THE

X

QUEBEC DIRECTORY

AND

STRANGER'S GUIDE,

TO THE

uitt & Environs.

1844-5.

BY ALFRED HAWKINS,

CAREFULLY CORRECTED AT THE PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS & OFFICES.



FRINTED FOR ALFRED HAWKINS, BY W. COWAN ACO. SON.

1844.

Entered according to an Act of the Provincial Parliament in the year ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND FORTY-FOUR by AL-FRED HAWKINS, in the Office of the Registrar of the Province of Canada. THE object of the following pages, is to place before the public such information relating to the City of Quebec, as is found useful to the stranger, the professional man and the man of business, in every city and town of note.

The proposal to publish such a work, and relieve Quebec from the stigma of not possessing a DIRECTORY of its own, has met with liberal support, and nearly the whole of the Edition, 1000 Copies, have been subscribed for.

To those who may think the work ought to have been brought out earlier, the compiler will state that he is of the same opinon, and that it would have been much to his advantage had it been so; but he may add, it has been no easy task, and those who have the least knowledge of a printing office, must be aware that it is not at all times possible to command its labours exclusively to one work.

The compiler trusts that the support which has been extended towards him in connection with his former publications on Quebec, will not be impaired by the result of his present efforts. In the present essay in the way of forming a Directory, errors will be found as a matter of course, but none which practice and the support of the Quebec community will not enable the compiler to overcome.

To those gentlemen of the press who have encouraged the undertaking by their favourable notices, and to the subscribers, the compiler offers his grateful acknowledgments, and will gladly avail himself of any useful suggestions for a future volume.

QUEBEC, 1844.

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THE CITY OF QUEBEC.



Extract from the PROCLAMATION of Alured Clarke, Esquire Lieut. Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Lower Ca-NADA, dividing the Province of Lower Canada into Counties, Cities and Towns, dated at the Castle of St. Lewis in the City of Quebec, on the 7th day of May, 1792, 32d Geo, III.

That the first of the said Cities to be called (as heretofore.) the City and Town of Quebec, shall comprehend all that tract or promontory of land (being part and parcel of the aforesaid. County of Quebec,) between the River St. Lawrence and St. Charles, bounded in the rear by a right line running along the easterly front of the Convent called the General Hospital, and continued from River to River, and that the said City and Town of Quebec be, and the same is hereby declared to be divided into two parts, to be called respectively the Lower Town and the Upper Town, and the said Lower Town shall comprehend all that part of the said tract or promontory of land situate below the Hill called Cape Diamond and the fortifications and high ground beyond them, including both sides of the road passing the Intendant's Palace and St. Roc, until the said road shall meet the above mentioned rear line continued form the easterly front of the General Hospital aforesaid, together with the ground up Mountain Street on the easterly

side thereof as high as the ground of the Bishop's Palace, not including the same, and on the westerly side of Mountain Street as high as the Alley leading to the old Chateau of St. Lewis, from the head of the steps opposite to the gate of the said Bishop's Palace; and that the said Upper Fown shall comprehend all the rest of the said tract or promontory of Iand within the limits above described for the City of Quebec.

By the Seventh Section of an Ordinance passed in Special Council in the City of Montreal, bearing date the 25th day of June, in the 4th year of the Reign of Our Sovereign Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c. &c. and in the year of Our Lord, 1840.

The City of Quebec was divided into six Wards, called respactively, St. Lewis' Ward, Palace Ward, St. Peter's Ward, Champlain Ward, St. Roch's Ward and St. John's Ward.

The boundaries and limits of the said six Wards of the City are as follows:

1. Saint Lewis' Ward shall comprise all that part of the Upper Town, within the Fortifications, and South of a line drawn from Prescott Gate to St. John's Gate, along the middle of Mountain Street, Buade Street, Fabrique Street, and Saint John Street.

2. Palace Ward shall comprise all that part of the Upper Town, within the Fortifications, and not included in Saint Lewis' Ward.

3. Saint Peter's Ward shall comprise all that part of the Lower Town, bounded on the south by a line drawn down the middle of Sous-le-Fort Street, and prolonged in the same direction to the river Saint Lawrence at the one end, and to the Cliff under the Castle of Saint Lewis at the other, and on the west by the eastern limit of the Parish of Saint Roch. 4. Champlain Ward shall comprise all that part of the Lower Town lying between Saint Peter's Ward and the limits of the said City.

5. Saint Roch's Ward shall comprise all that part of the Parish of Saint Roch, which lies within the limits of the said City of Quebec.

6. Saint John's Ward shall comprise all that space bounded by Saint Roch's Ward, the fortifications, the limits of the said City, and the *Cime du Cap* on the bank of the Saint Lawrence.

NAMES OF THE STREETS IN THE CITY OF QUEBEC.

WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE DISTANCES IN FRENCH FEET, AND THE DIFFERENT WARDS OF THE CITY.

- Charles and the second secon			
ST. LOUIS WARD.	FEET	PALACE WARD.	FEET
*Buade Street,	284	Palace Street,	612
Dauphine	600	Parloir	120
D'auteuil	1 1 2 2 6	Rampart	1700
Des Carriers	686	St. Angel St. Famille St. Flavien	395
Des Grisons	401	St. Famille	720
*Fabrique	300	St. Flavien	489
Fort	391	St. Francis	495
Garden	900	St. Francis St. George	521
Haldimand	9.10	St. Helen	517
La Port	415	St. Joachim	223
Mount Carmel	5.24	*St John	540
Parloir	280	St. Joseph	556
St. Angel	391	St. Monique	188
St. Anne 1251 x 821	2079	*St. Stanislaus	336
St. Denis 609 x 144	753	Union	127
St. Francis	154		101
St. Genevieve	922		10619
			10015
CAT 1	540 1403		
*St. Stanislaus	425		FEET
St. Ursule	1466		_
St. Ursule Lane,			
Treasure Street,	519	Ancient Chantier	251
Licasule Stieet,	516	Arthur Street,	700
			205
		Canoterie,	750
		Core des Chiens.	271
PALACE WARD.	FEET	Côte du Palais,	250
		Dalhousie Street,	199
		Des Bains	120
Arsenal Street,	271	Des Sœurs	800
*Buade	281	Henderson	510
Carleton	203	J. B. F. Lane,	205
Casernes	175	La Croix	251
Collins		Leadenhall	645
Couillard		La Place,	97
D'Aiguillon		Market,	60
D'Auteuil		Morrison's Lane,	180
Des Anges		Mountain Street,	787
*Fabrique		Notre Dame	459
Tanat T		Donah	200
Layai		roren .,	1 200

ST. PETER'S WARD.	FEET	ST. ROCK'S WARD.	FEET
Ramsay Street,	720	Grant Street,	1800
Sault-au-Matelot	780	Hudon	120
Sous le Fort	237	Jesuit	255
St Antoine	308	Laberge Lane,	272
St. Charles	800	Massue	280
St. James	520	Notre Dame des Anges	1412
St. Nicholas	191	Octave	431
St. Paul	3074	Panet	280
St. Peter		Pozer	120
St. Thomas	300	Prince Edward	1709
St. Vallier	661	Richardson	2571
Union	216	Ryland	490
		St Antoine	1234
	15946	St. Dominique	1558
		St. Francois	2840
CHAMPLAIN WARD.	FEET	St. Gabriel	1243
		St. Genevieve Road,	980
		St. Helene Street,	650
Champlain Street,	7803	St. Joseph	3512
Cul-de-Sac	806	St. Magdaleine	246
Mariner's Lane,	80	St. Joseph St. Magdaleine St. Marguerite St. Ours St. Pierre (Hotel Dien)	1880
Phillip's	80	St. Ours	1800
Provision Store,			400
Smith		iSt. Pierre	129
*Sous le Fort Street,	234	St. Roch	1458
2		IST. Jacones	267
	9069	St. Joachim	300
		*St. Vallier	3726
ST. ROCH'S WARD,	FEET	Smith Stewart	340
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Valtigours	422
<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u>		Voltigeurs Water	265
Anderson Street,	267		~00
Anne	055		47098
Belair	182		111030
Caron	1500		
Craig	1665		FEET
Crown	2051	1	
De l'Eglise	877		
Dalhousie	280	Artillery Street.	1550
De la Reine	2840	Berthelot	655
Des Dragons	250	Burton	144
Des Fosses	1880	Coteau St. Genevieve,	360
Des Prairies	950	Côte d'Abraham,	421
Dorchester	3246	Claire Fontaine Street,	1690
Des Commissaires	1252	D'Aiguillon	2930
Du Roy	2833	D'Artigny	784
Fleurie	1980	Deligny	982
Fontaine	1 100	De Salaberry	1720

ST. JOHN'S WARD.	FEET	ST. JOHN	'S WARD.	FEET
Glacis (Côte a Côton)		St. Gabriel	Street,	940
Grand Allée Street,		St. Genevieve	••	1110
Jupiter		St. George	••	920
Lachevrotierre	860	St. Jacques	••	420
Latourelle	1120	St. Joachim	••	1262
Nouvelle		St. John	••	4128
Prevost		St. Joseph	••	260
Plessis		St. Julie,	••	713
Richelieu		St. Marie	••	682
Richmond	1.650	St Michael	••	572
Richmond (petit)	200	St. Olivier	••	2430
Scott		St. Pierre	••	424
St. Amable	840	St Simon	••	40
St. Augustin	2250	Sutherland	••	832
St. Claire	710	C. J. Stewart	••	360
St. Cioix	700	1		
St Eustache	1300			47785
St. Francis	425]		

GRAND TOTAL 157,310 French feet, 4954 French feet equal to one Mile English.

The Streets marked * are the division lines of the Wards.

ROYAL FAMILY OF ENGLAND.



VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c. Born May 24, 1819, succeeded her Uncle William Henry June 20, 1837; married 10th February, 13 0, Prince Albert of Saxe Cobourg Gotha, Born August 26, 1819; and has issue :--

1st. Victoria Adelaide Mary Louisa, Princess Royal, born Nov. 21st, 1840.

2ND. His Royal Highness Albert Edward, Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester, the Prince of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Duke of Saxony, Duke of Corpwall and Rothsay, Earl of Carrick, Baron of Renfrew, Lord of the Isles, and Great Steward of Scotland, Born Nov. 9, 1841.

3RD. Alice Maud Mary, Born April 25, 1843.

Mother of the Queen, Victoria Maria Louisa, Duchess of Kent, born August 17, 1786.

Uncles and Aunts of the Queen.

- The Queen Dowager, Adelaide Louisa Theresa, Born August 13, 1792.
- Ernest Augustus, King of Hanover, Duke of Cumberland, Born June 5, 1771.
- Adolphus Frederick, Duke of Cambridge, Born Feb. 24, 1774.
- Mary, born April 25, 1776, married to her cousin of the Duke of Gloucester, July 22nd 1816.

Sophie, born Nov. 3, 1777.

Sophia Mitilda, daughter of William Duke of Gloucester, Born May 23, 1773.

Cousins of the Queen.

- George, Fred. Alex. Chas. Ernest Augustus, son of the King of Hanover, born May 27, 1819.
- George William Fred. Charles, son of the Duke of Cambridge, boin March 26, 1819.
- Augusta Carolina Elizabeth Sophia Louisa, (of Cambridge) born July 29, 1822, married to

Mary Adelaide, (of Cambridge), born Nov. 27, 1833.

TABLE OF PRECEDIENCY.

THE QUEEN. Prince Albert of Saxe-Cobourg and Gotha. Prince of Wales.

Queen's other children. Queen's Brothers or Sisters. Queen's Uncles or Aunts. Queen's Grandsons or Grand-daughters. Queen's Brothers or Sisters, Sons or Daughters. Archbishop of Canterbury, Lord Primate of all England. Lord High Chancellor, or Lord Keeper. Archbishop of York, Primate of England. Lord High Treasurer. Lord President of the Privy Council. Lord Privy Seal. Lord Great Chamberlain. Lord High Constable. Earl Marshal. Lord High Admiral. Lord Steward of Her Majesty's Household. Lord Chamberlain of Her Majesty's Household. Dukes according to their Patents. Marquesses, according to their Patents. Dukes' eldest Sons. Earls, according to their Patents. Marquesses' eldest Sons. Dukes' Younger Sons. Viscounts, according to their Patents. Earl's eldest Sons. Marquesses' younger Sons. Bishops of London, Durham, Winchester, and all other Bishops according to their Seniority of Consecration[‡].

[•] Being of the degree of Barons by stat. 31 Henry 8th.

[†] Above all of their degree, viz : if Dukes above Dukes : if Earls above Earls, &c. by stat. 31 Henry VIII.

t But if any Bishop be principal Secretary of State, he shall be placed above all other Bishops, unless they have any of the great offices above mentioned by stat. 31 Henry VIII.

Barons according to their Patents ||. Speaker of the House of Commons. Treasurer, Comptroller, Vice-Chamberlain of the Household. Secretary of State, being under the degree of a Baron. Viscounts' eldest Sons; Earls' Younger Sons. Barons' eldest Sons Knights of the Garter. Privy Councillors. Chancellor of the Exchequer. Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster. Lord Chief Justice of the King's Bench. Master of the Rolls. Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas. Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer. Judges and Barons of the Degree of the Coifé of the said Court according to Seniority. Bannerets made by the Queen herself in person under the Royal Standard, displayed in an Army Royal in open war, for the term of their lives and no longer. Viscounts' younger sons. Barons' younger sons. Baronets. Bannerets not made by the Queen herself in person. Knights of the Thistle. Knights Grand Crosses of the Bath. Knights of St. Patrick. Knights Commander of the Bath. Knights Bachelors. Eldest sons of the youngest sons of Peers. Baronets' eldest sons. Knights of the Garters' eldest sons.

^{||} But if any Baron be Principal Secretary of State, he shall be placed above all other Barons not having any of the great offices before menticned,

Bannerets' eldest sons. Knights Grand Crosses of the Baths' eldest sons. Knights eldest sons. Baronets younger sons. Companions of the Order of the Bath. Esquires of the Queen's Body. Gentlemen of the Privy Chamber, Esquires of the Knights of the Bath. Esquires by Creation. Esquires by Office. Younger sons of Knights of the Garter. Younger sons of Bannerets of both kinds. Younger sons of Knights Grand Crosses of the Bath. Younger sons of Knights Bachelors. Gentlemen entitled to bear Arms. Clergymen, Barristers at Law, Officers in the Army and Navy who are all Gentlemen by profession. Citizens. Burgesses.

COLONIAL POSSESSIONS

OF HER MAJESTY.

CANADA, Governor General, Vice Admiral and Governor in Chief of British North America, The Right Honorable Sir Charles T. Metcalfe, Baronet, G. C. B. &c. &c. &c.

NOVA SCOTIA, Lieut. Governor. Viscount Falkland,

PRINCE EDWARD'S ISLAND, Lieut. Governor, Sir Henry Vere Huntley, Kt. Com. R. N.

- NEW BRUNSWICK, Lieut. Governor, Lieut. Col. Sir W. M. G. Colebrooke, K. H.
- NEWFOUNLAND, Governor, Major Genl. Sir John Harvey, K. C. B. K. C. H.
- GIBRALTAR, Governor, Sir Robt. Wilson, Kt.
- MALTA, Governor, Lieut. Genl. Sir Henry Bouveries, K.C.B.
- UNITED STATES OF THE IONIAN ISLANDS, Lord High Commissioner, Lieut. Gent. Lord Seaton, G.C.B.G.C.H.
- HELIGOLAND, Lieut. Governor, Capt. John Hindmarsh, R. N.
- CAPE OF GOOD HOPE, Governor & Commander in Chief, Major General Sir G. F. Napier, K. C. B.
- ST. HELENA, Governor, Lt. Col. H. Trelawney.
- CEYLON, Governor, Lieut. Genl. Sir Colin Campbell, K. C. B
- NEW SOUTH WALES, Captain General and Governor in Chief, Sir George Gipps.
- VAN DIEMANS LAND, Lieut. Governor, Sir John Franklin, R. N. K. C. H.
- WESTERN AUSTRALIA, Governor, John Hutt, Esq.
- South AUSTRALIA, Governor and Communder in Chief, George Grey, Esq.
- FALKLAND ISLANDS, Lieut. Governor, R. M. Moodin, R. E.
- BARBADOES, ST. VINCENT, GRENADA, TOBAGO, ST. LUCIA, AND TRINIDAD, The Right Honorable Sir Charles Edward Grey, Kt.
- JAMAICA, Governor and Vice-Admiral, Right Honorable Earl of Elgin,
- DOMINICA, Governor, Major John Macphail.
- GRENADA, Lieut. Governor, Col. C. J. Doyle.
- AUTIGUA, Governor and Vice-Admiral, also of St. Christophers Dominica, Sir Charles Augustus Fitzroy, Kt.
- MONTSERRAT, President of Council, E. D. Baynes, Esq.
- ST. CHRISTOPHER, Lieut. Governor, C. Cunningham, Esq.

NEVIS, President, Major Graeme.

- ANGUILLA, Treasurer &c., Jacob Hardtman.
- VIRGIN ISLANDS, (TORTOLA), President, E. H. Drummond Hay, Esq.

- ST. VINCENT, Lieut. Governor, Lieut. Colonel Sir Richard Doharty.
- ST. LUCIA, Lieut. Governor, Colonel C. J. Doyle.
- TRINIDAD, Lieut. Governor, Col. Sir Henry C. Macleod.
- TOBAGO, Licut. Governor, Major Genl. H. C. Darling,
- BERMUDA, Governor Vice-Admiral and Commander in Chief, Col. W. Reid, C. B.
- BRITISH GUIANA, (DEMERARA, ESSEQUIBO, AND BERBICE), Governor, Henry Light, Esq.
- BAHAMA ISLANDS, Lieut. Governor, Sir Francis Cockburn, Baronet.
- SIERRA LEONE AND WESTERN COAST OF AFRICA, Governor, Col. G. Macdonald.
- GAMBIA, Lieut. Governor,
- NEW ZEALAND, Lieut. Governor, John Hobson, Esq., R. N.
- HONG KONG, Governor, and Commander in Chief, John Francis Davis Esquire.

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COLONIAL LAND AND EMIGRATION COMMISSION.

- COMMISSIONERS, T. Fred. Elliot, Esq., Col. Torrens, F. R. S. Hon. E. E. Villiers, at the Colonial Office.
- Secretary, Stephen Walcott, Esq., Assist. Secretary, John Walpole, Esq.
- Clerks, A. H. Engelbach, J. T. Millar and J. S. Lewis.

British Ministry.

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[The Ministry under Lord Melbourne which commenced in April 1835, went out of office in September 1841, and a new Ministry was formed with Sir R. Peel at its head.]

	SALARY.
Sir R. Peel, 1st Lord of the Treasury	£5000
Ld. Lyndhurst, Lord High Chancellor	
Ld. Wharncliffe, President of the Council	
Duke of Buccleuch, Lord Privy Seal	
Sir James Graham, Home Secretary	
Earl of Aberdeen, Foreign Secretary	
Lord Stanley, Colonial Secretary	
Rt Hon. H. Goulburn, Chanc. of Excheq	
Earl of Haddington, 1st Lord Admiralty	
Sir E. Knatchbull, Paym. of the Forces	
Earl of Ripon, President Board of Trade	
Sir H. Hardinge, Secretary at War	
Duke of Wellington, Commander in Chief.	

The above form the Cabinet.

Sir G. Cockburn, Lord Co	mmissi	oner of Admiraliy .				
Sir W. Hall Gage,	do	do				
Sir Geo. T. Seymour,	do	do				
Captain Wm Gordon,	do	do				
Hon. H. T. Lowry Cole,	do	do				
Earl of Liverpool, Lord Sta	eward d	of the Household.				
Earl of Jersey, Master of t	he Hor	se.				
Earl of Rosslyn, Master of	Stag-	Hounds.				
Sir Frederick Pollock, Alt	orney (General.				
Sir William W. Follett, Solicitor General,						

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Elected in July, 1841-Right Hon. Charles S. Lefevre, Speaker.

The Hous	e of Commons consists of Knights, Citizens and
	es, respectively chosen and apportioned as follows :
England and Wales.	For Counties,
Scotland.	For Counties,
Ireland .	For Counties,
	Total

The Union of Ireland was carried into effect on the 1st January, 1801, and the Parliament which sat the same month, and which included the members from Ireland, is styled the 1st Imperial Parliament; and the Parliament which assembled on the 29th January, 1833, is styled the 11th Imperial, or 1st Reformed.

POST OFFICE REGULATIONS.



GENERAL POST OFFICE,

QUEBEC, 12TH DEC., 1843.

HAVING been instructed by His Lordship the Post-Master-General, to carry into effect, (so far as relates to this charge,) from the 5th January next, certain changes in the Post Office in British North America, and the West Indies, determined on by Her Majesty's Government, and promulgated in the Treasury Warrant of the 11th October last, the Deputy PostMaster-General begs to announce for the information of the public generally—that the following alterations in the system now pursued, will take effect from and after the day above mentioned.

LETTERS.

1st.—The present mode of charging postage on letters sent by Post in Canada, and the other Provinces in British North America, according to the number of enclosures, is to cease, and all Letters are to be charged by Weight.

2nd.—The Scale of Weight for charging Postage is to be the same as that by which Letters to and from the United Kingdom, via Halifax, are at present charged, viz :—

On a Letter not exceeding half an ounce in Weight, one Rate of Postage.
Ditto exceeding half an ounce, and not exceeding one ounce, 2 Rates.
Ditto exceeding one ounce, and not exceeding two ounces, 4 Rates.
Ditto exceeding two ounces, and not exceeding three ounces, 6 Rates.
Ditto exceeding three ounces, and not exceeding four ounces, 8 Rates.

And for every ounce in weight above the weight of four ounces, two additional rates are chargeable, and every fraction of an ounce above the weight of four ounces, is chargeable as one additional ounce.

3rd.—The Rates of postage to be charged on Letters conveyed by the Post, to and from any of the Post Towns in British North America, remain unaltered, and are to be computed as heretofore according to distance, the change (as already stated) being the substitution of weight for number of pieces or enclosures. 4th.—On Letters between Canada and the United Kingdom or other places, the Rate remains as at present, with the exception that the Letters to or for the United Kingdom, via the United States, whether conveyed by Packet Boat or Private Ship, are chargeable with 2d. sterling, (21d. currency.) the $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. as Colonial Postage, to or from the frontier line, and so in proportion according to the scale above expressed.

Note.—The American postage on such Letters is to be paid, or pre-paid, as the case may require, exactly as at present.

NEWSPAPERS.

5th.—The Regulation by which Newspapers and Pamphlets have hitherto been forwarded through the Post in British North America is to be abolished from the 5th January next, and Newspapers posted or received in this country will be chargeable with the following rates of Colonial Postage.

6th.—For every Colonial Newspaper not exceeding 2 oz. in weight, sent by the Post between any places in British North America, the rate will be one half penny currency, to be pre-paid or not at the option of the sender.

7th.—For every such Colonial Newspaper sent from Canada to a British Colony beyond sea, when not intended to pass through the United Kingdom, or to any foreign country, (the United States excepted,) one half penny currency, to be invariably pre-paid at the time of posting.

Note —(In addition to any foreign or sea postage to which it may be liable.)

8th.—For every such Colonial Newspaper, sent to any part of the United States, one penny currency, to be pre-paid.

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9th.—United States Newspapers brought by the ordinary post to this country—will be liable on delivery to a provincial rate of one penny currency, in addition to the United States postage which may be due thereon. 10th.—Colonial Newspapers addressed to the United Kingdom, or to any British Colony by way of England, and British Newspapers sent by Post from the United Kingdom to any part of Canada, are exempt from any postage charge, as has been the case hitherto.

11th.—With the exception of Colonial Newspapers addressed to the United Kingdom, and British Newspapers, addressed to Canada, which are not limited as to weight, a Newspaper, to pass under these Regulations, must not exceed the weight of 2 oz. otherwise it becomes liable to a pamphlet postage.

12th.—British and Foreign Newspapers, including Newspapers published in the United States, if posted in this Province, are liable to full letter postage.

13th.—Every supplement or additional sheet, to any Newspaper, is to be deemed a distinct Newspaper, and charged for accordingly.

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS IN PARLIAMENT.

14th.—Printed Votes and Proceedings of any Colonial Legislature in British North America, or in the British West Indies, posted to be forwarded to the United Kingdom by Packet or to the British West Indies, or to any part of British North America, whether intended to be conveyed by land or by sea, are chargeable as follows:

If not exceeding 4 oz. in weight,						
Exceed	ling 4. oz., ar	nd not ex	ceeding 8 oz.	in weig	ht, 2d.	
6	8 oz.,	"	12 oz.	"	3d.	
"	12 oz.,	"	16 oz.	"	4 d.	

and so on, adding one penny for every additional four ounces. A lesser weight than 4 oz., if it exceed the limit of the previous rate, is to be counted as an additional 4 oz.

15th.—Printed Votes and Legislative Proceedings, addressed to the United Kingdom, when intended to be forwarded by Private Ship, will be charged double the above rates. 16th.—No Packet, however, or Cover containing Votes or Proceedings, is permitted to be sent through the Post, if exceeding the weight of six pounds.

PAMPHLETS AND OTHER PRINTED PUBLICATIONS.

17th.—Pamphlets and Publications printed in the United Kingdom, or in British North America or in the British West Indies, posted in Canada, may be sent to another place in British North America, or the United States, or to a place in the British West Indies, at the reduced inland rate of one penny per ounce, in addition to any charge for sea postage, provided they do not exceed the weight of sixteen ounces, beyond which it is expressly ordered that no Pamphlet or Publication shall be forwarded by the Post.

18th.—Pamphlets and Publications, printed in the United Kingdom, and brought by Post, or otherwise, for delivery in this Province, will be liable to the above rate of one penny per oz., for conveyance through the Post in British North America.

Note.—Any lesser weight than an ounce, will be charged as one ounce.

19th.—Pamphlets and Publications printed in the United States, and brought by Post from thence into this Province, will be liable, on delivery, to the rate of one penny per ounce, Colonial charge, but if re-posted in Canada, such Pamphlets or Publications will be liable to full letter postage.

20th.—No printed Newspaper, Supplement to a Newspaper, Votes or Proceedings of any Colonial Legislature, Pamphlets or Publications, can be conveyed by the Post at the reduced rates laid down in these Instructions, unless they are sent without a Cover, or in a Cover open at the ends. If this is not done, or if any writing or marks appear upon the Cover, or upon the Papers, Votes, &c., except the address, the whole Packet becomes liable to full letter postage. 21st.--The term "British North America," in the Warrant, comprehends Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Cape Breton, and Newfoundland; and the term "British West Indies," includes Jamaica, Barbadoes, Antigua, Trinidad and the other British Islands, commonly called the "West Indies," with British Guiana (including Berbice and Demerara,) Honduras, and Bahamas.

T. A. STAYNER, D P. M.G.

SCHEDULE of the Days which have been appointed for the despatch of the Canada Mail for England from Quebec, for the period commencing November 1843, and ending November 1844.

Steame leaves Halifax	5		will		espatched	for	By "Unicorn" or Land.
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1844.							
Jan.		Sunday,		do	"	24	do
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March	3	Thursday,	, ,	do	February	23	do
April		Sunday,		do	March	24	do
May		Saturday,		do	April	20	do
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June	3	Wednesday,	do	<i>,,</i>	"	29	do
66		Thuisday,	do		June	13	do
July	-3	Friday,	do		"	28	do
66		Saturday,	do		July	18	do
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Sept.	-3	Thursday,	do		"	29	do
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Genl. Post Office, 9th Nov. 1843.

SAILING DAYS OF THE STEAM SHIPS.

TERMS OF COURTS.

PROVINCIAL COURT OF APPEALS.

The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or person Administening the Government of the Province, the Members of the Executive Council, the Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench for the District of Montreal, or any five of them. (The Judges for the District Courts from whose Judgment appeal is made, are excepted.)

The Court of Appeals sits at Quebec every three months, viz :-10th to 20th January, 20th to 30th April, 20th to 30th July, and 10th to 20th November.-Clerk of the Court-Stewart Scott, Esqr.

COURT OF KING'S BENCH.

DISTRICT OF QUEBEC.

Honourable Sir James Stuart, Chief Justice. Honourable Edward Bowen, Puisné Judge. Honourable Philippe Panet, ditto. Honourable Elzéar Bedard, ditto.

William S. Sewell, Sheriff; J. F. Perrault and Edward Burroughs, Prothonotary; James Green, Clerk of the Crown; Bernard A. Panet, Coroner; J. A. Panet, jr., Assistant Coroner; Wm. Downes, High Constable. $\mathbf{25}$

The Criminal Court sits at Quebec every six months, viz : from the 22nd to 31st March, and from the 21st to the 30th September. The Superior Court four times a year—1st to 20th February, 1st to 20th April, 1st to 20th June, and 1st to 20th October.

DISTRICT COURT.—Sits from the 21st to the 26th January; 1st to 6th of March, May, July, September, November and December.

This Court has jurisdiction in cases over $\pounds 6$ 5s. to $\pounds 20$ sterling.

DIVISION COURT.—Sits at Quebec from the 1st to the 4th of the months of February, April, June, August and October; and from the 7th to the 10th of the months of March, May, July, September, November, and December.

This Court has jurisdiction in cases to the amount of $\pounds 6$ 5s. sterling.

DISTRICT OF MONTREAL.

Honourable J. R. Vallières de St. Réal, Chief Justice.

Honourable J. R. Rolland, Puisné Judge.

Honourable Samuel Gale, do.

Honourable C. D. Day, do.

J. Boston, Sheriff; S. W. Monk and R. L. Morrough, Prothonotary; A. M. Delisle, Clerk of the Crown; Jean M. Mondelet and Joseph Jones, Coroner; Benjamin Delisle, High Constable.

The Criminal Court sits from the 1st to the 10th March, and from the 1st to the 10th September. The Superior Court from the 1st to 20th February, 1st to 20th April, 1st to 20th June, and 1st to 20th October.

DISTRICT OF THREE RIVERS.

Honourable D. Mondelet, Resident Judge.

Isaac G. Ogden, Sheriff; W. C. H. Coffin, Prothonotary and Clerk of the Crown; Valère Guillet, Coroner; Philip Burns, High Constable. The Criminal Court sits from the 13th to 18th March, and from the 13th to 18th September. The Superior Court from 10th to 30th January, 18th to 31st March, and 18th to 30th September.

VICE-ADMIRALTY COURT IN LOWER CANADA.

The Worshipful Henry Black, Esquire, Judge.

Wm. Power, Registrar; J. B. Parkyn, Marshal; J. H. Kerr, Deputy Receiver of Droits and Perquisites.

Courts are regularly held at short intervals by adjournment from day to day; but the Judge is authorized to sit on any intermediate day, in case the despatch of business or other necessity shall require it.

PROVINCIAL COURT .---- DISTRICT OF GASPE'.

Honourable John G. Thompson, Provincial Judge.

M. Sheppard, Sheriff; A. Bebee and J. Wilkie, Prothonotary.

The Superior Court sits at Carlisle from the 11th to 20th March, and 21st to 30th September; at Carleton from the 1st to 10th July; at Percé from 1st to 10th August, and at Douglastown from 16th to 25th do. The Inferior Court at Carlisle from the 1st to 10th March, and 11th to 20th September.

PROVINCIAL COURT .--- DISTRICT OF ST. FRANCIS.

Honourable John Fletcher, Provincial Judge. Charles Whitcher, Sheriff; W. Bell, Prothonotary; C. A. De Tonnancour, Coroner; J. H. Terrill, High Constable.

The Court of King's Bench sits at Sherbrooke from 26th February to 8th March, and from 25th August to 4th September.

SESSIONS OF THE PEACE.—In each of the Districts of Quebec, Montreal and Sherbrooke, from the 10th to the 19th of January and July, and the 21st to the 30th of April and October, inclusive.

CIVIL AND CRIMINAL

 $\mathbf{27}$

TERMS OF COURTS.

The following alterations of the different Courts, &c. will have effect upon, from and after the 21st day of April, 1844; in virtue of an Act passed in the 7th Victoria, Cap. XVI, XVII, XVIII, XIX & XX, Dec. 9, 1843, entitled

STATUTES REGULATING THE JUDICIARY OF LOWER CANADA.

COURT OF APPEALS FOR LOWER CANADA.

The said Courts to consist of all the Justices of the several Courts of Queen's Bench in Lower Canada.

TERMS OF THE COURTS OF APPEALS to be alternately in the Cities of Quebec and Montreal, from the First to the Tenth day of each of the months of March, July, and November both days inclusive ; and the first term of said Court shall be held in the City of Quebec.

CRIMINAL

Terms of the Court of Queen's Bench to be holden in the District of Quebec, at the City of Quebec, from the 1st to the 10th day of each of the months of February and August, both days inclusive.

CIVIL.

SUPERIOR TERM, from the 15th to the 29th of each of the months of January and July—from the 17th to the 31st day of each of the months of March and May—and from the 16th to the 30th day of each of the months of September and November, both days in every case inclusive.

MONTREAL.

CRIMINAL COURT—From the 1st to the 15th day of each of he months of February and August, both days inclusive. CIVIL.

SUPERIOR TERM—from the 15th to the 29th day of each of the months of January and July—from the 17th to the 31st day of each of the months of March and May—and from the 16th to the 30th day of each of the months of September and November, both days in every case inclusive.

THREE RIVERS.

CRIMINAL TERM—and for actions of a CIVIL nature, from the 12th to the 26th day of the month of February and from the 14th to the 28th day of October, both days in each case inclusive, and for suits and actions (not criminal) from the 19th to the 31st day of June, both days inclusive.

ST. FRANCIS.

CRIMINAL TERM—and for actions of a CIVIL nature, from the 7th to the 18th day of January, and from the 19th to the 31st day of August, both days inclusive.

DISTRICT OF GASPÉ.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH—to have cognizance of Civil and Criminal cases at Percé, from the 21st to the 30th day of August, both days inclusive ; at New Carlisle from the 4th to the 13th day of September, both days inclusive, Sundays and Holidays always excepted,

QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

INFERIOR TERMS—for Actions from £6 5.0. and not exceeding £20 Currency.

From the 17th to the 23rd day of February; from the 24th to the 30th day of April; from the 21st to the 27th day of each of the months of June, August, and October: and from the 1st to the 7th day of December, both days in every case inclusive.

THREE RIVERS.

By the Resident Judge—from the 1st to the 7th of each of the months of February, April, June, August, October and December, both days in every case inclusive.

ST. FRANCIS.

By the Provincial Judge—from the 1st to the 7th of each of the months of February, April, June, August, October and December, both days in every case inclusive.

Courts to be established on petition to the Governor of the Province, of one hundred proprietors, to be held except in the Cities and Parishes of Quebec and Montreal, on the first Monday of every month, not being a Holiday.—In the Cities and Parishes of Quebec and Montreal respectively, the Court shall be held weekly on every Monday not being a Holiday.

CIRCUIT COURTS. District of Quebec.

- THE RIMOUSKI CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. Germain, from the 1st to the 7th day, of each of the months of February, June and October, in all cases both days inclusive.
- THE KAMOURASKA CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. Louis de Kamouraska, from the 10th to the 16th day, of each of the months of February, June and October.
- THE ST. THOMAS CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. Thomas, from the 19th to the 25th day, of each of the months of February, June and October.
- THE BEAUCE CIRCUIT—In the Parish of Ste. Marie, Nouvelle Beauce, from the 13th to the 19th day, of each of the months of February, June and October.
- THE LEEDS CIRCUIT—In the Township of Leeds, from the 7th to the 13th day, of each of the months of January, May and September.
- THE LOTBINIERE CIRCUIT-In the Parish of Ste. Croix, from
- the 7th to the 13th days of each of the months of January, May and September.
- THE PORTNEUF CIRCUIT—In the Parish of Cap Santé, from the 7th to the 13th day, of each of the months of January, May and September,

THE SAGUENAY CIRCUIT—In the Parish of Les Eboulemens, from the 1st to the 7th day, of each of the months of March, July and November.

District of Montreal.

- THE BERTHIER CIRCUIT— In the Parish of Berthier, from the 1st to the 7th day, of each of the months of March, July and November, in all cases both days inclusive.
- THE ASSOMPTION CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. Pierre de l'Assomption, from the 9th to the 15th day, of each of the months of March, July and November.
- THE TERREBONNE CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. Louis de Terrebonne, from the 7th to the 13th day, of each of the months of January, May and September.
- THE TWO MOUNTAINS CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. Benoit, from the 17th to the 23rd day, of each of the months of February, June and October.
- THE OTTAWA CIRCUIT—At the village of Aylmer, from the 7th to the 13th day, of each of the months of January, May and September.
- THE VAUDREUIL CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. Michel de Vaudreuil, from the 10th to the 16th day, of each of the months of February, June and October.
- THE BEAUHARNOIS CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. Clément de Beauharnois, from the 17th to the 23rd day, of each ot the months of February, June and October.
- ST. JOHN'S CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. John the Evangelist, from the 1st to the 7th day of each of the months of February, June and October.
- THE SHEFFORD CIRCUIT—In the Township of Shefford, from the 9th to the 15th day, of each of the months of March, July and November.
- THE ST. HYACINTHE CIRCUIT—At the village of St. Hyacinthe, from the 10th to the 16th day, of each of the months of February, June and October.

- THE RICHELIEU CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. Ours, from the 7th to the 13th day, of each of the months of January, May and September.
- THE YAMASKA CIRCUIT—In the Parish of St. Antoine de la Baie du Febvre, from the 23rd to the 29th day, of each of the months of January, May and September.
- THE GENTILLY CIRCUIT—In the Parish of Gentilly, from the 15th to the 21st day, of each of the months of March and July, and from the 23rd to the 29th day, of the month of November.

District of St. Francis.

- THE RICHMOND CIRCUIT—At the village of Richmond, from the 23rd to the 29th day, of each of the months of January and July, in all cases both days inclusive.
- THE EATON CIRCUIT—In the Township of Eaton, from the 16th to the 22nd day, of each of the months of March and September.
- THE STANSTEAD CIRCUIT—At Stanstead Plain, from the 16th to the 22nd day, of the months of May and December.—In all cases both days inclusive.

District of Gaspe'.

- THE PERCE CIRCUIT—From the 1st to the 10th of each of the months of March and November, in all cases both days inclusive.
- THE BASIN CIRCUIT—From the 15th to the 24th day of each of the months of March and November.
- THE GRAND RIVER CIRCUIT-From the 1st to the 10th day of each of the months of April and December.
- THE MAGDALEN ISLANDS CIRCUIT—At Amherst Harbour, from the 1st to the 10 day of July.
- THE NEW CARLISLE CIRCUIT—From the 15th to the 24th day of each of the months of May and December.
- THE CARLETON CIRCUIT—From the 15th to the 24th day of each of the months of January and July.
- THE RESTIGUCHE CIRCUIT—From the 27th day of January to the 5th day of February, and from the 27th day of July to the 5th day of August; both days always inclusive.

TABLE OF FEES

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In the Inferior Terms of the Courts of Queen's Bench, and in the Circuit Courts, 7th Victoria, Cap. XVI.

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for each copy more than one of any writ. For an office copy of any document, includ-	0	0	6	1	0		0	0	3	
ing the certificate, per hundred words For each appeal bond, and on each evoca- tion, including attendance and the making		U	0	U	0	6	U	0	0	
up and transmission of the record For each writ of execution	0	10 2	0 0	0 0	10 1	0 6		10 1	0 0	
For each bill of costs and certificate, if demanded	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	Ľ	
from any other Court	0	3	4	0	3	4	0	3	4	
	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	
locutory or final, if demanded On each appointment of a l'utor or Curator (acte de tutelle ou de curatelle) or other appointment of a like nature, and one copy thereof, in every case, 4s On the closing of an inventory, and certificate of the same, in every case, 3s. On any insinuation, in every case, 1s And for each one hundred words of the do-		2	0	0	1	6	0	1	0	
cument registered, in every case, 6d Drawing report of distribution	0	10	0	0	7	6	0	5	0	
TO THE CRIER.										
On every action, opposition or intervention returned into Court	0	1	6	0	1	3	0	I	0	
TO THE TIPSTAFF.			i							
On every action, opposition or intervention returned into Court, in every case, 6d.										
TO THE SHERIFF OR BAILIFFS.										
Mileage on the service or execution of a writ or of process of any kind, at the rate of six pence per mile—without any fur- ther charge for mileage on any other pro-			:							

TO THE ATTORNEY.	C £∷ ui a	lst las 20 d nde but boy	s r r	€ u a	but bor	ss or er,	C £6	3rd las 5s nde	5 5 01
		10. s.	_	· · ·	<u>6</u> :		Ē		đ
cess to be served on the same party then in the hands of the Sheriff or Bailiff, and		ð.	u.	æ	8,	u.	æ	٥.	u
which shall be or might have been served									
at the same time (whether such process shall have been sued out by the same party									
or by any other) and without any charge				ĺ					
for mileage in returning, but exclusive of sums paid at toll gates, ferries or bridges.									
For the service, certificate or return, of such									
writ or process	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
For the seisure of goods and chattels, and all incidental trouble, but exclusive of									
	0	7	6	0	5	0	0	3	9
For his recors • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ġ.	i	8		ì	8	0 0	3 1	8
For the sale of goods and chattels, exclu-									
sive of mileage	0	7		0	6		0	3 1	9
For publishing the notices of the sale		1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
For the service of any notice, and the cer- tificate and return		1		•	1	0	^	1	0
If the writ be returnable into the Queen's	0	I	0	U	I		U	1	v
Bench in Superior Term, the fees to the			- 1						
Sheriff will be the same as if it had issued									
out of the said Court in Superior Term			1						

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Table of Duties payable at Quebec.

ON PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF IMPORT.

CROWN DUTIES PAYABLE ON IMPORTS, 5TH & 6TH VIC. CHAP. 49. All Sterling.

S. D.

	-	
Wheat Flour, the barrel of 196 lbs	2	0
Fish of Foreign taking or curing, dried or salted, the		
cwt	2	0
" Pickled, the barrel,	4	0
Meat, salted or cured, the cwt	3	0

Butter	the cwt	
Cheese	«	
Coffee	"	
Cocoa	"	
Molasses	"	
Sugar, unrefined,	"	
Refined Sugar, the pro		20 pr. cent. ad
Tea, unless imported d	S	valorem.
unless imported fro	m the United King-)
dom or from any of	the British posses-	> pr. lb. 1d.
sions	the Dritish posses-	
	•••••	-
Spirits, pr gallon		
Rum · · · ·	••••••••••••••••••	
Other Spirits and Cord		
Glass Manufactures		· ·
Silk Manufactures		ad
Spermaceti		valorem.
Wine, whether bottled	$l \text{ or not} \dots \dots$	
Cotton Manufactures.		
Woollen		
Leather		17 mm
Paper	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7 pr. cent ad
Hardware		valorem.
Clocks and Watches.		
Manufactured Tobacc	0	
Soap, Candles, other	than Spermaceti	
Corks, Cordage and C)akum/	
Oil, Blubber, Fins an	d Skins, the produce	of Fish and crea-
	ea of Foreign fishing,	
lorem.		En cont au 16-
Articles not enumerat	ed. except such as a	4 pr. centum
- are comprised or ref	ferred to in the sub-	ad
joined Table of Exe		valorum.
,)	7 GAVA SAIII .

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And if any of the Goods herein before pro-

posed to be charged with duty, except Sugar and Tea, shall be imported through the United Kingdom (having been warehoused therein, and being exported from the warehouse), or the duties thereon, if there paid, having been drawn back.

Such goods shall only be charged with three fourths of the duties herein before proposed.

TABLE OF EXEMPTIONS.

Coin, Bullion, and Diamonds.

Horses, Mules, Asses, neat Cattle, and all other live Stock Hay and Straw, Tallow and Raw hides.

- Salt, Rice, Corn and Grain unground, Biscuit or Bread.
- Meal or Flour, except wheat Flour.
- Fresh Meat, fresh Fish, Fruit and Vegetables, fresh. Carriages of travellers.
- Wood and Lumber, Cotton, Wool, Hemp, Flax and Tow.
- Drugs, Gums and Resins, Tortoise shell, Manures of all kinds.
- Herrings, taken and cured by the inhabitants of the Isle of Man, and imported from thence.
- Provisions and stores, of every description, imported or supplied for the use of Her Majesty's land and sea forces.
- All Goods imported from the United Kingdom after having there paid the duties of consumption and imported from thence without drawback.
- Articles enumerated or mentioned in the table of exemptions herein before contained shall be imported without payment of any duty under this act, and also such of the following articles; (namely,)
- Salted or cured Meat, Flour, Butter, Cheese, Molasses, Corkwood, Cordage, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Turpentine, Leather and Leatherware, Fishermen's Clothing and Hosiery, Fishing Craft, Utensils, Instruments and Bait, as

shall be imported for the use of the British fisheries in America, into any place at or from whence any such Fishery is carried on, subject to such regulations as the Commissioners of Customs, or the principal Officer of Customs at such place, shall make, and which they and he are hereby empowered to establish, for the purpose of ascertaining that such articles are bonâ fide intended to be applied to the use of such Fisheries, or that such provisions and stores as aforesaid are bonâ fide imported or supplied for the use of Her Majesty's land and sea forces.

BY SEA.

Provincial Duties, under Act 4th and 5th Vict. Chap. 14, all Sterling Money payable at the rate of 24s. 4d. currency to the £1. 0. 0. sterling.

Madeira Wine, pr. gall. 1s.

Other Wines 6d.

Spirits (not East India,) 6d. and on over proof the Imperial duty in addition.

" East India 1s.

" British **3d.** and on over proof the Imperial duty in addition.

- Cordials, Foreign 1s. 7d.
- "British 1s. $1\frac{1}{2}$ d.
- British plantation or E. I. 9d.

Sugar, refined pr. lb. 2d. . 66 " Raw 1d. Coffee, Green " 2d. " " Ground 4d. Tea " 3d. 1s. 6d. Molasses pr. cwt.

Salt pr. ton 1s. Tobacco leaf pr. lb. 1d.

"Manufactured "2d.

Other Goods, (not being free Goods) 5 pr. cent.

FREE GOODS.

Barley, Beans, Beef salted or fresh, Cattle, Fish salted or fresh, Flour, Grain of all kinds, Hogs, Horses, Indian Corn, Live Stock, Oil (Fish,) Peas, Pork salted or fresh, Potatoes, Seeds, Wheat, and PACKAGES containing dutiable articles.

The Provincial Act of last Session imposes Duties as follows on the above and others heretofore free.

ON AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE, &c.

Imported into this Province.

The Duties are in Sterling.

YT M	
Horses, Mares and Geld-	-
ings, each£1	10
Colts and Foals under 2	
years old, each0	15
Mules and Asses, each0	5
Bulls, each0	15
Oxen, 4 years old and up-	
wards, each0	16
Cows and all cattle under 4	
woons old sook	10
years old, each0	10
Calves under 1 year old,	
each0	5
Sheep, each0	2
Lambs, each0	1
Swine and Hogs, each0	5
Goats and Kids, each 0	1
Poultry or Game & £100	
value	0
Barley, & quarter0	3
Rye, Peas, Beans, Maize	-
on Ind Com Buckwheat	
or Ind. Corn, Buckwheat	
Bear or Bigg, 🍄 per	~
quarter0	3
Oats, & quarter0	2

		Barley and Oatmeal, Buck-		
0	0	wheat and Rye Meal, and Indian Corn Meal, # 196 lbs0		
		Indian Corn Meal, 49 196		
15	0	lbs	2	0
5	0	Bran and Shorts, & cwt0	Õ	3
5	0	Hay, # ton0	6	Õ
-	-	Straw, # ton0	- Š	-
6	0	Potatoes, # bushel0	-	3
	-	Vegetables unenumerated,	Ŭ	
0	0	₩ £10015	0	0
·	•	Hops, & lb. Imperial duty,	Ŭ	Č
5	α	4 W cent ad valand0	0	3
2	ŏ	Bacon and Hams, W cwt.3s.	v	°.
ĩ	ŏ	and0	5	0
ĥ	ň	Meat of all kinds, fresh, W	v	v
ĭ	ŏ	cwt	4	0
	v	Meat salted or cured 28	т	Ċ,
n	0	Meat salted or cured, \mathfrak{P} cwt3s.and 0	2	n
2 2	ň	Butter Ψ cwt8s. and 0	$\tilde{2}$	-
U		Cheese, Ψ cwt5s. and 0	2	
		Lard, Ψ cwt4 Ψ cent.	2	v
	ĺ	ad. valand0	6 (^
9	0	$\mathbf{E}_{\text{and}} = \frac{100}{100} \mathbf{F}_{\text{and}} = \frac{100}{100} $	0	U
0 0	2	Eggs, # £100 value4	<u> </u>	^
ć	9	Tent ad valand 10	0 (U.

DUTIES.

