

THE
CANADIAN FARMER'S
ALMANAC,
AND
GENERAL MEMORANDUM-BOOK
FOR THE YEAR

1825.

BEING THE FIRST AFTER BISSEXTILE OR LEAP YEAR



THE CALCULATIONS FOR THE MERIDIAN OF YORK.

North Lat. 43° 38' 10"
West Long. 79 33' 0"

"Let us cultivate the Ground, that the Poor as well as the Rich may be filled, and Happiness and Peace be established throughout our borders."

YORK, U. C.

PUBLISHED BY, AND FOR, CHARLES FOTHERGILL, ESQ.

PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

And Sold by all the Agents for the U. C. Gazette and Weekly Register,
Throughout Canada.

Price 7½ l

ALMANAC

FOR THE YEAR

1825.



EPOCHS, AND COMMON NOTES.

EPOCHS.

Of the Julian Period	6529
Of the Mundane <i>Æra</i>	5828
Since the Birth of Christ, according to Chronologers	1829
Of the Vulgar Christian <i>Æra</i>	1825
Since the Discovery of America	333
Since the treaty which confirmed the possession of Canada } to the British Crown }	62
Since the British acknowledgement of the Independence of } the United States of America, at the Peace of 1783 }	42
Since the Division of the Province of Quebec into Lower } and Upper Canada }	34
Of the Reign of His Majesty George IV	6

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

Dominical Letter	<i>B</i>	Solar Cycle	14
Lunar Cycle, or Golden } Number }	2	Roman Indiction	13
Epact	11	Julian Period	6538

MOVEABLE FEASTS.

Septuagesima	Jan. 30	Low Sunday	April 10
Quinquagesima, or Shrove } Sunday }	Feb. 13	Ascension Sunday	May 8
Ash Wednesday, or 1st } day of Lent }	Feb. 16	Trinity Sunday	May 22
Mid Lent Sunday	March 13	Advent Sunday	Nov. 27
Palm Sunday	March 27		
Easter Day	April 3		

COMMENCEMENT OF THE SEASONS.

Spring—Sun enters ♈, March 20.
 Summer—Sun enters ♊, June 21.
 Autumn—Sun enters ♎, September 23.
 Winter—Sun enters ♏, December 21.

SOLAR AND LUNAR ECLIPSES.

IN THE YEAR 1825.

May 31st.—The Moon will be Eclipsed, but in a very slight manner, being no more than about 1-5th of a degree, which will happen at 46 minutes past 6 o'clock in the afternoon, and here *invisible*.

June 16th.—The Sun will be Eclipsed at 13 minutes past 7 o'clock in the morning;—here *invisible*.

Nov. 25th.—The Moon will be Eclipsed at 11 o'clock in the forenoon; here *invisible*.

Dec. 9th.—The Sun will be Eclipsed, partly *visible*, and calculated as follows:—

Beginning at 3h. 33 minutes *afternoon*.—☉ sets about 7 Digits, Eclipsed at 4h. 26 minutes.—On the ☉'s Southern limb, and more we cannot say, as the Sun will then be sinking below the horizon of Canada.

THUNDER AND LIGHTNING.

To determine the distance of Lightning, count the number of *Seconds* between the *flash* and the *clap* of Thunder, and allow rather less than a *quarter of a mile* for each second.

The middle of the room is the safest situation in a Thunder Storm, and lower rooms are more safe than upper chambers.

The Planet *Venus* will be the Evening Star until the 19th of May; then the Morning Star to the end of the year.

THE TWELVE SIGNS OF THE ZODIAC.

♈	Aries,	♎	Libra,
♉	Taurus,	♏	Scorpio,
♊	Gemini,	♐	Sagittarius,
♋	Cancer,	♑	Capricornus,
♌	Leo,	♒	Aquarius,
♍	Virgo,	♓	Pisces,

MOON'S RISING AND SETTING.

At four days old it sets at,	15.—at full, it rises about 6 in the evening.
and shines till, about 10 at night	16.—at 1-4 after 7,
5.—about 11,	17.—at 1-2 after 8,
6.—about 12,	18.—at about 10,
7.—at near 1 in the morning	19.—at about 11,
	20.—at about 12,

N B. This table is sufficiently accurate for the purpose it is wanted for, that of ascertaining moonlight evenings.

