvey and plan being fo adjusted, the faid Commissioners shall and may assess the same upon all owners and proprietors of any Lands lying within the limits of the faid furvey as equally as may be, in proportion to the actual expences incurred by the furvey and plan on each Lot or right, and the benefits to be received by the different Proprietors of each Lot or right respectively, according to the best knowledge and discretion of the said Commisfioners: And the faid affeffment being fo made, and The Affeffment public notice thereof given in writing within the faid Town of Sackville and at the Court-House of the faid County of Westmorland, it shall be the duty of each and every Proprietor, resident in this Pro- tain 3 months, vince at the time of making and publishing the said affeffment as aforefaid, to pay their respective quotas or shares of fuch affessment within Three Months after the same shall be made; and it shall also be the duty of every Proprietor absent from this Pro- prietors in Nine vince at the time of making and publishing the said affeffment as aforefaid, to pay his respective quota of fuch affeffment within Nine Months from the making and publishing such affessment as aforesaid. And in case any Proprietor resident in this Province Andincase of reas aforefaid, shall neglect or refuse to pay his quota of fuch affestment within Three Months as aforefaid, or any Proprietor absent from this Province at the time of making and publishing the faid affessment as aforefaid, shall neglect or refuse to pay his quota

Commissioners of the furvey and plan, and to afthereof on the Proprietors.

published, Proprietors refident in the Province to pay their quo-

and absent Pro-

fusal or neglect, Commissioners to iffue their warrant for collecting the same.

of fuch affeffment within Nine Months as aforefaid. the faid Commissioners shall and may issue a warrant under their hands and feals directed to the Sheriff of the County or Constable of the said Town, with their bill of affessment thereto annexed, thereby commanding them to levy and collect the quota of each delinquent Proprietor, on the goods and chattels of fuch delinquent respectively.

If no effects of Delinquents can be found and no Person appears to pay their quota, the Commisfioners may leafe the Lands of fuch Delinquent.

And be it further enacted, That in case no goods or chattels of fuch delinquents shall be found and no person shall appear to pay the quota or proportion of fuch delinquent Proprietor in fuch affestment made as aforefaid, fuch Commissioners, or any two of them, shall by advertisement during Three Months in the ROYAL GAZETTE, and also at the said Court-House, cause notice to be given for letting out the Lands of fuch delinquent Proprietor in the faid Town or fo much thereof as shall answer such Proprietors affeffment with the charges, and thereupon may proceed to leafe the fame for fuch term as shall be necessary for that purpose.

No possession acquired under the furvey or this act to be deemed an adverse possesfion against the owner, or to intitle the person acquiring the fame to the flat. of limitations.

And be it further enacted, That no possession to be acquired under the faid furvey or this A& shall be taken or deemed to be an adverse possession against the real owner, or enable the person or perfons acquiring fuch possession or any person or perfons claiming under them, to plead or give the fame in evidence to intitle him or them to the benefit of the Act of limitation.

all Hed oot to exceed 120%.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the fum to be The fum to be raifed or affessed under this Act, shall not exceed the fum of One hundred and Twenty Pounds, any thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

 $c \mathrm{orm} \cdot \mathrm{ered}$  and de saired with the Fown-Clerk provious to maklag the affeifment.

And be it further enacted, That the before The plan to be mentioned plan shall be completed and deposited with the Town-Clerk of the faid Town or Parish of Sackville for the time being, or fuch person as the majority of the Proprietors in the faid Town of Sachville finall from time to time nominate for that

purpofe,

purpose, for the inspection and use at all times gratis, of persons interested in the Lands contained in the faid plan or any part thereof previous to the making fuch affeffment as aforefaid.

## CAP. IX.

An ACT for regulating the FISHERIES in the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Province.

BE it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That if any person or persons after the publication of this Act, shall presume incumbrance to to erect or fet up any hedge, wear, fish garth, or other incumbrance, or place any seine or seine, net ced across any or nets across any river, cove or creek in this Pro-river, cove or vince, in such manner as to obstruct, injure or hurt creek, to injure the course of the the natural course of the Fish in any river or place fish, under the where they usually go, such person or persons shall penalty of 10%. forfeit and pay the fum of Ten Pounds upon due conviction thereof by the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses before any two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County where fuch offence shall be committed, to be levied by to be levied by warrant of diffress and sale of the offender's goods, warrant of tress, &c. rendering the overplus, if any, to fuch offender; and Twenty Pounds for the second offence, to be f20 for the ferecovered with costs by action of debt, bill, plaint cond offence, to or information, in any Court of Record in this Pro- costs by action, vince, and Fifty Pounds for the third and every fub- &c. fequent offence, to be recovered with costs, in the manner last mentioned; one half of which penalties one half to the shall on conviction be paid to the Informer, and the ther half to the other half to the Overfeers of the Poor of the Town Poor. or Parish where such offence shall be committed, to be applied to the use of the Poor. Provided always, Proviso. That nothing herein before contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent the erection of wears upon the flats or drawing feines upon the shores, or fetting nets, under the regulations herein after mentioned in any fuch rivers, coves or creeks.

No hedge, wear, fishgarth or other be fet up, or any feine or nets pla-

Informer, the o-

n d

Overfeers.

And be it further enacted, That the Justices of Juffices in Sef- the Peace in their General Sessions held in the sefions to appoint veral Counties in this Province, may and are hereby required to appoint one or more fit person or perfons Inhabitants not being employed as Fishermen, to be Overfeers of the Fisheries for each Town or Parish within their respective Counties, who shall be fworn to the faithful discharge of their duty, and shall have power to remove any net, hedge, wear, fifh garth, feine or other incumbrance that shall be found in any river, cove or creek, contrary to the provisions of this  $\Lambda \Omega$ .

Overseers to feize any net &c. found contrary to the provisions of this Act, and if not claimed fell the fame.

And be it further enacted, That if any net, hedge, wear, fish garth, seine or other incumbrance fhall be found in any river, cove or creek, in this Province, contrary to the provisions of this Act, it fhall and may be lawful for fuch Overfeers of the Fisheries and they and each of them are hereby required respectively forthwith to seize the same, and if no owner shall appear to claim the same in Ten days, fuch net, feine or fifh garth fhall, together with the Fish, if any found therein, be forseited and fold by the faid Overfeers to fatisfy the respective penalties in this Act mentioned and inflicted, and the overplus, if any, shall be paid to the Overseers of the Poor for the use of the Poor of the Town or Parish where such offence shall be committed.

Overplus after paying the penalties to the Poor.

> And be it further enacted, That the faid Over-IVfeers of the Fisheries shall be intitled to demand and receive One Shilling and no more, for each net to be fet in the diffricts to which they shall be respectively appointed, from the Proprietors of fuch nets, as a compensation for their trouble.

Overseers to receive One Shilling for each net.

> V. And be it further enacted, That if any fuch Overfeer of the Fisheries shall at any time wilfully and knowingly delay, neglect or refuse to perform the duty in and by this Act injoined, fuch offender shall forseit and pay for every offence the sum of Five Pounds, to be fued for, recovered and applied in the same manner as the penalty of Ten Pounds herein

Overfeer negleating his daw to forleit 5%.

herein before mentioned, can or may be fued for,

recovered and applied.

And be it further enacted, That if any Overfeer shall so neglect to perform the duty in and by this Act injoined, it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons to apply to any Sheriff or Constable, who are hereby authorized and required to take up and remove any fuch incumbrance forthwith; and if no person or persons appear to claim If no claim of the same within Ten days, the said net or nets so taken up and removed as aforefaid, shall be considered the one moiety as the property of the person or persons so complaining, and the other moiety as the property of the Sheriff or Constable who may take up and remove the faid nets or other incumbrance.

And be it further enacted, That no net shall be fet longer than thirty fathoms in the main river St. John, or extend more than thirty fathoms into the faid river, or the broad part of the Kennebeckacis river, or more than one fourth part of the width of the water between the shores on each side the faid rivers and any Islands or Sand-bars in the faid rivers; and in any of the branches of the faid Rivers not more than one fourth part of the width of the branch where fuch net shall be so set; and that no drag net or feine shall be used in either of in the branches the fame Rivers or the branches thereof to fweep the fame Rivers or the branches thereof, or either of them, more than one fourth part of the width of fuch River or branch.

And be it further enacted, That the width Width of branof all fuch branches, coves or creeks, wherein there are any Islands or Sand-bars, shall be computed from the opposite shores to the laid Islands or Sand-bars opposite shores to to where the water furrounding the faid Islands or is 3 feet deep. Bars is Three feet in depth.

1X. And be it further enacted, That no net shall No net to be set be fet in the River St. John below the Boarshead or below the Boarshead more than in the harbour of St. John, more than Twenty fa- 20 fathoms in thoms

Overseer neglecting his duty Sheriff or Constable may act.

nets in Ten days to become the property of the complainant and Sheriff or Con-

No net to be longer than Thirty fathoms in the main river St. John, or extend more than thirty into faid river or broad part of the Kennebeckacis, or one fourth of the width between the shores and Islands, and one fourth of the branch, &c.

ches where there are Islands, to be computed from where the water

in the water, or seines be drawn, or Salmon spearfrom Saturday night to Sunday morning. No nets to be 10l.

length, or remain thoms in length: And that no net shall at any time be fet or remain in the water, or any feine be drawn, or any Salmon speared, in any part of this Province, ed, in any part between the time of Sun-set on Saturday night and of the Province, Sun-rise on Monday morning; and that no note Sun-rife on Monday morning; and that no nets shall be placed within less than Fifty Feet of each other measured upon a straight line, running parallel as near as may be with the shore, in any of the placed within lel as near as may be with the more, in any of the less that 50 feet said places in this clause mentioned, under the of each other, penalty of Ten Pounds for each and every of the under penalty of penalty of the Pounds for each and every of the faid offences herein before described and prohibited. to be fued for, recovered and applied in the manner herein last before mentioned, any Law, usage or custom to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

> See further 34 Geo. 3. c. 3. The remaining part of this Act repealed by 39 Geo. 3. c. 5.

## CAP. X.

An ACT for raising a Revenue in this Province. Expired.



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Tricefimo Quarto.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at Fredericton, on the Twelfth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-three, and in the Thirty-third year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth: And from thence continued by several prorogations to the Fourth day of February, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-four; being the second Session of the second Assembly convened in the said Province.

# CAP. I.

An ACT for the better Regulating the MILITIA in this Province. Exp.

## CAP. II.

See Eng. Stat. 24 Geo. 2. c. 55.

An ACT for apprehending Perfons in any County or Place upon WARRANTS granted by JUSTICES of the PEACE of any other County.

Preamble.

**X** THEREAS it frequently happens that persons against whom warrants are granted by the Justices of the Peace for the several Counties within this Province, escape into other Counties or places out of the jurifdiction of the Justices of the Peace granting fuch warrants, and thereby avoid punishment for the offences wherewith they are charged; for the remedy whereof-

the Justice where warrant,

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Coun-Person being out cil and Assembly, That in case any person against of the jurifdiction of the Juftice, who shall or Justices of the Peace of any City or County, shall grant a warrant, escape out of the jurisdiction of such Justice or Jusfuch person shall tices granting such warrant, it shall and may be lawbe, to indorfe the ful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace of the City or County, to which fuch perfon shall escape, go into, refide or be, and fuch Juffice or Juffices is and are hereby required, upon proof being made upon Oath of the hand writing of the Justice or Juffices granting fuch warrant, to indorfe his or their name or names on fuch warrant, which shall be a fufficient authority to the person or persons bringing fuch warrant, and to all other perfors to whom fuch warrant was originally directed, to execute fuch warrant in fuch other City or County, out of the jurifdiction of the Juttice or Justices granting and the offender fuch warrant as aforefaid, and to apprehend and ded and brought carry luch oftender or offenders before the Justice before a Juffice or Juffices who indorfed fuch warrant, or fome other where the war- Justice or Justices of such other City or County, where fuch warrant was indorfed, in cafe the offence for which fuch offender shall be so apprehended in fuch other City or County as aforefaid, shall be bailable in Law, and fuch offender or offenders shall be willing and ready to give Bail for his appearance at the

to be apprehenwhere the warfed.

the next General Gaol Delivery or General Seffions of the Peace, to be held in and for the faid City or County where the offence was committed, fuch Juftice or Justices of fuch other City or County before whom fuch offender or offenders shall be brought, shall and may take Bail of such offender or offenders for his or their appearance at the next General Gaol Delivery or General Sessions of the Peace, to be held in and for the City or County where fuch offence was committed, in the same manner as the Justices of the Peace of the City or County should or might have done in fuch proper City or County: and the Juffice And the Justice or Justices of such other City or cognizance, &c. County fo taking Bail as aforefaid, shall deliver the to the Constable recognizance, together with the examination or to be delivered over, confession of such offender or offenders and all other proceedings relating thereto, to the Conftable or other person or persons so apprehending such offender or offenders as aforefaid, who are hereby required to receive the fame and to deliver over fuch recognizance, examination and other proceedings, to the Clerk of the Crown on the Circuits, or Clerk of the Peace of fuch City or County where fuch offender or offenders is or are required to appear by virtue of fuch recognizance. And fuch recognizance, examination or confession shall be as good and effectual in Law to all intents and purpofes, and of the same force and validity as if the same had been entered into, taken or acknowledged before any Justice or Justices of the Peace in and for the proper City or County where the offence was committed, and the fame proceedings shall be had thereon: And in case such Constable or other person to Penalty on the whom fuch recognizance, examination, confession Constable for not or other proceedings, shall be fo delivered as aforefaid, shall neglect or refuse to deliver the same to the Clerk of the Crown on the Circuits, or Clerk of the Peace of the City or County where such offender or offenders is or are required to appear by virtue of fuch recognizance, fuch Constable or other person

delivering overs

If the offence be not bailable, or offenders do not 5:ve Bail,

the Constable to carry offenders before a Justice where the offence was committed.

The Justice indorsing the warrant not liable to an action.

The Justice granting the warrant may be profecuted.

person shall forseit the sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered against him by bill, plaint or information, in any Court of Record proper to try the same, by any person or persons who will prosecute or sue for the fame. And in case the offence for which such offender or offenders shall be apprehended and taken in any other City or County shall not be bailable in Law, or fuch offender or offenders shall not give Bail for his appearance at the next General Gaol Delivery or General Sessions of the Peace, to be held in and for the faid City or County where the offence was committed, to the fatisfaction of the Justice before whom such offender or offenders shall be brought in fuch other City or County, then and in that case the Constable or other person or perfons fo apprehending fuch offender or offenders shall carry and convey such offender or offenders before one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the proper City or County where fuch offence was committed, there to be dealt with according to Law.

II. And be it further enacted, That no action of Trespass, false Imprisonment, Information or Indictment, or other action shall be brought, sued, commenced or prosecuted by any person or persons whatsoever, against the Justice or Justices who shall indorse such warrant, for or by reason of his or their indorsing such warrant.

III. Provided nevertheless, That such person or persons shall be at liberty to bring or prosecute his or their action or suit against the Justice or Justices who originally granted such warrant, in the same manner as such person or persons might or could have done in case this A& had not been made.

#### CAP. III.

An ACT to explain and amend an Act, intituled, "An Act for Regulating the FISHERIES in the Refer to 33 Geo. "different Rivers, Coves and Creeks, of this Pro-" vince."

THEREAS in and by an Act made and passed Preamble. in the Thirty-third year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for regulating the Fisheries "in the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks, of this "Province," it is enacted, "That no net shall be set "in the river Saint John below the Boarshead, or "in the harbour of Saint John more than Twenty "fathoms in length": And whereas doubts have arifen whether under the faid Law more than One length of fuch nets may be fet; for preventing fuch doubts in future-

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the passing of Not more than this Act, only One length of the nets herein before one net to be fet described, shall be set in the same line running into below the Boarsthe water in any part of the river Saint John below head, or in the the Boarshead, or in the harbour of Saint John, and if any person shall set any length of net running into the water in the same line with the net which is permitted to be fet by the faid herein before recited Act, every person so offending shall for every offence forfeit and pay the fum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered, paid and applied in the fame manner, and to the same uses as the first penalty mentioned in the faid herein before recited Act can or may be recovered, paid and applied. And whereas, in and by the faid herein before recited Act, it is enacted, "That no nets shall be placed within less than Fifty "feet of each other, measured upon a strait line "running parallel, as near as may be, with the shore " in any of the places in the faid Act for that purpose "particularly mentioned." And whereas, doubts have arisen whether the distances between such nets may be marked and afcertained upon more than one

in the same line,

under the penalty of 10l. for every offence.

fuch line parallel with the fame shore; for preventing fuch doubts in future—

Distances between nets to be marked uponone the shore.

Be it enacted, That the distances between fuch nets shall be marked and afcertained upon One fuch line, parallel with any part of the shore, in the line parallel with river Saint John below the Boarshead, or in the harbour of Saint John.

Offenders may be committed to of effects.

And be it further enacted, That where no goods or chattels can be found whereon to levy, by warrant of distress and fale of the offenders' goods, Prison for want the Fines and penalties inflicted in this and the faid herein before recited Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Justice and Justices, and the Court before whom or which the conviction may be, to commit the offender or offenders to the Public Gaol in the County, for any time not exceeding Thirty nor less than Ten days, as fuch Justice or Justices, or Court shall respectively think fit.

> And be it further enacted, That the faid herein before recited A&t, and every claufe, matter and thing therein contained, shall be and remain in full force, any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

> > See further 39 Geo. 3. c. 5.

## CAP. IV.

An ACT for altering the times of holding the Inferior Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace in the County of Charlotte.

Preamble.

HEREAS the Times appointed for holding the Inferior Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace in the County of Charlotte have been found inconvenient; for remedy thereof-

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Coun-Courts to be held cil and Assembly, That the faid Courts shall hereaster on the 2d Tuef- the and Missembly, That the faid Courts man nereafter day in April and be holden on the second Tuefday in April and THIRD Tuefday

Tuesday in September in every year, instead of the 3d Tuesday in FIRST Tuesday in April and FIRST Tuesday in Septem- September. ber as heretofore accustomed.

And be it further enacted, That no writ or process whatsoever shall abate or be discontinued bate by reason of by reason of this alteration, but that all writs and the alteration. processes which are or shall be returnable to the said respective Courts on the days and times heretofore established, shall be proceeded upon in the same manner as if they were made returnable on the days now established and appointed.

No Process to a-

See further 35 Geo. 3. c. 2.

#### CAP. V.

An ACT to alter and amend an Act, intituled "An "Act for regulating INN-HOLDERS, TAVERN- Refer to 26 Geo.

"KEEPERS and RETAILERS of SPIRITUOUS LI-

"QUORS."

【 🛪 / HEREAS in and by an A& made and paffed in the Twenty-fixth year of His Majesty's Preamble. reign, intituled, "An Act for regulating Inn-holders, "Tavern-keepers and Retailers of Spirituous Li-" quors," it is enacted, "That no Retailer, Inn-holder, "Tavern or Ale-house keeper, who shall sell upon " trust or credit any Wine, Strong-Beer, Ale, Brandy, "Rum or other Spirituous Liquors mixt or unmixt, "to any Soldier, Sailor, Servant or other Person "whatfoever, to the amount of any fum exceeding "the fum of Five Shillings, shall have any remedy "to recover the fame either at Law or in Equity, "against any of the persons aforesaid, their Execu-"tors or Administrators."

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That nothing in the faid recited Act shall be construed to extend to prevent any keepers, may sell Retailer, not being an Ale-house keeper, Tavern- upon credit to keeper or Inn-holder, from felling on credit to any

Retailers not being Tavernpersons not be-

ing Soldiers, Sailors or Servants. person or persons not being Soldiers, Sailors, or Servants, or shall debar such Retailer from a legal recovery, any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

## CAP. VI.

Refer to 26 Geo. 3. c. 22.

An ACT to ALTER and AMEND an Act, intituled, "An "Act for afcertaining DAMAGES of PROTESTED "BILLS of EXCHANGE."

Preamble.

WHEREAS in and by an Act made and passed in the Twenty-sixth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for ascertaining Damages "on Protested Bills of Exchange," it is enacted, "That all Bills of Exchange drawn by persons residing within this Province, on persons in any part "of America and the West-Indies, and sent back protested, shall be subject to sive per cent. damages, "together with the accustomed charge of protest and postage, and also six per cent. per annum Interest on the amount of principal, damages and "charges, to commence from the date of the protest "for non-payment, and continue 'till the same is "paid." And whereas the said damages are sound in many such cases to be inadequate to the loss—

Protested Bills of Exchange drawn upon persons refiding in the W. Indies, subject to 10 per cent. damages and charges, and 6 per cent. interest. I. Be it enacted, by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the First day of June next, all Bills of Exchange drawn by perfons residing within this Province on persons residing in the West-Indies and sent back protested, shall be subject to ten per cent. damages, together with the accustomed charge of protest and postage, and also six per cent. per annum Interest on the amount of principal, damages and charges, to commence from the date of the protest for non-payment, and continue 'till the same is paid, any thing in the said herein before recited Act to the contrary not-withstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the faid herein before

before recited Act and every claufe, matter and thing therein contained, except wherein it is hereby altered and amended, shall be and remain in full force, any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

# CAP. VII.

An ACT to continue an Act, intituled, "An Act for "raifing a Revenue in this Province."

# CAP. VIII.

An ACT in addition of an Act, intituled, "An Act Refer to 26 Geo. "for appointing Commissioners of Sewers." 3. c. 45.

THEREAS in and by an Act passed in the Twenty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, Preamble. intituled, "An Act for appointing Commissioners of "Sewers," fuch Commissioners are authorized to exercife the powers given them by the faid Act upon the application of any Proprietors of any Marsh, Low-lands or Meadow, which power may be exercifed to the injury of other Proprietors; for remedy whereof—

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That hereafter no Commissioners Commissioners of Sewers already appointed or hereafter to be appointed by virtue of the faid Act, shall have power any Marsh, &c. to proceed to dike in, or drain any body of Marsh, Low-lands or Meadow, but upon the application or by consent and concurrence of the Proprietors of half of such at least one half of the quantity of such Marsh, Low-lands or Meadow.

And be it further enacted, That fuch Commissioners sioners upon making up any bill of affessment shall to state accounts flate an account of the expenditures and work done of expenditures and work done, in diking or draining any fuch Lands under their and to cause noauthority and direction, and shall cause notice of tice thereof to be

of Sewers not to dike in or drain without the confent of the Pro-

given to each Proprietor 30 days previous to issuing a warrant.

fuch stated account to be given to each Proprietor or his Agent at least Thirty days previous to iffuing any warrant to diffrain, to the intent that each Proprietor may pay their respective quota previous to any fuch diffress.

of Commissionto the Supreme Court, or Court of Nisi Prius.

AND WHEREAS it is expedient that any griev-Persons aggriev- ance which may be suffered under the said Act be ed by procedure redreffed in the most easy and expeditious manner ers may appeal Be it therefore further enacted, That whenever any person shall be aggrieved by any procedure had or made by fuch Commissioners or any others in purfuance of the faid Act, fuch person aggrieved may appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court or Court of Nisi Prius, which faid Courts, or either of them, may grant redrefs—*Provided* notice of fuch appeal with the grounds thereof, be given to the adverse party, at least Twelve days previous to such hearing by appeal.

Provided 12days previous notice be given.

> IV. And be it further enacted, That the faid herein before recited Act and every claufe thereof, except wherein it is hereby altered and amended, shall be and remain in full force, any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

## CAP. IX.

An ACT for preserving the Bank of the River Saint John, in front of the Parishes of Magerville, SHEFFIELD and WATERBOROUGH.

Picamble.

MYHEREAS the annual overflow of the River Saint John washes away large portions of very valuable Land on its Banks in front of the Parishes of Magerville and Sheffield, in Sunbury county, and the upper part of Waterborough parish, in Queen's county, and frequently obliges the Inhabitants to remove their houses, sences, and other improvements to their great damage and inconvenience: And whereas the pasturing of Cattle on the faid Banks contributes greatly to this alarming waste

of Land, and prevents grass and bushes when planted from growing, binding and preferving the ground-

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That no neat cattle, horses, sheep, fwine or goats, shall be suffered to go at large in the highway, or graze on the Bank of the River Saint John, in front of the Parishes of Magerville and Sheffield, and the upper part of Waterborough parish, as far as the upper line of Benjamin Birdsall's Land, between the Tenth day of March and the Tenth day of November annually, and if any person or persons shall find any such Cattle going at large or grazing as aforefaid, fuch perfons are hereby authorized to take and drive the same to the nearest Pound, and the Pound-keeper shall receive and de- for each horse or tain the fame until the owner or owners shall pay the penalty of Three Shillings for each neat cattle &c. or horse, and One Shilling for each sheep, swine or Also 15. per day to the Poundgoat, and also One Shilling per day to the Pound- keeper for each keeper for feeding each neat cattle or horse, and neat cattle or Four Pence per day for feeding each sheep, swine each sheep, &c. or goat, together with the usual charges for crying One half of the the same, within Fourteen days after they shall be penalties to the use of the Poor, fo impounded, one half of which penalties shall be the other half to for the use of the Poor in such Parish where the the person imoffence may be committed, and the other half to the person or persons who shall impound the same; and may be fued for and recovered before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

And be it further enacted, That in case the owner or owners of fuch neat cattle, horses, sheep, fwine or goats to impounded, shall neglect or refuse neglecting to pay to pay the aforefaid penalties and charges, then the faid Pound-keeper is hereby authorized to fell pub- Pound-keeper to licly fo many of them as may be necessary for that fell as many as purpose, and the overplus money arising from such fale, shall be paid by faid Pound-keeper to the owner or owners thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Justices

No neat cattle, horses, sheep, fwine or goats, to go at large on the Bank of the river St. John in Magerville, Sheffield and Waterborough, between the 10th of March and the 10th November. Cattle going at large to be impounded, and the owners to pay 3s. neat cattle, & 1s. for each sheep,

horse, & 4d. for pounding; and recovered before a Justice of the

Owners of cattle &c. impounded, the penalties and

may be necessa-

to cause Gates to with water fences adjoining;

and Posts to be fixed at each Gate;

Assessment of the expence thereof.

open, pulling down,ordestroy-

or fuffer one month's impriionment.

tend to cattle &c. travelling.

Limitation of the Act.

Justices in their in their General Sessions within the respective General Sessions Counties where such Parishes lie, are hereby authobe erected and kept up across said the Highway - Highway from the faid Tenth day of March to the faid Tenth day of November, two strong Swing Gates of fuitable width, and a Water-fence adjoining to each Gate, one of which Gates fo to be kept up, to be erected at or near the upper line of the Parish of Magerville, and the other at or near the upper line of the Lands of Benjamin Birdfall, in the faid Parish of Waterborough; and the faid Justices shall also cause two suitable Posts of wood, one on each fide of each Gate, to be fixed firmly in the ground, with notches cut into the faid Posts for steps for the benefit of travellers; and the faid and to order an Justices are hereby also authorized and required to order an Affessment of the expence of erecting the faid Gates, Fences and Posts to be made on the Freeholders and Inhabitants residing within the diftrict of the Parishes where such Gates, Fences and Persons leaving Posts are hereby authorized to be set up; and if any person or persons shall wantonly leave open, ing Gates, &c. pull down, or destroy such Gate or Gates, Waterto pay double fences or Posts, such offender or offenders upon conviction, shall pay double costs or damage as may be awarded to any perfon or perfons whatfoever, to be fued for and recovered in manner aforefaid; and in case of inability to pay the same shall suffer One Month's imprisonment without Bail or Mainprize.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That At not to ex- this Act shall not extend to any neat cattle, horses or other stock which may be travelling along faid Road from one part of this Province to another.

> V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and remain in full force for and during the term of Two years and no longer.

Continued for 5 years by 36 Geo. 3. c. 3. continued for 4 years by 41 Geo. 3. c. 10. CAP. X.

An ACT for appropriating and disposing of the PUBLIC MONIES: Expired.



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Tricesimo Quinto.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at Fredericton, on the Twelfth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-three, and in the Thirty-third year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth: And from thence continued by several prorogations to the Third day of February, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-five; being the third Session of the second Assembly convened in the said Province.

#### CAP. I.

An ACT for the more EASY and SPEEDY RECOVERY of SMALL DEBTS. Expired.

See further 42 Geo. 3. c. 5.

#### CAP. II.

An ACT to regulate the Terms of the Sittings of Refer to 26Geo. the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas in this Pro- 3. c. 9. 31 Geo. vince, and to enlarge the Jurisdiction of the same, 3. c. 9. and 32 and for the Summary This land and for the Summary Trials of certain Actions.

THEREAS the enabling the Justices of the several Inferior Courts of Common Pleas in this Province, to hold FOUR Terms in the year will tend to the more speedy and easy administration of Justice---

I. Be it therefore enacted, by the Lieutenant-Gover- Two additional nor, Council and Assembly, That there shall be two additional Terms in each year for the Sittings of the faid Inferior Courts of Common Pleas in the feveral Counties at the times following, to wit: For the County of Westmorland on the THIRD Tuesdays of April and October; for the County of Charlotte on the second Tuefdays of July and December; for the County of York on the SECOND Tuesdays in April and October; for the County of Sunbury on the THIRD Tuesdays in April and October; for Queen's County on the FOURTH Tuesdays in April and October; for  $\mathit{King}$ 's County on the first Tueldays in  $\mathit{May}$  and November: at which faid Terms no Jury shall be fummoned to attend.

Terms in each year for the Sit-tings of the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas.

And whereas doubts have arifen whether the Jurifdiction of the faid Inferior Courts of Common Pleas, extended to any other causes than those in which the parties were Inhabitants of the County, and where the promife was made or other cause of action arose immediately within the County in which the fuit was brought. AND WHEREAS IT IS deemed advisable to extend the Jurisdiction of the faid Inferior Courts of Common Pleas, fo as that they may have cognizance of causes where the sum or thing in contest may exceed the value of Fifty Pounds.

Preamble.

Be it further enacted, That the Jurisdiction of The Jurisdiction the faid Courts respectively, shall be considered to of the said Courts extend

actions arising in any other County, except where come in qualtion and to have concurrent Jurisdiction with the Supænas, which thall be of the fame validity to pearance of witneffes as if iffued in the County where the witness resides. The Defendant in any fuit commenced in either of the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas, in which the thing in contest exceeds 10%. may remove the same into the Supreme Court before it shall be determined, and either party may bring a Writ of Error efter Judgment if exceeding 10%.

The Defendant may be held to Bail on affidavit where the cause of action exceeds 34.

to extend to all extend to all transitory actions and all other actions arifing within any other place or County (except where the title to Lands come in question) and shall the Titles tolands in those cases, except as aforesaid, have a concurrent Jurisdiction with the Supreme Court of this Province: And that the faid Justices of the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas be and hereby are empreme Court.

May iffice Sub
powered to iffue Subpænas for any witnefs or witneffes refiding in any of the Counties within the And that all Subpænas fo iffued faid Province. compel the ap- from the laid Justices of the said Inserior Court of Common Pleas, shall be of the same validity to comfrom the Court pel the appearance of the witness or witnesses as if fuch Subpæna or Subpænas had been iffued from the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the County where the witness or witnesses reside. Provided always. That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Defendant or Defendants in any fuit to be commenced in either of the faid Inferior Courts of Common Pleas, in which the fum or thing in contest exceeds the fum of Ten Pounds, to remove the fame fuit before it shall be determined into the faid Supreme Court by *Habeas Corpus*; and after any fuit shall be determined and the amount of the Judgment shall exceed the sum of Ten Pounds, it shall and may be lawful for either party to bring a Writ of Error upon the faid Judgment to remove the fame into the faid Supreme Court.

> III. And be it further enacted, That in cases where the Plaintiff's cause of action shall amount to upwards of Three Pounds and affidavit thereof made and filed, the Defendant or Defendants in such suit may be held to bail as has been heretofore accustomed.

> > See further 42 Geo. 3. c. 5. & c. 7.

Wheretheplaintiff relides in any other Countyaffidavit may be made before any

IV. And be it further enacted, That in cases where the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs reside in any other County than that in which the fuit is intended to be commenced, the affidavit to hold to bail may be made either

either before the Chief Justice or other Justice of Justice of the Suthe Supreme Court, or any Justice of the Common preme Court, or Pleas of the faid County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Plaintiff of the Common Pleas in the County in which the fame Pleas in the County i or Plaintiffs refide, or any Commissioner appointed ty where the for taking affidavits to be read in the Supreme Court plaintiff refides, or Commissioner for the fame County; and in all cases the affidavit for taking affidato hold to bail may be made before the officer who vits, &c. issues the process or his deputy.

And whereas it has been found by experience that Preamble. the present mode of practice in the prosecution of fuits in the faid Inferior Court of Common Pleas and the Mayor's Court of the City of Saint John, where the fum or thing in contest has not exceeded the fum of Ten Pounds, has been attended with an expence that does not bear a reasonable proportion to the faid fum or thing in contest.

Be it therefore enacted, That from and after The Courts of the passing of this Act, the faid Courts are hereby Common Pleas respectively empowered in all actions of debt, ac- and Mayor's Court of St. John tions of affumpfit, and actions of trover and conver- in all actions not fion brought before them, the fum total whereof exceeding 10l. shall not exceed Ten Pounds, to proceed in a fum- fummary way to mary way by the examination of witnesses in open try the cause, Court, or other legal evidence, to try the merits of fuch causes wherein no dilatory plea shall be admitted, and to determine therein according to Law or Equity, and make up Judgment accordingly unless such cause shall be put to issue by a Jury, in which case such cause shall be continued to the next Where the cause stated Term. *Provided always*, That where the cause shall be determined by the faid Court the first Term, the Court the faid Court shall grant a stay of execution for to grant a stay of Three Months, or until the next Term.

And be it further enacted, That in the faid The declaration causes the bill of complaint or declaration shall be to be inserted in inferted in the writ, a copy of which shall be served the writ, a copy of which shall be served to which said on the Defendant or Defendants, who shall at the ferved on the de-Term to which the writ is returnable, or within fendant, who is Twenty days after put in bail or enter his or their to put in Bail or enter an appearance appearance in the faid actions, and if he or they in- ance, and file the

or Commissioner

to proceed in a

and make up Judgment ; unless the cause be put to issue by a Jury.

shall be determined at the first

of which to be to put in Bail or

General Issue, the cause to be tried at the next Term, unless the Court put offthe trial for want of evidence.

If the Defendant do not at the return of the writ or within twenty days thereafter, file the General Issue Judgment to be entered by default.

Prefiding Juffice to fign the entry of Judgment in the minutes, a copy of which certified under the Seal of the Court to be evidence in all Courts in the Province.

Justices Fees.

Clerk's Fees.

tend to defend the fame, file the General Issue and give a copy thereof to the faid Plaintiff or Plaintiff's Attorney, and the faid cause shall be tried and determined by the Court or Jury at the next succeeding Term, unless upon application made by either party and fufficient cause shewn by affidavit the Court may think proper to put off the trial on account of the absence of a material witness; and in case the Desendant or Desendants shall not at the Term to which the writ is returnable, or within Twenty days after as aforefaid, file the General Issue in the faid caufe and give to the faid Plaintiff or Plaintiff's Attorney a copy thereof, that then Judgment may be entered by default in the faid causes at the next fucceeding Term and the Court affefs the damages as has been heretofore accustomed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the prefiding Justice in the said Courts respectively, shall sign the entry made in the minutes of the faid Courts of the Judgments fo given in every caufe determined in a fummary way either by the Court or Jury as aforefaid; a copy of which certified by the Clerk under the Seal of the Court shall be evidence of the said Judgment in all Courts within this Province.

And be it further enacted, That the Fees attending the profecution of fuits determined in a furnmary way by the Court as aforefaid, shall be as follows: To the Juffices, upon filling the writ, Two Shillings; for Trial and Judgment and taxing Costs, Three Shillings; taking Bail, if at his Chambers, Two Shillings; to the Clerk for figning and fealing the Writ and filing the Pracipe, One Shilling and Six Pence; for filing the Affidavit for Bail, Four Pence; for filing the Writ and entering the Caufe, One Shilling and Six Pence; for final Judgment, Two Shillings; for entering the Defendant's appearance and filing Plea, One Shilling and Six Pence; Attorney's Fees. to the Attorney, for Writ, Præcipe, Affidavit and Declaration, Eleven Shillings and Eight Pence; if no Bail required then Ten Shillings; and in all cau-

ſes

fes that do not go to a Jury for all other proceedings until final Judgment, Eight Shillings and Four Pence; to the Sheriff and Crier the fame Fees as in other cases in this Court.

Remaining part of this Act obsolete.—See further 42 Geo. 3. c. 7.

# CAP. III.

An ACT in addition to an Act, intitled, "An Act for

- "the better ascertaining and confirming the "Boundaries of the feveral Counties within this
- " Province, and for fubdividing them into Towns

" or Parishes."

HEREAS the Boundaries of the Towns or Parishes of Westfield, Sussex, Springfield and Preamble. Kingston, as established in and by an Act made and paffed in the Twenty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for the better afcertaining "and confirming the Boundaries of the feveral "Counties within this Province, and for fubdivi-"ding them into Towns or Parishes," have been found inconvenient—

I. Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the The Parishes of passing of this Act, the said Towns or Parishes of Westfield, Suffex, Springfield, Westfield, Sussex, Springfield, and Kingston, in and Kingston, in King's County, shall be bounded and limited respectively in the manner herein after described, any bounded. thing in the faid recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding, that is to fay: The said Town or Pa-Boundaries of rish of Westfield to be bounded on the North, South, Westfield. and West, by the northern, southern and western boundary lines of the County, and on the East by a line running from the mouth of a Creek which discharges into the Long-reach at Devil's Head, North-west to the northern line of the County, and South-east to the rear line of the Lots fronting on

King's County,

Boundaries of Suffex.

Boundaries of Springfield.

Boundaries of Kingflon.

the North-west shore of Kennebeckacis Bay, thence South-west to the north-eastern line of Lot number Twenty-eight granted to Dennis Coombes, thence South-east to the southern line of the County, iucluding Kennebeckacis Island: The faid Town or Parish of Sussex to be bounded on the North and East by the northern and eastern lines of the County, on the West and South by a line beginning at the mouth of Halfway-Brook on the river Kennebeckacis, and running North to the northern line of the County, and South to the centre of the Weston or cleared Road, thence South, seventy-fix degrees Eaft to the fouthern line of the County, thence along the fouthern line of the County to the fouth eastern angle thereof: The faid Town or Parish of Springfield to be bounded on the North by the northern line of the County, on the West by the upper or eastern line of the Chaloner's Lot number Seven and the prolongation thereof, North-west to the northern line of the County, then following Bellisle Bay up-stream until it comes opposite to a designed Road between number One and number Eighteen of the Lots on the South-east side of the said Bay. and following the faid defigned Road and the rear of the faid Lots, to the division line between Lots number Fifteen and number Sixteen, in the back Settlements and along that division line to the defigned Road running through the faid Scttlements and dividing the Two ranges of Lots, and on the South by the last mentioned Road and its prolongation to the Parish of Sussex: And the said Town or Parish of Kingston to be bounded on the North by Belisle Bay and the Long-reach, on the West by the Parish of Westfield, on the South by the Kestnebeckucis Bay and River, until it comes to the lower or fouth-western line of Isaue Ketchum's Let number Thirty-four in the Kingston grant, and on the East by the Parish of Spring field and the fald line of Lot number Thirty-four and its; rolongation, to the faid Parish of Spring field, including Long-Island.

And be it further enacted, That all that tract of Land in King's County, bounded on the North Parishof Norton. by the Parish of Springfield, on the East by the Parish of Sussex, on the South by a line running along the centre of the Westmorland road, and on the West by the Parish of Kingston and the lower or South-west line of Lot number Fourteen, granted to John Fritch, on the South-east side of the river Kennebeckacis and the prolongation of the faid line to the centre of the Westmorland road, be one diftinct Town or Parish, distinguished by the name of Norton.

III. And be it further enacted, That all that tract of Land in King's County, bounded on the North by the northern line of the County, on the West by the Parish of Westfield, on the South by the Longreach and Bellisle Bay, and on the East by the Parish of Springfield, including the Islands in the Longreach and mouth of Bellisle Bay, be another distinct Town or Parish, distinguished by the name of Greenwich.

Parish of Green-

And be it further enacted, That all the remaining tract of Land in King's County, bounded Westerly, Northerly, and Easterly, by the  $\it Kenne$ beckacis Bay and River, the Parishes of Norton and Sussex, and Southerly by the fouthern line of the County, including Darling's Island, be another diftinct Town or Parish, distinguished by the name of  ${\it Hampton}$  ; all which faid lines of the faid Towns or Parishes herein before mentioned are to be considered as lines run by the magnet and not otherwife, except where they are limited and bounded by the lines of the County.

Parish of Hamp-

#### CAP. IV.

An ACT for preserving the Bank of the River Saint John, in front of the Parish of Lincoln, in the County of Sunbury. Expired.

See further 43 Geo. 3. c. 9.

CAP.

# 242 C. 5. Anno XXXV. GEORGII III. A. D. 1795. CAP. V.

An ACT to continue feveral AcTs that are near expiring. Expired.

## CAP. VI.

An ACT to provide for the Support of Beacons to be erected for better fecuring the Navigation of Passamaquoddy Bay, and building a Slip in the Harbour of Saint Andrews. Exp.

See further 41 Geo. 3. c. 4.

### CAP. VII.

An ACT further to continue an Act, intituled, "An "Act for raising a Revenue in this Province."

Expired.



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Tricesimo Sexto.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at Fredericton, on the Ninth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-six, and in the Thirty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of GREAT-BRITAIN, FRANCE and IRELAND, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth; being the first Session of the third Assembly convened in the said Province.

#### CAP. I.

An ACT to prevent Acts of the General Assembly from taking effect from a Time prior to the paffing thereof. Paffed the 12th March, 1796.

THEREAS every Act of the General Assembly, in which the commencement thereof is not directed to be from a specific time, doth commence from the First day of the Session of the General Affembly in which fuch Act is paffed: And whereas the same is liable to produce great and manifest injustice; for remedy whereof—

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That the Clerk of the Council shall indorse, in English, on every Act of the General dorse on every Affembly

Clerk of the

the date of its commencement.