Articles.	U. Kingdom or Brit. Pos.	Foreign Impor- tation.
Ale	5 d₽ cent.	9 4 cent.
Ashes.	do	do
Biscuit	do	5 ∰ cent.
Candles, Wax wick	do	12 伊 cent.
Wax and Mould	do	do
Sperm.	do	20 10° cent.
Coals	do	9 W cent.
Cordage	do	12 W cent.
Coffee, Green.	2d. & lb.	5s cwt & 2d lb.
Ground	4d. W 1b.	do, & 5d. lb.
Roasted	5 ₩ cent.	do. & 5 48 cent.
Cotton Goods	do	12 \ cent.
	do	do
Cutlery	do	9 W cent.
Earthenware	Free.	2s. brl. 196 lbs.
Flour.	do	2s. ₩ cwt.
Fish, Dry or salted	do	48. W barrel.
Pickled	₩ cent	5 W cent.
Flax and Hemp	do	do
Fruit, Fresh	do	9 \\$P cent.
Dried	do	
Furniture	do	do 12 ₩ cent.
German Silver Ware	do	
Glass.	do	20 P cent.
Gunpowder	do	Prohibited.
Iron and Tin Ware	do	12 \ cent.
Lead, Pig and Sheet		9 P cent.
Leather	do	12 ₩ cent
Linen Goods	12 \ cent.	do do
Liquors (see * p. 41)	1. 63 701 4	
Molasses	1s. 6d. ∉ cwt.	4s. 6d. ₩ cwt.
Mustard.	5 ∉ cent.	9 ₩ cent.
Naval Stores	do	do
Oils, Fish	Free	15 ₩ cent.
Other	5 ∉ cent.	9 ₩ cent,
Paints	do	do
Plated Ware	do	12 P cent.
Pork and Beef, Salted	Free	3s ₩ cwt.
Other Cured Prov	do	do & 5 ₩ cent.
Rice	5 ⊕ cent.	5 ₩ cent.
Salt, imported by Sea	ls. ∉ ton.	1s. 🖓 ton.
Otherwise	2s. 6d. 280 lbs.	2s. 6d. 280 lbs.
Saltpetre	. 5 ₩ cent.	9 ₩ cent.
Seeds	Free	4 4 cent.

DUTIES.

Articles.	U. Kingdom or Brit. Pos.	Foreign Impor- tation.
Shot	5 \ cent.	9 der cent
Silk Goods	do	20 A cent.
Soap		9 # cent.
Spices.	do	do
Spirits*		
Starch	do	do
Stationary	do	12 # cent.
Sugar, Raw	9s. 4d. ₩ cwt.	14s 4d ₽ cwt.
Refined, U. K		•
In Bond, do	do and 10 ₩ c.	18s 8d & 20 ₩ c
Teast		-
Tobacco, Manufactured	2d. ₩ lb.	1d ♥ 1b 7 ₽° c
Unmanufactured	•	1d do & 4 do
Vinegar.	5 ₩ cent.	9 d₽ cent.
Wheat.	•••••	3s ∉ quar.
Wines ‡		
Woollen Goods	do	12 🍄 cent.

• Spirits from U. K. Brit. manuf. & gal. 3d.; sweetened, 1s 1¹/₂d.— From B. Possessions, 6d; sweetened, 9d.—From E. Indies, 1s; sweetened, 1s. 9d.—Foreign (not Rum) 2s; sweetened, 3s. 1d.—Do. from U. K. out of bond, 1s 7¹/₂d. sweetened, 2s 8¹/₂d.—Rum Foreign, 1s 6d; sweetened, 2s 7d.—Do from U. K. out of bond, 1s 3d.; sweetened, 2s 4d.

† Teas of all kinds, imported direct from China or the U. Kingdom, or from any British Possession, 3d per lb.—Otherwise imp. 4d. ‡ Wines [in wood or bottle.] Madeira, from place of growth, Is.

t Wines [in wood or bottle.] Madeira, from place of growth, Is. per gal. and 7 per cent; from U. K. Is. per gal. and 5[‡] per cent. —All other kinds, from place of growth 6d per gal. and 7 per cent; from U. K. 6d. Ψ gallon and 5[‡] Ψ cent.

The prices and duties on wines and spirits are calculated by the British old wine gallon (used in Canada) for each gallon of British excise proof by Sykes' hydrometer, and the greater part of the duty, which is Provincial, is also levied upon any overproof in like manner as in Great Britain.

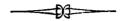
NOTE.—A part of the advalorem duty is levied under the Imperial Act 4th and 5th Vic. c: 49, upon the value at port of entry, which is ascertained by adding 10 \oplus cent to the invoice value, and the remainder of the duty, which is provincial, is levied simply on the invoice price.

Foreign articles, excepting sugar and teas shipped from U. K. having been warehoused there, or on which any drawback has been received, pay only $\frac{3}{4}$ of such part of said duty as is levied under the Imperial Act.

All goods imported into this Province may be warehoused in one of the Queen's warehouses without the payment of any duty upon the first entry thereof.

QUEBEC MERCHANUS' TARIFF, 1844,

WHEN NO AGREEMENT EXISTS TO THE CONTRARY.



Gommission and Agency.

For selling Consignments, from ports or places	-	
out of the Canadas, without guarantee,	5	per cent.
For selling Consignments, from ports or places		
in the Canadas, without guarantee,	$2\frac{1}{2}$	do.
For delcredere or guarantee of Debts,	$2\frac{1}{2}$	do.
For purchasing, shipping and forwarding mer-		
chandize to ports or places out of the Cana-		
das,	5	do.
For purchasing, shipping and forwarding mer-		
chandize to ports or places in the Canadas,		
when in funds,	21	do.
Otherwise,	5	do.
For purchasing Bills of Exchange, Stocks, or		
Specie, with funds in hand,	1	do.
For purchasing Bills of Exchange, Stocks, or	-	
Specie, taking reimbursements by Bills or		
Drafts,	11	do.
For endorsing Bills of Exchange,	$2\frac{1}{2}$	do.
For collecting Debts and remitting the proceeds	2	
without endorsement of Bills,	5	do.
For receiving and remitting Bank Dividends,	1	do.
For selling or purchasing vessels,	5	do.
For chartering ships,	$2\frac{1}{4}$	do.
For collecting or procuring freight and on ships'		
disbursements,	5	do.
For effecting insurance against loss by fire on	-	
amount of premium,	5	do.
For adjusting losses generally with Insurance	Ŭ	WV -
Jaren D Longe Dererari Miret Hiburghee		

Companies, on amount recovered,	2½ per cent.
For receiving and paying monies, from which	
no other commission is derived,	1 do
For receiving and forwarding goods from abroad,	
according to the bulk of each package, and	
the trouble attending it, per package,	6d. 🛛 2s. 6d
And on the amount of the responsibilities incur-	
red by such agency,	$2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
On sale by Auction for the benefit of the Un-	
derwriters, exclusive of the Auctioneer's	
charge,	5 do.

N. B. The above commissions to be exclusive of storage, brokerage and every other charge actually incurred or disbursed.

The risk of loss by fire, unless insurance be ordered, and of robbery, theft, and other unavoidable occurrences, if the usual care be taken to secure the property, is in all cases to be borne by the proprietor of the goods.

On all consignments withdrawn, $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent commission to be charged.

STORAGE.

On Wheat, Barley, Peas, Oats and Corn.

First month, storage, receiving and deliver-

ing,	2d.	per minot
Succeeding months, storage,	1d.	do.
Cribbling, each time,	∄d.	do .
Passing wheat, &c., through a screen, each		
time,	ł₄d.	do.
Turning to prevent heating, each time,	6d.	per 100 do

On Flaxseed.

Subject to the same charges as grain, except	
cribbling, each time,	14d. per mino

Flour and Meal in Barrels.

First month, including receiving and deliver- ing, Succeeding months, Pork, Beef, Butter, and Lard in B	4d. per 3d Carrels.	barrel. do.
 First month, including receiving and deliver- ing, Succeeding months, Hogshead of 1100 cwt. gross weight and Sugar, Tobacco and heavy Goo 		do. do. rds, of
First month, including receiving and deliver- ing, Succeeding months, And if weighed, additional,	3s. 6d. p 1s. 6d. 1s. 3d.	do.
Tierces of Sugar, Rice, &c. First month, including receiving and deliver- ing, Succeeding months, And if weighed, additional,	2s. 2d. 8d. 9d.	pertr. do. do.
Barrels of Sugar, Coffee, & First month, Succeeding months, And if weighed, additional,	6d. per 4d. 3d.	barrel. do. do.
Puncheons and Pipes of Lique First month, including receiving, delivering and guaging, Succeeding months,	ors. 3s. 3d. 1s.	each. do.
Hogsheads of Liquors. First month, including receiving, delivering and guaging, Succeeding months,	2s. 2d. 8d.	do. do.

Quarter Casks of Liquors.	
First month, including receiving, delivering and guaging, Succeeding months,	1s. 1d. each. 4d. do.
Teas and Chests.	
First month, including receiving and deliver- ing, Succeeding months,	4d. do. 2d. do.
Cordage.	
First month, including receiving and deliver- ing, Succeeding months,	10s. perton. 2s.6d.do.
Iron and Copper.	
First month, including receiving, weighing and delivering, Succeeding months,	7s.6d.perton. 2s.6d. do.
Salt.	
First month, including receiving and deli- vering, Succeeding months, And for the use of Bags, 4s.	
Cod Fish.	
First month, including receiving, weighing and delivering, Succeeding months,	6d. per quintal
Bales, Cases, Crates, &c.	
To be charged in proportion to casks of their r sions.	
Coals.	
Ground rent, first month, Succeeding months,	-

N. B.—Every package stored will be liable to one month's storage.

CHARGES ON LUMBER.

TO BE PAID BY THE SELLER.

Receiving.

White Pine,	2d. per ton.
Red Pine and all other Timber,	3d. "
Masts, Spars and Bowsprits, as Timbe	er,
Deals,	2s. 6d. per stand. hund.
Standard Staves,	7s. 6d. per м.
West India do	3s.
Barrel do	2s. 6d.
Lathwood,	1s. per cord.
Oars and Handspikes,	2s. 3d. per 100 ps.

Landing.

Piling.

Standard Staves, 10)s per m	.10s per м.
West India do3s	4d "	3s 4d "
Barrel do2s	6d "	.2s 6d "
Deals,	6d perstand. hd.	2s 6d per stand. hd.
Lathwood,2s	per cord	.2s per cord.
Oars and Handspikes, 3s	9d per 100 ps	.3s 9d per 100 ps.

TO BE PAID BY THE BUYER.

Delivering.

		0
Oak & all 1	hardwo	ood from
the bank,	• • • •	2s 2d per ton. From Cribs, 1s 9d per ton.
		1s 10d 1s 6d.
		1s 5d 1s 2d.
Deals,		7s 3d per stand. hund 6s per std. hd
Standard Sta	ives,	22s 6d per м 17s 6d per м.
West India	do	7s 6d 6s do.
Barrel	do	6s 5s do.
Lathwood,		3s 6d per cord
Oars & Har	ndspike	es 10s per 100 ps

GROUND RENT.

Timber hauled up, .6d per piece. Wintering within Booms, Is per piece. Standard Staves, ...10s per M......do..10s per M. West India do ...3s 4d ".....do..3s 4d. " Barrel do ...2s 6d ".....do..2s 6d. " Deals,2s 6d pr. std. hd..do..2s 6d pr. std. hd. Lathwood,2s per cord................. Oars & Handspikes, .2s 6d per 100 ps.....

All ground rents and wintering shall become due and payable on 1st December in each year, and no further charge shall be made for ground rent or wintering until 1st December following.

When Red and White Oak, Standard and West India Staves are mixed together in the same Crib, the Lumberman to pay the expense occasioned thereby.

In culling Staves the Lumberman to lay them in cord preparatory to culling, and to provide a man to hand them to the Culler.

Timber returned to pay the hauling down and up if it has been shipped from the bank, and Staves and Deals returned to pay for delivering and repiling.

19th March, 1844.

Legal Tenders of Coins.

·XIII

By the Currency Act, 4th and 5th Victoria, chap. XCIII, it is provided, that the British sovereign of full weight, and the American eagle of eleven dwts. six gr. troy, coined before July, 1834, and all their multiples and subdivisions, shall be legal tender, the former at £1 4s. 4d., the latter at £2 10s.; and if not more than two grains less than full weight, each coin shall continue to be by tale to any amount, at a deduction of $\frac{1}{2}$ d. currency, for each quarter grain. Provided that, legal tenders if the payment exceed £50 currency, either party may insist of such coins being weighed in a lump, and to be legal tender at the rate, the British of 94s. 10d. currency per oz. troy, and the United States coins at that of 93s. currency.

In like manner the gold coin of France of forty francs with its divisions and multiples, at 93s. 1d. currency, per oz. troy; the old doubloon of Spain, or quadruple pistole, the Mexican and Chilian doubloon, at 89s. 7d. currency, per oz. troy; the gold coins of La Plata and Columbia at 89s. 5d. currency, per oz. troy; the gold coins of Portugal and Brazil at 94s. 6d. currency, per oz. troy;—all these if coined before Sept. 1, 1841, are legal tender for sums above £50, weighed out at the annexed rates.

The following silver coins are legal tender:

The silver dollar of Spain, the United States, of Peru, Chili, Central America, the States of South America, and of Mexico, if coined before the year 1841, and weighing seventeen dwts. four grs. troy, at 5s 1d currency; and half-a-dollar of the same coinages and proportionate weight, at 2s 6½d; to any extent, by tale.

Their subdivisions—the one-fourth dollar for 1s 3d currency; the one-eighth for $7\frac{1}{2}d$ currency; the one-sixteenth for $3\frac{1}{2}d$; are legal tender to the extent of £2 10s at one time, by tale, if they have not lost more than one-twenty-fifth of their weight.

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The French five-franc coined before 1841, in tale for any amount at 4s 8d.

The British crown at 6s 1d currency; which, and other descriptions of British coin lawfully current in Great Britain and Ireland, of proportionate weight, and for proportionate sums to the amount of $\pounds 2$ 10s currency, and no more.

The Governor General can by proclamation include among legal tenders the more recent coinages of those nations of the values specified, having verified their pureness by assay.

£100 sterling is equal to £121 13s 4d currency, and is deemed par of exchange, from which rate exchange seldom fluctuates more than one per cent.

To bring sterling into currency, add 1-5th to the sterling amount and 1-12th to the 1-5th ; and to reduce currency into sterling, multiply by 60 and divide by 73.

The basis of the currency is the imperial gold standard, differing from sterling money in the different nominal value of the pound and its constituents.

The pound sterling is by law fixed at *Twenty-Four shillings* and *Four-Pence* currency. At this rate all large transactions are settled, and remittances, with the correction of the day for exchange, are calculated.

One pound currency, contains four dollars.

	1	~ ~ ~						
One	dollar	do	do	five	e shilli	ings.		
\mathbf{O} ne	shilling	do	do	two	sixp(ences.		
One	sixpence	do	do	six	penn	ies.		
One	penny	do	do	two	- copp	oers.		
The	value in	sterlin	ng of	the p	ound	currency	7 is	rat her
01	ver ·	-	-	-		•	1 6s	5¼d.
The	dollar cur	rency 1	ather	over	-		4s	1¼d.
"	shilling	" r	ather	over	-			93d.
"	sixpence	" 1	ather	under	-			5d.

But in retail transactions an approximation is made to the value of the coins current in Britain and the United States, and in small purchases the following are the rates at which such coins are usually paid away.

BRITISH.

The sovereign		-	-	-	£1 4s 6d.
The crown	-	-	-	-	6s 1d.

Half crown	-	3s 01d.
Shilling, called Trente-Sous -	-	1s 3d.
Sixpence, " Quinze-Sous -	-	71d.

AMERICAN.

Eagle	-	-	£2 10s.
Dollar	-	-	5s 1d.
Half dollar	-	-	2s 6 <u>1</u> d.
Dime, or ten cents	-	-	6d.
Real, or York Shilling	-	-	71d.

A shilling sterling and a quarter of a dollar are taken in the stores as equal. The exchangeable value of the dollar, of course, varies with the course of exchange between the Provinces and the United States, which is principally ruled by that between New York and London. In general, its value is about 5s 1d currency, or 4s 2d sterling.

The Shilling currency is subdivided into twenty-four copper coins, called Coppers. Coins of this metal, of Colonial, British and American origin, and of very various denominations, are common, and each is pretty generally taken as the equivalent of a copper, without much reference to its intrinsic value. The English Penny, Half-penny, and Farthing, of not less than five-sixths of the weight of currency, is a legal tender to the amount of 12d.

The following coins are also usually taken at the rates specified :—

French crown	•	-	-	-	5s 6d.
" half crown	-	-	-	-	2s 6d.
Pistorine	-	-	-	-	10d.
Five-franc piece	-	-	-	•	4s 8d.

DISCOUNT TABLE.

21 p	er C	ent	is s	.0 d	.6 ir	h the	e £	121	per	Ce	ent	s.2	<i>d</i> .6	in t	he £
3	•			0	$7\frac{1}{2}$	••		15	-		•	- 3	0	•	
5	•	•••		1	0	••		17	5	• • •	•	3	6	٠	•
6 71	•	•••		1 1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	••		$rac{20}{25}$		•••	•	4 5	0	•	•
$7\frac{1}{2}$ 10	•	•••		$\frac{1}{2}$	Ö	••		30		• • •	•	6	0	•	•
			INT	_	-	TAB	LE	AT S	XIX	PEF	CE	_			<u> </u>
	1	We			Mon	th.		Mon			Vion		1	Yea	ar.
				<u> </u>				$\frac{1}{d}$			<i>d</i> .			<i>d</i> .	
1	s. 0	0	$\begin{array}{c} q \\ 0 \end{array}$	Ö	0	$\begin{array}{c} q \\ 0 \end{array}$	s. 0	$\overset{a}{0}$	$\begin{array}{c} q. \\ 0 \end{array}$	s. 0	<i>u</i> .	${f 1}^q$.	<i>s</i> .	a. 0	${}^q.{}^3$
	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	ŏ	ĩ	Ŏ	ŏ	3	Ŏ	ĭ	$\frac{3}{2}$
2 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	Õ	2	0
<u>s</u> 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	1	1	0	2	3
DNI 5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	3	0	3	2 1
45678		0	0 0	0	0 0	1 1	000	0 1	3 0	00	2	0	0	4	
IHS 8	000	0	0	0	0		0	1	1	0	2 2 3	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	5 5	0 2
9	0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	$\frac{2}{2}$	0	ī	$\dot{\overline{2}}$	0	ĩ	0	0	6	õ
10		Ŏ	Ō	Ō	0	2	0	1	3	Ō	3	$\tilde{2}$	ŏ	7	$\overset{\circ}{2}$
1	0	0	1	0	 1	0	0	 3	2	0	 7	0	-		
1		0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0		1	0	7	õ	1	- 2	0	1 2	2 4	0 0
2 3	0	ŏ	ĩ	0	2 3	$\hat{2}$	Ŏ	io	ž	1	2 9	$\overset{0}{2}$	3	$\overline{7}$	Ő
	0	1	0	0	4	3	1	2	1	$\overline{2}$	4	2	4	9	ŏ
ĝ 5	0	1	2	0	6	0	1	6	0	3	0	0	6	0	0
4 5 6 7	0	1	3	0	7	0	1	9	2	3	7	0	7	2	0
	0	$\frac{2}{2}$	0 1	000	8 9	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	1 4	0 3	44	$\frac{2}{9}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 2 \end{array}$	8	4	0
8 9	0	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	9 10	23	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	8	а 1	5	9 4	$\frac{2}{2}$	9 10	7 9	0 0
10	0	2 3	õ	1	0	0	$\tilde{3}$	ŏ	0	6	$\overset{4}{0}$	õ	12	0	Ö
							¦					-			
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	<i>d</i> .	£	s.	d .
; 20 2 30	0	0 0	6 9	00	$\frac{2}{3}$	0 0	0	6 9	0 0	00	12 18	0 0	1 1	4 16	0 0
-san 30 30 40 50		1	0	0	3 4	Ŏ	0	12	0	1	4	Ő	12	10	0
a 50	Ŏ	1	ž	ŏ	5	ŏ	Ŭ	$12 \\ 15$	ŏ	i	10	ŏ	ĩ	ŏ	ŏ
560	ŏ	î	6	Ŏ	6	0	0	18	Õ	1	16	Ō	3	12	Ŏ
	0	1	9	0	7	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	4	4	0
E 80	0	2	0	0	8	0	1	4	0	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	8	0	4	16	0
- 90		2 2 2	3	$\begin{vmatrix} 0\\0 \end{vmatrix}$	9	0	111	7 10	0 0	23	14	0	5	8	0
100 1000	0	$\frac{2}{5}$	6 0	0	10 0	0 0	15	10	0	3 30	0 0	0 0	6 60	0 0	0 0
1000	I T	Ð	U	1 0	U	U	E E	0	.,	00	.,	U	00	U	v
							فند	-							

TABLE,

£I STERLING EQUAL TO £I 4. 4d. CURRENCY.

PENCE.	POUNDS.	POUNDS.	POUNDS.
StgCury.	StgCury.	Stg Cury.	StgCury.
d. s. d.	££ 3. d.	££ s.d.	££ s. d.
	1 1 4 4	3643 16 0	7186 78
$1 \dots 0 1_4 \\ 2 \dots 0 2_1^1$	2.288	3745 0 4	7287 12 0
$303\frac{3}{4}$	3 3 13 0	3846 4.8	7388 16 4
405	4 4 17 4	3947 90	7490 08
506_{4}	5.618	4048 13 4	75.91 50
608	6760	4149 17 8	7692 94
709	78104	4251 20	7763 13 8
80 10	89148	4352 6 4	7894 18 0
9011_{4}	910 19 0	4453 10 8	7996 24
$101 0^{14}_{12}$	10.12 34	4554 15 0	8097 6 8
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1113 78	4655 19 4	8198 11 0
12 1 3	$\begin{array}{r} 1214 \ 12 \ 0 \\ 1315 \ 16 \ 4 \end{array}$	4757 3 8 4858 8 0	8299 15 4
SHILL INCO	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		83.100 19 8
SHILLINGS. S. S. d.	1417 08 1518 50	4959 12 4 5060 16 8	84.102 4 0 85.103 8 4
1123	1619 94	$5162 \ 103$	85.103 8 4 86.104 12 8
$1 \dots 1 2_4^3$ $2 \dots 2 5_2^1$	17.20138	5263 5 4	87.105 17 0
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1821 18 0	5364 98	88.107 1 4
4 4 101	1923 2 4	5465 14 0	89.108 58
561	2024 6 8	5566 18 4	90.109 10 0
$67 \ 3_{4}^{3}$ $78 \ 6_{1}^{1}$	2125 11 0	5668 28	91.110 14 4
$786\frac{1}{5}$	2226 15 4	5769 70	92.111 18 8
899	2327 19 8	5870 11 4	93.113 3 0
910 $11_{\frac{3}{4}}$	2429 4 0	5971 15 8	94.114 74
$1012 2^{*}$	2530 8 4	60 7 3 0 0	95.115 11 8
1113 4_4^3	2631 12 8	6174 4 4	96.116 16 0
$1214 7_{1}^{\frac{3}{4}}$	2732 17 0	6275 88	97.118 0 4
$\begin{array}{c} 13\dots 15 \ 10_4^1 \\ 14\dots 17 \ 1 \end{array}$	2834 1 4	6376 13 0	98.119 4 8
1417 1 1518 3	2935 58	6477 17 4	99.120 9 0
$16195_{\frac{3}{2}}$	3036 10 0		100.121 13 4
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 3137 \ 14 \ 4 \\ 3238 \ 18 \ 8 \end{array}$		200.243 6 8
1821 $11\frac{1}{2}$	3340 3 0		300.365 0 0
$1923 1\frac{11}{2}$	31.40 3031.41 74		400.486 13 4 500.609 6 8
2024	3542 11 8		600.730 0 0
		1000 0 4	

TIME TABLE.

						<u> </u>						
Index.	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE-	JULY.	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
1	1	32	61	92	122	153	183	214	s.	275	306	s.
	2	33	$\tilde{62}$	93	123	s.	184	215	246	276	307	337
2 3	2 3	34	s.	94	124	155	185	216	247	277	s.	338
4	4		64	95	125	156	186	s.	248	278	309	339
5	5	36	65	96	s.	157	187	218	249	279	310	340
6	6	37	66	97	127	158	188	219	250	s.	311	341
6 7	s.	38	67	s.	128	159	s.	220	251	281	312	342
8	8	39	68	99	129	160	190	221	s.	282	313	S.
9	9	40	69	100	130	s.	191	222	253	283	314	344
10	10	41	s.	101	131	162	192	223	254	284	s.	345
11	11	s.	71	10 2	132	163	193	s.	255	285	316	346
12	12	43	72	103	s.	164	194	225	256	286	317	347
13 14	13	44	73	104	134	165	195	226	257	s.	318	348
14	s.	45	74	s.	135	166	s.	227	258	288	319	349
15	15	46	75	106	136	167	197	228	s.	289	320	s.
16	16	47	76	107	137	s.	198	229	260	290	321	351
17	17	48	s.	108	138	169	199	230	261	291	s.,	352
18	18	s.	78	109	139	170	200	s.	262	292	323	353
19	19	50	79	110	S .	171	201	232	263	293	324	354
20	20	51	80	111	141	172	202	233	264	s.	325	355
21	s.	52	81	s.	142	173	s.	234	265	295	326	356
22	22	53	82	113	143	174	204	235	s.	296	327	s.
23	23	54	83	114	144	s .	205	236	267	297	328	358
24	24	55	s.	115	145	176	206	237	268	298	s.	359
25	25	s.	85	116	146	177	207	s.	269	299	330	360
26	26		86	117	S .	178	208	239	270	300	331	361
27	27	58	87	118	148	179	209	240	271	s.	332	362
28	s.	59	88	S .	149	180	s.	241	272	302	333	363
29	29	60	89	120	150	181	211	242	s.	303	334	S.
30	-30		90	121	151	s.	212	243	274	304	335	365
31	31	•••	s.		152		213	244	•	305	• • •	365
			_									

This Table is convenient for finding the maturity of Notes.—A note of 60 days, dated Feb. 2, being the 33rd day of the year, as is seen in the Feb. column on a line with 2 in the index, the addition of 60 (including 3 days grace) shows that the note falls due on the 9th day of the year, which will be found, on reference to the month and the index, to be Friday, the 5th day of April.

LIST OF REGISTRY OFFICES

WHERE HELD, AND NAMES OF REGISTRARS,

Under Proclamation of His Excellency the Governor General Sir Charles Theophilus Metcalfe, G. C. B.

<i>a i</i> :		D
Counties.	Where to be held.	Registrars.
Saguenay,	at Les Eboulemens, E	douard Tremblay.
Montmorenci,	at Chateau Richer, L	.C. LeFrancois, Esq.
Quebec,	in the City of Quebec	, G. H. Ryland, Esq.
Portneuf,	at Cap Santé, Henry	Paul, Esq.
Champlain,	at Sainte Geneviève d	e Batiscan, Ferdinand
-	Filteau, Esquire.	
Saint Maurice,	at Three Rivers, C. N	I. Montizambert, Esq.
Berthier,	at Beithier, Jean Bapt	. Chalut, Esquire.
Leinster,	at L'Assomption, L. A	rchambault, Esq.
Terrebonne,	at Terrebonne, Drumn	nond Buchanan, Esq.
Two Mountains,	at St. Andrew, (with t	he exception of Isle-
	Bizarre) Danl. De	Hertel, Esq.
Ottawa,	at Aylmer, James Finl	ayson Taylor, Esq.
Montreal,	in the City of Montrea	al, (with the addition
	of Isle-Bizarre)—E	dward Dowling, Esq.
Vaudreuil,	at St. Michel de Vaud	reuil, Hyacinthe Fa-
	bien Charlebois, E	squire.
Beauharnois,	at Durham, Dow. K. 1	Lighthall, Esquire.
Huntingdon,	at Laprairie, Jean Bapt	iste Lukin, Esq. 🏾 🎽
Rouville,	at St. Athanase, Henry	Aubertin, Esq.
Chambly,	at Chambly, Thomas A	Austin, Esquire.
Verchères,	at Verchères, Pierre M	énard, Esquire.
Richelieu,	at St. Ours, Pierre Rér	ni Chevalier, Esq.
St. Hyacinthe,	at St. Hyacinthe, Jean	F. Tetu, Esq.
Shefford,	at Shefford, Hiram Sev	vell Foster, Esq.
Missisquoi,	at Frelighsburg, Richar	
Stanstead,	at Stanstead Plain, Cha	rles Anderson Rich-
	ardson, Esquire.	

Counties.	Where to be held. Registrars.
Sherbrooke,	at Sherbrooke, William Ritchie, Esq.
Drummondville,	at Drummondville, William Robins, Esq.
Yamaska,	at St. Antoine de la Baie du Febvre, Jean
	Olivier Archand, Esquire.
Nicolet,	at Nocolet, Joseph Jutras, Esquire.
Lotbinière,	at Lotbinière, Rémi Seraphin Noel, Esq.
Megantic,	at Leeds, John Robert Lambly, Esq.
Dorchester,	at St. Marie, Richard Achille Fortier, Esq.
Bellechasse,	at St. Gervais, Pantaléon Forgues, Esq.
L'Islet,	at St. Thomas, The Honble. Antoine Gas-
-	pard Couillard.
Kamouraska,	at Kamouraska, The Hon. J. B. Taché.
Rimouski,	at Rimouski, Augustin G. Ruel, Esquire.
Gaspé,	at Percé, Peter Winter, Esquire.
Bonaventure,	at New Carlisle, Robert Wily Fitton, Esq.

PUBLIC AND CHARITABLE

INSTITUTIONS.



Quebec Bank,

ESTABLISHED 1918.

BANK-Quebec Fire Office Buildings, St. Peter Street. DIRECTORS.

> James Gibb, Esquire, President. Wm. Petry, Esquire, Vice-President. Honourable J. Fraser,

James Hunt, T. A. Stayner, B. Tremain, A. A. Parant Peter Langlois, P. Boisseau,

E. Burroughs. G. H. Parke, W. H. Anderson, H. J. Noad, Esquires. Noah Freer, Cashier. Samuel Newton, Accountant. R. P. Barrett, Discount Clerk. Archibald Campbell, Esquire, N. P. Notary, (since first establishment.) Honourable Henry Black, Council. James Wilson, 1st Teller. James C. Anderson, 2nd do. D. Germain, Messenger. Flavien Lefevre, Porter. AGENTS-At Montreal-People's Bank. New York-Maitland, Cornrie & Co. London-Sir R. C. Glyn, Bt. Halifax-H. Bankers. DAYS OF DISCOUNT-Mondays and Thursdays.

Bank of Moutreal,

QUEBEC BRANCH, 1844.

PRESIDENT.

The Honourable John Stewart.

DIRECTORS.

The Honourable W. Walker.

Andrew Paterson, John Racey, John Thomson, J. G. Heath, Chs. Langevin, G. B. Symes.

A. Simpson, Cashier. Js. Bolton, Accountant.

Js. Meiklejohn, Paying Teller.

Charles H. Gates, Receiving Teller.

E. R. Hoogs, Discount Clerk.

W. W. Martin, Messenger.

The Honourable F. W. Primrose, Solicitor.

L. T. McPherson, Notary Publi

DAYS OF DISCOUNT. Tuesdays and Fridays.

Bank of British North America,

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

PAID UP CAPITAL, 21,000,000, STERLING.

Office St. Peter Street, near Montreal Bank. 1844.

DIRECTORS.

Honourable George Pemberton,

James Gillespie, James Dean, Henry Burstall.

Robert Cassels, Manager.W. Jaffray, Accountant.Jas. F. Bradshaw, 1st Teller.Ed. F. Paton, 2nd Teller.Henry McKay, 1st Clerk.W. Robinson, 2nd Clerk.

Robt. Ferguson, Messenger.

This Bank draws on London and all the principal Towns in Ireland and Scotland.

DAYS OF DISCOUNT.

Wednesday and Saturday.

Montreal City Bank,

Quebec Branch.

ST. PETER STREET. 1844.

Cashier-C. Gethings, Esquire.

Teller-R. Coles.

DISCOUNT DAYS-Every Day during Bank hours.

Quebec Saviugs Bank,

OFFICE QUEBEC FIRE ASSURANCE BUILDINGS.

Open every Tuesday from 11 till 1 o'clock.

QUEBEC FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, St. Peter Street.

BOARD OF DIRECTION FOR 1/ 4. PRESIDENT. Jeremiah Leavcraft, Esquire. VICE-PRESIDENT. Noah Freer, Esquire. DIRECTORS. David Ramsay Steuart, Esquire. James Hunt, Esquire, | T. W. Lloyd, Esquire, Richard Penn, Esquire, | James Gibb, Esquire. TREASURER. David Ramsay Steuart, Esquire. SECRETARY. Samuel Wright, Esquire. COUNSELLOR. The Honourable Henry Black. NOTARY. Archibald Campbell, Esquire. AGENT AT MONTREAL. J. H. Maitland, Esquire. AGENT AT KINGSTON. Thomas Greer, Esquire. CANADA FIRE OFFICE. Clouets Buildings Fort Street.

BOARD OF DIRECTION FOR 1844. President—The Honorable Louis Massue. Vice President—Edward Burroughs, Esqr. DIRECTORS. Hon. Louis Massue, Esqr. Edward Burroughs, Esqr. F. X. Paradis, Esqr.

Vital Tetu, Esqr. Chs. M. Defoy, Esqr. G. O. Stuart, Esqr.

Treasurer—Louis Massue, Esqr. Secretary and Actuary—Danl. McCallum, Esqr. Solicitor—George O. Stuart, Esqr.

> BANKERS. The City and Quebec Banks.

AGENCIES

OF

ASSUBANCE COMPANIES.



EAGLE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON, Agents-Hendersons & Co. St. Andrew's Wharf.

> BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Agent-R. Peniston, Office, Arthur Street.

PHENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Agents-Gillespie Greenshields & Co.

ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Agent—J. G. Irvine.

NAMES OF THE COUNCIL

AND

OFFICERS OF THE

CORPORATION OF QUEBEC.

_____Q_____

MAYOR-Honorable R. E. CARON.

ALDERMEN.

John Wilson, Honble. Louis Massue, Jean Tourangeau, Alexander Simpson, Edward Glackemeyer, Joseph Savard.

COUNCILLORS.

G. O'Kill Stuart, Henry S. Scott, John McLeod, Thomas W. Lloyd, Louis Plamondon, Michael Connolly, John Doran, William O'Brien, Joseph Robitaille, Edouard Rousseau,

Joseph Laurin.

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE DIFFERENT WARDS. St Louis Ward—Caron, Wilson, Stuart. Palace do —Massue, McLeod, Scott. St. Peter's do —Glackemeyer, Simpson, Lloyd. Champlain do —Connolly, O'Brien, Doran. St. Roch's do —Tourangeau, Rousseau, Laurin. St. John's do —Savard, Robitaille, Plamondon.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

ROADS-Massue (Chairman,) Connolly, Savard, Rousseau, Simpson, Wilson.

POLICE, LIGHTING AND WATCHING-Glackemeyer (Chairman.) McLeod, Lloyd, Doran, Robitaille, Tourangeau.

FIRE-Wilson (Chairman,) Laurin, Lloyd, O'Brien, Robitaille, Scott.

FINANCE-Simpson (Chairman,) Savard, McLeod, Laurin Doran, Stuart.

MARKETS AND STALLS—Connolly, (Chairman,) Scott, Glackemeyer, Plamondon, Tourangeau, Massue.

PUBLIC HEALTH—Rousseau (Chairman,) Scott, O'Brien, Stuart, Plamondon, Simpson.

LLECTIONS-Laurin, (Chairman,) Glackemeyer, Massue, O'Brien, Robitaille, Stuart.

Ev-Laws-Massue, Glackemeyer, Wilson, Simpson, Connolly, Rousseau, Laurin.

ASSESSORS.

St. Lewis' Ward-George Henderson.

Palace do —Alexander Robertson.

St. Peter's do -William Patterson.

Champlain Ward—Patrick McQuilkin. St. Roch's do —Louis Carrier. St. John's do —Charles Chateauvert. AUDITORS. William Petry and Charles Turgeon. OFFICERS OF THE CORFORATION. CITY CLERK—George Futvoye. CITY TREASURER—Francis Austin. OFFICE HOURS—Winter—From 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Summer—From 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. ROAD SURVEYOR—Joseph Hamel, from 10 to 11, A. M. daily Assistant to ROAD SURVEYOR—Theophile Baillargé. NOTARY—Charles Maxime DeFoye.

CLERKS OF MARKETS.

Upper Town Market-Thomas Atkins.

Lower Town do -Denis Murray.

St. Paul's do -Augustin Gauthier.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

INSPECTOR-John Frew, No. 1, Henderson Street, St. Paul's Market.

OVERSEER OF SWEEPING AND COLLECTOR-Eugene Trudeau, No. 10, St. Flavien Street, Palace Ward.

CAPTAINS OF COMPANIES.

Division No. 1. William Baxter, St. Lewis' Ward. 2. Samuel King, Palace do. (James McInenly, Ist Company, Cham-3. Michael Murphy, 2nd do plain 4. Archibald McMaugh, Ward. 5. Matthew Miller, St. Peter's Ward. W. Cotnam, 1st Company, St. Pierre Allard, 2d do Roch's 7. Pierre Lapointe. Ward. (John Houghton, 1st do Vital Roy, 2d doJohn's 9. George Gillanders. Ward.

HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY—Alexander Smith. do do do Germain St. Pierre. HOSE do Richard Atkins. POLICE. CHIEF-CONSTABLE—R. H. Russell. STATION HOUSES—St. Peter Street, and the Château.

COUNCIL OF THE QUEBEC LIPERABY & INSTORICAL SOCIETY,

-

PRESIDENT.-G. B. Faribault, Esquire.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

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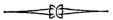
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5-Chs. Dumas, 1st, Do.	
6-Michel Forbes, Orleans	40—Germain Peltier, Rimouski.
7-A. Lavoie, 1st, Father Point.	41-P. Gourdeau, 1st, Quebec.
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15-Frs. Baquet, St. Michel.	49-Michel Buteau, St. Valier
16-Frs. Audet dit Lapointe, 1st	50-Michel Morin, Beaumont.
Orleans.	51-J. Bte. Asselin, St. Michel.
17-Ls. Asselin, 1st, St. Michel.	52-Ant, Michaud, Kamouraska
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toles. Marcaní Chavaía – Kakovao	61-Michel Fournier, Beaumont
24-Honoré Chassée, Kakouna.	
Suspended to 1st April	62—Alexis Delisle, Orleans.
1844, and to be examined.	63-Chas. Chouinard, Rimouski
25-F. J. Audet, Orleans	64-Joseph Pepin, Quebec.
26-A. Peltier, Green Island.	65-Paul Blouin, Ist, Do.
27-N. Paradis, Quebec.	66-Isaac Forbes, Do.
28-R. Benvile, Father Point.	67—Ant. Labrèque, Orleans.
29-Ant. Frozier, Quebec. Sus-	68—Jean Bourgette, St Michel
pended 3d Nov. 1843, for	69-Jos. Raymond, Orleans.
12 months.	70-Ignace Adam, Quebec.
30-E. Petitgrew, Green Island	71-Frs. Jos. Pouliot, Rimouski
31-Malcolm Smith, Point Levy	72-P. Gédéon Audet, Quebec.
32-Jean Lavoie, Rimouski	73-Frédérick Bernier, Do.
33-Jos. Peltier, Riv. du Loup.	74-Joseph Lapointe, Órleans.
31-F. Levesque, Green Island.	75-Fredk. Doran, Beaumont.

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- 82-Jean Gobeil, Orleans.
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- 84-Féréol Bourget, Beaumont.
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- 87-Ls. Jos. Lavoie, Rimouski.
- 88-Joseph Derosier, Do.
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- 91-T. Couillard Desprès, St. Michel.
- 92–Jos. St. Laurent, Trois Pistoles.
- 93-Paul Pouliot, Orleans.
- 94-Gabriel Plante, Quebec.
- 95—Jacq. Plante, Quebec. Suspended to 1st April 1845, and to be examined.
- 96—Hil. Couillard, Cap St. Ignace.
- 97-Pierre Charrest, Kakouna.
- 98-Isaac Gourdeau, Orleans.
- 99-Vital Chamberland, St. Michel.
- 100-Pierre Laprise, Quebec.
- 101-P. Bouchard, Riv. du Loup.
- 102-P. Goudreau, 2d, Orleans.
- 103-Frs. Goudreau, Quebec.
- 104—Aug. Marceau, Point Levy. Suspended 7th Nov. 1843, for 2 years and to be examined.
- 105-Laut. Tremblay,2d.Orleans.
- 106-Ed. Ouellet, St. Anne La Pocatière.
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- 204-Frs. Coté, Orleans.
- 205-Valentine Goudreau, L'Islet

- 206-Alex. Ouellet, St. Anne La Pocatière.
- 207—Neil McNeil, Quebec. Suspended 16th June 1843, for the rest of the season and to be examined before he resumes his duties.
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- 210-Mag. Delisle, Green Island.
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- 218-Marcel Côté, Green Island
- 219—Pierre Descombe, Orleans. Suspended to 1st April 1844, and to be examined.
- 220-Geo. Audet dit Lapointe, St Michel.
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St. George's Society. QUEBEC. Founded 1835. ------OFFICERS OF THE ST. GEORGES SOCIETY, 1844. PATRON. The Right Hon. Sir Charles Theophilus Metcalfe, G. C. B. PRESIDENT. William Patton, Esquire. VICE-PRESIDENTS. J. C. Fisher, Esquire, L. L. D. | W. H. Anderson, Esquire. SECRETARY. Samuel Newton, Esquire. TREASURER. Robert Symes, Esquire. GHAPLAINS. Reverend G. Mackie, B. A. Reverend H. D. Sewell, M. A. PHYSICIANS. James A. Sewell, Esquire, M. D. John Racey, Junior, Esquire, M. D. COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT. B. Cole, W. D. Dupont, W. B. Meyer, W. Bristow, J. Musson, F. Hacker, T. W. Lloyd, P. Sheppard, H. J. Noad. R. Roberts, C. Poston, G. Futvoye, H. Jessopp, W. Kemble, A. Joseph. CHARITABLE COMMITTEE. J. Musson, H. Jessopp, Physicians, W. Bristow, T. W. Lloyd, Treasurer and Charles Poston, The Chaplains, Secretary. COMMITTEE OF ACCOUNTS. P. Sheppard, W. D. Dupont, C. Poston.

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St. Andrew's Society,

- Market and a second s

OFFICERS 1844.

Honourable F. W. Primrose, President.

John Thompson, Andrew Young, Esquires, Vice-Presidents.

James Dean, Esq., Treasurer. | James Gibb, Esq. Secretary. Thomas O. Gibb, Assistant Secretary.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

Geo. Bisset,	Jno. Fife,	Jas. Gillespie,
W. Patterson,	Chas. Stuart,	Alex. Simpson,
R. C. Geggie,	Robt. Cairns,	Andrew Paterson,
L. Ballingall,	Jno. Wilson, Esq	uires.

CHAPLAINS.

Reverend Mr. Clugston, Dr. Cook.

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Morin, Dr. Douglas,

COMMITTEE OF INSTALMENT.

John McKinnon, W. McTavish, Esquires.

COMMITTEE OF ACCOUNTS.

E. Baird, A. Murison, A. Begg, L. T. McPherson, D. Fraser, Esquires.

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY, 1844.

Founded 1837.



OFFICERS 1844.

President—Edward Ryan, Esquire. Vice Presidents—Paul Lepper, and J. P. Bradley, Esquires, Treasurer—Thadeus Kelly, Esquire. Secretary—Edward G. Cannon, Esquire. Assistant-Secretary—Mr. Henry O'Connor.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

Messrs. R. P. Barrett, J. P. O'Meara, W. Burke, J. F. Bradshaw, T. H. Oliver, J. King, J. Dinning, H. J. Jameson, A. H. Pinkerton, W. Downes, Chs. McDonald, A. G. Parke, Chs. Gethings, A. Hamilton, W. Power, J. Doran, A G. Pirrie, J. Coall, J. J. Saurin, J. Madden, J. M. Muckle, P. McQuilkin, and G. H. Parke.

Societe de St. Jean Baptiste, Founded 1842.

OFFICERS 1844. L'Honorable R. E. Caron, Président. "Louis Panet, Adjoint. "Louis Massue, Trésorier Général. F. X. Methot, Esqr., Sous Trésorier Général. M. N. Aubin, Secretaire Archiviste. T. U. Tessier, Esqr., Adjoint. L. G. Baillargé, Esqr., Commissaire Ordonnatoire.

QUEBEC BENEVOLENT SOCIETY,

FOUNDED 1789.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament 1808.

OFFICERS 1844.

F. X. Paradis, Esqr. President. Vital Tetu, Esqr., F. Buteau, Esqr., Vice-Presidents. J. Bte. Fréchette, Senr., Esqr., Treasurer and Secretary.

> QUIEBIEG FRIENDLY SOCHETY, Founded 1810.

William Burke, President. John Young, Joseph Couture, Vice Presidents.

Charles St. Michel, Secretary. William Hossack, Treasurer. MEETINGS-First Monday in every month. FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM In connexion with the Church of England. ESTABLISHED IN 1827. At the National School House, d'Auteuil Street, Fronting the Esplanade. Supported by voluntary contributions, principally obtained at the Annual Bazaar, held in the School House. COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT. Lady Stuart. Lady Caldwell, Mrs. Ashworth, Mrs. Mountain, " Burrage, " Walker, Miss Scott. Miss Pyke, Treasurer,---Mrs. Freer, Matron---Miss Good. MALE ORPHAN ASYLUM. ESTABLISHED 1832. COMMITTEE. Mrs. D. Burnet, Miss Pyke, 66 Hannah, 66 George, 66 Davies. " Green, " Puffer, " Freer, Miss Scott.

Treasurer,-Mrs. Ashworth, | Matron,-Mrs. McAllister.

NATIONAL SCHOOL,

No. 2, d'Auteuil Street. Established in 1819.

COMMITTEE OF BOY'S SCHOOL. Reverend Geo. Mackie.

" William Chadderton.

" R. R. Burrage.

Henry Jessopp, Esgr.-Treasurer. Thos. Trigge and William McTavish, Esquires. Master,-F. H. Andrews. COMMITTEE OF GIRL'S SCHOOL. Mrs. Walker. Mrs. Mountain. Lady Caldwell, " Burrage, " Ashworth, Lady Stuart, Mrs. Freer, Miss Pyke, Miss Scott. Mistress,-Mrs. Purcell. FEMALE BRANCH

OF THE

BRITISH AND CANADIAN SCHOOL.

COMMITTEE.

Mrs.	Clugston,	Mrs.	Gibb,	Mis. Mcl	Leod,
"	Ross,	"	Lambly,	" T.G	libb,
"	Haddan,	66	Henderson,	Miss Wil	lkie,
Miss	White,	Miss	R. McCallum,	Miss Har	rower,
"	Wurtele,	"	A. Harrower,	" Flet	cher,
Miss M. Hale, Secretary.					
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QUEBEC INFANT SCHOOL.

Instituted under the Patronage of Lady Aylmer, Sept. 1831.

COMMITTEE

Mrs. Clugston,	Mrs.	Ross,	Mrs.	Smith,
" H. Forsyth,	"	Wurtele,	<b>~~</b>	Haddan,
" Peniston,	"	Puffer,	"	Roberts,
Miss Hale,	Miss	Jones,	Miss	Freer,
	"	Henry,		

Mrs. Penn, Treasurer. Mrs. Mackie, Secretary.

ST. CHARLES STREET INFANT SCHOOL, Instituted Jan. 1837.

COMMITTEE. Mrs. Clugston, Mrs. Ross, Mis. Brown, " D. McCallum, " Corwell, " Logie, " Lambly, Hon. Mrs. Primrose, " Gibb.

Miss M. Hale, Miss Anderson, Miss Young, "White, 66 Ross. 66 Wurtele. Miss R. McCallum, Treasurer, | Miss Tremain, Secretary, COVE INFANT SCHOOL. Instituted January 1844. | 2nd. Directress-Mrs. Black. Directress-Mrs. Bancroft. COMMITTEE. Mrs. Wurtele, Mrs. Shaw. Mrs. White, " Brown, 66 Taylor, 66 Peverly, " Wainwright. " Lampson, " Usborne, "W. White, Miss Wurtele, Miss M. Hale, " Nichols, Miss Sinton, " Dinning, Mrs. Jackson, Treasurer. Mrs. Henry, Secretary.

### BRITISH AND CANADIAN SCHOOL,

Instituted in 1823, and conducted on the British or Lancasterian System.—No. of Scholars, 200.

PRESIDENT.