OF THE CHANGES OF THE MOON.

Many persons, understanding that the mean time between one new Moon and another is 29 days, 12 hours, 44 minutes and a fraction, imagine that, to find the full or quarters of the Moon, they have only to add a half or fourth part of that time; and when they do not find the change marked in the Calendar to correspond with this method, they impute it to mistake in the calculation of those changes. It is therefore, necessary to put them in mind, that the great inequality of the Moon's motions renders the above rule extremely inaccurate, so that nineteen times in twenty it must fail in giving the true conjunction or change.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Barrel of Anchovies about 18lb.
 A Barrel of Gunpowder is 112lb.
 A Barrel of Herrings, No. 500.
 A Keg of do. 60—two of which count a hundred.
 A Last of Hides, 12 dozen.
 A Truss of Straw, 36lb.
 A Truss of Hay, new, 60lb.
 Ditto old, 56lb.
 A Load of Hay, 36 trusses.
 A Load of Bricks, No. 500
 A Load of Tiles, No. 1000,
 A Load of Timber, 50 feet solid.
 A Tun of Sweet oil, 236 gals.
 A Fother of Lead, 19c. 2yrs.
 A Firkin of Butter, 56lb.
 A Stone of Iron, Shot, or Horseman's weight, 14lb—Butcher's weight, 8lb.

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER COINS.

A Grain of Gold, about 2d
 A Penny weight, about 4d.
 A Grain of Silver, about half a farthing.
 A Penny weight 3d.
 An Ounce, about 5s.
 According to the weight of English Coins the mint value of a lb. of Gold is 44 Guineas and a half, or £46 14s 6d*—a lb. of Silver £3 2s—the oz. of Gold £3 17s 10 1-2d, and the oz. of Silver 5s 2d, so that the value of the Standard Gold is 15 times that of Silver, and 1-14th more.
 * The value of a lb. of Gold as Bullion, in Oct. 1809, was £56 16s.

PERPETUAL WEATHER TABLE.

By DOCTOR HERSCHELL.

The following Table, constructed by the celebrated Doctor Herschell, upon a philosophical consideration of the attraction of the sun and moon, in their several positions, as to the earth, and confirmed by the experience of many years actual observation, may without doubt, suggest to the observer what kind of weather will probably follow the moon's entrance into any one of her quarters, and that so near the truth, that it will be very seldom found to fail.

		SUMMER.	WINTER.
If it be a new or full moon, or the moon enters into the first or last quarter, at the hour of 12 at noon.		Very rainy	Snow or rain
Or between the hours of 2 and 4			Fair and mild
4 to 6	Changeable	Fair	Fair
6 to 3	Fair, if wind N. W.—Rainy if S. or S. W.	Fair and frosty if N or N E. Rain or Snow if S. or S. W.	
3 to 10		Ditto	Ditto
10 to midnight	Ditto	Fair	Fair and Frosty
Midnight to 2			Hard frost, unless wind S. or S. W.
Forenoon.	2 to 4	Cold, with frequent showers	Snow and Stormy
	4 to 6	Rain	Ditto
	6 to 8	Wind and Rain	Stormy
	8 to 10	Changeable	cold rain; if W. snow if E.
	10 to 12	Freqt Showers.	cold high wind.

From the above Table it will be seen, that the nearer to midnight either of the moon's periodical changes (i. e. within two hours either before or after it) the more fair the weather is in summer, while the nearer to noon that the changes take place, the reverse may be expected. Fair weather may also follow when either of the periodical changes occur during the afternoon six hours, viz from four to ten; but this is mostly dependent on the wind.—The moon's entrance during all the hours after midnight, except the two first, is unfavourable to fair weather. The like may nearly be observed in winter. Every farmer ought to preserve a copy of this table, and carefully to regulate his pursuits by its indications. Such a line of conduct might materially promote his comforts and his interests, while in no case could it disturb his prospects or destroy his hopes.

EXPLANATION OF THE CALENDAR.

The First Column contains the Days of the Month; the Second the days of the Week; the Third Aspects, Hollidays, Anniversaries, &c; the Fourth, Prognostications of Weather, the Fifth, the Places of the Moon; the Sixth and Seventh, the Rising and Setting of the Sun; and the Last the Rising and Setting of the Moon.