Act, when the Affembly which shall pass after the Twentieth day fame shall have of February, One thousand Seven hundred and received the Go- Ninety-fix, immediately after the title of fuch Act, vernor's affent, Whiely-IIX, infinediately after the dide of fact like which shall be the day, month, and year, when the same shall have paffed and shall have received the Governor's affent: And fuch indorsement shall be taken to be a part of fuch Act, and to be the date of its commencement where no other commencement shall be therein provided.

## CAP. II.

An ACT for reviving and continuing an Act, intituled, "An Act for the Support and Relief of "Confined Debtors." Paffed the 12th March, 1796. Expired.

See further 41 Geo. 3. c. 5.

#### CAP. III.

An ACT to revive and continue an Act, intituled, "An Act for preferving the BANK of the River "SAINT JOHN, in front of the Parishes of MAGER-"ville, Sheffield and Waterborough." Paffed the 12th March, 1796.

Further continued—see 41 Geo. 3. c. 10.

#### CAP. IV.

An ACT for preventing unnecessary Expense and Delay in the Process of barring ENTAILS, and for establishing a plain and easy Form of conveying and affuring Estates-Tail. Passed the 12th March, 1796.

Preamble.

HEREAS the ill confequences of fettered Inheritances, and the utility and expedience of fetting them at liberty, are now generally allow-

ed;

ed; and the state of this Colony renders the practice of docking and barring Estates-Tail by Fines and common Recoveries very burthensome.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That it shall and may be lawful for Estates-Tail, any person or persons, as well Femes Covert as whereof no reothers whomfoever, by deed of bargain and fale mainder is or duly made and executed, and proved or acknow- fhall be in the ledged, and registered according to the form of the his heirs and sucfeveral Acts of the General Affembly in fuch cases ceffors, may be heretofore made and provided, to grant, bargain, conveyed as Estates in fee fimple, fell and convey any Lands, tenements or heredita- by deed of barments, whereof fuch person or persons is, are or gain and sale. shall be, in any ways seized of any Estate-Tail, in possession, reversion or remainder, and whereof no reversion or remainder is, or shall be in the King's Majesty, his heirs and successors, of the gift or provision of His Majesty, his progenitors, his heirs or fuccesfors, to any person or persons, to hold the fame to them and their heirs in FEE SIMPLE absolute and unconditional, as fully and freely to all intents and purpofes, as fuch Grantor or Grantors, Bargainor or Bargainors might or could by law grant, bargain, fell and convey any Estate of Inheritance in FEE SIMPLE, of which he, she or they were or might be feized in possession, reversion or remainder; and that all and every fuch grants, bargains, fales and conveyances, having words fufficient to pass the FEE SIMPLE in fuch Lands, tenements and hereditaments, fo made and executed, proved or acknowledged, and registered as aforesaid, shall be good and available in the Law to the faid Grantee and Grantees, Bargainee and Bargainees, and their heirs and affigns, against the said Grantor and Grantors, Bargainor and Bargainors, and against all and every the Issues of their bodies, and against all and every person or persons whomsoever, whom the said Grantor or Grantors, Bargainor or Bargainors, by Fine with Proclamations duly levied, or by common Recovery duly fuffered, or both, or either fuch Fine

King's Majesty,

and Recovery, or other ways or means, might cut off or debar from any remainder or reversion, rent, profit, charge, right, title or possibility of, in or unto all and any the faid Lands, tenements and hereditaments.

Acknowledgments of conveyances of Estates-Covert to be taken and certified as directed in the Act for more effectually fecurpurchasers of Real Estates a-Dower.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all cases of grants, bargains, sales and conveyances of fuch Estates-Tail by Femes Covert, the ac-Tail by Femes knowledgment of the Deed or conveyance, and the examination of the Feme Covert who executed the fame, shall be had, taken and certified in manner and form as is prescribed and provided for the taing the title of king of the examination and acknowledgment of Deeds of Femes Covert by the Act of the General Real Litates a-gainst claims of Assembly made and passed in the Twenty-seventh year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord the prefent King, intituled, "An Act for more effectually fecu-"ring the Title of Purchasers of Real Estates against "Claims for Dower," or in case such Feme Covert do not live within this Province, then fuch acknowledgment and examination shall and may be had, taken and certified in manner and form as is provided in and by the Act of the General Affembly made and paffed in the Thirty-fecond year of the reign of our faid Sovereign Lord the King, intituled, "An Act for more effectually fecuring the Ti-"tle of Purchafers of Real Estates against Claims of "Dower, and also to enable Femes Covert more " easily to convey any Real Estate they may hold in "their own right," and in all cases the examination of fuch Feme Covert shall be had and made separate and apart from her husband.

#### CAP. V.

An ACT to prevent bringing Infectious Distempers into the City of Saint John. Passed the 19th March, 1796. Repealed.

See further 39 Geo. 3. c. 9.

CAP.

#### CAP. VI.

An ACT to AMEND an Act, intituled, "An Act for "regulating the Fisheries in the different Ri- Refer to 33 Gco. "vers, Coves and Creeks of this Province," fo far 3. c. 9. and 34 as the fame respects the Fisheries in that part of the County of Northumberland which is within the Bay and River MIRAMICHI and its Branches. Paffed the 12th March, 1796. Expired.

Geo. 3. c. 3.

#### CAP. VII.

An ACT for regulating, laying out and repairing HIGHWAYS and ROADS, and for appointing Com-MISSIONERS and Surveyors of Highways within the feveral Towns or Parishes in this Province, and for fuspending for a limited time, all the Laws now in force relating to the same. Passed the 12th March, 1796.

B E it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That an Act made and paffed in the Twenty-sixth year of His Majesty's reign, and Highways, intituled, "An Act for laying out, repairing and suspended for the "amending Highways, Roads and Streets, and for or during the o-"appointing Commissioners and Surveyors of High- peration of this "ways within the feveral Towns or Parishes in this "Province," also an Act made and passed in the Thirty-first year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act in addition to and in amendment of an "Act, intituled, 'An Act for laying out, repairing 'and amending Highways, Roads and Streets, and for appointing Commissioners and Surveyors of • Highways within the feveral Towns or Parishes in 'this Province," be and the fame are hereby fufpended for the term of Five years or during the operation of this Act.

And be it further enacted, That the Commisfioners and Surveyors already appointed by virtue Commissioners and Surveyors of the said Act, shall continue in their respective appointed by vire offices

Former Acts relating to Roads

tue of former Acts, to continue till others shall be appointed & fworn.

In future not less than three nor more than five Commissioners, and not lefs than three nor more than eight Surveyors to be annually appointed in each Parish, to be fworn to the faithful difcharge of their respective duties

and for refufal or neglect of duty to forfeit Three Pounds.

Lists of fuch appointments to be fent by Clerks of the Peace to the Clarks of the respective Pariflics.

Commissioners

offices until others shall be appointed and fworn as is hereafter directed; and that the Justices at their General Seffions to be held for the feveral Counties next after the First day of January annually, shall appoint a number of fit persons, not exceeding Five nor less than Three, to be Commissioners to lay out and regulate Highways and Roads, in the Town or Parish for which they shall be so appointed; and the faid Justices at the same time shall appoint a number of fit perfons, not exceeding Eight nor less than Three, to be Surveyors of the faid Highways in each Town or Parish, who are to oversee and repair in the manner herein after directed the feveral Highways within the respective Towns or Parishes for which they shall be appointed; which faid Commissioners and Surveyors shall be sworn to the faithful discharge of their respective offices for the year enfuing before the faid Seffions, or before any one of the Justices of the Peace within or nearest to the faid Town or Parish for which such Commissioners or Surveyors shall be fo appointed: And any perfon being fo nominated and appointed, who shall refuse to accept of such office, to which he shall be fo nominated and appointed, or shall neglect to be fworn as aforefaid within Fourteen days next after being duly notified of fuch nomination, or having accepted shall neglect his duty, shall forfeit for every refusal or neglect Three Pounds, to be recovered. with costs of fuit, before any two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace; and the forfeiture shall be applied for the repairing of the Highways. shall be the duty of the Clerks of the Peace in the feveral Counties, upon fuch appointments being made forthwith, to fend lifts thereof to the Clerks of the respective Towns or Parishes in such Counties, and fuch Clerks of each Town or Parish shall within Twenty days after receiving the lift of fuch appointment give notice of the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Commitauthorized to lay fioners or the major part of them in the respective Towns

Towns or Parishes for which they shall be appoint- out Highways, ed Commissioners, are hereby empowered and au- and to alter any thorized to lay out fuch public Highways and Roads Roads already laid out, if upon as they or the major part of them shall think most the oath of 12 convenient, as well for travellers as for the Inhabi- be summoned by tants of each Town or Parish and the next adjacent warrant of two Towns, Villages and neighbourhoods; and also to Justices, it shall regulate the Roads already laid out, and if any of cellary, or, them shall appear inconvenient and an alteration absolutely necessary, and the same be certified upon Oath by Twelve difinterested Freeholders of the County in which fuch Road lies, to be fummoned by the High Sheriff, his deputy or any Constable of the County by virtue of a warrant to be iffued by two Justices of the Peace for that purpose on the application of Twelve or more Freeholders refiding within the Parish where the said Road lies, then the faid Commissioners shall alter the same; and the faid Commissioners or the major part of them shall instead thereof lay out such other Highways or Roads as they judge most convenient to answer the purpose aforesaid, which Highways and Roads so faid out shall be common Highways; and the charge arifing from fummoning fuch Jury shall be paid by the persons applying to the said Justices. Provided with the consent always, That nothing in this clause shall extend to of the Inhabitants of the Paprevent the Commissioners from altering any Road rish, without with the consent of the Inhabitants of such Parish, such Jury. without the necessity of fummoning such Jury.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons do or shall hereafter alter, stop up or stopping, or enencroach on any Street, Highway or Road, already croaching on any laid out, or that shall be hereafter laid out in purfuance of this Act, by laying timber, wood, carts, feit for every oftrucks or any things thereon, fuch person so offending contrary to the meaning of this Act, shall for every fuch offence forfeit the fum of Forty Shillings, to be recovered with costs of fuit before any one Justice of the Peace upon the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, and levied by warrant directed нh

Freeholders, to

Persons altering, Street, Road, or Highway, to forfence, the fum of Forty Shillings.

directed to the Constable of the Town or Parish where fuch offence shall be committed, by distraining the goods and chattels of the offenders, and where no fuch effects are to be found the offender or offenders to be imprisoned for Six days, or in case such offender shall not be known or found the fame shall be recovered by the sale of so much of the timber or wood, and the carts, trucks, or other things encumbering or stopping up the way in such Road or Street as aforefaid. And the faid Conftable after public notice is given by him of the felling fuch diftress shall make fale thereof and out of the produce shall pay the forfeitures and charges and return the overplus, if any there be, to the owner or owners thereof when found; which faid forfeitures shall be applied by the Commissioners for and towards the repairing of the public Roads or Highways within the district of the Town or Parish where the same may arise: And if the said nuifance shall continue the same shall be deemed a new offence, and shall be prosecuted and liable to the penalty aforefaid.

Width of Roads than fix nor less than two Rods.

rish where they respectively dwell.

V. And be it further enacted, That the width of all Roads hereafter to be laid out shall be left to to be not more the discretion of the Commissioners for the time being of the Town or Parish where such Roads may be laid out, fo that they do not exceed in breadth Six rods, and are not less than Two rods.

And be it further enacted, That the High-Every male In- ways, Roads and Bridges within each County, shall habitant, from be cleared, maintained, and repaired by the Inhathe age of fix-teen years and bitants thereof; and that every male Inhabitant of upwards, towork the age of Sixteen years and upwards (except as fix days on the herein after mentioned) shall either in person or ges within the Pa- by an able sufficient man in his room in each and every year, provided with fuch necessary Implements as shall be directed by the faid Surveyors work Six days (allowing Eight hours to each day's work) on the faid Highways, Roads and Bridges, within the Town or Parish where they respectively dwell.

dwell. Provided always, That Inhabitants between Inhabitants be-Sixteen and Twenty-one years of age, Apprentices tween fixteen & and hired Servants, shall be obliged to work Three of age, Apprendays and no more, common Labourers and Jour-tices and hired neymen mechanics Four days and no more. Pro- Servants, shall vided also, That upon application to two of His and common La-Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County, the borers and jourfaid Justices shall and may in their discretion lessen neymen Mechanics four days. the number of days labour to be performed by any aged or indigent persons.

VII. And be it further enacled, That the Commisfioners in each Town or Parish for the time being, Commissioners by the first day shall by the First day of April in each and every of Aprilin every year, make out a list of the Inhabitants in such year to make out Town or Parish with the number of days work to bitants in each be performed by each, and shall advertise the same Parish with the at the most public place in such Town or Parish, number of days and shall also furnish the Surveyor in their respect to be publicly tive districts with a list of such Inhabitants and the advertised. number of days work fo to be done by each, and at the fame time shall direct the said Surveyors at what Commissioners places the work shall be done; which work shall be to direct the Surveyors at what done by fuch Inhabitants under the direction of places the work fuch Surveyors. And it shall further be the duty shall be done. of the faid Commissioners to add to their list the names of fuch persons as may come into their respective Parishes to reside after the First day of April, unless they produce a certificate of their having performed their proportions of labor in some other Town or Parish.

And be it further enacted, That if any Inhabitants in fuch lift prefer paying money to doing Inhabitants may, fuch labor, it shall and may be lawful for such Comin lieu of such
missioners to take and receive from such Inhabitants
two shillings and the fum of Two Shillings and Six Pence per day for fixpence per day, each day's labor required to be done by them, pro-first day of June vided the same is paid into the hands of the Com- in every year, or missioners on or before the First day of June in three shillings every year, and if such money is not paid until time. after that time they shall be obliged to pay Three Shillings

work three days,

Shillings per day or perform fuch labor. And the monies which may be paid in lieu of fuch labor, as well as forfeitures which may be received by virtue of this Act, shall be laid out under the direction of fuch Commissioners on fuch Roads, Streets and Bridges, between the First day of May and the First day of November in every year, and accounted for by them to the Justices at their first General Sessions

in every year.

Surveyors to fummon the Inhabitants, giving fix days notice in the fittest time to labor, between the first day of May and the first day of November,

and, if necessary, to call out carts, trucks, ploughs orharrows, either of which, with two Oxen, or twoHorses, to be equal to two days labor.

And be it further enacted, That the Surveyors of Highways in their respective districts shall be and are hereby empowered in the fittest and most feafonable time between the First day of May and the First day of November yearly, to summon the Inhabitants contained in their respective lifts, giving them at least Six days notice of the time and place where they are to be employed, and fhall there overfee and order the perfons fo fummoned to labor in making, mending or repairing the Highways, Roads, Streets and Bridges, in the most useful manner during the number of days appointed for each person to labor; and when any Surveyor of Highways shall judge the use of carts, waggons, trucks, ploughs or harrows, more necessary than the labor of men, in that case he may call on any person within his district keeping any cart, truck, plough or harrow, with two oxen or two horses; which cart, truck, plough or harrow, with two oxen or two horses, shall be equal to two days labor; and such Surveyors of Highways shall be excused from any other fervice on the Highways than the fummoning, ordering and directing thereof.

See further 37 Geo. 3. c. 6.

Transient perfons refuling to work to be proceeded against as Inhabitants,

X. And be it further enacted, That if any transient person under the direction of such Surveyor shall neglect or refuse to work, or shall not work in such a manner as to fatisfy fuch Surveyor, he is hereby empowered to dismiss such Inhabitant from the work, and shall make complaint against him to some

one of the Commissioners, who shall immediately proceed against him in the same manner as is hereafter directed to be done to Inhabitants neglecting to work after being duly warned.

And be it further enacted, That the Surveyors shall by the First day of *November* in each and every year, deliver in writing to the Commissioners a list of such delinquents within their respective diffricts as have, after being duly warned, neglected to perform the whole or any part of the labor affigned to them respectively; and it shall be the Commissioners' duty, within Ten days after receiving fuch lift, to make complaint to any Justice of the to perform the Peace against every such delinquent, which Justice labour required, shall on conviction adjudge every such delinquent to pay Three Shillings for every such delinquent such as the such as to pay the fum of Three Shillings for every day he ry day's default. has fo neglected to work, together with costs of fuit, to be levied by warrant of diffress and fale of such offender's goods and chattels, under the hand and feal of fuch Justice, directed to any Constable in fuch Town or Parish, and in case no goods or chattels can be found, it shall and may be lawful to commit fuch offender to the common Gaol of the County, not exceeding Six days. Provided always, That if any person shall produce a certificate from any Commissioner appointed by this Act, that he has in the current year done his tour of labor in any Parish in this Province, he shall be excused from doing fuch labor that year in any other Parish.

And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for each Town or Parish for which they shall be appointed, shall from time to time enter in made to Clerks writing all the Highways or Roads laid out or altered and fign the same, and make a return thereof ed. by them registerinto the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County in which fuch Highway or Roads are laid out, to be by fuch Clerk entered in a book kept for that purpose, and whatsoever the said Commissioners shall do according to the powers given them in this Act being fo entered, shall be valid and good

Surveyors by the first of November, to give in to the Commissioners a list of delin-

Suchdelinquents having neglected

Highways to be of the Peace and Commissioners refusing or neglecting the duty enjoined them to forfeit not less than 20s. nor more than 54.

Commissioners, if on the oath of 12 Freeholders, it appear to be necessary, may lay out private Roads.

Owners of land through which private Roads are laid out, to be paid the value thereof, to be eftimated by agreement of the Parties, or by oath of the faid Freeholders.

to all intents and purposes whatsoever; and that every Commissioner who shall refuse or neglect to perform the duty enjoined and required of each of them as aforesaid, shall forseit and pay for every such results or neglect a sum not less than Twenty Shillings nor more than Five Pounds, to be recovered and applied as aforesaid.

XIII. And whereas it may be necessary to lay out private Roads within the feveral Counties in this Province: Be it further enacted, That upon application to the Commissioners appointed as aforesaid for any Town or Parish, for a private Road, such Commissioners shall view the same, and if they are of opinion fuch Road is absolutely necessary, and Twelve principal Freeholders to be fummoned in manner aforesaid under Oath, shall be of the same opinion, the faid Commissioners are hereby empowered to lay out fuch Road. Provided, That they shall not lay out such Road through any person's Land without the confent of the owner or owners thereof, or agreeing with and paying to him or them the value of the Land fo to be laid out into fuch Highway, with fuch damages as he or they may fuftain by the faid Road; and in case they cannot agree, then the true value shall be set and appraised by the Justices of the Peace issuing such warrant as aforefaid, for the fummoning fuch Freeholders, and by the Oath of the faid Freeholders fo fummoned; and all the expenses and charges attending the faid Road shall be paid by the person or persons applying for the fame; and the faid Road when laid out shall be for the only use of the person or persons who shall pay for the same, his and their heirs and affigns; but for no other use and purpose than that of a Road. Provided always, That the owner or owners of the Land through which fuch private Road may be laid shall not be prevented from making use of such Road if he shall signify his intention of making use of the same at the time when the Jury are to afcertain the value of the Land and the

the damages by means of laying out fuch Road.— Provided also, That no fuch private Road shall be laid out more than Two rods wide against the confent of the owner or owners of the Lands through which the fame is to pass.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any public Road hereafter to be laid out by virtue of this fed by public Act, shall pass through any improved Lands where Roads passing the damage to the owner or owners of such Lands through improved lands to be by means of fuch Road shall be greater than the estimated by a allowance made for Roads in the Grants of fuch Jury, and paid Lands, which shall be ascertained by a Jury to be tingent charges fummoned in the manner first herein before men- of the County. tioned, on the application of the owner or owners of the faid Land, or if fuch Road shall occasion the removal of any buildings, then and in fuch cases the damage to the owner or owners of fuch Land shall be afcertained by fuch Juries and shall be paid as other contingent charges of the County are paid.

And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Highways and Roads for each Town or Commissioners Parish, or a major part of them, be and they are to order surveyhereby authorized and required after the first Snow Inhabitants unand as foon as the Rivers and Marshes are fafe for der their directhe passing of Cattle on the Ice, to order the Sur- ways in the veyors of Highways and Roads for the faid Town or Parish to summon forthwith so many Inhabitants as the faid Commissioners shall in their discretion think necessary to work after such manner as they the said Surveyors shall direct in cutting and carrying bushes or marking ways. And fuch person not attending or refusing to perform the faid work as directed by the faid Surveyors, shall forfeit the sum of Three Shillings for each day's neglect. And the Rivers and the feveral parts of the same when frozen over Rivers when as aforesaid, shall be considered as a part of the fidered as part of Towns or Parishes to which they are respectively the Parishes to opposite, for the purposes directed by this clause. And the Commissioners of the Towns or Parishes which they are opposite, for the purposes directopposite to each upon any River are hereby autho- ed in this clause.

ved lands, to be

to order Survey-

rized and required to agree upon and determine the distance upon the said River, which is to be worked upon by their respective Towns in pursuance of this Act.

Teams to be fent as directed by Surveyors, with competent drivers, under penalty of Six shillings.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every person keeping a Team shall be obliged forthwith, on being summoned by the said Surveyors to send his Team with a competent driver, to work in such manner as the said Surveyors shall direct; and on any such person neglecting to send his Team and a good driver, or not performing such reasonable work as the said Surveyors shall direct, the owner of the said Team shall forseit the sum of Six Shillings.

Ways to be marked as directed by Commiffioners.

And be it further enacted, That the said way shall be marked in such place as the said Commissioners shall direct and with tops erected at the distance of not more than Four rods lengthways of the faid path from each other and Five feet in heighth, and on any of the faid marks being difplaced the Surveyors shall summon forthwith as many of the nearest Inhabitants with their Teams as they may judge necessary to replace them; and in case of refusal or neglect, every person so offending shall forfeit the fum of Three Shillings for each man and Six Shillings for each Team for each day fo fummoned. *Provided*, when the public Roads are on the bank of the River, the faid path shall be marked on the River. The faid fines and forfeitures to be recovered by complaint to a Justice of the Peace, as in case of refusal to labor on the Highways, and to be appropriated by the Commissioners towards performing the faid fervice. Provided always, That the number of hours which any person shall work in pursuance of the directions of this clause shall be deducted from and allowed as a part of the number of hours he is obliged by law to work upon the Highways.

Work done in purfuance of the directions in this claufe to be accounted as part of the work by law to be done on the Roads.

Penalty of 2cs.
for cutting down

NVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any perfen shall wilfully cut or take down or destroy any of the bushes so to be crected by virtue of this

Act, he shall forseit and pay the sum of Twenty or destroying Shillings upon conviction before any one of His fuch marks. Majesty's Justices of the Peace upon the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, to be levied by warrant of diftrefs and fale of the offenders' goods, rendering the overplus, if any, after deducting the costs and charges, to the offender; one half of the faid forfeiture to the use of the Poor of the Town or Parish where such offence shall be committed, the other moiety to him or them who shall inform and fue for the fame; and for want of fuch effects to levy on, the faid offender or offenders shall be imprisoned for a time not exceeding Six days.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the faid Surveyors of the Highways, by the direction of the Winter Roads Commissioners, shall have full power and authority, to be broken in and they are hereby required during the Winter teams, &c. feafon, to fummon fuch and fo many of the Inhabitants having Horses, Oxen or Teams, in their refpective districts as they in their discretion shall think fit, to work at the time and place appointed on the Highways or public winter Roads, by breaking Roads in the Snow with their faid Horfes, Oxen or Teams, whenever the depth of Snow shall render the same necessary, not exceeding Four days in each Winter, and at no greater distance than Three miles from their own houses. And fuch Inhabitants shall perform the fame work over and above the work which fuch Inhabitants are liable to perform upon the Highway, Roads and Bridges, in and by this Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Sleds made use of for the purpose of carrying or transporting to be four feet Wood, Hay, or other heavy materials, shall not be eightinchesfrom less than Four feet Eight inches in width from out- of the runners. fide to outfide of the runners; and whofoever shall make use of any ox or horse Sled of less dimensions, and be thereof convicted by the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or on the view of such Justice, shall be fined in the sum of Twenty Shillings;

пi

the fnow with

Width of Sleds

the same to be levied by diffress and sale of the offenders' goods and chattels, by warrant under the hand and feal of fuch Justice, rendering the overplus, if any, after deducting the costs and charges of fuch distress and sale, to the offender; which Fines shall be paid and appropriated in like manner with the other penalties mentioned in this Act. shall be the duty of all Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways and Conftables in the respective Parishes, to prosecute all offences and breaches of Provided always, That nothis clause of the Act. thing herein before contained shall be construed to extend to any Sled a man may use upon his own Farm only, or to any bob-Sled, or fingle ox or horse Sled, or pleafure Sleigh, drawn by one or more horfes.

Sleighs or Sleds drawn by Horses to be furnished with at least one bell for each Horse.

Commissioners to give in acneral Sellions of the Peace, of labor done, & movirtue of this act.

XXI. And be it further enacted. That no horse-Sled or Sleigh, shall be drawn on the Highways or public Roads of this Province, unless the same shall be furnished with one or more Bell or Bells for each Horse drawing such Sled or Sleigh, under the penalty of Five Shillings for every offence, to be recovered from the owner or driver thereof, in the manner and to the uses last before mentioned.

And be it further enacted, That the respective Commissioners of Highways shall at the first sitcounts at the first ting of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace fitting of the Ge- in the respective Counties in each year, deliver in to the Clerk of the Peace, to be by him filed in fuch Court, the feveral and respective accounts of the ney received by labour done on the Highways so to be given them by the faid Surveyors, and also an account with proper vouchers of all fums of money received by them for Fines or forfeitures accruing by virtue of this Act, and the purpose for which such sums shall have been expended; and if such sums or any part thereof remain in their hands they shall pay the fame into the hands of the county Treasurer, to be disposed of by the order of the Justices or the major part of them in their General Sessions for the making,

king, repairing and amending the Roads, Streets, and Bridges, in the diffrict of the Parish where such money was forfeited: And if any Commissioner shall neglect or refuse to deliver in such accounts penalty for each or any or either of them, to the Clerk of the Peace neglest or refuas aforefaid, he shall forfeit and pay for every offence the fum of Three Pounds, to be recovered before two Justices of the Peace in such County refpectively, to be paid into the hands of the Treafurer, and applied in the manner herein before mentioned, and shall also be subject to an action of debt to be brought by and in the name of the Treafurer of fuch County for any fum fo remaining in his hands.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Com- Commissioners missioners appointed by virtue of this Act, shall not not required to be required to do any work on the Highways, and work. Surveyors to futhat the Surveyors shall not be required to superintend the work more than Six days; and in all cases only fix days. where additional Surveyors are wanted the Commissioners shall continue the Surveyors and pay them at the rate of Three Shillings per day out of the monies voluntarily paid into their hands or collected for Fines by virtue of this Act.

And be it further enacted, That no profecution or fuit for the recovery of any of the penalties mentioned in this Act, shall be brought or in- brought within flituted after the expiration of Six Months from the fix months. time of committing the offence intended to be profecuted. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend to prevent those intrusted with public monies by virtue of any of the herein before recited Acts from being held accountable for all monies fo received by them.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act Limitation. shall continue and be in force Five Years and no longer.

Continued for 5 years by 41 Geo. 3. c. 7.



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Tricesimo Septimo.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begin and holden at Fredericton, on the Ninth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-six, and in the Thirty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth; and from thence continued by several prorogations to the Seventeenth day of January, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-seven; being the second Session of the third Assembly convened in the said Province.

#### CAP. I.

An ACT to continue an Act, intituled, "An Act for "the more EASY and SPEEDY Recovery of SMALL "Debts." Passed the 18th February, 1797.

Expired. See further 42 Geo. 3. c. 5.

#### CAP. II.

An ACT to ALTER and AMEND an Act, passed in the Twenty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for preventing Trespasses." Paffed the 18th February, 1797. Rep.

See 41 Geo, 3. c. 3.

#### CAP. III.

An ACT to authorize the Erection of Fences and GATES acrofs certain Roads in the feveral Counties in this Province where the fame shall be found Passed the 18th February, 1797. necessary.

Expired.

## CAP. IV.

An ACT for regulating the Exportation of Fish and Lumber, and for repealing the Laws now in force regulating the fame. Paffed the 18th February, 1797.

THEREAS the Laws now in force for regulating the Exportation of Fish and Lumber are Preamble. found to be inadequate to the purposes intended:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant- $G_{0}$ vernor, Council and Assembly, That an Act made and passed in the Twenty-sixth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for regulating the Expor-"tation of Fish and Lumber and for ascertaining "the quality of the same;" and an Act made and passed in the Twenty-seventh year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act in addition to an Act, intituled, 'An Act for regulating the Exportation of Fish and Lumber and for ascertaining the quality 'of the fame;' and alfo an Act made and paffed in the Twenty-eighth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act to amend an Act, intituled, 'An

Former Acts re-

'Act for regulating the Exportation of Fish and Lumber and for afcertaining the quality of the 'fame,' be and the fame are hereby repealed.

gallons, to be

ing less than 28 stroyed.

than hereby re- feited. quired, to be forfeited.

Quality of Fish ir European markets, and

And be it further enacted, That from and after Herrings, Mack- the First day of April next, all pickled Herrings, arel, Cod, and Scale Fish, for Exportation, shall packed in barrels be packed in Barrels of Twenty-eight gallons at of twenty-eight least, which Barrels shall be made of well seasoned made of well feat timber free from fap, and have three fufficient hoops foned timber, & on each bilge and three on each end; the Fish shall requifite qualities of the feve. be all of one kind, fweet, free from ruft, and closely ral forts of Fish. packed, and the Barrels full of strong pickle; and Salmon to be that all Salmon for Exportation, shall be packed in packedintierces, that an Samton for English and half Barrels, which half tierces, bar-Tierces, half Tierces, Barrels and half Barrels, shall rels, and half bar- Tierces, half Tierces, Barrels and half Barrels, shall rels, each tierce to contain three be made of found feafoned wood, free from fap, hundred pounds, fufficient to hold pickle, and shall be full bound; &c. in propor- each Tierce shall contain three hundred pounds, each half Tierce one hundred and fifty pounds, each Barrel two hundred pounds, and each half Barrel one hundred pounds, exclusive of the Salt, and shall be full of strong pickle. And all Barrels hereafter made, Barrels contain which shall contain less than Twenty-eight gallons, gallons, to be for. shall be for seited; and on complaint and proof befeited and de- fore any two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, the fame shall be adjudged to be burnt or destroyed by a Constable of the Town or All Fish shipped Parish where such offence shall be committed: And in casks of less all pickled Fish shipped in Barrels of a smaller size, fize, or Salmon or Salmon shipped in Tierces, half Tierces, Barrels ing less weight or half Barrels, containing less weight, shall be for-Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful to export Herrings without pickle, if the fame are in every other respect conformable to this Act.

> And be it further enacted, That all Cod and Scale-Fish for Exportation, shall be of the following description and qualities, viz.—Fish for the European Markets shall be of the first quality, properly cured, not falt burnt nor broke, fmoothly split, and perfectly found: Fish for the West-India Market, if

well

well cured and dried, shall not be required to have for West-India the other qualities before mentioned, and no Fish markets. which have not the qualities above described, shall be deemed merchantable, and all persons shipping unmerchantable Fish, shall on conviction forseit Three Shillings for each Quintal fo shipped by them.

And be it further enacted, That all Boards, Plank and Scantling, for Exportation shall, before they are shipped, be surveyed by a fworn Surveyor: All merchantable Boards shall be square edged and Seven-eighths of an inch thick, except fuch as are fworn furveyors. for the Newfoundland and Kingston, in Jamaica, Markets, which shall be one inch thick; and all clear Boards shall be full inch thick: No Board or Plank shall be deemed merchantable if the same be split at both ends, or be fplit in any part more than one quarter of the length of fuch Board or Plank, or be not of equal thickness throughout, and a reasonable allowance shall be made to the purchaser for all fplits, rents, and knot holes: All Boards and Planks shall be marked at the but-end; the full contents shall be marked on each Board and Plank, one half of the split shall be allowed for splits, and a reasonable allowance for rents or knot-holes, which shall be deducted from the amount of fuch contents: And that all Scantling, whether fawed or hewed, shall be properly fquared, and the contents in board meafure marked on each piece; all Boards, Plank, or Scantling, over or under marked, shall be marked properly anew, and no more than four Plank shall be allowed to one thousand feet of Boards; the Surveyor shall be allowed Eight pence per thousand Surveyors. feet board measure for surveying, to be paid by the purchaser, and Four pence additional per thousand feet for new marking, to be paid by the feller: And all persons shipping Boards, Plank or Scantling, not furveyed as aforesaid, shall, on conviction, forseit Ten Shillings for every thousand feet so shipped by them.

And be it further enacted, That all Shingles

Forfeiture for fhipping unmerchantable Fish.

Qualities ofmerchantable boards and other lumber to be furveyed by

Allowances

chantable Shingles, to be fur-Surveyors.

Allowances Surveyors.

fpars to be furveyed by a fworn Surveyor, and the contents to be marked.

fielt General Scifions, annually. to appoint fit persons to be surveyors of lumber.

Qualities of mer- for Exportation, of Eighteen inches long, shall be not less than Four inches wide and half an inch thick veyed by sworn at the thick end, free from worm-holes, shakes and fap; all Shingles of Twenty-two inches long, shall be not less than Three and an half inches wide, and half an inch thick at the thick end, and be free from worm-holes, rots and shakes; and all such Shingles fhall be furveyed by a fworn Surveyor, who shall receive Two pence per thousand for the survey of Shingles of Eighteen inches long, and Four pence per thousand for the survey of Shingles of Twentytwo inches long, to be paid by the purchaser: And all perfons shipping Shingles not surveyed as aforefaid, shall forfeit Two Shillings for each thousand so shipped by them.

And be it further enacted, That all square Square timber & Timber for the British market, shall be not less than Ten inches square, nor shorter than Sixteen feet, well fquared, fquare butted, and free of bark, shakes and rotten knots; and that all Spars shall be free from shakes and rotten knots: All such Timber and Spars shall, before shipped for Exportation, be furveved by a fworn Surveyor, who shall mark and number the fame, and afcertain the contents; which Surveyor shall for fuch furveying, marking and afcertaining the contents, receive Six pence per ton for the Timber, and in like proportion for the Spars, to be paid for by the purchaser: And all persons fhipping Timber or Spars, not furveyed as aforefaid. fhall forfeit Five Shillings for every Ton fo shipped by them.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and Juffices in their may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace in each County at their first General Sessions annually, or the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint John, to appoint fit perfors to be Surveyors of Lumber in each County, Town and place where fuch may be necessary; which persons shall give Bond in the fum of Fifty Pounds, with two fufficient furcties, and shall be sworn to the diligent

and

and faithful discharge of their trust, and shall continue in fuch office until other proper persons are

appointed in their stead.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That one half of all forseitures or fines arising by virtue of this Act, tures to be to the fhall be to him or them who shall sue for the same, benefit of the and the other half to the benefit of the County, and the other half to the where such offence shall be committed; and if the Prosecutors. fame shall not exceed Twenty Shillings, it shall be recoverable before any one of His Majesty's Justices How recoveraof the Peace, or where the same shall be more than ble. Twenty Shillings and shall not exceed Three Pounds, before any two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, on the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, by warrant of distress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, under the hand and feal of fuch Justice or Justices, and for want of sufficient distress such offender shall suffer not less than Ten, nor more than Thirty days imprisonment; and in case such Fine or the value thereof shall exceed Three Pounds, the fame may be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in this Province, with costs of suit.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all profecutions to be within Six in Six Months after the time fuch offence was com- Months. mitted.

And be it further enacted, That this A& shall This A& to be Χ. be read and published at the opening of the next read at Court of Court of General Sessions of the Peace for the second County, veral Counties within this Province.

See further 43 Geo. 3. c. 7.

#### CAP. V.

An ACT to prevent the Growth of Thistles. Passed the 18th February, 1797.

> кk CAP.

#### CAP. VI.

Refer to 36 Geo. 3. c. 7. An ACT to ALTER and AMEND an Act, intituled, "An "Act for regulating, laying out and repairing "Highways and Roads, and for appointing Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways within "the feveral Towns or Parishes in this Province; "and for suspending for a limited time all the "Laws now in force relating to the same." Passed the 18th February, 1797.

Preamble.

X THEREAS in and by an Act made and paffed in the Thirty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for regulating, laying out, and "repairing Highways and Roads, and for appointing "Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways within "the feveral Towns or Parishes in this Province; " and for fuspending for a limited time all the Laws "now in force relating to the same," it is enacted, in and by the Ninth fection thereof "That the Sur-"veyors of Highways in their respective districts " shall be and are hereby empowered in the sittest "and most feasonable time, between the First day " of May and the First day of November yearly, to "fummon the Inhabitants contained in their respec-"tive lifts, giving them at least Six days notice of "the time and place where they are to be employ-"ed, and shall there oversee and order the persons "fo fummoned to labour in making, mending or "repairing the Highways, Roads, Streets, and Brid-"ges, in the most useful manner during the num-"ber of days appointed for each person to labour; "and when any Surveyor of Highways shall judge "the use of Carts, Waggons, Trucks, Ploughs or "Harrows, more necessary than the labour of Men, "in that case he may call on any person within his "district keeping any Cart, Truck, Plough or Har-"row, with two Oxen or two Horses; which Cart, "Truck, Plough or Harrow, with two Oxen or two "Horses, shall be equal to two days labour; and " fuch Survey ors of Highways shall be excused from " anv

"any other fervice on the Highways than the fum-"moning, ordering and directing thereof."—And WHEREAS great inconveniences and difficulties have been experienced by the Surveyors of Highways as well as the Inhabitants of the Parishes of Magerville and Sheffield, within the County of Sunbury, arifing from the periods limited by the herein before recited Ninth section of the said Act, within which the Surveyors of Highways in their respective districts are thereby empowered to fummon the Inhabitants contained in their respective lists to labour in making, mending or repairing the Highways, Roads, Streets and Bridges, during the number of days appointed for each perfon to labour; the faid Parishes of Magerville and Sheffield, being fo formed and under fuch a flate of enclosure as to make it very difficult to procure the necessary Timber for making, mending or repairing the Highways, Roads, Streets and Bridges, within the faid Parishes during the periods aforefaid.

 $\it Be$  it therefore enacted, by the  $\it Lieutenant$ -Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the paffing of this Act, the Surveyors of Highways for the Magerville and faid Parishes of Magerville and Sheffield, for the time being, within their respective districts, shall be and more than half, are hereby empowered to fummon the Inhabitants of the days labor contained in their respective lists in manner prescribed by the herein before recited Ninth section tweenthe ist day of the faid Act, at such time as they shall judge to of November, & the first day of be most proper and seasonable, between the First May yearly. day of *November* and the First day of *May* yearly, and shall there oversee and order the persons so fummoned to labour in cutting, procuring and hauling to the high Roads of the faid Parishes, all such Timber as they may judge necessary for making, mending or repairing the Highways, Roads, Streets and Bridges, in the most useful manner, as well as in making, mending or repairing the fame, during fuch number of days (not exceeding half the number of days appointed for each perfon to labour and

Inhabitants the Parishes of Sheffield may by law required, at any time be-

# 268 C. 6. Anno XXXVII. GEORGII III. A. D. 1797.

to be confidered and allowed by the faid Surveyors as a part thereof) as they the faid Surveyors shall judge to be requisite for providing for or accomplishing the purposes aforesaid, any thing in the herein before recited Ninth section of the aforesaid Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

See further 41 Geo. 3. c. 7.



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Tricefimo Octavo.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at Fredericton, on the Ninth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-six, and in the Thirty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth; and from thence continued by several prorogations to the Sixteenth day of February, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-eight; being the third Session of the third Assembly convened in the said Province.

### CAP. I.

An ACT to continue fundry Acts of the General Assembly that are near expiring. Passed the 9th day of February, 1798. Expired.

See further 43 Geo. 3. c. 8.

CAP.

# CAP. II.

Refer to 26Geo. 3. c. 53.

An ACT in addition to and in amendment of an A&, intituled, "An Act for the Regulation of Seamen." Paffed the 9th day of February, 1798.

Preamble.

THEREAS in and by the Third fection of an Act made and paffed in the Twenty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for the "Regulation of Seamen," it is enacted, "that if the "Mafter or Commander of any ship or vessel shall " ship any Seaman, knowing him to be first entered "and shipped on board of any other ship or vessel, " or after notice thereof given him, shall not forth-" with difmifs him, every fuch Mafter or Commander "fo offending and being thereof convicted, shall "forfeit and pay the fum of Ten Pounds, to the use " of the City or County where fuch offence shall be "committed, to be fued for in any Court of Record "proper to try the same; and such Seaman so ship-"ping himfelf, being under the obligation of a for-"mer contract, shall forseit and pay the value of "One Month's wages that he shall fo agree for, to "be deducted from fuch wages as he may have due, "or may afterwards be due unto him, for the use " of the party aggrieved." AND WHEREAS the faid Third fection has hitherto been found defective and not to answer the purpose intended:—

I. Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Gover-Third section of nor, Council and Assembly, That the above recited the former A& fection be and the fame is hereby repealed; and instead thereof—

Be it enacted, That from and after the passing Any person his of this Act, if any Master or Commander of any ship or vellel, or any other perfon or perfons, shall hire or other person or engage, harbour or conceal any Seaman, Mariner, or other perfor who shall have signed any former contract or articles, knowing him to have deferted knowing him to from any thip or veffel within the Province, every fuch Mafter, Commander or other person or perfons fo offending, and being thereof convicted, shall forfeit

ring or concealing any Scaman who shall have figned any former contract, have deferred from any veffel, to forfeit 20%.

repealed.

forfeit and pay the fum of Twenty Pounds, to the use of the City or County where such offence shall be committed, to be fued for in any Court of Record proper to try the fame; and fuch Scaman, Mariner, or other person who shall desert at any deserting during time during the voyage on which he is engaged by the voyage to forwritten contract or articles, shall, over and above all bove the penalpenalties and forfeitures to which he is now by Law ties to which he fubject, forfeit all the wages he may have agreed is by law fubject, for, or be intitled to during the voyage, from the may be intitled Master or owner of the ship or vessel on board of to during that which he shall have entered after such desertion, to voyage, to the use of the the use of the owner or owners of such ship or ves- owner or owners. fel as he shall have deferted from, to be fued for and recovered in the manner before directed.