Thomas A. Stayner.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Dr. Parent, A. C. G. Rae, Hon. E. Caron, J. Hale.

Messrs. A. Haddan,	Messrs. P. Langlois,
J. Munn,	Legaré,
E. Glackemeyer,	W. Tremain,
J. Clearihue,	J. Fraser,
J. G. Clapham,	J. McLeod,
E. Montizambert,	G. Henderson,
J. Musson, Mr	B. Tremain, Treasurer
FREE CHAPEL SU	UNDAY SCHOOT.

FREE CHAPEL SUNDAY SCHOOL, Instituted in 1834.

Superintendant-J. Hale.

Number of Teachers, 30. | Number of Scholars, 250. School-House in Joachim Street, outside John's Gate. School Hours-9 to 10¹/₄ A. M. and 2 to 3¹/₄ P. M.

# Queber Auriliary Bible Society.

COMMITTEE.

Messrs. E. Baird,	Messrs. J. Musso	on,
D. Burnet,	Asst. Con	n. Gen. Rae,
R. Cairns,	R. Penisto	on,
H. Carwell	W. S. Se	well,
J. G. Clapham,	J. Thomp	son,
W. Hossack,	<b>H</b> . W. W	elch,
J. W. Leaycraft,	W. White.	D. Logie,
Treasurer,	Mr.	J. McLeod.
Secretary,	Mr.	J. Hale.
Assistant,		D Wilkie.
Depositary,		G. Stanley.

### Quebec Female Bible Association.

#### 

Miss Evans,	Miss McCallum,
Mrs. Forsyth,	Mrs. Ogden,
Miss Gore,	Mrs. Puffer,
Mrs. Haddan,	Mrs. Ross,
Miss M. Hale,	Miss Whittaker,
Mrs. Lambly,	Miss Wilkie,
Mrs. Logie,	Miss Young.
Mrs. Clugston,	Secretary and Treasurer.

### Advocates Library,

COURT HOUSE.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Panet, President. "Henry Black, Vice-President. R. E. Caron, Treasurer. Charles Alleyn, Esqr., Secretary. MANAGING COMMITTEE. T. C. Aylwin, Hon. R. E. Caron, J. Duval, A. Taschereau, Charles Alleyn.

### 82

HOURS OF OFFICE OF THE LIBRARIAN.

In vacation, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

In Superior Term, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

In Inferior Term, from 9 A. M. till adjournment of the Court.

J. B. LANDRY, Librarian.

# Officers of the Court.

The Honble. Sir James Stuart, Bart. Chief Justice of L. C.

" Ed. Bowen, Puisné Judge.

" Philippe Panet, do

" E. Bedard, do

E. Burroughs and H. S. Huot, Prothonotary.

W. Smith Sewell, Sheriff.

James Green, Clerk of the Crown.

B. A. Panet, Coroner. Jno. Panet, Deputy do.

S. Lelièvre, Translator. J. B. Landry, Huis. Aud.

W. Downes, Head Constable.

James McLaren, Goaler. | F. Mimee, Tip Staff.

# Royal Enstitution.

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The Right Reverend George Jehoshaphat Mountain, D. D. Lord Bishop of Montreal, Principal. The Right Reverend Lord Bishop of Quebec, The Honble. Andrew William Cochran, The Honble. George Moffatt, Thomas Trigge, Esquire, Thomas Allen Stayner, Esquire, The Reverend John Cook, D. D. Minister of St. Andrew's Church, The Honble. John Neilson, M. P. P. The Reverend Robert Raby Burrage, Secretary. Thomas Jacques, Messenger.

# RETURN

### OF THE

MANES OF THE OFFICERS

Auebec Loyal Volunteers

SERVING DURING THE LATE REBELLION.

### - CO-STAFF.

Lieut. Col. the Hon. James Hope, Coldstream Guards, commanding the Volunteer Brigade.

J. Sewell, Major and Brevet Lieut. Colonel.

Major John George Irvine, (Lieut. Colonel of Militia).

A. Simpson, Captain and Brevet Major.

Pay Master, William Kemble.

QUEBEC LOYAL VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Lieut. Col. Kirby, Royal Artillery, Commanding.

Major Commanding, W. B. Lindsay.

- 1st. Captains, Edwd. H. Bowen, Geo. Desbarats, Andrew Stuart, junior.
- 2nd Captains, W. D. Dupont, Pay M. Simeon Lelièvre, J. R. Eckart.

1st Lieutenants, H. J. Wickstead, T. Hamilton, A. J. Maxham, H. LeMesurier, Jr., John A. Panet, E. J. G. Hooper.

2nd Lieutenants, F. P. Colley, H. T. Phillips, James Motz.

Pay Master, W. D. Dupont. Adjutant, Thomas Hamilton.

Quarter Master, Jas. Motz. Surgeon, Jas. A. Sewell, M. D.

SEDENTARY COMPANIES.

Quebec Light Infantry.

1st Company, Capt. Thos. Froste. Lieut. M. Stevenson. Ensign, D. Young.

- 2nd. Company, Capt. Alex. Simpson. Lieut. Wm. Rodger. Ensign, T. Jackson.
- 3rd. Company, Captain John Young. Lieut. H. J. Noad. Ensign, Wm. Paterson.

- 4th Company, Capt. James Gillespie. Lieut. John Gordon. Ensign, J. H. Joseph.
- 5th Company, Capt. Henry LeMesurier. Lieut. Andrew McGill. Ensign, H. Anderson. Adjutant, Thos. Wiley.

### QUEEN'S VOLUNTEERS.

- Lieut. Colonel Commanding, Honble. James Hope, Capt. and Lt. Colonel Coldstream Guards.
- Major, John George Irvine, (Lieut. Colonel of Militia.)
- Captains.—Archibald Campbell, William Power, Thomas W. Lloyd, P. O'Meara, A. C. Buchanan, Paul Lepper.
- Lieutenants.—C. C. Sheppard, E. Parkyn, C. Alleyn, Colin Bruce, E. G. Cannon, John Fraser.
- Ensigns.—A. Vanfelson, W. Douglas, H. Scott, T. Stewart, W. Phillips, John Meyer.
- Pay Master, Wm. Kemble. Quarter Master, John Fraser.
- Adjutant, Harry Ball, Lieut. Surgeon, Chas. Poole, M. D.

KENNEBEC RANGERS.

٦.

Captain J. C. Oliva. Lieut. Narcisse Duchesnay, Junior. Ensign, A. C. Chaperon.

COUNTY OF MEGANTIC HIGHLAND COMPANY.

Captain Arch. McKillop, Lieut. Peter McKillop, and J. Greaves Clapham, Ensign; attached to the Queen's Volunteers serving in 1837.

THE LOYAL QUEBEC ARTIFICERS,

(Or Faugh A Ballagh.)

- Major Commanding, George II. Vincent Whitmore, Captain Royal Engineers.
- Capt. John C. Nixon. Lieut. James Thornton. Ensign Rich. Freeman. Adjutant Wm. Scott.

### ENGINEER RIFLE CORPS.

- First Company, Capt. Henry M. Blaiklock. Lieut. F. Wyatt. Ensign, J. Clarke.
- Second Company, Capt. Frederick Hacker. Lieut. Edward T. Fletcher. Ensign, Alfred Hawkins.

### QUEEN'S OWN-(Light Infantry.)

Capt. Frederick Wyse. Lieut. William Clarke. Ensign, T. Bowles.

### FIRST ARRIVALS

#### 0F STEAM BOATS IN QUBBBO. Since First Steam Communication between Quebec and Montreal. 1812, Nov. 22nd-Steam Boat Swiftsure. " 1813, May 2nd-" 1814, May 5th-٢, " " " 1815, April 27th-1816, May 1st-" Malsham, " 1817, May 7th-" 1818, April 27th-" " 1819, May 2nd-" Telegraph. 1820, April 24th-" Lady Sherbrooke. " Quebec, Telegraph, & Swift-1821, May 3rdsure. " Lady Sherbrooke, Car of Com-1822, April 29thmerce & Lauzon. 1823, April 27th-" Steam Boat Quebec. " " Swiftsure. 1824, 21st-" " 17th---Laprairie & Swiftsure. 1825, 1826, " 22nd-" Laprairie. 1827, 66 " 16th-Waterloo. 1828, 66 12th-" Chambly. " " 20th-Lady of the Lake. 1829, " " 1830, 17th---" 1831, " " " 21st-" 1832, " 29th---St. Lawrence. " " " 1833, 18th-" 1834, 66 17th-St. Lawrence, from Sorel, only. " " Lady of the Lake from Mont " 18th-

real.

1835, May 4th-Stea	am Bo	oat Canada.
1836, " 11th—	"	"
1837, " 1st—	"	British America.
1838, April 28th—	"	St. George.
1839, " 21st—	"	British America.
1840, " 19th—	"	Lady Colborne.
1841, May '1st-	"	Queen.
1842, April 21st-	"	Lady Colborne.
1843, May, 5th-	"	Canada.

# FIRST ARRIVALS

#### FROM

#### SEA IN THE PORT OF QUEBEC.



- May 9th, 1760-H. M. S. Leostoff, Capt. Deane.
  - " 16th, 1765—Snow, Apthorp F. Bushia, from Glasgow and Belfast.

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- " 29th, 1766-Sloop Elizabeth, G. Snow, from Boston.
- " 6th, 1767—Sloop Fanny and Jenny, Capt. Cobb, from Boston.
- May 12th, 1771-Brig Pitt, Capt. Palmer, 6 weeks from London.
  - " 13th, 1772--Brigantine Canadian, Abbott, from London.
  - " 20th, 1773-Ship Canadian, Abbott, from London.
  - " 5th, 1777-Transport Ship Genl. Conway, from Newfoundland.
  - " 20th, 1778-Snow Jason, Sloper, 7 weeks from Cadiz.
  - " 7th, 1781—Harriet, Bacon, from London.
  - " 14th, 1786-Ship Integrity, from the Downes.
  - " 11th, 1787-H. M. S. Thistle, Capt. Coffin, 11 days from Halifax.
- "14th, 1789-Ship Achilles, Pile, from Liverpool.
- June 2nd, 1795—Brig Caroline, Jenkins, 17 days from Trinity Bay.

- May 20th, 1796-Brig Jessies, Paterson, 3rd April, from Greenock.
  - " 15th, 1797—Schooner Susan, Craigie, Macintyre, 56 days from St. Domingo.
  - " 11th, 1798-Schooner Swift, Robson, 2nd March from Jamaica.
  - " 8th, 1799—Brig Nymph, Pryor, 4th March from St. Vincent, &c.
  - " 17th, 1800-Ketch Firm, Dutramel, 19 days from Halifax.
- April 25th, 1801-Ship Nancy, Baine, 27th March from Lipool.
- May 12th, 1802—Brig Mary, Sartus, 11th March from Newcastle.
  - 4th, 1803—Brig Antelope, Boucher, 49 days from Jamaica.
- April 25th, 1804—Ship Jane, Perkins, 16th March from Liverpool.
- May 5th, 1805—Ship Quebec, Bailey, 19th March from London.
  - " 9th, 1806-Brig Caledonia, Wilson, 26 days from Ayr.
- April 28th, 1807—Brig Henrietta, Losh, 22 days from Liverpool.
- April 19th, 1808-Brig Triton, Wright, 15 days from Hull.
- May 4th, 1809—Ship Ocean, Tracey, 52 days from Portsmouth.
  - " 3rd, 1810—Ship Prospect, Wake, 33 days from Newcastle.
- April 26th, 1811-Ship Hero, Stephenson, 30 days from London.
- May 2nd, 1812—Ship Christopher, Coward, 38 days from London.
  - " 5th, 1813-H. M. S. Woolwich, five weeks from Portsmouth.
  - "8th, 1814-Schooner Priam, Pye, 27th April, from Halifax.

- " 10th, 1815-Ship Hope, Banner, 45 days from Alicant.
- " 12th, 1816-Ship Glory, Shand, 42 days from Liverpool.
- " 13th, 1817-Ship Fame, Mimet, 25th March, from Hull.
- " 7th, 1818-Brig Patriot, Anderson, 32 days from Aberdeen.
- "1st, 1819—Do do do 35 days do.
- " 9th, 1820-Brig Royal Charlotte, Hobson, 50 days from Alicant.
- "8th, 1821—Brig Southampton, White, 30th days from Grenada.
- April 27th, 1822—Brig Mary, Murphy, 20th March from St. Vincent.
- May 9th, 1823-Brig Hugh, Greig, 27th March from Belfast
  - " 1st, 1824—Bark Europe, Willis, 25th March from London.
- April 24th, 1825—Ship Perseverance, Egg, 29th March from Plymouth.
- April 25th, 1826-Ship Walrus, Wright, 18th March from London.
- April 30th, 1827—Ship Quebec Packet, Anderson, 2nd April from Aberdeen.
- May 8th, 1828-Ship Gaspé, Bonnyman, 4th April from Gibraltar.
  - " 2nd, 1829-Brig Ann Eliza and Jane, Reid, 23rd March from Bristol.
- April 26th, 1830—Ship Unicorn, Troup, 31st March from Liverpool.
- April 16th, 1831—Brig Nemesis, Roallins, 24th March from Poole.

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- May 4th, 1832-Ship Canada, Allan, 2nd April from Greenock.
  - " 10th, 1833-Brig Favourite, Allan, 27th days from Greenock.
  - " 6th, 1834—Bark Ottawa, Douglas, 31st March from London.

- " 2nd, 1835-Brig William Ash, Randall, 20th March from Bordeaux.
- " 11th, 1836—Ship Canada, Allan, 2nd April from Greenock.
- April 29th, 1837—Bark Great Britain, Swinburne, days from London.
- May 3rd, 1838—Brig Procris, Arnold, 27th March from Poole.
  - "8th, 1839-Ship Rainbow, Arnold, 31st March from Poole.
- April 25th, 1840-Ship Vere, Webb, 25 days from Poole.
- April 29th, 1841--Ship Vere, Mills, 2nd April, from Poole.
- May 2nd, 1842—Bark Kingston, Robson, 50 days from Gibraltar.

April 18th, 1843-Bark Great Britain, Swinburn, from London.

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# Governors and Administrators of the Government of Canada,

SINCE THE ERECTION OF THE ROYAL GOVERNMENT IN 1663.

Sieur de Mésy May 1,	1663
Sieur de Courcelles Sept. 23,	1665
Sieur de Frontenac Sept. 12,	1672
Sieur de la Barre Oct, 9,	1682
Sieur Marquis de Nonville Aug. 3,	1685
Sieur de Frontenac Nov. 28,	1689
Sieur Chevalier de Callières Sept. 14,	1699
Marquis de Vaudreuil Sept. 17,	1705
Marquis de Beauharnois Sept. 2,	1726
Sieur Compte de la Galissonière Sept. 25,	1747
Sieur de la Jonquière Aug. 16,	1749
Marquis du Quesne de Menneville Aug. 7,	1752
Sieur de Vaudreuil de Cavagnal July 10,	1755
James Murray Nov. 21,	1763
Paulus Emilius Irving, President June 30,	1766

Guy Carleton, Lt. Gov. and Com. in Chief Sept. 24, Hector T. Cramahé, President Aug. 9, Guy Carleton, Lt. Gov. and Com. in Chief Oct. 11, Hy. Hamilton, Lt. Gov. and Com. in Chief	1706 1770 1774 1784 1785 1786 1788 1791 1793 1796 1799 1805 1807 1811 1815 1816 1815 1816 1815 1816 1815 1819 1820 1820 1824 1825 1828 1830 1835
Lord Aylmer, G. C. B. Governor General. Oct. 20,	
Sir John Colborne, do. do	1838 1839
Sir Chas. Metcalfe, do do	1842 1844

# ROMAN CATHOLIC CLERGY, CANADA EAST.

CLERGE CATHOLIQUE DU BAS CANADA.

# DIOCESE DE QUEBEC.

DISTRICT DE QUEBEC.

Monseigneur Joseph SIGNAY, Evêque de Québec. Monseignr. P. F. TURGEON, Evêque de Sidyme, Coadjuteur.

## Vicaires Généraux.

J. Demers, Th. Maguire, Th. Cooke, F. N. Blanchet, C. F. Cazeau, Sect F. H. Belle-isle, Ass Au Séminaire	istant Secrétaire.
MM. A. Parant, Supérieur, J. Demers, J. Aubry, J. Holmes, Louis Gingras, MM. C. F. Baillargeon, Curé Québec, P. McMahon, E. G. Plante, A. Beaudry, D. Martineau, B. O'Reilly, M. Dowling, Z. Charest, Curé de St. Roch, P. Patry, J. Auclair, N. Beaubien, L. Roy, L. T. Bedard, Hôpital-Général F. G. Loranger, Hôtel-Dieu,	S. Belleau, St. François, J. Asselin, Ste. Famille, <i>Côté du Nord.</i> J. O. Leclerc, Grondines, F. Morin, Deschambeault.

- L. J. Desjardins,
- J. C. de Courval, Pointe aux C. E. Poiré, St. Joseph,
- L. E. Parent, vic. [Trembles, L. E. Bois, St. François,
- A. Lefrançois, St. Augustin,
- H. Paisley, Ste. Catherine et W. Dunn, Frampton, St. Raymond,
- P. Huot, Ste. Foy,
- L. T. Fortier, St. Ambroise,
- P. Roy, Charlesbourg et St. Dunstan,
- М. Griffith, Valcartier et Stoneham,
- G. L. Lemoine, Beauport,
- F. Boucher, Ange Gardien,
- E. E. Parent, Château Richer,
- B. Desrochers, St. Anne et St. Féréol,
  - L. Tourignv, Vicaire,
- G. H. Besserer, St. Joachim,
- (J. D. Delisle, Petite-Rivière,
- P. Clément, ancien curé.
- M. Chauvin, Baie St. Paul,
- J. B. Chartré, St. Urbain,
- M. L. Noël, Eboulemens,
- J. B. Pelletier, Isle aux Coudres,
- L. A. Bourret, Malbaie,
- T. A. Larouche, vicaire,
- G. Tremblay, Ste. Agnès,
- C. Pouliot, Saguenay, &c. Coté du Sud.
- Al. Leclerc, St. Jean Deschaillons,
- E. Faucher, Lotbinière,
- J. B. Potvin, Ste. Croix et St. Flavien,
  - J. H. Routier, Vicaire,
- L. Proulx, St. Antoine,
- Et. Baillargeon, St. Nicolas,
- A. Lebel, St. Giles, Halifax, &c.
- J. Nelligan, St. Sylvestre, N. T. Hebert, St. Paschal, Leeds, &c.

- J. Gaboury, Ecureuils,

- M. Fortier, St. Georges,
- P. Gariépy, Ste. Claire,
- M. Forgues, Ste. Marguerite,
- J. Laberge, Ancienne Lorette, L. A. Montminy, St. Gervais et St. Lazare,
  - L. T. Bernard, Viceire,
  - P. Villeneuve, St. Charles,
  - ) J. B. Perras, ancien Curé,
  - M. Lemieux, Beaumont,
  - N. C. Fortier, St. Michel,
  - L. H. Grénier, Vicaire,
  - U. Orfroy, St. Vallier,
  - J. B. Perras, Vicaire,
  - Jos. Bonenfant, Berthier,
  - L. L. Belle-isle, St. François,
  - Z. Sirois, St. Pierre, Rivièr du Sud,
  - J. L. Beaubien, St. Thomas. E. Dufour, Vicaire,
  - F. Caron, Isle aux Grues,
  - J. E. Cecil, Cap St. Ignace,
  - F. X. Delâge, Islet,
  - J. B. Côté, Vicaire,
  - ( L. Parant, St. Jean Port-Joli,
  - ) F. Boissonnault, ancien Curé,
  - D. H. Têtu, St. St-Roch des Aulnets,
    - F. S. Bardy, Vicaire,
  - Al. Mailloux, Ste.-Anne,
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      - C. Gauvreau, Professcur de Théologie,
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    - T. B. Pelletier, Préfet des études,
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  - E. Quertier, St. Denis,
  - C. Chiniquy, Kamouraska,

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- P. Beaumont, St. Jean Chry- L. A. Proulx, Rivière du Loup, sostôme, J. Benj. Grenier, Kakouna,
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- L. S. Mâlo, Trois-Pistoles,
- G. S. Marceau, St. Simon et St. Fabien,
- T. F. Destroismaisons, Rimouski,
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- G. S. Derome, Ste. Marie G. Nadeau, Ste. Luce, Ste. Nouvelle-Beauce, Anne des Monts, &c.

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- B. Fortin, Chap. des Ursulines, Côté du Nord.
- 5 D Marcoux, Maskinongé,
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- A Milet, Vicaire,
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- L Aubry, St Léon,
- L O Desilets, St Barnabé,
- D Paradis, Pointe du Lac,
- E Payment, Champlain,
- W Fréchette, Batiscan,
- F X Côté, Ste Geneviève,
- E Sirois, St Stanislas,

- M M Brien, St Anne et St Casimir,
  - Côté du Sud.
- P H Harkin, Sherbrooke, &c.
- J O'Grady, Diummondville, &c.
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- C I Lebrun, St Michel d'Ya-
- P Béland, St François,
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- J S N Dumoulin, Yamachiche, J O Léprohon, Nicolet et Ste Monique,
  - J N Guertin, Vicaire,
  - J Harper, St Grégoire,
  - C Dion, Bécancourt,
  - O Larue, Gentilly,
  - C Gagnon, Somerset, &c.
  - Paul Pouliot, St Pierre Lesbecquets,

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A la Colombie.

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******

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- Revd. E. W. Sewell, Incumbent of the Chapel of the Holy Trinity-St. Ursule Street.
- Revd. G. Mackie, A. B., Curate of Quebec-St. Ursule St.
- Revd. W. Chaderton, Minister of St. Peter's Chapel-Cóte Ste. Genevieve.
- Revd. W. W. Wait, Minister of St. Pauls, or Mariners Chapel-La Chevrotière Street.
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- Revd. J. P. White,
- Revd. C. L. F. Haensel, (conducting school)-St. Stanislaus Street.

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PALACE STREET.

·····

Reverend T. Atkinson, Pastor.

# Presbytery of Auebec.

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- " J. Clugston-St. John's Church,
- " J. McMorin-Melbourne.
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One in St. Anne's Street, called the "St. Anne's Street Chapel," the other in St. Lewis Suburbs, called the "Centenary Chapel.

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# MARINE INSURANCE,

IN CONNECTION WITH NEW YORK.

William Stevenson, Agent.

OFFICE-Commercial Chambers, St. Peter Street.

### GEOGRAPHICAL POSITION OF HEADLANDS, &c.

Geographical position of Headlands, &c., in the Gulf and River St. Lawrence, and on the Coast of Newfoundland, determined on the spot by Astronomical Observations.

	Latitude by Meridian Altitude.			Longitude West of Greenwich.			
	0	•	"	0	٢	"	
Quebec, (Wolfe's Monument)	46	48	30 N	71	17	00	
Pointe des Monts (Light House)	49	19	32	67	25	24	
Extreme Point (des Monts)	49	18	38	67	26	54	
Anticosti, (north point)	49	57	38	64	15	35	
Do. (east point)	49	8	30	61	46	21	
Do. (west point)	49	52	29	64	37	29	
Do. (south west point)	(	*)		63	33	30	
Mingan Island,	50`	13	8	64	12	45	
Do. Harbor, (Agent's house)	50	17	35	64	16	7	
Cape Rosier,	48	50	40	64	15	58	
Cape Gaspé,	48	45	14	64	14	12	
Bonaventure Island,	48	29	30	64	4	11	
Douglas Town, (Gaspé Bay)	48	46	33	64	25	52	
Point Escuminac,	47	5	2	64	54	4	
Point Miscou, (Miscou Island)	48	1	57	64	36	23	
Cape Tourmentine, (Straits of Nor-		_				~~	
thumberland)	46	7	38	63	52	16	
Paspebiac, (in Chaleur Bay)	48	Ó	54	65	18	51	
Entry Island (W S W point)	47	16	09	61	<b>4</b> 8	ŏō	
Magdalen Islands, (N E point)	47	37	47	61	27	25	
Bird Islands, (Northermost)	47	59	28	61	13	27	
Ship Harbor, (Gut of Canso)	46	36	25	61	22	ĩ7	
Cape Linzee, (Port Hood)	45	59	31	61	$\tilde{36}$	49	
Just au Corp Island. (S point)	43	58	ĬÔ	61	38	25	
Bear Cape, (Prince Edw. Island)	46	00	02	62	30	31	
East Point, (ditto ditto)	46	27	34	62	õõ	42	
West, do (ditto ditto)	46	37	48	64	24	56	
Cape North, (ditto ditto)	47	4	20	64	4	50	
Cape Traverse, (ditto ditto)	46	13	17	63	43	21	
Pictou Academy,	45	40	20	62	45	$\tilde{0}2$	
Cape North, (Breton Island)	47	02	13	60	27	20	
only round (present mund)	1.24	04	10	00	41	4U	

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# MARITIME POSITIONS

#### IN THE

### GULF AND RIVER OF ST. LAWRENCE.

BY CAPTAIN H. W. BAYFIELD, R. N.

Place.	Point where observed. Latitude Longi- tude West.			e	High Water at Full and change.		
St. Paul's Island Ditto	North extreme East side of Neck - MAGDALEN ISLA		14 13 1		0 11		
East Point Amherst Harbour Deadman Rock	Centre – – East point – – 70 fathoms N W of eastern extreme North side of entrance West point – –	47 47 47 47 47	51 47 5 37 3 14 2 16	86 86 86 86	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	/ 33 	···· 8 20
NEX Cape Ray Cod Roy Island Red Island - Port Saunders	VFOUNDLAND—WE S. W. entrance South side of Boat Harbour 30 fathoms N E of south point N E point entrance Western extreme of d	47 47 48 50	36 5 52 3 33 5 38 3	6 5 8 5 8 5 6 5	59 20 59 26 59 16 57 20	45 16 57	····· ···· 10 0
Rich Point Ferroll Point - Green Island - Norman Cape	high-water mark Cove point, N E ex- treme 150 fathoms from N E end North side of Point Cove, south of east extreme	51 51	<ul> <li>41 4</li> <li>2 2</li> <li>24 8</li> <li>38</li> </ul>	2 5 1 5	57 05 56 36	38 38	••••
Belle Isle St.Lewis Cape { Battle Islands - {	LABRADOR COA N E point (magnetic) Small peninsula on S E point S N E extreme of S E island S	52 52 52	1 1 21 2 15 4	4 5 4 5	55 3£	23 5 19	
Henley Island - York Point - Red Bay L'Ance à Loup	Middle of north side East extreme Harbour Island, S E point Flag-staff at head of bay	51 51		15 55		5 51 8 24	 7 35

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Forteau Point -	S W extreme of point 51 25 37 56 5 N W hill, 1,264 feet)	ə 25	
Bradore Hills &	high; the Notre D. 51 35 11 57 14	1 50	••••
Bradore Hills -	South Hill, 1,135 feet 51 34 257 14	1 32	••••
Ditto	Middle  or  N E hill =  51 34 57 57 1	3 50	••••
Greenly Island	N E point 51 23 19 57 13	34	••••
Bradore Har- 5	Flag-staff at Jones's 51 27 38 57 17	6	8 45
Belles Amours Pt.		2 41	90
Lion Island -	Isthmus 51 24 957 41		9 15
Mistanoque Is- 🔇	East point of cove in } 51 15 51 58 15		
land >	north side of island		10 30
Dead Cove -	South point 50 46 52 59 2	5	
Grand Mecatti-	S E extreme 50 44 10 59 2	25	
na Point 5 Hare Harbour -		7	
Antrobus Point	East side—See chart   50 36 32 59 20 North point of island   50 33 20 59 19		••••
(	Eastern point of islet )		••••
Wapitagun har-	on southern side of $50$ 11 48 60 4	5	<b>10 3</b> 0
bour $ $	anchorage )		
Whittle Cape - {	S W extreme of \$ 50 10 44 60 9	46	
vi intere Oape - §	Lake Island y	-10	••••
Coacoacho Bay {	South point of outer 50 9 12 60 20	55	•••
			10 15
Kegashka Bay 👌	$\frac{1}{1}$ is let at south end of $\frac{50}{11}$ 11 27 61 18	21	10 45
Natashquan Ri- 🐧	Southern point of \$ 50 7 561 50	13	
ver – - {	entrance (	40	••••
Little Notash- S	North point of islet		
quan Harbor	at the head of the 50 11 49 61 53	47	••••
-	bay )		
Nabesippi Riv. }	First granite point (50 14 0)62 15 S E of entrance	49	••••
Watcheeshoo 🧎		3	
Peninsula – S			
Appeetetat Bay	East point 50 16 43 63 1	7	•••
Betchewaen §	S E point of Low { 50 14 21 63 13	30	11 12
Harbour ) Clearwater Point	+		11 10
Mingan Harbour			;··· ~
Mingan Island	Summit $  -$ 50 12 56 64 10	56	1 7
St. John River	East point of entrance 50 17 11 64 23	16	••••
Manitoui Point	Extreme 50 17 42 65 17	_ 9	• • • •
Saint Charles §	South extreme at 250 15 25 65 51		
Point )			••••
Moisic River	S W point of entrance 50 11 24 66 7	41	
Carousal Island	South extreme $-$ 50 5 29 66 26 Storehouse cast side 50 13 7 66 27	35	••••
St. Margaret Pt.	Storehouse, east side 50 13 7 66 27 Extremity 50 2 33 66 47		1 20
. )	West point of Little )		••••
Cawee Islands §		57	1 50
Egg Islands _ }	West point of North 49 38 21 67 13	10	
	Island $ 5 = -5 = -5$	- 10	•••

<b>Trinity Bay</b> - Pointe des Monts Pointe des Monts	Light-house South extrem	 e -	49 49	19 18	47 43 49	67	25	-21	ı :	55
	ANTICO	STI ISL	AN	<b>D</b> .						
West Point -	S W extreme headland at water.		49	52	20	64	35	8		•
Cape Henry -	S E extreme		49	47	50	64	25	44	1	45
South West Pt.	At high-wate	r mark (	49	23	53	6 <b>3</b>	38	47		•
South Point -	near Light At high-wate	-nouse y	49	3	43	69	18	30		
East Point	Ditto -		49	- Ř	25	61	42	59	:	:
Bear Bay	Entrance of r	iver -		3Ŏ	30	62	27	29		•
Observation Bay	West side c rivulet		1		59					
North Point -	Ditto, high- mark	-water-	49	57	40	64	12	0		•
NODELLOI				זתי	י אדר כ	יתר	Б		20	
NORTH SE	ORE OF TH	E ST. L	AW	KI	SING	J L	R.	1 4 1	5K.	
Godbout River St Nicolas Har- (	Trading post		L		33			9	1	52
bour {	Cross point		49	18	14	67	49	42	1	55
St. Nicolas Point	South extrem	e -			55			10		•
St. Giles Point	Extreme				34			- 3	. •	•
Manicouagan Pt					13			1	2	0
Betsimis Point	South extrem				05			35	2	0
Jeremy	Trading post				53					••••
Port Neuf	Church -		48		25		9	0	2	10
Tadousac (Sa-) guenay River) {	Store on bea	ch -	48	8	40	69	46	3	2	45
Chicoutimi(Sa.) guenay River)	Trading post				13		8	1	4	11
Isle aux Coudres	West point Prairie Ba	of La ?	47	24	48	70	28	2	4	25
Quebec	Prairie Ba	· <b>j</b>		49			16	0	6	3≺
•	SHORE OF		T.	тл		2 5	NO	F		
	· _	THE S								
Despair Cape –	Extreme Sandy Point	NW)	48	25	30	64	21	32	•	•
Gaspé Basin	side of Nar trance		48	49	53	64	31	41	2	<b>3</b> 0
Cape Gaspé -	Flower-pot R		48	45	10	64	12	22		
Cape Rozier -	Extremity,se Cape Gasp		1		45					••
Great Fox Bay	Centre of		49	0	5	64	25	52	1	0
Mount Louis Riv.	East point of	entrance	49	14	37	65	46	35	1	30
Cape Chat –	Extreme		49	6	6	6 <b>6</b>	48	19		• •
Matanne River -	Inner SW p entrance	oint of $-$	48	51	43	67	34	29	2	0

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Metis	Reef off Little Metis		41	18	68	4	30	2	10
Camille Mount	Summit, 2,036 feet above high-water	48	28	44	68	15	55		•
Bornaby Island							2		•
Bic Island	N E extreme of S E ( reef	48	25	17	68	51	30	2	15
Razade Rocks -			12 3				9 14	· .	45
Green Island - Loup River -	N point of entrance	47	51	5	69	36	49		
Brandy Pots -	South point of South { Rock (	47	52	36	69	43	47	3	00
Ramouraska -	N E point of Crow Island	47	35	17	69	55	48	4	00
Crane Island	Station on beach, 1 mile S W of Mac-	47	-1	<b>3</b> 0	70	34	22	5	20
Dauphine Isld. (Orleans Isle)	pherson) S W point of entrance	<b>16</b>	58	12	70	5 <b>3</b>	54	5	40

BEARINGS & DISTANCES BETWEEN HEADLANDS, &c. IN THE GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE.

Names of Head- lands.	True Course.	Course by Compass.	Dis- tance	Course & Dist. by compass as laid down in the Charts & Books at present in use
From St.Paul's Point to Cape Ray,	NEbyE	E by N	42 Miles	ENE W Miles
From St. Paul's to CapeNorth, From St. Paul's	SW ł W	wsw _‡ w	14 "	<b>₩ S ₩‡</b> E 12 "
to North Bird Island, FromSt. Paul's )	N W 1/4 W	N N W ¹ / ₄ W	56 ''	Ň by₩ <b>‡</b> ₩ 53   «
to N E end of Magdalen Isld. From St.Paul's	NW by W 🚦 W	NWłW	57 "	NW by N52 "
to E. end of SIsland,	NNW ½ W	NłW	130 🥶	N by W 139 "
From Bird Is- land to Cape Rosier,	N Wby W 🛔 W	NW ‡N	1351.''	$\mathbf{N} \mathbf{W} \neq \mathbf{W} 141$
From Cape Ray to North Bird Island,	W by N	NW by W	76 "	NW 1 W 66 "
from CapeRay to E. Point of Anticosti,	NW łW	NNW łW	131 ''	NN W1W 148 "

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LATITUDE, &c., of HEADLANDS.

	Latitude by Meridian Altitude	Longitude West of Greenwich.
Cons Hinshinkneske (Busten Island)	0 6 66	0 6 6
Cape Hinchinbrooke, (Breton Island)	10 01 00 1.	60 43 10
Cape Portland, (ditto)	45 47 57	60 8 19
Cape Breton, (ditto)	45 56 26	59 50 40
Louisburg, (ruins of old house)	45 53 31	60 0 22
Scattarie Island, (east point)	46 1 19	59 44 3
Cape Granby,	46 9 18	59 53 34
Road Island, (Port au Basque)	47 34 11	59 11 13
St. Paul's Island, (N. W. Cove)	47 12 38	60 11 58
Cape Ray,	47 36 49	59 21 36
Cape Race,	47 40 27	53 8 59
Sable Island, (east end)	43 59 5	59 48 51
Do. (west end,)	43 56 42	60 14 8
(Signed,) J. Jones, I E. Rose, N	Master H. M. S Master H. M. S	. Hussar, . Tyne.

Trinity House, Quebec, 10th Novr. 1829.

VARIATIONS OF THE COMFASS, established in 1829, by Captain Bayfield, R. N., in the surveying schooner Gulnare; those laid down on the Charts being erroneous:

Brandy Pots	161	degrees	west.
Island of Bic	171	_ go	do
Cap Chat	21	do	do
Bay of the Seven Islands	23	do	do
West end of Anticosti			do
East end of ditto	$24\frac{1}{2}$	do	do

NAVAL SURVEYING SERVICE IN THE GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE.

Henry W. Bayfield, Captain and Surveyor. J. Orlebar, Lieutenant and Assistant Surveyor. G. A. Bedford, Lieutenant and Assistant Surveyor. William Kelly, M. D. Surgeon

#### TIDES.

At Bic Island,	<b>`</b>
At Green Island,	o'clock, full and change
At the Traverse,41 At Crane Island,51	
At Crane Island,	Days on shore.
At Quebec,	

And the stream continues to run one hour after high water nearly Tide and Quarter Tide, in all places above mentioned.

### 102

### RATES OF PILOTAGE.

# FROM BIC TO QUEBEC, viz:-

Per Foot.
From 1st May to the 10th Nov. inclusive£0 18 0
From the 11th Nov. to the 18th inclusive
From the 19th Nov. to the 1st March, inclusive
From the 2nd March to the 30th April, inclusive 1 0 6
FROM QUEBEC TO BIC :-
From the 1st May to the 10th November inclusive,£0 15 9
From the 11th November to the 18th inclusive, 1 0 9
From the 19th November to the 1st March inclusive, 1 5 9
From the 2nd March to the 30th April inclusive 0 18 3
From the Brandy Pots to Quebec-only two-thirds of the rate above
mentioned.
From the Point of St. Roch to Quebec-only one-third of the above
rate.
From the West End of Crane Island and below St. Patrick's Hole to
Quebec-one-fourth part of the above rates
From St. Patrick's Hole to Quebec£1 3 4
FROM QUEBEC TO PORTNEUF.
ABOVE QUEBEC.
Any vessel not exceeding 200 tons measurement£4 0 0
Down again,
From 201 to 250 tons, upwards,
Downwards, 3 10 0
From 251 tons and more, upwards,
Downwards, 4 0 0
From QUEBEC to THREE-RIVERS, or any place above PORTNEUF :
For a vessel of 200 tons and under, upwards, $\dots$ $\pounds 6 = 0 = 0$
Downwards 4 0 0
Of 201 and to 250 tons, upwards, 7 0 0
Downwards, 4 0 0
Above 250 tons, upwards
Downwards
From QUEBEC TO MONTREAL, and any place above THREE RIVERS
For a vessel of 200 tons & under, upwards, £11 0 0
Downwards
Of 201 and to 250 tons, upwards
Downwards
Of 250 tons and upwards, upwards 16 0 0
Downwards
T LATER TEATORS

#### LIGHT HOUSES.

Light-House on the South Pillar, shews a revolving Light.

Light-Mouse Green Island.

Keeper-MR. CHARLES JULYAN.

The Lantern of the Light-House on Green Island shews a Light every Evening, from Sunset to Sunrise the next morning, from

# 103

#### LIGHT-HOUSES, &c.

the fifteenth day of April to the Tenth day of December inclusive ; and the following are the Bearings of it, by Compass, from the respective places here-under mentioned ; viz :---

Red Island	-	-	E. S.	. E. <u>1</u> S.	
White Island	-			E. j E.	
Brandy Pots	-	-	N.E.	by É. # E	
Apple Island	-	-	<b>W</b> . S	. <b>W.</b>	
Basque Island		-	W. S.	$\mathbf{W}_{\cdot} + \mathbf{W}_{\cdot}$	
The Shoal at the N. E.					
The Shoal at the West	end	of (	Green	Island, N.	E.ĮE.

FLOATING LIGHT VESSEL IN THE TRAVERSE.

1. S.

Commander-John Richardson.

LIGHT-HOUSE ON POINTE DES MONTS.

Keeper-James Wallace,

Will shew a light every evening from sunset to sunrise, between the first of April and the thirty-first of December inclusive.

The following notice was published by the Trinity House. relating to this Light-House :-

#### NOTICE TO MARINERS.

That a Light-House has been erected on POINTE DES MONTS, (or Cape Monts Pelés) on the north side of the River St. Lawrence, nearly opposite to Cap Chat, the lantern standing one hundred feet above the water.

The Light-House lays with the outermost part of CARIBOU POINT N. 52°. East and South 52°. West, by the Compass, and it can be seen over that point and to the Eastward of it.

Ships approaching the light from the Eastward, as they draw towards Caribou Point must bring it to bear W. by S ; they will then be in a good fair way, and if necessary, they can near the land by the lead.

After passing Caribou Point, and as they draw towards the Light-House, they must come no nearer than 12 fathoms water to avoid two ledges of rocks, one of which lays E. S. E. from the Light, with only 12 feet of water on it; the other lays S. W. from the Light, and E. S. E. from the Western extremity of Pointe des Monts, with 16 fect water on it; but these rocks do not lay farther from the shore than half a mile at low water.

The Light-House lays with the western extremity of Pointe des Monts N. 64°. East and South 64°. West, and distant about one mile ; and when ships are to the Westward of the Point, the Light-House is in one with the outermost rocks off the Point; and in day time it forms a bold distinct Land Mark, and on this line of bearing sh ps are in the best possible fair way for the general purposes of Navigation, whether bound up or down.

#### LIGHT-HOUSES, &C.

For any particular purposes of Navigation, ships may safely stand to the Northward, until the Light bears E. by N.; they will then be drawing near the North land : and when it bears E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  N. it is time to tack; for when it bears East it will shut in with the High Land, and cannot be seen to the Southward of East, and then they will be only one mile from the land, and if they are off Godbout River, Pointe des Monts will bear from them E. by S. two leagues distant.

When ships are off Saint Nicolas Harbour, and the light bearing E. by N. they are in a good fair way from the North Land. The S. E. spit of *Manicouagan* great Shoal, the ship and the Light-House are then all in one line of bearing.

#### LIGHT-HOUSE ON S. W. POINT OF ANTICOSTI.

#### Keeper-Mr. Edward Pope.

A Light-House having been erected on the South West Point of the Island of Anticosti, notice is hereby given that a grand Revolving Light, on the Argand principle, was shewn thereon for the first time, on the 25th of August, 1831, and that the said light will continue to be shewn every night from sunset to sunrise, from the 1st April to the 15th December, in each year inclusive.

When ships are to the Eastward of the Light. House, they may safely stand towards the Island until it bears N. N. W. by Compass —they will then be in a good fair way—and if they wish to make more free with the land, they can do so by their lead. The land trends from the Light-House S. E. by S. or nearly so.

When ships are to the Westward of the Light-House, they may safely stand towards the Island until the light bears S. S. E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  E. they will then be in a good fair way from the land, and as before mentioned, they can make more free by their lead.

Nearly East and West with the Light-House, and about threefourths of a mile from it, is the outermost part of a *Reef of Rocks* which joins the S. W. Point. These are dry at low water and are the only dangers near the Light-House; therefore a berth of a mile from the Point, is a good fair way.

Sixteen leagues to the Eastward of the Light-House, at Shallop Creek. and sixteen leagues to the Westward of the Light-House, at Grand Bay, and at the Light-House itself, are Depôts of provisions for the use of Mariners in distress, or other shipwrecked persons.

A Light-House is now erecting on Biquet Island, and will be in operation about the beginning of August next.

The two Lights at Portneuf and the one at Ste. Croix, above the Harbour of Quebec, are also under the superintendence of the Trinity House of Quebec.

A Light-House has been built on Heath Point at the East end of the Island of Anticosti, but has not been put in operation for want of sufficient funds vested in the Corporation of the Trinity House.

#### PROVISION DEPÔTS FOR SHIPWRECKED MARINERS.

- One at the Light-House on Pointe des Monts, under the charge of the Keeper.
- One at the West Bay, Anticosti, L. O. Gamache, Keeper.
  - " S. W. Point, do. under charge of the Light House
  - Keeper. "Shallop Creek, Anticosti, about miles Eastward of the Light-House, Ant. Hamel, Keeper. 56
  - 66 " East End of Anticosti, under charge of the Keeper of the Tower-B. Bradley.

#### ADDITIONAL PILOTS.

255 Jean-Bte. Patoine,	. Quebec.
256 John Brownley	do.
207 Joseph Lapointe,	do.
258 Narcisse Forgues,	StMichel

## Colonial Precedency.

DOWNING STREET, MARCH, 30TH, 1838.

- CARONA

The following table of precedency is to be observed in Her Majesty's Colonial possessions :

1. The Governor or Lieutenant-Governor or officer administering the Government.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor(not administering the government) or the senior officer in command of the troops, if he is to succeed to the administration of the government, in case of the death or absence of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, or officer administering the government. In the event of hostilities, the senior officer in command of the troops will take this precedency under any circumstance.

3. The Bishop.

4. The Chief Justice.

5. The members of the Executive Council, their relative precedency amongst themselves, is established in each case by Her Majesty's " Instructions" to the Governors of Colonies.

6. The President of the Legislative Council.

- 7. The members of the Legislative Council.
- 8. The Speaker of the House of Assembly.
- 9. The Puisne Judges.

10. The members of the House of Assembly.

11. The Colonial Secretary (not being in the Executive Council.)

12. The Commissioners or Government Agents of provinces or districts.

13. The Attorney-General.

14. The Solicitor-General.

15. The senior officer in command of the troops, except in the cases already provided for.

16. The Archdeacon.

17. The Architekton.
17. The Treasurer, Paymaster-general, or Colctor of Internal Revenue.
18. The Auditor-general or Inspector-general of counts.
19. The Commissioner of Crown Lands.
20. The Collectors of Customs.
21. The Comptrollers of Customs.
22. The Surveyor-General. lector of Internal Revenue.

accounts.

23. Clerk of the Executive Council.

- 24. Clerk of the Legislative Council.
- 25. Clerk of the House of Assembly, &c. &c. &c.

26. In Courts for the trial of piracy, the members to take rank according to the order in which they are designated in Her Majesty's Commission ; except in case of the naval Commander-in-Chief (when there is one), to whom, as matter of courtesy, the chair on the right of the President of the Court is assigned.

#### COLONIAL UNIFORMS.

GOVERNORS OF COLONIES .- The same as the present Lord-Lieutenants of counties in England, only in blue with silver embroidery and scarlet collar and cuffs.

SUPERIOR CIVIL OFFICERS. -- The same silver embroidery as the English Deputy-Lieutenants of counties, only blue coats with scarlet cuffs and collars, single breasted, cut the same as a Minister's Coat, white Kersimere linings and no turnbacks, buttons under the flaps, nine holes in front, no epaulets.

The superior Civil Officers entitled ex-officio to wear the uniform are :

Members of the Executive Council,

Members of the Court of Policy in British Guiana, Speaker of Houses of Assembly,

Members of Legislative Councils,

And Colonial Secretaries, who may not be members of Executive Councils.

All other superior civil servants must obtain Her Majesty's special permission to entitle them to wear the uniform.

## Auebec Bar Association.

OFFICERS ELECTED 22ND APRIL, 1844.

PRESIDENT.—George Vanfelson, Esquire, TREASURER.—Honble. R. E. Caron " SECRETARY.—L. A. Cannon, " ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—P. J. O. Chauveau, Esq.,

BOARD OF EXAMINERS :

Hon. R. E. Caron, T. C. Aylwin, Esq., John Duval, " Jean Chabot, " BOARD OF AUDIT:

Siméon Leliêvre, Esquire,

J. P. Bradley,

F. O. Gauthier, "

L. A. CANNON, Secretary.

Quebee Turnpike Roads.

#### TRUSTEES.

Honble. Wm. Sheppard, R. H. Gairdner, Esq., Edward Desbarats, Esq., James Gibb, Esq., A. C. Buchanan, Esq.,

J. PORTER, Secietary.

COMMISSIONERS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF THE ESTATES

OF THE LATE ORDER OF JESUITS.

Office, Jesuits Barracks.

The Honorable Jno. Stewart, Commissioner.

The Honble. Louis Panet, Agent for the District of Quebec.

John Baptiste Varin, Esquire, do. for the District of Montreal.

Louis Guillet, Esquire, do. for the District of Three Rivers.

# Poung Men's Charitable Fire=20000 Society.

The number of families relieved by this Society during the last winter amounted to 314.

**OFFICERS** 1844-5.

Messrs. Nath. N. Ross, President.

D. Callam, Vice-President.

N. Freer, General Treasurer.

P. Sinclair, Sub-Treasurer and Secretary.

COMMITTEE:

Messrs. P. Holt, John Campbell, Jno. Paul, Jas. Foster, Jno. Holgate, Wm. McLean, J. Paterson, Thomas Bickell, S. Corneil, D. Wright, W. G. Roxburg, Jas. Overell, Thos. Henning.

#### DISTRICT JUDGES.

Under the Act 7th Victoria, Cap. 17.

The Honourable John Gawler Thompson and Louis Fiset, Esquires, to be District Judges in and for the District of Gaspé.

#### CIRCUIT JUDGES.

Hypolite Guy, Esquire, to be a Circuit Judge, in and for the District of Montreal.

William Power, Esquire, do. for the District of Quebec. Charles Joseph Elzéar Mondelet, Esquire, for the Distriet of Montreal.

William King McCord, Esquire, do. for the District of Quebec.

Jean Casimir Bruneau, Esquire, do. for the District of Quebec.

John Samuel McCord, Esquire, do. for the District of Montreal.

William Badgely, Esquire, do. for the District of Montreal.