AN EPHEMERIS FOR THE PLANETS PLACES, FOR THE 1st, 13th, AND 25th
DAYS OF EACH MONTH, FOR THE YEAR 1825

MONTHS	DAYS	☉'s PLACE.	♄	♅	♆	♇	♈	♉	♊	♋	♌	♍	♎	♏
MONTHS	DAYS	☉'s PLACE.	♄	♅	♆	♇	♈	♉	♊	♋	♌	♍	♎	♏
Jan.	1	10 ♍	52	16	2	12	16	19	13					
	13	23	6	17	2	11	26	♋	1					
	25	5 ♍	19	17	1	10	♋	18	♍					
Feb.	1	12	25	18	1	9	10	26	19					
	13	24	34	18	2	7	20	♏	29					
	25	6 ♋	39	19	2	6	29	23	♎					
March.	1	10	40	19	2	5	♏	27	21					
	13	22	33	20	3	4	11	8	♋					
	25	4 ♏	34	20	4	4	20	20	♏					
April.	1	11	28	20	4	4	26	26	18					
	13	23	15	20	6	4	8	♏	8					
	25	4 ♏	57	20	7	5	13	7	25					
May.	1	10	46	20	8	6	18	7	28					
	13	22	22	20	9	7	26	3	24					
	25	3 ♏	54	20	11	9	♏	8	20					
June.	1	10	37	20	12	10	12	22	20					
	13	22	5	20	13	13	18	21	29					
	25	3 ♏	32	19	15	14	26	25	♏					
July.	9	♏	15	14	16	15	29	27	29					
	20	42	18	17	17	26	7	26						
	2	♏	9	18	16	20	16	17	♏					
August.	8		51	18	19	21	21	24	29					
	20		22	17	20	24	29	26	♏					
	1	♏	55	17	21	27	♏	19	29					
Sept.	8		41	17	21	28	11	26	♏					
	20		21	17	22	♏	18	♏	♏					
	2	♏	5	16	22	3	26	24	18					
October.	7		50	17	22	4	29	♏	21					
	19		51	17	22	7	♏	16	♏					
	1	♏	47	17	22	9	14	29	28					
November.	8		47	17	22	10	18	♏	♏					
	20		51	17	21	12	24	23	29					
	2	♏	53	16	20	12	♏	♏	♏					
December.	9		3	18	20	14	6	16	26					
	21		16	19	19	15	13	♏	♏					
	3	♏	29	20	18	15	19	16	17					

THE SUN WITH THE SEVEN PLANETS.

☉ The Sun,
☿ Mercury,
♀ Venus,
♁ The Earth,

♂ Mars,
♃ Jupiter,
♄ Saturn,
♁ Georgian Sidus.

TABLE OF THE DIAMETERS, &c. OF THE SUN
AND PLANETS.

Names of the Planets.	Diameters in English Miles.	Mean distances from the Sun, as determined from observations of the transit of Venus, in 1761.	Annual period round the Sun	Diurnal rotation on its axis	Hourly motion of its orbit	Hourly motion of its equator	Inclination of axis to orbit
Sun	890,000		Y. D. H.	D. H. M.			
Mercury	3,000	36,841,468	0 87 23	unknown.	109 699	3,818	80° 0 0
Venus	7,906	68,891,486	0 224 17	24 8 0	80,295	43	unknown.
Earth	7,970	95,173,000	1 0 0	1 0 0	68,243	1,042	75 0 0
Moon	2,180	Ditto	1 0 0	29 12 44	2,290	9 1-2	23 29 0
Mars	5,400	145,014,148	1 321 17	1 0 40	55,287	556	2 10 0
Jupiter	94,000	494,990,976	11 314 18	0 9 56	29,083	25,920	0 0 0
Saturn	78,000	907,956,130	29 167 6	0 10 16	22,400	22 101	0 0 0
Georgian Sidus.	342,17	1,815,912,260	83 121 0	unknown.	15,000	unknown.	28 0 0