III. And be it further enacted, That the before recited A&t and every clause, matter and thing there- Recited A&t, exin contained (except wherein it is hereby altered altered to remain and repealed) shall be and continue, and the same infull force. is hereby declared to be and continue in full force; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Any Seaman

# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Tricefimo Nono.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at Fredericton, on the Ninth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-six, and in the Thirty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth: And from thence continued by several prorogations to the Fifteenth day of January, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninetynine; being the Fourth Session of the Third Assembly convened in the said Province.

# CAP. I.

An ACT for raising a Revenue in this Province.

Expired.

#### CAP. II.

An ACT to provide for payment of fundry Debts of the Province, for the Year One Thousand Seven Hundred and Ninety-five. Passed the 4th February, 1799. Expired.

# CAP. III.

An ACT for defraying the Ordinary Services of the Year One Thousand Seven Hundred and Ninety-five. Paffed the 4th February, 1799.

# CAP. IV.

An ACT to provide for payment of the Services therein mentioned. Passed the 8th February, 1799. Exp.

# CAP. V.

An ACT for regulating the Fisheries in the County Refer to 33Geo. of Northumberland. Passed the 8th February, 3. c. 9.

HEREAS the Laws now in force for regula- Preamble. ting the Fisheries in the County of Northumberland have been found inadequate to the purpofes intended; for remedy whereof-

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That so much of an Act made and Act for regulapassed in the Thirty-third year of His Majesty's reign, ting Fisheries, so intituled, "An Act for regulating the Fisheries in far as relates to Northumberland. "the different Rivers, Coves and Creeks of this Pro-"vince," as relates to the County of Northumberland, be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the paffing of this Act, the Fisheries Future regulain the faid County of Northumberland, shall be re- tion of the Fisheries in the said gulated in the manner herein after mentioned, that County, limitis to fay, in the Bay and River Miramichi and its ing the diffances to which Nets branches: No Net whatever to be fet off any part may be extended of Fox-Island, Waltham, alias Portage-Island, or into the Bay & any other Island, Middle Ground or Shoal in the faid Bay, River and branches, excepting as is herein after permitted. No Net to be fet from Point Esquiminac to the western extremity of Huckleberry

River Miramichi.

Island, to extend into the Bay more than One hundred fathoms from low water, and no Net to be fet in the faid space but by the Acadian or other Inhabitants of lower Bay du vin; from thence to the Lot formerly owned by Thomas Ian, now owned by Duncan Robertson; no Net to be fet along the South shore in the faid space, to extend into the Bay more than Two hundred fathoms from Three feet water at low water; a base line to run from the faid Lot to the Barn now owned by James Horton, Efg. in Bay du vin; no Net to extend into the Bay more than Two hundred fathoms from the faid line; from the faid Barn to the Eastern line of the Lot lately owned by John Mark Crank Delesdernier; no Net to extend into the Bay more than Two hundred fathoms; from thence to Point Aux Bar; no Net to extend into the Bay more than Two hundred fathoms from Point Aux Bar to the Lot owned by Alexander Wilson; no Net to extend into the Bay more than Three hundred fathoms from low water: a base line to run from the said Alexander Wilson's Lot to Point Cheval: no Net to extend into the Bay more than Three hundred fathoms from the faid line, from Point Cheval to the upper extremity of the Sand-beach in Napan Bay; no Net to extend into the Bay more than Two hundred and Fifty fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet off either fide of Bay du vin Island, to extend into the Bay more than Sixty-eight fathoms from low water; a base line to run from the upper extremity of the faid Sand-beach in Napan Bay to a Point commonly called Green Point, on the West side of a small Creek at the end of George Murdoch's marsh; no Net to extend into the Bay more than Two hundred fathoms from the faid line, and no Net fet from the faid line to be nearer than One hundred fathoms to the faid Green Point; from the faid Green Point to within Forty rods of the Fish-shed, formerly occupied by James Anderson; no Net to be fet to extend into the Bay more than One hundred and Fifty fathoms

fathoms from low water; from thence to the lower extremity of East Point; no Net to be fet to extend into the River more than Eighty fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet off East Point to extend into the River more than Fifty fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet off Sheldrake Island to extend into the River or Bay more than Sixty fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet off Hay Island opposite Neguac, to extend into the Bay more than Twenty fathoms from low water; from thence to Lot no. 81, owned by James Fraser, Efq. incluno Net to extend into the Bay more than Three hundred fathoms from low water, and no Net to be fet in the faid space to be more than Two hundred fathoms in length; from thence to Lot no. 76, owned by James Thom, inclusive; no Net to extend into the Bay more than Two hundred and Eight fathoms from low water; a base line to run from low water on Lot no. 76, to the first Point above the House owned by John English, opposite to the lower end of Sheldrake Island; no Net to extend into the Bay more than Two hundred and Fifty fathoms from the faid line; from thence to the lower line of Lot no. 71; no Net to extend into the Bay more than Two hundred fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of Lot no. 71, to extend into the River more than Seventy fathoms from low water; a base line to commence at the upper line of Lot no. 71, or Moody's Point, at low water mark, and end at low water mark on Lot no. 69: from thence to continue to low water mark on Lot no. 66; no Net to extend into the River more than Sixty-five fathoms from the faid line; no Net to be fet in front of the Lots no. 65 and 66, to extend into the River more than Sixty-five fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of the Lots no. 64 and 63, to extend into the River more than Seventy fathoms from low water; no Net to be set in front of Lot no. 62, to extend into the River more than Sixty-five fathoms from low water;

no Net to be fet in front of Lot no. 61, to extend into the River more than Forty-five fathoms from low water, from Lot no. 61 to Lot no. 57, inclusive; no Net to extend into the River more than Sixtyfive fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of the Lots no. 56, no. 55, and no. 54, to be longer than Sixty-five fathoms, beyond Forty fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of the Lots no. 53, no. 52, and no. 51, to be longer than Sixty-five fathoms, beyond Fifty fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of Lot no. 50, to extend into the River more than Sixty-five fathoms from low water; from thence to Lot no. 39, inclusive; no Net to be fet to extend into the River more than Thirty-feven fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of Lot no. 38, to extend into the River more than Fifty fathoms from low water; no Nets to be fet in front of Lots no. 37, no. 36, no. 35, and no. 34, to extend into the River more than Sixty-eight fathoms from low water; from thence to Delesdernier's Saw-Mill Cove, inclufive; no Net to extend into the River more than Seventy fathoms from low water; from thence to Lot no. 14, inclusive; no Net to extend into the River more than Fifty fathoms from low water; from thence to Lot no. 5, inclusive; no Net to extend into the River more than Forty-two fathoms from low water; from thence to Lot no. 1, inclufive; no Net to extend into the River more than Fifty-five fathoms from low water; from thence along the North shore to the Cove below James Oxford's house on the North-west branch; no Net to extend more than Thirty fathoms from low water: from thence to the Saw-Mill Cove, inclusive; no Net to be fet to extend into the River more than Forty fathoms from low water, excepting in front of the Lots now occupied by James Oxford, Duncan Mac Intire and George Hubbard, where the Nets shall not extend into the River more than Twenty fathoms, from one foot water at low water; from

the faid Saw-Mill Cove to the Cove below Barr's Point; no Net to extend into the River more than Eighty fathoms from low water; from thence to the upper Bass fishery; no Net to extend into the River more than Forty fathoms from low water; from thence to Barnet's Point; no Net to extend into the River more than Sixty fathoms from low water, excepting in front of the Lots occupied by George Urquhart and Thomas Wright, where no Net shall extend into the River more than Eighty fathoms from low water; from thence to the Lot claimed by John Stewart, on the North fide, opposite to the Lot occupied by him on the South fide; no Net to extend into the River more than Forty fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of the Lot owned and occupied by John Stewart on the South fide, nor along the South or Western shore, downwards to *Beauhebert's* Point, inclusive, to extend into the River more than Forty fathoms from low water; a base line to run from E ast Point to West Point; no Net to extend into the River more than Fifty fathoms from the faid line; from low water mark at West Point; a base line to run to low water mark at the lower Point of Lot no. 9; Net to extend into the River more than Sixty-five fathoms from the faid line; from the faid Point of Lot no. 9, to Terril's Point; no Net to extend into the River more than Sixty-five fathoms from low water, excepting in front of Lots no. 18 and no. 19. where the Nets are to extend Sixty-five fathoms beyond Twenty fathoms at low water; no Net to be fet off Terril's Point to extend into the River more than Forty fathoms from low water; a base line to run from Terril's Point to the lower end of Middle Island: no Net to be fet to extend into the River more than Forty-eight fathoms from the faid line; no Net to be fet from Middle Island towards the North shore to extend into the River more than Fifty fathoms from low water; no Net whatever to be fet from Middle Island towards the South shore;

no Net to be fet from the South shore opposite to the upper end of Middle Island, to Alexander Gunn's lower Lot, inclusive, to extend into the River more than Fifty-two fathoms from low water, excepting in front of the Lots no. 28 and no. 29, which shall not exceed Sixty fathoms from low water, and in front of Lot no. 32 no Net to extend into the River more than Thirty-eight fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of Lot no. 33 to extend into the River more than Fifty-five fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of the Lots no. 50, no. 51, no. 52, no. 53 and no. 54, inclusive, to extend into the River more than Sixty fathoms from low water; from thence to Lot no. 58, inclufive; no Net to extend into the River more than Sixty fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of the Lots no. 59, no. 60, and no. 61, to extend into the River more than Fifty fathoms from low water; from thence to the Lot no. 41, in the Grant to the late William Davidson, Efquire; Net to extend into the River more than Forty fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet in front of the Lot lately occupied by Joel Spencer Turner, to extend into the River more than Seventy fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet from Beauhebert's Island, to extend into the River more than Thirty fathoms from low water; no Net whatever to be fet in the Tickle between Beauhebert's Island and Beauhebert's Point; and no Net whatever to be fet in front of the Burying Ground on Beauhebert's Point; no Net to be fet from either fide of the South-west branch from Beauhebert's Point on the Western shore and Joel Spencer Turner's Lot on the Eastern shore to the Elm Tree, inclusive, to extend into the River more than Forty fathoms from low water; no Net to be fet between the extremity of Barnaby's Island and the Lot owned by William Gillice on the North shore, to extend into the River more than Thirty fathoms from low water; from the Elm Tree to the Nashwaack Portage; no Net to

be set from either side to extend more than one third part across the said branch. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That no Net to be fet in either of the branches by virtue of this Act, shall extend more than one third part across such branch, any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and that no Net shall at any time be set or remain in the water, or any Seine be No Net to be set drawn, or any Salmon speared in any part of the inthesaid Bayor Bay and River Miramichi and its branches, between drawn, nor Sal-Sun-fet on Saturday night and Sun-rife on Monday mon speared, bemorning; and that this clause shall extend to the tweenSun-set on Saturday & Sun-surday & Sun-su cross-Net claimed by the heirs of the late William rise on Monday. Davidson, Elq. at the Elm Tree in the South-west branch of Miramichi River aforesaid; no Nets whatever to be fet infide of any base lines allowed in the Bay, River and Branches, excepting in front of the Lot owned by Robert England in Nassau Bay, where the Net may extend into the Bay in front of the faid Lot two hundred fathoms from low water, and in front of the Lot owned by Richard Home in the faid Nassau Bay, where the Net may extend Two hundred fathoms from low water, provided no part of the faid quantity of Net is fet outside of the faid line; no Net to be fet off vacant Lands in the No Net to be fet Bay, River or Branches below the upper Settlement off vacant Lands, on the South-west branch, to extend from either more than five fafhore more than Five fathoms from low water, until the faid Lands are allotted by Government or occupied by permanent Settlers.

And be it further enacted, That if any person Offenders to foror persons, from and after the passing of this Act, feit and pay 10%. shall presume to erect or set up any Hedge, Wear, upon conviction, Fish-garth or other incumbrance, or place any Seine Justices of the or Seines, Net or Nets, in the Bay or River Mira- Peace, michi, or its branches, except as is herein before provided for, fuch person or persons so offending shall forfeit and pay the sum of Ten Pounds, upon due conviction thereof by the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before any two of His

thoms from low

before any two

Majesty's

and 20% for a fecond offence, to be recovered with cofts, by action of debt, &c. and 50% for a third, and every fubfequent offence.

Application of Penalties.

General Sessions to appoint overfeers of the Fisheries.

Their Oath, and Duty.

Further duties & powers of Overfcers, to feize Nets, &c. Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Northumberland, to be levied by warrant of distress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, rendering the overplus, if any, to such offender, and Twenty Pounds for the second offence, to be recovered with costs, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any Court of Record in this Province, and Fifty Pounds for the third and every subsequent offence, to be recovered with costs in the manner last mentioned; one half of which penalties shall on conviction, be paid to the Informer, and the other half to the Overscers of the Poor of the Town or Parish where such offence shall be committed, to be applied to the use of the Poor.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace in the said County of Northumberland in their General Sessions, may and are hereby required to appoint one or more fit person or persons to be Overseers of the Fisheries for each Town, Parish or district, who shall be sworn to the saithful discharge of their duty; and shall have power to remove any Net, Hedge, Wear, Fish-garth, Seine or other incumbrance, that shall be sound in any River, Cove or Creek, contrary to the provisions of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Net, Hedge, Wear, Fish-garth, or other incumbrance, or any drift-Net, shall be found in any River, Cove or Creek, contrary to the provisions of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for such Overseers of the Fisheries, and they and each of them are hereby required respectively forthwith to seize the same; and if no owner shall appear to claim the same within Ten days, such Net, Seine or Fish-garth, shall, together with the Fish, if any sound therein, be forseited and fold by the said Overseers to satisfy the respective penalties in this Act mentioned and inslicted, and the overplus, if any, shall be paid to the Overseers of the Poor for the use of the Poor of the Town or Parish where such offence shall be committed.

V. And be it further enacted, That the faid Overfeers

feers of the Fisheries shall be intitled to demand and receive One Shilling and no more for each fet of Their Fees, Nets to be fet in the district to which they shall be respectively appointed from the Proprietors of such Nets, as a compensation for their trouble.

And be it further enacted, That if any fuch Overfeer of the Fisheries shall at any time wilfully led of duty. and knowingly delay, neglect, or refuse to perform the duty in and by this Act enjoined, fuch offender shall forfeit and pay for every offence, the sum of Five Pounds, to be fued for, recovered and applied in the same manner as the penalty of Ten Pounds herein before mentioned, can or may be fued for, recovered or applied.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Overfeer shall so neglect to perform the duty in and by this Act enjoined, it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons to apply to the Sheriff, his deputy, or any Constable, who are hereby authorized and required to take up and remove any fuch Incumbrance forthwith; and if no person or persons appear to claim the fame within Ten days, the faid Net or Nets fo taken up and removed as aforefaid, shall be confidered the one moiety as the property of the person or persons so complaining, and the other moiety as the property of the Sheriff, his deputy, or any Constable who may take up and remove the fame.

And be it further enacted, That no Salmon shall be taken or killed in any manner whatever, in taken or killed, the River Miramichi, or in the River Restigouche, from 30th Auor in any of the branches of the faid Rivers, from guff to 1st of Athe Thirtieth day of August, to the First day of April sed, under penalin every year; nor shall any person purchase any ty of 55. Fish so killed or taken, under the penalty of Five Shillings for each Fish so killed, taken or purchased, to be recovered before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the County of Northumberland, for the uses aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the мm

Penalty for neg-

In case of negles; of Overfeers, Sheriff or Conflable to perform their duty.

No Salmon to be

to make rules & regulations for ty, not contrary to this Act.

General Seffions the Peace in the faid County of Northumberland, in their General Seffions, shall and may make such the Fisheries in rules and regulations for the Fisheries in all other all other places Rivers, Coves and Creeks within the faid County, of the faid County, of the faid County, and have by recycleted as they shall think not herein and hereby regulated, as they shall think fit—Provided the fame regulations fo to be made, be not contrary to nor inconfiftent with the provifions herein before contained; and the Overfeers of the Fisheries to be appointed in pursuance of this Act, are hereby required to fee that fuch rules and regulations fo to be made are observed and enforced in the same manner as any of the rules and regulations in this Act are required to be observed and enforced under fuch penalties, not exceeding Ten Pounds, as they the faid Justices in their difcretion shall think fit.

the Act.

And be it further enacted, That this Act shall Continuance of continue and be in force Seven Years, and no longer.

## CAP. VI.

An ACT in AMENDMENT of an Act made and paffed in the Thirty-first Year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An A& for the fupport and relief of "Confined Debtors." Paffed the 8th February, 1799. Exp.

See further 41 Geo. 3. c. 5.

# CAP. VII.

An ACT to authorize the JUSTICES of the SESSIONS in several Counties of this Province, to make Regulations for the Weighing of Hay, within fuch Counties where it may be found necessary to ERECT Machines for that purpole. 8th February, 1799.

 ${f D}$  E it enacted, by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the paffing of this Act, the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace for the feveral Counties in this Pro- Juflices of the vince, except the County of Saint John, be, and Peace in General hereby are authorized and empowered, if they think Seffions, excepting Saint John, fit, to erect or give permission for erecting Machines may permit Mafor the Weighing of Hay in fuch Town or Parish as they from time to time shall judge necessary, and to make and ordain fuch rules and regulations, and ordain regulaestablish such rates and allowances to the owners rates, and proprietors of the faid Hay Machines in their respective Counties as they may judge necessary for the better government and management of the same; and that the faid Justices shall and may affix such and affix penalpenalties not exceeding Ten Pounds, as they may think necessary for the carrying into execution such rules and regulations, and for the establishing such rates and allowances fo by them to be made and established; such penalties to be recovered on the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, to be recovered before any two before any two of His Majesty's Justices of the Justices of the Peace, for the County where the penalty shall be incurred, and to be levied by warrant of distress and fale of the offender's goods, one half to the Informer, and the other half to the use of the Poor of the Town or Parish where the offence shall be committed.

chines for weigh-

Peace, and levied by distress.

# CAP. VIII.

An ACT to PREVENT the Importation or Spreading of Infectious Distempers within this Province. Paffed the 8th February, 1799.

THEREAS Infectious Diftempers have lately prevailed in different parts of the United Preamble. States of America—And whereas it is necessary to prevent, if possible, the Importation of such desolating Diforders into this Province—

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Coun- No person comcil and Assembly, That no Master, Mariner or Pas- ing in any Vessel fenger whatsoever, belonging to or coming in any from any place, where any contagious Diffemper States

prevails, [hall landwithout per-His Majesty's Juffices of the nalty of 10%.

States of America, from any port or place where the vellow Fever, putrid bilious Fever, or other pestimission, of one of lential or contagious Distemper does prevail, shall land within the limits of any County in this Pro-Peace, under per vince, without permission first had and obtained in writing under the hand and feal of one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for such County, under the penalty of Ten Pounds, for each and every person so landing without a written permission as aforefaid.

Masters,&c.having charge of any Vessel, who shall land any person within the County of Charlotte, without fuch permission, upon conviction, that fuch person had within 30 days been at any infected place in the United States shall forfeit 10%.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Master, Owner or other person whatever, having charge of any veffel or coasting craft, or of any boat, skiff or other craft, do land any person whatever within the limits of the County of Charlotte, taken from on board any veffel or craft whatever, or from any of the shores of the United States of America, or from Moose Island, Dudley Island, or Frederick Island, without a written permission first had and obtained as aforesaid, such offender shall on conviction that such person so unlawfully landed has been, within Thirty days of fuch landing, at any port or place in the United States, infected as aforesaid, forfeit and pay for every person so landed, the sum of Ten Pounds. and on failure of fuch payment, fhall fuffer not exceeding Three Months imprisonment.

Tavern-keepers, &c. to make report to the nearest Justice, under penalty of 10%.

And be it further enacted, That all Tavernkeepers and other House-keepers whatever, within the County of Charlotte, shall make immediate report to the nearest Justice of the Peace of all and every person whatsoever, coming by what route soever, from any port or place infected as aforefaid, into any or either of their families, under the penalty of Ten Pounds, for each and every person so omitted to be reported as aforefaid.

Justices of the Peaceauthorized to remove aliens coming from infected places.

And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within the faid County of Charlotte to remove forthwith, or direct to be removed without the limits of this Province, any person or persons,

not

not being His Majesty's subjects, who may have come into the faid County from any port or place infected as aforefaid; provided fuch person shall not have refided Thirty days within the faid County; in cafe he fuspects danger of Infection from such person continuing to reside within the said County.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of the Peace in the respective Counties at their General Sessions, or at to make surther any Special Session to be called for the purpose, to make fuch further rules and regulations in aid of the present Act, for the better preventing the Importation or spreading of such Infectious Distempers, with fuch pains and penalties not exceeding Ten Pounds, for each and every offence, against fuch rules and regulations as to them may feem meet.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Fines and penalties in this Act mentioned, shall and may be Finesto be recorecovered before any two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where such offence shall Peace. be committed, on the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, and applied to the benefit of fuch County.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall Not to extend to the City of St. not extend or be construed to extend to the City John. of Saint John.

Justices of the Peaceauthorized regulations.

vered before two Justices of the

### CAP. IX.

An ACT to REPEAL an Act made and passed in the Thirty-fixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act to prevent bringing Infectious "DISTEMPERS into the City of SAINT JOHN," and to make more effectual provision for preventing the Importation and fpreading of fuch contagious Distempers. Passed the 8th of February, 1799.

THEREAS an Act made and passed in the Thirty-fixth Year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act to prevent bringing Infectious

"fectious Distempers into the City of Saint John," has been found ineffectual-

Be it enacted, by the Lieutenant-Governor, Former Act re- Council and Assembly, That the aforesaid Act be, and pealed. the fame is hereby repealed.

Regulations of vessels having on board contagious distempers, coming from infected places, on entering the harbour of St. John. Their inspection and place of anchorage appoint-

Mayor, &c. may license vessels to proceed, after 3 days, or may direct a quarantine.

Penalty on Mafters, &cc.difobcy ing or neglecting fach directions.

And be it further enacted, That no veffel having on board the yellow Fever, putrid bilious Fever, or other pestilential or contagious Distemper, or coming from any place infected with any of the before mentioned diftempers, shall come or proceed, or be navigated or conducted further from the fea, towards or higher into the harbor of Saint John than the Point commonly called *Pagan's* Point, or a line running due West therefrom, until such vessel shall after her arrival have anchored at some place between the Point and line aforesaid and Partridge Island, and there have been and remained at anchor for the space of Three days, nor until such vessel fhall have been duly inspected and examined, and shall have obtained a licence for that purpose from the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, of the faid City of Saint John, or any two of them; which licence shall in no case be granted in less than Three days after anchoring as aforefaid: And in cafe fuch licence shall be denied, and it shall be judged expedient by the faid Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, or any two of them, that the faid veffel with the cargo and goods, and all perfons on board should ride or perform quarantine, then the Master or Commander, or other person having charge of the faid veffel for the time being, shall cause the said veffel, with all the perfons and goods and cargo on board, to anchor in fuch place and for fuch length of time not exceeding Forty days, as the faid Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, or the major part of them shall direct and appoint; and all and every Mafter and Mafters, and Commander and Commanders of veffels, and every other person who shall diffuse or contravene any fuch direction or appointment, or neglect to execute and perform the

fame,

fame, or shall without a license for that purpose sirst had and obtained from the faid Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, or any two of them, go on facre, or put on fhore, or unlade, or affift in putting on fhore or unlading, any person or goods from any such veffel as aforefaid, before the faid quarantine or time of anchoring, fo limited, directed and appointed, shall be fully completed and expired, shall for each and every offence feverally forfeit and pay the fum of Two hundred Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Commander of every veffel, having on board the yellow Fever, putrid bilious Fever, or any other hoist an Enfign, pestilential or contagious Distemper, or coming from any place infected with any of the afore-mentioned Diftempers, shall immediately after her arrival at or nalty of 20%. within Partridge Island, at the mouth of the harbor of Saint John, hoist such vessel's Ensign with the Union down, or if their be no Enfign on board, then he shall hoist such other colours as shall be on board half Mast, and continue the said Signal so hoisted. until a licence be had to remove the fame from the faid Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, or any two of them, which licence shall in no case be granted in less than Three days after first anchoring as aforefaid, under the penalty of Twenty Pounds for each and every offence.

And be it further enacted, That the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint Mayor, Aldermen, and Common and John, in Common Council be, and they are hereby monalty of Saint authorized and required to nominate and appoint John, to appoint one or more Physician or Physicians, who shall have ficians, to inspect power and authority to go on board, vifit and in- fuch veffels, fpect all veffels arriving as aforefaid, which may be fuspected of having on board the faid yellow Fever, putrid bilious Fever, or other pestilential or contagious Distemper, and who are required at the request of the Mayor, Recorder or Aldermen, or any two of them, to go on board fuch fuspected veffel or veffels, and make full inquiry and examination

The Master of fuch veffel shall with the Union down, or other fignal, under pe-

one or more Phy-

into the state of the health of all persons on board, or who have been on board, during any part of the voyage, and whether the faid veffel or veffels came from or touched at any place infected with any of the Distempers aforesaid, and into and concerning all circumstances and matters in any wife touching or concerning the prevalence of any of the faid Diftempers at any place where the faid veffel or veffels may have touched, or from which the faid veffel or veffels may have failed; and the faid Phyfician and Physicians shall make report from time to time in writing to the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, or any two of them, fo requesting him or them to go on board and make examination as aforesaid, of the result of such examination and inquiry, with his or their opinion and advice thereon; and fuch Physician or Physicians, shall have and receive from the Chamberlain of the City fuch Fees, recompence and reward for the fervices to be performed from time to time as aforefaid, as the Common Council shall order and appoint.

and to make report.

Fees for fuch services.

Physicians full discovery of all circumstances,under penalty of

V. And be it further enacted, That the Masser or Mafters to give Commander of every veffel arriving and coming from any fuch infected place as aforefaid, or having on board any person or persons infected, or who during the voyage shall have been infected with any of the Fevers or Diftempers aforefaid, or on board of which veffel any person shall have died of any fuch Fever or Distemper, or being infected therewith, fhall have landed or quitted the veffel during the faid voyage, shall permit such Physician and Physicians at all reasonable times, to come on board and make the inquiry and examination aforefaid, and make and give to him a true and full discovery and relation of all the matters, things and circumstances aforesaid, and if any such Master or Commander shall refuse or neglect to make such full and true discovery and relation as aforesaid, or shall fupprefs, conceal or deny the truth in any particular, relating thereunto, he shall forfeit and pay for each

each and every offence, the fum of Two hundred Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no person or persons whosoever, other than a Physician appointed as aforefaid, shall go on board any vessel so arriving and coming from any place so infected as board such vessel aforefaid, or which shall have on board any person or persons insected as aforesaid, with any of the Fevers or Distempers aforesaid, after her having therein hoisted such Signal as aforesaid, before the granting of fuch licence as aforefaid, for the veffel to proceed into the inner harbour, nor before the expiration of Three days from and after the time of her first coming to anchor as aforesaid, between Pagan's Point and Partridge Island, under the penalty and forfeiture of Twenty Pounds, for each and every offence.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons other than a Physician appointed as aforefaid, shall go on board any fuch vessel so coming from any infected place as aforefaid, or having any person on board so infected as aforesaid, after such Signal therein hoisted as aforesaid, and before the granting of fuch licence for the veffel to proceed as aforesaid, and the expiration of the said Three days anchoring as aforesaid, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the next preceding fection, that then and in such case the Master or Commander of fuch veffel for the time being, be authorized and required to keep and detain fuch person or persons aforesaid on board the said vessel, until such licence as aforefaid for the veffel to proceed, be duly granted, and until the expiration of fuch time as shall be directed and appointed by the faid Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, or the major part of them, for the faid veffel to ride quarantine, or to anchor, in case such licence shall be denied; and if any Master permit-Master or Commander of such vessel shall permit sing such person any person or persons, other than the Physician a- vocome on board forefaid, fo to come on board as aforefaid, contrary

No person, except the Physician, to go on under penalty of

Persons going on board before license granted, to be detained on

to forfeit gol,

Any person unlawfully returning, and Master permitting such return, and everry person aiding, to forseit each the sum of 50%. to the prohibitions and provisions aforesaid, and the true intent and meaning of this Act, he shall forseit and pay the fum of Twenty Pounds, for each and every offence. And if any fuch person or persons fo having unlawfully gone on board any fuch veffel as aforefaid, contrary to the prohibitions and provisions aforesaid, and the true intent and meaning of this Act, shall go on shore or depart from the said veffel, before fuch licence as aforefaid shall be granted, or if a licence shall be denied before the expiration of the time appointed as aforefaid, for the faid veffel's anchoring and quarantine aforefaid, then and in fuch cafe, every perfon and perfons so offending as aforefaid, and going on shore or departing from the faid veffel as aforefaid, and the Mafter or Commander of any fuch veffel fo permitting the fame person or persons to go on shore or to depart from the faid veffel, and every other person or perfons aiding or affifting therein, shall for each and every offence feverally forfeit and pay the fum of Fifty Pounds.

Recovery and application of penalties.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all the penalties and forfeitures aforefaid in this Act mentioned, may be profecuted, fued for and recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in the Supreme Court, by any perfon who shall profecute and sue for the same, and shall be divided, one moiety to the person so suing and profecuting, and the other moiety to the use of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint John.

#### CAP. X.

An ACT for defraying the Ordinary Services of the Province, for the Years One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-six, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-seven, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-eight, and One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-nine. Passed the 8th February, 1799.

CAP.

# CAP. XI.

An ACT for RAISING a REVENUE and for APPROPRIATING the fame towards REIMBURSING the Members attending in General Assembly. Paffed the 8th February, 1799. Exp.



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Quadragesimo Primo.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at Fredericton, on the Ninth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-six, and in the Thirty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth; and from thence continued by several prorogations to the Twentieth day of January, One thousand Eight hundred and One; being the fifth Session of the third Assembly convened in the said Province.

#### CAP. I.

An ACT for RAISING a REVENUE in this Province.
Passed the 21st February, 1801. Exp.

#### CAP. II.

An ACT for the rendering JUSTICES of the PEACE See Eng. Stat.

MORE SAFE in the EXECUTION of their OFFICE; and 24Geo. 2.c. 44. for indemnifying Constables and others acting in OBEDIENCE to their Warrants. Passed the 21st February, 1801.

WHEREAS Justices of the Peace are discouraged in the execution of their office by Preamble. 'vexatious actions brought against them for or by reason of small and involuntary errors in their pro-'ceedings; and whereas it is necessary that they 'should be (as far as is consistent with Justice and \*the fafety and liberty of the fubjects over whom 'their authority extends) rendered fafe in the execution of the faid office and trust: And WHEREAS 'it is also necessary that the subjects should be pro-'tected from all wilful and oppressive abuse of the 'feveral Laws and Statutes committed to the care 'and execution of the faid Justices of the Peace;'

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the paffing of No writ or prothis Act, no Writ shall be sued out against, nor any outagainst a Juscopy of any Process at the suit of a subject, shall be tice of the Peace ferved on any Justice of the Peace for any thing by for any thing for any thing by done in the exehim done in the execution of his office, until notice cution of his ofin writing of fuch intended Writ or Process shall fice, until notice have been delivered to him or left at the usual place of his abode, by the attorney or agent for the party who intends to fue or cause the same to be sued out or ferved, at least One calendar Month before the fuing out or ferving the fame; in which notice shall be clearly and explicitly contained, the cause of action which fuch party hath or claimeth to have against such Justice of the Peace; on the back of which notice shall be endorsed the name of such attorney or agent, together with the place of his abode, who shall be intitled to have the fee of Ten Shillings for the preparing and serving such notice, and no more.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may

Month may tender amends,

and plead fuch tender in bar, & any other plea with leave.

In what cafes defendant is to be intitled to costs.

Justice within 1 be lawful to and for such Justice of the Peace at any time within One calendar Month after fuch notice given as aforefaid, to tender amends to the party complaining, or to his or her agent or attorney, and in case the same is not accepted, to plead fuch tender in bar to any action to be brought against him, grounded on such Writ or Process, together with the plea of NOT GUILTY, and any other plea with the leave of the Court; and if upon iffue joined thereon the Jury shall find the amends fo tendered to have been fufficient, then they shall give a verdict for the Defendant, and in fuch case or in case the Plaintiff shall become nonsuit or shall discontinue his or her action, or in cafe Judgment shall be given for fuch Defendant or Defendants, upon demurrer, fuch Justice shall be intitled to the like costs as he would have been intitled unto in case he had pleaded the general iffue only; and if upon issue so joined the Jury shall find that no amends were tendered, or that the same were not sufficient, and also against the Defendant or Defendants on fuch other plea or pleas, then they fhall give a verdict for the Plaintiff and fuch damages as they shall think proper, which he or fhe shall recover, together with his or her costs of fuit.

recover without proof of notice.

III. And be it further enacted, That no fuch Plain Plaintiff not to tiff shall recover any verdict against such Justice in any cafe where the action shall be grounded on any act of the Defendant as Justice of the Peace, unless it is proved upon the trial of fuch action, that fuch notice was given as aforefaid; but in default thereof fuch Justice shall recover a verdict and costs as aforefaid.

Justice may pay money into Court,

IV. And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That in cafe fuch Justice shall neglect to tender any amends, or shall have tendered infussicient amends before the action brought, it shall and may be lawful for him by leave of the Court where fuch action shall depend, at any time before issue joined,

joined, to pay into Court fuch fum of money as he shall see fit; whereupon such proceedings, orders and judgments shall be had, made and given in and by fuch Court, as in other actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay money into Court.

And be it further enacled, That no evidence shall be permitted to be given by the Plaintiff on No evidence to the trial of any fuch action as aforefaid, of any cause begiven or other cause than in the of action except such as is contained in the notice notice.

hereby directed to be given.

And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, No action to be brought against no action shall be brought against any Constable or any Constable, other officer, or against any person or persons act- &c. ing by his order and in his aid, for any thing done in obedience to any warrant under the hand or feal of any Justice of the Peace, until demand hath been made or left at the usual place of his abode by the party or parties intending to bring such action, or rusal and a copy by his, her or their attorney or agent in writing, figned by the party demanding the fame of the perufal and copy of fuch warrant, and the fame hath been refuled or neglected for the space of Six days after fuch demand; and in case after such demand and compliance therewith by flewing the faid warrant to and permitting a copy to be taken thereof by the party demanding the fame, any action shall be brought against such Constable, or other officer, or against such person or persons acting in his aid for any fuch cause as aforesaid, without making the Justice or Justices who figned or fealed the said hor without ma-king Justice a warrant, Defendant or Defendants, that on produc- defendant, ing or proving fuch warrant at the trial of fuch action, the Jury shall give their verdict for the Defendant or Defendants, notwithstanding any defect of jurisdiction in such Justice or Justices, and if such action be brought jointly against such Justice or Justices, and also against such Constable or other officer, or person or persons acting in his or their aid as aforefaid, then on proof of fuch warrant the

be given of other

until demand made of the peof the Warrant,

Costs against Justices.

Jury shall find for such Constable or other officer, and for fuch person or persons so acting as aforefaid, notwithstanding such defect of jurisdiction as aforefaid; and if the verdict shall be given against the Justice or Justices, that in such case the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover his, her or their costs against him or them to be taxed in such manner by the proper officer as to include fuch costs as fuch Plaintiff or Plaintiffs are liable to pay to fuch Defendant or Defendants, for whom fuch verdict shall be found as aforefaid.

certified &c.double costs.

Provided always, That where the Plaintiff Wilful injury in any fuch action against any Justice of the Peace fhall obtain a verdict, in cafe the Judge before whom the cause shall be tried, shall in open Court certify on the back of the Record that the injury for which fuch action was brought, was wilfully and maliciously committed, the Plaintiff shall be intitled to have and receive double costs of suit.

Limitation of actions.

Provided also, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no action shall be brought against any Justice of the Peace for any thing done in the execution of his office, or against any Constable or other officer, or person acting as aforesaid, unless commenced within Six calendar Months after the act committed.

# CAP III.

An ACT to REPEAL all the Acts now in FORCE relating to Trespasses, and for making new Regulations to prevent the same. Passed the 21st of February, 1801.

Preamble.

\*THEREAS the Acts now in force relating to Trespasses are sound inconvenient, and it is necessary that new and further regulations be made to prevent the fame-

I. Be it therefore enacted by the  $oldsymbol{L}$ ieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That an Act made and passed

passed in the Twenty-sixth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for preventing Trespasses," Former Acts reand likewise an Act made and passed in the Thirty- pealed. feventh year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An "Act to alter and amend an Act passed in the "Twenty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intitu-"led, "An Act for preventing Trefpasses," be re-

pealed, and the fame are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Fences dividing improved Lands belonging to any person Division Fences or persons, from improved Lands belonging to any to be erected at the joint expense other person or persons, shall be erected, made and of occupiers, maintained at the joint and equal expence of the occupiers of the faid Lands lying on each fide of fuch Fence or line whereon the Fence is to be erected, on notice from the occupier of any fuch Lands to the occupier of fuch adjoining Lands, which Fence shall be a good, strong and sufficient Fence, to be four feet and not less than Four feet Six inches high. And fix inches high. in case any dispute shall arise between the occupi- Disputes to be ers of fuch Lands on which the faid Fence should determined by be erected, or the particular part or proportion of Fence-Viewers. the Fence to be erected by them, it shall and may be lawful to apply to the nearest Fence-Viewer, who is hereby empowered (notice being given to the parties to attend) to view fuch place where the fame is proposed to be erected, and to determine the part or proportion that it may be equitable each of the occupiers of fuch improved Lands should erect: And if either of the parties, after Ten days notice of the determination of the faid Fence-Viewer, shall not make and erect his proportion of the faid Fence of party, is to in the manner herein before directed, it shall and make the Fence. may be lawful for the Fence-Viewer to make, or cause such part as is deficient to be made, or to authorize the other party to make the fame, the labor in making such Fence to be estimated at Ten Shil- At the rate of lings per day for each day's labor, and recovered 105. per day, to with costs of suit before any Court competent to be recovered try the same, together with all damages that may with costs. try the same, together with all damages that may

Repairs of Fences provided for in fame manner,

to be recovered with damages.

Fees for viewing.

Penalty for neglect of duty.

Justices in General Seffions to make other regulations for pre-venting Trespas-

and respecting Islands, &c.

Cattle, &c. found at large contrary to regulations, owner to forfeit es. for each.

enfue in confequence of the neglect of the person refusing to erect his part of such Fence. And where Fences already made want immediate repair, the faid Fence-Viewer shall, on application, forthwith and at famerate: fummon the parties concerned and view the fame, and also direct such repair to be immediately made; and in case of the refusal or neglect of the party complained of, it shall be lawful for the Fence-Viewer to repair fuch Fence, or direct the person complaining to make fuch repair, the value thereof to be afcertained at the rate above mentioned, and recovered in the manner before directed, together with all damages that may have arifen in confequence of the delinquent refusing immediately to repair fuch Fence. Provided always, That no Fence-Viewer shall be allowed more than Seven Shillings and Six Pence per day for Fence viewing; and if any Fence-Viewer shall, when notified, neglect his duty, he shall for every such offence, forseit the sum of Twenty Shillings, to be recovered with cofts by the person injured; one half thereof to the complainant, and the other half to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the offence is committed.

III. And he it further enacted, That the Justices in their General Sessions of the Peace shall be and are hereby empowered to make fuch other regulations for preventing Trespasses by Horses, Swine, Sheep, Goats and Neat Cattle, as shall be most expedient and agreeable to the nature and circumstances of the feveral Counties, Towns and Parishes. faid Justices are further empowered to make such regulations relating to the Islands and Low Lands in their respective Counties as they may think necessary, and to determine and order what waters or water-Fences shall be necessary and sufficient for the protection of the fame. And if any Horses, Swine, Sheep, Goats or Neat Cattle, shall be found going at large contrary to any regulations fo made, the owner or owners thereof shall forseit and pay to the use of the Poor of the Parish where such Horses,

Swine,

Swine, Sheep, Goats or Neat Cattle, shall be fo found going at large, a Fine not exceeding Five Shillings for each and every of them fo found going at large as aforefaid, to be recovered on com- Recovered on plaint to a Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to hear and determine the same, provided Peace. the faid complaint be profecuted within One Month.

Justice of the

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the owner or occupier of any wood, barren or burned Land, and not under any improvement, but improved Land adjoining to improved or cultivated Lands, shall not not bound to be obliged to erect or make, or maintain any part of the Fence dividing fuch wood, barren, burned or unimproved Land from Lands fo improved or cultivated; any Law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Occupier of un-

V. And be it further enacted, That when any damage shall be done by any Horses, Sheep, Swine, tle, &c. to be Goats or Neat Cattle, by breaking any Field or en- paid by owner, closure fenced as aforesaid, or on the Islands and Low Lands, contrary to any regulations fo made, and destroying the produce thereof, the owner or owners of fuch trespassing Cattle shall pay to the party injured the amount of fuch damages, to be afcertained by appraisement of Three credible Free-holders where such Lands lie, being sworn before a of 3 Freeholders, Justice of the Peace truly and impartially to value under oath. the fame; and any fuch person or persons sustaining fuch injury may impound the faid Horses, Sheep, pounded and ad-Swine, Goats or Neat Cattle, and the Pound-keeper vertifed. shall cause the same to be advertised as soon as may And if the owners thereof shall neglect to pay fuch damages, as also to the Pound-keeper One ing to pay such Shilling per day for keeping each Horse or Neat damages, with Cattle, and Six Pence per day for each Sheep, Fees, within 14 Swine or Goat, with charges of advertifing the same, days, within Fourteen days after the fame shall be impounded, fuch Horfes, Cattle, Sheep, Goats or Swine, Cattle, &c. to ne foldtodefrayfuch shall be publicly fold, or so many of them as may damages & charbe necessary to defray the damages and charges, and ges.

Damages by cat-

Owners neglect-Pound-keeper's

Cattle, &c. to be

Overplus paid to the owner, or if no owner, to the Overseers of the Poor.

the monies arifing from fuch fale, after deducting the damages and charges, shall be paid to the owner or owners thereof: And if no person appears, then to the Overfeers of the Poor, for the use of the Poor of fuch Town or Parish.

tle, &c.

And be it further enacted, That if any person Rescous of Cat- or persons shall rescue any Horses, Cattle, Sheep,

Penalty of-and how recovered.