#### CLERKS OF THE CIRCUIT COURTS.

James Reeves, Esquire, to be Clerk of the Circuit Courts of Rimouski, in the District of Quebec. Philippe Chalou, Esquire, do. Kamouraska. Albert Bender, Esquire, do. St. Thomas. Pierre Antoine Doucet, Esquire, do. Beauce. William Hume, Esquire, do. Leeds. Joseph Filteau, Esquire, do. Lotbinière. Laurent Aurez de St. Georges, Esquire, do. Portneuf. Antoine A. Vanfelson, Esquire, do. Saguenay. Anselme Douaire Bondy, Esquire, to be Clerk of the Circuit Court of Berthier, in the District of Montreal. Louis Gustave de Lorimier, Esquire, do. L'Assomption. John Delisle, Esquire, do. Terebonne. Ralph B. Johnson, Esquire, do. Two Mountains. Aimé Lafontaine, Esquire, do. Ottawa. Joseph Octave Bastien, Esquire, do. Vaudreuil. John Platt, Esquire, do. Beauharnois. John McGillis, Esquire, do. Saint Johns. James Botham, Esquire, do. Shefford. John Godard, Esquire, do. Richelieu. Théodore Doucet, Esquire, do. Saint-Hyacinthe. George Short Carter, Esquire, to be do. of the Circuit Court of Yamaska, in the District of Three Rivers. Laurent Genest, Esquire, to be do. of the Circuit Court of Gentilly. Frederick Charles Cleeve, Esquire, to be Clerk of the Circuit Court of Richmond, in the District of Saint-Francis. Richard Wilford, Esquire, do. Eaton.

Christopher Pheringer Elkins, Esquire, do. Stansead.

CLERK OT THE COURT OF APPEALS.

(Canada East.)

Alexander Stewart Scott, Esquire.

## Marine and Emigrant Hospital.

TRUSTEES FOR THE BUILDING.

Joseph Morrin, M. D.

Honourable William Walker.

COMMISSIONERS OF FINANCE.

Jos. Morrin, M. D. Jos. Parant, M. D. H. Gowen. Joseph Painchaud, M. D., James Douglas, M. D., Dr. Jean Landry, Patrick Whelan, Steward. Mrs. Whelan, Matron.

Institution supported by a tax of one penny a ton, levied on each vessel arriving at this port from Sea, and a proportion of the tax upon Emigration.

### MASSONIO Lodge, Albion lodge,

On the R of E. second Friday evening of the month.

#### OFFICERS 1844.

Lodge Room, Payne's Hotel.

Br. J. Parker, W. M.	Br. W Kimlin, S. W.
Br. W. Bowes, J. W.	Br. R. C. Henniker, P. M.
Br. C. E Dunn, Treasurer.	Br. C. Sache, Secretary.
Br. W. Henry, S. D.	Br. A. Lyons, J. D
Br. J. Cullingford, I. G.	Br. McGowan, Tyler.

ST. JOHN'S LODGE,

#### No. 214.

On the R of E.

Br. Jno. L. Hall, W. M. Br. A. Lenfesty, J. W. Br. R. Shaw, J. D. Br. T. Amiraux, Secretary, Br. C. Amiraux, Secretary, Br. H. Baldwin, S. D. Br. H. Walker, Treas. Br. - Birch, Tyler.

No. 17.

## IMPORTS INTO CANADA FROM 1839 TO 1843, BOTH INCLUSIVE.

A	ATICLES.	PER.	1839.	1840.	1841.	842.	1843.
goe. Do. Madei Other Rum, D.B. Foreit Whisl Molas Sugar Do. M Do. Coffe Teas, Toba: ufactu E Salt,. Value payin per ce Value	s with car- in ballast. ira Wine, East India. Plantation, po Spirits tey ses ses bastard bastard cco Manu- ired, of Goods g 2½ and 5 int duty of Free ds,	Gals.       	432 715 31,850 361,144 49,493 110,135 601,729 16,193 82,920 1,675,697 5,340,301 24,723 971,797 25,490 5,180  484,662 £1,768,311 5 9 139,112 12 0		537 921 12,545 202,176 99,131 7,356 232,889 167 78,691 2,878,717 9,548,119 218,933 1,057,455 141,003 41,416 4,994 349,728 6 £1,963,493 18 1, 120,221 17	TO (200 5	423 845 11,238 254,975 7,913 23,799 149,215 572 137,540 273,131 7,352,513 5,5,022 152,060 778,367 94,378 72,890 4,094 64,110 8 £1,270,294 19 0 3 11,118 11

## EXPORTS FROM CANADA FOR THE YEARS IS38 TO 1843, BOTH INCLUSIVE.

ARTICLES.		1838.	1839.	1840.	1841.	1842.	1843.
Ashes, Pots. Pearls. Butter. Beef. Barley. Flour. Oatmeal. Pease. Pork. Wheat.	Lhs. Bbls. Minots. Bbls. Bbls. Minots. Bbls.	19,896 9,553 80,536 439 146 59,204 5920 1,415 8,868 none.	17,135 8,045 72,219 2,310 130 48,127 50 2,855 6,479 3,336	13,113 11,385 403,730 3,685 60 315,612 6,003 59,973 11,230 112,050	$\begin{array}{r} 14,683\\7,329\\211,197\\2,968\\4,594\\356,210\\4,567\\128574\\14,795\\562,862\end{array}$	18,013 9,598 542,511 9,603 867 294,799 6,754 78,935 40,288 204,107	$\begin{array}{c} 22,004\\ 12,912\\ 374,207\\ 7,195\\ 6,940\\ 209,957\\ 5,327\\ 88,318\\ 10,684\\ 144,243\end{array}$

#### Supervisor of Cullers Office, Queber.

#### Noire-Dame Street.

#### SUPERVISOR-Jno. Sharples, Esquire.

#### NAMES OF LICENSED CULLERS, UP TO MAY 11TH, 1844.

William Bee, Thomas Conolly. Jno. S. Waterson, Jean Thomas, Louis Doiron, Louis Myrand, Edward Clark, Jean Bte. Jarnac, Charles Cazeau, James Scott, Joseph Loekgnell, Michel Power, Jean Bte. Vachon, Alexis Dorval, Patrick O'Brien, Narcisse Valin, Maurice Malone, Jean Bte. Jarnac, Stephen Connolly, Denis Duggan, Joseph Laporte, Junr. Pierre Jeunest, Louis Cloutier, Louis Du Bois, Louis Vidal, Richard Jeffery, John Frederick, Robert Boyte, Michael Gibbons, James Kelly, Nicholas Fortune, Peter McNeil, Junr. Hugh O'Callagan, William H. Hoogs, Stephen Lambert,

Féréol Couture, Barthélemi Chartier, Jérôme Couture, Michel Robitaille, Wm. O'Brien, R. McGillis, Martin Nanlan, Jean Larochelle, Alexandre Couture, James McPhee, Jean Bte. Philbert, Robert Clark, Jean Couture, Michel Renaud, Gilbert Downes, Michel Hamel, James Lambert, Denis Cantillon, Peter Gelly, John Miller, David J. Gervais, James Bowen, George Larochelle, John Cameron, Edward Verrault, James Downes, William Richardson, Joseph Langlois, John Leek, F. X. Thompson, Etienne Robitaille, Thomas Redmond, Olivier Gaboury, Thomas Malone, Reuben Steers,

Michael Murphy, John O'Sullivan, Patrick Malone, Joseph Larose, William French, William Feedon, J. Pierre Bouré, Junr. Bernard Daly, John Quinn, Germain Savard, John Tillery, James Kerr, James Lynch, Tnomas Clark, John Curtin, Peter McNeil, Senr. Henry G. Hearder, Robert Downes, François X. Béland, Edward J. Gauvreau.

### Census of the County of Quebec,

#### 1st MAY, 1844.

8464 Heads of Families.

3466 Proprietors of real property. 4998 not do. do.

#### 8464

TOTAT OF THE POPULATION. 45,676.

Natives of England, 1598
Ireland,
Scotland, 981
Canadians of French origin, 27698
Canadians of British origin, 7734
Continent of Europe or other-
wise, 276
United States, 122

Belonging to the Church of England, 54	194
Scotland, 28	
Rome,	
British Wesleyan Methodists,	
Other Methodists,	2
Presbyterians not in connection with the Church	

of Scotland,						
Congregationalists	and 🛾	Indep	enden	ts,	<b></b> .	180
Baptists and Anaba	aptist	s,				29
Lutherans,	- 				<b></b>	3
Quakers,						
Jews,						10
The menulation	_		_	_		45676

The population of the city and suburbs of Quebec, amounts to 32,860.—Banlieus, 2797.

## Governor General.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONOURABLE SIR CHARLES THEOPHILUS METCALFE, Baronet, G. C. B., Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Provinces of Canada, New-Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and of the Island of Prince Edward ; and Governor General of all Her Majesty's Provinces on the Continent of America, and of the Island of Prince Edward, &c., &c.

Civil Secretary-J. M. Higginson, Esquire. Military Secretary-Capt. Brownrigg, Coldstream Guards. Capt. Balfour, and Lieut. A. J. Campbell, Royal Canadian Regiment, A. D. C.

## Members of the Honourable the Legislative Council of Canada.



NAMES OF MEMBERS. -- L 1

RESIDENCE.

Tue	Houp	е. к.	$\mathbf{E}$ . C:	aron,	, (Speaker,	) Quebec.	
11	"	n /		1 1	ົ່ກ່ໍ່・`໌	***	

- " " Peter Boyle de Blaquière, Kingston. Montreal.
- Peter McGill, " "
- Robert Baldwin Sullivan, Kingston. " "
- " " William Morris,
- " " George Pemberton,
- " " Alexander Fraser,
- " " Barthelemy Joliette,
- " " James Crooks,

Quebec.

Brockville.

- Fraserfield Glengary.
  - Village of Industry.
- Flamborougn, West.

	66	Adam Ferguson,	Flamborough, East.
"	"	John Macaulay,	Kingston.
"	"	John Hamilton,	Kingston.
"	"		Montreal.
<b>«</b> ¢	"		Gananoque.
66	66		Montreal.
"	"	Jean Bte. Taché,	Kamouraska.
66	"	Paul H. Knoulton,	Broome.
~~	"	Thomas McKay,	New Edinburgh.
66	"	Gabriel Roy,	St. Laurent.
"	"		St. Armand.
"	"	Robert Dickson,	Niagara.
"	"	Amable Dionne,	Kamouraska
"	"	Joseph Dionne,	St. Pierre les Becquets.
"	"	George J. Goodhue,	London.
"	"	Levius P. Sherwood,	Toronto.
"	"	Simeon Washburn,	Picton.
"	"	William Henry Draper,	Toronto.
	66	Christopher Widmer,	Toronto.
"	"	J. Æmilius Irving,	New Market.
"	"	Louis Massue,	Quebec.
"	"	P. Boucher de Bouchervi	lle, Boucherville.

James Fitzgibbon, Clerk, Charles De Léry, J. F. Taylor, Senr.

Assistant Clerks.

### Members of the House of Assembly.



BeauharnoisE. G. Wakefield,	
Bellechasse	
BonaventureJ. R. Hamilton, New Ca	rlisle
Brockville	
BytownS. Derbishire, Montreal	
Berthier D. M. Armstrong, Berthi	er
CarletonJames Johnston, Bytown	
Chambly Louis Lacoste, Bouchervil	lle
ChamplainH. Judah,	
CornwallS. Y. Chesley, Cornwall	

Dorchester,A. C. Taschereau, Ste. Marie
DrummondR. H. Watts
DundasJohn Cook, Matilda
DurhamJ. T. Williams, Port Hope
EssexJohn Prince, Sandwich
Frontenac
Gaspé, Robert Christie, Quebec
GlengaryJ. S. McDonell, Cornwall
GrenvilleSamuel Crane, Prescott
HaldimandDavid Thompson, Indiana
Halton, East Riding Caleb Hopkins, Nelson
Halton, West RidingJames Durand, Dundas
HamiltonSir A. N. McNab, Hamilton
HastingsE. Murney, Belleville
HuntingdonA. Cuvillier, Speaker, Montreal
HuronDr. W. Dunlop, Goderich
KamouraskaA. Berthelot, Quebec
KentJoseph Woods, Chatham
KingstonS. B. Harrison, Kingston
Lanark
LeedsJames Morris, Brockville
LeinsterJacob De Witt,
Lennox and AddingtonJ. S. Cartwright, Kingston
Lincoln North Diding W H Morritt St. Orthogica
Lincoln, North Riding, D. Therburn, Ousenster
Lincoln, North RidingW. H. Merritt, St. Catherines Lincoln, South RidingD. Thorburn, Queenston L'IsletE. P. Taché, St. Thomas LondonHon. H. H. Killaly, Montreal
L'IsletE. P. Jacne, St. Thomas
London
LotbinièreJ. B. I. Noël, St. Antome.
MeganticHon. D. Daly, Montreal
MiddlesexThomas Parke, Montreal
Missisquoi
MontrealA. Jobin, St. Genevieve
Montmorency
NiagaraH. G. Boulton, Niagara
NicoletL. M. Viger, Montreal
NorfolkI. W. Powell, Simcoe
Northumberland, NJohn Gilchrist, Otonabee
Northumberland, S Geo. M. Boswell, Cobourg
OttawaD. B. Papineau,
Oxford Francis Hincks, Montreal
PortneufT. C. Aylwin, Quebec

,

PrescottDonald McDonald, L'Orignal Prince EdwardJohn P. Roblin, Sophiasburgh QuebecJ. Neilson, Quebec RicheltenHon. D. B. Viger, Montreal RouvilleT. Franchère, Pointe Olivier RussellW. Stuart, Bytown
SaguenayA. N. Morin, Quebec SherbrookeJ. Moore, Sherbrooke
StansteadM. Child, Stanstead
SheffordSewell Foster, Shefford
Simcoe Elmes Steele, Medonte
StormontAlexander McLean, Cornwall
St. Hyacinthe <b>r</b> . Bouthillier, St. Hyacinthe
St. Maurice J. E. Turcotte, Three Rivers
TerrebonneM. M'Culloch, Montreal
Two MountainsC. J. For es, Carillon
VaudreuilJohn Simpson, Coteau du Lac
VercheresJames Leslie, Mont eal
Wontworth
York, First Riding Jam s H. Price, Toronto
York, Second RidingGeorge Duggan, Toronto
York, Third Riding James E. Small, Toronto
York, Fourth RidingL. H. Latontaine, Montreal
YamaskaJ. G. Barthe, Montreal
MontrealDrummond & P. Beaubien, Montrl QuebecH. Black, & J. Chabot Quebec SherbrookeHon. E Hale, jr. Sherbrooke Three Rivers TorontoHon. J. H. Dunn, & H. Sherwood
W. B. Lindsay, Clerk,

G. B. Faiibault, Assistont-Clerk.

	FROM	JUNE, 1844, TO JUNE,	1845.
30	DAYS.	JUNE.	<u> </u>
	The SU!	Venters 55 the 21st, 4h. 0 m. n	norning.
	First	Quarter, 7th day, 3h 46m eveni Moon, 15th day, 7h 41m evenin Quarter, 23rd day, 10h 37m. m Moon, 30th day, 1h 28m more	orning.
Jour	r du mois.	FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
1	Samedi	4 temps s. Juvence, mart.	Saturday
2	DIMAN.	SAINTE-TRINITE.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	ste. Clotilde, reine	Monday
	Mardi	s. Philippe de Néri, conf.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. Boniface, évêque	Wednesday
6	Jeudi	FETE-DIEU, d'obligation.	Thursday
	Vendredi	Paul de Constantinople.	Friday
8	Samedi	s. Maximin, mart.	Saturda <b>y</b>
9	DIMAN.	2. ss. Prime, &c. martyrs.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	ste. Marguerite, Reine.	Monday
	Mardi	s. Barnabé apôtre.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. Jean de Facond.	Wednesday
13	Jeudi	s. Antoine de Padoue.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Bazil», évèque, doct.	Friday
	Samedi	s. Modeste, mait.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	3. s. Jean François Règis.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	s. Avit, abbê.	Monday
18	Mardi	ss. Marc & Marcellin, martyrs.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	ste. Julienne de Falconiéri. v.	Wednesday
20	Jeudi	s. Silvère, pape et martyr.	Thuisday
21	Vendredi	s. Louis de Gonzague.	Friday
	Samedi	Jeûne. s. Paulin, evêque.	Saturday
23	DIMAN.	4. s. Zénon.	SUNDAY
24	Lundi	s. JEAN BAPTISTE. Octave.	Monday
	Mardi	s. Guillaume, abbé.	Tuesday Wednesday
26	Mercredi	ss. Jean et Faul.	Thursday
	Jeudi	s. Crescence, martyr.	Friday
	Vendredi	Jeûne. s. Léon, pape. SS. PIERRE ET PAUL, d'obli.	Saturday
	Samedi		SUNDAY
30	DIMAN.	5. Commêmoration de S. Paul.	DUNDAI

31	DAYS.	JULY.	1844.
	The SU	N enters Q the 22nd, 2h 53m	evening.
~	Last	Quarter, the 7th, 6h. 0m. morn	ing.
		Moon, the 15th, 9h. 33m. morn Quarter, the 22nd, 4h. 21m. e	
		Moon, the 29th, 9h. 42m. mor	
Jou	er du mois.	FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
1	Lundi	Octave de S. Jean-Baptiste.	Monday
2	Mardi	Visitation de la Sainte Vierge.	Tuesday
3	Mercredi	s. Anatole de Laodicée	Wednesday
4	Jeudi	La Franslation de St. Martin.	Thursday
5	Vendredi	ste. Zoé, martyre.	Friday
6		Qotave des Apôtres.	Saturday
7		6. ste. Aubierge.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	ste. Elizabeth, reine.	Monday
	Mardi	s. Cyrille, mart.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	ss. sept Frères, martyrs.	Wednesda <b>y</b>
	Jendi	ste. Pélagie, vierge.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Jean Gualbert, abbé.	Friday
	Samadi	s. Anaclet, pape, martyr.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	7. DEDICACE.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	s. Henri, empereur.	Mond <b>ay</b>
16	Mardi	Notre-Dame du Mont-Carmel.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. Alexis.	Wednesday
	Jeudi	s. Camille de Lellis.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Vincent de Paule.	Friday
	Samedi	s. Jérôme Emilien.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	8. s. Victor, martyr.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	ste. Marie-Magdeleine.	Monday
	Marti	s. Apolinaire, évêque et mart.	Tuesda <b>y</b>
24	Mercredi	ste. Christine.	Wednesday
	Jeudi	s. Jacques, apôtre.	Thursday 🕺
	Vendredi	ste. Anne mère de la ste. Vier.	Friday
	Samedi	s. Pautaléon, martyr.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	9. ss. Nazaire, Celse, &c. mart	SUNDAY
29	Lundi	ste. Marthe, vierge.	Monday
	Mardi	ss. Abdon et Sennen, mart.	Tuesday
31	Mercredi	s. Ignace.	Wednesday

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31	DAYS.	AUGUST.	1844.
	The SUN	enters my the 22d, 9h. 29m	evening.
	New First	Quarter, the 5th, 10h. 36m. even Moon, the 13th, 9h. 42m. even Quarter, the 20th, 9h. 29m. even Moon, the 27th, 7h. 47m. even	oing. ening.
Jou	ar du mois.	FETES,&c.	Days of the month.
ī	Jeudi	s. Pierre auxLiens.	Thursday
$\bar{2}$		s. Alphonse de Lignori, évêque	Friday
3	Samedi	Invention de St. Etienne.	Saturday
4	DIMAN.	10. s. Dominique.	SUNDAY
อี	Lundi	Notre-Dame-des-Neiges.	Monday
	Mardi	Transfiguration de N.S.	Tuesday
7	Mercredi	s. Cajétan, confesseur.	Wednesday
8	Jeudi	ss. Cyriac, &c. martyrs.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Romain, martyr.	Friday
	Samedi	Jeûne. s. Laurent.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	11. ste. Philomène, vierg. & m.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	ste. Claire, vierge.	Monday
	Mardi	ste. Hypolite, martyr.	Tuesday
14	Mercredi	s. Eusèbe, évêque.	Wednesday
		L'assomption.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Hyacinthe, confesseur.	Friday
	Samedi	Jeûne. Octave de St. Laurent.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	12. Solennité de l'Assomption.	SUNDAY
		s. Jules, martyr.	Monday
	Mardi Maranadi	s. Bernard, abbé. ste. Jeanne de Chantal.	Tuesday
21 00	Mercredi Jeudi	Octave de l'Assomption.	Wednesday Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Philippe de Béniti.	Friday
		s. Barthélémy, apôtre.	Saturday
2/1 05	Samedi DIMAN.	13. s. Louis, 2d titul. de la ca.	
26	Lundi	s. Zéphirin, pape.	Monday
	Mardi	s. Joseph de Calazantz, conf.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. Augustin.	Wednesday
29	Jeudi	Décollation de s. Jean-Bapte.	Thursday
	Vendredi	ste. Rose de Lima, vierge.	Friday
	Samedi	s. Raymond Nonnat.	Saturday
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30	DAYS.	SEPTEMBER.	1844
	The SUN	enters - the 22nd, 6h. 18m.	evening.
	New First	Quarter, the 4th, 4h. 59m. eve Moon, the 12th, 8h. 35m. morn Quarter, the 19th, 3h. 13m. mo Moon, the 26th, 8h. 37m. morn	ing. rning.
Jou	r du mois.	FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
1	DIMAN.	14. s. Gilles, abbé.	SUNDAY
$\hat{2}$	Lundi	s. Etienne, roi.	Monday
	Mardi	ste. Phébé, disciple de s. Paul.	Tuesday
4	Mercredi	s. Marcel, martyr.	Wednesday
5	Jeudi	s. Laurent, Justinien, évêque.	Thursday
6	Vendredi	s. Onésiphore, dis. de s. Paul.	Friday
7	Samedi	s. Cloud, prêtre.	Saturday
_	DIMAN.	15. Nat. de la ste. Vierge. Oct.	SUNDAY
9	Lundi	s. Omer, évêque.	Monday
10	Mardi	s. Nicolas de Tolentin, conf.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	ste Eugénie, vierge.	Wednesday
	Jeudi	s. Léonce, martyr.	Thursday
13	Vendredi	s. Maurille, évêque.	Friday
	Samedi	Exaltation de la Ste. Croix.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	16. S. N. de Marie.	SUNDAY
<b>1</b> 6	Lu ⁷ di	ss. Corneille &c., mart.	Monday
17	Mardi Mercredi	Stigm de St François. 4 temps. s. Joseph de Cup.	Tuesday
18	Mercredi	4 temps. s. Joseph de Cup.	Wednesday
	Jeudi	ss. Janvier, &c., martyr.	Thursday.
20	Vendredi	4 temps. ss. Eustache, &c. m.	
21	Samedi	4 temps. s. Mathieu, ap. év.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	17. s. Thomas de Villene.	SUNDAY
23	Lundi	s. Lin, pape, martyr.	Monday
24	Mardi Mercredi	Notre-Dame de la Merci.	Tuesday
25	Wiercredi	s. Firmin, évèque martyr.	Wednesday
	Jeudi	ss. Cyprien, &c. martyrs.	Thursday
	Vendredi		
	8 Samedi	s Vinceslas, martyr.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	18 s. Michel Archange.	SUNDAY
่งเ	) Lundi	s. Jérôme, docteur.	Monday

#### 31 DAYS. **OCTOBER.** The SUN enters m the 23rd, 2h. 41m. morning.

Last Quarter, the 4th, 11h. 55m. morning. New Moon, the 11th, 6h. 52m. evening. First Quarter, the 18th, 10h. 45m. morning. Full Moon, the 26th, Oh. 36m. morning.

Jour du mois.		FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
1		s. Rémi, évêque.	Tuesday
2	Mercredi	ss. Anges Gardiens.	Wednesday
3		s Vincent, mart.	Thursday
4	Vendredi	s. François d'Assise.	Friday
5	Samedi	ss. Placide, &c., martyr	Saturday
6	DIMAN.	19. s. Rosaire.	SUNDAY
7	Lundi	s. Marc, pape.	Monday
8		ste. Brigitte, veuve.	Tuesday
9		ss. Denis, &c. martyrs.	Wednesday
10	Jeudi	s. François Borgia, confesseur.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Herculée, martyr.	Friday
	Samedi	s. Maximilien, évêque, mart.	Saturday
13	DIMAN.	20. s. Edouard III, roi.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	s. Callixte I, pape, martyr.	Monday
	Mardi	ste. Thérèse, vierge	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. Gal, abbé.	Wednesday
17		ste. Edwige, vierge.	Thursday
18	Vendredr	s. Luc, évangéliste.	Friday
19	Samedi	s. Pierre d'Alcantara, conf.	Saturday
20		21. N. D. de la Victoire	Sunday
	Lundi	s. Hilarion, abbé.	Monday
	Mardi	s. Marc, évêque.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. Germain, évêque.	Wednesday
24		s. Raphaël, archange.	Thursday
	Vendredi	66. Chrysante et Darie, mart.	Friday
	Samedi	Jeûne. s. Evariste, pape, mar.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	22. s. Florent, martyr.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	s. Simon et Jude, apôtres.	Monday
29	Mardi	s. Lucius, martyr.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. Macaire., martyr.	Wednesday
3I	Jeudi	Jeûne. s. Quentin, martyr.	Thursday

1844.

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30 D	AYS.	NOVEMBER.	1844.
T	he SUN	l enters $\pounds$ the 21st, 11h. 14m.	evening.
	First	Quarter, the 3rd, 5h. 50m. morn Moon, the 10th, 5h. 7m. mornin Quarter, the 16th, 9h. 1m. even Moon, the 24th, 7h. 10m. even	ening.
Jour d	u mois.	FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
2 Sa 3 DI 4 Lu 5 Mi 5 Mi 6 Mi 7 Jett 9 Sa 9 Ve 9 Sa 10 DI 11 Lu 13 Mi 14 Je 15 Sa 16 Sa 17 DI 18 Ve 20 Mi 20	ardi ercredi udi endredi medi MAN. undi ardi ercredi udi ercredi (MAN. undi ercredi udi ercredi udi ercredi udi ercredi udi fardi IMAN. undi Iardi IMAN.	<ul> <li>TOUSSAINT, d'obligation, Oct.</li> <li>Les Trépassés.</li> <li>23. Fête patronale.</li> <li>s. Charles Borromée, évêque.</li> <li>s. Zacharie.</li> <li>s. Névère, martyr.</li> <li>s. Wilbrod, évépue.</li> <li>Octave de la Toussaint.</li> <li>Dédic. de la basilique de s.Sau.</li> <li>24. s. André Avellin.</li> <li>s. Martin, éveque.</li> <li>s. Martin, pape, martyr.</li> <li>s. Didace, confesseur.</li> <li>s. Laurent, évêque.</li> <li>25. s. Grégoire Thaumaturge.</li> <li>Dédic. des Basiliq. de ss. Pierre</li> <li>ste. Elizabeth, reine. [et Paul.</li> <li>s. Félix de Valois, conf.</li> <li>Présentation de la Ste. Vierge.</li> <li>ste. Cécile, vierge, martyr.</li> <li>Jeûne. St. Clément, pape, martyr.</li> <li>Jeirne d'Alexandrie, martyr.</li> <li>s. Pvirgile, martyr.</li> <li>s. Saturnin, martyr.</li> <li>s. Saturnin, martyr.</li> <li>s. André, apôtre.</li> </ul>	Friday Saturday Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Friday Saturday Sunday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Saturday Sunday Sunday Thursday Friday Saturday Saturday Saturday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Sunday Sunday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Sunday Saturday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunday Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sunda Sun

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## 31 DAYS. DECEMBER.

The SUN enters v9 the 21st, 11h. 46m. morning.

Last Quarter, the 2nd, 9h. 33m. evening. New Moon, the 9th, 3h. 35m. evening. First Quarter, the 16th, 10h. 40m. morning. Full Moon, the 24th, 2h. 44m. evening.

Jour du mois.		FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
1	DIMAN.	1 de l'Avent. s. Eloi, èveque.	SUNDAY
2	Lundi	ste. Bibianne, vierge, mart.	Monday
3	Mardi	s. François Xavier, confesseur.	Tuesday
4	Mercredi	s. Pierre Chrysologue, év.	Wednesday
5	Jeudi	s. Sabbas, abbé.	Thursday
6	Vendredi	s. Nicolas, évêque.	Friday
7	Samedi	s. Ambroise, évêque, docteur.	Saturday
8	DIMAN.	2 de l'Avent. CONCEPTION.	Diman.
9	Lundi	De l'octave.	Monday
10	Mardi	s. Melchiade, mart.	Tuesday
11	Mercredi	s. Damase, pape.	Wednesday
<b>12</b>	Jeudi	s. Corentin, évèque.	Thursday [*]
13	Vendredi	ste. Luce, vierge, martyre.	Friday
14	Samedi	s. Nicaise, évêque, martyr.	Saturday
15	DIMAN.	3 de l'Avent. s. Candide, m.	SUNDAY
16	Lundi	s. Eusèbe, év. martyr.	Monday
17	Mardi	s. Florian, mart. Vierge.	Tuesday
18	Mercredi	4 temps. Expectation de la Ste.	Wednesday
19	Jeudi	s. Timoléon, martyr.	Thursday
20	Vendredi	4 temps. s. Théophile, mart.	Friday
21	Samedi	4 temps. s. Thomas, apôtre.	Saturday
22	DIMAN.	1 de l'Avent. s. Félix, pape.	SUNDAY
23	Lundi	ste. Victoire, vierge, martyr.	Monday
24	Mardi	Jeûne. s. Lucien, mart.	Tuesday
25	Mercredi	NOEL, d'obligation.	Wednesday
<b>26</b>	Jeudi	s. Etienne, mart. fêtes de dé-	Thursday
27	Vendredi	s. Jean, évangél. S volion.	Fridəy
28	Samedi	ss. Innocens, martyrs.	Saturday
29	DIMAN.	s. Thomas de Cant. év. mart.	SUNDAY
30	Lundi	s. Sabin, martyr.	Monday
31	Mardi	s. Sylvestre, pape.	Tuesday

JANUARY.

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Jou	r du mois.	FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
1	Mercredi,	CIRCONCISION, d'obligation.	Wednesday
	Jeudi,	s. Macaire, abbé.	Thursday
3	Vendredi,	s. Zozime, martyr.	Friday
4		s. Tite, évêque et martyr.	Saturday
5	DIMAN.	s. Télesphore, pape et martyr.	SUNDAY
	Lundi,	EPHIPHANIE, d'obligation.	Monday
7	Mardi,	s. Lucien, martyr.	Tuesday
8	Mercredi,	s. Sévérin, martyr.	Wednesday
9	Jeudi, 🧴	s. Julien, martyr.	Thursday
10	Vendredi,	s. Wilhelme, évêque.	Friday
11		s. Hygin, martyr.	Saturday
12	DIMAN.	ste. Tatienne, martyr.	SUNDAY
13	Lundi,	s. Hermyla, martyr.	Monday
14		s. Hilaire, évêque.	Tuesday
15	Mercredi,	s. Paul, hermite.	Wednesday
16	Jeudi, 🧻	s. Marcel, pape.	Thursday ,
17	Vendredi,	s. Antoine, abbé.	Friday
18	Samedi,	Chaire de St. Pierre à Rome,	Saturday
19	DIMAN.	SEPTUAGESIME.	SUNDAY
20	Lundi,	ss. Fabien et Sébastien, martyr	Monday
21		ste. Agnès, vierge et martyre.	Tuesday
22		ss. Vincent et Anastase, mart.	Wednesday
23		s. Raimond de Pennafort, conf.	Thursday
24	Vendredi,	s. Timothée, martyr.	Friday
25	Samedi,	Conversion de St. Paul.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	Sexagesime.	SUNDAY
	Lundi,	s. Jean-Chrysostôme, évéque.	Monday
	Mardi,	ste. Algonde, vierge.	Tuesday
	Mercredi,	s. François de Sales, évêque.	Wednesday
30	, ,	ste. Martine, vierge.	Thursday
31	Vendredi,	s. Pierre Nolasque, conf.	Friday

FEBRUARY. 1845.

Jor	ur du mois.	FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18 \\ 9 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ \end{array}$	Samedi DIMAN. Lundi Mardi Merciedi Jeudi Vendredi Samedi DIMAN. Lundi Mardi Mercredi Jeudi Vendredi Samedi DIMAN. Lundi Mercredi Jeudi Vendredi Samedi DIMAN. Lundi Mardi Mardi Lundi	s. Ignace, évêque. Quinquagésime. s. Blaise, martyr. s. André Corsin, conf. LES CENDRES. ste. Dorothéc, martyre. s. Romuald, abbé. s. Jean de Matha, conf. 1 de Carême. ste. Apolline, m. ste. Scholastique, vierge. s. Saturnin, martyr. 4 temps. s. Didier, martyr. 5. Polyeucte, martyr. 4 temps. s. Valentin, martyr. 4 temps. s. Valentin, martyr. 4 temps. ss. Faustin et Jovite, 2 de Carême.s. Onésime, c. s. Sylvain, martyr. s. Siméon, martyr. s. Siméon, martyr. s. Siméon, martyr. s. Siméon, martyr. s. Nil, évêque. s. Fortunat, martyr. Chaire de St. Pierre à Ant. 3 de Carême.s. Pierre Damien. s. Mathias, apótre. s. Dioscore, martyr. s. Alexandre, évêque. ste. Honorine, vierge. s. Nymphase, martyr.	Month. Saturday SUNDAY Monday Tuesday Wednesday Friday Saturday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday SuNDAY Monday Thursday Friday SuNDAY Monday Thursday Friday SuNDAY Monday Thursday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Friday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Friday Friday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday SuNDAY Monday Friday SuNDAY Monday Friday SuNDAY Monday Friday SuNDAY Monday Friday SuNDAY Monday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Wednesday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Friday Friday SuNDAY Monday Tuesday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday

MARCH.

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Jour du mois.		FETES,&c.	Days of the Month.
1	Samedi	ste. Antonine, martyr.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	4 de Carême. s. Claude, év.	SUNDAY
3	Lundi	ste. Cunégonde, impératrice.	Monday
4	Mardi	s. Casimir, conf.	Tuesday
5	Mercredi	s. Phocas, martyr.	Wednesday
6	Jeudi	s. Victor, martyr.	Thursday
7	Vendredi	s. Thomas d'Aquin, docteur.	Friday
8	Samedi	s. Jean de Dieu, conf.	Saturday
9	DIMAN.	De la Passion, ste. Françoise.	SUNDAY
10	Lundi	Les ss. 40 martyrs.	Monday
11	Mardi	s. Droctové, prétre.	Tuesday
12	Mercredi	s. Grégoire, pape.	Wednesday
13	Jeudi	ste. Théodora, martyre.	Thursday
14	Vendredi	Notre-Dame de Pitié.	Friday
15	Samedi	s. Tranquille, abbé.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	DES RAMEAUX.	SUNDAY
17	Lundi	s. Patrice, évêque.	Monday
	Mardi	s. Gabriel, archange.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. Joseph.	Wednesday
20	Jeudi	Jeudi-Saint.	Thursday
	Vendredi	Vendredi-Saint.	Friday
	Samedi	Samedi-Saint.	Saturday
<b>23</b>	DIMAN.	PAQUE.	SUNDAY
24	Lundi	s. Romule, martyr.	Monday
	Mardi	s. Hermélande, abbé.	Tuesday
26	Mercredi	s. Castula, martyr.	Wednesday
27	Jeudi	s. Rubert, évêque.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Prisque, martyr.	Friday
29	Samedi	s. Cyrille, martyr.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	Quasimodo.	SUNDAY
31	Lundi	s. Théodule, martyr.	Monday

30 DAYS.

APRIL.

1845.

Jour du mois.		FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
1]1	Aardi	s. Hermès, martyr.	Tuesday
2   N	Mercredi	s. François de Paule, conf.	Wednesday
3 J	eudi	s. Pancrace, martyr.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Isidore, évêque.	Friday
5 8	Samedi	s. Vincent Ferrier, conf.	Saturday
	Diman.	2. Patronage de s. Joseph.	SUNDAY
7 I	Lundi	s. Epiphane, évêque et martyr.	Monday
81	Mardi	s. Denis, évêque.	Tuesday
9 I	Mercredi	s. Démetrius, martyr.	Wednesday
10 J	Jeudi	s. Ezéchiel, prophète.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Léon, pape.	Friday
12	Samedi	s. Jules, pape.	Saturday
13	Diman.	3. ste. Famille.	SUNDAY
14	Lundi	s. Tiburce, martyr.	Monday
15	Mardi	ste. Anastasie, martyre.	Tuesday
16	Mercredi	ste. Julie, martyre.	Wednesday
	Jeudi	s. Anicet, pape.	Thursday
18	Vendredi	s. Parfait, prêtre.	Friday
19	Samedi	s. Timon, diacre.	Saturday
	Diman.	s. Marien, prêtre.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	s. Anselme, évêque.	Monday
	Mardi	ss. Soter et Caius, martyrs.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. George, martyr.	Wednesday
24	Jeudi	s. Fidèle de Sigmaringa, mart.	Thursday
25	V <b>e</b> ndredi	s. Marc, évangéliste.	Friday
26	Samedi	ss. Clet et Marcellin, martyrs.	Saturday
27	DIMAN.	5. s. Anthime, martyr.	SUNDAY
~~	Lundi	Rogations. s. Vital, martyr.	Monday
29	Mardi	Rogations. s. Pierre, martyr.	Tuesday
30	Mercred i	Rogations. ste. Catherine de	Wednesd
		Sienne.	

MARCH.

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Jour du mois.		FETES,&c.	Days of the Month.
1	Samedi	ste. Antonine, martyr.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	4 de Carême. s. Claude, év.	SUNDAY
3	Lundi	ste. Cunégonde, impératrice.	Monday
	Mardi	s. Casimir, conf.	Tuesday
5	Mercredi	s. Phocas, martyr.	Wednesday
6		s. Victor, martyr.	Thursday
7	Vendredi	s. Thomas d'Aquin, docteur.	Friday
8	Samedi	s. Jean de Dieu, conf.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	De la Passion, ste. Françoise.	SUNDAY
10	Lundi	Les ss. 40 martyrs.	Monday
11	Mardi	s. Droctové, prétre.	Tuesday
12	Mercredi	s. Grégoire, pape.	Wednesday
13	Jeudi	ste. Théodora, martyre.	Thursday
14	Vendredi	Notre-Dame de Pitié.	Friday
15	Samedi	s. Tranquille, abbé.	Saturday
16	DIMAN.	DES RAMEAUX.	SUNDAY
17	Lundi	s. Patrice, évêque.	Monday
18	Mardi	s. Gabriel, archange.	Tuesday
19	Mercredi	s. Joseph.	Wednesday
	Jeudi	Jeudi-Śaint.	Thursday
	Vendredi	Vendredi-Saint.	Friday
22	Samedi	Samedi-Saint.	Saturday
23	DIMAN.	PAQUE.	SUNDAY
24	Lundi	s. Romule, martyr.	Monday
25	Mardi	s. Hermélande, abbé.	Tuesday
26	Mercredi	s. Castula, martyr.	Wednesday
27	Jeudi	s. Rubert, évêque.	Thursday
28	Vendredi		Friday
	Samedi	s. Cyrille, martyr.	Saturday
30	DIMAN.	Quasimodo.	SUNDAY
31	Lundi	s. Théodule, martyr.	Monday

30 DAYS.

APRIL.

Jour du mois.		FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
11	Mardi	s. Hermès, martyr.	Tuesday
2		s. François de Paule, conf.	Wednesday
3	Jeudi	s. Pancrace, martyr.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Isidore, évêque.	Friday
5	Samedi	s. Vincent Ferrier, conf.	Saturday
6	DIMAN.	2. Patronage de s. Joseph.	SUNDAY
7	Lundi	s. Epiphane, évêque et martyr.	Monday
8	Mardi	s. Denis, évêque.	Tuesday
9	Mercredi	s. Démetrius, martyr.	Wednesday
10	Jeudi	s. Ezéchiel, prophète.	Thursday
11	Vendredi	s. Léon, pape.	Friday
12	Samedi	s. Jules, pape.	Saturday
13	DIMAN.	3. ste. Famille.	SUNDAY
14	Lundi	s. Tiburce, martyr.	Monday
15	Mardi	ste. Anastasie, martyre.	Tuesday
16	Mercredi	ste. Julie, martyre.	Wednesday
17	Jeudi	s. Anicet, pape.	Thursday
18	Vendredi	s. Parfait, prêtre.	Friday
19	Samedi	s. Timon, diacre.	Saturday
20	DIMAN.	s. Marien, prêtre.	SUNDAY
21	Lundi	s. Anselme, évêque.	Monday
	Mardi	ss. Soter et Caius, martyrs.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. George, martyr.	Wednesday
24		s. Fidèle de Sigmaringa, mart.	Thursday
25	Vendredi	s. Marc, évangéliste.	Frida <b>y</b>
26	Samedi	ss. Clet et Marcellin, martyrs.	Saturday
27	DIMAN.	5. s. Anthime, martyr.	Sunday
28	Lundi	Rogations. s. Vital, inartyr.	Monday
29	Mardi	Rogations. s. Pierre, martyr.	Tuesday
30	Mercredi	Rogations. ste. Catherine de	Wednesday
		[Sienne.	
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MAY.

1845.

Jo	ur du mois	FETES, &c.	Days of the Month.
1	Jeudi	Ascension, d'obligation.	Thursday
$-ar{2}$	Vendredi	s. Athanase, évêque.	Friday
	Samedi	Invention de la Ste. Croix.	Saturday
4	DIMAN.	ste. Monique, veuve.	SUNDAY
5	Lundi	s. Pie V, pape.	Monday
6	Mardi	s. Jean devant la Porte-latine.	Tuesday
7	Mercredi	s. Stanislas, martyr.	Wednesdey
8	Jeudi	Apparition de s. Michel.	Thursday
9	Vendredi	s. Ĝrégoire de Nanzianze, év.	Friday
	Samedi	Jeûne. s. Antonin, évêque.	Saturday
11	DIMAN.	Pentecôte.	SUNDAY
12	Lundi	ss. Nérée et Achillée, martyr.	Monday
	Mardi	ste. Gligérie, martyre.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	4 temps. s. Boniface, martyr.	Wednesday
	Jeudi	s. Euphrase, martyr.	Thursday
	Vendredi	4 temps.	Friday
_	Samedi	4 temps. s. Pascal Baylon, co.	Saturday
	DIMAN.	Ste. Trinité.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	s. Pierre Célestin, pape.	Monday
	Marhi	s. Bernardin de Sienne, conf.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. Donat, martyr.	Wednesday
	Jeudi	FETE-DIEU, d'obligation.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Didier, martyr.	Friday
	Samedi	s. Zoël, martyr.	Saturda <b>y</b>
	DIMAN.	s. Grégoire VII, pape.	SUNDAY
	Lundi	s. Philippe de Néri, conf.	Monday
	Mardi	Ste. Marie-Magdeleine, v.	Tuesday
	Mercredi	s. Germain, évêque.	Wednesday
	Jeudi	s. Maximin, évêque.	Thursday
	Vendredi	s. Gauthier, abbé.	Friday
31	Samedi	ste. Pétronille, vierge.	Saturda <b>y</b>

## Steam=Boats.

QUEBEC & MONTBEAL STEAMBOAT COMPANY,

1844.

STEAMERS.

Montreal, Canada, Queen, Lord Sydenham, St. George, North America, And Lady Colborne.

AGENTS.-H. E. Scott, Gibb's Wharf, Quebec. Jno. Torrance & Co. Montreal. H. F. Hughes, Three Rivers.

One of the above Boats leaves the port every evening, at 5 o'clock, with the Western Mail, freight and passengers, for Three Rivers, Port St. Francis, Sorel, and Montreal.

Also in addition to the above boats between Quebec and Montreal, ARE:---

The Steamer Alliance,—Agent, H E. Scott, Gibb's Wharf. and Steamer Charlevoix,—Agent, John Ryan, Office, Napoleon Wharf.

The Charlevoix leaves the port at 5 P. M. each alternate evening.

The Steamers Lumber Merchant and Point Levi, belonging to Mr. McKenzie, are generally employed in towing rafts, &c.

J. McKenzies's Tow-Boat Office, St. Peter Street.

There are also several Steam-Ferry-Boats constantly plying between Quebec and Point-Levy, and to St. Nicolas.

Champlain	and	St.	Lawrenc	e Ra	ail-Road.	
<b>←−−−</b> =∰ <b>₽−−−</b> >						
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ARRANGEMENT (1844,) UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE. • STEAMER PRINCE ALBERT.

FROM MONTREAL. 9 o'clock, A. M.

do. P. M. do P. M.

1 5 FROM LAPRAIRIE. 6 o'clock, A. M.  $10_4^1$  o'clock, A. M. 3 do. P. M.

#### RAIL-ROAD CARS.

FROM SAINT JOHNS.FROM LAPRAIRIE.9 o'clock, A. M.10¼ o'clock, A. M.1¾ Do. P. M.6 do. P. M.ON SUNDAYS.PRINCE ALBERT PROM MONTREAL.CARS FROM ST. JOHNS.

4 o'clock, P. M. | 8 o'clock, A. M.

FROM LAPRAIRIE.

The Boat will leave on arrival of the Cars, and the Cars on arrival of the boat.

FARES :--First Class Passengess, 55. do. over and back same day, 55., (provided they state their intentions on taking their Tickets.) Second Class Passengers, 2s. 6d.,; ditto, over and back same day, 3s. 9d., provided they state their intentions on taking their Tickets.)

## Municipal District of Auchec, 1814.



Warden,-H Gowen, Esquire. District Treasurer,-A. B. Sirois, Esquire. District Inspector,-A. Larue, Esquire. District Clork,-R. G. Belleau. Messenger,-C. Hibert.

District Office, Ste. Anne Street, No. 11.

Quarterly Sessions held on the 1st Tuesdays of March, June, September and December.

## Post Offices and Post Masters in Canada East, (late Lower Canada), 1844.

### T. A. STAYNER, ESQUIRE,

DEPUTY POST-MASTER GENERAL, MONTREAL.

Post-Office at Abbottsford, Aylmer, Babyville,

ł

District. Montreal, do. do. Post-Masters.

E. Fisk. P. Hodgkinson. Humphry Nesbit.

Post-Office at

Batiscan, Beauharnois, Bécancour, Bedford, Berthier, Bolton, Boucherville, Broome, Brompton, Buckingham, Cacona, Cape Cove, Cap Santé, Carrillon, Carlton, Cascades, Cedars, Chambly, Champlain, Chateauguay, Chateau Richer, Chatham, Chelsea, Clarenville, Clarendon, Compton, Coteau du Lac, Cowansville, Danville, Deschambault, Dewittville, Drummondville, Dundee. Dunham, Durham, East Farnham, Eaton, Frampton, Frelighsburg, Gaspé Basin,

District. Three Rivers, Montreal, Three Rivers, Montreal, do. do. do. do. St. Francis, Montreal, Quebec, Gaspé, Quebec, Montreal, Gaspé, Montreal, do. do. Three Rivers, Montreal, Quebec, Montreal, do. do. do. St. Francis, Montreal, do. St. Francis, Quebec, Montreal, Three Rivers, Montreal, do. Three Rivers, Montreal, St. Francis, Quebec, Montreal. Gaspé,

J. B. Filteau. Jno. Ross. Frs. Beauchemin. Nelson Adams. A. D. Bondy. J. Merry. A. Delisle. Benj. H. Foss. J. Dennett. Levi Bigelow. P. Dumas. W. Tilly. G. A. Allsop. A. C. Montmarquet. Jos. Meagher. W. Waters. W. H. Dixon. J. C. Lanouette. Jno. McEachven. W. H. Lemoine Samuel Cushing. Thos. Prentiss. G. Goodsil. Jno. Maitland. A. W. Kendrick. Jno. Bell. Peter Cowan. T. C. Allis. F. Hamelin. J. Davidson. J. Miller. J. Davidson. E. Baker. Rob. More. W. Wells. Jno. Foss. Jno. Ros. J. Chamberlin. Jno. Eden.

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. Post-Masters.

Post-Office at Gentilly, Georgeville, Granby, Grenville, Grondines, Hatley, Henry ville, Heminingford, Hereford, Hull, Huntingdon, Industry, Inverness, Isle-aux-Noix. Isle-Verte, Kamouraska, Kingsey, La Baie du Febvre, La Beauce, L'Acadie, Lachine, Lachute, La Colle, Laprairie, L'Assomption, Leeds, Lennoxville, Les Eboulemens, L'Islet, Litchfield, Lochaber, Longueuil, Lotbiniëre, Manningville, Maskinongé, Melbourne, Metis, Montreal, Marray Bay Mascouche,

District. Three Rivers, Montreal, do. do. Quebec, St. Francis, Montreal, do. St. Francis, Montreal, do. do. Quebec, Montreal, Quebec, do. Three Rivers, do. Quebec, Montreal, do. do. do. do. do. Quebec, St. Francis, Quebec, Quebec, Montreal, Montreal, do. Quebec, Montreal, Three Rivers, St. Francis, Quebec. Montreal, Quebec, Montreal,

Post-Masters.