1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

M	W	A SPECTS H L DAYS ANNIVER- SARIES NO.	WEATHER	P	OT	OS	R	S		
1 Sat		Circum-lion.	Probability	8	7	34	4	26	4	6
2 B	2d Sunday after Christmas,			□	7	34	4	26	5	8
3 M	☉ day C 5 n		Snow,	□	7	3	4	27	6	6
4 Tu	☉ day 22 deg S	runs high		▢	7	33	4	27	5	ise
5 W	☉		Clear an	▢	7	3	4	28	5	44
6 Th	EUPHANY.		tch	▢	7	31	4	29	6	57
7 Fr	1st Stat ☉ Perig Pr. Charlotte		Winds,	▢	7	31	4	29	8	6
8 Sa	Lucian [of Wales b. 1796]			▢	7	30	4	30	9	21
9 M	1st Sunday after Epiph. ☉ lat. 5			▢	7	29	4	31	10	32
10 W		[13 S.]	More Snow	▢	7	29	4	31	11	43
11 Tu	7's So 8 h			▢	7	28	4	32	norn.	
12 W	☉ sho. C 9 m.			▢	7	27	4	33	1	3
13 Th	Hilary Camb. Term. beg. 5 so.			▢	7	26	4	34	2	11
14 Fr	Oxford Term begins, [3h 17m]		You may	▢	7	25	4	35	3	26
15 Sa	Duke of Gloucester born 1779.		expect a-	▢	7	25	4	35	5	21
16 B	2d Sunday after Epiph Inf ♂ ♀		bout these	▢	7	24	4	36	6	10
17 M	☉ ☉ day 21 deg S.		days,	▢	7	23	4	37	ets	
18 Tu	☉ runs low,			▢	7	22	4	38	6	42
19 W	☉ so. 7 s 5 n.			▢	7	21	4	39	6	43
20 Th	Fabian In 84 St of Hill 1 ret. ☉			▢	7	20	4	40	7	43
21 Fr	Agnes Onso sa. 9, 32 [ant ∞		Clear set- tled weat- ther,	▢	7	19	4	41	8	44
22 Sa	Annot ☉ apogee.			▢	7	18	4	42	9	42
23 B	3d Sunday after Epiph.			▢	7	17	4	43	10	42
24 W	Hi Term bgs. ☉ L 5. 19 N.		High	▢	7	16	4	44	11	39
25 Tu	Inversion of St Paul.		winds and cold,	▢	7	15	4	45	0	m.
26 W	☉ Jo C. 13 n.	[15 d. 2 ret.		▢	7	14	4	46	0	43
27 Th	☉ of Sussex b. 1775 In 5 d of S.			▢	7	13	4	47	1	42
28 Fr	☉ dec 13 deg S ☉ stat 8 24			▢	7	12	4	48	2	45
29 Sa	GEO IV accs. 1820 [☉ -o		Snow	▢	7	12	4	49	3	45
30 B	ephe's Sua K Klas. 1-Mar 1649			▢	7	10	4	50	3	41
31 M	K Geo IV pr 1820 5 sta. ☉ 15		Rain	▢	7	9	4	51	3	35

*THE whirling tempest raves along the plain ;
And on the cottage thatch'd, or worldly roof,
Keen fastening sheaves them to the solid base—
Huge uproar bercht wide. The clouds commix'd,
With sacs, swift gliding, sweep along the sky,
The cattle from the undisturb'd fields return.
An oak, with meagre line, their wanted stalks,
Or ruminant in the contiguous shade.*

II. FEBRUARY.

Full Moon, 3d. 6h. 6m. morning,
 Last Quarter, 9th, 8h. 33m. afternoon,
 New Moon, 17th, 4h. 56m. afternoon,
 First Quarter, 27th, 8h. 33m. afternoon,