Goats or Swine, from any Hog-reeve or other perfon whatfoever driving fuch Horfes, Cattle, Sheep. Goats or Swine to Pound, the offender shall forfeit for fuch refcue Twenty Shillings over and above all damages that may be fustained by the trespass, which penalty may be recovered before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, on the Oath of one credible witness, and levied by warrant of distress and fale of the offender's goods. And if any perfon or persons shall make a breach of any Pound, or shall, by any indirect means, deliver any Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Goats or Swine fo impounded, the person or persons so offending and every of them, shall, upon conviction before any two Justices (Quorum Unus) forfeit for every fuch offence Three Pounds; which faid penalties shall be paid and applied one half to the person prosecuting, and the

Pound breach.

Penalty.

Application of penalties.

Every Parish to be provided with

asufficientPound

Pound breach. VII. And be it further enacled, That every Town or Parish shall be provided with a sufficient Pound or Pounds as shall be thought necessary for such Town or Parish, to be fixed in the most convenient fituation as the Justices in their General Sessions shall think sit, and at the expence of the Inhabitants of fuch Town or Parish, to be affessed and collected as other Town or Parish charges are.

other half to the use of the Poor, after deducting

the damages, charges and expence of repairing fuch

### CAP. IV.

An ACT for the better securing the Navigation of Passamaquoddy Bay within Deer Island. Passed the 21st of February, 1801.

HEREAS an Act made and passed in the Thirtyfifth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, Preamble. "An Act to provide for the support of Beacons to "be erected for the better fecuring the Navigation " of Passamaquoddy Bay, and building a Slip in the "harbour of Saint Andrews," has expired. WHEREAS from the monies arising by virtue of the faid Act having been found insufficient to defray the expence of erecting, replacing and keeping in repair the Beacons or Land-marks therein mentioned, it is necessary and expedient that further provifions be made for that purpose, and for paying off the debt contracted by the Commissioners appointed by His Excellency the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR by virtue of the faid Act.

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That it shall and may be Commissioners lawful for fuch Commissioners as His Excellency the to receive all mo-LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR shall appoint, or the major der former Act, part of them, to ask, demand, sue for, and receive and adjust & pay from the Deputy Province Treasurer, for the County all demands on account of Beaof Charlotte, his heirs or executors, or any other cons, &c, perion or perions, all fuch fum or fums of money as he or they may have received or may have become indebted for by virtue of the faid Act, and also to examine, adjust, settle and pay off, all demands arising in consequence of the erecting, replacing or keeping in repair fuch Beacons or Landmarks.

nies collectedun-

II. And be it further enacted, That the Beacons or Land-marks to be erected, replaced or kept in repair, shall be at the following places, viz.—one on the Sand-spit, called Sandy Island, a second on the extremity of Indian Point, and a third on the Southeastern point of Saint Andrew's Island.

Beacons where to be erecled.

Duties granted for the building and support of such Beacons.

And be it further enacted, That from and after the time it shall be certified under the hands of the Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas. or the major part of them, to the Deputy Province Treasurer for the said County, that such Beacons are erected as aforefaid, there be and hereby are granted to His Majesty, his heirs and successors, for the building, replacing and support of such Beacons, the following duties of tonnage on all inward bound veffels entering Passamaquoddy Bay within Deer Island, of the following description and at the following rates, viz.—On all veffels, coafting craft excepted, One Halfpenny per ton for every ton they respectively admeasure agreeable to register; and on all coafting veffels, One Shilling and Three Pence for each time they arrive in Passamaquoddy Bay, within *Deer Island* aforefaid.

Master of vessel neglecting to pay duties, liable to penalty.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Master of such ship or vessel who shall resuse or neglect to call upon the Deputy Province Treasurer and pay to him such tonnage within Forty-eight hours after his arrival, shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding Five Pounds, to be sued for and recovered before any two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and applied for the purpose of erecting or supporting such Beacons.

Commissioners to receive neat proceeds of duties to be collected by Deputy-Treasurer. V. And be it further enacled, That the Commissioners to be appointed as aforesaid to superintend and compleat the erecting of the said Beacons, or the major part of them, shall have power and authority to call upon the Deputy Province Treasurer for such sum or sums of money as he shall from time to time have collected, excepting the amount of sive per cent. which it shall be lawful for such Deputy Treasurer to retain in sull for his trouble in collecting the same.

And account for the fame. VI. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners shall, at the first Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the faid County of Charlotte, yearly render an account to the Justices of the said Sessions

of the monies from time to time received and expended by them under this Act, and shall also on paying off the debt at prefent incurred, and compleating the faid Beacons pay the balance, if any remaining in their hands, into the County Treasury, for the purpose of defraying the expences of keep-

ing in repair or replacing fuch Beacons.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall take away, cut down, destroy or de- Persons convictface either of the faid Beacons, fuch offender or offenders shall on due conviction thereof, by the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before any two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, forfeit and pay a fum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, not exceeding to be applied as aforefaid, and on failure of pay- 20%. ment thereof or want of goods and chattels whereon to levy, fuch offender or offenders shall be committed by fuch Justices to the County Gaol for a fpace not exceeding Three Months.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall Limitation of the continue and be in force for the term of Five years At.

and no longer.

ed of destroying or defacing Bea-

liable to penalty

### CAP. V.

An ACT for the support and relief of confined DEBTORS. Passed the 21st of February, 1801.

HEREAS an Act made and passed in the Thirty-ninth year of His Majesty's reign, in- Preamble. tituled, "An Act in amendment of an Act made and "passed in the Thirty-sirst year of His Majesty's "reign, intituled, 'An Act for the support and re-"lief of confined Debtors;" and also the Act therein referred to, are near expiring: And WHERFAS the Support and relief intended by the faid Act has been found expedient and necessary-

I. Be it therefore enacted by the  $oldsymbol{L}$ ieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That whenever any perfon committed to any Gaol in this Province for debt debts not exceed-ing 2006, not 3.

themselves, to apply to Judge of Sup. Court, or Inf. Court of Com. Pleas, for relief.

Judge, after notice to creditor, to examine debtor, or witnesses, on oath, and, if debtor be found unable, &c. to order creditor to pay weekly fum for his support.

In default of which payment, debtor to be difcharged.

Proviso; creditor not barred from proceeding against debtor's estate and effects.

ble to support not exceeding Two hundred Pounds, at the suit of any Creditor, shall be incapable to provide or fecure their necessary support, it shall and may be lawful for fuch Debtor, after Fourteen days confinement, to make application to any Judge of the Supreme Court or Justice of the Court of Common Pleas of the County where fuch Debtor shall be confined, for a weekly support or maintenance: And fuch Judge or Justice, after Fourteen days previous notice to fuch Creditor or his Attorney, shall examine on Oath fuch confined Debtor or any witness produced, as to the ability of such Debtor to fupport him or herfelf, and if on examination, to be taken in writing on Oath as aforefaid, which shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court out of which the Process issued, it shall appear to such Judge or Justice, that such Debtor is utterly unable to support him or herself, it shall and may be lawful for fuch Judge or Justice to make an order for fuch Creditor to pay fuch Debtor a weekly fum to be applied for the support of such Debtor, which fum shall be paid weekly, and from the First day of November until the last day of March, shall be Three Shillings and Six Pence per week, and the remainder of the year Two Shillings and Six Pence per week; and after fuch order it shall be the duty of fuch Creditor to pay fuch weekly support, and in case of failure thereof, it shall and may be lawful for any fuch Judge or Justice as aforesaid, on such failure being made known to him, to make an order under his hand and feal to the Sheriff or Gaoler to discharge the said Debtor out of confinement. Provided that nothing in this Act shall prevent such Creditor from profecuting his fuit (if on mesne Process) to final Judgment, or from taking out his Fieri Facias against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of fuch Debtor in the same manner as if no application or order had been made in manner aforefaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That every person wha

who shall be convicted of making or taking a false Oath to any of the facts herein before directed or Persons making required to be fworn, shall be deemed guilty of per- of perjury. jury, and shall be liable to the pains and penalties to which persons are liable for wilful and corrupt perjury.

falle oath, guilty

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall Limitation of the continue and be in force Five Years and no longer.

# CAP. VI.

An ACT for ERECTING a COURT-HOUSE and GAOL Refer to 26Gco. in the County of WESTMORLAND, and for ALTER- 3. c. 1. \ 10. ING the Shire-Town of the faid County. the 21st of February, 1801.

THEREAS the Court-House and Gaol in the Preamble. County of Westmorland have been lately. confumed by Fire, and the place where the fame flood is not in a centrical fituation for the accommodation of the Inhabitants-

I. Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That after the passing of Dorchester made this Act, the Town of Dorchester shall be the Shire- the Shire-Town. Town of the faid County, where all the Courts of Record shall be held instead of the Town of Westmorland in the fame County:

II. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace in and for the faid County, at the next ral Sessions, to or any future General Seffions, be and they are here- contract for builby authorized and empowered, or the major part of ding a Gaol and Court-House, them, to contract and agree with able and fufficient. workmen for building and finishing a public Court-House and Gaol near the Brook by John Kieller's dwelling-house, or to appoint Contractors for that purpole for fuch fum or fums of money as to them shall feem meet, and to apportion and affess such and affess the new fum or fums as may be necessary upon the respective fums uptive Towns or Parishes in the said County, and by on the respective Towns or Pacing Towns or P warrant under the hand and feal of fuch Justices or rifles.

the major part of them, to be directed to the Asselfors of the feveral and respective Towns or Parishes, order fuch Affesfors to apportion and affess on their respective Towns or Parishes their respective quota or proportion to be paid by the feveral and respective Inhabitants of fuch Town or Parish, and such as by Law are liable to be taxed as they in their difcretion shall think just and reasonable, and the said Justices as aforesaid shall appoint such Collectors in the respective Towns or Parishes, as they shall think fit, who shall be sworn to a faithful discharge of their duty, and in case of resusal after notice of such appointment, every Collector fo refusing shall be subject to the penalty of Five Pounds, and in case of death or refufal another Collector may be appointed in his stead, at any General or Special Sessions, who shall be subject to the same penalty in case of resufal to accept fuch appointment.

and appoint Collectors.

Collectors refufing to ferve liable to a fine of 5%.

Assessing Assessing duty to forfeit 51.

Collector, after 10 days notice, & neglect to pay, to proceed, and by warrant of 2 Justices, to make distress & fale of goods to amount of fum affessed.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any Affessor or Affessors shall neglect or resuse to make such affessors or resuse of the fame County the sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered by bill, plaint or information with cost of suit in any Court proper to try the same.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of every such Collector appointed as aforesaid, within Ten days after receiving his warrant of Assessment, to give notice to the several persons contained in his list respectively, of the several sums on them affessed, and in case any person so notified shall resuse or neglect for other Ten days, it shall be the duty of such Collector forthwith to collect the sums so affessed, and by warrant under the hand and seal of any two Justices of the Peace for the said County, to make distress on the goods and chattels of such person or persons resusing, and within Ten days thereafter shall make sale of such distress to the amount of such assessment with costs, rendering

the

the overplus, if any there be, to the owner or owners thereof.

And be it further enacted, That every fuch V. Collector shall forthwith pay over the monies by Monies collecthim collected to the Treasurer of the County, de- ed to be paid to County Treasuducting five per cent. for collection; and in case rer, deducting any Collector shall neglect or refuse to make such per cent. collection, or when collected shall neglect or refuse to pay the fame to the County Treasurer, every such delinquent Collector shall incur the penalty of Five Pounds per month, to be paid to the County Trea- lector to forfeit furer, who may fue for the same penalty before any 51. per Month. two Justices, who shall on conviction issue their warrant against the goods and chattels of such delinquent.

C. 7.

Delinquent Col-

And be it further enacted, That until a good and sufficient Gaol shall be erected in the said Coun- is erected Felons ty, it shall be lawful to fend any Felon to the Gaol may be sent to in the City of Saint John, provided that no cost or the Gaol of St. 70hn. charge be incurred by the City or County of Saint John upon fuch commitment.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all penalties to be incurred by this Act shall be applied for the Penalties purpose of the building of the said Court-House applied. and Gaol.

# CAP. VII.

An ACT to CONTINUE an Act made and passed in the Thirty-fixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act for regulating, laying out and Refer to 36Geo. "repairing Highways and Roads, and for appoint- 3. c. 7. and 37. Geo. 3. c. 6. "ing Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways " within the feveral Towns or Parishes in this Pro-"vince, and for fuspending for a limited time all "the Laws now in force relating to the fame." Passed the 21st of February, 1801.

**)** E it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That an Act made and passed in former all continued for five the Thirty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intitu- years.

led.

led, "An A&t for regulating, laying out and re"pairing Highways and Roads, and for appoint"ing Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways
"within the several Towns or Parishes in this Pro"vince, and for suspending for a limited time all
"the Laws now in force relating to the same" be
continued; and the same is hereby continued and
declared to be in sull force for the term of Five
Years and no longer.

### CAP. VIII.

An ACT for the further and better SUPPORT of the POOR in the City of SAINT JOHN. Paffed the 21st of February, 1801.

Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of St. John, authorized annually to lay a tax on Dogs.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty in the City of Saint John be, and they are hereby authorized, yearly and every year during the continuance of this Act, to lay a Tax upon Dogs; to be levied upon the owners of the same living within the limits of the said City, and collected in such manner as the Corporation of the said City by Law or Ordinance shall appoint: Which said Tax shall be appropriated and applied for the support of the Poor, and to no other purpose whatsoever. Provided that such Tax shall not amount to more than Five Shillings for any one Dog.

not to exceed 5s.

Limitation.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force for Five Years and no longer.

# CAP. IX.

An ACT for PRESERVING the BANK of the River SAINT JOHN, in front of the Parish of LINCOLN, in the County of SUNBURY. Passed the 21st of February, 1801.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the pasturing of Neat Cattle, Horses, Sheep, Goats or Swine, in the Spring and during

during the Summer feafon, on the flope of the Bank of the River Saint John, along the Intervale Lands in the Parish of Lincoln, both prevents the growth and occasions the destruction of bushes, which contribute greatly to bind the foil and preferve it from

being washed away during the Freshes.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the paffing of Intervale Land this Act, every person who pastures Intervale Land fenced on River in the faid Parish or any part thereof fronting on the faid River, shall keep up a Fence along the front of the Land fo pastured of the legal height, or at least sufficient to confine his Neat Cattle, Horses, Sheep, Goats or Swine within the fame; and that if he do neglect to keep up fuch Fence as aforefaid, Owner neglecthis Neat Cattle, Horses, Sheep, Goats or Swine, shall ing his cattle, be liable when found trespassing on the slope of the on slope of the faid Bank, to be impounded and dealt by according to the provisions of an Act made and passed this present Session, intituled, "An Act to repeal all the "Acts now in force relating to Trespasses, and for "making new regulations to prevent the fame:" And whereas Horses and Cattle frequently go from Fredericton and other places, down on a long and Preamble. narrow tongue of low Intervale Land extending to and terminating at the mouth of the River Oromocto, and from thence spread along the Bank of the aforefaid River Saint John, throughout the extent of the faid Parish-

II. Be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Highways in the faid Parish shall, from and after Gate to be crestthe paffing of this Act, be empowered, and they are hereby directed, to erect one strong Swing-Gate a- Wilmet's loss; crofs the public Road on the Upland adjoining to the faid tongue of Intervale, either on the Lot now belonging to Thomas Knox, Efg. or on that now belonging to and occupied by Lemuel Wilmot, Efq. as to them in their discretion shall seem most convenient, and to keep the fame in repair; the ex- And repaired at pence of which erection and repairs they are hereby ers of the lands. authorized

&c. trespassing Bank, to be impounded, &c.

ed across the road on Knox's or

expence of own-

authorized to defray by ordering an affeffment to be made for the faid purposes, on the owners or occupiers of the faid Lands as above described, by the Parish Assessors.

persons between the First day of May and the First

day of September, shall block up and fasten or prop

open the faid Gate and fo leave the fame, under the

penalty of Ten Shillings; or wantonly or maliciously take down or destroy the said Gate, under the pe-

nalty of Three Pounds, to be recovered upon con-

viction before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the faid County, upon the Oath of

one or more credible witness or witnesses, and to be levied by warrant of diffress and sale of the offender's goods, under the hand and feal of fuch Juffice, rendering the overplus, if any, after deducting the costs and charges of the distress and sale to the offender; which penalty and forfeiture shall be appli-

ed to the erection, maintaining and keeping of the faid Gate in repair, and shall be paid into the hands of the Commissioners of Highways for the said Parish for the said purpose: And such offender or offenders shall be further liable to an action of Tres-

And be it further enacted, That no person or

Not to be blocked up, nor propt open on penalty **o**f 108.

nor destroyed on penalty of 31.

Penalties how secovered,

and applied.

pass for any damages sustained thereby. IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall

Limitation of the continue and remain in force for Five Years and no. longer.

## CAP. X.

An ACT to CONTINUE an Act, intituled, "An Act " for preserving the Bank of the River Saint "JOHN, in front of the Parishes of MAUGERVILLE, "SHEFFIELD and WATERBOROUGH." Paffed the 21st of February, 1801.

Former act continued for four years,

BE it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That an Act, intituled. "An Act and Assembly, That an Act, intituled, "An Act "for preferring the Bank of the River Saint John,

"in

"in front of the Parishes of Maugerville, Sheffield "and Waterborough," made and passed in the Thirty-fourth year of His present Majesty's reign, be continued; and the same is hereby continued and declared and enacted to be in full force for the term of Four Years and no longer.

# CAP. XI.

An ACT to EMPOWER the JUSTICES of the PEACE for the County of YORK, to make fuch Regulations respecting the WINTER ROADS in that County as may be found necessary. Passed the 21st of February, 1801.

# CAP. XII.

An ACT for APPROPRIATING certain Monies for Defraying the Expences of the Province. Passed the 21st of February, 1801. Exp.

# CAP. XIII.

An ACT for GRANTING certain SUMS for repairing and laying out ROADS. Passed the 21st of February, 1801.



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Quadragesimo Secundo.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at Fredericton, on the Ninth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Seven hundred and Ninety-six, and in the Thirty-sixth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth; and from thence continued by several prorogations to the Twenty-sixth day of January, One thousand Eight hundred and Two; being the sixth Session of the third Assembly convened in the said Province.

## CAP. I.

An ACT for REGULATING the MILITIA. Passed the 5th of March, 1802. Rep.

# CAP. II.

An ACT for ALTERING the TIMES of holding the Refer to 31 Geo. Inferior Court of Common Pleas and General 3.c. 9.&35Geo. Sessions of the Peace for the County of King's. Paffed the 5th of March, 1802.

THEREAS the Times appointed for holding the Courts of General Seffions of the Peace and Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the County of King's, has been found inconvenient; for remedy thereof-

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That the faid Courts shall hereafter be holden on the first Tuesday in March, instead of the SECOND Tuesday in February, in each and every year.

### CAP. III.

An ACT for ALTERING the TIMES of holding the Refer to 31 Geo. Courts of General Seffions of the Peace and Com- 3.c. 9. & 35 Geo. mon Pleas in the County of WESTMORLAND. Passed the 5th of March, 1802.

THEREAS the Times for holding the Court of General Seffions of the Peace and Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the County of Westmorland, have been inconvenient—

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That the faid Courts shall be here- Courts to be holafter holden on the SECOND Tuesdays in June and den in June and December in each year, at which Terms the Juries shall be summoned to attend, and the additional Terms or return Courts of the faid Court of Com- Return Terms in mon Pleas, shall be holden on the SECOND Tuesdays March and Sepin March and September in each year, any Law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Process fhall abate or be discontinued by reason of the alteration of the said Terms, but shall and may be of the alteration.

December.

Q q

proceeded

proceeded upon, heard and determined at the times herein appointed, in the fame manner as they might have been proceeded upon had no alteration been made.

Parish officers to be appointed in December.

III. And be it further enacted, That the feveral and respective Town and Parish officers shall annually be appointed on the SECOND Tuesday in December, any Law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

### CAP. IV.

An ACT to RENDER Persons convicted of Petty LARCENY, competent WITNESSES. Paffed the 5th of March, 1802.

THEREAS Persons convicted of Grand Larceny are by their Punishment restored to their credit as witnesses, but Persons convicted of Petty Larceny are rendered and remain wholly incompetent to be examined as witneffes-

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That from and after the paffing of this Act, no person shall be an incompetent witness by reason of a conviction for Petty Larcenv.

# CAP. V.

An ACT for the EASY and SPEEDY Recovery of SMALL Debts, and for regulating the proceedings there-Passed the 5th of March, 1802.

 $\mathbf{B}^{E}$  it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That all actions wherein the Sum or matter in demand shall not exceed Five Pounds, shall be heard and determined before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the respective Counties of this Province, and no other Court shall hold Plea or Jurisdiction of the same, and that the ordinary Process shall be by summons under the hand and feal of fuch Justice directed to to be by Sum- the Constable of the Town or Parish where the Defendant

Actions for fums not exceeding 51. to be heard and determined before one Justice of the Peace.

fendant shall reside, which Process shall express the mons directed to time and place of appearance and cause of action, Constable; and shall be served at least Six days before the time of trial, and fuch fervice shall be by reading the fame in the Defendant's hearing, or by leaving a days before trial. true and attested copy thereof at the Defendant's usual place of abode.

And be it further enacted, That every Constable shall indorse on such Process a true return of the fervice thereof, and make return of the summons to Trial to be by the the Justice who issued the same; and upon such Justice, return the Justice shall proceed to hear the parties and their proofs and evidences, and give fuch Judgment thereon as to him shall appear just and equitable, unless the Defendant two days before such table, unless the Defendant two days before fuch trial shall give notice to such Justice that he shall demand a Jury, put fuch cause to iffue by a Jury, in which case the Justice shall issue a Venire to a Constable, commanding him to fummon Three good and lawful Free-then, three men holders, who shall be in no wife of kin to either of to be summoned for a Jury, the parties to make a Jury for the trial of the action, and if any legal challenge be made to any or either of them for fuch trial, the Constable shall summon liable to chalanother or others in his or their flead, which Jury fhall be fworn to try the iffue and give their verdict, and the verdict fo given shall be conclusive, and Judgment rendered thereon as i a trial before a Verdict to be conclusive, &c. Court of Record, and the witnesses shall in like manner be fworn to give their evidence in the usual Witnesses to be manner; and upon every trial the Defendants shall be allowed to fet off any account or demand they Defendant almay have against the debt or demand of the Plain- lowed set off. tiff, and if upon any trial it shall be found that the Plaintiff is indebted to the Defendant, judgment If Plaintiff is found indebted, shall be rendered in favour of the Desendant for the Judgment to be fum found due and execution issued thereon, pro- for Desendant. vided the fame shall not exceed Five Pounds.

And be it further enacted, That no person No Counsel alwhatfoever shall be permitted by any Justice to pro- lowed, without fecute, defend, plead or counsel in any suit or ac-abjuring Fees.

lenge.

tion to be tried by virtue of this Act, to which fuch person is not a party, unless such person so offering or appearing to prosecute, defend, plead or give counsel as asoresaid, shall previously swear before such Justice that he has not received or taken any see or reward for the same either directly or indirectly, nor any other person to or for his use, and that he will not directly or indirectly, receive or take any see or reward for the same, either by himself or by any other person to or for his use.

Penalty on Jurors or Witneffes for not appearing, &c. IV. And be it further enacted, That every person impannelled as a Juror or subprenaed as a witness, who shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to serve, or to give evidence in any such action, shall forfeit and pay for every such default or resusal (unless some reasonable cause be proved on Oath to the satisfaction of the said Court) such sine or sines, not exceeding the sum of Ten Shillings, as the said Court shall think reasonable to impose.

On affidavit that a Debtor is about to abscond, Justice may issue a Capias.

And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall appear to any Justice upon affidavit that any Debtor in a fum not exceeding Five Pounds, shall be about to abfcond, or that the Creditor is in danger of losing his debt, fuch Justice shall issue a Capias against the body of such Debtor, and order the Constable to take bail for the fum fworn to; and it shall be the duty of the Constable to take the body of fuch Defendant if found in his Parish, and take fecurity for fuch Debtor's appearance at the time and place specified in the writ; and in case the Debtor shall refuse to give such security, it shall be lawful for the Constable by mittimus signed by any Justice of the Peace, to commit such Debtor to the Gaol of the County, and the Keeper of fuch Gaol shall retain such Debtor in custody till discharged by order of Law.

Defendant to be held to bail.

or be committed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace holding a Court for the trial of causes by virtue of this Act, shall keep a book in which he shall fairly enter all causes, whether tried before himself

Justice to enter all causes, &c.

himself or with a Jury; and all Judgments entered on default of the Defendant's appearance, in which case he shall assess the damages or debt as shall appear to him just; and whenever it shall appear to him that Justice cannot be done for want of some material witness, such Justice may in his discretion upon affidavit adjourn the hearing of the cause until fuch witness may be had, if the party has used all proper diligence to procure the fame (not exceeding Three Months) and if the application for fuch adjournment be on the part of the Defendant, such Justice at his discretion may grant it upon such Defendant putting in good Bail to abide final Judgment; and no Justice shall in any case admit the Oath of either party or any affidavit taken exparte, consent. unless both parties agree to admit such evidence.

VII. And be it further enacted, That whenever upon action of trespass the Defendant shall justify on plea of title, the Defendant shall commit such plea defendant pleads of justification to writing, and the same shall be figned and the Justice shall countersign the same, and deliver the plea to the Plaintiff, and the Plaintiff may commence an action for such trespass in any Court having cognizance thereof: And if upon fuch trial the Plaintiff recover damages against the Defendant, fuch Defendant or Defendants shall be liable to pay the Plaintiff double costs; and fuch plea before the Justice signed as aforesaid, shall be conclusive evidence that the Defendants relied on their title to justify such trespass; and every Justice to whom fuch plea shall be tendered, before receiving the fame shall require from the Defendants a recognizance with one fufficient furety in the fum of Twenty Pounds, conditioned that if the Plaintiff shall commence an action before the next Court having cognizance thereof for recovery of damages for fuch trespass, such Defendants shall appear and put in special Bail in such Court within Twenty days after the First day of the then next Term of faid Court; and whenever fuch plea shall be ten-

and on judgment by default affefs damages.

May adjourn for . want of witnesses

Oath of Parties or exparte affidavit not to be admitted but by

Proceedings in Trespals, where dered and the Defendants shall not forthwith enter fuch recognizance, the Justice shall proceed in the same manner as if such plea had not been tendered.

No judgment to be reversed for circumstantial error,

Nor removed, without affidavit shewing just cause.

Execution, when flayed by Certiorari, &c.

Costs upon affirmation or reverfal.

Executions to be directed to Conflable.

For want of goods Debtor to be committed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Judgment rendered by virtue of this Act, shall be reversed or fet aside for any circumstantial error where substantial Justice has been done, nor shall any Writ of Error or false Judgment be allowed; nor shall any Certiorari be granted by any Justice of the Supreme Court to remove any Judgment or proceeding by virtue of this Act, unless the party applying for the fame shall within Thirty days after such Judgment make affidavit before fome Justice of the Supreme Court or Commissioner for taking affidavits in that Court, by which affidavit it shall clearly appear that there is just cause for granting a Certiorari to remove fuch Judgment either for error therein or for fome unfair practice of the Justice who tried the cause, which affidavit shall be left with such Justice, allowing fuch Writ that the adverse party may obtain a copy thereof; and any Certiorari granted otherwise shall be void and of no effect; and no execution upon any Judgment shall be stayed by any Certiorari, if the party in whose favor such Judgment shall be rendered shall give sufficient security to restore the debt or Judgment with costs in case such Judgment shall be reversed; and if any Judgment given under this Act be removed into the Supreme Court and be there affirmed, the party in whose favor fuch Judgment shall be rendered shall recover his costs; and if such Judgment be reverfed, the party procuring such Certiorari shall recover their costs.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all executions to be iffued by the Justices respectively, shall be directed to the Constable of the Town or Parish where the Defendant resides, commanding him to levy of the goods and chattels of the Debtor the amount of the Judgment, and for want of such goods and to satisfy his Fees to commit such Debtor to the

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Gaol of fuch County, there to remain until discharged by due order of Law, which execution shall be returnable within Thirty days, and if any Constable Return of Exeshall neglect or refuse to serve such execution or to Constable liable pay the money when collected to the Creditor, such for neglect. Constable shall be liable to an action to be brought by the Creditor in any Court proper to try the fame, provided that no execution shall be issued by any in cases of title Justice in an action where the title to Lands shall to Lands, or afcome in question, or to any action of Assault and fault, or slander. Battery or of Slander.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk's Court in the City of Saint John, shall be authorized St. John, to hold and enabled to hold Plea and take cognizance of all plea of causes causes made cognizable before any Justice of the cognizable before a Justice of the Peace by virtue of this Act, not exceeding the sum the Peace. of Five Pounds; and that nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend to the City of Saint  $J_{0hn}$ , this Section only excepted.

XI. And he it further enacted, That no greater or other costs shall be allowed or taxed in actions Costs. brought by virtue of this Act than the following, to wit, Justices fees—a Summons, Six Pence— Capias and Affidavit, One Shilling-Trial and Judg- Justices Fees. ment, One Shilling—Subpæna, Four Pence—Venire, One Shilling-Execution, Nine Pence-Every Witness subpænaed and sworn, One Shilling-Constable or other proper officer for ferving a Capias or Summons, or ferving an Execution, Mileage, for one Mile or under, One Shilling; for every Mile more, Three Pence—the travel to be computed from the place of the Defendant's abode, or where he shall be found, to the place where the Writ is returnable;—ferving every Execution, for every Pound, Six Pence-Summoning a Jury, One Shilling-Subpæna, Six Pence for less than one Mile, and Three Pence for every other Mile.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall Continuance of continue and be in force for Three Years, and no this Act. longer.

ConflablesFees.

### CAP. VI.

An ACT for aiding and encouraging Parish Schools. Passed the 5th of March, 1802. Obsolete.

### CAP. VII.

Refer to 35 Geo. 3. c. 2.

An ACT in addition to an Act, to regulate the Terms of the Sittings of the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas in this Province, and to enlarge the Jurisdiction of the same, and for the SUMMARY Trial of Actions. Paffed the 5th of March, 1802.

No bail in Inf. Court of Com. Pleas unless action exceed 51.

B E it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That no Defendant shall be held to Bail in any action hereafter to be brought in any Inferior Court of Common Pleas or Mayor's Court in the City of Saint John, unless the Plaintiff's cause of action shall amount to upwards of Five Pounds, and affidavit thereof made and filed as heretofore accustomed.

exceeding 201. Declaration to be inserted in the Writ-And Courts to proceed in a fummary way. No dilatory Plea allowed--& no Judgment reverfed for circumstantial error.

And be it further enacted, That in all actions In actions not hereafter to be brought in the faid Courts wherein the fum or matter in demand shall not exceed Twenty Pounds, the declaration shall be inserted in the Writ, and the faid Courts shall proceed thereon in a fummary way, in the fame manner as is directed in and by the faid A& in matters not exceeding Ten Pounds, in which actions no dilatory plea shall be allowed, and no Judgment shall be reversed or fet aside for any circumstantial error or defect of form or pleading, or rendering Judgment where fubstantial Justice shall appear to have been done.

No action to be removed, unless the sum exceed 20%.

And be it further enacted, That no Defendant or Defendants in any action hereafter to be brought, shall remove such action into the Supreme Court by Habæs Corpus, unless the matter in demand shall exceed Twenty Pounds. Provided always, that ei-After Judgment ther party after Judgment given, may bring a Writ either party may of Error to remove such Judgment into the Supreme Court.

bring a Writ of Error,

IV..

IV. And be it further enacted, That all actions Actions not exhereafter to be brought, wherein the fum or matter be brought in Inf. in demand shall not exceed Twenty Pounds, shall be Court of Comheard and determined in the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the respective Counties, and Mayor's to hold plea of Court in the City of Saint John, and no other Court fame, unless tishall hold Plea or Jurisdiction of the same, unless questioned. the Title to Lands shall come in question.

V. And be it further enacted, That the faid Act, Formeractinfull except where the fame is hereby altered, shall be and continue in full force, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

mon Pleas. No other Court tle to Lands is

force except as hereby altered.

# CAP. VIII.

An ACT for RAISING a REVENUE in this Province, and for APPROPRIATING the same, together with the Monies now in the Treasury. Passed the 5th of March, 1802. Exp.



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Quadragesimo Tertio.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at Fredericton, on the Ninth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Eight hundred and Three, and in the Forty-third year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of the United Kingdom of Great-Britain, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth; being the first Session of the fourth Assembly convened in the said Province.

### CAP. I.

An ACT for TRANSFERRING to and VESTING in the CROWN, such Lands and TENEMENTS of any Person or Body Politic, on which it may be judged suitable and necessary to erect Fortifications, or which may be wanted for other uses of War and Defence, and for ascertaining the value thereof and making compensation for the same to the former Owners. Passed the 16th March, 1803.

Preamble.

HEREAS it is highly reasonable, just and requisite, that His Majesty should be authorized and empowered to resume the Grants of any Lands

Lands or Tenements of the Crown heretofore made, or hereafter to be made and paffed, upon which it may be fuitable and necessary to erect Fortifications and other Military works, or which may be wanted for other uses and purposes of War and Desence; for a valuable confideration to be therefor paid to the owners and occupants according to a just and equal valuation of the fame.

I. Be it therefore enacted by the  $oldsymbol{L}$ ieutenant- $oldsymbol{G}$ overnor, Council and Assembly, That at any time or times Upon represenhereafter, whenever the General or Commander in neral or Com-Chief of His Majesty's forces, or Commanding Royal manding Engi-Engineer in this Province, shall judge it expedient neer, that any lands are wanted for His Majesty's service, and the better security and for military uses, defence of this frontier Territory, to erect Fortifications or other Military works, upon Lands or Tenements granted and belonging to any person or perfons or body politic, or to hold, occupy and poffefs the same for any Military uses and purposes whatfoever, and shall make a representation or suggesttion thereof to this effect to the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Commander in Chief of the Province, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Commander in Chief of The Governor the Province for the time being, if to his wisdom may order writs and discretion it shall appear fit for His Majesty's to be issued, fervice and the security of the Province, to order the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, to iffue a Writ or Writs, in His Majesty's name, directed to the directed to She-Sheriff of the County in which the Lands or Tene- riff, and comments fo required are fituate, and thereby com- manding him to inquire by a Jury manding him, after advertifing his intention Two who are owners Months in the ROYAL GAZETTE, by the Oath of honest or occupants, &c. and lawful men, being Freeholders of his bailiwick, by whom the truth of the matter may be better known, diligently to inquire who is or are the true and rightful owner or owners, occupant or occupants of fuch Lands and Tenements fo required as aforefaid, (if to the faid Jurors he or they may be known) and of every part and parcel thereof, and

and how much the Lands are worth,

and to what damage of O wners it will be, if the fame be refumed by the King.

Inquisition to be returned into Chancery.

The General or Commander in Chief may depofit with the Clerk of the Crown the amount of valuation and damages to be paid under the directions of the Court of Chancery to the Owners, &c.

Inquisition being made and the a-mount of the valuation and damages being deposited with the Clerk of the Crown,

how much the fame Lands and Tenements and every part and parcel thereof are worth, according to a just and true valuation thereof, and of the Estate and interest of the owner or owners therein; and to what damage or what prejudice of the rightful owner or owners, occupant or occupants respectively it will be, if the said Lands and Tenements be resumed by and vested in the King, his heirs and successors: And that the inquisition thereupon distinctly and openly made to the King in his Chancery, under the seal of the said Sheriff, and the seals of those by whom it was made, he send without delay, together with the said Writ.

II. And be it further enacted, That upon all and every fuch inquisition and inquisitions being duly made and returned as aforefaid, it shall and may be lawful for the General or Commander in Chief of His Majesty's forces in this Province for the time being, within Twelve calendar Months next after fuch return, to deposit with the said Clerk of the Crown the amount of fuch valuation and damages by fuch inquisition or inquisitions found, to be paid and applied by him under the orders and directions of the Court of Chancery aforefaid, to fuch person or persons or body politic as shall, by the same inquifition or inquifitions, or other competent evidence appear to the faid Court to be the rightful owner or owners, occupant or occupants of fuch Lands and premifes, or any part and parcel thereof, according to their feveral and respective Estates and interests therein in full payment, compensation and fatisfaction of and for the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That fuch inquifition and inquifitions fo being made and returned as aforefaid, and the amount of the valuation and damages thereby found, being deposited with the Clerk of the Crown as aforefaid, within the time herein limited, for the use of the Proprietor, his heirs or assigns, all the said Lands and premises, in such writ or writs, and inquisition or inquisitions respectively respectively mentioned and described, and every part and parcel thereof, shall thereupon and by virtue of fuch proceedings as aforefaid, revert to and vest in the King, his heirs and successors; and all the right, title, interest and Estate of any person or persons, or body politic whatsoever, of, in, and to the same, shall be thereby conveyed and transferred in the King. to His Majesty, his heirs and successors; who shall thenceforth fland and be feized and poffeffed, and be deemed and adjudged in full and lawful feifin and possession, in right of his Crown, of and in the fame Lands and premifes, with their appurtenances, to all intents, constructions and purposes in the Law, as fully and perfectly as if all perfons, being of full age and capacity, and bodies politic having Estate or interest therein, had by Grant or other Deed, or by fine or recovery or other conveyance of Record, given, granted, bargained, fold, aliened, released and confirmed the same to His said Majesty, his heirs and fucceffors.

The lands to re-

# CAP. II.

An ACT to enable the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace and Inferior Court of COMMON PLEAS in the County of Northumber-LAND, to hold the fame for the present Year, at the Times therein mentioned. Passed the 16th March, 1803. Obsolete.

## CAP. III.

An ACT for ALTERING the Divisions of Four of the WARDS in the City of SAINT JOHN, and for CHANG-ING the mode of Elections within the Two other Wards of the faid City Passed 16th March, 1803.

MYHEREAS fince the granting of the Charter of the City of Saint John, by reason of the removal of many persons from some of the Wards, Preamble. the disproportion of Inhabitants in the several Wards

is at this time very great, and one of the Wards almost entirely depopulated: And whereas many of the Freemen and Inhabitants of the said City, have by Petition, prayed that a remedy may be provided for the evil consequences arising from such changes.

Wards divided by lines drawn from the Harbor to the rear of the City.

King's Ward.

Queen's Ward.

Duke's Ward.

Sidney Ward.

Elections to be held within the Wards as directed by the Charter.

Electors of Guy's Ward & Brook's Ward collectively to choose Aldermen, &c. out of the Inhabitants of either Ward.

Alderman to hold his Court

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That instead of the prefent division of the four Wards of the faid City on the Eastern fide of the harbour, the same Wards be hereafter divided by lines drawn from the harbour to the rear of the faid City as follows, to wit, through the centre of King street, Duke street, and Saint James and Stormont street, and that all that part of the faid City lying to the Northward of King street, be forever hereafter called and known by the name of King's Ward; that all that part of the faid City between King street and Duke street, be forever hereafter called and known by the name of Queen's Ward; that all that part of the faid City lying between Duke street and Saint James and Stormont ftreet, be forever hereafter called and known by the name of Duke's Ward; and that the refidue thereof lying to the Southward of Saint James and Stormont ftreet, be forever hereafter called and known by the name of Sidney Ward. And that the Elections for the Aldermen, Affistants and Constables of the same Wards be held annually within the fame Wards, as in and by this Act divided and bounded, in the fame manner and at the fame times, and under and fubject to the fame regulations and restrictions as are provided by the faid Charter.

II. And be it further enacted, That hereafter it shall and may be lawful for the Electors of Guy's Ward and Brook's Ward collectively, to choose annually at the time appointed by the said Charter, one Alderman, one Assistant and one Constable for each Ward, out of the Freemen, being Inhabitants of either of the said Wards, without regard to the particular Ward as heretofore accustomed: And that for the purpose of such Election, each Alder-

man

man of the faid two Wards shall hold his Court within the Ward to which he belongs, as provided by the faid Charter; and at such Elections respectively every Elector within both of the said Wards, shall be intitled to a vote.

for the Election within the Ward to which he belongs.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the faid Charter of the faid City, and every clause, matter and thing therein contained, except as herein and hereby particularized, altered and amended, shall be and forever remain in full force and effect, any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Charter, except as herein altered to remain in

# CAP. IV.

An ACT in Addition to an Act, intitled, "An Act "for the better ascertaining and confirming the

- "Boundaries of the feveral Counties within this
- "Province, and for Subdividing them into Towns and Parishes." Passed 16th March, 1803.

Refer to 26 Geo. 3. c. 1.

I. Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That a direct line from the northwest corner of the County of Westmorland, until it meets the southwest branch of Miramichi river, where the Portage leading from the river Nashwaack now joins the same, thence by a line running north twenty-two degrees thirty minutes west by the true meridian from the junction of the said Portage, with the said southwest branch of the Miramichi as aforesaid, to the southern boundary of the Province of Lower Canada, shall be deemed the boundary line of the County of Northumberland, and the dividing line between that and the adjoining Counties.

Boundarylinebetween the County of Northumberland, and the adjoining Counties established.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Island of Campo-Bello with its appurtenances in the County of Charlotte, be constituted a distinct Town and Parish, by the name of the Town and Parish of Campo-Bello; any Law or Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

Campo-Bello Ifland made a diftinct Parish.

CAP.

### CAP. V.

Refer to 26Geo. 3. c. 1.

An ACT for execting the upper part of the County of York into a distinct Town and Parish. Passed 16th March, 1803.

the County of York erected into a Parish.

 ${f D}$  E it enacted by the  ${f L}$ ieutenant-Governor, Coun-I cil and Assembly, That all that tract of coun-Upper part of try in the County of York, laying and being above the Towns of Woodstock and Northampton, and extending to the White Marsh, three miles above the Garrifon at *Presque Isle* inclusive, and from the said upper boundary extending a line parallel to the upper boundary of the faid Parishes of Woodstock and Northampton, be and the same is hereby erected and made a diftinct Town and Parish, by the name of the Town and Parish of Wakefield.

And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace for the County of York, at their General Seffions next enfuing, and annually thereafter, shall appoint Town and Parish officers in and for the faid Town and Parish, who shall be under like rules and regulations as other Town and Parish officers in the same County.

Justices at their General Seffions to appoint Parish officers.