A. Stein. Taylor L. Parsons. H. Lyman. E. Pridham. A. Houd. W. G. Cook. Horace Wells. J. Scriver. Alex. Rea. J. Anderson. Jno. Whyte. P. C. Leodel. Jos. Redfern. Geo. Gunn. L. Bertrand. Alexis Gagné. H. Evans. W. McDonald. Thos. Planté. L. Archambault. Jno. England. H. Hutchins. Traver Vanvliet. Jno. Fairbaine. Jos. Gilbault. H. C. Warton. C. A. Richardson. Jno. Slevin. D. S. Ballantyne. Hiram Colton. T. H. Georgen. Jos. Lecour. Jos. Filteau. Jos. Manning. J. R. Giroux. Thos. Tait. Henry Page. Jas. Porteous. E. Trambly.

L

Post-Office at

District. do.

Napierville, Gaspé, New Carlisle, New Glasgow, Montreal, New Ireland, Quebec, Three Rivers, Nicolet, North Georgetown, Montreal, Norton Creek, do. do. Ormstown, Gaspè, Percé, Petite Nation, Montreal, Philipsburg, do. do. Pike River, Point à Cavagnol, do. Gaspé, Point St. Peter, Portneuf, Quebec, Three Rivers, Port St. Francis, Point Claire, Montreal, Quebec, Quebec, Rawdon, Montreal, Repentigny, do. St. Francis, Richmond, Rigaud, Montreal, Rimouski, Quebec, River du Loup, Three Rivers, River du Loup en bas, Quebec, River Ouelle, do. St. Francis, Robinson, Montreal, Russelltown, St. André, Quebec, St. Andrews, Montreal, Ste. Anne la Pérade, Three Rivers, Ste. Anne la Poca-Quebec. tière, Ste. Anne bout de Montreal, L'Isle, St. Antoine, Quebec, St. Benoit, Montreal, St. Césaire, do. St. Charles. do. Ste. Croix, Quebec,

Post-Masters.

Loup Odell. Henry Caldwell, Hoyes Lloyd, R. C. Porter. L. M. Cressé. Alex. Reeves. T. Cantwell. Robt. Cross. Wm. Annett, D. P. Papineau. W. W. Smith. Abel Taylor. F.C. Delesderniers. H. B. Johnston. A. Gaudrie. Smith Leith. Jno. Mount. Jno. Sewell. Thos. Griffith. A. E. Deschamps. G. K. Foster. S. Fournier. P. Gauvreau. T. L. Chalon. H. Davidson. C. H. Têtu. Lemuel Pope. Alex. McPhee. E. Michaud. W. G. Blanchard. L. F. Chaperon. R. Piuze. E. McNaughton. Rémi T. Noel. P. Menard. W. U. Chaffers. Peter Sprink.

Jos. O. Barbin.

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Post-Office at	District.	Post-Masters.
St. Denis,	Montreal,	O. Chamard.
Ste. Elizabeth,	do.	G. E. Bull.
St. Eustache,	do.	D. Mitchel.
St. Francis,	Three Rivers,	J. Gill.
St. Hilaire,	Montreal,	H. de Rouville.
St. Hyacinthe,	do.	Wm. Honey.
St. Jacques,	do.	Jos. Dufresne.
St. Jean Port-Joli,	Quebec.	S. Fraser.
St. Johns,	Montreal,	C. Pattee.
St. Laurent,	do.	D. McDonald.
Ste. Luce,	Quebec.	A. E. Ganvreau.
SteMarie de Monoi		F. H. Gatien.
St. Martin,	do.	Chs. Smallwood.
Ste. Martine,	do,	C. M. Lebrun.
St. Michel,	Quebec,	M. Bacquet.
St. Nicolas,	do	Maurice Scott.
St. Ours,	Montreal	Jacques Lemelin.
St. Paul's Bay,	Quebec,	John Kane.
St. Pie,	Montreal,	Geo. Bridgeman.
St. Pierre les Bec-	) ⁽	
quets,	Three Rivers,	A. P. Methot.
St. Roch des		
Aunais,	Quebec,	A. Morin.
St. Roch l'Achigan	Montreal.	Louis Archambault.
Ste. Scholastique,	do.	Aug. MacKay.
St. Stanislaus,	Three Rivers,	F. Laflèche.
St. Sylvester,	Quebec,	Thos. Mackay.
Ste. Thérèse de	)	· ·
Blainville,	{ Montreal,	Jno. Morris.
St. Thomas,	Quebec.	E. P. Tasché.
St. Vincent de Pau		Césaite Germain.
Sherbrooke,	St. Francis,	Wm. Brooks.
South Potton,	Montréal,	L. A. Coit,
Stanbrldge East,	do.	E. J. Briggs.
Stanstead,	do.	P. Hubbard.
Stukely,	do.	S. Godard.
Sutton,	do.	Geo. C. Dyer.
Temiscouata,	Quebec,	Geo. Chapman.
Terrebonne,	Montreal,	J. McKenzie.
Three Rivers,	Three Rivers,	Jno. Robertson.
Trois Pistoles,	Quebec,	Félix Têtu,
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Post-Office at	District.	Post-Masters.
Varennes,	Montreal,	Jos. Marceau.
Vaudreuil,	do.	J. O. Bastien.
Verchère,	do.	J. Dansereau.
Waterloo,	do.	H. Robinson.
West Shefford,	do.	Schuyler Johnson.
William Henry,	do.	E. L. Hayden,
Yamachiche,	Three Rivers.	Modeste Richer.
Yamaska,	do.	F. Hebert.

# Garrison of Quebec,

## JUNE, 1844.



Major General Sir James Hope, K. C. B. Commanding in Canada East.

Capt. J. Hope, 72 Regiment, A. D. C. Lieut. Col. Pritchard, Assistant Adjutant General. Captain Ingall, Dy. Assistant Qr. Master General.

Lieut. A. Knight, Royal Canadian Rifles, Town Major.

Thomas Trigge, Esqr. Barrack-Master.

Richard Penn, Esq., Ordnance Store-Keeper.

W. A. Holwell, Esquire, Dy. Ordnance Store-Keeper.

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Lieut. Col. Walker,	I	Lieuts.	Fitzgerald,
Capts. Burn,	1	"	Fortescue,
" Fraser,		"	Deshorough,
Asst. Surg Young,		"	Shakespear.

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Liteut. Col. Ward,	1	Capt.	Stehelin.
Lieut. Burnaby.		•	

COTH (KING'S ROYAL RIFLE CORPS,) 2ND BATTALION.
Lieut. Col. Cockburn, Major The Honble. G. A. Spencer.
Captains J. Robinson, H. Bingham, J. Jones.
1st Lieuts. Webb Butler, W. Grenfell.
2nd Lieuts. P. B. Roe, J. Fraser, E. U. Coxen.
H. Saunders, H. L. Bruyeres.

## 139

Pay-Master, W. H. Fitzgerald.

Adjutant S. Kenny.

Quarter-Master, J. Brannan.

Surgeon, A. H. Cowen.

Assistant Surgeon, J. Richardson, M. D.

74TH REGIMENT.

Lieut. Col. E. J. Crabbe, K. H., Major W. Crawly.

Captains, C. A. Campbell, m., A. F. Ansell, A. Eyre, S. F. De Saumarez, G. T. Evans.

Lieuts. F. W. Hancock, J. Walker, J. Duff, C. A. Coates, T. W. Evans.

Ensigns, J. A. McQueen, R. F. Smith, W. C. Bruce.

Adjutant R. Walsh, Pay-master G. D. Dunlevie.

Qr. Master, F. Dunbar, Assistant Surgeons, R. G. Montgomery, and W. L. Langley.

Revd. G. Cowell, Chaplain to the Forces.

MEDICAL STAFF.

Surgeon, T. Smith, 1st Class. G. H. Reade, 2nd Class. Assistant Surgeon, G. Carr.

## COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Commissary General Miliken.

Asst. Commissary General Rae.

« « Mason.

Dy. Asst. Com. General Pair.

" " Bayley.

Treasury Clerk, - Mac Cullock.

HEAD-QUARTERS AND STATIONS OF THE REGIMENTS IN

CANADA, FOR THE SUMMER OF 1844.

QUEBEC.—Head Quarters of Major General Sir James Hope, K. C. B. Royal Artillery, 60th Rifles and 74th Regiment.

SoreL..-Two companies 71st Highland Light Infantry.

MONTREAL.—Head Quarters of the Army for British North America. Lieut. General Sir R. D. Jackson, K. C. B. Commanding. Royal Artillery (Head-Quarters for Canada,) Head-Quarters of Royal Engineers for Canada, 80th Regiment, and 93rd Sutherland Highlanders. ST. HELEN'S ISLAND (opposite Montreal.)—Detachment of 43d Light Infantry

CHAMBLY.—Head Quarters Reserve Battalion 71st Highland Light Infantry.

LAPRAIRIE.-Head-Quarters 43rd Light Infantry.

ST. JOHNS.-81st Regiment.

Isle-AUX-NOIX.-Detachment Royal Canadian Rifle Re-

. do.	do.
. do.	do.
. do.	do.

KINGSTON.—Head-Quarters of Major General Sir Richard Armstrong. Royal Artillery, 14th Regiment, and left wing of 82d Regiment.

TORONTO.-Head-Quarters 82d Regiment.

NIAGARA.—Head-Quarters Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment.

LONDON.—Royal Artillery, Reserve Battalion 23rd Royal Welsh Fusileers.

AMHERSTBURGH.—Detachment Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment.

PENETANGUISHINE .- Detachment 82nd Regiment.

The Queen's Light Dragoons and the Montreal Cavalry are distributed in detachments along the Lower Canada frontier of New York and Vermont. A colored corps is stationed on the Welland Canal.

The Military Force in Canada is about 8,000 men.

## ALPHABETICAL LIST *

#### OF

# MERCHANTS, TRADERS, &c.

# QUEBEC, 1844-5.

### A

Aylwin, T. C. Advocate, Haldimand Street. Ahern, Jno. U. Advocate, 43, St. Anne Street. Alcorn, S. Crockery & Glass Store, 13, Palace Street. Amiot, Aug. merchant, Lower Town Market Place. Amiot, Mrs. Dry Goods, St. John Street. Amiot, Mrs. St. George Street. Anderson, Anthy. Hedley Lodge. Anderson, Hedley, merchant, No. 1, Des Carrières Street. Anderson, T. Commercial Chambers. Anderson & Paradis, merchants, Commercial Chambers. Andrews, T. Tin & Copper Smith, 13, Buade Street. Andrews, F. H. Teacher National School, D'Auteuil St. Anderson, Mrs. John, 21, Ste. Famille Street. Anderson, H. S. Advocate, Parloir Street. Andrews, W. Blacksmith, D'Aiguillon Street. Angers, F. R. Advocate, 7, Des Carriers Street. Anger Anselm, Tavern, Buade Street. Alleyn R. J. Commander, R. N. 5, Parloir Street. Alleyn, Chs. Advocate, 5, Parloir Street. Alexander, Geo. Stower, Champlain Street. Allard, Pierre, Biscuit Baker, 134, King St. St. Roch's. Allard, F. X. Mariner, Champlain Street. Atkinson & Usborne, Merchants, St. James' Street. Atkinson, Henry, Spencer Wood. Atkinson, W. Merchant, Carouge. Atkins, T. Clerk Upper Town Market, St. Angel Street. Atkins, Robt. Grocer, 52, St. Peter Street. Atkinson, T. Revd. Mount Pleasant. Armstrong, J. Ship smith, Bell's Lane, near the Exchange.

[•] For additional names see supplementary list-

- Armand Jean, Tanner, St. Vallier Street.
- Aubé, Jean, Sexton, Hope Street.
- Auld, J. Saddler & Harness Maker, 23, Fabrique Street.
- Audette, J. L. Leather merchant, 11, St. Peter Street.
- Audette, Shoe Maker, 11, St. Peter Street.
- Ardouin, M. & Son, Jewellers & Watch Makers, 60, St. John Street.
- Arnold, Geo. Auctioneer & Broker, Sous-le-Fort Street.
- Austin, F. City Treasurer, 25, St. Angel Street.
- Audette, J. B. & Son, Leather Merchants, 7, St. Peter St.
- Arguin Pierre, Butcher, St. Andrew's Wharf.
- Arthur & Co. Importers of Dry Goods, St. John Street.
- Amiot, T. Advocate, Treasure Street.
- Amiot, Jac. Nar. Advocate, Haldimand Street.
- Austin, F. W. G. Advocate, 26, Mountain Street.
- Austin, H. C. Notary, 26, Mountain Street.
- Aubin, M. N. Printer, Couillard Street.
- Ashworth, Mrs. Des Carrière Street.
- Allen & Macrow, Wig Makers, Hair Dressers &c. 45, St. John Street.
- Atkins, R. Grocer, 44, St. John Street.
- Aird, G. C. 16, St. Margaret Street, St. Roch.
- Amiot, M. B Dry Goods, 4, St. John Street.
- Aspinall, Miss, Teacher of Dancing, St. Angel Street.
- Atkinson, T. Tavern, St. Charles Street.
- Amireaux, T. Tavern, St. Paul Street.
- Ariel, S. Tavern, Finlay Place.
- Antoine, P. Tailor, St. François St.
- Anglis, Jno. 16, St. George's Street.

#### Β.

Bacquette, J. B. Ed. Advocate, 42, St. Anne Street.

Baird, J. G. Advocate, 64, St. Louis Street.

- Baird, E. Merchant, 15, d'Auteuil Street.
- Baird, W. K. Merchant, Office St. Peter St.

Back, R. Biscuit Baker & Confectioner, St. Peter Street.

Baillargeon, Pierre Dr. 9, St. Joseph Street.

- Bardy, P. M. Dr. Côte d'Abraham.
- Bambrich, Robt. Boarding-house, 10, St. Louis Street.
- Balzaretti, G. D. Auctioneer, 14, Palace Street.

Baillargé, F. A. Carver, 2, St. François Street.

Baillargé, Thos. Architect, St. Famille Street.

- Baillargé, Louis, Advocate, 6, St. Famille Street.
- Baillargé, T. F. Asst. Road Surveyor, 17, Ste. Geneviève Street
- Baker, W. Locksmith and Bell-hanger, Cul-de-Sac.
- Barrack Office, St. Anne Street.
- Bartholomew, Cooper, 11, Sault-au-Matelot Street.
- Baths, Hot & Cold, St. Paul Street.
- Berthelot, Amable, 19, Ste. Famille Street.
- Belleau, N. F. Advocate, St. Louis Street.
- Belleau, R. G. Notary, 11, St. Anne Street.
- Bean, Mrs. Dry Goods, Palace Street.
- Bedard, E. Honble. Justice, 11, D'Auteuil Street.
- Babineau & Gaudry, Ship Chandlers, 64, St. Peter St.
- Barclay, Jno. Stower, Champlain Street.
- Barclay, R. Engineer, Champlain Street.
- Bardy, Matthew, St. Famille Street.
- Baxter, W. Watch-Maker, Buade Street.
- Bell, R. C. Provision Merchant, Hunt's Wharf & 48 St. Peter Street.
- Beaulieu, Jno. Tavern, 9, St. Peter Street.
- Baillairgé, L. G. Advocate, 3 Parloir Street.
- Bell. A. D. Merchant Exchange Wharf.
- Bickel, T. Temperance Grocery & Crockery Store, St. John Street.
- Bossé, Jos. N. Advocate, 1, St. Louis Street.
- Bowles, W. Boot & Shoe-Maker, No. 1, Fabrique St.
- Bowles, Jos. Medical Hall, 2, Fabrique Street. Botterill, J. Carpenter, 13, St. Louis Street.
- Bank of British North America, Quebec Branch, St. Peter Street.
- Bradshaw, Mrs. Ladies' School, D'Auteuil Street.
- Bradshaw, J. F. (B. N. A. Bank,) D'Auteuil Street.
- Brocklesby, C. Ship Chandler, Wine and Provision Merchant, 61, St. Peter Street.
- Brooks, C. Merchant, Sault-au-Matelot Street.
- Bradley, Joseph P. Advocate, 60, St. Louis Street.
- Bender, Albert, Advocate, St. Louis Road.
- Brown, S. & J. Ship Chandlers, St. Peter Street.
- Bankier, James, Mount Pleasant.
- Bilodeau & Tessier, Provision Merchants, St. Peter Street, Brown, E. H French and Italian Teacher, 28, St. Ursule St.

- Brown, Teacher, 16, St. Anne Street.
- Brown, C. T. Clothing Store, 9, Buade Street.
- Blumhart, Geo. Merchant, Notre-Dame Street.
- Blumhart, Lucius, Painter, 29, Sault-au-Matelot Street.
- Birch, J. Notary, Cul-de-Sac.
- Blakiston, R. Sail-Maker, 11, St. Peter Street.
- Bois, Fabien Grocer &c. 18, Sous-le-Fort Street.
- Blanchette, Dr. 6, Palace Street.
- Black, Geo. Ship-Builder, Près-de-Ville.
- Black, James, Merchant, St. Anne Street.
- Black, John, St. Anne Street.
- Black, Henry, Advocate, Fort Street.
- Blenkin, G. A. & Co. Merchants, Lower Town.
- Boxer, R. N. Captain C. B. 29, St. Anne Street.
- Boisseau, P. Dry Goods Merchant, 8, Fabrique Street.
- Boisvert, F. O. Dry Goods, 16, Fabrique Street.
- Bourré, Pierre, Tavern Upper Town Market.
- Boyd, Jno. Tavern, Brockvale Cottage.
- Booth, W. Painter & Glazier, 12, D'Auteuil Street.
- Burrage, Revd. RR. 14, D'Auteuil Street.
- Burroughs, Ed. Prothonotary, Court House.
- Burke, W. Boot & Shoe-Maker, 30, Buade Street.
- Buchanan, A. C. Government Chief Emigration Agent, Office Sault-au-Matelot St. Residence 6, St. Denis St.
- Benjamin Brothers, Dry Goods Merchants, St. Joseph St. Bonner, Jno. Merchant, L'Ance des Morts.
- Bradford, John, Grocer, St. Louis Street.
- Bouchard, Chs. Mountain Strreet.
- Boomer, Mrs. Boarding-House, 26, Mountain Street.
- Burnet, David, Merchant, St. Anne St. Office Bell's Lane.
- Bowen, Hon. Mr. Justice, Mount Carmel Street.
- Bouchard Régiste, Cabinet-Maker, 12, D'Aiguillon St.
- Banfield, W. Grocery Store, 81, Champlain Street.
- Burstall, H. & E. Merchants, Napoleon Wharf, residence St. Louis Heights.
- Beaulieu, R. Cabinet & Chair Maker, 6, Sault-au Matelot Street.
- Bigaouette, Jean-Bte. Thomas, Carriage-Builder, St. Vallier Street.
- Bannan, Misses. Dress Makers, Dauphine Street.
- Bignell, Wm. Notary, St. Peter Street.

- Boswell, Jos. K. Racey's Brewery, St. Paul Street. Bisset, Geo. Flour Merchant, St. Paul Street. Bethel, Jno. Boot & Shoe Maker, St. Nicholas Street. Bruce, Colin, St. Foy Road. Bruce, John, St. Foy Road. Britannia Life Assurance Company, office Arthur Street. Bishop of Quebec, His Lordship the R. C. Seminarv Buildings. Bishop of Sydyme,-Seminary. Bruneau Judge, St. Geneviève Street. Belle-Isle, Revd. Mr.-Seminary. Burnet, Jas. Turner, Carver, &c. 56, St. John Street. Back, R. Senr 22, Hope Street Baby, Frs. 25, St. Famille Street. Baillargeon, P. Surgeon, 9, St. Joseph Street. Bilodeau, Louis, Dry Goods, 1 & 2, St. John Street. Bowen, E. H. Advocate, Des Grissons Street. Bowles, Thos. Cabinet Maker, St. Stanislaus Street. Boyes, Geo. Stevadore, Champlain Street.
- Bonnally, Jno. Grocer, Cap Blanc.
- Bews, David, Goldsmith, Mountain Street.
- Bancroft, Revd. C La Chevrotière Street.
- Burns, M. Shoe Maker, Champlain Street.
- Brown, D. Shipwright, Cape Cove.
- Brackin, W. Tavern, Champlain Street.
- Broderick, M. Tavern, Champlain Street .
- Blagdon, E. Tavern, Henderson Street.
- Butler, T. Tavern, Croig Street.
- Blanchard, Jacques, Tavern, Finlay Place.
- Besse, Chas. A. Dry Goods, 61, St. John Street.
- Barnes, Jno. Painter, St. Helen Street.
- Bowles, Robt. Grocer, 44, St. John Street.
- Blanchet, Denis, Dr. 24, Palace Street.
- Bacquet, Madame, 9, Laval Street.
- Boisvert, Félix, Dry Goods, St. John Street.
- Burn, Ed. Tailor, St. François Street.
- Busher, Misses, Dress Makers, 17, Couillard Street.
- Blanc, A. Tavern, 2, St. Anne Street.
- Belony, J. Shop-keeper, 27, St. John Street.

С

Caron, R E Advocate 15, St Louis Street

Cary, Thos & Co Stationers & Printers, 17, Buade Street Caldwell, Bart. Sir H. J. Meicht. Commercial Chambers. Cowan T Boot & Shoe-Maker, Buade Street Cazeau, C Teacher, 6 Couillard Street Cairns, Hamby F Advocate, 2 St Louis Street Cairns, R Merchant Tailor, 2, St Louis Street Caron & Baillargé, Advocates, 3, Parloir Street. Carrier, Jos. Tavern, Finlay Market. Cauchon, Joseph, Advocate, Headerson Street. Clark, Wm. Stower, Champlain Street. Conture, P. Watch Maker, Mountain Street. Craig. Robt. Shoe Maker. do. Cowell, Revd. J. St. Lewis Road. Clugston, Revd. Montcalm House. Carracher, Peter, Tavern, Sault-av-Matelot Street Corneil, Chs Saddler & Harness Maker, 29 St. John St Corriveau. J B Hatter, 10, Buade Street Corneil, Samuel, Carriage, House & Sign Painter, 3, St Ursule Street Cochran, Hon A W Advocate, St Anne Street Cochrane, Geo Cabinet-Maker, 65, St John Street Cochrane, Miss, Dress-Maker, 65, St. John Street. Croker & Liddell, Butchers, St Andrew's Wharf Cook, Revd Dr, Manse, St Anne Street Cameron, D Merchant-Tailor, St Peter Street Cornelius, Mrs, Straw Bonnet Maker, 28, St Ursule Street Carswell, J Camphine Oil & Lamp Store, Couillard Street Chapman & Co W Office & Stores, Gilbs' Wharf Cowan & Son, Printing & Stationary, 3 Fabrique Street Colley, F P, 8, Commercial Chambers Chrétien, F Dry Goods, 14, Fabrique Street Clarke, W. Tailor, 37, St. John Street. Cole, Benj Auctioneer, Palace Street Christie, Robt 19, St. Joseph Street Cannon, E G Notary, 62, St Louis Street Cannon, L A Advocate, 2, Buade Street Cathro, T G Jeweller & Watch Maker. 15, Notre-Dame Street City Hotel, St Anne Street City Hall, St Louis Street

Curry, Thos Merchant, Commercial Chambers

Campeau, Antoine, Baker, Cazerne Street. Cameron, D Merchant Tailor, Sous-le-Fort Street Carr, Ed. Tavern, St. Joachim Street. Canada Fire Office, Clouet's Buildings. Carwell, H Dry Goods Merchant, 21, Fabrique Street Campbell, Chs H Merchant, Sillery Cove Campbell, Mrs Tavern, 18 Garden Street Carrier, E. Tavern, St. Paul Street. Carrier, Ls. Joiner Ste Margaret St, St Rochs Campbell, A Notary, 26, St Peter Street, residence 19, Mount Carmel Street Carson, T. Tavern, Champlain Street. Chabot, J Advocate, 15, Mount-Carmel Street Chauveau, P. J. O. Advocate. Treasure Street Chartré, Z Tin-Smith, 12, St John Street, without Chalmers, C. D. Merchant, J B F Lane. Chambers, Robt Advocate, 10, Garden Street Chambers, William, Tavern, Champlain Street. Châteauvert, Chas. Blacksmith St George St, St John's sub. Chouinard, J Dry Goods Merchant, Notre-Dame Street Chinic, Madame, 7, Laval Street. Cinq-Mars, C Notary, 7 Fabrique Street Clarke, Robt. Wine Cooper, 13, Sault-au-Matelot Street Clapham, J Greaves, Notary, Office, St Antoine Street Clapham, J. G Clapham Terrace, Saint Louis Heights Clarke, Wm Tailor, St John Street Clerihue, J Baker, St Vallier Street Clerihue, J. Junr. Baker, St Vallier Street Codville, Hilary, Grocer, 8, St Joseph Street Codville, John, Grocer, St John Street, without Colford, Jno. Diamond Harbour. Commissariat Office, St Louis Street Commissariat Bakery, St. Anne Street Connolly, M Ship Chandler, Cul-de-Sac Connolly, T. Tavern, Cul-de Sac. Corriveau, B Dry Goods, 9, Fabrique Street Courtney, Peter, Tavern Craig Street. **Congregational Church Palace Street** Cooper & Co. A. Merchant Tailors, 11, St Famille Street Cother, T. Tavern, Cul-de-Sac. Côté, Augt. & Co. Printers, Clouet's Buildings. M

Cowan, T Boot & Shoe-Maker, Buade Street Craig, Robt. Tavern, St. Antoine Street. Cran, Chas. Tailor, 36, St Anne Street Crémazie, Jas. Collector, Ste Famille Street Cremazie, J Advocate do. Crémazie, J. G. Notary, St. Juseph Street. Crémazie, J. & O. Booksellers St Famille St Creig, D Biscuit Baker, St Joseph Street Christmas, D S Globe Hotel, 11, St Louis Street City Bank, Montreal, Quebec Branch, St Peter Street Cullen, M. Tavern, Craig Street. Clouet, Madame, Clouet's Buildings. Cassells, Robt. B. N A. Bank St Peter St Cooper, R. T. Architect, 1 St Denis St Campbell, David, teacher, 7 St Stanislas St Chambers Robt. Dry Goods, 54 St John St Cadot, Jos. Leather merchant, 6 PeterSt Callum, C. & D. merchants 47 St Peter St Carrier, Chs. Dry Goods. 4 Notre Dame St Couture, P. Watch maker 25 Mountain St Currie, Dr. J. Garden St D Date, Mrs. Dry Goods, 7, St. Joseph Street Daikers, B Merchant, 8, Sault-au-Matelot Street, residence 73 St John St Drum, W. Chair, Cabinet & Varnish Manf. 55 St. Paul St Dastou, B Provision Store, St. Peter Street. Davies, W H Mercht. Office Bells Lane, res. St. Ursule St Daunton Robert, Grocer, 27, Sault-au-Matelot Street Dawson, W Merchant and Agent Sunderland Association and Surveyor of Shipping St. Peter St

- Daly, Bernard, Culler, Champlain Street
- Daly, P Dealer, 17 St. Famille Street
- Dastou, Bazile Tavern, St. Paul Street
- Davidson, A. Tavern, Cul-de-Sac.
- Day & Nelson, merchants Napoléon Wharf
- Day, J. R. Merchant, residence St Anne Street
- Drysdale, Thos. Watch Maker, St Joseph Street
- Drolet, P. Tavern Keeper St. Joseph Street
- Deguise, Charles, Advocate St Louis Street
- De Léry, Charles, Clerk Leg. Council Ste Famille St

De Léry, Alexander Advocate Ste Famille St Derome, F. M. Advocate 29 Buade Strret Dean, Roger & Co. Merchants 31 Sault-au-Matelot Street Dean, Jas. residence 16 St Geneviève St Defoy, Chs. M Notary, No 11, St Joseph Street De Blois, Ed. Advocate, Haldimand Street De Blois, P. A. Dry Goods, 72 St John St De Blois, E. J. Advocate, St Joseph Street Doucet, J. F. Advocate, Mountain Street Doucet, P. A. Advocate, Lower Town Market Place De Phillippe, J. Ship Chandler, 9 Cul-de-Sac De Lagrave, Cyrill, Advocate 10 Haldimand Street Denholm, Jas. Merchant, 1 Laporte St, Cape Desbarats, E. Advocate, Little River De Gaspé, P. A. Battery, near Hope Gate Dinning & Finch, Victuallers Lower Town Market Dinning, R. 50 St Paul St Dugal, E. Furrier 58 St John St Douglas, Dr. G. M 5 St Geneviève St Douglas, Dr. James, Surg on 4 St Louis St Dodd, John, Merchant Tailor 12 Palace St Dorion, P. Hardware Merchant 12 Mountain St Douglas, John, St Dominique St. St Roch Douglas James, Nt Roch's Brewery Downes, Wm. High Constable 224 St Valier St Dobbin, W. Tavern, St. Lewis Street. Donoghue, J. Shoe Maker Champlain St Duval, J. F. Advocate 54 St Louis St Dupont & Co. Auctioneers, 38 St Peters St, residence D'Artigny St Dubuc, Chs. Hardware Merchant, 6 Notre Dame St Dunn, C. E. Merchant, St Peter St Dubord, H. Battery near Hope Gate Dyke, Mrs Joseph 17 George St Dion, Jos. Dry Goods, 8 Mountain St Dionne, F. Dry Goods, 7 Mountain St Devlin, P. Watch Maker, Notre Dame St Douglass, David, 20 Rampart St Dood, Jas. 54 St John St Delorbaez, Jac. 9 St François St Dupont, Mrs. F. 17 Couillard St

- Dunn, W. Turner, 23 Couillard St
- Drapeau, Stanislas, Printer 13 Garden St.
- Duchesnay, Elzéar 2 Haldimand St
- Dorothy, John, music master, 228 St Valier St
- Dorney, Mrs. Dyer, 2 Lacroix St
- Defoy, Frs. merchant, 5 St Peter St
- Dunn, Calvin & Co. Merchts. 43 St Peter St

Е.

- Eagle Life Assurance Company of London, Office Hunts Wharf
- Eaton H. D. Pastry Cook &c. Buade St
- Emigration Office, Sault-au-Matelot St
- Eckart, Isaac, St Famille St
- Evans, Capt. 74th Regt. 8 Laval St.
- Eadon, Wm. Tool Warehouse, St. Nicholas St.
- Evanturelle, Frs. Gardener, St Louis St

F,

Fagui & Co. Livery Stable 11 St Anne St

- Faribault, G. B. Advocate 4 Des Carrières St
- Falconbridge, Mrs. Register office for Servis. and Straw Bonnet Maker, 4 Palace St
- Fargues, Dr. Mount Carmel St
- Fanning, W. Advocate, 29 Buade St
- Farley, R. Tavern, Champlain St
- Fassio, Signor, Italian Artist and Teacher of drawing, 18 George St.
- Fenwick, Dr. A. G. 24 Mountain St
- Fielders, W. Carpenter and Joiner, 11 D'Artigny St.
- Fisher, Dr. J. C. L. L. D. Ste Geneviève St
- Fisher, John, Grocer, Notre Dame St
- Finch, S. Victuallar St Peter St
- Fife, John, St Peter St
- Fisher, Mrs. 14 Mount Carmel St
- Forrestall, ----- St Charles St Brewery
- Fortier, F. Advocate, 10 Haldimand St
- Forsyth & Bell, Merchants Commercial Chambers
- Ford, C. J. St John St. without
- Ford, C. J. Junr. do.
- Forsyth, H G. 9 Des Grisons St
- Futvoye, Geo. City Clerk, Mount-Pleasant
- Frew, John, Inspector Fire Dept. No 1 Henderson St

4

- Freeman, Richard, Tanner and Leather Merchant 62 St Valier St
- Freemasons Hall, 3 Buade St
- Fremont, Dr. 10 St Ursule St
- Fraser, Alexander, Grocer 1 St Nicholas St
- Fraser, Donald, Merchant India Wharf
- Fréchette, J. B. Printer Canadian Office 13 Mountain St
- Farquhar, Mrs. Shop-keeper and Registry for Servants Mountain St
- Frost, Joseph, Merchant Arthur St
- Frost Thos. & Co., Merchants St James' St,
- Flanagan, Christopher, Printer, 29 St Peter St
- Fréchette, P. Printer, Fabrique St
- Fitzgerald, Robt. Tavern, Union Lane
- Fitzgerald, Mis. City Hotel St Ann St
- Fiset, Oliver Shopkeeper 13 Ste Famille St
- Felton, Mrs. 22 Ste Geneviève St
- Fraser, Honble. John, 47 St Louis St
- Faucher, Dry Goods 11 John St
- Fafard, Ambroise Dry Goods Notre Dame St
- Farquhar Alex. Auctioneer 12 St Charles St
- Frizzle, Thos. Cooper 15 Sault au Matelot St
- Fournier, A. Tavern 4 Henderson St

#### G

- Gairdner & Stuart, Advocates, Sault au Matelot St
- Garrison Library & Reading room, Jesuits Barracks
- Gagné Miss Dress maker 5 't Flavien St
- Gagnon, Madame Milliner 21 Couillard St
- Gauvin, M. Livery stables 20 Couillard St
- Gates, Chas. 7 Nt Denis St
- Galbraith, J. H. Founder 56 St Paul St
- Gagnon, P. & J. Dry Goods 9 St Nicholas St
- Gagnon, P A Notary, St Peter St residence 6 Couillard St
- Gauthier Aug Writer, St. Valier St.
- Gauthier, F O Advocate, 26 St John St
- Garries, W Grocer & Lessee of Canteen Cape Diamond
- Garant, F E Furrier 8 St John St
- Gallagher, M Butcher, St Andrews Wharf
- Garneau, F X Notary St Angel St
- Garneau, D. B. Dry Goods 10 Mountain St
- Gauvreau, P Leon, Notary Des Fosses St

Gethings, Chas. City Bank, residence St Ann St Germain, D St Flavien St Geggie, R C St Andrews School St Ann St Grenier, O. Cooper Nault au matelot St Gibb, Thos. 49 St Louis St Gingras, Jos. Joiner 3 St Joachim St Gingras, J. M. Carpenter 4 Couillard St Ginque, F shopkeeper 19 Ste Famille St Gillard, W. Boarding House 13 St Ann St Gillanders, G. Mason St Michel St Gibsone, G & H. Auctioneers &c. Carrifour, Notre Dame St Gillis, W. Boot & Shoe maker, 18 St Peter St Gilchrist, Archl. Trader, Sault au Matelot St Ginger, W. Seedsman, St Ursule Lane Gillespie, Jas 8 St Denis St Gibsone, Hy St Ann St Gibb & Ross, Merchants Commercial Chambers Gibb, Jas Mercht, Coml Chambers, residence St Foy road Gingras, Ed Coach Maker, 36 St Ursule St Gibb, J. (Customs) Dauphine St Gibb & Lane, Grocers & Wine Merchts. St Peter St Gilmour & Coulson, Merchts. 25 St Peter St Gingras, Junr. P. Clothing & Dry Goods, 342 Champlain St Gillespie, Greenshields & Co. Merchts. Gillespie's Wharf Gilmour & Go. Merchts. Wolfe's Cove, Town Office, Quebee Bank Building's Gilmour, John Mercht., residence St Louis Road Gingras, F. N. & Co. Tobacconists, Buade St Gowen Hammond, 4 St Denis St Gordon, Wm. 12 d'Auteuil St. Gordon, Jno. Mercht St Paul St Gordon, Alex. Mercht, 25 St Peter St residence 236 St Vallier St Gortley, Chas. Sail Maker, St James' St Guay, Germain, Notary Craig St. St Roch Glackemeyer, Ed. Notary St Peter St Glover & Wright Tailors 3 Garden St Glover & Fry, Dry Goods Merchts 15 Fabrique St Glass, Mrs. Biscuit Baker, 21 St Peter St residence Manor House St Roch

Griffin, Geo. Surgeon, 1 d'Auteuil St

- Grant, D. Ord Dept, St Angel St
- Green, Jas. Advocate, St Ann St
- Grondin Jos. Storekeeper 6 St Peter St
- Grace, John Confectioner, 57 St John St
- Grant, Alexr. Grocer, 32 Champlain St
- Green,- Boarding House, Mount Pleasant
- Green, M. Dry Goods Store, near Palace Gate, without,
- Grant, Abm. Butcher, Tibbets Cove
- Gray, Frost, Merchant residence St Ursule St
- Grainger, Ed. Mercht 2 Sault au Matelot St

#### Н

- Hardy, A. Dry Goods 9 Notre Dame St
- Hartigan, Ed. Painter 24 Mountain St
- Hannah, Mrs. 15 St George St
- Hamel, Léon, Baker 18 St Charles St
- Hacket, F. Chair Maker Ancien Chantier St
- Hamilton, Thos. Auctioneer, St Peter St
- Hadden, Alex. Cabinet Maker, 5 St Ann St
- Hample, Jno. Furrier & Fancy Bark Work, 32 St John St
- Hayes, Jas. Inspector of Aches, Arthur St
- Hayes, Hannah Confectioner, 28 Buade St
- Hale, Jeffrey 2 Des Carriers St
- Harding, Miss Stay Maker, 7 Parloir St
- Hamel, Madame, St. Anne St.
- Hamel, Victor 15 Georges St
- Hart, J. C. Mercht Napoleon Wharf
- Hacker, F. Architect, Civil Engineer & District Surveyor, for Dorchester, 5 St Angel St
- Hall, Geo. Grocer 71 St John St
- Hawkins, Alfred 10 St Geneviève St
- Hawkins, Ed. St Joachim St. St John suburbs
- Hall, T. G. Surgeon, 36 Champlain St
- Hall & Jackson, Timber Merchts. Cape Cove
- Hamel, Jos. City surveyor, 134 d'Aiguillon St
- Hamel, C. F. Fancy French Goods store 49 St John St
- Hammond, W. Boot & Shoe Maker St John St
- Hamman, Mrs. Neptune Inn Mountain St
- Harrison, R. M. Mercht. 6 St James' St
- Henrichon, P. Leather Store, 60 St Peter St
- Henderson, W. S. & Co. Hat & Fur Warehouse 12 Buade St

- Henderson, Alexr. Cabinet Maker 12 St Stanislas St
- Henderson, Geo. Grocer St Louis St
- Henderson, W. C. Merchant and Eagle Assurance Agent, Hunts Wharf
- Hennesey, W. Butcher, Finlay Market
- Hennesey, Teacher 18 St Famille St
- Henniker, R. C. St Peter St
- Hearder Hy. Culler Diamond Harbour
- Hetherington Jas. Temperance Grocery, 39 St John St
- Henry, W. Mercht St Peter St residence Clapham Terrace
- Heath, J. G. Mercht residence 1 St Geneviève St Office 24 St Peter St
- Hickman, W. Hair Dresser & Perfumer 26 Mountain St.
- Higginhotham, R. Boot & Shoe Maker 17 Buade St
- Hianveux, H Binder 3 Laval St
- Higgenbotham, W. Teacher 10 St Nicholas St
- Higginbotham, Miss, Teacher of Music, Buade St
- Hickson, Rich. Mercht. St Peter St
- Hill, Miss, Teacher of Music 6 Fabrique St
- Hough, Saml. Livery Stables 8 St Ann St
- Hough, S. & J. do do
- Howard, Mrs. Tavern, Fabrique St
- Hossack, Jos. Confectioner &c 5 Notre Dame St
- Hossack, J. S. Notary 39 St Peter St
- Hossack, Wm. Grocer Upper Town market place
- Hossack, W. Grocer Champlain St
- Holt, C. A. Grain & Provision dealer St Peter St. residence 2 St Famille St
- Holehouse, W. Plumber Glazier, &c. 36 St Anne St
- Hobbs, T. Coteau St Geneviève
- Howard Wm. Black & White smith 7 Fabrique St
- Horan & Cullen, Dry Goods 17 Fabrique St
- Hobrough, J. Merchant Tailor Exchange Buildings
- Hobrough, Mrs. Merchants Coffee Room, Exchange
- Hope, K C B Major General, Marchmont
- Hope, Capt. A D C St Ursule Lane
- Holgate, John, Boarding House, Mansion House, St George' Street
- Holgate, J. junr. Dry Goods, St John St
- Hooper, J. G. Culler, Mount Pleasant

- Holwell, W. Little River
- Holt, Peter, Grocer & Dealer in American Wooden Ware, Palace St
- Howarth, J. Tavern 15 St Joseph St
- Houghton, John Blacksmith St George' St
- Hull, Edwin, Clock & Watch maker 19 St Péter St
- Hunt, James, 9 St Denis St Cape
- Hunt, & Co. Sail Makers 47 St Peter St
- Hunt, W. & Co. Merchants, Hunts Wharf
- Hunt, Josiah, Notary Sault au Matelot St
- Hunt, Josiah, residence 12 St Geneviève St
- Huot, H. S. Advocate Garden St
- Hynes, M. St Ann St
- Hughs, T. Clothing Store 7 Notre Dame St

#### J

- Jackson, John, Tavern St Ann St
- Jackson, John, 4 Arsenal St
- Jameson, H. J. Brewer 74 St Paul St
- Jellard, Robt. Ste Famille St
- Jeffery, W. H. Merchant Mount Pleasant
- Jeffery, James ship builder, Hare Point
- Jeffery, John, Ship builder Prince Edward St
- Jeffery W. Plumber, Glazier & Painter 42 St John St
- Jenkin's W. St John St Classical & Commercial Academy
- Jervis, John Furrier 13 Garden St
- Jobson, Miss, Dress Maker 15 St John St
- Johnson, R. Tavern, Deligny St
- Judge, Thos. Tavern, Champlain St
- Johnson, J. Tavern, do.
- Jones, H. N. Merchant, Commercial Chambers residence New Waterford Cove
- Jones, John, Merchant 8 St Louis St
- Jordan, John, Culler, 37 Champlain St
- Ingall, Capt. 53 St Louis St
- Jackson, Alfred Surgeon, Mountain St
- Julien, M. Dry Goods 11 John St
- Julyan, Robt. Asst. Harbour Master 30 St Paul's St
- Irvine, J. G. Agent Alliance Fire Assurance Company, Hunt's Wharf, residence St Louis 10ad
- Jameson, John Surveyor to the Liverpool Registry of Shipping, Office St Peter St

Jessopp, Hy. St Ann St

Jones & Dalkin, Merchants New Waterford Cove

Johnstone, Samuel, 21 >t Joseph St

Joseph, J. H. & Co. Merchants Napoleon Wharf

Jones & Pardey, Brass Founders Mountain St

Jellard, Geo. Carpenter, 24 Ste Famille St

K

Kane, J. Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Worker St Ann St

Kemble, Wm. Des Grissons St

Keller & Gortley, Merchants 57 St Paul's St

Keller, W. P. 57 St Paul St

Kelly, J. Notre Dame St

Kelly, D. Tavern, Champlain St.

Kemp, John, Plasterer Arsenal St

Kerr, Alax. Tavern, Près de Ville.

Kelly, Widow, Tavern, Cul de Sac.

Kerr, Honble Mi. St Louis Heights

Kerr, Jas. Hastings, St Louis Heights

Kelly, Thadeus 11 Rampart St

Kendall, W. Naturalist, Clouets Buildings

Kendall, Mrs. Ladies School, Dalhousie place

Kirkwood, J. S. Wine Merchant, Grocer, &c. 14 Garden St

King, Andw. Confectioner 203 St John St without

Kimlin, W. M. D. Des Grissons St

King, J. Boot & Shoe maker St John St

Knight, Lieut. Town Majors Office, Main Guard House

Knight, Hy. Tailor 73 St John St

Kilgour, J. Baker 64 St Louis St

L

Larue, Adolphus, Surveyor St Ursule St

Larivière, Thomas, Cabinet and Chair factory 102 Des Fosses St

Landry J. B. Huissier Audiencier 3 Des Cazernes St

Larue, W. Notary 3 St Louis St residence Little River

Langevin, Charles, Merchant 5 Des Carrières St

Lacroix & Co. Auctioneers &r. 11 Sault-au-Matelot St

Laviolette, Peter, Cabinet Maker 11 Champlain St

Laurie & Co. Dry Goods Merchants, Bell's Lane and St John St

Lachance, P. Crockery & Glassware Palace Gate without Lachance, B. do. 10 Henderson St

- Lefrançois, Alex. Blacksmith, 6 Lacroix St
- Langlois, Frs. 5 >t Peter St
- La Junesse, L. Tinsmith, 6 Ancien Chantier St
- Lagrave, P. 4 St John St
- Langlois, P. & Son, Merchants St Paul St
- Langlois, P. residence St Stanislas St
- Larouche, J. D. Dry Goods 57 St John St
- Laporte, M. Tavern Notre-Dame St
- Lamort, N. Butcher St Andrew's Wharf
- Leclaire, A. Butcher St Andrews Wharf
- Lampson, W. Merchant St Louis Road, Office Diamond Harbour
- Lanfestey, A. Grocer &c. 17 St Peter St
- Lapointe, P. Joiner St François St
- Lambly John St Paul St
- Lane, W. Supt. Quebec Exchange
- Lane, Mrs. Boarding House St Ursule St
- Lamontagne, A. Pointe Lévi Hotel
- Lefrançois, Charles, Printer 2 St Monique St
- Lagueux, E. Butcher Tibbets Cove
- Lafleur, F. Cabinet Maker Côte d'Abraham
- Laurin, Jos. Notary St François St. St Roch
- Legaré, Jos. Artiste, 21 St Angel St
- Legaré, Jos. Dry Goods 35 St John St
- Legaré, J. B.
- Le Mesurier, H. Merchant 26 Ste Anne St
- Le Mesurier, H. Junr. Merchant Sillery Cove
- Le Mesurier Tilstone & Co. Merchants Commercial Chambers

do.