M	W	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS ANIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER	☉	☽	☿	♂	♀
1	Tu	☉ runs h. ☉ slo C 14m	Chilly.	☉	7	84	52	5 25
2	W	Purif of B. V. M. CANDIEMAS ☉	with snow	☉	7	74	53	6 16
3	Th	Blasius on mor. of Purif. 3 ret. ☉	then Clear	☉	7	54	55	☉ isc
4	Fr	☉s dec 16 deg S	and cold,	☉	7	44	56	6 49
5	Sat	AGATHA. ☉ Perigee,		☉	7	34	57	8 5
6	B.	Sexages Sunday,		☉	7	14	59	9 24
7	M	☉ so. 11h. 14m.		☉	7	05	0	10 37
8	Tu	Virginis ii. 8. 44		☉	6	59	5	11 53
9	W	In 8 days of Purification 4. ret :	The cold	☉	6	57	5	3 morn
10	Th	☉ Gr. Elong,	moderate-	☉	6	56	5	4 1 6
11	Fr	☉ slo. C. 14m.	with	☉	6	55	5	5 2 11
12	Sat	Quinqu Term ends ☉ ☿	some	☉	6	53	5	7 3 9
13	B	Quingua Sunday, ☉ runs low,	snow,	☉	6	51	5	9 3 59
14	M	VALENTINE,		☉	6	50	5	10 4 42
15	T	Shrove Tuesday,		☉	6	48	5	12 5 20
16	W	Ash Wednesday,	Clear,	☉	6	47	5	13 5 52
17	Th	Camb. Term div. m.	pleasant	☉	6	46	5	14 6 34
18	Fr	☉ ent ☿	and	☉	6	44	5	16 6 34
19	Sat	☉ Apogee ☿ ☿ ☿	good	☉	6	43	5	17 7 31
20	B	1st Sunday in Lent ☉ Lat 5 2 N.	sleighbg	☉	6	42	5	18 8 29
21	M	☉ slo. C. 14m.		☉	6	40	5	20 9 29
22	Tu	WASHINGTON born 1732,		☉	6	39	5	21 10 28
23	W	Lyrae. ri 11 12,	Mora	☉	6	38	5	22 11 28
24	Th	St MATTHIAS, D. Cumb. b. 1774	snow	☉	6	36	5	24 norn
25	Fr	☉ so. 9h. 56m.		☉	6	34	5	26 0 36
26	Sat			☉	6	33	5	27 1 27
27	B.	2d Sunday in Lent. ☉ so } 6 32		☉	6	31	5	29 2 25
28	M			☉	6	30	5	30 3 14

*Now Shepherds to your helpless charge be kind,
 Baffle the raging year, and fill their pens
 With food at will; lodge them below the storm,
 And watch them strict; for from the howling east,
 In this dire season, oft the whirlwinds wing
 Sweeps up the burden of whole wintry plains,
 At one wide waft, and whelms the hapless flock.*

III. MARCH.

Full Moon, 4th, 4h. 12m. afternoon,
 Last Quarter, 11th, 9h. 17 m. morning,
 New Moon, 19th, 11h. 14m. morning,
 First Quarter, 27th, 10h. 1m. morning.

W.	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER	P	OR	CS	ROS
1	St. DAVID, 24 so. 9h. 39m.	High	☉	6 27 5	33	3 57
2	W. CHAD,	winds	☉	6 26 5	34	4 45
3	Th	with some	☉	6 25 5	35	5 16
4	Fr	snow,	☉	6 23 5	37	6 22
5	Sat	☉'s dec. 6 deg. S.	☉	6 22 5	38	7 2
6	B	☉ Perigee, ☉ L. 5. S.	☉	6 21 5	39	8 19
7	M	3d Sunday in Lent,	☉	6 19 5	41	9 38
8	Fu	Perpetua,	☉	6 18 5	42	10 53
9	W	♀ Gr. Elong.	☉	6 15 5	45	11 50
10	Th	☉ collu. so. 8 18.	☉	6 14 5	46	12 3
11	Fr	☉ slo C 10m.	☉	6 13 5	47	1 7
12	Sa	Gregory M'r ☉ ☉ runs low	☉	6 12 5	48	2 1
13	B	4th Sunday in Lent, and L. Sun.	☉	6 10 5	50	2 48
14	W	24 so 8 L. 52m.	☉	6 9 5	51	3 25
15	Fu		☉	6 7 5	53	3 58
16	W		☉	6 6 5	54	4 26
17	Th	St. PATRICK, ☉'s dec. 1 deg. S	☉	6 4 5	56	4 51
18	F.	EDWARD K. OF WEST SAXONS,	☉	6 2 5	58	5 15
19	Sa	☉ Apogee ☉ L. 4. 59 N.	☉	6 1 5	59	5 41
20	B	5th Sunday in Lent ☉ ent. ☉	☉	6 0 6	0	7 30
21	M	BENEDICT, [Day & Night equal,	☉	5 58 6	2	8 30
22	F.		☉	5 56 6	4	9 30
23	W	☉'s dec. 1 deg. N.	☉	5 55 6	5	10 29
24	Th		☉	5 53 6	7	11 18
25	F.	☉ amb T. ends Ann. of B. V. M.	☉	5 52 6	8	12 11
26	Sa	☉xford T. ends ☉ ☉ ☉	☉	5 50 6	10	0 26
27	B	6th Sun. in Lt. PALM S.	☉	5 49 6	11	1 18
28	M	☉ ruts high,	☉	5 48 6	12	2 1
29	.	☉ so.	☉	5 46 6	14	2 41
30	W	☉ Stationary,	☉	5 45 6	15	3 16
31	.		☉	5 44 6	16	3 47