## CAP. VI.

An ACT for regulating the Exportation of Butter. Paffed 16th March, 1803.

portation to be packed in Fir-60lb. and made tight.

To be inspected

and branded.

igcup E it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Coun-D cil and Assembly, That all Butter made for Butter for Ex- Exportation, shall be packed in Firkins to contain Sixty pounds weight as near as possible, which Firkins containing kins shall be made of good hard wood seasoned, and shall be made tight with three hoops at each end and bilge, and fufficient to hold pickle, and before any Butter shall be shipped for Exportation, every Firkin shall be inspected by some sworn Inspector, who shall brand each Firkin with the tare thereof, and the quality of the Butter contained therein free of pickle and loofe falt, whether first, second or third quality, with the name of the County where

the same shall be made, and such Inspector shall be Allowance to intitled to receive Three Pence for every Firkin fo the Inspector.

by him inspected.

And be it further enacted, That the Justices at their first General Sessions of the Peace, and annually thereafter, shall and may appoint one or more Inspectors of Butter in each Town where the same shall by them be judged necessary, who shall be tors, who shall fworn to the faithful discharge of their duty, and shall inspect all such Butter as shall be intended for Exportation, and in case of resustant to accept of such office or neglect of duty when reasonably called upon, fuch Inspector shall be subject to the same penalties as other Town or Parish officers by Law are fubject to for neglect of duty, to be recovered and paid to the County Treasurer of such County. And every fuch Inspector shall provide himself with sufficient marks or brands and instruments for the purposes aforesaid, and shall be intitled to receive pay for the same out of the County Treasury.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Butter being in Firkins, shall be deemed merchantable, or shall be fent out of any County, unless such Butter shall have been inspected by a proper Inspector, and if any person or persons shall export for sale any Butter in Firkins without inspection, or being branded or marked as aforefaid, fuch person so offending shall for each Firkin incur the penalty of for each Firkin. Ten Shillings, to be recovered and paid as aforefaid.

Justices at their firstGeneral Seffions, annually to appoint Inspecbe fworn.

Penalty for refufal or neglect of

Inspectors to provide marking instruments.

NoButter deemedmerchantable, unless inspected.

Perfons exporting Butter without being marked, to forfeit 10s.

## CAP. VII.

An ACT to explain and amend an Act, intituled, "An Act for regulating the Exportation of Fish

"and LUMBER, and repealing the Laws now in

"force regulating the fame." Passed the 16th March, 1803.

XYHEREAS some of the regulations contained in the fourth clause of an Act made and past- Preamble. fed in the Thirty-seventh year of His Majesty's reign,

Refer to 37Geo. 3. c. 4.

intitled.

intitled, "An Act for regulating the Exportation of "Fish and Lumber, and for repealing the Laws now "in force regulating the same," are not fully understood; and whereas it is expedient that the allowance to the Surveyors of Lumber directed by the said clause be enlarged.

I. Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council and Assembly, That all the merchantable Spruce and Pine Boards for Exportation, shall be fquare-edged with the Mill-saw.

II. And be it further enacted, That the quantity of Plank allowed by virtue of the faid clause, do not exceed Two hundred feet Board measure, to every Thousand seet of Boards.

III. And be it further enacted, That Surveyors of Lumber shall be allowed One Shilling per Thousand feet for Inspecting and Surveying each Thousand seet of Boards, to be paid by the person purchasing the same.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the faid in part recited Act, except where the fame is hereby explained and amended, be and the fame is hereby declared to be in full force.

# CAP. VIII.

An ACT to CONTINUE fundry Acts of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY that are near expiring. Paffed the 16th March, 1803.

E it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council, and Assembly, That an Act made and passed in the Twenty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Act for Relief against Absconding Debtors;" also an Act made and passed in the Twenty-eighth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Act in "addition to an Act, intitled, "An Act for Relief "against Absconding Debtors;" also an Act made and passed in the Twenty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Act to regulate the Sale of "Goods

Merchantable Boards to be fquare edged.

Quantity of Plank allowed.

Allowance to Surveyors.

Former act con-

Former acts of General Assembly. "Goods fold at Public Auction or Out-cry;" also an Act made and paffed in the Twenty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Act to prevent "Fraud in the Sale of Damaged Goods imported in-"to this Province;" also an Act made and passed in the Twenty-seventh year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Act to authorize the respective Propri-"etors of certain Islands in the River Saint John, "and other Rivers in this Province, to make Rules "and Regulations for their better Improvement and "Cultivation;" and an Act made and passed in the Twenty-eighth year of His Majesty's reign, intitled, "An Act to empower the Justices of the Sessions in "feveral Counties in this Province to make such "Rules and Regulations respecting Markets and "Ferr'es within fuch Counties as may be found ne-"ceffary;" be further continued, and the faid Acts and every claufe, matter and thing therein contained, are hereby continued and declared to be in full force until the First day of April, which will be in years. the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eight, and no longer.

Continued for 5 years.

## CAP. IX.

An ACT for RAISING a REVENUE in this Province.
Passed the 16th March, 1803.

Continued to 1st. April, 1807, by 45 Geo. 3. c. 17.

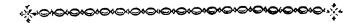
## CAP. X.

An ACT for APPROPRIATING certain Monies for defraying the Expences of the Province. Passed the 16th March, 1803. Exp.

## CAP. XI.

An ACT for granting certain Sums for repairing and LAYING out Roads. Passed 16th March, 1803.

Anno



# Anno Regni GEORGII III. Regis Quadragesimo Quinto.

AT the General Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick, begun and holden at Fredericton, on the Ninth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Eight hundred and Three, and in the Forty-third year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of the United Kingdom of Great-Britain, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth; and from thence continued by several prorogations to the Twenty-ninth day of January, One thousand Eight hundred and Five; being the second Session of the fourth Assembly convened in the said Province.

### CAP. I.

An ACT for the better REGULATING the MILITIA in this Province. Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

WHEREAS a well regulated Militia in this Province will at all times tend not only to the fecurity and defence thereof but to the honor and fervice of His Majesty: And whereas in times of imminent danger either by Invasion or sudden attack made or threatened to be made by His Majesty's enemies on any of His Majesty's subjects within this Province, it may become expedient and necessary

Preamble.

that

that the Militia of the feveral and respective Counties or a part thereof, should be drawn out and embodied and ordered into actual fervice, in which case it will become requisite that due subordination fhould be observed: And whereas the Law now in force is inadequate to these important purpoles;

I. Be it enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That an Act made and passed in the Fortyfecond year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An "Act for regulating the Militia," be, and the fame

is hereby repealed.

And be it further enacled, That from and after the passing of this Act, every male white Inhabitant or refident within this Province, from Sixteen to fixteen to fixty Sixty years of age, shall be enrolled in some Independent Company, or in one of the Regimented districts where Companies of Foot, or Troops of Cavalry, in the district where he dwells or resides, the extent of which district shall be determined by the Colonel or determined by the commanding officer of the Militia of the County, the Colonels. and all Captains or commanding officers of Independent or other Companies or Troops of Cavalry in the feveral Towns or Parishes within the Province, are hereby required to take due care to enroll in a book or register to be kept by them respectively for that purpose, all male white Inhabitants from Sixteen to Sixty years of age; and that once in every year, and oftener if thereunto required, each Captain or commanding officer of a Company shall give the Colones a year. to his Colonel, or in his absence to the next commanding officer of the Regiment, and each Colonel Colonels& Capor next commanding officer of the Regiment, and the Captains or commanding officers of Independent Companies, shall give to the Brigadier-General or other officers commanding Militia brigades in the Province, fair written rolls of their respective Com- Brigadier Genepanies and Regiments, whose duty it shall be to report the same to the Captain-General or Comman- in Chief, der in Chief for the time being.

And be it further enacted, That the Militia fhall

Former A& re-

All male white Inhabitants from be enrolled inthe they reside.

Districts to be

Captains to enroll all white Inhabitants from fixteen to fixty.

Captains to give Rolls of their Companies to the Colonels

tains of Independent Companies to report to the Brigadier Gene-

Militia to be formed into Regiments by Counties. Companies not to exceed Sixty

men. Officers of Companies to appoint Serjeants, &c.

Penalty on noncommissioned officers refusing to ferve.

Militia to be called out by Companies twice a year; and by Regts. or detachments, once a year.

Time and place to be appointed by Colonels or the commanding officers of Regts.

Independent Companies to be called out three times a year,

shall be formed into Regiments by Counties, and that no Regimented or Artillery Company, Independent Company or Troop of Horse, shall consist of more than Sixty men, rank and file, and that the Captain and commissioned officers of each Company shall be, and they are hereby fully empowered to nominate and appoint proper persons to serve as Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers and Fifers, in their respective Companies and Troops, and to displace them and appoint others in their room as they shall And if any non-commissioned officer fee occasion. fo to be appointed shall refuse to accept the office to which he shall be appointed, or after having been appointed shall refuse or neglect to perform such duties as appertain to his office, he shall for such refusal or neglect forfeit and pay the sum of Two Pounds, to be adjudged, levied and disposed of as other Fines and penalties are directed by this  $\Lambda \mathcal{E}t$ .

And be it further enacted, That every Regiment shall be called out and rendezvous by Companies twice in every year, and that every Regiment shall also be called out and rendezvous once in every year by Regiments, or in fuch detachments as the commanding officers of the respective Regiments from local and other circumstances shall judge sit, and direct for the purposes of training, disciplining and improving in martial exercises, the time and place of rendezvous for the Companies, Regiments and detachments to be appointed by the Colonel or commanding officer of the Regiment, and arranged on different days, that the Field and Staff officers may have an opportunity of attending the feveral Companies, Regiments and detachments exercifed in detail, in order to introduce uniformity in the manœuvres and discipline of the Regiment, and that every Independent Company or Independent Troop of Horse shall be called out and rendezvous for the like purposes three times in every year, at such time and place as the Captains or commanding officers of fuch Companies or Troops of Horse shall respectively

tively direct and appoint, of all which feveral and respective days of rendezvous and training, previous of which fifteen notice shall be given in writing by the Captains or given in writing, officers commanding Companies, at least Fifteen and posted up by days, which notice shall be posted up by a non-a non-commiscommissioned officer at three of the most public and conspicuous places within the Parish or district where fuch Company may reside, which notification shall Companies not be deemed a lawful and fufficient warning. Provi- to go more than ded always, that no Company shall be obliged to go their usual renmore than Twelve miles from the usual rendezvous dezvous. of fuch Company.

V. And be it further enacled, That there shall be an Adjutant appointed to each Regiment in the Province, whose duty it shall be to attend at the place Militia to attend of rendezvous of each Company, detachment or Redetachment, or giment, at least once in every year when called out Regimentoncea as aforefaid, then and there to inspect their arms, yearammunition and accoutrements, superintend their arms, &c. and suexercife and manœuvres, and introduce a proper perintendtheexfystem of Military discipline agreeable to such or- ercise. ders as he shall receive from time to time from the Colonel or commanding officer of the Regiment, and do and perform fuch other duties and fervices fuitable for an Adjutant, as the Colonel or commanding officer shall from time to time order and And that every fuch Adjutant shall be al- Allowance to lowed as a full compensation for all the services he the Adjutants, is required to perform by this Act, the sum of Seven 76 per diem. Shillings and Six Pence by the day for every day days to be certihe shall be actually employed as such, the number fied by the Coof days to be certified by the Colonel or commanding officer of the Regiment. Provided that the fum Not to exceed allowed to the Adjutant of the Militia in the County the following of Northward and April not exceed Town P. of Northumberland, shall not exceed Ten Pounds in Northumberland, any one year; the Adjutant of the County of West-fio. morland, shall not exceed the sum of Eight Pounds Westmorland, £8. in any one year; the Adjutant of the City of Saint St. John, £5. John, shall not exceed the sum of Five Pounds in any one year; the Adjutant of the County of Char- Charlotte, £10.

lotte.

King's, [6.

Queen's, £5.

Snnbury, £5.

York, f 10.

Captains of Independent Companies to report to the Colonels once a year,

Invalion, &c. to be under the Colonels during the absence of the Commander in Chief.

Persons called out to appear artred,

under penalty of 205.

Captain's warrant.

lotte, shall not exceed the sum of Ten Pounds in any one year; the Adjutant of the County of King's, shall not exceed the sum of Six Pounds in any one year; the Adjutant of the County of Queen's, shall not exceed the fum of Five Pounds in any one year; the Adjutant of the County of Sunbury, shall not exceed the fum of Five Pounds in any one year; and the Adjutant of the County of York, shall not exceed the fum of Ten Pounds in any one year.

And be it further enacted, That every Captain or officer commanding any Independent Company or Troop of Horfe, shall deliver in each and every year, and oftener if fo required, a copy of his Mufter-Roll to the Colonel or commanding officer of the Regiment or Battalion of the County where fuch Independent Company or Troop of Horse may be, and in case of the Militia of such County or any and in case of part thereof being called out into actual service on account of any Invasion or sudden attack made or command of the threatened to be made by His Majesty's enemies, every fuch Independent Company or Troop of Horse shall in the absence of the Captain-General or Commander in Chief of the Province, be under the immediate command and direction of the Colonel, and in his absence of the next commanding officer of fuch Regiment or Battalion.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every person enrolled as aforefaid shall at all times when called out under and by virtue of this Act, appear with a med and accou- good Musket, Bayonet and Belt, Cartridge-Box, containing Eighteen rounds of fuitable Ball-cartridge, and two fpare Flints, in complete order, and for not appearing with fuch arms, accourrements and ammunition as aforefaid, shall for each and every wilful neglect forfeit and pay the fum of Twenty Shillings, to be levied by diffrefs and fale of the offender's goods by the Captain or commanding to be levied by officer's warrant directed to a Serjeant or Corporal of the Company to which fuch offender belongs, who are respectively empowered to serve and exc-

cute the same, rendering the overplus, if any, after For want of efdeducting the costs and charges of fuch distress and fects whereon to fale to the offender, and if no effects shall be found fender to be senwhereon to levy the faid Fine, such offender shall tenced to hard be fentenced to hard labour or imprisonment not exceeding Ten days, all which Fines shall be appli- exceeding Ten ed to defray the contingent expences of the Regiment or Independent Company to which fuch of- defray continfender may respectively belong. And every com- gencies. missioned officer when called out as aforesaid, shall Officers to apappear with a Sword or Hanger, and for not fo appearing shall forfeit and pay for each and every 40s. neglect the fum of Forty Shillings, to be recovered as aforefaid.

And be it further enacted, That every per-VIII. fon enrolled as aforefaid, who shall refuse or neglect to appear agreeable to the provisions of this Act feit 105. when called upon, shall forfeit the sum of Ten Shillings, or appearing under arms shall refuse or neglect to perform such Military duty as shall be required of him, or shall on the day of muster or training ty, to forfeit 20s. depart from the Company when under arms, without leave from the commanding officer, shall forfeit and pay for each and every offence the fum of Twenty Shillings, to be recovered and applied as Provided always, That the Members of aforefaid. His Majesty's Council, Members of the Assembly, Persons exempt-Justices of the Peace, High Sheriffs, Coroners, licen-enrolled, fed Clergymen, all persons who have held any commission, civil or military, under His Majesty, the Surveyor-General, and the Treasurer of the Province, Officers of His Majesty's Customs, Revenue and Naval officers, Gentlemen of the learned professions, and one Miller to each Grift-Mill, and one Ferryman to each established Ferry, shall be free and exempted Fines how apfrom being enrolled in the Militia in manner herein after mentioned, all which Fines shall be paid into the hands of the Colonel or commanding officer, to defray the contingent expences of the Regiment.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted,

levy the Fine, oflabour or im-Fines applied to

pear with (words

under penalty of

Persons not appearing, to for-

ed from being

Quakers exempted from the ordinary duties of training, &c. on producing certi-

That every person professing himself to be of the people called Quakers, and producing to the Captain or commanding officer of the Company in whose district he resides, a certificate signed by two or more of the principal people of that profession, that fuch person has been deemed and allowed to be one of the people called Quakers for the space of one whole year or more, before the date of the certificate, fuch person so producing such certificate shall be and hereby is exempted from the ordinary duties of training and mustering, unless upon an Invasion or sudden attack made or threatened by the Enemy, as herein after mentioned.

In case of Invafion, Command-Counties may call out the Militia,

and the exempts.

Exempts to be armed, &c.

Where the Colonel cannot be consulted, Officercommanding a district, may litia.

and report to the Colonel, who is

And be it further enacted, That in case of any Invasion or sudden attack made or threatened to be made by the Enemy in any County where the Coming Officers of mander in Chief cannot be immediately confulted, the commanding officer of the Militia in fuch County shall have power if he in his discretion shall think it absolutely necessary or expedient to call out the Militia of fuch County or any part thereof into real fervice, and also the whole or a proportion of those described as exempts in the eighth clause of this A& (licenfed Clergymen, Millers and Ferrymen excepted) which exempts shall appear armed and accoutred as is required of persons serving in the Militia, excepting Physicians and Surgeons, who may appear without arms; and in case of any such Invafion or fudden attack being made or threatened to be made in any Town, Parish or distirict in any County where the Colonel or commanding officer of the Militia of fuch County cannot be immediately confulted, the officer commanding the Militia in fuch Town, Parish or district, shall have power, if he in his discretion shall think it absolutely necessary or expedient to call out the Militia under his command, and also the exempts as asoresaid, or any part thereof into real fervice; and fuch officer last mentioned shall forthwith report his proceedings and the reato fend an ex- fons and grounds thereof to the Colonel or com-

manding

manding officer of the Militia of the County, who presstothe comis hereby required in case he shall call out or con- mander in chief. tinue in real fervice any part of the Militia under his command, forthwith to dispatch an express to the Captain-General or commander in chief for the time being, notifying the danger and the strength and motions of the Enemy, and the faid Colonel or press boats, men commanding officer is hereby empowered to impress and horses. boats, men and horses as the Service may require.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Captain-General or Commander in Chief shall be and he is Commander in Chief may, in hereby authorized and empowered in case of any case of Invasion Invasion or sudden attack made or threatened as a- call out the Miforefaid, to call out the Militia of the feveral Counties or any part thereof into real fervice, as he in his difcretion shall think fit and the exempts as aforesaid.

XII. And be it further enacted; That the Militia or any part thereof, and the exempts as aforefaid fo Militia may be called into real fervice by virtue of the provisions in ordered to march from one county this Act shall and may be ordered to march from to another. one County or part of the Province to another, on any necessary service occasioned by such Invasion or fudden attack made or threatened as aforefaid.

And be it further enacted, That when the Captain-General or Commander in Chief shall direct Militia ordered any part of the Militia or the exempts as aforefaid, vice to be draftof any or either of the Counties to be called out as ed by ballot. aforefaid into real fervice, the part fo called out shall be drafted by ballot from each Company or Troop in exact proportion according to the numbers then fit for duty, which shall be on the Oath of the Captain or commanding officer to the best of his knowledge if required, and on fuch occasions all the perfons within the County in which any part of the company under Militia shall be called out as aforesaid, who are herein before declared to be exempted from being enrolled in the Militia in the manner herein before except Clergymentioned, except licensed Clergymen, one Miller men, Millers, & Ferromen. and one Ferryman to each Mill and Ferry, who shall not have joined or formed themselves into any Company

Colonel may im-

litia of the feveral Counties.

for actual fer-

Exempts to be formed into a the Colonel.

Ferrymen,

drafted.

each person drafted to go himself or find a man in his room, under penalty of 10%.

prifonment.

In case of resulal another to be drafted, who shall have half the fine the fame penalty for refusal.

No person to be twice drafted'till all the company have been drafted.

Any person under arms, &c. on actual fervice guilty of disobedience of orders, behaviour,

if an officer, to be tried by a Getial & broke,

non commissionvate to be confined & tried by a regimental

Company as aforefaid, shall be formed into a Company under the direction of the Colonel or comand liable to be manding officer of the Militia in fuch County, and shall be liable to the same draft by ballot as any other Company in fuch County, in proportion to their numbers then fit for duty as aforesaid, and each and every person so drafted shall go in his own proper person or find a good man in his room, and for his neglect or disobedience herein he shall be confined by the commanding officer, and shall pay a or 3 months im- fine of Ten Pounds or remain in Gaol three months, and another man shall be drafted as aforesaid to march in his place, who shall have half of the said fine if he shall not refuse or neglect to go or find a good man in his room as aforefaid, but if he shall fo neglect or refuse then he shall be subject to the like fine and a further draft shall be made of another & be subject to man who shall have half of the fine last mentioned. if he shall not neglect or refuse to go or find a good man in his room as aforefaid, and fo as often as fuch case shall happen. Provided always, That in case any part of the Militia or exempts as aforefaid in any County shall be called out more than once, no person who has been once drafted as aforesaid shall be again drafted until all the others belonging to the fame Company shall have been drafted.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any officer, non-commissioned officer or private of the Militia or exempts as aforefaid under arms for real fervice on a march or on guard, or that shall be ordered or contemptuous for any of the duties or fervices herein before mentioned, shall disobey orders or neglect doing his duty, or fhall fhew any contemptuous behaviour towards his fuperior officer, if an officer he shall on neral court-mar- conviction thereof before a general court-martial to be constituted and appointed as herein after directed, be cashiered by the sentence of such court-mared officer or pri-tial, if a non-commissioned officer or private, he shall be confined by the commanding officer of the party or guard, and it shall be lawful for the commanding

officer

officer of the Regiment or of any party or command, court-martial, not under the degree of a Captain, to order a Re- (which must gimental court-martial to be forthwith held for the three officers) & triad of fuch offender, the faid court martial to trial of fuch offender, the faid court-martial to con- fined 40s. fift of three commissioned officers at least, but where they can be had of five, who may give judgment by which, if he neg-lest or refuse to laying a fine on fuch offender in any fum not ex- pay he shall be ceeding Forty Shillings, which fine fo ordered by fentenced to hard the court-martial if he neglect or refuse to pay, the forment not exfaid offender shall be sentenced to imprisonment or ceeding 10 days. hard labour for any term not exceeding Ten days. No fentence to Provided always, nevertheless, that no sentence of a be put in execu-Regimental court-martial shall be put in execution tion till approved of by the officer ordering such court-cer ordering martial, and no officer being the accuser shall sit as Court. a member.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any officer, non-commissioned officer or private of the Militia or confined & tried exempts as aforefaid, shall in the Field or upon a by a general march or in quarters on actual fervice, defert the court-martial, Troop, Company or command to which he belongs, or shall disobey orders, if a commissioned officer, he shall be put under arrest by the commanding officer, if a non-commissioned officer or private he shall be fent to the next county Gaol or other Gaol as foon as convenient, and it shall and may be lawful for bywarrant under the Captain-General or Commander in Chief of the hand and feal of Province to order a general court-martial by a war- in chief, rant under his hand and feal, for the trial of fuch offender as speedily as the service will admit, which court-martial shall not consist of a less number than to consist of 13 Thirteen commissioned officers of the Militia, and officers, the President of such court-martial shall not be under the degree of a Field-officer, and there shall be be a Fieldofficer as many Captains as conveniently can be had, the eldest Subalterns to make up the number. And that fuch court-martial shall have power to administer an Court may ad-Oath to any witness in order to the examination or minister Oaths, trial of fuch of the above offences as shall come be- and may punish fore them, and shall also have power to punish by by fine, not ex-

fine

imprisonment not exceeding 6 months.

ceeding 201 and fine and imprisonment, the fine not to exceed Twenty Pounds, nor the imprisonment to be more than Six Months; all which fines not herein before otherwife disposed of shall be appropriated to such Military uses as the Captain-General or Commander in Chief of the Province for the time being shall think

Court to be fworn.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, Members of the That in all trials by general courts-martial every officer before any proceeding be had shall take the following Oath, and the Judge Advocate is hereby authorized to administer the same.-

> "You shall well and truly try and determine, according to your evidence in the matter now before you, between our Sovereign Lord the King's Majesty and the prisoner to be tried.

And the Captain-General or Commander in Chief Commander in of the Province shall have power to appoint any fit Chiefto appoint person to act as Judge Advocate at any such geneeate, who shall ral court-martial, who shall be allowed for his servireceive 10s. per ces Ten Shillings per day during the time he shall be actually employed in fuch fervice.

a Judge Advo-

No fentence to

Militia called

out on actual fervice tobepaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no fentence be put in execu- of any fuch general court-martial shall be put in extion till approve ecution before the same be approved by the Captained of by the commander in chief. General or Commander in Chief for the time being. XVIII.

And be it further enacted, That when any part of the Militia shall be ordered to march from one part of the Province to another on real fervice as aforefaid, or shall be called out as aforefaid to do actual duty on real fervice within any Town or County in this Province, there shall be allowed and paid to the commissioned and non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men for fo long time as they shall remain on such service, at and after the rates following, that is to fay—to the commissioned officers after the same rate as officers of the like rank in His Majesty's troops; to every Serjeant, One Shilling and Six Pence per day; to every Corporal, One Shilling and Three Pence per day;

to every Drummer and Fifer, One Shilling and Three Pence per day; and to every Private, One Shilling per day.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in any County of the Province exposed and subject to the at- In Counties extacks of an Enemy by water, where the same shall be by water, the Cofound absolutely necessary, it shall and may be law- lone may proful for the Colonel or commanding officer of the Militia in fuch County to provide and furnish at the expence of the Province fuch and fo many armed Boats not exceeding Two, without the confent and approbation of the Captain-General or Commander fent of the comin Chief of the Province, as shall be necessary for mander in chief. the protection and defence of the places to exposed, which Boats shall be under the conduct and direction of fuch Colonel or commanding officer of the Militia in fuch County.

XX. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Colonel or commanding officer of the Militia in any ceffary to go in County where fuch Boats are provided, shall find it the boats. necessary to order the Boats fo provided to proceed in repelling the Enemy, or to the affiftance of any neighbouring district or place, the Militia of such County shall on the orders of such commanding officer proceed in fuch Boats accordingly.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases Incase of Invasiowhere it shall be found necessary on account of any on the Freeblacks Invasion or sudden attack of the Enemy made or to be formed into threatened as aforefaid, to call into real fervice any drafted to ferve part of the Militia in any County, it shall and may as Pioneers to the be lawful for the Colonel or commanding officer Militia, and be intitled to the of the Militia in fuch County to cause all the free like pay. male Blacks or people of colour between Sixteen and Sixty years of age to be formed into Companies as nearly as may be of the fame strength with the Regimented Companies in the County, and to appoint non-commissioned officers thereto, from which Company or Companies shall be drafted by ballot as aforefaid, a proportion exactly according to their numbers then fit for duty, and that the persons so

vide armed

not more than two without con-

Militia when ne-

companies, and

drafted shall serve as Pioneers with the Militia so called out, and shall be intitled to the like pay.

vernment, being fold, disposed of, or conveyed away, offender to forfeit 10%.

And be it further enacted, That in case of Armslent by go- any emergency any Arms or Accourrements that have or may hereafter be furnished to any person belonging to the Militia in this Province by Government, by reason that such person shall not have had it in his power to have provided the fame for himfelf, if in any fuch case any person so surnished with Arms or Accoutrements by Government shall fell or dispose of the same or any part thereof or shall convey or cause the same or any part thereof to be conveyed out of the Province, or shall convey or cause the same or any part thereof to be conveyed on board of any boat, ship or vessel, with intent to have the same carried out of the Province, every person so offending shall for each and every offence forfeit and pay the sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered upon conviction before any one Justice of the Peace upon the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, and levied by warrant of distress and fale of the offenders goods, rendering the overplus, if any, after deducting the costs and charges of fuch distress and fale to the offender, one half of fests whereon to which penalties shall be paid into the Province Treafury and the other half to the person who shall profecute for the same, and for want of effects whereon to levy fuch Fine, fuch offender shall be imprisoned not exceeding Six Months nor lefs than Three Months.

on conviction before a Justice of the Peace.

For want of eflevy the Fine, offender to be imprisoned not more than 6 nor less than three months.

Wounded perfons provided for.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any perfon be wounded or difabled upon any Invasion or attack of the Enemy he shall be taken care of and provided for at the expence of the Province during the time of fuch disability.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force during the present War and no longer.

Limitation.

#### CAP. II.

An ACT to alter one of the Terms of holding the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County of York. Paffed the 5th of March, 1805.

THEREAS the SECOND Tuesdays in April appointed by Law as an additional Term for the Preamble. Sittings of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the County of York, have been found inconvenient, owing to the dangerous state of the River Saint John at that period.

I. Be it therefore enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That the faid Court shall hereafter be Court to be held holden on the THIRD Tuesdays of March instead of on 3d Tuesday in March. the faid SECOND Tuesdays in April, in each and every vear.

II. And be it further enacted, That no process shall abate, or other business of what nature or kind so- No process to aever, be discontinued by reason of the alteration of alteration. the faid Term, but shall and may be proceeded upon, heard and determined, at the time herein appointed, in the fame manner as they might have been proceeded upon, had no alteration been made.

#### CAP, III.

An ACT to prevent the Importation and Sals of Goods by Persons not His Majesty's Subjects. Paffed the 5th of March, 1805.

HEREAS it frequently happens that Persons not His Majesty's subjects come into different parts of this Province with dutiable Goods and Preamble, other Merchandise, and dispose of the same to the manifest injury of the Revenue and discouragement to the importation and fale of British Merchandise.

I. Be it therefore enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That from and after the passing of this No persons not Act, it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons, His Majesty's subjects to bring not His Majesty's subjects, to bring into this Pro- or fell merchan-

Province.

dife within this vince or dispose of within the same, any articles of Merchandise whatever.

Offenders on conviction to forfeit tol. or be committed to Gaui.

II. And be it further enacted, That for each and every such offence, the offender shall on conviction forfeit and pay a fine of Ten Pounds, to be recovered before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, Town or Parish, where the offence is committed, to be levied of his goods and chattels, and for want thereof fuch offender to be committed to the common Gaol for a time not less than One Month nor exceeding Three Months; one half of fuch forfeiture to be to the Person or Perfons complaining of and fueing for the fame, and the other half to the benefit of the Poor of the Town or Parish where such offence has been committed.

Penalty-half to the Informerhalf to the Poor.

Treasurer to enforce the Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Treasurer in the City and County of Saint John, and of his Deputies in the respective Counties to enforce this Act.

And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force for Three Years and no longer.

Limitation.

#### CAP. IV.

An ACT for the better regulating the Weight and RATES at which GOLD COIN shall pass current in Passed the 5th of March, 1805. this Province.

Preamble.

THEREAS it will tend to prevent the diminution of Gold specie circulating in this Province that the same be regulated according to a ftandard that shall not present an advantage by carrying it into the neighbouring Countries: AND WHEREAS an advantage does arife by carrying Gold Coin out of the fame.

Gold Coin to be a legal tender at the weight and

I. Be it therefore enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That the Gold Coin hereafter menrates following, tioned, shall pass current and be a legal tender in payment

payment of all Debts and demands whatever in this Province, at the weight and rates following, that is to fay—the British Guinea weighing five pennyweight and fix grains Troy, at one pound, three 5d.6gr. 1f 3s4d shillings and four pence; the Johannes of Portugal, weighing eighteen penny-weight Troy, at four pounds; the Moidore, of Portugal, weighing fix Moidore of Por, penny-weight and eighteen grains Troy, at one tugal 6d. 18gr. pound, ten shillings; the milled Doubloon or four pistole piece of Spain, weighing seventeen penny- Spain 17d. 3f weight Troy, at three pounds, fourteen shillings; the French Louis d'or coined before the year one French Louis d' Thousand seven Hundred and ninety-Three, weigh- or 5d. 4gr. if ing five penny-weight and four grains Troy, at one pound, two shillings and fix pence; the French Piftole piece, coined before the same period, weighing 4d. 4gr. 18s. four penny-weight and four grains Troy, at eighteen shillings; the American Eagle piece, weighing American Eagle eleven penny-weight and fix grains Troy, at two pounds and ten shillings. And all the higher and lower denominations of Gold Coin shall also pass lower denominacurrent and be a legal tender in payment of all Debts and demands what foever in this Province, in proportion. the same proportion respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That for every Grain which any piece of the aforefaid Gold Coins shall respectively weigh more than the standard aforesaid, there shall be allowed and added in all payments made in pieces of Gold Coin by detail, two pence and one farthing Currency; and for every Grain ted. which any piece of the fame shall respectively weigh less than the standard aforesaid, there shall be deducted in all fuch payments two pence and one far-

thing Currency.

III. And whereas it would be a great facility in making payments if Gold Coin was weighed in bulk and not in fingle pieces; Be it therefore enacted, That in every payment exceeding the fum of Fifty Gold may be Pounds, which shall be made in Gold Coin after the weighed in bulk. first day of May next, when one of the parties ma-

British Guinea at

Johannes of Portugal 18d. 4£. 1f 10s. Doubloon of

French Pistole

11d. 6gr. 2/ 10s

and all higher & tions of Gold Coin in the same

For every Grain which any piece weighs more or less than the standare, 2d 1 to be added or deduc-

In all payments exceeding 50f.

of Spain and France together. thirds of a grain weighed. per ounce, & that duction made.

king or receiving the fame shall require it, such Gold of Great- Gold shall be weighed in bulk and not in single pie-Britain, Portugal and America ces, that is to fay—the Gold of Great-Britain, Porgal and America together, & that tugal and America together, and that of Spain and France together, from the weight of which a deduc-A deduction to tion shall be made of two thirds of a grain Troy, for be made of two- each piece of Gold Coin fo weighed, as a compenfor each piece fation for the loss that may accrue by paying away the fame in detail; and in all payments fo made the Gold of Great-Gold Coin of Great-Britain, Portugal and America, & America to be shall be computed at the rate of eighty-nine shilcomputed at 89s. lings Currency for each ounce Troy, and that of of Spain&France Spain and France at the rate of eighty-feven shillings at 87s. after de- Currency for each ounce Troy therein contained, after fuch deduction made, and fo in proportion for a greater or leffer quantity.

No plugged gold

IV. And be it further enacted, That no plugged to be a lawful Gold of any kind, shall from and after the passing of this Act, be a lawful tender in this Province.

#### CAP. V.

An ACT to CONTINUE an Act, intituled, "An Act " for the better securing the Navigation of "PASSAMAQUODDY BAY, within DEER ISLAND." Paffed the 5th of March, 1805.

Preamble.

HEREAS an Act made and passed in the Fortyfirst year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for the better fecuring the Navigation of " Passamaquoddy Bay within Deer-Island," will expire on the Fourteenth day of February, One Thoufand Eight Hundred and Six. And whereas it is found necessary to continue the same on account of the expence which was formerly incurred in erecting Beacons, not being yet defrayed, and likewife the further expence arifing from replacing by Buoys those Beacons which have been at different times carried away in confequence of gales of Wind and other accidents.

Be it therefore enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That the faid herein before recited Act tinued. continue and be in force from the faid Fourteenth day of February, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Six, and that it shall be lawful for such Commission- Commissioners ers as his Honor the President, or the Commander empowered to fue for and rein Chief for the time being shall appoint, to demand, cover monies. fue for, recover, and receive from any Perfon or Persons whatever, indebted for Monies received, or which they are otherways indebted for by virtue of the faid Act, and also to keep in repair or replace fuch Buoys or Beacons as are required to be placed or erected on the respective places mentioned in the faid Act.

#### CAP. VI.

An ACT for the more effectual prevention of DESERTION from His MAJESTY'S FORCES. the 5th of March, 1805.

HEREAS the provisions and penalties in an Act made and passed in the Thirty-third year Preamble. of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled, "An "Act for apprehending Deferters from His MAJESTY'S "fervice, and for punishing unlawful dealings with "Soldiers" have been found ineffectual-

I. Be it therefore enacted by the President, Council Former Act reand Assembly, That the faid Act be and the same is pealed. hereby repealed.

And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons after the passing of this Act, shall harbour, conceal or affift any Deferter from His MAJESTY'S or affifting Defervice, knowing him to be fuch, every fuch person serters to forfeit fo offending shall for every offence on conviction forfeit the fum of Twenty Pounds.

Persons harboring, concealing,

III. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall knowingly buy, exchange or detain, or other- Persons buying, wife receive from any Soldier or Deferter upon any detaining from aaccount whatfoever, any Arms, Clothing, Caps, or ny foldier or deother furniture belonging to the King, or any fuch

ferter, any cloa-

thing or necessaries, or any provisions without confeat of Officer commanding the Company, to forfeit 5%.

First mentioned penalty to be recovered before the Peace,

and levied by warrant of diftrefs.

Penalties to be paid, half to the Province Treafurer, and half tor. For want of goods offender to fuffer impriforment not more than three months.

Persons apprehending Deferters & delivering them up to a military Post to receive 10l. on producing a certificate specifying the apprehension and the name of fuch Deserter, and to what regiment he belongs.

articles belonging to any Soldier or Deferter as are generally deemed Regimental necessaries according to the custom of the Army, or shall exchange, buy or receive from any Soldier any provisions unless by confent of the Officer commanding the Company to which fuch Soldier shall belong, every person so offending shall incur the penalty of Five Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the first mentioned penalty shall and may be recovered before any two Justices of the Peace, and the last mentiontwo Justices, & ed penalty before any one Justice in the County one Juffice of where fuch offences may be committed, upon conviction on the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, to be levied by warrant of distress under the hand of fuch Justice, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, one moiety of which penalties shall be paid into the Province Treasury for the purpose of encouraging the apprehension of Deferters, the other moiety to such perto the Profecu- fons as shall profecute the same offences to conviction; and in case no sufficient goods or chattels can be found whereon to levy fuch diffress every offender shall by such Justice be committed to the common Gaol in fuch County, there to remain without bail or main prize for a term not exceeding Three Months.

> V. And for the better encouragement for apprehending Deferters, Be it further enacted, That any person or persons who shall apprehend any Deferter or Deferters from His Majesty's forces and deliver up fuch Deferter to any Officer commanding any Military Post in this Province, shall for each and every Deferter so apprehended and delivered up receive a reward of Ten Pounds on producing a certificate of fuch apprehenfion and delivery, specifying the name or names of fuch Deferter and to what Regiment or Corps he or they belong, figned by fuch commanding Officer and one Justice of the Peace for the County or District before whom such

Deferter

Deferter or Deferters shall be brought. Provided the rewards so to be given out of the Province Rewards not to exceed 100% in Treasury shall not in any one Year exceed One any one year. Hundred Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of all keepers of His Majesty's Gaols on the Gaolers on the road to receive Road between the place or places where fuch De- Deferters withferter may be apprehended and the place of his or out Fee their final destination, to receive such Deserter into their custody without any fee or reward, whether fuch Deferter be conveyed by virtue of a warrant from any Justice of the Peace or under Military escort by an order of the commanding Officer of His Majesty's forces or of the War office.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer of the Province be, and he is hereby authorized and rized to pay rerequired on producing such certificate signed as a- wards on produforesaid, to pay such reward above mentioned to cing the certifithe person or persons producing the same, provided the same do not exceed the sum of One Hundred Pounds limited as aforefaid.

Treasurer autho-

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force during the present War and no Limitation. longer.

#### CAP. VII.

An ACT to ALTER and AMEND an Act, intituled, "An Act for securing the Navigation of the "River MAGAGUADAVIC." Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

THEREAS the erection of Saw-Mills, and other improvements on the River Magaguadavic, are found to be of great Public advantage; and that for the fecuring and further promoting thereof fome alterations and amendments are required to the Act, intituled, "An Act for fecuring the Navigation of " the River Magaguadavic."

I. Be it therefore enacted by the President, Council and

Dams or Booms nay be placed a∙ Magagaudavic,

provided a fufficient fluice way be left for boats and rafts.

and Assembly, That for erecting of Mills, and fecuring of Logs and other purposes, it shall and may be cross the River lawful to throw a Dam or Dams, a Boom or Booms, across the faid River Magagaudavic, where the same may be found convenient, at or near the fecond Falls or other parts of the faid River. Provided always, That fuch Dam or Dams, Boom or Booms, be fo constructed as to secure a sufficient Sluice way or paffage for conveying Boats, rafts of Boards or other Lumber through the fame.

#### CAP. VIII.

An ACT to regulate the Winter Roads in the Counties of YORK and SUNBURY. Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

Commissioners to order Surveyors to fummon the Inhabitants bushes.

A large fingle evergreen bulh to be erected every 60 rods, to mark a place where travellers may país.

Travellers to keep the large

BE it enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Commissioners of Highways or the major part of them for the time being, in the feveral Towns and Parishes in the Counties of York and to mark the roads Sunbury, along which it may be necessary to break with one row of Winter Roads on the River Saint John, in the faid Counties, shall order the Surveyors of Highways in their feveral districts, so foon as the Ice shall be sufficiently strong to bear a Team or Teams, and immediately after the first fall of Snow, to summon the Inhabitants of the faid Parishes to labor on the faid Winter Roads, by marking the fame in lines as ftraight as may be, with One Row of Evergreen or other Bushes, erected at distances not exceeding Four Rods from each other. And there shall be erested on the faid Roads, not exceeding Sixty Rods from each other, nor nearer than One Rod to the faid row of Evergreen or other Bushes, one large fingle Evergreen bush, to designate a place where Travellers may pass each other.

And be it further enacted, That all persons travelling on the faid Winter Roads with their Horfes, Cattle, Sleds, and Carriages of every denomina-

tion, shall, and they are hereby obliged to travel on single bush on the that Road, fo as to leave the faid large fingle Evergreen bush always on the Left hand, and in all cases when Travellers meet each other, below Fredericton, those who are going down the River, shall be obliged to stop at the first and nearest single Evergreen bush; and whenever it shall happen that Travellers meet each other above Fredericton, those going up the River shall in like manner be obliged to stop at the faid first and nearest single Evergreen bush: And in all cases where it shall happen that any person or persons travelling on the said Winter Road, shall overtake flow moving Sleds or Cattle, the person or persons driving or owning the same, shall be obliged to stop at the faid first and nearest single Evergreen bush to enable any Traveller or Travellers to pass on forwards, so that all Travellers with their Horses, Cattle, Sleds and Carriages of every denomination, may be enabled to pass each other, under the penalty of Ten Shillings for each and every of under penalty of fence committed contrary to the true intent and 10s. to be recomeaning of this Act, to be recovered with costs upon complaint to any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the faid Counties where the offence fhall be committed, to and for the use of the Informer.

III. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners or the major part of them, shall proceed to lay out the faid Winter Road or Roads on the fame fide of the Bushes on which shall be erected bushes on which the faid large fingle Evergreen bush. Provided always, that from the lower landing place to the upper and usual landing place above Fredericton, and thro' the Town along the front Street of the fame the faid Commissioners or the major part of them are hereby re- laid out on both quired to lay out the faid Winter Road on each fide, and within Six feet of the faid One row of Bushes travelling there erected as aforefaid, and all perfons travelling with their Horses, Cattle, Sleds and Carriages of every denomination, are hereby obliged to travel on that

left hand,

Travellers going from Fredericion to flop at the nearest fingle

Slow moving fleds when overtaken by Travellers to flop at the nearest fingle

vered before a Justice of Peace,

to the use of the Informer.

Commissioners to lay out roads on the same side of the row of the fingle bushes are erected, excepting that of Fredericton, the road shall be fides of the buffies-and persons to keep the bufhRoad within the aforesaid limits, so as to leave the faid One row of Bushes always on the Left hand, under the penalty of Ten Shillings for each and every offence, to be recovered and applied as aforefaid.

Commissioners to determine the distances to be worked by their respective Parithes.

And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners or the major part of them, shall and they are hereby required to agree and determine the diftance upon the faid River, which is to be worked by their respective Towns or Parishes, and the Surveyors of Highways shall proceed to break the faid Winter Roads agreeably to Law.

out from the lower boundary of Sunbury, to Sawage Island.

And be it further enacted, That the Winter Roads to be laid Roads fo to be marked on the River Saint John, shall be laid out from the lower Boundary of the County of Sunbury to the lower Boundary of the County of York, from thence to the landing place at Fredericton, and from thence through the front Street of the Town Plat until the same descends upon the River Saint John at the usual landing place, and from thence to the lower end of Savage Island.

Persons cutting or destroying bushes to forfeit 301.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall wilfully cut or take down, or destroy, any of the Bushes so to be erected, shall forfeit and pay the fum of Thirty Shillings upon conviction before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, upon the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, to be levied by warrant of distress and sale of the offender's goods, rendering the overplus, if any, after deducting the costs and charges to the offender, to and for the use of the Informer; and for want of fuch effects to levy on, the faid offender or offenders, shall be imprisoned for a time not less than Six nor exceeding Ten days.

to the use of the Informer.

And be it further enacted, That every Inha-Inhabitants kee- bitant in the faid Counties keeping a Team or any Carriage whatever drawn by one or more Horses. Ox or Oxen, shall be obliged, on being duly summoned, to fend his Team or Carriage with a competent driver, to work in fuch manner as the faid Sur-

ping Teams, to lend the same on being summoned, with a good driver to work as the Surveyors

veyors

veyors shall direct. And on such person or persons shall direct, unneglecting or refusing to send his Team or Carriage der the penalty and a good driver, or not performing fuch reasonable work as the faid Surveyors shall direct, the owner of fuch Team or Carriage shall forfeit the sum of Ten Shillings. And every Commissioner or Sur-Commissioners veyor who shall refuse or neglect to perform the or Surveyors for duty enjoined and required by this Act, shall forfeit to forfeit 3/. and pay for every fuch refusal or neglect the sum of Three Pounds, the fines aforefaid to be recovered on complaint, with costs of fuit, before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and the forsei- Forseitures apture applied for repairing the Highways, under the plied for repairdirection of the Commissioners or the major part of them, of the Towns or Parishes where the said forfeiture shall accrue. Provided always, That such per- Persons keeping fon or persons keeping a Pleasure Sleigh or Sleighs only, to do no only, shall not be obliged by this Act to perform labor but breakany other labour on the faid Winter Roads, except ing roads. to break the fame when duly fummoned fo to do.

And be it further enacted, That no person No person to go or persons summoned as aforesaid, shall be obliged more than three to go further from their respective homes than three miles from Miles, or to work on the faid Winter Roads more than Four days in any one Winter.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Surveyors of Highways on the Rivers Nashwack and Surveyors on the Penniack, in the Parish of Saint Mary's and County Nashwack Penniack, in the Parish of Saint Mary's and County niack when neof York, shall during the Winter season deem the cessary to sumlabour of Men necessary, it shall and may be lawful mon inhabitants for fuch Surveyors forthwith to fummon fuch and fo vels, not more many of the Inhabitants with their Shovels or fuch than 4 times in 1 other proper implements as the faid Surveyors or year, nor more than three miles Surveyor shall direct, not exceeding Four times in from home, any one Year, nor a greater distance than Three miles from their own houses, and in case of refusal or neglect shall forfeit and pay for each and every under penalty of offence the sum of Three Shillings, to be recovered 35. with costs of fuit in manner described in the seventh fection of this Act.

ing the highways

Single Horse or Ox fleds used on the Nafhwach & Penniack to be 3 feet 8 inches wide, under penalty of 5s.

Not to extend to fleds a Man may use on his own Farm only, or to Pleasure sleighs.

Persons travel-Horse or Ox fleds to the fettlements on the Nashwack or Penmack to go on the highway on the westerly side of the Nashwach, under penalty of Forfeitures to be

paid to the Profecutor.

And be it further enacted. That all Sleds made use of for the purpose of transporting Wood, Hay, or other heavy materials to or from or in the Settlements on the Rivers Nashwack and Penniack aforesaid, and drawn by one Horse or one Ox, shall not be less or more than Three feet Eight inches from outfide to outfide of the runners thereof: And if any person or persons whatever shall make use of any fingle Horfe or Ox Sled as aforefaid of lefs dimensions, and be thereof convicted by the Oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace or on view of fuch Justice, shall forfeit and pay the fum of Five Shillings, the fame to be recovered and applied in manner directed in the feventh fection of this Act. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to any Sled a Man may use upon his own Farm only, or to any Pleasure Sleigh whatever.

And be it further enacted, That all persons ling with fingle travelling to the Settlements on the Rivers Nashwack or *Penniack* above the great Rapids fo called, with Sleds or Sleighs drawn by one Horfe or one Ox, shall at all times be obliged to travel on the Highway as now laid out, on the westerly side of the said River Nashwack, leading from the Moncton Ferry to the faid Settlements, under the penalty of Ten Shillings, to be recovered as aforefaid, all which forfeitures shall be paid to the person or persons prosecuting the fame to conviction.

#### CAP. IX.

An ACT in addition to an Act, intituled, "An Act " for regulating Juries and declaring the "QUALIFICATION of JURORS." Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

Preamble.

THEREAS in and by an Act made and passed in the Twenty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for regulating Juries and declaring

declaring the qualifications of Jurors," no provision is made respecting the Fees to be paid to Jurymen returned to ferve on special Juries under the authority of the faid Act.

Be it therefore enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That any person who shall after the special jurors to be allowed at first day of May next serve upon any special Jury discretion of the appointed or returned by authority of the faid Act, Judge, not exshall be allowed to take for ferving on such Jury no day. more than the fum of money which the Judge who tries the iffue or iffues shall think just and reasonable, not exceeding the fum of Five Shillings per day, and that the Sheriff for fummoning and returning fuch Jury shall be intitled to receive a fum not Sheristorecer no exceeding exceeding Thirty Shillings, to be taxed at the dif- 30s. cretion of the Judge,

Sheriff to receive

#### CAP. X.

An ACT for altering One of the Terms of hold-ING the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the County of Sunbury. Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

THEREAS the THIRD Tuesdays in April appointed by Law as an additional Term for the fit- Preamble. ting of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in the County of Sunbury, have been found inconvenient, owing to the dangerous state of travelling.

I. Be it therefore enacted by the President, Coun- Court to be holcil and Assembly, That the faid Court shall be holden Tuesday in on the FOURTH Tuesdays in March, instead of the March. THIRD Tuesdays in April.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Process shall abate, or other business of what nature or kind so- bate by reason of ever be discontinued by reason of the alteration of alteration. the faid Term, but shall or may be proceeded upon, heard and determined at the time herein appointed in the same manner, as they might have been proceeded upon had no alteration been made.

No process to a-

CAP.

#### CAP. XI.

An ACT to PROVIDE for PUNCTUALITY of PAYMENT at the TREASURY, by iffuing Notes to the amount of the Public Appropriations. Paffed the 5th of March, 1805.

Preamble.

WHEREAS from the capture of Veffels belonging to this Province and the uncertainty of the terms at which the Duties imposed by the Legislature may become payable, a want of punctuality has been experienced at the Treasury, and thereby payment of some of the public Creditors and the contemplated improvements on the Roads unavoidably deferred.

Notes to the amount of 5000l. to be iffued to wit:— 200 of 20 dollars each; 400 of 10 dolls. 600 of 8 dollars; 600 of 6 dollars; 900 of 4 dollars;

to bear an interest of five per cent.

I. Be it therefore enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That Notes to the amount of Five Thousand Pounds be iffued forthwith after the pasfing of this Act, as follows, to wit: Two hundred Notes of Twenty dollars each, Four hundred Notes of Ten dollars each, Six hundred Notes of Eight dollars each, Six hundred Notes of Six dollars each, and Nine hundred Notes of Four dollars each; making in all Twenty Thousand dollars, equal to Five Thousand Pounds, which Notes shall bear an Interest of Five per cent. per annum from their dates, and shall be indented and impressed with the words New-Brunswick, and figned by the Treasurer, and also countersigned by His Majesty's Attorney and Solicitor General and by William Pagan, Efquire, or any two of them, and containing the following figures and words, to wit.

TREASURER'S-OFFICE, NEW-BRUNSWICK.

Form	οſ	the
Note.		

Number	
	Dollars.

This Note shall be estimated at the Treasurer's-Office of equal value as Gold or Silver, to the amount of Dollars, with Interest at Five

Five per cent. from its date, and be received as fuch in all payments at the Treasury.

All which Notes shall be of the same date, and shall when fo compleated and figned be delivered to the Treasurer who is Treasurer, by the persons appointed to countersign to account for the same, which Treasurer shall be accountable for fuch Notes fo delivered to him.

Notes to be the fame date & delivered to the

And be it further enacted, That when and as often as money shall become due or payable by virtue of any Act or Acts already paffed, or that may be passed during the present session of the Legislature of this Province, and warrants for the same are produced for payment at the Treasurer's-office; the Treasurer shall pay the amount of such warrants on demand in Gold or Silver, or in the faid Notes, eftimating and adding such Interest from their date as may be then due to the person or persons intitled to receive the fame on their voluntary acceptance thereof, which Notes shall be again received at the Treafury at their specified value, equal to the like value of Gold or Silver, when and as often as the & interest from fame are prefented and offered in payment of duties, and the like Interest from their dates, estimated and allowed in fuch payment. And the Treasurer and his Deputies are hereby required and directed to keep a regular account of all Interest so received or allowed by them.

Treasurer to pay the amount of warrants to the persons intitled in Cash, or in Notes on their voluntary acceptance thereof, eftimating and adding the interest.

Notes to be received at the Treasury at their the date, allowed in payment.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any person Persons counters or persons whatsoever, shall presume to counterfeit feiting Notes any of the Notes aforesaid, iffued by virtue of this guilty of Felony Act, or alter any of the same so that they shall ap- of Clergy. pear to be of greater value than when originally filled up, numbered and figned, or shall knowingly pass or give in payment any of the Notes aforesaid fo counterfeited or altered, every person guilty of so counterfeiting or altering any fuch Note, or know-

ingly paffing or giving in payment any fuch altered or counterfeited Note, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, without benefit of Clergy.

No paper of any Foreign Kingdom to have currency in this Province.

When the Treafury will admit the calling in of 2001. Treasurer to give 30 days Notice by Advertifement,

and mentioning the numbers of produced for payment beginning with those of the largest amount, from which time the

Persons appointed to complete the Notes.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Bank Bill, Note or other paper currency of any Foreign Kingdom or State, shall be received in payment or have currency in this Province.

V. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as the state of the Treasury will admit the calling in to the value of Two hundred Pounds and upwards of the Notes fo iffued and paid out; the Treasurer shall by Advertisement in the ROYAL GA-ZETTE, appoint the time at which he will receive fuch Notes, and pay the amount of the same, together with the Interest due thereon in Gold and Silver, giving Thirty days notice of fuch redemption, and mentioning the numbers of the Notes fo requithe Notes to be red to be produced for payment, calling in first those of the largest amount then in circulation, and on failure of producing fuch Notes at the time limited, all future Interest on the same shall cease, and no other or greater amount of Interest shall be reinterest on such covered on such Notes so called in than was due Notes to cease. and payable at the date the same were required to be presented for payment at the Treasury.

And be it further enacted, That the Province Treafurer, together with the persons appointed to counterfign the same, be and hereby are appointed to contract for and superintend the completing of the Notes to be iffued by virtue of this Act.

#### CAP. XII.

An ACT for encouraging and extending Literature in this Province. Paffed the 5th of March, 1805.

Preamble.

THEREAS the Education of Youth is of the utmost importance in Society, and Public attention to that object has by experience been found to be attended with the most beneficial effects.

I. Be

I. Be it therefore enacted by the President, Coun- Grammarschool cil and Assembly, That a Public Grammar School be established at St. and the same is hereby established in the City of John. Saint John.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Rector of Corporation ap-Trinity Church in the faid City for the time being, pointed, the Mayor of the faid City for the time being, and the Recorder of the faid City for the time being, together with the Honorable George Leonard, Esquire, Jonathan Blifs, William Pagan, John Robinson, John Black, and Thomas Wetmore, Esquires, Inhabitants of the faid City be, and they are hereby appointed Trustees and Directors of the said School, tor of Trinity and the faid Rector of Trinity Church always to be Church to be President of the Board: And that the said President President, and Directors shall be and they are hereby incorporated by the name of the President and Direc-TORS of the Public Grammar School in the City tohave perpetual of Saint John, and shall by that name have perpetual succession, & sue fuccession and be enabled to sue and be sued, im- and be sued, &c. plead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, and to receive, take and hold gifts and grants of Lands and real Estate (the annual income of which tate not exceedfhall not exceed One thousand Pounds) and to ac- ing £1000 per cept and receive donations for the erection of a annum. Building for and the endowment of the faid School.

III. And be it further enacted, That the President President & Diand Directors of the said Grammar School and their rectors when dufuccessors, or the major part of them, when duly ly summoned to fummoned and assembled, shall form a Board for and such Board, and such Board dispatch of business, and such Board of Directors or orthemajorpart the major part of them fo affembled, are hereby toprocure a place for eredling a empowered to point out and procure a proper place building, & conwhereon to erect the Building for the faid School; traction the faid school; traction to contract for and superintend the Building thereof; ter and ushers, to provide a Master and one or more Ushers or Tu- and make bye tors, as they shall judge expedient, and from time to time to make and establish Bye Laws, Ordinances, School. and Regulations, for the government of the faid School, and to enforce obedience to the same by

fines and expulsions, or other public censures, as

they may judge proper.

the Rector, Mayor of the City to act as President,

or the Recorder in the absence of both the Rector and Mayor.

In case of death or removal of any who are not ex officio Members,

Board within 3 months to elect others, to be approyed of by the Commander in Chief of the Province.

President & Directors to hold public visitations twice a year.

Free Scholars may be admitted not exceeding eight.

£1∂o per annum granted for the fupport of a mai-

And be it further enacted, That during any In the absence of vacancy or absence of the Rector of the said Church, the Mayor of the faid City shall act as President, and it shall be the duty of the President at all times to fummon a Board of Directors whenever the fame shall be requested by three or more of the said Directors, and in case of sickness or absence of the said Rector, the Board may be summoned by the said Mayor, and in case of the inability or absence of both the faid Board may be fummoned by the faid Recorder.

V. And be it further enacted, That in case of death or removal from the faid City of any of the faid Directors not being permanent by office, the remaining Directors at a Board for that purpose, to be fummoned within Three Months after, shall elect another fit person being an Inhabitant of the said City for his fucceffor, who being approved of by the Commander in Chief of the faid Province for the time being, shall be one of the Directors of the faid School, and every other vacancy shall be filled from time to time in like manner.

And be it further enacted, That the faid Prefident and Directors shall hold public Visitations and Examinations of the faid School twice in every Year, to wit, on the first Monday in April and first Monday in September.

VII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the faid President and Directors shall think proper they may admit any number not exceeding Eight to be free Scholars of the faid Grammar School, without any charge for their tuition.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That One hundred Pounds annually be included in the Estimate for the ordinary expences of the Province, and granted to the faid President and Directors of the said Public Grammar School, to be applied by them for or towards the support of the Master thereof, and that

the

the fum of One hundred Pounds be granted to the faid President and Directors, for the purpose of as- and the sum of fifting them to purchase or erect a Building for the procuring abuilfaid School; and that they the faid President and ding-Directors shall be accountable from time to time to the Legislature of the Province for their conduct Countable to the and management of the property so vested and to Legislature, be vested in them by virtue and in pursuance of this Act. Provided always, That as foon as the an- f100 per annum nual fum of faid Grammar School, in whatever man- Funds of the ner the same may arise, shall amount to Six hundred School amount Pounds, then and in such case the annual sum of to foo per an-One hundred Pounds hereby granted shall cease.

And be it further enacted, That there be and are hereby established in each and every of the Schools estab-Counties in this Province for Six years (except the in each of the County of Saint John) two Schools, and in the faid Counties, County of Saint John one School for instructing the Youth of both fexes in the English language, and Writing and Arithmetic, which Schools shall be under the regulation, direction, controul and management of the Justices in the General Sessions of the ces in Sessions, Peace for the faid Counties respectively, who are hereby authorized and empowered in fuch General Seffions respectively, to appoint the Masters for the faid Schools from time to time and to displace them at their pleasure: And to direct and appoint the places where fuch Schools shall be kept or holden from time to time, fo that only one of the faid Schools shall be kept or holden in any one Parish only one School at one and the same time, and when appointed for fuch Parish shall be kept or holden in the same for one continued Year and no longer, and shall then be removed to another Parish and shall there continue in like manner, and fo toties quoties, until each ved once a year, and every Parish shall have received the benefit of to another Parish having fuch School held within the fame for one Year, before the same School shall return to the Parish where it has been once holden. Provided always, That the faid School for the County of Saint for St. John, not

under the direction of the Justi-

who are to appoint masters, & direct where the Schools to be

to be held in one Parish at a time,

Schools tobe mo-

John.

to be held in the City—and those for York County not to be held in Fredericton.

£375 annually, being 25%. for each school, gran ted to the Justices in the Counties.

Schools to be vifited twice a year by the Rectors of the Parishes wheretheschools are held. and by Committees appointed by the Sessions,

Incase thereshall be no Rector, then by the faid Committees,

who are to report to the Seffions.

Free Scholars

John, shall never be held in the City or Parish of Saint John, and provided further that neither of the faid Schools for the faid County of York, shall be held in the Town or Parish of Fredericton, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, That there shall be included in the estimate for the ordinary Expenses of the Province the fum of Three hundred and Seventy-five pounds annually, and granted to the Justices of the Peace for the faid feveral and respective Counties towards the support of the Masters of fuch English Schools respectively, that is to fay, to the Justices of the Peace of the Counties of Westmorland, Charlotte, Northumberland, King's County, Queen's County, York and Sunbury, each Fifty Pounds, and to the Juffices of the Peace of the City and County of Saint John, Twenty-five Pounds, fo that each Master shall receive at the rate of Twentyfive Pounds per annum for his fervices.

And be it further enacted, That the faid English Schools respectively, shall be visited and examined twice in each and every Year, at fuch times as the faid feveral Courts of General Seffions of the Peace shall appoint, by the Rectors or Missionaries of the several and respective Parishes or places in each County where fuch School may happen to be kept or held, together with Committees to be for the purpose annually appointed by the faid Courts of General Sessions in each Year, or in case there shall be no Rector or Missionary in any of the said Parishes or places at the time, then such visitation and examination to be had by fuch Committees refpectively: And it shall be the duty of such persons after due examination to report from time to time to the faid Courts of General Sessions of the Peace respectively, the state and condition of the said Schools.

XII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the faid Courts of General Seffions of the Peace respecmay be admitted tively shall think proper they may admit any number not exceeding Four, to be free Scholars of fuch not exceeding English Schools respectively, without any charge for four. their tuition.

And be it further enacted, That the faid feveral and respective Courts of General Sessions shall count to the Les from time to time be accountable to the Legislature gislature. of the Province for their conduct and management of the Monies granted to them by this Act.

#### CAP. XIII,

An ACT to enable the Commissioners of High-WAYS in the Parishes of Magerville, Sheffield, and Waterborough, to lay out Highways, and to appropriate part of the Statute labor for fecuring the Bank of the River in front of those Parishes. Paffed the 5th of March, 1805.

THEREAS great damage frequently happens to the Bank of the River Saint John in front of the Parishes of Magerville, Sheffield, and Waterborough, and to the Highways laid out thereon.

I. Be it therefore enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That the Commissioners of the Highways for the time being, in fuch Parishes shall and ways damaged by they are hereby empowered to alter the faid Highways in the Parishes aforesaid that have been or hereafter may be washed away, or otherwise dama-

ent and necessary.

And be it further enacted, That the Surveyors of Highways in the Parishes aforesaid, shall, after the first day of April in every year, when required by the faid Commissioners fo to do, summon every male Inhabitant in their districts, with their Teams and fuch Implements as may be neceffary, who are liable to work on the Highways, giving them at least Six days notice, to labor thereon by planting the faid Bank with Willows or Alders, or otherwife bushing the same, as the said Commissioners may

ged by the freshes, as may appear to them conveni-

Preamble.

Commissioners may alter Highthe Freshes.

Surveyors, when required, to fummon Inhabitants to work

with teams, &c. in planting the bank with bushes to be allowed as part of the labor they are by Law to perform,

under penalty of five thillings-

and 10s. for neglecting to fend teamsto be recovered on complaint of Peace,

the Highways.

deem most effectual for the preservation thereof. And fuch labor fo done, shall be allowed by the faid Commissioners in part of the labor which the said Inhabitants by Law are liable to perform, under the penalty of Five Shillings, and for every neglect of Teams turning out with a competent driver, Ten Shillings for each and every offence or neglect, to be recovered on complaint of any one of the faid Commissioners to any one of His Majesty's Justices. a Commissioner to be levied by warrant of distress and sale of the to a Justice of offender's goods and chattels, rendering the overplus, if any, to the owner or owners, to be laid out to be laid out on under the direction of the said Commissioners in the districts where the same shall be recovered.

#### CAP. XIV.

An ACT for the REGULATION of BOOMS for fecuring Masts, Logs, and Lumber, in the County of CHARLOTTE. Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

Preamble.

\*\*THEREAS it has been found necessary to erect Booms on feveral of the Rivers and Streams in the County of Charlotte, for the purpose of securing fuch Timber as may be hauled out and thrown into the same in a general deposit, until it can be conveniently conveyed by the respective owners to the different places of destination. WHEREAS it is necessary that proper regulations should be established to secure the safe delivery of the same to the owners.

Justices in Sesfions to make regulations respecting Booms,

& appoint boom matters and fix their Fees.

Be it therefore enacted by the President, Council and Assembly. That it shall and may be lawful for the Juitices of the Peace for the County of Charlotte, in their General Sessions, to make and establish such regulations as to them may appear necessary refpecting such Booms as have been erected or may be here fer erected in faid County, and to appoint Boom-Masters from time to time, and fix their Fees for attending fuch Booms and fuperintending the

fafe

fafe delivery of the Lumber paffed through the fame. Provided always, That it shall not be lawful for said No Booms to be Justices to grant permission for erecting any Boom impede the Naor Booms which may impede the Navigation of any vigation. River or Stream in faid County.

#### CAP. XV.

An ACT for granting AID in SUPPORT of the Col-LEGE of New-Brunswick, incorporated by Char-TER and established at Fredericton. Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

 ${f D}$  E it enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That there be included from time to from the time and at all times in the estimate of the Ordi-Trustees of the nary Expense of this Province, the annual sum of College, One Hundred Pounds, and that the fame be granted to the Governor and Trustees of the College in Fredericton, to be applied by them towards the Tuition of the Pupils of the faid College. Provided always, to cease when that when the Funds of the faid College shall amount the Funds of the to One Thousand Pounds annually, then and in that College amount case the said Grant of One Hundred Pounds shall to £ 1000 per an. cease and determine.

## CAP. XVI.

An ACT to CONTINUE an Act made and passed in the Thirty-fixth Year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for regulating, laying out and "repairing HIGHWAYS and ROADS." Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

BE it enacted by the PRESIDENT, Council and Assembly, That an Act made and passed in the finued till 11th Thirty-fixth year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, February, 1810. "An Act for regulating, laying out and repairing "Highways and Roads, and for appointing Com-" missioners and Surveyors of Highways within the "feveral.

"feveral Towns or Parishes in this Province, and for fuspending for a limited time all the Laws now in force relating to the same," be continued, and the same is hereby continued and declared to be in force until the Eleventh day of February, in the year One thousand Eight hundred and Ten, and no longer.

#### CAP. XVII.

An ACT to CONTINUE an Act made and passed in the Forty-third Year of His MAJESTY'S reign, intituled, "An Act for raising a Revenue in this "Province. Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

Continued till
18 April, 1807.

BE it enacted by the PRESIDENT, Council and Assembly, That an Act made and passed in the Forty-third year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for raising a Revenue in this Province," be further continued, and the said Act and every clause, matter and thing therein contained, is hereby continued and declared to be in full force until the first day of April, which will be in the year of our Lord, One thousand Eight hundred and Seven.

#### CAP. XVIII.

An ACT for ERECTING the EASTERN part of the County of WESTMORLAND into a distinct Town or Parish.

Parish of Botsford erected. BE it enacted by the PRESIDENT, Council and Assembly, That all that Tract of Land in the County of Westmorland, lying East of the prolongation of the North line, between the Parishes of Westmorland and Sackville, to Northumberland streights, from thence Eastward to Chemogue, and round the Capes Tormentin and Saint Lawrence, along the Bay Verte, until it meets the Boundary of the Parish of Westmorland, and extending Westerly to the first Boundary, be one distinct Town or Parish, distinguished by the name of the Town or Parish of Botsford:

ford; and that the Justices of any special Sessions Justices in Spemay appoint fuch Town or Parish officers for the cial Seffions to current year, as they may deem necessary to conti-Officers. nue in office, until further appointments in the General Seffions.

#### CAP. XIX.

An ACT to continue fundry Acts of the General Assembly that are near expiring. Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

 $\mathbf{B}^E$  it enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That an Act passed in the Thirty-ninth sembly, That an Act passed in the Thirty-ninth Act for regulayear of His Majestry's reign, intituled, "An Act for ting the Fisheries in Northumber-"regulating the Fisheries in the County of Nor- land." "thumberland;" also an Act made and passed in the Forty-first year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, Act for support "An Act for the support and relief of Confined tors. "Debtors;" also an Act made and passed in the Forty-first year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, Ast for the bet-"An Act for the further and better support of the ter support of the the Poor in St "Poor in the City of Saint John;" also an Act made John. and passed in the Forty-first year of His Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act for preferving the Bank of Act for preferv-"the River Saint John, in front of the Parish of the river in front " Lincoln, in the County of Sunbury;" also an Act of the Parish of made and passed in the Forty-first year of His Ma-JESTY's reign, intituled, "An Act to continue an Act," intituled, "An Act for preferving the Bank of the ferving the bank "River Saint John, in front of the Parishes of Ma- front of Mager-"gerville, Sheffield, and Waterborough;" and an Act ville, Sheffield, & made and passed in the Forty-second year of His MAJESTY'S reign, intituled, "An Act for the easy and Act for the spee-"fpeedy recovery of Small Debts, and for regula-"ting the proceedings thereon," be further continued, and the faid Acts and every clause, matter and thing therein contained, are hereby continued and declared to be in full force, until the first day of 1810. March, which will be in the year of our Lord, One thousand Eight hundred and Ten.

of confined Deb-

the Poor in St.

ing the Bank of Lincoln.Act to continue the Act for preof the River, in Waterborough.

dy recovery of

Continued till

CAP.

### CAP. XX.

An ACT to AMEND an Act for regulating the Ex-Passed the 5th of PORTATION of BUTTER. March, 1805.

Preamble.

THEREAS the restriction in the Act for regulating the Exportation of Butter, that the "fame should be packed in Firkins of hard season-"ed wood," has been found inconvenient, for remedy whereof-

Butter may be packed in feafoned Wood of any kind, except

Be it enacted by the President, Council and Assembly, That all Butter hereafter to be shipped for Exportation, may be packed in any Firkins of feafoned Wood other than Pine or Cedar, so as the same Pine and Cedar. be free of fap, tight and well hooped.

And be it further enacted, That the faid in part Recited A& to recited A& and every clause thereof, except whereremain in force, in the same is hereby altered, shall continue and be in full force, any thing to the contrary herein contained notwithstanding.

except as hereby altered.

#### CAP. XXI.

An ACT to APPROPRIATE the Public Revenue. Passed the 5th of March, 1805.

Sums to be paid out of the Treafury:

**)** E it enacted by the President, Council and As-B sembly, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this Province, unto the several perfons hereafter mentioned, to wit:-

Speaker.

To the Speaker of the House of Assembly, the sum of Fifty Pounds.

Members of the Assembly.

To the Members of the House of Assembly, for defraying their Expences of travelling and actual attendance, reckoning Twenty miles to each day's travel, to be certified by the Speaker, the fum of Ten Shillings per diem.

To the Chaplain of the Council in General Assem-Chaplain to the bly, for his fervices, the fum of Twenty Pounds.

Chaplain of the Affembly.

To the Chaplain of the House of Assembly, for his fervices, the fum of Twenty Pounds.

To

To the *Clerk* of the Council in General Affembly, for his fervices during the prefent Session, Ten Clerk of the Shillings per diem, and for other fervices the fum of Fifty Pounds; and the further fum of Twentyfive Pounds for fervices during the year Eighteen hundred and Four.

To the *Clerk* of the House of Assembly, for his fervices during the present Session, Ten Shillings Clerk of the Asper diem, and for other fervices the fum of Fifty fembly. Pounds; and the further fum of Twenty-five Pounds for his fervices during the year Eighteen hundred and Four.

To the Serjeant at Arms attending the Council in Serjeant at Arms General Affembly, the fum of Ten Shillings per diem. to the Council.

To the Serjeant at Arms attending the House of Serjeant at Arms Affembly, Ten Shillings per diem.

To the Door-keeper of the Council in General Doorkeeper of Affembly, Five Shillings per diem.

To the Door-keeper of the House of Assembly, Doorkeeper of Five Shillings per diem.

To the Messenger of the Council in General Af- Messenger of the fembly, Five Shillings per diem.

To the Messenger of the House of Assembly, Five Messenger of the

Shillings per diem.

To the Clerk of the House of Assembly, for Fuel, Clerk of the As-Stationary, and other expences of the present Sef- &c. fion, the fum of Forty-two Pounds, Fifteen Shillings and Six Pence.

to the Affembly.

the Council.

the Assembly.

Council.

Assembly.

fembly for Fuel,

To the Treasurer of the Province, for his fervices Treasurer of the from the first day of March, One thousand Eight Province. hundred and Three, to the first day of March, One thousand Eight hundred and Four, the sum of One Hundred and Eighty Pounds; and the like fum of One Hundred and Eighty Pounds, for his fervices, ending the first day of March, One thousand Eight hundred and Five.

To the Tide Surveyor in the City of Saint John, from the first day of March, One thousand Eight Tide-Surveyor hundred and Three, to the first day of March, One thousand Eight hundred and Four, for his services

and for expences incurred in performing the fame, the fum of Forty Pounds; for the like fervices and expenses incurred for the year ending the first day of March, One thousand Eight hundred and Five, the like fum of Forty Pounds.

Knox, Elgrs. for their fervices as Agents.

To William Knox, Esquire, for his services as William & Thos. Agent to the Province, previous to the year One thousand Eight hundred and Three, the sum of One Hundred Pounds, sterling.

> To William and Thomas Knox, Esquires, for their fervices as Joint-Agents for the Province in the year One thousand Eight hundred and Four, the sum of One Hundred Pounds; and the like fum of One Hundred Pounds, for their fervices for the year One thousand Eight hundred and Five.

To the President for contingen-

To His Honor the President, or Commander in Chief for the time being, for defraying the contingent expences of the Province, the fum of One Hundred Pounds, for the year One thousand Eight hundred and Five; and the like fum of One Hundred Pounds, for the year One thousand Eight hundred and Six.

For repairing the Province Hall & feating the House of Affembly.

To His Honor the President, or Commander in Chief for the time being, for painting the outfide and repairing the Roof of the Province-Hall, the fum of One Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds; and a further fum not exceeding Seventy-five Pounds, to compleat a Seating for the Members of the House of Affembly, according to a plan exhibited, under the superintendance of the Clerk of this House.

To the *Clerk* of the House of Assembly, Seventeen Clerk of the Af- Pounds, for compleating a Book Cafe, for the use fembly forabook of the House of Assembly. cafe.

To His Honor the President, or Commander in For repairing the Chief for the time being, a fum not exceeding One Hundred Pounds, for the purpose of repairing and altering the Light-House on Partridge-Island, to be laid out under the care and management of William Pagan, Munson Jarvis, Hugh Johnston, and William Donald, Esquires.

Light House.

To His Honor the President, or Commander in Chief for the time being, the fum of Thirty Pounds, For printing the to defray the expence of Printing the Votes and Drefent Sefficen Journals of the House of Assembly, during the prefent Seffion.

To the *Clerk* of the House of Assembly, a sum not exceeding Five Pounds, for the purpose of collect- To the Clerk of the Assembly for ing and having bound in One or more Volumes, binding the Jour-Three fets of the Journals, for the use of the House nals. of Affembly.

To Jacob S. Mott, the fum of Eleven Pounds, To J. S. Mott, One Shilling and Three Pence, being the balance of his account for his account for printing the Votes and Journals of printing Jourthe House of Assembly during the last Session.

To John Ryan, the fum of Forty-two Pounds and To John Ryan. Ten Pence, in full of all accounts exhibited by him to this time, as appears by his account up to the Twenty-eighth of *November*, Eighteen hundred and Four. .

To the Sheriff of the County of Westmorland, for Sheriff of Westreturning a Member from that County to ferve in morland, for re-General Affembly, the fum of Five Pounds, Fifteen ber. Shillings.

turning a Mem-

To the Sheriff of the County of Saint John, for Sheriff of Saint returning a Member to ferve in General Affembly, the fum of Sixteen Pounds, Five Shillings.

To fuch person as His Honor the PRESIDENT, or For a Packet Commander in Chief for the time being may ap- from St. John to point, for the purpose of aiding in establishing for the term of Two years, by a Packet, the communication between Saint John and Saint Andrews, a fum not exceeding One Hundred Pounds.

St. Andrews.

To Hugh M'Kay, Esquire, the sum of Fourteen Pounds, Seventeen Shillings and Nine Pence, to River Magaguacomplete certain works commenced to facilitate the davic. croffing of the River Magaguadavic at the public landing thereof, and purchasing Ropes for that pur-

For croffing the

To the Commissioners for building a Bridge over For a Bridge o. Salmon River, in King's County, below Mr. Hallett's, ver Salmon river.

the further fum of Eighteen Pounds, Five Shillings. in addition to the fum of Eighty-one Pounds, Fourteen Shillings and Four Pence, granted during the last Session of the General Assembly.

warrant with ad-vice of Council, nary fervices of this Session.

And be it further enacted, That all the before To be paid by mentioned feveral sums of Money shall be paid by the Treasurer by Warrant of His Honor the PRESIDENT, giving a prefer- or Commander in Chief for the time being, by and ence to the ordi-with the advice of His MAJESTY'S Council, out of the Monies now in the Treafury, or as payments may be made at the fame, the Officers and Servants of the General Assembly, together with the Ordinary fervices of the present Session, having a preference in payment to any other fums granted by any Act or Acts previous to or during the prefent Session, where the services contemplated by fuch Act or Acts have not been performed.

AN

# I N D E X

ТО

# The ACTS of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

# Province of NEW-BRUNSWICK,

From the Twenty-sixth to the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of GEORGE III. both inclusive.

#### A.

# Absconding Debtors.

- 1. DEBTOR absconding, Judge of Supreme Court on affidavit of Debt and proof of absconding, to iffue warrants of attachment against all F his Estate. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 1.
- 2. Notice to be published in Royal Gazette. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 2.
- 3. Perishable Goods may be fold by order of Judge. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 3.
- How Sheriff to proceed where claim of property by Stranger. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 4.
- 5. Payment or delivery to Debtor after Notice published, deemed fraudulent. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 5.
- 6. Sales by Debtor after fuch Notice void. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 6.
- Supersedeas when to be granted and with Costs. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 7.
   Debtor not appearing, &c. in Three Months, Judge to appoint Trustees. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 8.
- 9. Trustees to give Public Notice and call to account Debtors and Creditors. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 9.
- 10. Trustees to take Debtor's estate and essects, and empowered to sue, and to sell and convey. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 10.
- 11. Concealer of Debis and Effects to forseit double value, and answer on oath. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 11.
- 12. Swearing falsely subject to the penalties of Perjury. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 12. 13. Discoverer of concealed Effects intitled to 10 per cent. on value. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 13.

14.

Absconding Debtors.

- 14. Power to Trustees to settle accounts, examine upon oath, &c. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 14.
- To refer controversies, mode of appointing Referees. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 15.

16. Further duty of Trustees. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 16.

17. Creditors where Money not become due to be paid with rebate of Interest. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 17.

18. Neglecting to deliver accounts and adjust disputes when to be exclu-

ded. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 18.

19. Creditors out of the Province to act by Attorney. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 19. 20. Judge of Inferior Court of C. P. authorized to issue warrant when debt does not exceed £ 10. Proviso where warrants issue from both Courts. 26 G. 3, c. 13. § 20.

Judge to report all proceedings to the Court, to be entered and to be

conclusive evidence. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 21.
22. Judge to allow appointment of Trustees to be recorded, record conclusive evidence. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 22.

23. Affidavit, process, &c. to be filed in Clerk's office, appointment of Trustees selling Real Estate to be proved and recorded, their conveyances a good Title. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 23.

24. Trustees accounts to be open to inspection; their proceedings subject to order of Court, to render an account on oath, may retain 5 per cent. for their services. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 24.

25. Persons sued for any thing done under this Act may give the special matter in evidence under the general Issue. 26 G. 3. c. 13. § 25.

26. The Estate of Debtor departing from the Province, subjected to same Process and disposal as Estates of Absconding Debtors. 28 G. 3. c. 2. § 1. 27. Acts relative to Absconding Debtors continued to 1st April, 1808. 43 G. 3. c. 8.

#### Actions.

See Arrest, Circuit Court, Damages, Joint Debtors, Mutual Debts.

#### Acts.

Acts of the General Affembly when to commence. 36 G. 3. c. 1.

#### Administrators.

See Wills-13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19. Frauds, &c. 4, 10.

Adultery. See Marriage, 15, 16, 17.

Affirmation. See Depositions, 5. Quakers. Register, &c. 6.

#### Aliens.

- 1. No Person, not being a British Subject, to bring or sell any Merchandise within the Province. 45 G. 3. c. 3. § 1.
- Penalty therefor and how recovered and applied. § 2. Treasurer and his Deputies to enforce this Act. § 3.
- 4. Act limited to three Years. § 4. See Treasurer of the Province, 5. Alnwick.

Alnwick. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 9.

Servants, &c. Taverns, 2, 3. Apprentices. See Poor, 2.

### Appropriation.

Act to appropriate the Public Revenue for the Year 1805. 45 G. 3. c. 21.

### Arrest.

1. No Person to be held to Bail on process of Supreme Court for less than f 10. nor of Inferior Court for less than 40/. In other cases, copy of process to be served and Plaintiff may file common Bail for Defendant. 26 G. 3. c. 25. § 1.

To hold to Bail affidavit must be made of the cause of action, and the

fum indorsed on the Writ. 26 Geo. 3. c. 25. § 2.

3. No Seaman belonging to any Vessel to be arrested for any Debt not exceeding £ 10, contracted without the knowledge and allowance of the Master, until the end of the voyage. 26 G. 3. c. 53. § 1.

4. Where cause of action amounts to upwards of £ 3, on affidavit made and filed Desendant may be held to Bail on process from Inserior Courts. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 3. Altered to £ 5, by 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 1. & c. 7. § 1. For other matters see Justices of the Peace, 12.

#### Assembly. See Elections.

#### Assessments.

See County Rates, 1, 3, 8. Highways, 24, 25. Poor.

#### Assessors.

See City of St. John, 4. County Rates, 1, 3, 8. Town or Parish Officers, 1.

#### Attornies.

- 1. Of the Supreme Court authorized to practice in Inferior Courts. 26 G. 3. c. 8. § 2.
- 2. No Attorney to be retained in civil causes before Justices of the Peace. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 3.
- 3. Fees of Attornies in fummary Actions. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 8.

### Auctions and Auctioneers.

1. Goods fold at Auction, subjected to a duty of 21 per cent. 26 G. 3 c. 44. § 1.

2. Articles exempted from the duty. 26 G. 3. c. 44. § 2.

3. Auctioneer to give fecurity for the duties, to render account on oath, and pay under penalty of £ 50, to be fued for by Treasurer of the Pro-

vince. 26 G. 3. c. 44. § 3. 4. Persons selling by Auction before security given for the duties forseit £ 100. 26 G. 3. c. 44. § 4. 5. Act continued to 1st April, 1808. 43 G. 3. c. 8.

For other matters see Sales of Damaged Goods, 1, 2, 3.

B.

#### Bail. See Arrest.

#### Ballast. See Harbours.

#### Banks.

1. Regulations for preferving the Banks of the River St. John, in front of Magerville, Sheffield and Waterborough. 34 G. 3. c. 9. § 1. 2. Mode of recovering Penalties against Offenders. 1bid and § 2.

3. Justices of the Peace in their Sessions authorized to make further regulations, by erecting Swing-Gates, &c. 34 G. 3. c. 9. § 3. 4. Act continued to 1810. 45 G. 3. c. 19. See Lincoln.

### Bastards,

1. Mode of apprehending putative Fathers of Bastard Children. 32 G. 3. с.\_3. § 1.

2. To be released if the Woman die, or be married before delivery, or

miscarry. 32 G. 3. c. 3. § 2. 3. How otherwise to be discharged. 32 G. 3 c. 3. § 3. 4. No Woman to be sent for till one Month after delivery, to be examined concerning her pregnancy. 32 G. 3. c. 3. § 4. 5. Nor to be compulforily examined till delivered. ibid.