- Lemoine, Louis, Gun Smith 40 St John St
- Lemoine, Benj. Inspector (District) St Peter St
- Lelièvre, S. Advocate St Louis St
- Lelièvre & Angers, Advocates 7 Des Carrières St
- Lelièvre, Roger, Notary St Anne St
- Lecheminant, W. Grocer 4 Fabrique St
- Leaycraft, J. W. Junr. Merchant J. B. F. Lane
- Leaycraft, Jer. Merchants Exchange Wharf
- Lecronier, J G. St John S: without
- Levy, S. China, Plate and Glass Warehouse St John St
- Levy, Charles, E. & Co. Merchants St James' St
- Levy, Charles E. residence Dalhousie Place

- Leek, Charles, Trader Près.de-Ville
- Lewis, Thos. Tavern Champlain St
- Lespérance, J. Advocate St Joseph St
- Léveque, Baker 26 St Famille St
- Lepper, Paul, St Charles St brewery
- Lamontagne, M. Watch Maker 11 St John St
- Larue, J. B. 19 St Anne St
- Laflamme, M. Tailor, 15 Palace St
- L'Hôtel-Dieu, Palace St
- Leggo, W. A. Copper-plate printer St Anne St
- Legro, Alex. Shop-Keeper, 59 St John St
- Leslie, Henry, 10 St Joseph St
- Lemieux, L. Book-Binder 2 Cazerne St
- Lortie, Jean, Shoe-Maker 15 St Flavien St
- Lefebvre, Jos. Craig St. St Roch
- Lepper, W. Agent &c. St Andrews Wharf lesidence 4 St Flavien St
- Lee, T. C. Merchant Wellington Wharf residence Colbornville, Hare-point
- Lemieux, Frs. Advocate 29 Buade St
- Leslie, Wm. Tavern St. Antoine Street.
- Lionais, Olivier, Musical Instrument maker 31 Des Prairies St
- Lilliot, J. Turner, baker 22 Fabrique St
- Linch, Stephen, Ottawa Hotel, Sault-au-Matelot St
- Lindsay & Lemoine, Notaries 46 St Peter St
- Lindsay, E. B. Haldimand St
- Lissons, L. J. 44 St Anne St
- Lilly, John, Tailor 27 Buade St
- Lill, John, Boarding House St Peter St
- Loughran, Thomas, Tavern Sous-le-Fort St
- Lowndes J. J. Merchant St Paul St. residence Mount-Pleasant
- Logie, D. Post Office Dept. 223 St Valier St
- Louis, Jos. Boot and Shoe Maker 17 St John St
- Long, John, Tavern and Stevedore 51 Champlain St
- Lloyd, T. W. 28 St Stanislas St
- Lloyd & Lepper, Brewers St Charles St Brewery
- Luke Brothers, Blacksmith Champlain St
- Lyons, A. Tobacconist 2 St John St.
- Lynch, John, Tavern, Sous-le-Fort St
- Lynch, M. Tavern, St Paul St

Laing, Mrs. 9 Des Grissons St Laird, John Bark dept. 55 St Joachim St Larose, Jos. Mason 15 D'Artigny St Lépine, Madame Jos. St Ursule St Lépine, Madame Jean 34 St Ursule St Lefrançois, Madame shopkeeper 10 Laval St Laing, John Teacher St John St without Laufesty, H. & T. Grocers 161 St John St without Lapointe, Régiste Joiner 45 St John St without Laberge, F. Trader 65 St John St without Lortie, Alexis Coach maker 72 St John St without Lacroix, Louis 134 St John St without Laroche, F. Carpenter 117 St John St without Labarre, F. X. Tavern 134 St John St without Le Lacheur, John Grocer 175 St John St without Lépine, Oliver Grocer 18 St Michael St М Massue, Hon Louis St Joseph St Macauley, S. Mercht. Arthur St. residence Des Grissons St Maitland, R. F. Merchant Spencer Cove Malouin, L. B. Furrier & Fancy bark work 70, St John St. Malouin, F. X. Master Mason, Marble and Stone Cutter 8 King St. St Roch's Maguire, H. Tavern 15 Garden St Maguire, John Advocate 61 St Louis St Matte, A. S. Grocer, &c. St Peter St Maxham, A. J. Auctioneer, &c. St Peter St. residence 10 Rampart St Maxwell, Robt. 220 St Vallier St Mathers, Jno. Saddler 7 St Nicholas St Macnider, A. Dry Goods merchant 19 Fabrique St May, W. E. Gardener Grande Allée, St Louis Road Martyn, John junr. Chronometer & Watch maker, and Na. turalist 60 St Peter St Mailloux, Louis Milkman 41 St John St without Malone, Miss Teacher 4 Cazerne St Malouin, Rémi Mason 156 D'Aiguillon St Matte, E. Mason 122 D'Aiguillon St Matte, A. Mason 123 D'Aiguillon St Matte, Grégoire Dry Goods 13 St John St without

Marticotte, H. pilot 14 St John St without

- Masse, Ed. Trader 98 St John St without
- Martin, H. Grocer 51 St Eustache St
- Marcotte, J. Bte. Carpenter 5 St Gabriel St
- Mailloux, F Carter 25 Couillard St
- Martin, R. Glocer Champlain St
- Maltyn, ----- Senr. Watch and Clock maker, St Peter St.
- Masson, Langevin, & Co. Merchants St Peter St
- MacCullock, Commissariat Dept. Mansion House St George's St
- Macpherson, L. T. Notary St Peter St
- Marmett, J. Pilot 1 St Famille St
- Marceau, E. Binder Treasure St
- Maheux, Etienne Tavern & Pastry Cook 16 Couillard St
- Magill J. Saddler 17 St John St
- MacKennon, John Merchant Arthur St
- Mackie Revd Geo. St Ursule St
- Mariners Chapel, Champlain St
- Mason, Asst. Com. Genl. Palace St
- Meriam, Richd. Ottawa Hotel Sault au Matelot St
- Methot, Chinic & Co. Hardware merchants foot Mountain Street
- Methot, F. X. 3 La Porte St, Cape
- Meredith, R. Trader 9 St Geneviève St
- Meyer, W. B. Auctioncer &c. St Flavien St. Office Saultau-Matelot St
- Melrose, D. Globe Inn 308 Champlain St
- Mercier, D. Furrier corner of Palace St
- Meiklejohn, Jas. Montreal Bank, residence Charlesbourg Road
- Military Hospital, St Louis St
- Millar, Alex. Grocer 160 St John St without
- Military Asylum, 8 Coteau Ste Geneviève
- Milligan, Miss Dress maker 201 St John St without
- Miller, J. M. 26 St Ursule St
- Mimee, F. Tipstaff 38 St Ann St
- Michon, E. & Co. Hardware store 12 St Peter St
- Middleton, R. Printer 2 St Geneviève St
- Millar, Morton J. St Ursule St
- Millar, John Furniture Broker 16 Garden St
- Miller, J. W. Globe Hotel St Peter St
- Mills, Wm. Confectioner 4 St Flavien St

- Milroy, John, St James St
- Milliken, Asst. Com. Genl. St Oliver St without St John's Gate.
- Michaud, Flavien Dry Goods 8 St Nicholas St
- Millar, M. Grocer Champlain St
- Millar, Alex. 160 Grocer St John St without
- Millar, Mw. 65 Champlain St
- Milligan, F. H. G. Piano Forte manufacturer 7 Couillard St
- Mountain, G. J. His Lordship the Bishop of Montreal, Rectory
- Moffet, E. Grocer 125 St John St without
- Mountain, M. G. Grocer 13 Fabrique St
- Morand, Jno. Mason 29 St Eustache St
- Morison, M. Joiner 29 Artillery St
- Mondor, Joach. 182 St John St without
- Mountain, Jos. Tailor 9 St John St without
- Moore, F. Joiner 2 Dauphine St
- Morrin, Dr. 3 St George's St
- Morgan, R. Tavern 20 St Joseph St
- Morgan, T. Dry Goods 9 Mountain St
- Morkill & Blight, Hardware merchants 20 Fabrique St
- Moore, Grainger & Co. merchants 3 Sault au Matelot St
- Montreal Fire Assurance Office Hunts Wharf, J. G. Irvine, Agent
- Montreal Bank (Quebec Branch) Arthur St
- Montizambert, È. L. Advocate 34 St Ann St
- Morgan, David Tailor St George's St
  - Moody, M. Importer of Dry Goods 36 St John St
  - Motz, J. 22 St Louis St
  - Molt, J. Music master 23 St Famille St
  - Murray, Hugh provision merchant, St Peter St residence Mountain St
  - Murray, Denis Clerk Lower Town market, residence 2 Buade St
  - Murphy, Thos. Plasterer 23 St Stanislas St
  - Murray, Miss Dress maker 6 St Flavien St
  - Munro, Walter Tavern Mount Pleasant
  - Munn, Geo. Butcher 22 St Michael St
- Munro, W. Lumber merchant New London Cove
- Musson, John Chemist & Druggist 4 Buade St

- Moffet, Thos. Butcher 21 St John St without
- Munn, John Ship Builder Grant St St Roch
- Muckle, J. M. Ship Chandler St Peter St
- Mure, J. Writer Prothonotary's Office Court House
- Muir, G. M. 1 St Famille St
- Murison & Tobin, merchants Arthur St
- Murison, Andw. 15 St Geneviève St
- McAdams, Hugh Confectioner 180 St John St without
- McGarvey, P. Grocer St Eustache St
- Melrose, E. ship chandler Champlain St
- Mc Innelly, O. messenger 62 St Louis St
- McNeil, Mrs. 15 Ste Famille St
- McGie, Dan. Merchant 6 St Stanislas St
- McMahon, Revd. Mr. 4 St Stanislas St
- McCaw, T. & Co. Merchants 28 St Peter St
- McCaw, T. residence Clifton Cottage Point Levi
- McAllister, W. Carver & Gilder 26 St John St without
- McGrath, W. Horse dealer 2 St François St Cape
- McMaster, W. Clock & Watch maker 46 St John St
- McKay, W. & J. house, sign & decorative Painters, Garden St
- McLeod Donald, Grocer 7 Canoterie
- McDonald, Jas. Grocer 15 Canoterie
- McDonald, Geo. Grocer 23 St Paul St
- McDonald, Alex. Boot & Shoe maker 38 St John St
- Macmahon, P. Grocer 247 Champlain St
- McDonald, R. Office of Le Canadien
- McCatthy, D. 22 St Joseph St
- McKenzie, Jas. Cabinet maker 5 St Joachim St
- McLaughlin, Thos. Teacher 9 Couillard St
- McDonald, C. Painter & Glazier, &c. 13 St Louis St
- McLimont, R. Merchant 62 St Peter St
- McKenzie, Jas. Steamboat Office 62 St Peter St
- McPhee, Jos. Culler St Michaels Cove
- McKee, J. Dentist 44 St Ann St
- McCallum, Danl. 45 St Ann St
- McGlory, D. Tavern 17 Garden St
- McLeod, John Grocer, &c. 18 Fabrique St
- McDonald & Logans, Paper makers St Paul St
- McConkey, E. Baker Prince Edward St
- McTavish, W. Advocate 4 Haldimand St

- McGillis, Roderick Culler 38 Artillery St
- McCallum, Duncan St Roch's Brewery, residence near Montcalm Battery
- McLean, Alex. London Coffee House Cul de Sac
- McGobrick, Jos. Butcher Champlain St
- McQuilkan & Henry, Brass & Iron Founders 44 Champlain St
- McKenzie, Jas. H. B. C. 6 St Geneviève St
- McCord, Mr. Justice 13 St George St
- McAlpine, W. Timber Broker Cape Cove
- McMaugh, Arch. Blacksmith Champlain St
- McNally, Miss Dress maker 62 St Louis St
- McGregor, Mrs. Mary, Palace St

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- Naval Office, Custom House St Peter St
- Naval Officer,-----
- Nast, Fred. Sausage maker and Pork butcher 173 St John St without
- Nash, John Trader 38 St John St without
- Nault, J. Z. Dr. 7 St François St
- Newton, Mrs. Mount Pleasant
- Newton, W. J. Customs & Ship Agent, 25 St Peter St
- Newton, S. Quebec Bank, residence 1 St Stanislas St
- Neilson, John Hon. 24 St Stanislas St
- Neilson, John junr. 11 St Geneviève St
- Neilson, W. Quebec Gazette (established 1764) 19 Mountain St
- Neilson, W. Printer Bookseller & Stationer 19 Mountain St
- Nichole, L. H. Fabrique St
- Nicholson, John Ship builder Point Levi
- Noad, H. J. Merchant Mount Pleasant
- Noad, Mrs. Mount Pleasant
- Noad, H. J. & Co. Merchants St Paul St
- Nolan, John Butcher St Andrews Wharf

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- O'Connor, H. Grocer 27 St John St & 13 St Paul St
- O'Connell, Jos. Lumber shipper Woodfield harbour
- O'Doud, D. Auctioneer Sous le fort St
- Oliver, T. H. Ship Builder St James' St residence Prince Edward St St Roch
- Oliver, E. & J. E. do do do do

- Orkney, J. H. 66 St John St without
- O'Sullivan, Michl. Ginger Beer dealer 20 St John St without
- O'Leary, M. Tailor 195 St John St without
- Oliver, T. ship builder Molson's wharf Champlain St
- Orkney, R. & Co. 30 St Peter St
- O'Brien, Hugh Tavern 18 Lacroix St
- O'Meara, J. P. 2 St Stanislas St
- Orel, C. Butcher St Andrews Wharf
- Orel, L. Butcher St Andrews Wharf
- Owen, H. & R. Piano forte makers 8 St Flavien St
- Ouellet, Fabien Notary St Nicolas St
- O'Brien, W. Cooper &c. Près de Ville

## P

- Paradis, F. X. Merchant 21 Craig St., St. Roch
- Patterson, Andw. Merchant, Haldimand St
- Patterson, Young & Co. Merchants Des Sœurs St
- Patterson, Peter Merchant, St James St & Montmorency falls
- Patterson, W. Grocer 12 Notre Dame St
- Parant, F. J. Mercht. 221 St Valier St
- Parrott, A. Brass Founder 14 Sault-au-Matelot St
- Patterson, J. Grocer 11 St Nicholas St
- Patton, Wm. Merchant Gibb's Wharf, residence 5 St Denis St
- Patton, H. N. Merchant Pattons Cove Point Levi
- Parr, Dy. Ass. Com. Genl. Clapham Terrace
- Painchaud, Dr. Palace St
- Parant, Revd. A. Superior, Seminary
- Parent, Dr. J. 5 St George St
- Parent, Ant. Arch. Notary St Joseph St
- Parant, Ant. Amb. Notary St Joseph St
- Palmer, Saml. Artist Albion Hotel
- Parkhill, J. Painter 5 St Helen St
- Parker, John Office of the Peace, residence 2 des Grissons St
- Parkin, J. B. Advocate St Louis St
- Parnel, Mrs. Straw Bonnet maker St Joachim St
- Panet, Hon. Mr. Justice, 37 St Ursule St
- Payne, Thos. Hotel Place d'Armes
- Parke, G. H. & Co. Merchants, India Wharf residence Ringfield
- 4

Parke, Andw. Merchant River dale Cottage Pageau, C. Dry Goods 66 St John St Painguet, M. 5 Ste Famille St Place, Mrs. 1 Rampart St Pageau, F. Carpenter 12 St Oliver St Parent, Jos. Trader 42 St Joseph St Patry, Jean Joiner 4 Rampart St Parant, Jos. Trader 178 St John St without Pacquet, Andw. Sculptor 13 Couillard St Pâquet, Pierre Martin Culler St Joseph St, St Roch Papps, Mrs. midwife 18 Couillard St Pelletier, A Grocer 57 St Paul St. Peikersgill, Tibbets & Co. Merchts. Tibbets Cove Pearcy, Robt. Hatter 4 Aiguillon St Petitclair, Jas. Tailor 20 St John St without Pelletier & Fréchette, Dry Goods Sous-le-Fort St Pemberton, Brothers, Merchants St Peter St Pemberton, Hon. George D'Auteuil St Pemberton, Hy. Merchant Sillery Cove Petry, W. Merchant L'Ance des Mères Petry, F. 11 Couillard St Perrault, F. X. 20 Mount Carmel St Perrault, J. O. E. Advocate 7 Haldimand St Pentland, J. J. C. Advocate Garden St Pentland, Wm. Timber Broker-Belvedire Road Pellison, O. Pastry Cook 15 Palace St Penn, Richd. 7 D'Auteuil St Petitclaire, Jos Notary St John St Peverley, John Butcher & Tallow Chandler, Près de Ville Pelletier, Madame 2 St Angel St Penney, Wm. Book Keeper, 6 Ste Famille St Picard, Miss Tailoress 2 St Paul St Pirrie, J. C. & Co. Merchants Dalhousie St Pirrie, J. C. Merchant 5 St Geneviève St Pierce, M. Portrait painter 7 St Joseph St Pritchard, Lieut. Col. 4 Dauphine St Pichette, F. X. Carriage maker 171 d'Aiguillon St Pitt, Chas. Cabinet maker St John St Pinkerton, H. Ship Chandler 53 St Peter St Pozer, Geo. St John St Poncy, Miss Boarding house, Lower Town market place

Poston, Chas. Grocer Wine & Spirit merchant St Peter St Power, Mr. Justice St Louis St Poston, E. & W. Grocers &c. Notre Dame St Poston, Thos. Grocer &c. 25 Buade St. Porter, John Secty. Turnpike trust, Office Arthur St Porter, John Medowbank Carouge Road Pouilliot, B. Pilot 3 Couillard St Podd, Thos. 9 St George St Porter, Thos. shoemaker 252 Champlain St Powell, Denis Tailor 11 Sous le Fort St Pope, Thos. 18 Ste Geneviève St Porter, Jas. Blacksmith 27 St George St Poston, Wm. 3 St Geneviève St Poole, Jas. Issuer 38 St Ann St Protestant Chapel, (J. Hale) St Joachim St Porter, Jos. Bell hanger St Stanislas St Post Office, Place d'Armes Puffer, Mrs. 3 St Angel St. Pye, John Brass founder, 21 St Ursule St Pvc, Misses Milliners & Dress makers, 59 St John St Phillips, John Architect & Builder 5 Des Grissons St Phillips, Chas. Plumber, &c. 11 Garden St Place, T. Advocate 29 Buade St. Plamondon, Antoine Artist Garden St Plamondon, L. junr. Advocate Plamondon, J. P. Advocate 4 St Ann St Plamondon, L. Dry Goods St John St Plunket, Walter Gocer 67 St John St without Plamondon, P. Bailiff 11 St Ann St Phillips, S. Classical School 13 D'Auteuil St Phillips, Wm. Flour Inspector Rue des Sœurs St Proudley, Mrs. St Lawrence Hotel St Peter St Provan, Alex. Ship Chandler 63 St Peter St Provan, John Confectioner 3 St Ann St Primrose, Hon, F. W. Advocate 3 Des Carrière St Prendergast, Edwd. St Oliver St. Prendergast, James 24 St Angel St Prevost, Louis, Notary St Roch Pratt & Brothers, Merchants St Peter St Pratt, C. F. 30 St Ursule St Potts & Wright, Saddlers 41 St Louis St

Provancal, Jean shop keeper St John St Planté, M. 14 St Joseph St Price, W. & Co. Merchants St Peter St Price, Wm. residence St Louis Road Prendergast, Jos. Côteau St Geneviève, St John subs. Police Station Houses, St Peter St; Castle of St Louis Jesuit Barracks Proulx, F. shopkeeper 5 St Flavien St Quebec Fire Assurance Office, Bank buildings St Peter St Quebec Bank, St Peter St Quebec Forwarding Company, Gibbs Wharf Quebec Mechanics Institute, Parliament Buildings Quebec Board of Trade, Exchange Buildings Quebec Exchange, Arthur St Quebec Literary & Historical Society and Museum, Parliament House Quebec Library Association, Parliament House Quebec Bar Association, Chambers, Court House Quebec Turnpike Trust, Office Arthur St Quebec High-School, St Denis St Quebec Gazette (Neilsons) Office Mountain St Quebec Official Gazette, Office Mountain St Quebec Mercury Office, Cary, & Co. Buade St Quebec Canadian Office, Mountain St Quebec Journal Office, Clouets Buildings Quebec L'Artisan Office, Garden St Quebec Castor & Fantasque Office, Couillard St Quebec Berean Office, Stanleys' Buade St Quebec Freeman's Journal, Office St Peter St Quirouet, F. Distiller St Paul St Quin, John Tailor Mountain St Quin, Phillip, Collector 7 Ancien Chantier St Rae, Danl. Plasterer St Angel St Racey, John Beauport Ray, Hy. Shoemaker 17 St John St Racey's Brewery, St Paul St Ray, Martin Tobacconist & Grocer 342 Champlain St Ramsay, W. Cooper Bell's Lane Rickaby, John Trader 27 St John St without

- Remi, Phillip, Baker 208 St John St do
- Reynar, Geo. Shoemaker 210 St John St do
- Rae, T. Asst. Comy. Genl. Clapham Terrace
- Read, G. H. Staff Surgeon 14 Lachevrotierre St
- Read, Mrs. Dry Goods 8 Palace St
- Read, Thos. 52 St John St
- Rees, Evan Rope maker 6 Henderson St
- Reid, Mrs. 3 d'Auteuil St
- Rennie, J. Engraver 5 St Ann St
- Renfit, P. N. Furrier 202 St John St without
- Reynar, Jas. Reynar's Buildings 35 Champiain St
- Registry Office for the District of Quebec, Parliamen House
- Richardson, P. G. St Michael's Cove
- Richardson, Mrs. 12 D'Auteuil St
- Richardson, Robt. Boot & Shoe maker 33 St John St
- Richard, H C. Trader 5 Mountain St
- Richardson, Osboine Tanner & Leather merchant St Vallier St
- Rich. A. Ord. Dept.
- Rickaby, Wm. Cabinet maker 65 St John St without
- Rhéaume, Jac. Advocate St. Valier St
- Robeson, D. Sail maker, Sault au Matelot St
- Roy, W. H. Merchant 12 St George St
- Roberts, Abr. Grocer, 44 St Louis St
- Robertson, Alexr. Grocer 19 St John St
- Roullard, Chas. Butcher St Andrews Wharf
- Roy, Vital Blacksmith St Valier St
- Roy, B. Dry Goods 10 Fabrique St
- Roy. S. Dry Goods 7 Fabrique St
- Rowley, Dr. 16 Palace St
- Ross, John Grocer 7 Ste Famille St
- Ross, John Merchant Commercial Chambers
- Ross, John residence St Louis St
- Ross, Wm. Legislative Assembly, residence 8 St George St St John suburbs
- Ross, David Advocate 117 St Olivier St
- Ross, D. Iron Foundery Canoterie St
- Ross, Dunbar Advocate 2 Parloir St
- Ross, Mrs. 25 Palace St
- Ross, Mrs. 18 Rampart St

- Robitaille, Alexis, Tinsmith &c. 54 St Eustache St
- Robitaille, J. Hardware Store St John St without
- Robitaille Edwin Tin Smith 10 D'Aiguillon St
- Robitaille, F. Baker 41 St George St
- Robitaille, Jos. Dry Goods 1 & 2 St John St without.
- Robitaille, F. X. Trader 162 St John St without
- Robitaille, F. 187 St John St do.
- Routier, P. Baker 16 St John St do
- Robertson, Mrs. Boarding House 4 D'Auteuil St
- Roy, M. Tavern 135 St John St without
- Routier, P. Baker 16 St John St do
- Roy, Madame 46 St Anne St
- Roy, T. Dry Goods 13 St John St
- Robeson, Mrs. Milliner 21 Palace St
- Rowbottom, John 8 St Joachim St
- Roberge, Germain Dry Goods 26 St John St
- Rogers, Robt. Mason 157 D'Aiguillon St
- Russell, W G. Ship Builder 32 St Paul St
- Routier, Charles Watch-maker 10 Mountain St
- Rheaume, F X. Dry Goods 3 Notre Dame St
- Rheaume, P. Dry Goods 9 St Peter St
- Roberts, R. Merchant 38 St Peter St residence 7 St Ann St
- Rousseau, Dr. Ed. St François St St Roch
- Russell, Willis Albion Hotel Palace St
- Russell, Azro Albion Hotel Palace St
- Russell, H. J. 38 St Ursule St
- Russell, R. H. Chief of Police 1 Mountain St
- Russell, Dr. 1 Mountain St
- Ruthven, W. Bookbinder 4 St Ursule St
- Rusk, W. Tailor St Flavien St
- Ryland, G. H. Registrar, Office Parliament Buildings
- Ryan Brothers, Merchants 38 St Peter St
- Ryan, E. St Ann St
- Ryan, John Agent Steamer Charlevoix, Napoleon Whart residence Mountain St

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Saurin, J. J Carriage maker 41 St Ann St Saurin, F. Carriage maker 20 St John St Sausville, François silver smith Mountain St Sauvageau, M. Notary Bas Bijou

- Sauvageau, C. Professor of Music 114 St Oliver St
- Savings Bank, Quebec bank buildings St Peter St
- Savard, Jos. Carriage maker Richelieu St
- Sax, Mrs. 22 St Stanislas St
- Savard, Jos. Barber 137 St John St without
- Sewell, John 1 St Helen St
- Sewell, Revd. E. St Ursule St
- Sewell, Revd. H. St Louis St
- Sewell, Wm. Sheriff 8 D'Auteuil St
- Sewell, Dr. 10 St Ursule St
- Sewell, Mrs. St Louis St
- Seguin, F. Dr. 212 St John St without
- Semple & Stewart Victuallers & Tallow Chandlers, Diamond Harbour & 6 & 7 St Andrews Wharf
- monu Harbour & 0 & 7 St Andrews
- Secretan, Chas. Mount Pleasant
- Secretan, Chas. Junr. 8 Couillard St
- Sewell, Montague, St Louis St
- Senkler, Revd. E. J. St François St Cape
- Sims, J. J. Chemist & Druggist Fabrique St.
- Sirois, A. B. Notary 2 Couillard St
- Simpson, Alex. St Peter St. Montreal Bank Buildings
- Simon, F. W. Dry Goods, 25 Fabrique St
- Soulard, ——Advocate, Napoléon Wharf
- Symes, Robt. Palace St.
- Symes, G. B. Mercht. St Peter St. residence St Ursule St
- Schouten, P. St Nicholas St
- Scott, Geo. Confectioner 54 St John St
- Schlueps, Adam, Importer of Wines &c. Garden St. Vaults St James' St
- Scott, Jas. Culler D'Artigny St
- Scott, H. S. Hardware Mercht. 24 Fabrique St
- Scott, Wm. Prince of Wales Hotel St John St
- Scott, Stewart, Advocate 27S tFamille St
- Scott, H. E. Steam-Boat Agent Gibbs Wharf,
- Scott, Michl. Flour Dealer, Henderson St. St. Paul's Market
- Scott, R. Teacher 1 Aiguillon St
- Shaw, J. & Co. Hardware Merchants St John St and Sous le Fort St
- Shaw & Torrance, Grocery, Wine and Spirit Merchts. Notre Dame St

- Shaw, R. 8 Des Carrières St
- Sheppard, Honole. W. Woodfield
- Sheppard, Charles Mercht. Woodfield
- Sheppard, Maxfield & Co. Merchts St Paul St
- Sheppard, Peter, Auctioneer 16 Mount Carmel St
- Shea, P. Tailor Notre Dame St
- Sharples, Charles 32 St Anne St
- Skillin, Andrw. Cellarman 6 Canotterie
- Sharples, Wainwright & Co. Merchts. [near St Andrew's Wharf
- Steuart, David, R. Mercht. 26 St Peter St. residence 10 D'auteuil St
- Stuart, Geo. O. Advocate St Anne St
- Stuart, Bart. Sir James, St Ursule St
- Stuart, Andrew, Advocate, Office Sault-au-Matelot St. residence St Louis St
- Stewart, Houble. John, 10 St Louis St
- Stewart, Charles, Merchant Wellington Wharf
- Stewart, Charles, G. St. Foy road
- Stevenson, W. Merchant 38 St Peter St. residence 23 St Geneviève St
- Stevenson, Michel, Mercht. Union Cove
- Stanley, Gilbert, Stationer & Printer 15 Buade St
- Stanley, W. Stationer 9 St John St. without
- Strang, Mrs. St John St. without, near the Burying Ground
- St. Pierre, Charles Carpenter 185 St John St without
- St Pierre, Ed. Trader 190 St John St do
- Stoppleben, Jos. Tavern, Buade St
- Stansfield, Dr. R. Mount Carmel St
- Stillman, R. Boot & Shoe Maker 9 Mountain St
- St Laurent, J. B. Cabinet Maker, Côte d'Abraham
- Smith, Chas. Senr. River St Charles
- Smith, J. R. Advocate 1 St Louis St
- Smith, D. S. Grocer St. Famille St.
- Smith Alex. Boot & Shoe Maker Champlain St
- Smith, John Butcher St Andrew's Wharf.
- Smith, T. Staff Surgeon St Ursule St.
- Smiths & McGie Merchts. Hunts Wharf
- Smith, Honble. W. St Louis St
- Smith, Hy. Hair-dresser 10 St John St without
- Smith, Geo. Cabinet Maker, 180 St John St. without

- Smeaton, Alex. Tailor 33 St John St
- Spiers, A. Butcher Upper-Town Market, 313 St François St St Roch
- Sutherland, John 4 Rampart St
- T Taylor, Geo. Patent Slip Point Levi
- Taylor, G. S. Saddler 15 St John St
- Tanswell, S. J. 3 Dauphine St
- Taschereau, J. J. Advocate 66 St Louis St
- Taschereau, J. A. Advocate St Louis St
- Tanguay, Madme. Tailoress 6 St Georges St
- Teed, John Merchant Tailor 338 Champlain St and 4 Mountain St
- Tessier, V. Hair Dresser St Ann St
- Têtu, Vital Merchant Sous le fort St, residence La porte St Cape
- Tessier, Ulric Jos. Advocate Garden St
- Temple, Major 15 St Ursule St
- Tibbets, Jas. Merchant St Louis St
- Tims, W. 13 St François St
- Todd, R. C. Herald, Sign and Ornamental painter Couil-
- Tourangeau, Jean G. Advocate St Vallier St
- Turgeon, Chas. Merchant St Paul St residence Ste Famille St
- Trudeau, E. Overseer of Chimnies 10 St Flavien St
- Tremain, Benj. St Louis Heights
- Tremain, J. E. Merchant St Paul St
- Trudelle, J. P. Notary 6 Parloir St
- Trudelle, M. Watch maker 19 St John St
- Trinity House, 46 St Peter St
- Trepannier, P. Builder Aiguillon St
- Thielkie, A. F. Advocate Haldimand St
- Thielkie, H. D. Artist Haldimend St
- Thompson, John Merchant Commercial Chambers residence D'Auteuil St

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- Thompson, F. C. B. Merchant St Paul St
- Tweddell, Jas. Iron Foundery Champlain St
- Thom, Jas. Teacher 46 St John St
- Thom, W. Teacher St Anne St
- Turnbull, Jos. 1 Palace St

- Tardif, Jos. Agent, Court House
- Todd, Mrs. Dress Maker Fabrique St
- Trampleasure, Jos. Teacher 8 Angel St
- Trudelle, Amb. Notary 27 St Anne St
- Tanguay, H. General Agent 14 St Famille St. residence St John St
- Tessier, M. 10 St John St without
- Thomas, David Sadler 13 Garden St
- Torrance, John St Foy Road
- Torrance, Andrw Notre Dame St
- Turcott, Nar. Watch Maker 59 St Peter St
- Tremain, Winkworth Mercht. 25 St Paul St
- Tremain, J. E. do. 84 do
- Tessier, M. Issuer, Wood Yard, 15 Nicholas S
- Thiberge, André 54 St Peter St
- Turner, Geo. Tinsmith 18 Mountain St
- Tiemblay, Jos. Dry Goods 21 Mountain St
  - . .
- Usborne, G. W. Merchant St James St

Urquhart, Miss Dress Maker 1 D'aiguillon St

Valleau, W. B. Merchant Tailor 11 Buade St

- Vallière, J. O. Cabinet, Chair & Varnish manufacturer 222 St Valier St
- Vanderheyden, John Tavern 60 St Paul St
- Vanfelson, Geo. Advocate 57 St Louis St
- Vaillancour, F. X. Notary Couillard St
- Von Exter, John H. Advocate 12 St Stanislas St
- Vohl, Benj. Optician 7 St John St
- Vocelle, Augt. 19 St Nicholas St
- Vannovous, Mrs. Tavern Upper-Town Market Place
- Voyer, Louis Coach builder 61 St John St without
- Voyer, Jacques Notary 14 St Eustache St
- Voyer, Made. 2 St Joachim St
- Villeneuve, J. Bte. Grocer 78 St John St without
- Vézina, Jacques Carpenter 42 D'Aiguillon St
- Vézina, Thos. Painter 81 St John St without
- Verret, A. Coach Maker 25 St George St
- Vermette, Paul Joiner 26 St George St
- Verret, Aug. Baker St George St
- Verret, T. Trader 25 St Joachim St
- Wait, Revd. W. La Chevrotière St

- Wade, Ed. Clock & Watch maker 14 Mountain St
- Watt, John Dr. Dentist and Oculist 30 St Louis St
- Walton, J. Bricklayer St Valier St
- Wakefield, Chas. Dalhousie Place
- Walker, Wm. Merchant India Wharf, residence St Ursule St
- Walker, Hy. Grocery & Tavern, Lower Town Market Place
- Ware, Wm. Surveyor Little River
- Wadman, W. Tavern 24 Buade St
- Weston, Hy. Mount Pleasant
- Welch, H. W. Merchant St Peter St. residence Parloir St
- Welch, A. D. St Peter St
- Weipert, F. Dry Goods 68 St John St
- West, David Watch maker 27 St John St
- Wilkie, Revd. Dr. Galden St
- Wilkie, Junr. David Teacher Dalhousie Place
- Woolsey, J. W. Merchant St Stanislas St
- Woolsey, J. St Stanislas St
- Wood, J B. Tailor St John St without
- Woolrich, E. P. Dry Good Merchant 73 St Jonh St
- Wood, Robt. 13 Nt Ursule St
- Wood & Gray, Timber Merchants St Michael's Cove Woodbury, E. Tin, Copper & Iron Worker, 6 Fabrique St
- Wolff, Dr. Champlain St
- Whitham, P. Surgical Instrument maker & Cutler 36 St Ann St
- Wheatley, J. Stationer 26 Mountain St and Garden St
- White, M. Boot & Shoe maker 16 Buade St
- White, W. St Vallier St
- White, Mrs. St Ursule St
- White, Douglass & Co. Merchants St James St
- White, Mrs. India Rubber shoes &c. Palace St
- Wilson, J. T. Quebec Bank, residence Garden St
- Wright, Chas. Grocer 10 St Peter St
- Wilson, W. Palace St
- Wilson, W. S. Ship Chandler Près de Ville
- Wilson, J. Grocer &c. 18 Buade St
- Wilson, John Tavern & Shipping Office 8 St Peter St
- Wilton, Misses Dress makers 20 St Ursule St

- Wilson, W. Tailor 29 Buade St
- Williams, -- Ship Chandler Cul de Sac
- Wyse, F. 11 Palace St
- Wyse, S. F. & Co. Importers of Jewellery & Musical Instruments 11 Palace St
- Wurtele, C. & W. & Co. Merchants St Paul St
- Wurtele, C. St Valier St
- Wurtele, J. St Ursule St
- Walker, Archld. Tavern 1 Henderson St
- Windsor, Leonard Mercht. 17 St Peter St & Point Lévy
- Watt, John Agent 4 Laport St Cape
- Ward, Lieut. Col. R. E. St Louis Heights
- Watts, Jas. Eng. Dept. 48 Artillery St
- Wells, N. Carpenter 7 St. John St
- Whittaker, Miss Teacher Berthelot St
- Wesleyan Centenary Chapel Artillery St
- Wright, Samuel Shoe Maker 11 St John St without
- Worthington, John Shoe Maker 180 St John St without

Y

- Yarwood, S. Agent, Mount-Pleasant
- Young, R. A. Notary 20 Sault-au-Matelot St
- Young, T. A. St. Louis Heights
- Young, Mrs. Confectioner 40 St Anne St
- Young, Robt. Supert. of Pilots 37 St Paul St
- Young, Andrew, residence St Geneviève St

# Suplementary List.

Allen, Thos. Hair Dresser 45 St John St. Archer, Jas. Builder 1 D'aiguillon St. Allard, Jos. Grocer 62 St P ul St Alain, M. Coach-Maker 68 St John St without Andrews, David, Turner 3 St Vallier St Amiot, Thomas, Advocate 8 Garden St Armand, Jean, Tanner 1 St Vallier St Asile des Orphelins Catholic 182 D'Aiguillon St Atkinson, Thos. Tavern 27 St Charles St Β. Baldwin, Henry, Mast, Pump & Block Maker 47 Champlain St Benson W. I. C. Merchant, 38 St. Peter St. residence 10 St Geneviève St. Bailey Jos. Carver & Gilder 21 St Stanislas St Bates, R. Tailor Mountain St Bacquet, Made 9 Laval St Barnes, John, Painter 6 St Helène St Barbeau, Ignace, Painter 52 St Joachim St Barbeau, Jos. Shoe Maker 149 St John St without Belleau, Antoine, Baker 111 St John St do Bertrand, H. Blacksmith 44 St John St do Borland, Revd. John, 23 St Anne St Bowles, Thos. Piano-forte Manufat. 11 St Stanilas St Bourré, Henry, 3 Rampart St Bourn, M. Grocer 54 St John St without Burrage W. Commissart: 7 St George St. St John Subs. Boomer, John, Cabinet Maker St George St do Boulton, Jas. Montreal Bank, residence St Louis Heights Blaiklock, Geo. Architect, Bandon Lodge St Louis Gate Burrell, R. P. Quebec Bank, residence De Salaberry St Beland, F. Carpenter 26 Artillery St Brown, P. Carpenter 58 St John St without Blight, John, Ord. Dep. 5 Coteau St Geneviève Bailes, John, Shop Keeper 8 Canoterie Boswell, John, Brewer St Paul St. residence 20 Canoterie Blagdon, E. Grocer 5 Henderson St Bedard, J. B. Spruce Beer Manuf. St Paul St

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Bennett, W, 229 St Vallier St Belanger J. Tinsmith 4 St Nicholas St Bethel, J. Shoe Maker 6 do Black, Junr. Geo. Ship Builder Près-de-Ville Birch, John, Notary 11 St Peter's St Bell, R. C. Mercht, 48 St Peter St Bouchard, Chas. 12 Mountain St Blais, Louis, Blacksmith 21 Mountain St Bruneau, M. Justice 13 Ste Geneviève St D. Campeau, P. Dry Goods 194 St John St without Cartwright, Joseph, Cabinet Maker 16 St John St do Campbell, C. Merchant St Louis Road Cauchon, Jos. Advocate 87 St John St Cassells, Robt. B N A Bank St Peter St Calvin, John, Carter 16 St Louis St Chateauvert, H. Trader 159 St John St without Chateauvert, P. Mason 16 St Joachim St Corbin, F. Joiner, 9 St. Jacques St Curry, Thos. Merchant residence St Louis Road Coffin, Miss, 42 St Louis St Connolly, P. Blacksmith 20 D'artigny St Corneil, Caleb, Shoe Maker 195 St John St without Cosgrove, M. Dress Maker 13 St Ann St D Daly, Mrs. Grocer 90 Champlain St Daikers, B. residence 73 St John St Darveau, Greg. Painter, 155 D' Aiguillon St Darveau, Jacques, Grocer St Oliver St Davies, W. H. 32 St Ursule St Delanaudiere, Dlle, Marg. 20 St Louis St Denis, Aug. Sadler 7 St John St without Denis, Dlle. Victorine, Dry Goods 200 St John St without Dussault, F. Shoe Maker 173 St John St do Devlin, P. Watch Maker, Notre Dame St. Dénéchaud, Madm. 44 St Ursule St Dupont, W. D. 15 La Chevrotière St Duplessis, Miss, 11 St Stanislas St Duval, Jno. Jac. 4 St George St, St John Subs Dubeau Jas. Grocer 13 & 14 St Georges St, St John Subs. Drolet, P. Blacksmith 15 & 16 St Georges St do

Drouin, Chas. Carpenter 12 St Oliver St Dion, F. W. Trader, 163 & 4 St John St without Durand, Abm. Trader 204 St John St do Dumontier, Jos. Collector 36 St Ann St Dion, Jos. Dry Goods 8 Mountain St Dionne, F. Dry Goods, 7 Mountain St Doucet & Soulard, Advocates Napoleon Wharf Е Evans, J. Teacher 31 D'Aiguillon St Fawcett, Geo. Cabinet Maker 58 St Eustache St Freer, N. St. Louis Heights Fielders, Jos. Joiner 13 D'Artigny St Forsyth Walker & Co. Merchts. India Wharf Fiset, Olivier, Dry Goods 1 Buade St Fortier, Louis, 47 St Anne St Fullerton, Isaac, Tavern 207 St John St without G Gaboury, Jas. Trader 22 St John St without Garneau, F. X. Tailor 174 St John St do Gaboury, E. Carpenter 87 St Olivier St Gendron, H Grocer 39 St Gabriel St Gingras, J. B. Baker 21 La Chevrotière St Gordon, Jas. Sail-Maker 60 St Joachim St Gingras, J. Bte. Trader 25 St John St without Gingras, P. Trader 3 St John St do Gingras, Pierre, Trader 4 St John St н. Harbeson, Mat. 18 D'Aiguillon St Harrower, Mrs. St Ursule St Hardy, A. Div Goods 9 Notre Dame St Hamilton, Win. Auctioneer 28 St Eustache St Heliere, Robt. Blacksmith 152 D'Aiguillon St Heliere, R. Mason, 153 D'Aiguillon St. Howison, John, Shoe Maker 105 St John St without Hill John, Trader 95 St Oliver St Huot, Louis, St Oliver St Hughes, T. Clothing Store 7 Notre Dame St J. Jackson, J. Trader, 11 St George's St. St John Subs Jackson, W. Book Keeper 3 Arsenal St

- Infant School, (Rev. Dr. Clugston) 2 St Claire St
- Julian, N. Coach Maker 1 St Gabriel St
- Jobin, John, Trader 42 St Gabriel St
- Ireland, Mrs. 5 Laval St
- Jones, Allen, Grocer 166 St John St without
- Jordan, John, Blacksmith 1 D'Aiguillon St Subs
- Johnson, Geo. Baker 40 St John St
- Joliffe, Thos. Dyer 9 St Georges St. St John Subs
- Jackson, Artemas, 167 Champlain St

## K.

Kelly, M. Mason, 5 Dauphine St

- Kelly, M. Cabinet Maker St John St without
- Kendall, W. Senr. Fishing Tackle Maunufacturer Clouet's Buildings
- King, Henry, Confectioner 203 St John St without
- Quebec & New-York, Transportation Line, A. J. Maxham Agent, St Peter St.

# LIST OF

# WIABVIS

From the Quebec Exchange to Mr. Black's Ship-Yard.

PRES-DE-VILLE.

1.-St. Charles Wharf, (Deal Wharf.)

- 2.—India Wharf.
- 3.—Exchange Wharf.
- 4.-Wellington Wharf.
- 5 .- Atkinson's Wharf.
- 6.-Quebec forwarding Company's Wharf.
- 7.-Gibb's Wharf.
- 8.-Hunt's Wharf.
- 9.—Gillespie's Wharf.
- 10.-Finlay Landing Place.
- 11.-Napoleon Wharf.
- 12.-Wharf facing the Cul-de-Sac.
- 13 .- Trinity House Wharf & Beach, Cul-de-Sac,
- 14.-Queen's Wharf.
- 15. Custom-House Wharf.
- 16 .- Reynar's Wharf.
- 17 .- McGolderick's Wharf.
- 18.-Tweddell's Wharf.
- 19.—Brewery Wharf.
- 20.-Jones's Wharf.
- 21.—Martin's Wharf.
- 22.-Molson's Wharf
- 23.—O'Brien's Wharf.
- 24.-Le Mesurier & Co. Deal Wharf.
- 25 .- Atkinson & Usborn's Wharf, rear of Mariner's Chapel.
- 26,-Lampson's Wharf.
- 27,-Black's Wharf & Ship Yard.

# STRANCER'S GUIDE

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QUEEEC AND ITS ENVIRONS.

THE great facility which the rapid progress and improvenent of Steamboat communication affords to and from Juebec, renders the visitor's trip to this city of renown, ne of perfect ease and comfort, we are not aware of any ortion of the continent of North America surpassing in legance and safety the whole line of the St. Lawrence nd Lake Steamers; the time of departure of the passage loats is fixed at 5 P. M. from Quebec to Montreal, and t 6 P. M. from Montreal to Quebec, thus forming a dai- $\gamma$  line. Passengers generally arrive at Quebec in time or Breakfast, but generally breakfast on board before eaching Montreal.

We shall take our visitor on his arrival, and consider hat his first object is to obtain a comfortable residence efore he proceeds on his rambles. The accommodation or the travelling community has greatly improved of late 1 Quebec. There are two principal Hotels for strangers 1 the Upper Town. PAYNE'S, situated in the square of he *Place D'Armss* near the site of the late Castle of t. Louis—Mr. and Mrs. Payne have conducted an exensive Hotel in Quebec for upwards of 20 years and he comforts of their establishment are well known to visitors. The commodious Hotel in Palace Street, well known as the ALBION, is now leased by MR. WILLIS RUSSELL, late of Boston, where good accommodation, and attention to visitors will be found; these two establishments will accommodate about 100 each. In St. Lewis St. is the GLOBE Hotel, occupied by MR. CHRISTMAS, who has just commenced business in that line. The MANSION, Boarding House, pleasantly situated near the Grand Battery is kept by MR. HOLGATE. There are also several Taverns and Boarding Houses, where the public can find accommodation according to their taste and means.

In the Lower Town will be found several large Hotels. The OTTAWA, kept by MR. RICHARD MERIAM, is situated in Sault au Matelot Street and accommodates a large number of business men chiefly connected with the extensive and growing timber trade of the Port. The LONDON COFFEE HOUSE, in the Cul de Sac, is an extensive establishment kept by MR. McLEAN. The GLOBE HOTEL in St. Peter Street, by MR. MILLER. And the St. LAWRENCE, by MRS. PROUDLY in the same Street, offer a choice of residence to the stranger. In this part of the town also, will be found several Taverns and Boarding Houses.

Convenient Cabs and *Caleches* will be found on the arrival of the Boats to convey visitors to their respective Hotels, porters from which will be generally in attendance.

The principal Seat of British dominion in America, cannot be approached by the intelligent stranger without emotions of respect and admiration. It is situated on the north-west side of the great River St. Lawrence in latitude (Wolfe & Montcalm's Monument) by Meridian Altitude 46°48′30″ N. and Longitude West of Greenwich 71° 17′ 00″—There stands QUEBEC, formerly the Seat of the French Empire in the West; purchased for England by the blood of the heroic Wolfe. A commodious harbor, which can afford safe anchorage for several fleets—a magnificent river whose banks are secured by steep Cliffs—a position on a lofty rock, which bids defiance to external violence, together with extraordinary beauty of scenery, are some of the natural advantages which distinguish the City. The capture of the City and Fortress of Quebec was an achivement of so romantic a character, so distinguished by chivalrous enterprise, and so fraught with singular adventure, that the interest attending it still remains undiminished and its glorious recollections unfaded.

Quebec is the only City on the North American Continent which has been regularly fortified, and which has resisted the sieges and assaults of disciplined troops, when it last fell, (1759). The whole French system of Colonial Empire fell with it.

The scenic beauty of Quebec has been the theme of general eulogy. The majestic appearance of Cape Diamond and the fortifications.-The Cupolas and Minarets like those of an eastern city, blazing and sparkling in the Sun.—The loveliness of the panorama. The noble basin like a sheet of purest silver, in which might ride with safety an hundred sail of the line.-The graceful meandering of the River St. Charles .- The numerous village spires on either side of the St Lawrence-the fertile fields dotted with innumerable cottages, the abodes of a free and moral peasantry-the distant falls of Montmorency-the park-like scenery of Point Levi-the beauteous Isle of Orleans, and more distant still, the frowning Cap Tourment, and the lofty range of purple mountains of the most picturesque forms which bound the prospect, unite to make a coup d'ail, which, without exaggeration, is scarcely to be surpassed in any part of the world. If the scientific traveller. amid the sensations experienced in scanning the various beauties of the scene, should recall to mind, in ascending the highest elevation of Cape Diamond, that he is standing upon the margin of the primeval and interminable forest, extending from a narrow selvage of civilization to the arctic regions, he will admit that the position of Quebec is unique in itself, and that in natural sublimity it stands, as to the cities of the Continent, unrivalled and alone.

The settlement of colonies has always been a subject of deep historical interest and research. Their successful establishment has, indeed, been attended with the happiest results to mankind. By them new worlds have been peopled—languages perpetuated—commerce extended, and the art of navigation brought to its present state of perfection. The blessings of true religion have been communicated to man, redcemed from his savage state; while cities and turretted walls have supplanted the solitude of the desert and the forest, or taken the place of the primitive caves and wigwams of the aboriginal inhabitants. By colonies the face of the earth has been cultivated, and the produce of the soil rendered the means of subsistence and social happiness.

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The principal design of the French settlements in Canada,—after the trade in peltry had proved sufficiently attractive to the associated merchants of France, to induce them to maintain their property in the country —was evidently to propagate the Christian religion as professed by the founders of Quebec, to tame and civilize the heathen and to bring him to the worship of the true God. It was a common saying of CHAMPLAIN, "That the salvation of one soul was of more value than the conquest of an empire !" The next object was of a more mundane and political complexion, namely, to acquire a preponderance on the American continent by means of their priesthood,—and through the influence which gratitude for their services had procured them among the Indian tribes, to whose temporal and spiritu-

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al wants they had rendered themselves nearly equally necessary, and whose affections they left no means unattempted to engage and retain.

This policy, long acted upon, influenced every part of their system. It extended even to the character of the earliest edifices which they erected in this country. The only permanent buildings were those devoted to the purposes of war and religion. The irregularity of the lines of the different streets in Quebec is attributable to the same remote cause. Any one who examines the site of the city will perceive at once, that the greater portion of the area was occupied from the first by its public buildings. To show this more clearly, let us take a brief survey of the ancient city.