THESE naked shoots

Barren as lances, among which the wind
 Makes wintry music, sighing as it goes,
 Shall put their graceful foliage on again,
 And, more aspiring; and with ample spread,
 Shall boast new charms, and more than they have lost,
 All Nature feels the renovating force
 Of Winter, only to the thoughtless eye
 In ruin seen.

IV. APRIL.

Full Moon, 3d. 1h. 12n. morning,
 Last Quarter, 10th, 6h. 1m. morning,
 New Moon, 18h. 4h. 21m. morning,
 First Quarter, 22d. 7h. 29m. afternoon,

M	A	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES &c.	WEATHER	P	OR	OS	R	CS
1	Fr	Good FRIDAY. ☉ L 5 S 10 54	Cloudy.	☾	5 41 6 19		4	17
2	Sat	☉ Peri Hd so 8:30 ☉ so 11 49		☾	5 40 6 20		4	53
3	B.	EASTER DAY, Richd. B 12 45		☾	5 39 6 21	☉ rise		
4	M	East M St Amb. [of Chichester		☾	5 38 6 25		8	34
5	Tu	Easter Tuesday,	A change of	☾	5 37 6 23		9	52
6	A	☉'s dec. 6 deg N	Weather,	☾	5 35 6 25		10	57
7	Th	☾ so 7h. 20m ☉ slo C 2m.		☾	5 34 6 26	☾ rise		
8	Fr	☉ ☉		☾	5 33 6 27		0	1
9	Sa	☉ runs low. ☐ ☐ ☉		☾	5 31 6 29		0	51
10	B	1st Sunday aft Easter, Low Sun	Cool	☾	5 29 6 31		1	33
11	M.		nights and	☾	5 28 6 32		2	8
12	Tu		pleasant	☾	5 26 6 34		2	37
13	A	Oxford & Camb. Term begins,	days.	☾	5 25 6 35		2	52
14	Th	☉ Apogee,		☾	5 24 6 37		2	22
15	Fr	☉ L. 5. 3. N. ☉ & C. together,		☾	5 22 6 38		3	50
16	Sat			☾	5 20 6 40		4	15
17	B	2nd Sunday after Easter,	Cloudy	☾	5 19 6 41		4	38
18	M	Fr. East in 15 days 1 ret,	with	☾	5 18 6 42	☉ rise		
19	Tu	Alphe ☾ so. 6 38.	some rain,	☾	5 16 6 44		8	31
20	W.	Easter Term be ins,		☾	5 15 6 45		9	32
21	Th	☉'s dec. 12 deg. N,		☾	5 13 6 46		10	18
22	Fr	☉ ☉ Gr. Elong.	It is now	☾	5 12 6 48		11	21
23	Sat	☉ ☉ K. G. IV h. d. knot. ☉ hi	more	☾	5 11 6 49	☾ rise		
24	B.	3d S af Eas ☐ ☐ ☉ 1st statio	pleasant,	☾	5 9 6 51		0	8
25	M	Fr. East in 3 weeks 2d ret		☾	5 8 6 52		0	49
26	Tu	☉ 1st C. 2m. St Mark, Duc of	Cold	☾	5 6 6 54		1	24
27	W	☉ Statio. [Glouc'tr. born		☾	5 5 6 55		1	58
28	Th	☉ L. 5. 8. S. ☉ so.	Flurries	☾	5 3 6 57		2	25
29	Fr	☉ Creta so. 11 27.	of snow.	☾	5 2 6 58		2	54
30	Sat	☉ Perigee		☾	5 1 6 59		3	25