See Marriage, 17.

#### See Passamaquoddy Bay. Beacons.

#### Bells.See Highways, 18.

### Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes.

1. Damages on protested Bills drawn here on Persons in Europe, 10 per cent. with charges and interest. 26 G. 3. c. 22. § 1.

2. Drawn here on Persons in America, 5 per cent. with charges and in-

terest. 26 G. 3. c. 22. § 2.

3. The fame damages when drawn out of the Province and demanded here. 26 G. 3. c. 22. § 3.
4. Promissory Notes assignable as inland Bills of Exchange. 26 G. 3. c. 23.

5. Damages on protested Bills drawn here on Persons in the West-Indies, 10 per cent. with charges and interest. 34 G. 3. c. 6.
6. Stealing Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes, made Felony.

G. 3. c. 61.

7. Damages on Bills of Exchange not Usury. 26 G. 3. c. 17 § 1.

Booms.See Rivers, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10.

Botsford. Parish of, erected and described. 45 G. 3. c. 18.

> Bottomry. Not Usury. 26 G. 3. c. 17. § 1.

> > Boundaries.

### Boundaries.

- 1. The Counties of Saint John, Westmorland, Charlotte, Northumberland, King's, Queen's, York and Sunbury, as created and limited by Letters Patent, particularly described, confirmed and established. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 1.
- Subdivided into Towns or Parishes. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9. Shire Towns of the several Counties established. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 10. 41 G. 3. c. 6. § 1.

Parish of Dorchester created and bounded. 27 G. 3. c. 7. § 1. Made Shire Town. 41 G. 3. c. 6. § 1.

Parish of Salisbury created and bounded. 27 G. 3. c. 7. § 1.

Boundary line between the County of Westmorland and the Counties of King's and Queen's altered and described. 27 G. 3. c. 7. \ 2.

7. Direction of lateral Boundary lines of Grants how to be afcertained.

- 31 G. 3. c. 8. § 1.
  Direction of lateral Boundary lines of Lots how to be afcertained. 31 G. 3. c. 8. § 2.
- Boundary lines of Grants under the Seal of the Province of Nova-Scotia, how to be regulated. 31 G. 3. c. 8. § 3.

  10. Points of commencement of Boundary lines, how to be afcertained.

31 G. 3. c. 8. § 4.

11. Proceedings relative to fixing permanent Land-marks, to be registered by the Surveyor-General. 31 G. 3. c. 8. § 5.

Such registry good evidence. ibid.

- Penalty upon Persons defacing or destroying permanent Land-marks. 31 G. 3. c. 8. § 6.
- 14. Commissioners appointed to adjust and assess the expense of a survey of the Lands in Sackville. 33 G. 3. c. 8. § 1.
  5. Mode of recovering affessment. 33 G. 3. c. 8. § 2.

No possession under the survey to be deemed adverse against the real Owner. 33 G. 3. c. 8. § 3.

Sum to be affessed, limited. 33 G. 3. c. 8. § 4.

- Plan of the survey to be inspected gratis, previous to the affessment.
- 33 G. 3. c. 8. § 5.
  Parishes of Norton, Greenwich and Hampton created and bounded. 35 G. 3. c. 3. § 2, 3, 4.

Boundaries of Suffex, Springfield and King fton altered and described anew. ibid § 1.

- Boundary line between the County of Northumberland and the adjoining Counties altered and established. 43 G. 3. c. 4. § 1.
- 22 Island of Cambo-Bells erected into a Parish. 43 G. 3. c. 4. § 2. 23. Parish of Wakefield in York County erected. 43 G. 3. c. 5. § 1.
- 24. Parish of Botsford in the County of Westmorland erected and bounded. 45 G. 3. c. 18.

#### Bribery.See Elections, 10.

Burton. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 7, 10.

Butter.

#### Butter.

1. Mode of packing and inspecting Butter for Exportation. 48 G. 3. c. 6. § 1.

2. Inspectors how appointed and regulated. 43 G. 3. c. 6. § 2.

3. Penalties for exporting Butter not inspected and marked. 43 G. 3. c.

4. May be packed in Firkins of any seasoned Wood except Pine or Cedar.
45 G. 3. c. 20.

#### C.

Campo-Bello. Island erected into a Parish. 43 G. 3. c. 4. § 2.

#### Cattle.

1. Persons maliciously killing or wounding Horses, Cattle, Swine, Sheep, &c. forseit treble damages. 26 G. 3. c. 35.

For other matters see Trespasses, 6, 7, 8.

Certiorari. See County Rates, 11. Justices of the Peace, 19.

Challenge of Jurors. See Felons and Felony, 8.

#### Charlotte.

County of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. Preamble, § 1.

For other matters, see Courts Com. Pleas 5. Infectious Distempers 2, 3, 4, 5. Rivers, 9.

#### Church.

No Person capable to be admitted to any Benefice before Ordination. 26 G. 3. c. 4. § 1.

2. Beneficed Clergymen to read the Common Prayer, and fervice of the Liturgy, and administer the Sacraments, &c. under penalty of £5. 26 G. 3. c. 4. § 2.

26 G. 3. c. 4. § 2. 3. Convicted on Indictment, &c. of using any other Form or Rites, in Church, &c. to be punished by deprivation, &c. 26 G. 3. c. 4. § 3.

Church, &c. to be punished by deprivation, &c. 26 G. 3. c. 4. § 3.

4. Proviso in favour of Disserters for liberty of Conscience, choosing Ministers and Public Worship according to their own opinions. 26 G. 3. c. 4. § 4.

3. c. 4. §. 4.

5. Diffenting Ministers not allowed to officiate in places of Public Worship, unless elected or licensed by the Governor; and none of any denomination to officiate before taking the Oath of Allegiance on pain of Fine and Imprisonment:—But Quakers are allowed Public Worship as accustomed. 26 G. 3. c. 4. § 5.

accustomed. 26 G. 3. c. 4. § 5.

6. The Parish of Trinity Church in the City of Saint John, co-extensive with the City, to be called the Parish of St. John. 29 G. 3. c. 1. § 1.

7. Corporation of Trinity Church created, annual rents and profits of

their property not to exceed £ 500. 29 G. 3. c, 1. § 2.

8. Parishioners to choose Church-Wardens and Vestry annually on Easter Monday. 29 G. 3. c. 1. § 3.

The Church and Lands belonging to it vested in the Corporation.—

29 G. 3. c. 1. § 4.

10. Corporation to dispose of the Pews and other property, to finish and repair the Church, pay falaries, and other expenses. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 5. Rector, Church-Wardens, and Vestries of the several Churches,

erected or to be erected in the Province, incorporated. 29 G. 3. c. 1. § 6.

Church Wardens and Vestries to have the full power of the Corporation in cases of the death or absence from the Province of the Rector. 29. G. 3. c. 1. § 7.

No Corpse to be interred under any Church, or within One hundred Yards from the Walls of Trinity-Church, in the City of Saint John.

29 G. 3. c. 1. § 8.

### Church-Wardens. See Church, 8, 11, 12.

### City of Saint John.

1. The City shall be a Body Corporate for ever, and all Letters Patent, &c. are ratified and confirmed. 26 G. 3. c. 46. § 1.

Corporation shall have all rights, liberties, estates, &c. granted by

Charter. 26 G. 3. c. 46. § 2.

3. This to be taken as a public Act. 26 G. 3. c. 46. § 3.
4. Corporation of the City authorized to appoint Affessors and Collectors of Taxes, subject to the same rules, penalties, &c. as Parish Asselfors and Constables. 27 G. 3. c. 8.

5. Bounds of the Four Wards on the Eastern side of the Harbour altered

and described. 43 G. 3. c. 3. § 1.

6. Mode of Election of Aldermen in Guy's Ward and Brook's Ward pointed out. 43 G. 3. c. 3. § 2.

For other matters, see Church, 6. Courts of Common Pleas, &c. 8.— Dogs, 3. Elections, 14, 15. Ferries, 1. Fires and Firemen. Fish, &c. 8. Fisheries, 9. Harbours, 3. Hay, 1. Infectious Distempers, 7, 8. Justices of the Peace, 23. Pilots, 4, 5. Poor, 3.—Schools, 1. Taverns, &c. 12. Weights and Measures, 3. Westmorland, 7. Wharfage, &c. 8.

### City or Clerk's Court.

1. Jurisdiction of Clerk's Court in the City of Saint John. extended to £5. 42 G. 3. c, 5. \$ 10.

#### Circuit Court.

1. Causes at issue in Supreme Court may be heard and determined by the Justices in Circuit Courts to be appointed without express commisfion. 26 G. 3. c. 8. § 1.

Clergy.

See Church, 12, 3, 4, 5. Felons and Felony, 2, 3, 4. Treasurer of Province, 4. Clerk

Clerk of the Crown in Chancery. See Crown Lands, 3.

### Clerk of the Market.

See Town or Parish Officers, 1. Weights and Measures, 2.

Clerk of Supreme Court. See Frauds, &c. 11. Lands, &c. 7, 9.

#### Coin.

1. The value and currency of Coin and Money of different species regulated and established. 26 G. 3. c. 16. See further Gold Coin.

#### Collectors.

See City of Saint John, 4. County Rates, 3, 5, 6, 10. Town or Parish Officers, 1.

College. See Schools, 18.

Commission. See Depositions, 7. Supreme Court.

Commissioners of Highways.

See Highways, 1, 6, 14, 25, 28, 32, 37. Lincoln, 3.

### Commissioners of Sewers.

- a. Appointed by the Governor with advice of Council, their Powers and Duties. 26 G. 3. c. 45. § 1.
- 2. May lease or sell Lands of Delinquents for payment of assessments.— 26 G. 3. c. 45. § 2.
- Penalty on Owners of Marsh, &c. not labouring when notified.
- G. 3. c. 45. § 3.
  On sudden breaches, extraordinary work required, on penalty.

- On judgen breaches, extraordinal,
   G. 3. c. 45. § 4.
   Owners of Lands damnified in the execution of this Act, to be compensated. 26 G. 3. c. 45. § 5.
   Appeal allowed to Governor and Council. 26 G. 3. c. 45. § 6.
   Commissioners restrained from dyking or draining, &c. without confent of Proprietors of half the Lands. 34 G. 3. c. 8. § 1.
   Accounts to be stated, and Notice given, previous to Warrant of Diffrage.
  - tress. 34 G. 3. c. 8. § 2.
- 9. Appeals allowed to Supreme Court, &c. 34 G. 3. c. 8. § 3.
- Former Act confirmed, except as here amended. ibid. § 4.

Commons. See Public Uses. 3.

Confined Debtors. See Debt and Debtors.

Constables.

### Constables.

See County Rates, 3, 5, 6. Fish, &c. 2. Justices of the Peace, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 13, 20, 24, 30, 32. Town or Parish Officers, 1. Vagrants, 3.

Counsel. See Justices of the Peace, 10.

#### Counties.

See Boundaries, 1, 2, 3, 6, 21. Elections, 14. Register, &c. 2. Schools, 10.

### County Rates.

- 1. Justices of Peace in Sessions empowered to raise Money for building Gaols and Court-Houses, and grant Warrants for assessing, levying, and collecting the same. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 1.
- collecting the fame. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 1.

  2. Upon prefentment of Grand Jury may make rates and contracts for reparation of Gaols. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 2.
- reparation of Gaols. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 2.
  3. Affessiments may be levied by Warrant of distress and sale—all Monies to be paid to the County Treasurer; his appointment and duties.—26 G. 3. c. 42. § 3.
- 4. Method of his keeping and rendering books of Entries and Accounts, 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 4.
- 5. Constables duty in levying and rendering Account; liable to be committed for neglect; Accounts, &c. to be deposited with Clerk of the Peace. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 5.
- 6. Receipts of Treasurer discharges to Constables—Majority of Sessions may discharge Treasurer. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 6.
- 7. General Sessions may continue and remove Treasurer at pleasure, and settle his pay not exceeding £ 15 per annum. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 7.
- 8. Affessors of Towns judged to be over-rated may appeal in that behalf to General Sessions—the rates of other Towns not affected thereby. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 8..
- 9. No new rate to be made till three-fourths of former collections expended. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 9.
- 10. Rates quathed—Collector not liable to action—Payers in fuch cases to have allowance in the next rates. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 10.

  11. No Certiorari to remove rates, &c. but on motion in Term, next after
- 11. No Certiorari to remove rates, &c. but on motion in Term, next after limitation of appeals, and affidavit that the merits will come in question, nor without security for costs: Rates not to be quashed for want of form. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 11.
- 22. Actions to be brought within three Months, and in the County where &c. Defendant may give special matter in evidence under general issue and recover treble costs. 26 G. 3. c. 42. § 12.
- 13. Where Sessions purchase a house for a Gaol or Court-House, may raise Money therefor to be affessed, levied and collected as provided for 26 G. 3. c. 42.—29 G. 3. c. 3. § 2.
- 14. In no case to levy more than £ 300 for the purposes in either A& mentioned. 29 G. 3. c. 3. § 3.

See Crimes and Offences 2. Juries 11.

### County Treasurer.

See County Rates, 3, 4, 6, 7. Crimes and Offences, 2. Juries, 11.

### Courts.

See Circuit Court. City or Clerk's Court. Court-Martial. Court of Justices of the Peace. Marriage, 11, 12, 13, 14. C ∍mmon Pleas. Supreme Court.

### Courts of Common Pleas, Inferior and Courts of Sessions.

- Time of holding Inferior Court of Common Pleas and Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the County of Westmorland. 31 G. 3. c. 9. § 1.—35 G. 3. c. 2. § 1.—42 G. 3. c. 3.

  2. In King's County. 31 G. 3. c. 9. § 1.—35 G. 3. c. 2. § 1.—42 G. 3. c. 2.

  3. In Queen's County. 31 G. 3. c. 9. § 1. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 1.

  4. In the County of Northumberland. 32 G. 3. c. 4.

  In the County of Northumberland. 32 G. 3. c. 4.

- 5. In the County of Charlotte. 34 G. 3. c. 4.—35 G. 3. c. 2. § 1.
  6. In the County of Sunbury. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 1.—45 G. 3. c. 10.
  7. In the County of York. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 1.—45 G. 3. c. 2.
  8. In the City and County of Saint John. 31 G. 3. c. 9. § 1.
  9. Concurrent jurifdiction with the Supreme Court given to the Inferior Courts of Common Pleas in all transitory actions, except where the title of Lands in question. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 2.
- 10. Impowered to iffue Subpænas for witnesses in any County. ibid.

  11. Defendant may remove the cause by Habasa Canta. Defendant may remove the cause by Habeas Corpus where the sum above f 10. ibid.
- 12. Either party may bring writ of error where the judgment for more than £ 10. ibid.
- 13. Defendant to be held to Bail on the usual affidavit where the sum more than £ 3. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 3. Altered to £ 5. by 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 1. and c. 7. § 1.
- 14. Before whom affidavit to be made. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 4.
- 15. Actions for fums not more than f 10, to be proceeded upon in a fummary way. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 5.

  Mode of proceeding fummarily. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 6.
- 16.

- 17. Mode of entering judgments in Jumpin.

  18. Fees in fummary actions. 35 G. 3. c. 2. § 8.

  19. No Defendant to be held to Bail in any action in any Inferior Court

  19. Place unless on affidavit of demand exceeding £ 5. 42 G. 3. c. 7. § 1.
- 20. In all actions for fums not exceeding £ 20, proceedings to be fummary,
- and declaration inserted in the writ. 42 G. 3. c. 7. § 2.

  21. No action to be removed into the Supreme Court, unless the sum exceed £ 20, unless by writ of error after judgment. 42 G. 3. c. 7. § 3.
- Actions for sums not exceeding  $f_{20}$ , confined to the Inferior Courts. 42 G. 3. c. 7. § 4.
- For other matters of which cognizance is given to the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, see Absconding Debtors, 20. Feme Covert, 1. Pilots, &c. 1. Register, &c. 6. Usury, 1. Wills, 7.

For

### Courts of Common Pleas, Inferior and Courts of Sessions.

For other matters of which cognizance is given to the Courts of General Sessions, see Banks, 3. Bastards, 1, 2. Butter, 2. County Rates, 1, 7, 8, 13. Ferries. Fish, &c. 8. Fisheries, 2. Hay, 1. Highways, 1. Infectious Distempers, 5. Passamaquoddy Bay, 3. Poor, 1, 3.—Public Uses. Rivers, 6, 9, 10. Servants, &c. 9. Taverns, 5, 10, 11. Town or Parish Officers, 1. Trespasses, 3, 4, 9. Vagrants, 4. Weights and Measures, 2. Westmorland, 5.

> Court-Houses. See County Rates, 1, 13.

Court-Martial. See Militia, 30, 31, 32, 33.

> Cranage. See Wharfage, 4, 5.

> > Crimes and Offences.

1. Under Grand Larceny, where offender in Gaol and refuses to give Bail may be heard and determined fummarily by three Justices of the Peace. 26 G. 3. c. 59. §. 1.

The Costs not exceeding 15/. to be paid out of County Treasury. 26 G. 3. c. 59. 5 2.

For other matters, see Felons and Felony. Witnesses.

### Crown Lands.

- 1. In what cases Lands already granted may be resumed by the Crown for Public purposes. 43 G. 3. c. 1.

  2. Mode of proceeding in such cases. 43 G. 3. c. 1. § 1.

  3. Amount of valuation of such Lands to be deposited with the Clerk of
- the Crown in Chancery, for the use of the owners. 43 G. 3. c. 1. § 2.
  4. Inquisition being made and amount deposited, such Lands to revert to
- and vest in the King. 43 G. 3. c. 1. § 3.

#### D.

#### Damaged Goods. See Sales, &c.

Damages.

1. Courts impowered to affels damages in actions on the case on judgment by default. 26 G. 3. c. 21.

### Debt and Debtors.

- 1. Debtors confined for a fum not exceeding £ 200 and unable to support themselves may apply for a discharge; mode of proceeding thereon. 41 G. 3. c. 5. § 1.
- 2. Penalty for making false oath. 41 G. 3. c. 5. § 2.
- 3. Act continued to the year 1810. 45 G. 3. c. 19.

For other matters, see Absconding Debtors. Justices of the Peace, 4. Lands, &c. liable to Debts. Mutual Debts. Small Debts.

Depositions.

### Pepositions.

- 1. Depositions of certain witnesses taken de bene esse after declaration filed, and certified by a Judge to be admitted as evidence. 26 Geo. 3. c. 20. § 1.
- 2. Proof required of notice to adverte party. 26 G. 3. c. 20. (2. 3. Not allowed to be read if witness be in the Province and able to at-
- tend. 26 G. 3. c. 20. § 3.

  4. Exceptions to the credit of Deponents faved. 26 G. 3. c. 20. § 4.

  5. Outkers may make affirmation inflead of oath. 26 G. 3. c. 20. § 5.

  6. Perfors fwearing or affirming fallely liable to the pains and penaltics

- of perjuly. 26 G.3. c. 20. § 6.

  7. Supreme Court authorized to iffue Commissions in civil causes there depending, for taking the Depositions of witnesses residing out of the

### Deserters.

- 1. Act 33 G. 3. c. 3. Repealed. 45 G. 3. c. 6. § 1.
- 2. Penalty for knowingly concealing or affifting Deferters. 45 G. 3. c. 6. § 2.
- Penalty for knowingly buying, receiving, &c. from any Soldier, any Arms, Clothing, Provisions, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 6. § 3.
- 4. Penalties how to be recovered and applied.
- Reward for apprehending Deferters, 45 G. 3. c. 6. § 5.
  Gaolers' to receive Deferters without fee. 45 G. 3. c. 6. § 6.
- 7. Province Treasurer to pay rewards. § 7.
  8. Limitation of the A&. § 8.

Province. 31 G. 3. c. 10.

#### Devises. See Wills.

Disorderly Persons.See Vagrants.

Dissenters.See Church, 4, 5.

Distempers.See Infectious Distempers.

Divorce. See Marriage, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18.

### , Dogs.

- Dogs killing Sheep or Lambs to be killed, or owner subject to a penalty. 32 G. 3. c. 6. § 1.
- 2. Penalty upon Persons keeping Dogs accustomed to bite Sheep. 32 G. 3. c. 6. § 2.
- 3. Corporation of the City of Saint John, authorized to lay an annual Tax on Dogs, for the support of the Poor. 41 G. 3. c. 8.—Continued to the year 1810. 45 G. 3. c. 19.

#### $oldsymbol{Dorchester}.$ See Boundaries, 4.

Dower. See Feme Covert, 1, 2, 3. Marriage, 18. Wills, 12.

Drunkenness. See Lord's Day.

#### Elections.

- Regulation of Elections of Representatives in General Assembly. 31 G. 3. c. 17.
- 2. Forty days between teste and return of Writs and manner of executing them. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 1.
- No fee to the Sheriff unless a Poll demanded, then, and in case of Scrutiny, allowance per diem to himself and Clerk payable out of Province Treasury. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 2.
- Qualifications of Electors and Candidates. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 3.
- Elections where to be held. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 4.
- Sheriff's Oath. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 5. 6.
- Act to be read at the time of Election. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 6. Poll how to be taken. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 7.—21.

- Penalty for swearing falsely. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 8. Penalty for Bribery. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 9, 18, 19. 10.
- Poll when and where to be held and when closed. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 10, 15. 11.
- Scrutiny how to be conducted. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 11. 12.
- Sheriff authorized to administer oaths on Scrutiny. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 13. 13.
- Number of Members for the respective Counties. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 14. 14.
- City Members how and by whom to be chosen. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 14, 15. 15.
- Copy of the Poll demandable. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 16. 16.
- No Elector or Candidate to be a minor. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 17. Penalty for not returning Writ. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 20. 17.
- 18.
- Penalty for false return. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 22. Duration of Assemblies. 31 G. 3. c. 17. § 23. 19.
- 20.

#### Entails.

- Estates Tail how to be barred. 36 G. 3. c. 4. § 1.
- By Femes Covert. 36 G. 3. c. 4. § 2.

See Courts of Common Pleas, 11, 21.

**Execution.** See Frauds, &c. 13. Lands, &c. Mutual Debts, 2.

 ${m E}$  xecutors. See Frauds, &c. 4, 10. Wills, 7, 10, 11, 18, 19.

> ${m E}$ xportation. See Butter, Fish and Lumber.

### F.

#### $oldsymbol{F}$ elon $oldsymbol{s}$ and $oldsymbol{F}$ elon $oldsymbol{s}$ .

1. Stealing Bills of Exchange, Bonds, Warrants, Promissory Notes, &c. is Felony of same nature as stealing money or goods of the value so secured. 26 G. 3. c. 61.

Courts empowered to punish persons convicted of Felony within the benefit of Clergy, by Fine. 29 G. 3. c. 7. § 1.

### Felons and Felony.

3. Or, except in cases of manslaughter by whipping, which shall have the same effect as burning. ibid.

4. Courts also empowered in addition to the fine or whipping to sentence to the house of correction, work-house, or prison, there to be kept at hard ' labour. 29 G. 3. c. 7. § 2.

5. Grand Larceny, what. 31 G. 3. c. 7.
6. Petit Larceny, what. 31 G. 3. c. 7.
7. Persons indicted of Felony, or of a misdemeanor, standing mute, shall be convicted as by verdict or confession. 26 G. 3. c. 60. § 1.

8. Persons indicted of capital Crimes not allowed to challenge peremptorily more than Twenty. 26 G. 3. c. 60. § 2.

For other matters see Crimes and Offences. Treasurer of the Province, 4. Witnesses.

#### Feme Covert.

1. No Feme Covert to be barred of her right of Dower, unless a party to the Deed, and her feparate acknowledgment taken before one of the Council or a Judge of the Supreme, or of some Inferior Court of Common Pleas. 27 G. 3. c. 9. 2. Where the Confideration money does not exceed £ 200, wife's acknow-

ledgment may be made before any Justice of the Peace, or the Register of Deeds in the County where the Lands lie. 33 G. 3. c. 5.

Where the wife lives out of the Province, manner of her making ac-

knowledgment to bar her right of Dower. 32 G. 3. c. 2.

4. Conveyances of Estates of Freehold and Inheritance by Femes Covert to be acknowledged in the same manner as those to bar their right of Dower. 32 G. 3. c. 2.

For other matters fee Entails, 2. Marriage, 18. Wills, 17.

### Fences and Fence Viewers.

See Trespasses, 2. Town or Parish Officers, 1.

#### Ferries.

1. Justices of the Peace in General Sessions in the several Counties except Saint John, to make rules and establish rates and fares for Markets and Ferries. 28 G. 3. c. 8.

2. Continued to 1st April, 1808. 43 G. 3. c. 8.

### Fires and Firemen.

1. Common Council of Saint John to appoint Firemen, their number not to exceed 32, their qualifications and duties. 26 G. 3. c. 47. § 1.

2. Firemen removeable at pleasure. 26 G. 3. c. 47. § 2, 3. Exempted from divers offices and services, their names to be registered,

how to claim privilege. 26 G. 3. c. 47. § 3.

4. Common Council to make ordinances for them with penalties.— 26 G. 3. c. 47. § 4.

### Fires and Firemen.

- 5. Duties of Sheriffs and Peace-Officers, upon breaking out of Fires. 26 G. 3. c. 47. § 5.
- 6. Number of Firemen may extend to 40. 28 G. 3. c. 3. § 1.
- 7. Further exemptions and privileges granted to them. 28 G. 3. c. 3. § 2. For other matters fee Woods, &c.

### Fish and Lumber.

- Fish for exportation, in what barrels to be packed. 37 G. 3. c. 4. § 2.
   In case of non-compliance, barrels to be condemned on complaint to two Justices of the Peace and burnt by the Constable. ibid.
- 3. Quality of merchantable Fish for the several Foreign Markets.—37 G. 3. c. 4. § 3.
- 4. Penalty for shipping any other. ibid.
- 5. Quality of merchantable Boards and other Lumber for exportation, with allowances for defects, and for surveying the same. 37 G. 3. c. 4. § 4.
- 6. Quality of Shingles for exportation, and allowance for furveying the
- fame. 37 G. 3. c. 4. § 5.

  7. Quality of fquare Timber and Spars for the British market, and allowance for surveying the same 27 G. 3. c. 4. § 6.
- ance for surveying the same. 37 G. 3. c. 4. § 6.

  8. Justices of the Peace at their General Sessions, or Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of Saint John, to appoint Surveyors of Lumber.—

  37 G. 3. c. 4. § 7.
- 37 G. 3. c. 4. § 7.
  9. Fines and Penalties how recoverable, and how to be disposed of.—
  37 G. 3. c. 4. § 8.
- Profecutions to be commenced within Six Months after the offence, 37 G. 3. c. 4. § 9.
- 11. Cullers and Surveyors of Fish how appointed. 26 G. 3. c. 28. § 1,
- 2. Merchantable Boards to be square edged. 43 G. 3. c. 7. § 1.
- 13. Quantity of Plank allowed. 43 G. 3. c. 7. § 2.
- 14. Allowance to Surveyors. 43 G. 3. c. 7. § 3.

### ${\it Fisheries}.$

- 1. Penalties for erecting incumbrances to obstruct the natural course of the Fish in any River. 33 G. 3. c. 9. § 1.
- 2. Justices in Sessions to appoint Overseers of the Fisheries. 33 G. 3. c. 9. § 2.
- 3. Nets fet contrary to Law to be feized. 33 G. 3. c. 9. § 3.
- 4. Compensation to Overseers. 33 G. 3. c. 9. § 4,
- 5. Penalty upon Overseers neglecting their duty. 33 G. 3. c. 9. § 5.
- 6. Sheriff or Constable to act in default of Overseers. 33 G. 3. c. 9. § 6.
  7. Length of Nets to be set in the Rivers Saint John and Kennebeckacis.
- 33 G. 3. c. 9 § 7. 8. Width of the branches of these rivers how ascertained. 33 G. 3. c.
- 8. Width of the branches of their rivers now alcertained. 33 G. 3. C. 9. § 8.
- 9. Regulation of the Fishery below the Boar's Head, and in the harbour of Saint John. 33 G. 3. c. 9. § 9.—34 G. 3. c. 3. § 1, 2.

10. O Tenders how to be punished, where no goods found. 34 G. 3. c.

3. § 3. 11. There of Fishing in the Rivers Miramichi and Restigouche limited.

39 G. 3. c. 5. § 8.

12. No Fishery permitted between fun-fet on Saturday night and fun-rise

on Monday morning. 33 G. 3. c. 9. § 9.

13. Fisheries in the County of Northumberland regulated. 39 G. 3. c. 5. Which Act is continued to 1st March, 1810. 45 G. 3. c. 19.

### Forestallers and Regraters.

What acts make a Man a Forestaller. 26 G. 3. c. 48. § 1.

What alts make a Man a Regrater. 26 G. 3. c. 48. § 2.

Offenders convicted before three Justices of the Peace, liable to Fine, not exceeding f 10, and for non-payment to imprisonment. 26 G. 3. c. *48. § 3.* 

#### Fornication. See Marriage, 15.

### Frauds and Fraudulent Conveyances.

Estates of Land made by parol or without writing signed, have the force of Leafes at will only. 26 G, 3. c, 14. § 1.

2. Leafes not exceeding three years, excepted. 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 2.

Leases and interests of Lands not to be affigned but by Deed or wri-

ting figned, or operation of Law. 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 3.

Contracts to charge Executor, &c. in his own right, or one for debt, &c. of another; or upon Marriage, or fale of Lands, &c. or not to be performed in one year must be in writing signed. 26 G. 3. c. 14, § 4.

Declarations of trusts of Lands, not in writing signed, to be void.—

26 G. 3. c. 14. § 5.

Trusts arising by implication or construction of Law excepted.— 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 6.

Grants and affignments of trusts not in writing figned, to be void.

26 G. 3. c. 14 § 7.

Lands, &c. held in trust liable to Execution against cestuy que trust, and trusts shall be assets in hands of Heirs. 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 8.

But Heir not chargeable out of his own estate by reason of such trusts.

26 G. 3. c. 14. § 9.

Estates pur auter vie deviseable, if not devised, to be assets in hands of Heir, if he be occupant, if no occupant, then in hands of Executor or Administrator. 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 10.

Judge or proper Officer. 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 11.

12. Judgments as against purchasers shall relate to the time of figning. 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 12.

13. Writs of Execution bind the goods, but from time of delivery to Officer which he is to indorse. 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 13.

### Frauds and Fraudulent Conveyances.

Contracts for fale of goods to £ 10, not good unless part be delivered, or earnest given or some note in writing signed. 26 G. 3. ε. 14. § 14.
 Recognizances bind Lands in hands of Purchasers but from time of enrolment. 26 G. 3. c. 14. § 15.

For other matters, see Lands, &c. liable to Debts. Sales, &c.

Fredericton. Parish of described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 8, 10. See Highways, 27. Schools, 18.

G.

Gagetown. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 6. 10.

### Gaming.

1. Securities for money won by gaming, or betting at games or lent for gaming or betting are void, and mortgages fo made of Lands shall enure to such persons as would be intitled to the Estate if Grantor were dead. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 1.

2. Plaintiff in any action accruing by wager or gaming to be non-fuited.

26 G. 3, c. 26. § 2.

3. Persons soling above 20/ by gaming or betting at one meeting, may suffice for and recover same with costs. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 3.

4. Money won from Infants may be recovered by Guardians with treble

value and costs 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 4.

5. Persons winning by fraud or deceit in play or betting and convicted on indictment, &c. forseit five times the value to such as shall sue for the same. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 5.

5. Two Justices of Peace to order public gaming tables to be removed, or may break them, if owners refuse; who are to find sureties for good behaviour, &c. or be committed, and on conviction, fined or imprisoned. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 6.

7. Persons having no visible Estate, &c. and suspected of supporting themfelves by gaming, on information of a Grand Juror are to find sureties,

&c. or be committed. 26 G. 3. c. 26. § 7.

Gaols. See County Rates, 1, 13.

Gates. See Banks, 3. Lincoln, 3, 4.

Gaugers. How appointed. 26 G. 3. c. 28. § 1.

General Assembly. See Acts. Elections.

General Sessions of Peace. See Courts of Common Pleas, &c. See also Banks, 3. Bastards, 1, 2. Butter, 2. County Rates, 1, 7, 8, 13. Ferries. Fish, &c. 8. Fisheries, 2. Hay, 1. Highways, 1. Infectious

General Seffions of Peace.

tious Distempers, 5. Passamaquoddy Bay, 3. Poor, 1, 3. Public Uses. Rivers, 6, 9, 10. Schools, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17. Servants, &c. 9. Taverns, &c. 5, 10, 11. Town or Parish Officers, 1. Trespasses, 3, 4, 9. Vagrants, 4. Weights and Measures, 2. Westmorland, 5. York, 2.

### Goats. See Trespasses, 6, 7, 8.

### Gold Coin

Weight and Rates of Gold Coin regulated. 45 G. 3. c. 4. § 1.

Allowance for extra weight and deduction when under Standard weight.

When to be weighed in bulk, rate and allowance. § 3. 3.

No plugged Gold to be a lawful tender. § 4. See Coin.

Grand Jury.

See County Rates, 2. Gaming, 7. Juries, 1, 3, 7. Taverns and Tavernkeepers, 10.

Grants. See Boundaries, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12. Letters Patent, &c. Parish of, described. 35 G. 3. c. 3 §. 3. Greenwich.

#### H.

See Courts of Common Pleas, &c. 11, 21. Habeas Corpus.

Parish of, described. Hampstead. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 6.

Parish of, described. 35 G. 3. c. 3. § 4. Hampton.

#### Harbours.

- 1. Penalty for throwing ballast or rubbish into any harbour. 33 G. 3. C. 2. § 1.
- 2. Mode to be observed in ballasting and unballasting vessels. зз G. з. c. 2. § 2.
- 3. This Act not to extend to the City of Saint John. ibid.

Hay.

1. Justices of the Peace in General Sessions, except in the County of Saint John, authorized to erect or permit the erection of machines for weighing Hay, to ordain regulations, establish rates, and affix penalties. 39 G. 3. c. 7. 2. Fees of Surveyors and weighers of Hay, regulated. 26 G. 3. c. 28. § 2.

These Officers how appointed. idem. § 1.

Highways.

1. Commissioners and Surveyors of Highways how to be appointed and fworn. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 2.

### Highways.

- Highways how to be laid out and altered. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 3.
- Penalties for incumbrances in Highways. 36 G.3. c. 7. § 4.
- Width of Roads. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 5. 4.
- Description of Persons liable to work on Highways. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 6, 10, 11**.**
- Duty of Commissioners. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 7, 11, 12, 13, 15, 19, 22, 23. 26 G. 3. c. 33.
- Sum to be paid in lieu of labour. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 8.
- Season for working on Highways. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 9.-37 G. 3. c. 6.
- Penalty on Delinquents. 36 G. 3. c. 7 § 11.
- Duty of Surveyors. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 9, 11, 15, 16, 19, 23.—26 G. ·3. c. 33.
- Highways to be registered. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 12.
- Private Roads how to be laid out. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 13.
- Damage to owners of Land, through which Roads are laid out, how to be afcertained. 36 G. 3. c. 7. §. 14.
- Roads how to be marked in the Winter. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 15, 16, 17. Penalty for destroying Winter marks. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 18.
- 1,5.
- Roads how to be broke in the Snow. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 19. 16.
- Width of Sleds. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 20. 17.
- Bells required on Horses in Sleighs and Sleds. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 21. 18.
- Penalty on Commissioners neglecting to give in an account to the Seffions of the labour and money done and received. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 22.
- 20. Privileges and exemptions of Commissioners and Surveyors. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 23.
- Time of profecution for penalties limited. 36 G. 3. c. 7. § 24. 21.
- Act of 36 G. 3. c. 7. continued to the year 1810. 45 G. 3. c. 16.
- Non-resident Proprietors of Lands to pay their proportion of all affestments and of labour on Highways. 26 G. 3. c. 40. 1.
- Lands of delinquent absent Proprietors to be leased for payment of fuch charges, or, not being sufficiently productive, to be fold. 26 G. 3. c. 40. § 2.
- 25. Commissioners in York and Sunbury to order Surveyors to summon Inhabitants to mark Winter Roads on the ice with bushes. 45 G. 3. c.
- 26. Manner of travelling on the marked Roads prescribed, penalty, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 8. § 2.
- Mode of laying out the Winter Roads on the river and in the Town of Fredericton prescribed. 45 G. 3. c. 8. § 3.
- 28. Commissioners to determine the distances upon the river to be worked by the respective Parishes. 45 G. 3. c. 8. § 4.

- Extent of the Winter Roads, 45 G. 3. c. 8. § 5.
  30. Penalty for destroying bushes. 45 G. 3. c. 8. § 6.
  31. Teams and Drivers to be surnished by the Owners of them to work on the Winter Roads, penalty, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 8. § 7.
- Penalty on Commissioners and Surveyors neglecting their duty, ibid,
- Distance from home and time Inhabitants are to work. § 8.  $33 \cdot$

Highways.

34. How and when the Inhabitants on the Nashwaack and Penniack, are to work on the Winter Roads, penalty, &c. § 9.

35. Size of their Sleds prescribed, penalty, &c. § 10. 36. How Persons are to travel above the great rapids on those Rivers, penalty, &c. § 11.

37. Commissioners of Highways in Magerville, Sheffield, and Waterborough empowered to alter Highways damaged by the Freshes. 45 G. 3. c. 13. \$ 1.

38. Surveyors there, to summon Inhabitants to work, and plant the Bank of the River for it's preservation. § 2.

Penalties what and how to be recovered and applied. ibid.

For other matters fee Magerville, 2. Rivers, 1, 2.

Hillsborough. Parish of. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 3.—27 G. 3. c. 7. § 1.

See Town or Parish Officers, 1.  $oldsymbol{H}$ ogreeve. Trespasses, 8.

Hogsheads. See Lime. Town or Parish Officers, 1.

> Hopewell.Parish of. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 3.

Horses. See Cattle. Trespasses, 6, 7, 8.

House of Assembly. See Elections. Petitions.

I.

 $\emph{\textbf{I}}$ dle  $\emph{a}$ nd  $\emph{D}$ isorderly  $\emph{P}$ ersons.

See Gaming, 7. Poor, 2. Vagrants.

### Impost Duties.

1. No Person concerned in the collection of Impost Duties to own any part of a vessel trading to or from the Province, or deal in dutiable articles: Penalty therefor. 32 G. 3. c. 9.

Incest. See Marriage, 15.

### Infectious Distempers.

1. No Person coming from any place where such Distempers prevail, to land in any County without permission from a Justice of the Peace under certain penalties. 39 G. 3. c. 8. § 1. 2. Penalty for landing any such Person in the County of Charlotte.

G. 3. c. 8. § 2.

Tavern-keepers in the County of Charlotte to make report of such

Persons. 39 G. 3. c. 8. § 3.

4. Justices of Peace there authorized to remove them in case of suspicion. 39 G. 2. c. 8. § 4.

### Infectious Distempers.

5. Justices of Peace in General Sessions in the several Counties authorized to make further regulations. 39 G. 3. c. 8. § 5.

- 5. Fines and Penalties how recoverable. 39 G. 3. c. 8. § 6.
  7. Act not to extend to the City of Saint John. 39 G. 3. c. 8. § 7.
  8. Veffels coming from infected places to the City of Saint John, how to be regulated, when and how long to perform quarantine, and under what penalties. 39 G. 3. c. 9. § 2. 9. Penalties on Masters of Vessels not complying with Regulations.—

39 G. 3. c. 9. § 3.

10. Common Council to appoint inspecting Physicians, and establish their Fees, who are to report in writing. 39 G. 3. c. 9. § 4.

11. Penalty on Mafters of Veffels not making true discovery to the Physicians. 39 G. 3. c. 9. § 5.

12. Time within which none but Physicians to go on board. 39 G. 3. c. 9. § 6.

13. Under pain of being detained on board. 39 G. 3. c. 9. § 7. 14. Penalty on fuch Person unlawfully coming on shore, and on Master permitting it. ibid.

15. Penalties how to be recovered and divided. 39 G. 3. c. 9. § 8.

Inferior Court of Common Pleas. See Courts of Common Pleas, &c. Inns.See Taverns, &c.

Town or Parish Officers, 1. Inspectors. See Butter.

> Interest of Money. See Usury. Intestate Estates. See Wills.

#### Joint Debtors.

1. In actions against Joint Debtors, if either party shall be taken, Plaintiff may proceed to Judgment, but Execution not to be served against those not found, till scire facias. 26 G. 3. c. 24.

### Islands.

1. Proprietors of Islands authorized to make rules for their better cultivation. 27 G. 3. c. 2.-38 G. 3. c. 1,

2. Rules to be in writing and deposited with the Clerks of the Peace, and

to be in force only one year. 27 G. 3. c. 2. § 2.

3. Water furrounding Islands to be deemed a lawful Fence. 27 G. 3. c. 2. § 4.—38 G. 3. c. 1.

4. Act continued to 1st April, 1808. 43 G. 3. c. 8. See Boundaries, 22.

### Juries.

1. Grand Jurors to have Freehold of f 10 per annum or personal estate of £ 100. Petit Jurors to have 20 sper annum freehold, or £ 10 personal estate. 26 G. 3. c. 6. § 1.

### Juries.

2. No Juror to be returned summoned short of fix days notice, to ba

ferved personally or left at his house. 26 G. 3. c. 6. § 2.

Sheriff to fummon 24 Grand Jurors and 24 Petit Jurors at each Term, &c. for trying all causes in civil actions; 12 to be chosen by ballot .-26 G. 3. c. 6. § 3. 4. For default of Jurors, tales de circumstantibus to be added to the Pa-

nel, in all causes criminal and civil. 20 G. 3. c. 6. § 4.

How to be impanelled where a view is granted. 26 G. 3. c. 6. § 5. Special Jury in Supreme Court in what cases and manner to be struck,

and at whose cost and charge. 26 G. 3. c. 6. § 6.

7. Grand Jurors in Court of General Sessions of Peace, shall be the Grand Inquest till another be sworn. 26 G. 3. c. 6. § 7.