The space occupied by the buildings of the ancient Fort, afterwards the Castle of St. Lewis, was very extensive, reaching from Prescott-Gate to the commencement of the acclivity of Cape Diamond, and including the large open space where WOLFE & MONTCALM's mostands. Formerly there were now no nument houses between the Castle and the Cape, and St. Lewis Street was a military road. Immediately in front of the Castle was an esplanade or open space, still called the Place d'Armes, on one side of which stood the Church and Convent of the Récollet Monks. The buildings. with the garden, occupied the whole site on which stand the Court House and the English Cathedral. They possessed the entire area between St. Anne and St. Lewis Streets, and gave the modern name of Garden Street. Not far from the corner of the Place d'Armes, in St. Anne Street, there stands within the precincts of the Church close, a venerable tree, the last relic of those which once shaded the Récollet Fathers-a touching monument of olden time-perhaps the last tenant of the primeval forest. Under this tree or on its site, tradition relates that CHAMPLAIN pitched his tent on landing and taking possession of his new domain. Here he lived until the habitation, which he was building near the brink of the rock, was ready for the reception of his little band. In the rear of the Récollet Church, at a short distance from it, was the Ursuline Convent, still occupying with its garden a considerable space enclosed within St. Anne, St. Lewis and St. Ursule Streets. Beyond the latter were the ancient ramparts of the city. St. Anne Street divided the possessions of the Ursuline Nuns from those of the Jesuits. The College of the latter stood in a considerable square, now the market-place; and was surrounded by a garden, planted with lofty and umbrageous trees, extending from St. Anne to St. John Streets. The French Cathedral. occupying one side of this square, and its attached buildings covered a space reaching to Fort Street, and was divided from the Place d'Armes by a road, which was afterwards Buade Street. At the descent into Mountain Street, the buildings belonging to the French Cathedral communicated with the site occupied by the Bishops's Palace and gardens, reaching to the edge of the rock. The ancient Palace is said to be equal to many similar establishments in France. From the French Cathedral to the Grand Battery, the site is covered with the buildings and garden of the Seminary, bounded also by Hope Street, formerly Ste. Famille Street, and St. George's Street. The Seminary garden overlooks the Lower Town, near the place formerly called the Soultau-Matelot. At a short distance from it are the grounds belonging to the Hotel Dicu, which extend along the summit of the cliff from Hope-Gate, and are bounded irregularly by Palace Street and Couillard Street. The different buildings above enumerated with their spacious gardens, added to the sites occupied by the magazines, and other government buildings, together with the spaces reserved for military purposes, occupied nearly the

whole of the level ground within the ramparts. It is evident, therefore, that the early inhabitants had no alternative; and were compelled to build in directions leading from one of these public buildings to another, or around their precincts. Those who came to settle in Quebec were, doubtless, attracted by the neighborhood of the different churches, and the protection afforded by the Fort. They erected their small and temporary habitations as near as possible to the convents, whence, in times of scarcity or sickness they received support and medical aid. Hence the winding and irregular character of some of the smaller streets, particularly of those in the vicinity of the Hotel Dieu and Ursuline Convent.

The nature of the ground, or rather rock, on which the city is built, effectually prevented any regularity of design. The most level site was the easiest and cheapest-strait lines were disregarded in comparison with present convenience-consequently, a house was built only where level foundation could best be found : and those places which were rugged and precipitous were left unoccupied, until some one, more enterprising or with better means, overcame the difficulty, and succeeded in establishing his edifice. During the first fifty years after the foundation in 1608, the houses were extremely small, mean and poorly furnished; partly from want of means, and partly from fear of the Iroquois, whose incursions kept the inhabitants in constant dread, and prevented any expense being incurred in these particulars. Little, however, sufficed for the first colonists : all they required was shelter and warmth during the winter. The summer was passed chiefly in the open As an example of the want of furniture and conair. veniences in the old habitations, it may be mentioned that when the Hospitalicres arrived in Quebec in 1639. for the purpose of founding the Hotel Dicu, they were lodged in a house belonging to the company of Merchants, lent to them by the Chevalier de MONTMAGNY, who succeeded CHAMPLAIN in the government. The house is, indeed, described as having four rooms and two closets; but the only furniture in it for the accommodation of these ladies was a rude kind of table made of boards, and two benches of the same material! The absence of architectural embellishments must always be lamented; but a sufficient apology for the want of symmetry in the buildings of Quebec, may be found in the peculiar circumstances of the early settlers, and the subsequent history of the colony.

The river St. Lawrence, which flows majestically before the town, is one of the greatest, most noble and beautiful of rivers; and at the same time, the furthest navigable for vessels of a large size, of any in the universe. From its mouth in the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the harbor of QUEBEC is three hundred and sixty miles; and vessels from Europe ascend to MONTREAL, which is one hundred and eighty miles higher up its course. A precipice of naked rugged rock, nearly three hundred feet high, divides the Upper from the Lower Town. The latter, embracing the foot of the precipice, and skirting the base of the promontory to a considerable extent on both sides, is the mart of foreign trade and and the principal place of business. It is built on ground made partly by excavations from the rock, or redeemed from the water; and contains numerous and convenient wharfs and store houses, for the accommodation of trade and navigation. The channel before the town is rapid—its breadth is about eleven hundred and thirty four yards. The depth of the river opposite the city is about thirty fathoms and good anchorage is every where to be found. The Upper Town presents the picturesque appearance of a fortified city-whose houses rise gradually above each other in the form of an am-

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phitheatre—embellished and diversified by large buildings and lofty spires, pouring a flood of light and splendor from their bright tinned roofs.

#### THE CITADEL.

On the extreme left, on the highest point of the promontory, is CAPE DIAMOND, rising three hundred and fifty feet above the level of the river, and terminating towards the east in a round tower, whence is displayed the national standard of England. Immediately in the rear is the cavalier and telegraph, and adjoining may be seen the saluting battery. The fortress on Cape Diamond, or CITADEL OF QUEBEC, is a formidable combination of powerful works; and while it is admitted that there is no similar military work on this continent, it has been considered second to few of the most celebrated fortresses of Europe. It has frequently been called the GIBRALTAR OF AMERICA; and it is, indeed, worthy of the great nation, whose fame and enduring renown are reflected in this chef d'œuvre of nature and of artconstructed at the expense of Great Britian for our defence-at once a monument of her own power, and a pledge of protection to one of the most valuable, although remote, possessions of the British Crown! Que-BEC is one of the strongest and most distinguished of those "military posts," which are alluded to in the following beautiful passage from a speech pronounced by the Honorable DANIEL WEBSTER in the Senate of the UNITED STATES, which we extract as peculiarly applicable to our subject; and as deriving weight and interest from the splendid talents and long established fame of the eloquent orator, Mr. Webster eloquently describes GREAT BRITAIN as "a power to which, for purposes of foreign conquest and subjugation, ROME, in the height of her glory, is not to be compared; a power which has dotted over the surface of the whole globe

with her possessions and military posts, whose morning drum-beat, following the sun, and keeping company with the hours, circles the earth daily with one continuous and unbroken strain of the martial airs of England." And truly, when we look to our own country, what just cause of pride and dignity do we behold! The halcyon days of peace have long returned-the temple of Janus is, for ever closed-yet, when the storm of war was at the highest, never did the eagle wing of England soar more loftily, never did her star beam in brighter splendor! Then, amid the ruin and the wreck of demoralized nations, she stood forth the firm and generous pilotwhen others slept, and were worn out with their woe, she ever watched at the giddy helm-her greatness grew with the madness of the gale-her swiftness hung on the wings of the storm—her proud pendants floated aloft—her course was steady—her track was secure; and she still pointed to that beacon where peace and salvation showed their hallowed, but expiring flame!

CAPE DIAMOND is composed of dark colored slate, in which are found perfectly limpid quartz crystals, in veins, along with crystalized carbonate of lime. From these crystals, which are certainly extremely beautiful, and sparkle like diamonds, came the name it bears. Professor SILLIMAN considers the prevailing rock to be of transition formation, from the circumstance of the region on the other side of the St. Lawrence being decidedly of that class. The works upon the summit are nearly complete, according to the most approved laws of fortification; and will richly repay the visits of those who are admitted to examine them, both as to external beauty and interior excellence. The approach to the Citadel, which is nearly two hundred feet higher than the ground on which the Upper Town is situated, is by a winding road made through the acclivity of the Glacis. from St. Lewis Gate, and commanded every where by the guns of the different bastions. This leads into the outward ditch of the ravelin, and thence into the principal ditch of the work, built upon both sides with walls of solid masonry, and extending along the whole circumference of the Citadel on the land and city sides. The main entrance is through a massive gate of admirable construction, called DALHOUSIE-GATE. Within the arch gate are the Main-Guard rooms, for a detachment and an officer, who are relieved every day; and in front of it is a spacious area,-used as a parade ground,-or rather an enlargement of the ditch formed by the retiring angles and face of the bastion. This is a splendid work, presenting a most august appearance, and combining strength and symmetry with all the modern improvements in the art of fortification. It is named DALHOUSIE-GATE and BASTION. in honor of a distinguished nobleman and gallant officer, Lieutenant General the EARL OF DALHOUSIE, G. C. B. who succeeded the DUKE OF RICHMOND, as Governor in Chief of these Provinces, in 1820. In the face of this Bastion are loopholes for the fire of musquetry from within : on the top are embrasures for the cannon. The loopholes serve also for the admission of air and light into the casemated barracks within for the troops composing the garrison. They are commodious and well adapted both for comfort and safety, being well ventilated, and proof against fire and missiles of every description. These barracks are at present occupied by the 2nd Bat. of the 60th (King's Royal Rifles,) commanded by Lieut. Colonel Cockburn. On the top of DALHOUSIE BASTION is an extensive covered way, or broad gravel walk, with embrasures for mounting cannon, commanding every part of the ditch and glacis, and every avenue of approach to the citadel. From this elevated spot is obtained a delightful view of the surrounding scenery and the harbor-the

whole forming a panorama that has been pronounced by competent judges not inferior in beauty to the celebrated BAY OF NAPLES. An equally magnificent view is; also commanded from the summit of the cavalier. on which stands the telegraph, at the eastern extremity of the Citadel; as well as from the observatory on its western point towards the PLAINS OF ABRAHAM. Within the Citadel are the various magazines, storehouses, and other buildings required for the accommodation of a numerous garrison; and immediately overhanging the precipice to the south, in a most picturesque situation looking perpendicularly downwards on the river, stands a beautiful row of buildings with a paved terrace in front. built of cut stone, and containing the mess rooms and barracks for the officers-their stables and spacious kit-The roof of this building is covered with bright chens. tin, and from its elevated site, it is a beautiful and conspicuous object from Lorette and the road to Lake St. Charles.

Exclusive of the space within the Citadel, whose works occupy about forty acres, the fortifications are continued all round that portion of the city which is termed the Upper Town. They consist of bastions, connected by lofty curtains of solid masonry, and ramparts from twenty-five to thirty feet in height and about the same in thickness, bristling with heavy cannonround towers, loopholed walls, and massive gates, recurring at certain distances in the circumference. On the summit of the ramparts from Cape Diamond to the Artillery Barracks near Palace-Gate, is a broad covered way, or walk, used as a place of recreation by the inhabitants, and commanding a most agreeable view of the fertile country towards the west. This passes over the top of St. John's, and St. Lewis-Gate, where there is stationed a serjeant's guard. Above St. John's-Gate, at the end of the Street of that name, devoted entirely business, there is at sun-set one of the most beautiful ews imaginable. The River St Charles gamboling, as were, in the rays of the departing luminary, the light ill lingering on the spires of Lorette and Charlesourg, until it fades away beyond the lofty mountains f BONHOMME and TSOUNONTHUAN, present an evening ene of gorgeous and surpassing splendor.

The city being defended on the land side by its ramarts, is protected on the other sides by a lofty wall and arapet, based upon the cliff and commencing near the liver St. Charles at the Artillery Barracks. These form very extensive range of buildings; the part within the rtillery-Gate being occupied as barracks by the Officers ad men of that distinguished corps, with a garden and They are much admired for their apparent less-room. omfort and neatness, presenting altogether a very agreeble aspect. The part without the gate is used as maazines, store-houses, and offices for the Ordnance Deartment. These buildings were erected by the French efore 1750, on the site of others which had formerly They are of stone, two stories high, well cood there. ecured against fire; and are nearly six hundred feet in ength, by about forty in depth. Until lately several partments on the Upper story were occupied as an arioury; and between 30 and 40 thousand stands of arms f different descriptions were there arranged in a beautiful nd imposing manner. These have been removed to the 'itadel, as their more appropriate place of deposit.

Immediately adjoining the Artillery Barracks, and onnecting the works on the left with their continuation long the St. Charles, stands PALACE-GATE, having a uard-house attached on the right. This has lately been ebuilt, and is the most classical and beautiful of the five ates of Quebec. Though perfectly strong for all puroses of defence, it has a light and airy appearance, not nlike in design the gates of Pompeii. It stands at the northern extremity of a broad and well proportioned street, called Palace-Street, from the circumstance that it led to the Intendant's house or palace, which formerly stood on the beach of the St. Charles outside the gate, on the site of the present Queen's wood yard. This building was destroyed during the siege by the American troops under General ARNOLD, in 1775.

From PALACE-GATE the fortifications are continued along the brow of the cliff overlooking the mouth of the St. Charles, until they reach HOPE-GATE. a distance of three hundred yards. A broad and level walk divides the outward wall from the possessions of the community of the Hotel Dieu. The wall near HOPE-GATE and guard-house is loopholed for musquetry; and all the approaches are commanded by the works, which here present a lofty and formidable appearance, projecting over the rugged cliff. On the St. Charles side, midway between it and the gate, a very picturesque view of the rock and the works may be obtained. At HOPE-GATE commences the gradual elevation of the ground which terminates at the eastern point of Cape Diamond. Beyond the gate the wall is continued until it reaches a point opposite St. George Street, and the store house at the angle of the Seminary garden. Here it reaches the perpendicular cliff called the Sault-au-Matelot, on part of which CHAMPLAIN commenced his first settlement in 1608. From this eminence the GRAND BATTERY. mounting a range of heavy guns, carrying balls of thirtytwo pounds, commands the basin and harbor below. În front of the GRAND BATTERY which extends to the Bishop's Palace, and where the escarpment of the cliff is nearly three hundred feet above the water, the stone parapet is but a few feet high; and the black artillery, as Professor Silliman observes, projecting over the cliff, "look like beasts of prey, crouching, and ready to leap upon their victims."

Close to the Bishop's Palace, long used as the place where the Sessions of the PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE were held previous to the reunion of the two Canadas. is PRESCOTT-GATE and guard-house: the former built of stone, and presenting an appearance of massive strength. Under its arch is the principal avenue to the LOWER Town, by Mountain Street. It is protected on either side by powerful defences, and by works which connect it on the right with the CASTLE OF ST. LEWIS. Here the stone rampart, or wall, forms part of that building, and is supported by counter-forts, or buttresses, built upon the solid rock, and immediately overlooking the LOWER TOWN at an elevation of more than two hundred To the right or south-west side of the CASTLE is, feet. the GOVERNMENT garden, one hundred and eighty yards long and seventy broad, within which is a small battery also commanding part of the harbor. In front of the Gov-ERNMENT garden, the fortifications are continued for three hundred yards; until they reach the foot of the glacis, or acclivity towards CAPE DIAMOND, crowned at that point by the round tower and flag-staff.

The extent of the ramparts towards the land side, from the south-west angle of the Citadel to the cliff above the River St. Charles, is stated by Colonel Bouchette to be eighteen hundred and thirty-seven yards. Within this rampart is the ESPLANADE, between ST. LEWIS and ST. JOHN'S-GATE. It is a level space covered with grass, two hundred and seventy three yards long and of irregular breadth. Here are mounted the several guards on duty at the Citadel and other public buildings, each forenoon, except Sunday, at eleven o'clock; and occasional parades of the garrison take place, particularly on the QUEEN's birth day. The circuit of the fortifications which enclose the UPPER TOWN is two miles and three quarters; the total circumference outside the ditches and space reserved by government, on which no houses can be built on the west side, is about three miles. The average diameter is about fifteen hundred yards.

Generally speaking, the city may be said to to be entirely surrounded by a strong and lofty wall of hewn stone constructed with elegance as well as with regard to durability. Its castellated appearance, owing to its ditches, embrasures, round towers, battlements and gates, add much to its grand and imposing effect from There are five gates, opening in different diwithout. rections to the country, the suburbs and the LOWER Two are in the rampart towards the south-Town. west: namely ST. JOHN'S and ST. LEWIS-GATE, protected by outworks of great strength and powerful combination. Through the latter is the road leading to the spot rendered for ever memorable by the death of WOLFE, to the PLAINS OF ABRAHAM and the Race This road is bordered by genteel houses and Course. well stocked gardens. On the left of this road, on the brow of a slight ascent about half way to the race stand, is one of the four MARTELLO Towers erected at different distances between the St. Lawrence and the St. Charles. Cannon are mounted on the summit of these towers to sweep the undefended plain below, and they are so constructed that, if taken by an enemy, they can be easily laid in ruins by the shot of the garrison, while on the opposite side facing theplains they are of immense thickness. Through ST. JOHN'S GATE is the populous suburb bearing that name; and the road leading to the beautiful parish of St. Foy, lined with agreeable residences and villas. Along this road was the favorite drive of the Canadian belle before the conquest in 1759. PALACE-GATE and HOPE-GATE both open to the River St. Charles and The former leads also to the new the Lower Town. market called St. Paul's, from which there is a fine view of the city and fortifications on that side. PRESCOTT- GATE is the principal thoroughfare to the Lower Town; and notwithstanding the steepness of the ascent, heavy burthens are conveyed up the hill with comparative ease, by the hardy little horses of Norman breed, generally employed by the carters.

Having thus made the circuit of the fortifications, it is necessary to notice the different barracks and military buildings for the accommodation of the troops composing the garrison. Besides these contained within the CITADEL, and the Artillery barracks, the spacious building in the market place, formerly the College of the Jesuits, has long been occupied by the QUEEN's troops under the name of the Jesuit barracks. This edifice is of stone, three stories high, and measures two hundred and twenty-four feet by two hundred, being in shape a par-The principal entrance into the barracks is allelogram. from the market-place, opposite to the French Cathe-Through a lofty passage admittance is gained into dral. a considerable area, the buildings around which are occupied by the soldiers. On the other side is an arch leading to the barrack yard and offices. To the left of the great entrance is a large door opening into a hall.— Here is the room set apart for the Garrison library, the property of the military, containing a number of vaulable books and maps. The barrack yard is enclosed by a wall two hundred yards long, in which is the barrack-gate and main guard. This was formerly the garden belonging to the College. A little beyond the gate is the barrack office, a neat and substantial stone building standing nearly opposite to the Scottish Church. The Jesuits Barracks are at present occupied as the quarters of the 74th Regiment, commanded by Lieut. Colonel Crabbe, K. H.

In the *Place d'Armes*, opposite to the Court House, is the COMMISSARIAT Office, where the business of that efficient department is conducted. Their extensives stores are in the Lower Town, upon the King's Wharf; and are solely appropriated to the purpose of government.— They are of stone, two hundred and fifty feet in length, with corresponding depth, and were erected in 1821.— Opposite to the gate and entrance into the KING'S Wharf, is a guard house for its protection.

In St. Lewis Street, about half way between the Commissariat Office and St. Lewis Gate, is a stone building on the left, occupied as quarters for those officers of the garrison, who do not reside in the CITADEL. In rear is the spacious mess-room of the officers of the 74th Regt. On the east, and in rear of the officers' quarters at the end of a court or avenue leading out of St. Lewis Street, is the MILITARY HOSPITAL, a building of great length and completely provided with every necessary appointment.

Adjoining to St. Lewis-Gate and fronting to the Esplanade is the ROYAL ENGINEER Office; and in the rear are the spacious yard and work shops of the Royal Sappers and Miners, a detachment of which corps is always stationed in QUEBEC. The officers of the Royal Engineers have charge of the Fortifications, and of all military works. The Government laboratory, on the right hand of the road leading to the Citadel, opposite to the Royal Engineer yard, stands on the site of an old powder magazine, close to which the remains of General MONTGO-MERY were interred on the fourth day of January, 1776.

We have already mentioned the extensive stores within the CITADEL, as containing all the *matériel* of war for a numerous garrison. In addition to these, and to the stores at the Artillery Barracks, the Ordnance Department has a spacious building of stone, together with a powder magazine, in the bastion between St. John's Gate and the Artillery Barracks. In various parts of the works, they have also large depôts and magazines of cannon, gunpowder, carriages, shot, and other munitions of war, for the convenience and supply of the garrison. The following elegant peroration is from the pen of professor SILLIMAN who visited Quebec in 1819:---

"QUEBEC, at least for an American city, is certainly a very peculiar place. A military town-containing about twenty thousand inhabitants-most compactly and permanently built-stone its sole material-environed, as to its most important parts, by walls and gates-and defended by numerous heavy cannon-garrisoned by troops having the arms, the costume, the music, the discipline, of Europe-foreign in language features and origin, from most of those whom they are sent to defend-founded upon a rock, and in its highest parts overlooking a great extent of country-between three and four hundred miles from the ocean-in the midst of a great continent and yet displaying fleets of foreign merchantmen in its fine capacious bay-and showing all the bustle of a crowded sea-port-its streets narrow-populous, and winding up and down almost mountainous declivities-situated in the latitude of the finest parts of Europe-exhibiting in its environs, the beauty of an European capital-and yet, in winter smarting with the cold of Siberia-governed by a people of different language and habits from the mass of the population-opposed in religion, and yet leaving that population without taxes, and in the full enjoyment of every privilege, civil and religious. Such are the prominent features which strike a stranger in the city of QUEBEC !"

The latter part of the above extract may be considered a just tribute to the merit of GREAT BRITAIN, from the pen of an accomplished and liberal minded foreigner, equally honorable to both.

### **RELIGIOUS ESTABLISHMENTS.**

The first establishment of the religious communities of QUEBEC, has a peculiar interest; and it is difficult to tell which is more worthy of admiration, the liberality of the

design on the part of the founders, or the devotedness and fearlessness displayed by those appointed for its ex-The early history of Canada teems, indeed, ecution. with instances of the purest religious fortitude, zeal, and heroism-of young and delicate females, relinquishing the comforts of civilization to perform the most menial offices towards the sick-to dispense at once the blessings of medical aid to the body, and of religious instruction to the soul of the benighted and wandering savage. They must have been upheld by a strong sense of duty -an overpowering conviction of the utility of their purposes—a full persuasion of their efficacy, both towards their own eternal salvation, and that of their newly con-But for such impressions, it would have verted flock. been beyond human nature to make the sacrifices which the Hospitalières made, in taking up their residence in New France. Without detracting from the calm and philosophic demeanor of religion at the present day, it is doubtful whether any pious persons could be found willing to undergo the fatigues, uncertainty and personal danger experienced by the first missionaries of both sexes in New France. Regardless of climate, to whose horrors they were entirely unaccustomed-of penury and famine-of danger to the person-of death, and martyrdom itself --- they pressed onward to the goal to which their religious course was directed, and sustained by something more than human fortitude, by divine patience, they succeeded at length in establishing on a firm foundation the altars, and the faith of their country and their God. For ambition's sake, for lucre, for fame, men have braved danger in a hundred fights, until the world by common consent has elevated the successful tyrant to the rank of a hero among his fellows, but to incur the horrors of savage life, the risk of torture and even death, in a word, the agonizing suspense and constant anxieties of a missionary, for no other reward than

that of self approbation, and with no other support than that of religion, requires courage and devotion of a far higher order, and merits glory of the most enduring character. The labors and privations of the first religious communities, who established themselves even within the walls of QUEBEC, were many, their paths were dark, dreary and intricate; but the bright star of enthusiasm, like the clew of Ariadne, carried them along, they felt that if one glimpse of the sacred light they bore could be brought to dawn upon the benighted souls of those they wished to save, their zeal would be amply rewarded, and their labor forgotten.

## THE URSULINE CONVENT

Is situated in Parloir-Street, near the English Cathedral. This Institution, as well as the Hotel Dieu. owes its origin to the powerful representations of the Jesuits settled in New France. Several unsuccessful attempts were made to carry into effect a foundation so desirable as that of the URSULINES, whose peculiar province it was to devote themselves to the education of female children. At length, as in the case of the Hospitalières, it was reserved for a young widow of Alençon, a person of rank and fortune, named Madame DE LA PELTRIE, to surmount every obstacle, and to accomplish her purpose by devoting her whole fortune, and consecrating even personal labor to the good work. With two URSULINES from Tours, and one from Dieppe, she attended the rendezvous of the Canada fleet; and sailed on the 4th May, 1639, for Quebec, in company with the Hospitalières, as mentioned above.

The courage and devotion of Madame DE LA PEL-TRIE have been highly celebrated. Persons of different qualities have appeared in almost every age to meet the wants of society, without whose energy and self denial few of those philantrophic institutions, to which the world owes so much at the present day, would have been matured and successfully established. This devout lady gave up all to carry into effect her laudable design; and is even said to have at one time worked with her own hands in the cultivation of the ground, on which the URSULINE Convent now stands. She divested herself of all superfluous clothing, and parted with her wardrobe to supply raiment to the poor chillren of the colonists, whom she fed as well as clothed; her whole life indeed was a series of charitable deeds, which have rendered her name illustrious in the religious annals of Ca-The fruits of her valuable foundation are to this nnda. day experienced, in the excellent education which is afforded to young females in the school of the URSULINE Convent. The URSULINES completed their first Convent in 1641.

In 1650, the Convent was destroyed by fire, an enemy which proved most destructive to the early establishments of Quebee. The fire broke out on the 30th December; and was occasioned by some coals which had been left by a sister employed in the bake-house, which was in a cellar at the north end of the building. The Nuns made their escape by the door at the south end. which led by a staircase to the parloir, but the building was entirely consumed. Its inmates, to the number of fourteen, were kindly received and hospitably entertained during three weeks, by the Nuns of the Hotel Dieu. On the 21st January, 1651, they removed to the house of Madame DE LA PELTRIE, which had been prepared for their reception. On this occasion a solemn act or convention was drawn up and executed by the Superiors of the URSULINES, and the Hospitalières, the purport of which was, "that in order to preserve a perpetual and indissoluble union and love between the two communities, there shall exist between them for the future an entire friendship, and participation of spiritual goods,

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with a mutual exchange of good offices and prayers."

On the 21st October, 1686, on the Fête of ST. UR-SULA, and during the performance of High Mass, the Convent caught fire, and was a second time burned to the ground, without any conjecture as to the manner in which the accident originated. Nothing was saved from the rapidity of the flames, neither provisions or linen, or any other clothing than that in use at the time. Once more the URSULINES took refuge with the Hospitalières, who received them as kindly as before, to the number of twenty-five; and they again remained for the space of three weeks under the roof of the Hotel Dieu, receiving every possible mark of attention and commisseration from that Community. In the mean time, such was the utility of this Institution, that every one took an interest in the reparation of the disaster. The Governor and the Intendant, the Jesuits and other communities all contributed by every means in their power . The rebuilding of the Convent was soon commenced; and a small house was hastily constructed, in which they passed the winter, all the necessary furniture and utensils having been generously supplied by the Hospitalières. It was singular, that on the very day on which the Ursulines left the Hotel Dieu, accompanied, as a mark of respect and friendship, by the Superior and one or two of the Nuns Hospitalières, the latter were near being reduced to the same extremity as that from which they had relieved the URSULINES. One of the Hospitaliéres, who had returned much fatigued, after passing the day in assisting the URSULINES to establish themselves in their temporary residence, fell asleep in her cell, leaving a candle burning in the socket, which soon communicated to the fur-Fortunately, the sister whose duty it was to see niture. that all was secure before retiring for the night, discovered the accident in time to save the life of the careless Nun, and probably the whole building from destruction.

Within the precincts of the Convent lie buried the remains of the gallant Marquis DE MONTCALM, who was mortally wounded in the eventful battle of the Plains of Abraham, 13th September, 1759. A few years ago a plain marble slab was placed in the URSULINE Chapel to the memory of this brave but unfortunate soldier, by His Excellency the Lord AYLMER, Governor-in-Chief of these Provinces. The following is the simple inscription upon this slab:

Honneur

à

MONTCALM ! Le destin en lui derobant La Victoire, L'a recompensé par Une Mort Glorieuse !

The community of the URSULINES consists of a Superior, fifty professed Nuns, and six novices. Their rules are rigidly exclusive, and their Convent is not open to public inspection, beyond the Parloir and the Chapel. It is in its interior neat, well arranged, and tastefully decorated. The Nuns are devoted to the instruction of voung females in useful knowledge, and ornamental education when required; their school has long been esteemed one of the best in the Province. The paintings executed by themselves are much admired: their embroidery and fancy work are sold at high rates. The proceeds of the skill and labor of those Nuns go to augment the common stock, and enable them to extend their usefulness without diminishing the fixed property of their community.

The Ursuline Chapel contains the following paintings which may be examined on application to the Chaplain.

1. Over the Grand Altar, The Birth of Immanuel. Luke ii.—By Vigneau. 2. Above the Eastern Altar, The Saviour exhibiting his Heart to the Religiouses.—By Le Sueur.

.3. Opposite,-The Virgin Mary, and the Young Child.

4. Redemption of Christians captured by the Algerines. By *Restaut*.

5. Louis XIII. of France, and the first Royal Governor of New France, with a Tablet of the then existing Bourbon Family. An Allegorical Representation of Canada.

6. In the side Altar, the Communion of St. Jerome, a copy from *Dominichicio*, in St. Peter's Church at Rome.

7. Jesus Christ sitting down at meat in Simon's house Luke vii. A Painting of high merit and great value.— By Champagne.

8. The miraculous draught of Fishes. Luke vi.-By De Dieu.

9. The parable of the wise and the foolish Virgins. Matt. xxv.—Florence.

10. Full length Portrait of the Saviour, in the attitude of Preaching.—By Champagne.

The Paintings within the Convent are not open to the Public.

## THE SEMINARY OF QUEBEC.

This highly useful and meritorious establishment was founded and endowed by Monseigneur De Laval de Montmorency, first Bishop of Canada, in the year 1633. It was intended at first chiefly as an Ecclesiastical Institution, with a few young pupils who were educated here for the ministry. At the extinction of the Jesuits' Order, the members of the Quebec Seminary, although the institution was in distressed circumstances, threw open its doors to the youth of the country generally. Professorships were established, and all the ordinary branches of literature and science began to be taught. The buildings were twice burned to the ground, during the life of its venerable founder, who had resigned his Bishopric, and retired to the Seminary; where he spent the last twenty years of his useful and pious life; he died on the 6th May, 1708.

The authority of the Seminary resides in a Board of Directors, five or seven in number, one of whom is Superior, elected triennially. The other officers are the Superior's two assistants, the *Procurer*, a director of the theological department, or *Grand-Séminaire*, the two directors, or rather, the director and principal *Préfet* des Etudes of the College, and the Steward, Assistant *Procureur*. All these, except the last, are appointed yearly by the Board of Directors. Besides the five or seven directors, there are, or may be, several aggregate or associate members of the establishment.

The members of the establishment receive no emoluments, they consecrate themselves, gratuitously, to one of the most arduous as well as of the most meritorious works, the education of youth. All the Institution guarantees to them is "food and raiment," in sickness and health, they make no special vows, hence they are at liberty to leave the Institution, whenever health or any other important cause requires it. Except the Superior, the Procurer and Assistant-Procureur, they are all commonly engaged in teaching either divinity or the sciences.

The branches of education taught are chiefly French, English, Latin, and Greek; Geography; Arithmetic; ancient and modern History, both sacred and profane; Latin poetry; Belles-Lettres, Rhetoric, and a very extensive course of Philosophy, which includes Logic, Metaphysics, Ethics, Algebra, Geometry, occasionally Conic Sections, Astronomy, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Architecture, &c.; to which must be added lessons in Natural History, Mineralogy, Geology, Drawing, Music, &c.

The annual public exercises are very splendid and interesting, they are attended by crowds of the most respectable citizens.

The commencement or vacation takes place about the 15th August. The pupils return at the expiration of six weeks.

The funds of the Seminary hardly suffice for its support. It has, however, by means of long and strict economy, and still more by large sums of money arising from the sale of property given to the Institution by several rich individuals in France, previously to the French Revolution, and partly recovered since the restoration of the Bourbons, been rebuilt upon a much larger plan, since 1820.

The Seminary buildings including the Chapel, are divided into four wings, three stories, and in some parts four stories high. Three of these wings inclose a spacious court, where the pupils spend their hours of recreation. The fourth wing, instead of completing the square, turns out at the right angles with the central one, and faces with it a large and beautiful garden. The latter is one hundred and seventy yards long and two hundred broad containing seven acres of ground. It faces the Grand Battery and overlooks the harbor. It includes several rows of planted fruit trees, lilachs, &c.; a *bocage* of forest trees, and a terrace from which the view of the basin and the surrounding scenery is most magnificent.

The whole length of the Seminary buildings on three of its sides is seventy yards. The fourth wing is fifty yards long. They are in width forty-two feet, except the old or central wing, which is only thirty feet wide. The interior is traversed at each story by immense corridors leading to the halls, dormitories, refectories, classes, apartments of the Priests and of the Bishop, who until the erection of the new Palace is completed, resides in the Seminary. In the Bishop's antichamer are suspended the portraits of his twelve predecessors.

The Chapel of the Seminary, the vestibule of which is at the grand entrance to the buildings from the Cathedral and Market Square, contains the best collection of paintings to be seen in the country, of the French school and by eminent masters.

1. The Saviour and the Woman of Samaria at Jacob's Well. John, iv.—Lagrenée.

2. The Virgin ministered unto by the Angels, who are represented as preparing the Linen Cloth for the Child Jesus.—By DeDieu.

3. In the Wing, a large figure of the Saviour on the Cross, at the moment described by the Evangelist. John xix. 30.—By Monet. A smaller figure is suspended on each side.

4. At the entrance, The Egyptian Hermits in the Solitude of Thebais.—By Guillot.

5. Next the Wing, The Terror of St. Jerome at the recollections of a Vision of the Day of Judgment.—By D'Hullin.

6. The Ascension of the Lord Jesus.—By the Champagnes.

7. The Saviour's Sepulchre and Interment.-By Hutin.

8. Above the Altar, The Flight of Joseph to Egypt. Matt. ii.—By Vanloo.

9. Immediately above, Two Angels.-By LeBrun.

10. The Trance of St. Anthony beholding the Child Jesus.—By Panocel d'Avignes.

11. The Day of Pentecost. Acts ii.—By the Champagnes.

12. Peter's deliverance from Prison. Acts xii.—By Chas. De la Fosse.

13. At the entrance of the Wing, Another view of the Hermits of Thebais.—By Guillot,

14. The Baptism of Christ. Matt. iii.—By Claude Guy Hallé. A small figure is also suspended on either side.

15. St. Jerome Writing.-By the Champagnes.

16. The Wise Men of the East adoring the Saviour. Matt. ii.—By Bourieu.

A very beautiful apartment, adorned with modern lonic columns, is the congregation hall, or interior Chapel of the Students. The Library contains about 9000 volumes. In the Philosophical Cabinet are to be seen a very valuable collection of instruments, which is rapidly increasing : a number of antiquities, and Indian utensils, a small mineralogical cabinet, composed at Paris under the direction of the celebrated Abbe Haiiy, some geological specimens, fossils, petrifactions, &c., numerous specimens of the precious and other ores from South America, shells, insects, and an imitation of the falls of Niagara.

### THE GENERAL HOSPITAL.

Previously to the foundation of the GENERAL HOSPI. TAL, there had been established at Quebec since 1688an office for the relief of the poor, Bureau des Pauvres, to which every colonist and community was bound to furnish an annual sum, to be expended under the management of Trustees. The revenue of this office amountel to t po thousand livres a year, which were sufficient at that time to relieve the helpless poor, and to prevent mendicity, which was not tolerated. The country parishes in the same manner provided for the maintenance of their poor. The Bishop, having undertaken to relieve the city from the support of its helpless and infirm poor, obtained the junction of these funds with the revenue of his own foundation; and the trustees of the Bureau des Pauvres, were chosen also administrators of the General Hospital.

The foundation was at first under the charge of the sisters of the congregation; but afterwards, in 1692, not without great objection on their part, it was placed under the care of the *Hospitalières*, receiving from the community of the Hotel Dieu its Superior, and in all twelve professed Nuns. In 170I, the Nuns of the GENERAL HOSPITAL were made a separate and independent community, and are so at the present day.

The GENERAL HOSPITAL is at present a Nunnery, governed by a Superior, having about 50 professed Nuns, a few Novices and *Postulantes*. The whole appearance, both external and internal, of this Hospital is regular and pleasing; while the general arrangement and economy are highly creditable to the institution. Its front is two hundred and twenty-eight feet long, its form nearly square. The main building is thirty three feet deep, but on the south-west side, a range of one hundred and thirty-feet in breadth.

The Chapel is very neat, and has a gallery communicating with the Hospital, for the use of the indigent sick. A separate house is appropriated to the reception of the insane, the Province, however, requires an establishment on a larger scale for these unfortunates.

The means of the GENERAL HOSPITAL, from its unrestricted character, have been found inadequate to defray the expenses of the establishment, and the deficiency is occasionally supplied by grants from the Provincial Parliament. The Nuns are distinguished for the manufacture of Church ornaments, and for their skill in gilding. The produce of the sale of these works becomes part of the general fund of the Institution.

# THE HOTEL DIEU.

In 1636, the DUCHESSE D'AIGUILLON, niece to the famous CARDINAL DE RICHELIEU, resolved to found an HOTEL DIEU in Quebec at her own expense. She was however, liberally assisted by her relative; and during their joint lives, they continued to testify their kindness and affection towards the foundation.

The Chapel was consecrated on the 16th March 1646, an occasion of great joy to the little community, which consisted at this time of only five professed Nuns, a Chaplain, four boarders, a female domestic and seven laboring men. During this year they successively administered relief to forty six natives of France, and one hundred and twenty savages, some of whom remained five and six months in the Hospital. The present edifice is a substantial and capacious building, three stories high, standing between Palace-Gate and Hope-Gate.

Every medical care and delicate attendance is here gratuitously afforded to the afflicted poor by the religious community.

The Church is simple and plain, having a few paintings which may be seen on proper application to the Chaplain. Three or four pictures are stated to be originals, as the

1. The Nativity of Christ. Luke ii.—By Stella.

- 2. The Virgin and Child.—By Coypel.
- 3. The Vision of St. Therese.—By Manageat.
- 4. St. Bruneau wrapt in meditation.-By Le Sueur.

In the Chaplain's Room, The Martyrdom of two Priests, Brebœuf, and a young Missionary, Lallemand.

This Painting merits notice, as illustrative of the perils and sufferings of the original European settlers of Canada.

In the winter of the year 1649, the Indians assailed the Chapel of the Jesuit Missionaries at Three Rivers.

The Society at that period numbered seven members. Two made their escape, one of whom was subsequently found in the woods congealed in a devotional attitude, and the other was discovered prostrate, frozen on the ice of one of the rivers. The priest Daniel and his brother were shot, as they fled out of the Chapel then in flames. Another of the fraternity named Jog, was mutilated by the loss of his fingers in succession; and with his wrists fettered, kneeling down, was butchered by two of the Indians, who cleaved his head with their battle-axes.

The old Priest Brebœuf, and a younger Missionary Lallemand, were reserved for still more excruciating and protracted tortures. They were tied to two stakes separated by a short distance. The junior was literally burnt piecemeal, by the application of ignited pinesticks successively brought into immediate contact with the various parts of the body, the most distant from the vitals. In the intensity of his corporal agonies, just before the mortal frame succumbed to the ingenious and infuriated malevolence and cruelty of the barbarians, he addressed Brebœuf, "Ah! I have scarcely a grain of faith left,"---to which his fellow-sufferer magnanimously replied,-"" One grain of true faith in Christ is enough to remove all this mountain of anguish and miserv." The senior priest had long endeavored to tame these savages, but in vain. They astonished him by saying, "You have come a long distance you tell us, after the manner of John the Baptist, to baptize us in cold water, we will baptize you with hot water."

To execute this marvelously inhuman scheme, they fastened a cross pole between the stakes, to which the two priests were bound, and hung on their large pots to boil the water. A refinement of almost unparalleled merciless affliction was superadded. They strung on an iron hoop or ring several axe heads, and placed them in the fire; when the axes were red hot, they cast thering over Breboeuf's head, so that thus suspended, his breast and shoulders were corroded by the axes, to his unutterable torment.

When the water was ready, two of the Indians with

Martin Martin

large shears cut off large pieces of flesh and made other deep incisions in the arms, legs, &c., to the bones; as soon as a number of these gashes were made in various parts of the frame, one of the savages effused a kettle of boiling water over the agonized Brebœuf, and thus in a continual alternation of relentless butchery and scalding, combined with triumphant yellings at their novel mode of Algonquin baptism, they ceased not their successive tortures, until life being extinct, the remains of their victims were transferred to be consumed in the same fire.

### THE FRENCH CATHEDRAL

Was built under auspices of Monseigneur FRANÇOIS DE LAVAL, first Bishop of Quebec, to whom the Colony was also indebted for the creation of the Seminary. After about three years labor, it was finished on its present site, between Buade-street, the Bishop's Palace, and the Seminary, with its front towards the Jesuits' College. It was consecrated under the title of the Immacculate Conception, on the 18th July, 1666, with all the imposing ceremonies usually observed on similar occasions.

The Church suffered severely during the bombardment prior to the battle of the plains, in 1759. In an old print extant, it is represented as almost in ruins, having been set on fire by shells discharged from Point Lévi. The consequence was, that the fine pictures and other ancient ornaments of the Cathedral were mutilated, or entirely destroyed. Those which are now seen upon the walls were placed there when the building was renovated, after the cession of the Province to Great Britain.

1. The Altar Piece pourtrays the Conception in the style of LeBrun.

2. On the north, The Apostle Paul, in his extatic Vision. 2 Cor.—By Carlo Maratte.

3. On the opposite wall is a design, The Saviour ministered unto by Angels.—Restout.

4. (Copy.) Above the Altar in the South Nave, The Flight of Joseph and Mary with the young Child into Egypt.—Matt. ii. 19 21.

5. On the Pillar above the Pulpit, A delineation of the Redeemer on the Cross.-By Vandyke.

6. On the opposite Pillar, The Nativity of Christ, (Copy). After Annabal Carrachi.

7. The Saviour under the contumelious outrages of the Soldiers. Matt. xvii. 27, 31.—Fluret.

8. The Day of Pentecost.—By Vignon.

9. The Holy Family.—By Blanchard. Also a Portrait of St. Anne and the Holy Family. Both Copies.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH OF THE CONGREGATION

Stands on the hill leading from the Esplanade to St. John's-Gate. It is not of ancient construction, and perfectly plain in its interior. Its spire is seen immediately above the ramparts.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH of ST. ROCH'S

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Is the place of worship frequented by the inhabitants of that populous suburb. It is also a modern edifice of very spacious dimensions, with a spire; and is situated in an open space, fronting towards the Vacherie, or former possessions of the Jesuits. It is well finished within, and has several paintings. In the Sacristy are portraits of Pope Pius VII. and of Bishop Plessis, a great benefactor to this Church. The ground on which this Church was built was given by the Hon. JOHN MURE.

This Church is adorned with several original Pictures. 1. The Annunciation of the Angel Gabriel to the Virgin Mary. Luke i. 26, 38.—By *Restout*.

2. The Holy Family.-By Colin de Virmond.

3. The Resurrection of the Lord Jesus Christ,-By Chalis.

4. St. Nicholas.-By Vignon.

5. St. Roch and a Virgin.-By Blanchard.

# THE CHURCH OF NOTRE DAME DES VICTOIRES.

Is the only one in the Lower Town belonging to the French inhabitants. It stands in the square, or market place, plain and substantial within and without, and possesses claims to antiquity, having been built and used as a Church previously to 1690. In that year amid the joy caused by the defeat of Sir Wm. Phipps, in his attempt to capture the town, the Fetê of Notre dame de la Victoire was established, to be annually celebrated in this Church on the 7th October, that being the day on which the first intelligence of the coming of the English was received. On that occasion, it is stated that M. De la Colombière. the Archdeacon, preached an eloquent discourse. After the shipwreck of the English Fleet in 1711, which was considered by the inhabitants as a second victory, and little less than a miraculous interposition in their favor, this Church received the name of Notre Dame des Victoires, in order to commemorate both occasions at the same time. The same preacher, M. De La Colombière, is stated in our French manuscript to have again delivered a most eloquent sermon, "which was listened to by the auditors with transports of joy."

# ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.

In the fall of 1831, a spacious lot of ground in the rear of Palace-street was purchased for the sum of £2300 and in the month of June following, the corner stone of St. Patrick's Church was laid with the usual ceremony. This circumstance took place just at the ever memorable time when that dreadful scourge, the Cholera Morbus, first burst upon the inhabitants of Quebec. The spirit and zeal of the Congregation on this trying occasion are beyond all praise, for their preserving magnanimity in prosecuting through all the unforeseen difficulties which arose out of the panic created in the public mind by that

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desolating pestilence, so that in the short space of twelve months the building was ready for dedication, which ceremony took place on the first Sunday in July, 1833, amid the hearty rejoicings and thanksgivings of a generous people.

St. Patrick's Church is a fine substantial stone building, covering an area of 136 feet by 52. It fronts St. · Helen-street, and is entered by three well moulded doors, the largest of which is in the tower, the other two in the side aisles, besides the two entrances to the east and west. It is lighted on each side by a double tier of windows well made and in admirable proportion. The roof and galleries are supported by massive pillars with bases and capitals. The ceiling is 48 feet high, richly embossed and ornamented with scriptural emblems. The steeple is handsome and well proportioned, and stands 120 feet from the ground to the ball which supports the There are very extensive and magnificent gallecross. ries round the inside, terminating over the Sanctuary, furnished with a triple range of elegant pews, which, with those of the ground flat, are calculated to accommodate an immense congregation.

The interior of this Church, comprising pillars columns, arches, ceilings, the grand variegated altar, tabernacle and canopy, the adorned Sanctuary, the flank and end windows, organ, &c. with all their varied tracery, present a *coup d'aeil*, to strike the beholder with religious awe and admiration.

There is attached to this Church, under the patronage of the Pastor, the Rev. Mr. McMahon, a Christian Doctrine Society, whose duty it is to instruct the youth of the congregation in the principles and duties of their religion. The members of this Society have founded a circulating library, consisting of religious and moral works for the benefit of the congregation, a circumstance

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highly creditable to the zeal and public spirit of the Irish Catholics of Quebec.

# CATHEDRAL OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

It has been stated that the Convent, Church and Garden of the Recollet Fathers occupied the site in the front of the Castle of St. Lewis, as far as the URSULINE Convent in the rear, and contained within St. Lewis, St. Anne and Garden Streets. After the burning of the Church and Convent in 1796, the buildings were razed to the foundation, on the extinction of the order, and the ground appropriated as a site for the new English Cathedral. The Court House is also built on part of the ground. The area in the centre of the Place d'Armes was not always so large. Until a few years ago the foundations of the Recollet Church were to be traced upon the rocky surface, several yards in advance of the present boundary on the western side. In the month of July, 1834, in sinking one of the posts which surround the area of the Place d'Armes some human bones were discovered very near the surface. As from their si tuation they must have been outside the Convent, it maybe fairly supposed that they were the remains of one of the Aborigines, buried there before the coming of the French.

The English Cathedral was built by the bounty of Government, upon the representations of the first Bishop of Quebec, and consecrated in 1804. It is an edifice of regular architecture and very respectable appearance, standing in a spacious area, handsomely enclosed by iron rails and gates, and planted with trees. Its exterior length is 135 feet, its breadth 73; the height of the spire above the ground, 162; from the floor to the centre of the arch within, 41. The communion plate of this Church is very magnificent, and persons in London went to see it while making in the hands of Rundell and Bridge. This plate, together with the altar cloth, hangings of the desk and pulpit, which are of crimson velvet and cloth of gold, and books for divine service, was a present from King George the Third. A good peal of eight bells, of which the tenor bell is about 16 cwt., was procured some few years ago by the subscriptions of the congregation. The Church has an excellent organ and a regular Cathedral choir, but no Dean and Chapter. It serves also as the Parish Church, until such an edifice shall be erected, with a reservation in favor of the Episcopal rights. Near the altar is an elegant font of white marble.

Two galleries have been constructed in the Cathedral, thrown back on each side of the organ, for the accomodation, respectively, of the children attending the Male and Female National Schools, the front of each is allotted to the orphans of the Asylums, in their distinctive dresses.

Within the enclosure, is the building lately erected as the Rectory, in which his Lordship the Bishop of Montreal resides, it has a small chapel attached to it.

There are four Chapels of the Church of England within the Parish of Quebec. The principal of these is that of the Holy Trinity, in St. Stanislas Street, Upper Town, which is a private chapel, built by the late Chief Justice Sewell in 1824, at the suggestion of the late Bishop of Quebec, to provide for the increase of the Cathedral congregation. It is a handsome building, with a front of cut stone, in length 64 feet, in breadth 48, it has an organ, and is calculated to hold 700 persons. The officiating Clergyman is the Reverend Edmund Willoughby Sewell.

The other three chapels, which are small and without any kind of architectural pretensions, are St. MAT-THEW'S or the FREE Chapel, in St. John's Suburbs, where the services and accommodation are altogether ł

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gratuitous :---ST. PAUL'S or the MARINER'S Chapel, at the base of Cape Diamond, close to the place called L'Anse des Mères, built of wood, (over a school house of stone, connected with the institution,) consecrated in 1832, and served without additional salary by the evening lecturer of the Cathedral ;---and ST. PETER'S Chapel, in St. Valier Street St. Roch Suburbs.

The FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM occupies the rooms over the two School rooms, in the National School house, a building in the plain Gothic style, near St. John's Gate, within the walls. Both the original fitting up of the rooms for the Female Orphan Asylum, and the maintenance of the inmates were long solely provided for by means of the annual BAZAAR held by the ladies composing the Committee of the National School, who also assisted, from their first Bazaar, many other charities in the place, the Provincial Legislature have recently lent their aid to this excellent institution.

### ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Is situated in St. Anne Street.

In the year 1821, being found far from adequate to the accommodation of its members, a petition was presented by the Trustees to His Excellency the Earl of Dalhousie, then Governor General, for an additional space of ground to enable them to enlarge it, with which his Excellency was graciously pleased to comply, and also to grant an aid of £300 currency, out of the monies arising out of the Jesuits' Estates, besides generously subscribing £50 towards carrying the same into effect.

The enlargement was completed in May, 1824, and with the exception of the above mentioned sums, cost theongregation by voluntary subscription nearly  $\pounds 2300$ currency. The Church, as it now stands, is 95 feet by 48 inside the walls, and can accommodate 1300 sitters.

The Trustees are incorporated by an Act of the Provincial Parliament, which was assented to by His Majesty in Council, on the 31st January, 1831, and the royal assent thereto was signified by the proclamation of His Excellency the Governor in-Chief, on the 29th April, 1831.

A school, in connection with the Church, was erected by Trustees in the year 1831, who received in aid of the building, the liberal sum of £400 currency, from the Provincial Legislature. The school is under the management and direction of six members of the Church, chosen annually by ballot at a general meeting of the congregation, held on the first Sunday in the month of May, in the Church immediately after divine service in the forenoon, when a report of the proceedings of the Committee for the previous twelve months is furnished by the Secretary.

There is also a Sunday School in connexion with the Church, which meets every Sunday at half-past 9 o'clock and is numerously attended.

### ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

This building stands in St. Francis Street, and is without ornament. It was erected in the year 1816, and up to the year 1830, it had been occupied as a place of worship by the Congregationalists. It is now, and has been since the date last specified, a place of worship in connexion with the Church of Scotland, and is named St. John's Church. The Minister and Trustees of St. John's Church were incorporated by Act of Parliament in year 1831.

# WESLEYAN CHAPEL.

The Wesleyan Methodists have a Chapel situate structure. St. Anne Street in the Upper Town. This building was erected in 1816, and is, both in the interior and exterior, extremely plain. The congregation is generally as large as can be comfortably accomodated : and it has been in contemplation to remove the present and erect a larger edifice in the same place.

They have also a smaller Chapel in St. Lewis Suburbs, called the "Centenary Chapel."

There are three Sabbath Schools connected with these Chapels, and the number of children attending each, with the attention they give to the instruction with which they are furnished, afford much encouragement to those by whom they are conducted.

# THE PARLIAMENT HOUSE.

Is situated near Prescott Gate, on the site of the ancient Palace of the French Bishop, and commands an extensive prospect towards the north, with a delightful view of the basin, and of Pointe Lévi.

The Literary and Historical Society occupy extensive apartments in this building, which with its Museum is open to the public daily, from 1 to 3, P. M.

The Quebec Library Association, and the Mechanics' Institute have also commodious apartments within the building.

### THE COURT HOUSE.

This edifice is built of grey stone, plain and substantial, standing within an area inclosed by an iron railing, and is one hundred and thirty six-feet long, by forty-four feet broad. The roof, like that of most of the public buildings, is covered with tin. The approach from St. Lewis Street is by a double flight of stone steps leading to an arcade, or vestibule; from which are passages leading to the rooms below, and wide staircases to the Courts above. Immediately in front of the lower story, and facing the arcade, is the chamber in which the COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS is held. On the right are the Police Office, the Justices' Room, and Grand Jury Room. On the left, the Offices of the Prothonotary of the Court of Queen's Bench. On the upper floor is the COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH, fitted up in an appropriate manner, with a gallery for spectators. Immediately behind the Bench, as in the Quarter Sessions' Room, are the IMPERIAL ARMS. To the left of the COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH, are the Judges' Chambers, and the COURT OF APPEALS; and on the right, the Vice-Admiralty Office, and the Advocate's Wardrobe. The COURT OF VICE-ADMIRALTY is generally held in the Quarter Sessions' Room. In the basement are kept the the records of the Courts.

#### THE JAIL.

The present Jail was erected during the administration of Sir JAMES CRAIG, and was first occupied in 1814. The cost, to the amount of £15000, was defrayed by a vote of the Legislature. It is one hundred and sixty-feet in length, by sixty-eight feet in breadth. Behind it, in a separate building, is the HOUSE OF CORRECTION for females; and between the two is the court yard of the prison, in part of which the inmates are allowed to take exercise under certain regulations.

### MONTCALM HOUSE.

A little to the west of HOPE-GATE, within the Fortifications, and immediately adjoining the termination of the garden wall of the Hotel-Dieu, looking towards the north-east, stands the building once inhabited by the brave Marquis DE MONTCALM. It is now divided into three private residences. The entrance appears originally to have been through a court yard in the rear; and as the walls of the building next to the fortifications are very thick, and the foundations massive, it is very

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probable that it was once intended for defence on the side looking to the basin.

It is at present no otherwise remarkable than as having been the residence of the French General, whose fame the battle of the Plains of Abraham has perpetuated in the same scroll with that of his successful and lamented antagonist.

# THE MARINE AND EMIGRANT HOSPITAL.

This building, is situated not far from the General Hospital, on the Bank of the Little River St. Charles; and nearly opposite to the spot where JACQUES CARTIER first wintered in 1815. The names of the visiting Physicians &c. will be found in page 110.

### EXPEDITION OF 1759.

By the common consent of the world, QUEBEC is for ever identified with the renown of the two great nations who contended for its possession; and the history of this -period will always be referred to as equally interesting. attractive and important. The varied incidents of the expedition-the arrival before the town-the attack of the fire-ships-the fruitless engagement at Montmorenci the bombardment from Point-Levi-the landing under the heights of Abraham-the battle of the Plains-the death of two heroic leaders-the surrender-the subsequent fight at Sillery-the siege by the French-and the arrival of the English fleet, form a series of spiritstirring events, which possess the mind of the reader with the eager interest of vicissitude. as they in turn develope the great game of war, played by the most skilful hands, and for the noblest stake ! The scene of this heroic drama, the actors, and the event will be for ever memorable. The tale has been handed down by various writers-but to do justice to the narration it requires the pen of WOLFE himself.

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We can imagine the feelings with which WOLFE, having safely landed his army on the 27th June, near the Church of St. Laurent, on the Isle of Orleans,---where they encamped in one line, about a mile from the shore--proceeded to the west end of the Island to reconnoitre the position of the enemy. It must be confessed that the view he then beheld was most magnificent and imposing. Amidst the native beauty of the scenery, the French army presented its formidable front, extending along the slooping ground upon the north shore, and occupying the heights of Beauport from Quebec on the right, to the cascades of Montmorenci on the left. The village of Beauport rose in the centre, among the battalions of old France-the right rested upon the St. Charles, with the beautiful village of Charlesbourg in its rear-the left extended to the chasm at the Falls. The whole front was entrenched, and protected from the English cannonwhile all accessible points along the shore were occupied and defended by batteries, and by every means which the science of war provides. Beyond the right, a bridge had been thrown over the River St. Charles, in order to communicate with the town and garrison. This was protected by têtes du pont and strong works at each end, as well as by two batteries, of eight guns each, mounted upon hulks, sunk in the channel. The enthusiastic spirit of WOLFE must have comprehended all the strength of this position, and all the glory of surmounting it, nor could his gentle and highly cultivated mind have been insensible to the extreme beauty of the scene, the tranquillity of which his operations were so immediately to disturb.

The French army was composed of about thirteen thousand men, six battalions of which were regulars, and the remainder well disciplined Canadian Militia, with some cavalry and Indians. The right was under the command of Brigadier General the Baron de St. Ours, the centre of Brigadier General De Senezergues, and the left of M. Herbin. The garrison was commanded by M. De Ramezay.

Although the Fleet had safely arrived at the place of disembarkation, no sooner were the troops on shore than it met with one of those storms of wind and rain which are frequent in the River St. Lawrence. The hurricane was of such violence as to do great damage to the transports and boats of the fleet, by their driving on board each other.

It being absolutely necessary for the combined operations of the two services, that the English should possess the command of the basin, General MONCKTON, second in command, was detached on the night of the 29th, with four battalions, with orders to land at Beaumont. and to clear the south shore from that village to Point Lévi, which post he was to occupy and fortify—a duty which he accomplished with little opposition. Here he erected batteries and works, the remains of which may be traced at the present day. In the meantime Colonel Guy Carleton, afterwards Lord Dorchester, established himself at the western point of the Isle of Orleans, where he erected works for the defence of the magazines, stores, and hospitals.

MONTCALM, who too late perceived the importance of the works at Point Levi, sent a corps of sixteen hundred men against them, but these troops unluckily for themselves and for the English General, who was anxious to defeat so large a detachment, fell into confusion, and having fired upon each other instead of upon the enemy, returned in utter discomfiture.

General Wolff, perceiving that the ground to the eastward of the Falls of Montmorenci, on which rested the left flank of the French army, was higher than that on the enemy's side, determined to take possession of it; and having passed the north channel, he encamped there on the 9th July, not without severe skirmishing and considerable loss. Here he erected batteries which greatly galled the left of the intrenchments, and conceived the design of attacking the French in their intrenchments. This attack, which looking at the difficulties of the ground appears to have been carefully considered and planned with judgment, took place on the 31st July. It failed through want of caution and excess of courage on the part of the grenadiers, although the grounding of the boats upon the ledge, some distance from the shore, was, doubtless the primary cause of the disaster. The return of our loss at the battle of Montmorenci is stated to have been 182 killed and 650 wounded.

The failure at Montmorenci had made a deep impression upon the mind of WOLFE. He had a spirit impatient of anticipated censure—unable to bear disappointment, where he was conscious of having deserved success -and he cherished an eager desire to retrieve the laurels which he feared some might think had fallen from his brow. His situation, however, was such that he despaired of finding an opportunity; he was often heard to sigh, and observed to betray great inward agitation.-His constitution, naturally delicate, gave way under his excitement; which, added to the great fatigues he had undergone, brought on a fever and dysentery, and for some time totally disabled him. Such was the affection of the whole army for WOLFE, that his sickness made a general impression npon them; and when his health, after ten days severe illness, permitted him to return to the camp, and once more to visit the guards and posts as usual, they gave the strongest proof of the most heartfelt joy, and his presence infused fresh spirits into the troops.

Every preparation having been made—and Admiral SAUNDERS having engaged to co-operate by a feint attack upon the retrenchments at Beauport—the eventful day approached when the blow was to be struck. Rear Admiral HOLMES had the command of the naval force employed in covering the disembarkation, the immediate management of which was entrusted to Captain CHADS, a name to this day distinguished in the Royal Navy.— On the 12th September, General WOLFE issued the following order:

" ON BOARD HIS MAJESTY'S SHIP SUTHERLAND."

"The enemy's force is now divided : great scarcity of provisions is in their camp, and universal discontent among the Canadians. The second officer in command is gone to Montreal, or St. Johns; which gives reason to think that General Amherst is advancing into the colony. A vigorous blow struck by the army at this juncture may determine the fate of Canada. Our troops below are in readiness to join us: all the light artillery and tools are embarked at Point Lévi; and the troops will land where the French seem least to expect it. The first body that gets on shore is to march directly to the enemy, and drive them from any little post they may occupy. The officers must be careful that the succeeding bodies do not, by any mistake, fire upon those who go before them. The battalions must form upon the upper ground with expedition, and be ready to charge whatever presents itself. When the artillery and troops are landed, a corps will be left to secure the landing place, while the rest march on, and endeavor to bring the French and Canadians to a battle. The officers and men will remember what their country expects from them, and what a determined body of soldiers, inured to war, is capable of doing, against five weak French battalions, mingled with disorderly peasantry. The soldiers must be attentive and obcdient to their officers, and the officers resolute in the execution of their duty."

The plan adopted was, that the troops should be conveyed some distance up the river for the purpose of deceiving the enemy, and amusing M. De Bougainville.— They were afterwards in the night to drop down with the tide, and to land on the north shore about a mile above Cape Diamond, in the expectation of being able to ascend the heights of Abraham, and to gain the open ground westward of the city, where it was most open to attack. Nothing could be more hazardous in the execution than this design—the slightest accident might derange the whole course of the operations—a night attack was always liable to mischance—yet the plan was carried into effect not only with complete success, but with singular ease and good fortune.

At night on the 12th, the main body quartered on the south shore was ordered to embark in flat bottomed boats, and to proceed up the river with the tide of The first division was composed of the light inflood. fantry, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel the Honorable WILLIAM HOWE, the regiments of Bragg, Kennedy, Lascelles and Anstruther, with a detachment of Highlanders, and the grenadiers of the Royal American Regiment, under the command of Brigadiers General MONCKTON and MURRAY. The night was clear and star light, and BOUGAINVILLE perceiving the boats, marched up the north bank of the river to prevent any landing.-About an hour before day light, the boats fell down the river with the tide of ebb, with great rapidity by the help of oars, and keeping close to the shore. They were followed at some interval by the shipping, and both luckily escaped observation. About day-light on the 14th, they arrived at a cove below Sillery, now for ever celebrated as WOLFE'S COVE, which was the place chosen for the disembarkation. The light infantry, which had been carried a short distance below by the rapidity of the tide, were the first that landed, and scrambling up the woody precipice-the ascent of which was so difficult. that the soldiers were obliged to pull themselves up by the roots and boughs of trees-displaced a French guard at the top, under the command of Captain De Vergor, which defended the narrow path, and thereby enabled the rest of the division to reach the summit. The boats in the mean time had returned for the second division

under Brigadier General TOWNSHEND, which arrived and landed in like good order. General WOLFE was with the first division, and he was one of the first on shore. On seeing the difficulty of ascending the precipice, he observed in a familiar strain to Captain DONALD McDONALD, a very gallant officer of Fraser's Highlanders, who commanded the advanced guard of the light infantry:—"I don't believe there is any possibility of getting up; but you must do your endeavor."

The exultation of WOLFE on thus finding himself, with scarcely any loss, on the heights of ABRAHAM, may easily be conceived. After more than two months of solicitude, the object of his long and anxious wishes was before him—his only remaining hope was that MONTCALM would give him battle—of the result he entertained no doubt. The hour of triumph so long sought for, so eagerly expected, was at hand—he was determined that day to decide the supremacy of ENGLAND or FRANCE, in America, before the walls of her mostimportant for tress

# THE BATTLE OF THE PLAINS OF ABRAHAM-DEATH OF WOLFE AND MONTCALM,

Any one who visits the celebrated Plains of Abraham, the scene of this glorious fight—equally rich in natural beauty and historic recollections—will admit that no site could be found better adapted for displaying the evolutions of military skill and discipline, or the exertion of physical force and determined valor. The battle-ground presents almost a level surface from the brink of the St. Lawrence, to the St. Foy road. The *Grand Allée*, or road to Cape Rouge, running parallel to that of St. Foy, passes through its centre. That road was commanded by a field redoubt, a four gun battery on the English left, which was captured by the light infantry, as mentioned in General Townshend's letter. The remains of this battery are distinctly seen near to the present

race-stand. There were also two other redoubts. one upon the rising ground, in the rear of Mr. C. Campbell's house-the death scene of Wolfe-and the other towards the St. Foy road, which it was intended to command. On the site of the country seat called Marchmont, at present the residence of Major General Sir James Hope, K.C.B., there was also a small redoubt commanding the intrenched path leading to the Cove. This was taken possession of by the advanced guard of the light infantry, immediately on ascending the heights. At the period of the battle, the plains were without fences or enclosures, and extended to the walls to the St. Lewis side. The surface was dotted over with bushes. and the woods on either flank were more dense than at present, affording shelter to the French and Indian marksmen.

In order to understand the relative position of the two armies, if a line be drawn to the St. Lawrence from the General Hospital, it will give nearly the front of the French army at ten o'clock, after Montcalm had deployed it into line. His right reached beyond the St. Foy road, where he made dispositions to turn the left of the English. Another parallel line somewhat in advance of Mr. C. G. Stewart's house on the St. Foy road, will give the front of the British army, before Wolfe charged at the head of the grenadiers of the 22nd, 40th, and 45th regiments, who had acquired the honorable title of the Louisbourg Grenadiers, from having been distinguished at the capture of that place, under his own command, in To meet the attempt of Montcalm to turn the 1758. British left, General Townshend formed the 15th regiment en potence, or presenting a double front. The light infantry were in rear of the left, and the reserve was placed near the right, formed in eight subdivisions, a good distance apart.

The English had been about four hours in possession

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of the Plains, and were completely prepared to receive them, when the French advanced with great resolution. They approached obliquely by the left, having marched from Beauport that morning. On being formed, they commenced the attack with great vivacity and animation. firing by platoons. It was observed, however, that their fire was irregular and ineffective, whereas that of the English was so well directed and maintained, as to throw the French into immediate confusion. It must be stated. that although the French army was more numerous, it was principally composed of colonial troops, who did not support the regular forces as firmly as was expected of them. Montcalm on his death bed, expressed himself bitterly in this respect. The English troops, on the contrary, were nearly all regulars of approved courage, well officered and under perfect discipline. The grenadiers burned to revenge their defeat at Montmorenci, and it was at their head that Wolfe, with great military tact placed himself at the commencement of the action.

About eight o'clock, some sailors had succeeded in dragging up the precipice a light six-pounder, which, although the only gun used by the English in the action, being remarkably well served, played with great success on the centre column as it advanced, and more than once compelled the enemy to change the disposition of his The French had two field pieces in the action. forces. The despatches mention a remarkable proof of coolness and presence of mind, on the part of troops who had no hopes but in victory, no chance of safety but in beating the enemy, for had they been defeated, re-embarkation would have been impracticable. The English were ordered to reserve their fire until the French were within forty yards. They observed these orders most strictly, bearing with patience the incessant fire of the Canadians and Indians. It is also stated that Wolfe ordered

the men to load with an additional bullet, which did great execution.

The two generals animated with equal spirit, met each other at the head of their respective troops where the battle was most severe. MONTCALM was on the left of the French, at the head of the regiments of Languedoc. Bearne, and Guienne,-Wolfe on the right of the English, at the head of the 28th, and the Louisburg Grenadiers. Here the greatest exertions were made under the eyes of the leaders, the action in the centre and left was comparatively a skirmish. The severest fighting took place between the right of the race-stand and the Mar. tello towers. The rapidity and effect of the English fire having thrown the French into confusion, orders were given, even before the smoke cleared away, to charge with the bayonet. WOLFE exposing himself at the head of the battalions, was singled out by some Canadien marksmen on the enemy's left, and had already received a slight wound in the wrist. Regardless of this, and unwilling to dispirit his troops, he folded a handkercheif round his arm, and putting himself at the head of the grenadicrs, led them on to the charge, which was completely successful. It was bought however with the life of their heroic leader. He was struck with a second ball in the groin, but still pressed on, and just as the enemy were about to give way, he received a third ball in his breast and fell mortally wounded. Dear, indeed was the price of a victory purchased by the death of Wolfe, of a hero, whose uncommon merit was scarcely known and appreciated by his country, before a premature fate removed him for ever from her service.

He met, however, a glorious death in the moment of victory—a victory which in deciding the fate of CANADA, commanded the applause of the world, and classed WOLFE among the most celebrated Generals of ancient and modern times. Happily, he survived his wound

long enough to learn the success of the day. When the fatal ball took effect, his principal care was, that he should not be seen to fall.-"" Support me,"-said he to an officer near him,-"" let not my brave soldiers see me The day is ours, keep it!" He was then carried drop. a little way to the rear, where he requested water to be brought from a neighboring well to quench his thirst.---The charge still continued, when the officer-on whose shoulder, as he sat down for the purpose, the dying hero leaned-exclaiming, "They run! they run!"-"Who run?" asked the gallant Wolfe, with some emotion .--every where !" "What ?" said he, "do they run already? Pray, one of you go to Colonel Burton, and tell him to march Webb's regiment with all speed down to St. Charles River, to cut off the retreat of the fugitives from the bridge.-Now, God be praised, I DIE HAPPY !" So saying the youthful hero breathed his last. He reflected that he had done his duty, and he knew that he should live for ever in the memory of a grateful country. His expiring moments were cheered with the British shout of victory,

Such was the death of Wolffe upon the plains of ABRAHAM, at the early age of thirty-two years! It has been well observed, that "death more glorious and attended with circumstances more picturesque and interesting, is no where to be found in the annals of history." His extraordinary qualities, and singular fate, have afforded a fruitful theme of panegyric to the historian and the poet, to the present day. How they were appreciated by his gallant companions in arms, may be learned by the subjoined extract from a letter written after the battle by General, afterwards Marquess, TOWNSHEND, to one of his friends in England :—" I am not ashamed to own to you, that my heart does not exult in the midst of this success, I have lost but a friend in General WOLFE. Our country has lost a sure support, and a perpetual honour. If the world were sensible at how dear a price we have purchased QUEBEC in his death, it would damp the public joy. Our best consolation is, that providence seemed not to promise that he should remain long among us. He was himself sensible of the weakness of his constitution, and determined to crowd into a few years, actions that would have adorned length of life." The feeling and affecting manner in which WOLFE is spoken of in this letter, and its elegance of expression, confer equal honor upon the head and heart of the accomplished writer.

The spot consecrated by the fall of General WOLFE, in the charge made by the grenadiers upon the left of the French line, will to the latest day be visited with deep intersst and emotion.

 few years ago His Excellency Lord AYLMER, then Governor in Chief, caused a small pillar to be erected on the spot with the following inscription:

# HERE DIED

# WOLFE

# VICTORIOUS.

This memorial has been sadly mutilated, we trust however, ere long, it will give place to a more enduring memento, such as an iron pillar cast from some of the old cannon.

MONTCALM received his fatal wound in the front rank of the French left, and died at 5 o'clock on the morning of the 14th September, he was buried in an excavation made by the bursting of a shell within the precincts of the Ursuline Convent, a fit resting place for the remains of a man who died fighting for the honor and defence of his country.

The following regiments shared the glories of the day : -namely, the 15th, 28th, 35th, 43rd, 47th, 48th, 58th, 60th, 2nd and 3rd Battallions 78th Fraser's Highlanders, and the Grenadiers of the 22nd, 40th, and 45th. Total of all ranks, including General Officers, 4826, of whom 61 were killed, and 603 wounded. The French force, including Militia, amounted to 7520.

The remains of WolfE were conveyed to England for interment, with all honor and respect, on board the Royal William, of 84 guns. On the 17th November, the body was landed at Portsmouth. During the solemnity, all the honors that could be paid to the memory of a gallant officer were rendered to the remains of WolfE. The corps was privately interred at Greenwich on the 20th*.

* During our residence in England, in 1841, superintending the engraving of the *Plan of the Battle*, we were politely permitted by the surviving branch of the family to visit the vault, which is under the parish Church of Greenwich. It was with feelings which we cannot describe, that we placed the key in the door, (over which is inscribed on a marble slab, "The Family Vault of Major General James Wolfe, 1759,") disclosing to us the resting place of that illustrious Hero. We were accompanied by a few friends, and two old veteran seamen of Greenwich Hospital who solicited permission. Upwards of fourscore years had passed away since the memorable victory and glorious death. The vault exhibited to us three coffins, that of the Father, the Mother, and the Son:—we gently wiped the dust from the Coffin plate, and found the following unpretending inscription thereon:—

Major General JAMES WOLFE, Aged 32 Years.

Aged 60 Years.

On the Coffin to the left is the following :-The Honble. Lieutenant Genl. E D W A R D W O L F E, Died March 26th, 1759, Aged 74 Years. The news of the failure of Wolfe at Montmorenci, reached England on the morning of the 16th October, it was made known to the public in an extraordinary Gazette of that date, and caused a general gloom.

The satisfaction with which they received the glorious accounts of victory brought by Colonel Hale, on the same evening with the publication of the Gazette, may be well imagined. A day of public thanksgiving was set apart, by authority, for the signal success of His MAJES-TY'S arms. The HOUSE OF COMMONS addressed HIS MAJESTY to crect a national monument to the memory of WOLFE, in Westminster Abbey, which was carried into effect, and to this day remains an object of patriotic interest and exultation.

Our limits will not permit us at present to extend this interesting subject; but we will endeavor to do it justice in our second edition of the "PICTURE OF QUEBEC, WITH HISTORICAL RECOLLECTIONS." HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HONORABLE SIR CHARLES METCALFE, has been pleased to extend his patronage and liberal support towards the undertaking; and it shall be our care and pride to render it worthy the distinguished honor of his name.

In the year 1827, during the administration of the late Earl of Dalhousie, that patriotic nobleman proposed the erection of a monument in Quebec to the memory of WOLFE and MONTCALM. A subscription was set on foot, about seven hundred pounds were collected, and the liberality of the noble earl supplied the deficiency, This memorial in honor of the two Military Chiefs, stands in

The vault was in perfect order and no appearance of decay could be observed on the Coffins, save the ravages of the moth. Not a word was spoken, and all stood uncovered. Before retiring we placed a wreath of laurel upon the Coffin, and deposited in the vault a copy of the Quebec Mercury, of 21st November, 1839, containing a list of subscribers to our engraving commemorating the glorious victory and death.

the Government Garden, on the west side of *Des Carrières* Street, and is a conspicuous object from the River. The Garden is open to the public, and affords a delightful promenade. The Bands of the two distinguished Regiments now in the Garrison, are politely permitted to enliven the scene, during at least, two evenings of the week.

### SIEGE OF QUEBEC AND DEATH OF GENERAL MONTGOMERY.

The invasion of Canada by the troops of the American Congress rendered the year 1775 memorable in the annals of the Province. QUEBEC is remarkable among North American cities for having been five times invested by regular forces;—First, in 1629, when, in the infancy of the Colony, it fell into the hands of the English,—in 1690, after its natural capabilities for defence had been improved by the art of fortification, when it successfully resisted the attack of Sir WILLIAM PHIPPS, -in 1759, when, after the battle of the Plains of Abraham, it was once more won by England, --- in 1760, when having been maintained during the winter, it was unsuccessfully besieged by de Lévi;-and lastly, in 1775, when after having been stormed without success-after having sustained a siege and blockade of six months duration-the enemy was compelled to abandon his camp Since that time no hostile banner has been in despair. displayed before its walls; and so long as it is defended by a garrison, loyal and resolute to do their duty-so long as England maintains the glory of her Navy, QUE-BEC may bid defiance to external attack and foreign vio-May the "time honored" standard of Great Brilence. tain for ever wave from the battlements that crown this renowned fortress.

On the 17th September, 1775, Brigadier General Richard Montgomery who had formerly been in the British service, appeared at the head of an army, before the Fort of St. John's, which, after a gallant defence, surrendered-on the 3rd November, the garrison marching out with the honors of war. Montreal, which was entirely defenceless, capitulated on the 12th November; and General Carleton, conceiving it of the utmost importance to reach Quebec, the only place capable of defence, passed through the American force stationed at Sorel, during the night in a canoe with muffled paddles; and arrived in Quebec on the 19th, to the great joy of the garrison and loyal inhabitants, who placed every confidence in his well known courage and ability.

An expedition of a singular and daring character had been successfully prosecuted against Quebec from the New England States, by a route which was little known, and generally considered impracticable. The expedition was headed by Colonel Arnold, an officer in the service of the Congress; who with two regiments, amounting to about eleven hundred men, left Boston about the middle of September, and undertook to penetrate through the wilderness to Point Lévi, by the means of the Rivers Kennebec and Chaudière.

After passing thirty-two days in the wilderness, they arrived on the 4th November at the first settlement, callcd Sertigan, twenty five leagues from Quebec, where they obtained all kinds of provisions. On the 9th, Colonel Arnold arrived at Pointe Lévi, where he remained twenty-four hours before it was known at Quebec; and whence it was extremely fortunate that all the small craft and canoes had been removed by order of the officer commanding the garrison. On the 13th, late in the evening, they embarked in thirty-four canoes, and very early in the morning of the 14th, he succeeded in landing five hundred men at Wolfe's Cove, without being discovered from the *Lizard* and *Hunter*, ships of war.— The first operation was to take possession of what had been General Murray's house on the St. Foy Road, and of the General Hospital. They also placed guards upon all the roads, in order to prevent the garrison from obtaining supplies from the country.

The small force of Arnold prevented any attempt being made towards the reduction of the fortress until after the arrival of Montgomery from Montreal, who took the command on the 1st December, and established his head quarters at Holland House. Arnold is said to have occupied a house near Scott's Bridge.

The arrival of the Governor on the 19th November had infused the best spirit among the inhabitants of Quebec. On the 1st December, the motley garrison amounted to eighteen hundred men—all, however, full of zeal in the cause of their King and country, and well supplied with provision for eight months. They were under the immediate command of Colonel Allan Maclean, of the 84th Regiment or Royal Emigrants, composed principally of those of the gallant Fraser's Highlanders, who had settled in Canada.

# STATEMENT OF THE GARRISON, 1ST DECEMBER, 1775.

- 70 Royal Fusileers, or 7th Regiment.
- 230 Royal Emigrants, or 84th Regiment.
- 22 Royal Artillery.
- 330 British Militia, under Lt. Col. Caldwell.
- 543 Canadians, under Colonel Dupré.
- 400 Seamen under Captains Hamilton and Mackenzie.
  - 50 Masters and Mates.
- 35 Marines.
- 120 Artificers.

1800 Total bearing arms.

The siege, or rather the blockade, was maintained during the whole month of December, although the incidents were few and of little interest. The Americans were established in every house near the walls, more particularly in the Suburb of St. Roch, near the Intendant's Palace. During this anxious period the gentry and inhabitants of the city bore arms, and cheerfully performed the duties of soldiers. The British Militia were conspicuous for zeal and loyalty, under the command of Major Henry Caldwell, who had the Provincial rank of Lieutenant Colonel. He had served as Deputy Quarter Master General with the army, under General WOLFE, and had settled in the Province after the conquest. The Canadian Militia within the town was commanded by Colonel Le Comte Dupré, an officer of great zeal and ability, who rendered great services during the whole siege.

General Montgomery, despairing to reduce the place by a regular siege, resolved on a night attack, in the hope of either taking it by storm, or of finding the garrison unprepared at some point. In this design he was encouraged by Arnold, whose local knowledge of Quebec was accurate, having been acquired in his frequent visits for the purpose of buying up Canadian horses .---The intention of Montgomery soon became known to the garrison, and General Carleton made every preparation to prevent surprise, and to defeat the assault of the enemy. For several days the Governor, with the officers and gentlemen, off duty, had taken up their quarters in the Récollet Convent, where they slept in their At last, early in the morning of the 31st Declothes. cember, and during a violent snow storm, Montgomery, at the head of the New York troops, advanced to the attack of the Lower Town, from its western extremity, along a road between the base of Cape Diamond and the river. Arnold, at the same time, advanced from the General Hospital by way of St. Charles Street. The two parties were to meet at the lower end of Mountain Street. and when united were to force Prescott-Gate. Two feint attacks in the mean time on the side towards the west, were to distract the attention of the garrison.-Such is the outline of this daring plan, the obstacles to the accomplishment of which do not seem to have entered into the contemplation of the American officers, who reckoned too much upon their own fortune and the weakness of the garrison.

When, at the head of seven hundred men, Montgomerv had advanced a short distance. he came to a narrow defile, with a precipice towards the river on the one side, and the scarped rock above him on the other. This place is known by the name of Près-de-Ville. Here all further approach to the Lower Town was intercepted, and commanded by a battery of three pounders placed in a hangard on the south of the pass. The Post was entrusted to a Captain of Canadian Militia, whose force consisted of thirty Canadian and eight British Militiamen, with nine British seamen to work the guns as artillerymen, under Captain Barnsfare, Master of a transport, laid up in the harbor during the winter. At day-break, some of the guard, being on the look out, discovered, through the imperfect light, a body of troops in full march from Wolfe's Cove upon the Post. The men had been kept under arms waiting with the utmost steadiness for the attack, which they had reason to expect, from the reports of deserters; and in pursuance of judicious arrangements which had been previously concerted, the enemy was allowed to approach unmolested within a small distance. They halted at about fifty yards from the barrier; and as the guard remained perfectly still, it was probably concluded that they were not on the alert. To ascertain this an officer was seen to approach quite near to the barrier. After listening a moment or two, he returned to the body; and they instantly dashed forward at double quick time to the attack of the post.-This was what the guard expected: the artillery-men stood by with lighted matches, and Captain Barnsfare at the critical moment giving the word, the fire of the guns and musketry was directed with deadly precision

against the head of the advancing column. The consequence was a precipitate retreat-the enemy was scattered in every direction-the groans of the wounded and of the dying were heard, but nothing certain being known, the pass continued to be swept by the cannon and musketry for the space of ten minutes. The enemy having retired, thirteen bodies were found in the snow. and Montgomery's Orderly Serjeant desperately wounded, but yet alive, was brought into the guard room.---On being asked if the General himself had been killed. the Serjeant evaded the question, by replying, that he had not seen him for some time, although he could not but have known the fact. This faithful Serjeant died in about an hour afterwards. It was not ascertained that the American General had been killed, until some hours afterwards, when General Carleton, being anxious to ascertain the truth, sent an Aide-de-Camp to the Seminary, to enquire if any of the American officers, then prisoners, would identify the body. A field officer of Arnold's division, who had been made prisoner near Sault-au-Matelot barrier, consenting, accompanied the Aide-de-Camp to the Près-de-Ville guard, and pointed it out among the other bodies, at the same time pronouncing, in accents of grief, a glowing eulogium on Montgomery's bravery and worth. Besides that of the General, the bodies of his two Aides-de-Camp were recognized among the slain. The defeat of Montgomery's force was complete. Colonel Campbell, his second in command, immediately relinquished the undertaking, and led back his men with the utmost precipitation.

The exact spot where the barrier was erected before which Montgomery fell, may be described as crossing the narrow road under the mountain, immediately opposite to the west end of a building which stands on the south, and was formerly occupied as a brewery. The battery extended to the south, and nearly to the river.

We have caused an inscription commemorating the event to be placed upon the opposite rock at *Près-de-Ville*.

Soon after the repulse of the enemy before the post at Près-de-Ville, information was given to the officer in command there, that Arnold's party, from the General Hospital, advancing along the St. Charles, had captured the barrier at the Sault-au-Matelot, and that he intended an attack upon that of Près-de-Ville, by taking it in the rear. Immediate preparations were made for the defence of the Post against such an attack, by turning some of the guns of an inner barrier towards the town; and although the intelligence proved false,-Arnold having been wounded and his division captured,-yet the incident deserves to be commemorated as affording a satisfactory contradiction to some accounts which have appeared in print, representing the guard at Près-de-Ville as having been paralysed by fear,-the post and barrier "deserted,"-and the fire which killed Montgomery merely "accidental." On the contrary, the circumstances we have related, being authentic, prove that the conduct of the Près-de-Ville guard was firm and collected in the hour of danger; and that by their coolness and steadiness they mainly contributed to the safety of the citv. Both Colonel Maclean and General Carleton rendered every justice to their meritorious behaviour on the occasion.

In the mean time the attack by Arnold, on the north eastern side of the Lower Town, was made with desperate resolution. It was, fortunately, equally unsuccessful, although the contest was more protracted; and at one time the city was in no small danger. Arnold led his men by files along the River St. Charles, until he came to the *Sault-au-Matelot*, where there was a barrier with two guns mounted. It must be understood that St. **Paul's Street did not then exist, the tide coming up** nearly to the base of the rock, and the only path between the rock and the beach was the narrow alley which now exists in the rear of St. Paul Street under the precipice itself. Here the curious visitor will find a jutting rock. The whole of the street where was the first barrier. went by the name of Sault-au-Matelot from the most ancient times. Arnold took the command of the forlorn hope, and was leading the attack upon this barrier. when he received a musket wound in the knee which disabled him, and he was carried back to the General Hospital. His troops, however, persevered, and having soon made themselves masters of the barrier, pressed on through the narrow street to the attack of the second, near the eastern extremity of Sault-au-Matelot Street. This was a battery which protected the ends of the two streets called St. Peter Street and Sault-au-Matelot, extending, by means of hangards mounted with cannon, from the rock to the river. The present Custom House, then a private house, had cannon projecting from the end windows, as had the house at the end of Sault-au-Matelot The enemy took shelter in the houses on each Street. side, and in the narrow pass leading round the base of the cliff towards Hope-Gate, where they were secured by the angle of the rock from the fire of the guns at the barrier. Here the enemy met with a determined resistance, which it was impossible to overcome, and General Carleton having ordered a sortie from Palace Gate under Captain Laws, in order to take them in the rear-and their rear guard under Captain Dearborn, having already surrendered-the division of Arnold demanded quarter, and were brought prisoners to the Upper Town. The officers were confined in the Seminary. The contest continued for upwards of two hours, and the bravery of the assailants was indisputable. Through the freezing cold, and the pelting of the storm, they maintained the attack until all hopes of success was lost, when they surrendered to a generous enemy, who treated the wounded and prisoners with humanity.

The Americans lost in the attack about one hundred killed and wounded, and six officers of Arnold's party, exclusive of the loss at  $Pr\hat{e}s$  de Ville. The British lost one officer, Lieut. Anderson of the Royal Navy, and seventeen killed and wounded. The following is a statement of the force which surrendered.

- 1 Lieutenant Colonel V
- 2 Majors,
- 8 Captains,
- 15 Lieutenants,

Not wounded.

- 1 Adjutant,
- 1 Quarter-Master, 4 Volunteere
- 4 Volunteers, 350 Rank and File,
  - 44 Officers and Soldiers, wounded.

426 Total surrendered.

By the death of Montgomery the command devolved upon Arnold, who had received the rank of Brigadier General. In a letter dated, 14th January, 1776, he complains of the great difficulty he had in keeping his remaining troops together, so disheartened were they by their disasters on the 31st December.

The siege now resumed its former character of a blockade, without any event of importance, until the month of March, when the enemy received reinforcements that increased their numbers to near two thousand men.

A Council of War was called on the 5th of May, and it was determined to raise the siege at once, and to retire to Montreal.

The following facts relating to the interment, and disinterment of the body of General MONTGOMERY may be relied upon as authentic :---

In the year 1818, a request having been made to the Governor-in-Chief, Sir John Sherbrooke, for leave to disinter the remains of General MONTGOMERY, in order that they might be conveyed to New-York, and there re-interred, His Excellency acceded to the request, which came to him on the part of Mrs. Montgomery, the widow of the General. Mr. Thompson gave the following affidavit of the facts in order to satisfy the surviving relations and friends of General MONTGOMERY, that the remains which had been so disinterred after the lapse of forty-two years by the same hand that has interred them, were really those of the late General. Mr. Thompson belonged to the army of WOLFE, in 1759.

"I, JAMES THOMPSON, of the city of Quebec, in the Province of Lower Canada, do testify and declare-that I served in the capacity of an Assistant Engineer during the siege of this city, invested during the years 1775 and 1776 by the American forces under the command of the late Major General RICHARD MONTGOMERY. That in an attack made by the American troops under the immediate command of General MONTGOMERY, in the night of the 31st December, 1775, on a British post at the southernmost extremity of the city, near Pres-de-Ville, the General received a mortal wound, and with him were killed his two Aides-de-Camp, McPherson and Cheeseman, who were found in the morning of the 1st January, 1776, almost covered with snow. That Mrs. Prentice who kept an Hotel, at Quebec, and with whom General Montgomery had previously boarded was brought to view the body, after it was placed in the Guard Room, and which she recognised by a particular mark which he had on the side of his head, to be the General's. That the body was then conveyed to a house, (Gobert's,*) by order of Mr. Cramahé, who provided a genteel coffin for the General's body, which was lined inside with flannel, and outside of it with black cloth. That in the night of the 4th January, it was conveyed by me from Gobeit's house, and was interred six feet in front of the gate, within a wall that surrounded a powder magazine near the ramparts bounding on St. Lewis-Gate. That the funeral service was performed at the grave by the Reverend Mr. de Montmolin, then Chaplain of the garrison. That his two Aides-de-Camp were builed in their clothes without any coffins, and that no person was buried within twenty-five yards of the General. That I am positive and can testify and declare, that the coffin of the late General

[•] Gobert's house was at the corner of St. Lewis and St. Ursule streets, opposite the City Hall, St. Lewis Street.

Montgomery, taken up on the morning of the 16th of the present month of June, 1818, is the identical coffin deposited by me on the day of his burial, and that the present coffin contains the remains of the late General. I do further testify and declare that subsequent to the finding of General Montgomery's body, I wore his sword, being lighter than my own, and on going to the Seminary, where the American officers were lodged, they recognized the sword, which affected them so much, that numbers of them wept, in consequence of which I have never worn the sword since.

"Given under my hand, at the city of Quebec, Province of Lower Canada, 19th June, 1818."

#### "JAMES THOMPSON."

The Tourist will find a pleasing drive to the Plains of Abraham and Carouge; to the Falls of Montmorenci, and the Natural Steps; to Point Levi and the Falls of the Chaudiere; to the Falls of La Puce, about 2 miles beyond Chateau Richer; the Indian Village of Lorette; Lake St. Charles; Lake Beauport; and the Village of Charlesbourg.

An evening drive through St. John's Gate, along the St. Foy Road, will afford the visitor a truly magnificent view of the valley of the St. Charles, and its surrounding beauties.*

In addition to the commanding view of surrounding objects from Cape Diamond we must not omit to recommend as deserving particular attention the promenade on the site of the ancient Castle of St. Louis, known as the DURHAM TERRACE.

The inhabitants and visitors are frequently afforded an opportunity of witnessing the splendid scenery of the St. Lawrence below Quebec. A pleasure trip to Ha Ha Bay, 60 miles from the mouth of the Saguenay, is deservedly becoming a fashionable tour and rendered de-

[•] A convenient Pocket Plan of the City and Map of the Environs, [HAWKINS'] may be obtained at the principal Hotels and Book Stores of the City.

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lightful by the elegant accommodations of the steamers.

A regular steam communication is also kept up with *River du Loup*, a pleasant village and favorite bathing place, abont 112 miles below Quebec: Murray Bay and other parishes, and also touched on the way by the steamers.

The New Steam Boat, St. Nicholas, Captain Bazile Demers, runs daily from the Market place to St. Nicholas, about 9 miles above Quebec: her hours of starting from the Lower Town are 11, A. M. and 5, P. M. From St. Nicholas at 6, A. M., and 1, P. M., she runs the distance in about half an hour: an excellent view of Cape Diamond and the scenery in the immediate vicinity of Quebec may be enjoyed from on board, between the hours of 11 and her return to Quebec. The price is exceedingly moderate, being only 4d. each trip.

From Demers' Tavern to the Falls of Chaudiere is a pleasant drive of about half an hour. Another Steamer, Captain Baker's, also runs from the Market place to the Mills at St. Nicholas, about 5 miles higher up the river, at the same moderate price.

We have far exceeded our intended limits, and shall close with the following highly attractive extract from the statistical work of the late Colonel Bouchette, for many years Surveyor General of the Province. "The summer scenery of the environs of Quebec may vie in exquisite beauty, variety, magnificence, sublimity, and the naturally harmonized combination of all these prominent features, with the most splendid that has yet been portrayed in Europe or any other part of the world. Towards Beauport, Charlesbourg, and Lorette, the view is diversified with every trait that can render a landscape rich, full, and complete; the foreground shows the river St. Charles meandering for many miles through a rich and fertile valley, embellished by a succession of objects that diffuses an unrivalled animation over the whole scene. The three villages, with their respective churches, and many handsome detached houses in the vicinity, seated on gently rising eminences, form so many distinct points of view; the intervals between them display many of the most strongly marked specimens of forest scenery, and the surrounding country every where an appearance of fertility and good cultivation, upon which the eve of the spectator wanders with ceaseless delight. As the prospect recedes it is still interesting, the land rising in gradations height over height, having the interval between succeeding elevations filled up with primeval forests, until the whole is terminated by a stupendous ridge of mountains, whose lofty forms are dimly seen through the arial ex-The sense of vision is gratified to the utmost. panse. and the spectator never fails to turn with regret from the contemplation of what is allowed to be one of the most superb views in nature.

"Nor is it on this side only that the attention is arrested; for turning towards the basin, which is about two miles across, a scene presents itself that is not the less gratifying for being made a secondary one; it is enlivened by the ever changing variety of ships coming up to and leaving the port. On the right hand, Point-Lévi, with its church and group of white houses, several other promontories on the same shore clothed with lofty trees; and the busy animation attendant on the constant arrival and departure of ferry-boats; in front, the western end of the beautiful and picturesque Island of Orleans, displaying charming and well-cultivated slopes down almost to the water's edge, backed by lofty and thick woods, and every where decorated with neat farmhouses, present altogether an interesting and agreeable subject to the observer. In fine still weather, the mirage, or reflects of the different objects around the margin, in all their variety of coloring, are thrown across the unruffled surface of the water with an almost incredible brilliance. On the Plains of Abraham, from the precipice that overlooks the timber grounds, where an incessant round of activity prevails, the St. Lawrence is seen rolling its majestic wave, studded with many a sail, from the stately ship down to the humble fishing-boat; the opposite bank, extending up the river, is highly cultivated, and the houses, thickly strewed by the main road, from this height and distance, have the appearance of an almost uninterrupted village, as far the eye can reach in that direction. The country to the southward rises by a very gentle ascent, and the whole view. which is richly embellished by alternations of water, woodland and cultivation, is bounded by remote and lofty mountains, softening shade by shade until they melt into air. Whoever views the environs of Quebec, with a mind and taste capable of receiving impressions through the medium of the eyes, will acknowledge, that as a whole, the prospect is grand, harmonious, and magnificent; and that, if taken in detail, every part of it will please, by a gradual unfolding of its picturesque beauties."

#### THE END.

Leaving Quebec for Montreal, a distance of 180 miles, the traveller will pass the following villages on the north and south banks of the river St. Lawrence.

On the South side, miles from Quebec.		On the North side, milcs from Quebec.	
Point Lévi		St. Augustin	12
St. Nicholas	12	Pointe aux Trembles	21
St. Antoine		Les Ecureuils, or Belaire	
Ste. Croix		Cap Santé	30
<b>f.</b> otbinière		Deschambault	45
Deschaillions		Grondines	
St. Pierre les Becquets		Ste. Anne	60
Becancour		Batiscan	66
St. Gregoire	90	Champlain	75
Nicolet	99	Cap de Magdeleine	
St. Francis	• -	Three Rivers	90
Yamaska	123	Pointe du Lac	99
Sorel	135	Machiche	
Contrecœur		River du Loup	112
Verchères		Maskinongé	
Varennes	165	Berthier	125
Boucherville	171	Isle du Pas	
Longueuil	180	Lanoraie	
		Lavaltrie	
		St. Sulpice	156
		Repentigny	
		Pointe aux Trembles	171
		Long Point	
		Montreal.	180

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## QUEBEC





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N. B.—Mocha & Jamaica Coffee Roasted and Ground by Steam Power Daily.

## WHOLESALE & RETAIL DRY GOODS STORE. BENJAMIN & BROTHERS,

IMPORTERS OF

FANCX & STAPLE DRY GOODS;

**Montreal**, Toronto

AND

Corner of St. Joseph Strect.

### QUEBEC.

### CIRCULAR.

Quebec, July, 1844.

The undersigned begs leave to announce to his friends and the public that he has commenced business as AUCTION-EER AND BROKER, and that his large and spacious fire proof Warehouse situate in Rue Sous-le.Fort, adjoining the Napoleon and Queen's Wharves, is now appropriated for the reception of goods, of all kinds, free of storage, for such goods as may be intended for sale. That the conditions of all sales will be cash. He therefore intimates that those who favor him with business will be paid the amount of their sales the moment the goods are disposed of, in conformity with the advertisement in the Public Prints, of which a copy is annexed.

### PUBLIC AUCTION ROOMS,

At that extensive Cut-stone Fire Proof Warehouse, Sousle-Fort Street, adjoining the Napoleon Wharf, the property belonging to the Subscriber, who will commence in the above business, in the early part of May, as

## AUCTIONEER, BROKER, GENERAL AGENT AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

and is now ready to receive goods in the above line. No storage will be charged for goods sent to be sold. The premises being spacouis can take any quantity of Furniture, or any other bulky articles, the weather will not interfere, as everything will be within the premises. The instant the goods are sold, the money will be paid those to whom they may belong. Out-door sales will be attended to.

#### GEORGE ARNOLD.

N. B.—The subscribe: hopes that by the due attention he will pay to the interest of all parties, to obtain the patronage of his friends and the public in general.

Quebec, 25th April, 1841.

## J.-B. CORRIVEAU, Quebec hat warehouse,

No. 9, Buade Street, OPPOSITE THE FRENCH PRESBYTERY, **Upper Town**.

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WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

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### SAINT ANNE STREET,

OPPOSITE THE ENGLISE CATHEDRAL. HAS always on hand a variety of Fashionable Carriages, Britzka, Cabriolets, Cabs and Pony Pheatons, Curricles, Tilburys, Stanhopes, light Waggons, Pleasure Carts, &c. &c.

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