As yet the trembling year is unconfirm'd,
 And Winter oft at eve resumes the breeze
 Chills the pale morn. and bids its driving sheets
 Deform the day delightless; so that scarce
 The bitter knows his time, with bill ingulph
 To shake the sounding marsh; or form the shore
 The plovers when to scatter o'er the heath
 And sing their wild notes to the listening waste

V. MAY.

Full Moon, 2d, 9h. 50m. morning,
 Last Quarter, 9th, 4h. 12m. afternoon,
 New Moon, 17th, 6h. 57m. afternoon,
 First Quarter, 25th, 1h. 42m. morning,
 Full Moon, 31st 6h. 42m. afternoon.

W.	W.	SELECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES &c.	WEATHER	P.	OR	OS	ROS
1	B.	1st Sun aft. Eas. ST. PHILIP &	Most	5	16	39	3 56
2	M.	Fr East in 1m 3 ret 8 stat [1a	and p abn	5	0	7	0 3
3	Ca	Invention of the Cross,	by some	4	5	7	2 8 43
4	W.	Serapentia in 5. 36.	am.	4	5	7	2 9 47
5	Tu	☉ Ω		4	5	7	4 10 45
6	F.	St John Ev. Ante P. L. ☉ rs to	Clear and	5	4	5	5 11 31
7	Sa	☉ last ☉ in Dec's of Year 1767	pleasant.	5	4	5	7 11 31
8	B.	2nd Sun aft. Eas. Rog Sunday		5	4	5	7 8 0 8
9	M.	Fr. East. in 5 weeks 4 ret,		5	4	5	7 9 0 39
10	Tu	☉ ☉		5	4	5	7 19 1 8
11	W.		Thunder	5	4	5	7 11 1 24
12	Tu	Ascens. Day, Holy Thursday,	in many	5	4	5	7 13 1 56
13	F.	On morait Asc. d 5 ret ☉ apo	places	5	4	5	7 11 2 25
14	Sa	☉ L 5 N 1st ☉ ☉ last ☉ 4.0		5	4	5	7 16 2 45
15	B.	Sunday after, Ascension day,		5	4	5	7 17 3 11
16	M.	Easter Term ends,		5	4	5	7 18 3 41
17	Tu	☉ = dec. 10 deg. N.	Look	5	4	5	7 19 3 41
18	W.		out for	5	4	5	7 20 3 21
19	Th	Dunstan Inf ☉ ☉ ☉ Q Char	and.	5	4	5	7 20 9 21
20	Fr	☉ ☉ [ate born 1774		5	4	5	7 21 10 12
21	Sa	Ox T. eds ☉ out ☉ ☉ rs high	A fine	5	4	5	7 22 10 53
22	B.	Whit Sun Pres. of Dess Hon-	growing	5	4	5	7 23 11 34
23	M.	Whit Monday [burg born 1770	season.	5	4	5	7 24 11 34
24	Tu	Whit Tuesday,		5	4	5	7 25 0 5
25	W.	Oxford Term begins & station.		5	4	5	7 25 0 32
26	Th	Sam F div n Ag 1st Asp of Can.		5	4	5	7 25 0 51
27	Fr	V Bode ☉ L 5 15 S ☉ Perseus	Rain.	5	4	5	7 26 1 20
28	Sa	☉ s de 21 4 N ☉ 1st 5m ☉ in		5	4	5	7 27 1 50
29	B.	Trin Sun K Chas H astro 100	Probabili-	5	4	5	7 28 2 20
30	M.	Comm of H Tr 1st	ty of	5	4	5	7 29 3 6
31	Tu	☉ shipwreck invader,	Thunder.	5	4	5	7 29 3 6

FROM the moist meadow to the wither'd hill,
 Led by the breeze the vivid verdure runs,
 And swells and deepens to the cherish'd eye.
 The hawthorn whitens and the juicy groves
 Put forth their buds unfolding by degrees—
 Tell the whole leafy forest stands displaying,
 In full luxuriance, to the sight and gaze.