8. Perfons exempted from ferving as Jurors. 26 G. 3. c. 6. § 8.
9. Jurors duly fummoned, not appearing when called, subject to a fine for every default, not to exceed in the whole £3 in one Term. 26 G. 3. c.

6. § 9.

Sheriffs to return to Clerk of Peace annually lift of Jurors, under peace other on any trial in any Court of nalty of f 10, and to impanel none other on any trial in any Court of

Record. 31 G. 3. c. 6. § 1.

Sheriffs to be paid for this service out of County Treasury. ibid. § 2.

12. Fees of Special Jury and fummoning regulated. 45 G. 3. c. 9. See Challenge of Jurors. Justices of the Peace, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11.

### Justices of the Peace.

Justices of the Peace authorized to indorse warrants against offenders escaping into their Counties from the County where the offence was committed. 34 G. 3. c. 2. § 1.

Mode of proceeding against offenders escaping from one County to an-

Justice of the Peace indorsing warrant not liable to any action. 34 G. ვ. c. 2. § 2.

Debts and demands to the value of  $f_5$ , recoverable before a Justice of

- the Peace. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 1.
  Ordinary process to be by Summons, directed to the Constable and ferved fix days before trial by reading the fame or leaving a copy. ibid.
- 6. Constable to make return to the Justice who shall proceed to trial unless Defendant shall demand a Jury. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 2. Three Jurors to be summoned. ibid.

In case of challenge others to be summoned. ibid.

Witnesses to be sworn-Defendant allowed a set off-Judgment to be given for the balance, not exceeding £ 5—Verdict to be conclusive. ibid.

10. No party to retain Counsel to appear for him before a Justice. 42

G. 3. c. 5. § 3.

1. Penalty on Jurors and Witnesses refusing to appear, unless cause shewn on oath. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 4.

12. On affidavit that Debtor is about to abscond Justice may iffue a Ca-

pias and order bail. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 5.

### Justices of the Peace.

- i3. Constable to take the body of Defendant and bail for his appearance. ibid.
- 14. Debtor refusing bail to be committed. ibid.
- 15. Justice to enter all causes in a book—in case of default to assess. damrges—may adjourn trial on affidavit of the want of a material witness. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 6.
- 16. No oath of parties or ex parte affidavit to be admitted. ibid.
- 17. Mode of proceeding in actions of trespass wherein Desendant pleads title. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 7,
- Proceedings not to be removed by writ of error or false judgment. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 8.
- 19. In what cases a Certiorari grantable and how to be proceeded upon. ibid.
- 20. Executions to be directed to the Constables of the Parish in which Defendant resides. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 9.
- 21 For want of goods Debtor to be committed. ibid.
- 22. No Execution to iffue where title of Lands in question, nor in cases of Affault and Battery or Slander. ibid.
- 23. Jurisdiction of Clerk's Court in the City of Saint John extended to £5-No other part of the Act to extend to this City. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 10. 24. Justices and Constables fees. 42 G. 3. c. 5. § 11. This Act con-
- tinued to the year 1810. 45 G. 3. c. 19.
  25. Manner of ferving notices on Justices of Peace before issuing process against them as such. 41 G. 3. c. 2. § 1.
- Justices may tender amends; consequence thereof. 41 G. 3. c. 2. § 2. No recovery to be had without proof of notice of process having been given. 41 G. 3. c. 2. § 3.
- 28. Justices neglecting to tender amends may pay money into Court. 41 G. 3. c. 2. § 4.
- 29. No evidence to be given of any cause of action not contained in the notice. 41 G. 3. c. 2. § 5.
- 30. Constables acting under warrants of Justices of the Peace how to be fued and how far liable. 41 G. 3. c. 2. § 6.
- 31. When Plaintiff intitled to double Costs. 41 G. 3. c. 2. § 7. 32. Limitation of actions against Justices of the Peace and Constables.— 41 G. 3. c. 2. § 8.
- For other matters see Aliens, 2. Banks, 2. Bastards, 1, 3. Bounda. ries, 13. Butter, 2. Commissioners of Sewers, 3, 4. County Rates, 3. Crimes and Offences, 1. Deserters, 4. Dogs, 1. Feme Covert, 2.— Fish, &c. 2, 9. Fisheries, 1, 10. Forestallers, &c. 3. Gaming, 6. Harbours, 1. Highways, 3, 9, 15, 18, 19, 25, 26, 30, 31, 34, 35, 36, 39. Insectious Distempers, 1, 6. Islands, 1. Light House, 1. Lime, 3. Lincoln, 4. Lord's Day. Marriage, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10. Passamaquoddy Bay, 4, 5. Poor, 2. Register, &c. 6. Rivers, 2, 7.—Seamen, 2. Servants, 4, 5, 8. Taverns, &c. 2, 7, 8. Town or Parish Officers, 1. Trespasses, 8. Vagrants 1, 3. Weights, &c. 1. Wharfage, &c. 2. Wolves, 2. Woods, &c. 1. age, &c. 2. Wolves, 2. Woods, &c. 1. K.

#### King. See Crown Lands.

Parish of, described. 26 G. s. c. 1. § 8. Kingsclear.

King's County.

County described and established. 26 G. 3. c. 1.—Preamble and § 1. 2. Altered. 27 G. 3. c. 7. § 2.

See Boundaries, 1, 2, 3, 19. Courts of Common Pleas, &c.2. Elections, 14.

Kingston. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 5. 35 G. 3. c. 3. § 1.

#### L.

#### Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 2. Lancaster.

### Lands, &c. liable to Debts.

1. Lands and Hereditaments, made Chattels for fatisfaction of Debts, and may be seized and sold therefor as personal estate. 26 G. 3. c. 12. § 1.

2. Provided, Sheriff shall first take personal estate if to be found. 26 G. 3. c. 12. § 2.

Time and place of fale of real estate to be advertised by Sheriff Six Months, and to be by Auction between 12 and 5 o'clock. 26 G. 3. c.

Where part of Lands taken in execution sufficient to satisfy; Desendant to have his election, and Sheriff to fell the part he shall fignify. 26 G. 3. c. 12. § 4.

5. Sheriff empowered to make conveyances of Lands, &c. fold on execu-

tion. 26 G. 3. c. 12. § 5.

6. Purchaser shall hold free of other Judgments not executed. 26 G. 3. c. 12. § 6.

7. Record of Judgment and process to be inspected and certified by Judge of Supreme Court, and recorded in book by Clerk. 26 G. 3. c. 12. § 7.

8. Reversal of Judgment not to affect bona fide purchaser who shall hold the Land, &c. and Plaintiff shall restore in value to Defendant. 26 G.

3. c. 12. § 8.

Record of Judgment, process, &c. in Clerk's book, good evidence. 26 G. 3. c. 12. § 9.

10. Same priority in executions against real as against personal estates.

26 G. 3. c. 12. § 10.

11. Sheriff, &c. liable to action and double costs for neglect of duty. 26 G. 3. c. 12. § 11. See Wills.

#### Larceny.

See Crimes and Offences, 1. Felons and Felony, 1, 4, 5, 6. Witneffes. Laws. See Acts.

Leather.

#### Sealers of, how appointed. 26 G. s. c. 28. § 1. Leather.

 $oldsymbol{L}$ etters Patent and Grants of  $oldsymbol{L}$ and.

- Under Great Seal of Nova-Scotia to be registered in Secretary's Office. 26 G. 3. c. 2. § 1.
- Originals or Éxemplifications to be brought to Secretary in one year. 26 G. 3. c. 2. § 2.
- 3. Not registered in one year to be void and of no effect against the KINC or his Grantees under Seal of this Province. 26 G. 3. c. 2. § 3.

Legacies. See Wills, 9, 11, 18.

Lewdness. See Marriage, 15.

Licences. Taverns, &c. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. See Marriage, 5.

### Light-House.

- 1. Duties payable on vessels for support of the Light-House. 28 G. 3.
- c. 4. § 1. 2. What fishing vessels and coasters liable to the duties. 28 G. 3. c. 4.
- § 2.—33 G. 3. c. 4. 3. Amount to be paid by coasters in lieu of duties. 28 G. 3. c. 4. § 3. 4. All monies arising from the duties to be applied to the support of the
  - Light-House and issued by warrant from the Governor; surplus to be disposed of by A& of Assembly. 28 G. 3. c. 4 § 4.

#### Lime.

- Size of Lime Hogsheads. 33 G. 3. c. 7. § 1. Penalty for shipping Lime in Hogsheads of a smaller size or not branded. 33 G. 3. c. 7. § 2.
- Mode of recovering penalties. 33 G. 3. c. 7. § 3.

  Not to extend to Hogsheads gauged and marked. 33 G. 3. c. 7. § 3.

#### Lincoln.

- 1. Parish described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 7.
- Persons pasturing intervale Land fronting on the River Saint John, in this Parish, to keep up a Fence to protect the slope of the Bank from the Cattle, on pain of their being impounded. 41 G. 3. c. 9. § 1.
  3. Commissioners of Highways authorized to erect a Swing-Gate across
- the road on the upland adjoining the intervale. 41 G. 3. c. 9. § 2.

  1. Penalty for injuring or destroying Swing Gate. 41 G. 3. c. 9. § 3.
- Act continued to the year 1810. 45 G. 3. c. 19.

### Lord's Day, or Sunday.

. Diversions, sports, frequenting Tipling-Houses, and servile labour prohibited on Sunday; Drunkenness and disturbance of Public Worship on all days, under penalty of Three Shillings, and for want of effects to be fet in the Stocks, on conviction before one Justice of the Peace, fines to be to the use of the Poor-complaint limited to ten days after offence committed, 26 G. 3. c. 5. Lots.

### See Boundaries, 8, 10, 11, 12.

#### Lumber. See Fish and Lumber.

#### M.

### Magerville.

Parish described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 7, 10.

Season for working on Highways there. 37 G. 3. c. 6.

See Banks, 1. Highways, 37.

> See Rivers, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8. Maggaugaudavic River.

#### Markets.

See Ferries. Town or Parish Officers, 1. Weights and Measures, 2.

### Marriage.

1. Banns of Marriage to be published on three Sundays successively by fome Clergyman of the Church of England, or, if none fuch in the Parish, by some Justice of Peace in the County. 31 G. 3. c. 5. § 1.

2. If no lawful impediment fuch Clergyman or Justice may solemnize the

Marriage. ibid.

Provided, in case either of the Parties are under age, the consent of the

Father or Guardian of fuch Party be first had. ibid.

- Provided also, that any Marriage to be solemnized by a Justice of Peace shall be performed in such manner and form as the Governor shall direct. ibid.
- 5. Penalty on Clergyman or Justice solemnizing Marriage before publication of Banns, unless by license from the Governor. 31 G. 3. c. 5. § 2,
- 6. Penalty on any other than fuch Clergyman or Justice solemnizing or affishing in making any Marriage. 31 G. 3. c. 5. § 3. 7. Not to extend to Ministers of the Kirk of Scotland folemnizing Mar-

riage between Persons of that Communion. ibid.

- Nor to Quakers in case both Parties to the Marriage are Quakers.—
- 9. Nor to Roman Catholic Priests between Persons of that Communion. ibid.

10. Marriages by Justices of Peace to be registered and certified within Three Months to the Clerk of the Peace. 31 G. 3. c. 5. § 4.

11. All fuits concerning Marriage and Divorce to be determined by the Governor and Council, who are made a Court for that purpose. 31 **G**. 3. c. 5. § 5,

But not to control the rights of any other Court or any Person's right of action. ibid.

13. Terms of holding the Court of Governor and Council. 31 G. 3.

c. 5. § 6.

14. Governor may appoint a Vice-President of the Court. 31 G. 3. c. 5. § 7. 15.

### Marriage.

\$5. Incest, Adultery, Fornication, and acts of Lewdness to be punished by Fine and Imprisonment. 31 G. 3. c. 5. § 8.

- 16. Causes of Divorce. 31 G. 3. c. 5. § 9.

  17. Issue not bastardized by sentence of Divorce. 31 G. 3. c. 5 § 10.
- 18. No wife barred of Dower unless expressly adjudged. 31 G. 3. c. 5. § 10.

#### Militia.

1. Male Inhabitants from 16 to 60 years of age to be inrolled in their respective districts. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 2.

Extent of districts to be determined by the Commanding Officer in the

County. ibid.

3. Captains of Companies to inroll Inhabitants. ibid.

4. Captains once a year to make returns to their Colonels. ibid.

- Colonels to the Brigadier General, who shall report to the Commander in Chief. ibid.
- 6. Militia to be formed into regiments by Counties. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 3. 7. No Company or Troop to confift of more than 60 men rank and file.

ibid.

Commissioned Officers of Companies to appoint and displace Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers, &c. ibid.

Penalty on Non-commissioned Officers refusing to accept or neglecting their duty. ibid.

10. Every Regiment to be called out by Companies twice a year; -by Regiments or Detachments, once a year. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 4.

Place of rendezvous to be appointed by the Colonels, &c. ibid.

Every Independent Company or Troop to be called out three times a year. ibid,

13. Fifteen days notice of training to be given. ibid.

- 14. No Company obliged to go more than 12 miles from it's usual rendezvous. ibid.
- 15. An Adjutant to be appointed to each Regiment. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 5.

16. Adjutants duty and pay when employed. ibid.

17. Annual amount of pay to Adjutants in the several Counties limited. ibid.

Captains of Independent Companies or Troops to report once a year to the Commanding Officer in the County. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 6.

- Independent Companies or Troops in case of Invasion to be under the command of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment. ibid.
- Every person called out to appear armed and accoutred. 45 G. 3. c. 20.

1. § 7. Fines to defray contingent expences, ibid and § 8. 21.

Officers to appear with fide arms. ibid. 22.

Penalty for not appearing, neglect of duty, &c. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 8.

Persons exempted from being inrolled. ibid. 24.

Quakers when and in what manner to be exempted. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 9. 25. In what manner Militia to be called out in case of Invasion. 26.

3, c. 1. § 10, 11. When to march from one County to another. § 12. 28.

### Militia.

- 28. Militia ordered for actual fervice to be drafted by ballot. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 13.
- 29. Exempts when and how subject to draft by ballot. ibid.
- go. Penalty for refusing to serve when drasted. ibid.
- 31. In what manner Officers and Men to be tried and punished when on actual service. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 14.
- 32. Deserters how to be tried and punished. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 15.
  33. Oath of Members of Courts Martial and appointment and pay of Judge Advocate. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 16.
- 34. Sentence of Court-Martial how to be approved. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 17. 35. Rate of pay to Militia when on actual service. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 18.
- 6 In what cases boats to be provided and used for defence. 45 G. 3. C. 1. § 19, 20.
- 37. Free Blacks to serve as Pioneers in case of Invasion, &c. 45 G. 3. C. 1. § 21.
- 38. Penalty for felling or fending away arms furnished by Government.— 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 22.
- Persons wounded in service how to be provided for. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 23.
- 40. Limitation of Militia Act. 45 G. 3. c. 1. § 24.

Monckton. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 3-27 G. 3. c. 7. § 1.

Money. See Coin.

Mortgage. See Register, 16.

### Mutual Debts.

- 1. To be fet one against the other, Form of pleading and notice. 26 G.
- 2. Form of pleading where they accrue by penalty; judgment to be entered for no more than is due to Plaintiff after fet off—And if Jury find for Defendant, he shall have Execution for sum found due and costs.— 26 G. 3. c. 18. § 2.

Mute. See Felons, &c. 7.

#### N.

Nashwaack. See Highways, 34, 35, 36.

Newcastle. Parish of, described. 26. G. 3. c. 1. § 9.

Nisi Prius. See Circuit Court. Commissioners of Sewers, 9.

Northampton. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 8.

Northumberland. County described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. Preamble & § 1. See Boundaries, 21. Courts of Common Pleas, 4. Fisheries, 13.

### Norton. Parish of, described. 35 G. 3. c. 3. § 2.

#### Nova-Scotia.

1. No Law passed in the General Assembly of the Province of Novā-Scotia before the erection of this Province, to be of force here. 31. G. 3. c. 2.

See Boundaries, 9. Letters Patent, &c.

#### O.

Oaths. See Church, 5. Quakers, 1.

Officers. See Militia. Town or Parish Officers.

Outlawry. See Joint Debtors.

Overseers of the Fisheries. See Fisheries.

Overseers of the Poor. See Poor.

#### P.

### Parishes.

See Boundaries, 2, 4, 5, 19, 22, 23. Church, 6. Trespasses, 3.

Partners. See Joint Debtors.

Partridge-I/land. See Light-House.

Passamaquoddy Bay.

1. Commissioners to be appointed by the Governor, to erect and repair Beacons to fecure the Navigation. 41 G. 3. c. 4. § 1, 5.

2. Beacons where to be erected. 41 G. 3. c. 4. § 2.

3. Commissioners to account to the Court of Sessions. 41 G. 3. c. 4. § 6.

- 4. Duties on Vessels for building and supporting Beacons, and penalty for not paying the fame. 41 G. 3. c. 4. § 3, 4.
  5. Penalties for cutting down and destroying Beacons, and how recovera-

ble. 41 G. 3. c. 4. § 7. Act limited to 5 years. § 8.

6. Act further continued. 45 G. 3. c. 5.

7. Passamaquoddy Bay, part of western boundary of the Province. 26 G. 3. c. 1. Preamble.

Pennfield. Parith of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 4.

Penniack. See Highways, 34, 35, 36.

#### Petitions.

1. What Petitions to the Governor or Council or House of Assembly, are tumultuous and illegal. 26 G. 3 c. 58.

Petit Larceny.

See Crimes and Offences. Felons and Felony. Witnesses.

Pilots.

### Pilots and Wardens.

1. Wardens of Ports and on their recommendation, Branch Pilots to be appointed by Justices of the Common Pleas; to be paid for Pilotage when service duly offered. 26 G. 3. c. 52. § 1.

2. Not to extend to Coasters, &c. ibid. § 2.

3. Said Justices and Wardens to make regulations, establish rates of Pilotage, &c. 26 G. 3. c. 52. § 3. 4. Powers of Common Council of Saint John, not affected by the Act.

26 G.3. c. 52. § 4.

5. Pilots appointed by Common Council to have same privileges and fees as others. 26 G. 3. c. 52. § 5.

#### Poor.

Overfeers to lay before the first Court of Sessions annually, the state of the Poor. Justices to grant warrants to assess sum allowed, to be collected as County Rates. 26 G. 3. c. 43. § 1.

2. Overseers with consent of two Justices of Peace to oblige idle and disorderly Persons to labour; to bind Poor Children apprentices, purchase houses and materials, and make contracts for support of the Poor, expences to be allowed and affessed by General Sessions. 26 G. 3. c. 43. § 2.

3. Justices at any General Sessions may examine and allow Overseers accounts; but not more than two affessments to be made in Saint John in See Dogs, 3. one year. 33 G. 3. c. 6.

> Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 2. Portland.

### Pound and Pound Breach.

See Trespasses, 7, 8, 9. Town or Parish Officers, 1.

26 G. 3. c. 1. § 8. Prince William. Parish of, described.

> See Bills of Exchange. Promissory Notes.

See Treasurer of the Province. Province Treasurer.

#### Public Uses.

Juffices of the Peace for the time being, empowered to take Lands gran-

ted for Public Uses. 26 G. 3. c. 38. § 1.

2. To maintain actions of Trespasses and Ejectment and lease Lands not specially limited. 26 G. 3. c. 38. § 2.

3. General Seffions to make rules and orders for Commons with penaltics. 26 G. 3. c. 38. \ 3. See Crown Lands.

Public Worship. See Lord's Day. Church, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

#### $\mathbf{Q}$ .

### Quakers.

Permitted to make affirmation instead of oath. 26 G. 3. c. 19. § 1.

### Quakers.

2. Penalties for false affirmation same as for perjury. 26 G. 3. c. 19. § 2.
3. In criminal causes extending to life or limb, affirmation not allowed as evidence. 26 G. 3. c. 19. § 3.

4. Who are to be deemed Quakers. 26 G. 3. c. 19. § 4.

For other matters fee Church, 5. Depositions, 5. Marriage, 8. Militia, 25. Register, &c. 6, 15.

Quarantine. See Infectious Distempers, 8.

Queensbury. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 8.

Queen's County.

County described and established. 26 G. 3. c. 1. Preamble and § 1.
 Altered. 27 G. 3. c. 7. § 2.
 See Boundaries, 1, 2, 3. Elections, 14.

#### R.

# Real Estate. See Lands, &c. Register, &c. Rector. See Church, 11, 12.

### Register and Registry of Deeds, &c.

Deeds, Conveyances, and Wills of Lands to be registered or deemed fraudulent and void against subsequent Purchasers. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 1.
 One Public Office in each County—Registers to be appointed by the Covernor. 26 G. 2. c. 2. § 8.

Governor. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 2. 3. Registers to be under oath. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 3.

4. Guilty of neglect liable to treble damages. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 4.

5. Certificate of Registry to be indorsed and be evidence. Books how to be kept. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 5.

- 6. Deeds and Wills how to be proved and acknowledged before registering; copies of entries good evidence if originals lost. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 6.
  7. Time allowed for registering of Wills. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 7.
- 8. Proviso, in case of Wills contested or other unavoidable delay. 26 G.
- 3. c. 3. § 8.

  9. But in case of concealment or suppression, purchaser not to be affected after three years delay. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 9.

10. Bargains and Sales and all Conveyances acknowledged and registered, effectual to pass estate without livery of seisin. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 10.

- 11. Deeds registered and copies of registries good evidence. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 11.
- 12. Method of proceeding and proof, where grantor lives out of the Province or dies before acknowledgment. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 12.
- 13. Register's sees and duty. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 13, 14. 14. To give security in £ 300. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 15.

### Register and Registry of Deeds, &c.

15. Penalty for forging entries, certificates, &c. and for false swearing.

26 G. 3. c. 3. § 16.

16. Certificate of discharge of Mortgage how to be registered, or, how discharge may be entered and signed in margin of book. 26 G. 3. c. 3. § 17. 17. Act not to extend to Leases not exceeding three years. 26 G. 3. c.

3. § 18. 18. The place for keeping the Office to be appointed by Governor. 26

G. 3. c. 3. § 19.

19. The words Grant, Bargain and Sell, imply Covenants. 26 G. 3. See Feme Covert, 2. c. 3. § 20.

> See Forestallers. Regraters.

Representatives. See Elections. Petitions.

> Retailers. See Taverns, &c.

#### Revenue.

Act for raising a Revenue, continued to 1st April, 1807. 45 G. 3. c. 17.

#### Rivers.

Powers and duties of Commissioners and Surveyors of Roads extended to Rivers and pointed out. 26 G. 3. c. 33. § 1.

No tree or log to be felled and left on Banks on penalty of 20/. Inha-

bitants to work as on Highways. 26 G. 3. c. 33. § 2.
3. No Dam nor Boom to be placed across River Maggaugaudavic on penalty of 20f. 26 G. 3. c. 34. § 1. 4. Carrying place near first Falls excepted. 26 G. 3. c. 34. § 2.

5. Mill Dams permitted above the Falls half across the River. 26 G. 34 c. 34. § 3.

6. Above grand Forks Dams with sluices permitted—Court of Sessions. may inflict fines and abate nuifances. 26 G. 3. c. 34. § 4.

Two Justices may remove Booms. 26 G. 3. c. 34. § 5.
 Booms permitted for certain purposes. 45 G. 3. c. 7.
 Booms in the County of Charlotts to be regulated by the Sessions.—

45. G. 3. c. 14.

10. Sessions to appoint Boom-masters and establish their sees. ibid.

For other matters see Banks. Fisheries. Islands, 1, 2, 3. Lincoln. Saint Croix. Saint John.

> Roads. See Highways. Rivers, 1, 2.

> > Rubbish.See Harbours,

> > > S.

Sackville. Parish of. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 3. See Boundaries, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Saint

### Saint Andrews.

Parish described, including Island. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 4, 10. See Passamaquoddy Bay.

Saint Croix.

1. River, part of the Western boundary of Province. 26 G. 3. c. 1.-Preamble.

Saint David. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 4.

Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 4. Saint George.

#### Saint John.

1. River. See Banks. Fisheries, 7, 9. Islands, 1, 2, 3. Lincoln .-Rivers, 1, 2.

2. County. Described and established. 26 G. 3. c. 1. Preamble & § 1. See Boundaries, 1, 2, 3. Elections, 14. Hay, 1. Schools, 11. 3. City. See City of Saint John.

4. Parish. See Church, 6.

Saint Martin's. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 2.

Parish of, described. Saint Mary's. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 8.

Saint Patrick. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 4.

Saint Stephen. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 4.

### Sales of Damaged Goods Imported.

Damaged goods fold on account of Infurers, shall be surveyed by Warden, and under his direction fold at Auction, invoice being produced.-26 G. 3. c. 51. § 1. 2. Warden and Auctioneer to subscribe accounts of surveys;

to certify same. 26 G. 3. c. 51. § 2.

Wardens fees; Warden or Auctioneer offending forseit £ 20; no sales to be made on account of Infurers, nor demand for loss otherwise than here directed, under penalty of double value. 26 G. 3. c. 51. § 3.

4. Act continued to 1st April, 1808. 43 G. 3. c. 8.

For appointment of Wardens, see Pilots, &c.

Salisbury. See Boundaries, 5.

Scrutiny. See Elections, 3, 12, 13.

#### Schools.

2. Public Grammar School erected in the City of Saint John. 45 G. 3. C. 12. § 1.

2. Trustees and Directors appointed with perpetual succession. § 2. 3. The Board of Directors to provide a School, and Master, and Ushers,

and to make regulations. § 3 4. E.

### Schools.

Board how to be fummoned. ◊ 4.

Vacancies at the Board how to be supplied. § 5.

Board to hold visitations twice a year. § 6.

Number of free Scholars to be admitted. § 7-

Sum granted for the School and it's annual support, & when to cease. § 8.

Board accountable to the Legislature of the Province. ibid.

Schools established for fix years in each County of the Province, except Saint John. 45 G. 3. c. 12. § 9.

One School in the County of Saint John. ibid. 11.

County Schools to be under the direction of the Sessions. ibid. 12.

Where to be kept. ibid.

Sum granted for their support. § 10.

15. Visitors appointed. § 11.

Number of free Scholars to be admitted by the Sessions. § 12. 16.

Sessions to be accountable to the Legislature of the Province. § 13. Annual Sum granted to the Governor and Trustees of the College at Fredericton. 45 G. 3. c. 15.

Seamen.

Not to be arrested for Debt not exceeding £ 10, while belonging to a ship, if contracted without Master's allowance. 26 G. 3. c. 53. § 1.

2. Seamen neglecting duty may be committed, and charges deducted from wages. 26 G. 3. c. 53. § 3. 3. No Seaman bound to ferve, unless by contract in writing expressing

wages and voyage. 26 G. 3. c. 53. § 4.

4. Master or other Person hiring or harbouring Seaman, knowing him to have deferted, forfeits  $f_{20}$ ; and Seaman deferting, besides other penalties, forfeits all wages. 38 G. 3. c. 2. § 2. See Taverns, &c. Wills, 6.

### Secretary of the Province. See Letters Patent, 1.

Servants and Apprentices.

1. Bound by Indenture are to have, at the expiration of their Term, a certificate and discharge from Masters. 26 G. 3. c. 37. § 1.

2. Not to be hired or harboured knowingly, without fuch certificate, under penalty of £ 5. 26 G 3. c. 37. § 2.

3. Absenting themselves to make satisfaction by service. 26 G. 3. c. 37. § 3.

4. Justice of Peace to give certificate, &c. if Masters unreasonably refuse.
26 G. 3. c. 37. § 4.
5. Justice to certify Servants' or Apprentices' consent to affignment, &c.

26 G. 3. c. 37. § 5 6. Mafter of Vessel harboring them on board to forfeit f 10. 26 G. 3.c.37. § 6

7. Masters to provide for them according to agreement. 26 G. 3. c. 37. \$7. Two Justices to hear complaints against Masters and order relief or discharge. 26 G. 3. c. 37. § 8.

9. Appeal allowed from fuch order to next General Seffions.

c. 37. § 9. No action lies for articles fold on credit to Servants and Apprentices. For other matters, see Taverns, &c. ., 2, 3. Seffions

Sessions of the Peace.

See Courts of Common Pleas, and General Seffions.

Set off. See Justices of the Peace, 9. Mutual Debts.

Sewers. See Commissioners of Sewers.

Sheep. See Trespasses, 6, 7, 8. Dogs, 1, 2.

Sheffield. Parish described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 7.

See Banks, 1. Highways, 37.

Sheriffs.

See Absconding Debtors, 4. Elections, 3, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 18, 19. Fires, &c. 5. Fisheries, 6. Frauds, &c. 13. Juries, 3, 10, 11, 12. Lands, &c.

Shire-Towns. See Boundaries, 3. Westmorland, 4.

Sleds and Sleighs. See Highways, 17, 18.

Small Debts. See Justices of the Peace, 4.

Soldiers. See Deferters. Wills, 6.

Special Jury. See Juries, 6.

Spring field. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 5. - 35 G. 3. c. 3. § 1.

Summary Action.

See Courts of Common Pleas, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20. Crimes and Offences, 1. Tayerns, &c. 11.

Sunbury.

1. County described and established. 26 G. 3. c. 1. Preamble and § 1. See Banks, 1, 2, 3. Boundaries, 1, 2, 3. Courts of Common Pleas, 6. Elections, 14. Highways, from 25 to 33.

Sunday. See Lord's Day. Fisheries, 12.

Supreme Court.

1. Supreme Court authorized to iffue Commissions in civil causes there depending, for taking the Depositions of Witnesses residing out of the Province. 31 G. 3. c. 10.

Province. 31 G. 3. c. 10.

For other matters, see Absconding Debtors, 1. Circuit Court, 1. Commisfioners of Sewers, 9. Feme Covert, 1. Infectious Distempers, 15. Juries, 6. Lands, &c. 7.

Surveyor-General. See Boundaries, 7, 11.

Surveyors of Cord Wood. See Woods, &c. 2.

Surveyors of Highways. See Highways, 1, 10, 14, 25, 32, 38.

Surveyors of Lumber. See Fish, &c. 5,6,7,8. Town or Parish Officers, 1

Suffex. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 5.—35 G. 3. c. 3. § 1.

Swine. See Trespasses, 6, 7, 8.

T.

### Taverns and Tavern-Keepers.

1. Debts for Liquors fold to Soldiers, Sailors, or Servants, of more than 5 f value, not to be recovered. 26 G. 3. c. 36. § 1.

Pawns and Pledges for such Debts to be restored by warrant from Jus-

tice of the Peace, or fatisfaction made. 26 G. 3. c. 36. § 2. 3. No Retailer, &c. to harbour Apprentices or Servants, nor fell or give them Liquors under penalty of 10/ and costs. 26 G. 3. c. 36. § 3.

4. Act not to extend to supplies upon credit, to travellers or boarders.-

- 26 G. 3. c. 36. § 4.

  Justices of the Peace in General Sessions authorized to grant Licenses to Tavern-Keepers and Retailers of Spirituous Liquors. 27 G. 3. c. 6. § 1.
- 6. Licenfed Persons to find sureties, to keep orderly houses, and obey orders of Seffions. 27 G. 3. c. 6. § 2.

7. Penalty for felling by retail without License. 27 G. 3. c. 6. § 3. 8. Penalty for keeping a Tavern without License. 27 G. 3. c. 6. § 4.

9. License to keep Tavern, to include License to Retail. ibid.

10. At impowering Justices to grant Licenses to be read and given in charge to the Grand Jury at every General Sessions, with lists of all Licensed persons. 27 G. 3. c. 6. § 5.

Justices to proceed upon and determine summarily, offences presented

by the Grand Jury. ibid.

This Act not to extend to the City of Saint John. 27 G. 3. c. 6. § 6. See Servants, 10.

Towns. See Boundaries, 2, 3, 4, 5, 19, 20, Also the names of the several Towns in their proper places.

### Town or Parish Officers.

1. To be appointed annually by Justices of General Sessions of the Peace, enumeration of them, their duties, and oath, and penalty for refufal or neglect—how vacancies to be filled. 26 G. 3. c. 28. § 1. See Fish, &c. 8. Hay, 2. Poor.

### Treasurer of the Province.

- 1. Treasury Notes to be issued and signed by the Treasurer, &c. 45 G.
- 3. c. 11. § 1.
  Treasurer to pay warrants in Cash or Notes, at the option of the perfon intitled. § 2.

3. Treasurer to receive Notes in payment of duties, ibid.

Felony without benefit of Clergy to counterfeit Notes. § 3.
No foreign paper currency to be received in this Province. 45 G. c. 11. § 4
When and in what manner Treasury Notes to be called in. 45 G. 3.

c. 11. § 5.

7. By whom to be superintended. § 6. See Aliens, 3. Audions, &c. 3. Deserters, 7. Impost Duties. Wolves, 2.

### Trespasses.

1. Act to prevent them. 41 G. 3. c. 3.

### Trespasses.

2. Division Fences between improved Lands of different Proprietors, how to be erected, repaired and regulated. 41 G. 3. c. 3. § 2.
3. Justices of Peace in General Sessions authorized to make regulations to

prevent Trespasses by Cattle, &c. 41 G. 3. c. 3. § 3.

4. Also respecting Islands and low Lands, and to determine what Waters and Water Fences are sufficient to protect the same. ibid.

5. Occupiers of unimproved barren Land not obliged to make any division Fence. 41 G. 3. c. 3. § 4.

Damages by Cattle, &c. trespassing, how to be ascertained. 41 G. 3.

c. 3. § 5.

7. Cattle, &c. trespassing, to be impounded and advertised. ibid.

8. Penalties for rescuing Cattle, &c. and for Pound-breach, and how reco-

verable. 41 G. 3. c. 3. § 6. 9. Every Parish to have a Pound in such place as General Sessions shall think fit, at the expence of the Inhabitants of the Parish. 41 G. 3. c. 3. § 7.

Trusts. See Frauds, &c. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.

Tumults. See Petitions.

### V.

### Vagrants.

1. Description of such as are to be deemed idle and disorderly Persons, to be apprehended by warrant of Justice of Peace, and examined. 26 G. 3. c. 27. § 1.

2. Shall be committed to Prison or House of Correction. 26 G. 3. c. 27. § 2.
3. Constables required on notice, to apprehend them and bring before Justice, under penalty of 10/. 26 G. 3. c. 27. § 3.

Appeal allowed from Justice to next General Sessions. 26 G. 3. c. 27. § 4.

See Gaming, 7. Poor, 2.

Vestry. See Church, 8, 11, 12.

View. See Juries, 5.

### Usury.

1. Interest for loan of Money, &c. limited to fix per cent .- Bonds and contracts for greater rate void .- Penalty for taking more, and how recoverable; certain contracts, &c. excepted. 26 G. 3. c. 17. § 1.

Penalties to be fued for within Twelve Months. Act not to extend to contracts for the loan or hire of grain, cattle, live flock, &c. on certain terms. 26 G. 3. c. 17. § 2.

#### W.

Wardens of Ports. See Pilots, &c. 1. Sales, &c. 1, 2, 3.

Warrants. See Justices of the Peace, 1, 2, 3, 12.

Waterborough. Parish described. 26 G. S. C. 1. § 7. See Banks, 1. Highways, 37.

Water Fences. See Islands, 3. Trespasses, 4.

### Weights and Measures.

4. But one weight and measure according to the standard of the Exchequer shall be used, none other to be kept for buying or selling, on penalty of 5/, on conviction before one Julice of the Peace. 26 G. 3. c. 15. \ 1.

2. Clerk of the Market to procure a fet, and affay and feal all brought to him, his fees, duty, and forfeiture for neglect, on conviction before the Sessions. 26 G. 3. c. 15 § 2.

3. Saving the Corporation rights of Saint John. ibid.

Westfield. Parish of, described. 26G.3.c.1.\55.-35G.3.c.3.\1.

West-Isles. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 4.

#### Westmorland.

- County described and established. 26 G. 3. c. 1. Preamble and § 1.

- 2. Town or Parish of. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 3.
  3. County line altered. 27 G. 3. c. 7. § 2.
  4. Dorchester made the Shire Town of the County. 41 G. 3. c. 6. § 1.
  5. Justices in Sessions authorized to contrast to build a Court-House and Gaol, and make assessments. 41 G. 3. c. 6. § 2.
- 6. Penalty upon affesfors and collectors for neglect. 41 G. 3. c. 6. § 2,
- 3, 4, 5. Felons to be committed to the Goal in the City of Saint John, till Gaol built in Westmorland. 41 G. 3, c. 6, § 6.

  8. Penalties how to be applied. 41 G. 3, c. 6, § 7.
- See Boundaries, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 24. Courts of Common Pleas, 1. Elections, 14.

### Wharfage and Cranage.

- Rates of Wharfage established. 26 G. 3. c. 49. § 1.
   Masters to remove vessels from Wharf on due notice, penalty for neg-
- lect 40/, recoverable before one Justice. 26 G. 3. c. 49. § 2.
  3. Ship made fast to another, fastened to Wharf, to pay half rates. 26 G. 3. c. 49. § 3.
  4. Rates of Cranage. 26 G. 3. c. 49. § 4.
  5. Owners of Wharves and Cranes may remove incumbrances, if owners

- of Goods refuse, and detain for charges. 26 G. 3. c. 49. § 5.

  6. Master, owner, or agent of vessel, liable to pay Wharfage and Cranage, but agent not liable unless demanded before ship leaves port. c. 49. § 6. 7. City rights faved. ibid.

Wickham.

# Wickham. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 6. Wife. See Entails, 2. Feme Covert. Marriage, 18. Wills.

Devifes of Lands must be in writing, signed and attested by three Witnesses. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 1.

2. Not revoked but by writing of fame form, or by burning, cancelling,

&c. 26 G.3. c. 11. § 2.

3. Nuncupative Wills of more than £30, to be proved by three Witneffes, and made at Testator's house, sudden death excepted. 26 G. 3. c. 11 § 3.

4. Not allowed to be proved after Six Months, unless by testimony committed to writing within Six Days after the making of such Will. 26

G. 3. c. 11. § 4.

. Nor Probate to pass of such Will till 14 days after the death, and process issued to cite Widow or next of kin. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 5.

6. Wills in writing of Personal Estate, how revokeable.—Act not to affect Soldiers' or Seamens' Will, nor alter the jurisdiction of the Governor in Probate of Wills. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 6.

7. Executor wilfully neglecting to prove Will, or to renounce in 30 days, forfeits £ 52 month, recoverable by action of Debt, in the Inferior Court,

or information in the Supreme Court. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 7.

3. Person suppressing a Will liable to same penalty. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 8. Legacies recoverable by action at Common Law. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 9.

10. Executor to exhibit Inventory in due time, or forfeit £ 5 a month.—
26 G. 3. c. 11. § 10.

1. Executor, refiduary Legatee, may have action against co Executor-

other Legatees may have like remedy. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 11.

12. Intestates Heir at Law, to have two shares of Real Estate, (saving Dower) remainder to be divided equally among Children, including half blood, and where no Children, to next of kin, portions advanced to be deducted, so as to make all equal, except Heir at Law, who is to have two shares of the whole. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 12.

13. Persons intitled, refusing Administration, to be granted to Creditors. Judge to take security, call to account, and make distribution. 26 G. 2.

c. 11. § 13.

14. How and to whom Personal Estate is to be distributed. 26 G. 3. c.

11. \ 14.

15. Distribution not to be in one year, unless by special order, and security given to refund in case, &c. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 15.

16. Administration cum testamento annexo, to be as before. 26 G. 3.

c. 11. § 16.

17. Act not to extend to estates of Femes Covert intestate, whose husbands shall have their right to administer, &c. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 17.

18. Personal assets deficient, Real Estate to be sold for debts and legacies.

Course of proceeding in such case. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 18.

19. Before such sale, Executor to give bond for the distribution of the Money. 26 G. 3. c. 11. § 19.

For

For other matters, see Frauds, &c. 4, 8, 9, 10. Register, &c. 1, 6, 7, 8, 9.

#### Witnesses.

No Person shall be an incompetent Witness, by reason of a conviction for Petit Larceny. 42 G. 3. c. 4.

#### Wolves.

 Reward for killing Wolves. 32 G. 3. c. 5. § 1.
 Their heads to be brought to a Justice of the Peace, who shall give a certificate directed to the Province Treasurer, specifying the reward.— 32 G. 3. c. 5. § 2.

### Woods and Wood.

1. Persons kindling fire in Woods, Fields, and leaving the same not extinguished nor secured, shall, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, forfeit £3. 26 G. 3. c. 30.
2. Surveyors of Cord Wood, how appointed. 26 G. 3. c. 28. § 1.

Woodstock. Parish of, described. 26 G. 3. c. 1. § 3.

#### Y.

#### Yellow Fever. See Infectious Distempers.

### York.

1. County described and established. 26 G. 3. c. 1. Preamble and § 1. Courts of Common Pleas, 7. Elections, See Boundaries, 1, 2, 3, 23. 14. Highways, from 25 to 36.

### ERRATUM in INDEX.

Under the article " For other matters of which cognizance is given to the Courts of General Sessions" between "Rivers, 6, 9, 10," and "Servants," insert "Schools, 12, 16, 17.

## TERMS of the SITTINGS of the SUPREME COURT HOLDEN at Fredericton.

1st Tuesday in February, May, July, and October.

TERMS of the Sittings of the Courts of General Sessions of the Peace and Inferior Courts of Common Pleas, in the several Counties.

Saint John. 2d Tuesday in March, 1st Tuesday in June, September and December.

Westmorland. 2d Tuesday in June and December.

Additional Terms of Common Pleas, 2d Tuesday in March and September.

Charlotte. 2d Tuesday in April, 3d Tuesday in September.

Additional Terms of Common Pleas, 2d Tuesday in July and December.

King's. Ist Tuesday in March, 1st Tuesday in July.

Additional Terms of Common Pleas, 1st Tuesday in May and November.

Queen's. 4th Tuesday in January and June.

Additional Terms of Common Pleas, 4th Tuesday in April and October.

Sunbury. 3d Tuesday in January and June.

Additional Terms of Common Pleas, 4th Tuesday in March and 3d Tuesday in October.

York. 2d Tuesday in January and June.

Additional Terms of Common Pleas, 3d Tuesday in March, and 2d Tuesday in October.

Northumberland. 1st Tuesday in March and August.