VI. JUNE.

Last Quarter, 9th, 8h. 8m. morning,
 New Moon, 16 h, 7h. 13m. morning,
 First Quarter, 23d, 6h. 6m. morning,
 Full Moon, 30th, 4h. 50m. morning,

M.	A.	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES &c.	WEATHER	P.	OR.	OS.	R.	SS.
1	v	Nicomede ☉ Ω δ ½ ☉	Foggy	4	31	7	29	8 15
2	Th	☉ runs low,	and	4	31	7	29	9 8
3	Fr	Trin Term beg. ☉s dec N.	some rain,	4	30	7	30	10 6
4	Sa	☉ fast C 2m K Geo III b. 1738		4	30	7	30	10 37
5	B	1st Sun of Trin Bonif D of Cum		4	30	7	30	11 3
6	M.	In 8 days of H Tr 2 ret [b 1771		4	29	7	31	11 22
7	Tu			4	29	7	32	11 57
8	W.	☉ L 5 16 N.		4	27	7	33	noon
9	Th	☉ Stationary,	Clear and	4	27	7	33	0 21
10	Fr	☉ Apogee & Gr. Elong	pleasant,	4	26	7	34	0 42
11	Sat	St BARNABAS,		4	26	7	34	1 13
12	B	2d Sunday after Trinity.		4	26	7	34	1 37
13	M	In 15 days of H Tr 3 ret.	Expect	4	26	7	34	2 6
14	Tu	☉s dec. 23 deg. N.	Thunder	4	25	7	35	2 46
15	W.	☉ d C. together,	Showers	4	25	7	35	3 29
16	Th	☉ Eclipsed invisible ☉ ☿	in many	4	25	7	35	☉ ets
17	Fr	St ALBAN ☉ runs high,	places,	4	24	7	36	3 47
18	Sat	The great Battle of WATERLOO		4	24	7	36	9 26
19	B	3d Sunday after Trinity		4	24	7	37	10 2
20	M	In 8 weeks of H Tr 4 ret.	Clear and	4	24	7	37	10 32
21	Tu	☉ ent ☉ longer day,	fine	4	24	7	38	10 57
22	W	Trinity Term ends ☉ L 5 15 S	weather,	4	24	7	38	11 29
23	Th	☉ Perigee [BAY OF VICTORIA.	Thunder	4	23	7	39	11 55
24	Fr	Feast of St John the Baptist	showers	4	23	7	39	noon
25	Sat	☉ slo. C. 2 a.	in many	4	23	7	39	0 26
26	B	4th Sunday aft Trinity ☉ so.	places,	4	23	7	39	1 1
27	M	Antar so. 9. 51.	Expect	4	23	7	39	1 40
28	Tu		more rain,	4	23	7	39	2 29
29	W.	St PETER & St PAUL, ☉ Ω		4	23	7	39	3 27
30	Th	☉ runs low.		4	23	7	39	☉ rise

FROM brightening fields of ether fair discol'd,
 Child of the Sun, resplendent SUMMER comes.
 In pride of youth, and full through NATURE's depths;
 He comes attended by the sultry hours,
 And ever fanning breezes, on his way;
 While, from his ardent look, the turning SPRING
 Averts her bashful face: and earth and skies,
 All smiling, to his hot dominion leave.

VII. JULY.

Last Quarter 8th, 2h 15m. morning,
New Moon, 15th, 5h. 16m. afternoon,
First Quarter, 22d, 10h. 25m. morning,
Full Moon, 29th, 4h. 48m. afternoon,

W.	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER	P	OR	S	R	S
1 Fr		Showers	☾	4	27	7	35
2 Sat	Visitation of B. V. Mary,	with	☾	4	27	7	32
3 B	5th Sunday after Trinity,	Thunder,	☾	4	27	7	32
4 M.	TRANS. of ST MARTIN,		☾	4	27	7	31
5 Tu	Oxford Act & Camb. Com.		☾	4	27	7	31
6 W	☉ slo. C. 4m ☌ L. 5 13 N.	Clear and	☾	4	27	7	31
7 Th	☌ Apogee Thos a Becket,	pleasant,	☾	4	30	7	30
8 Fr	Camb Term ends,		☾	4	30	7	30
9 Sat	Oxf Feds. ☌ U Sup. ♂ & ☌		☾	4	30	7	30
10 S	6th Sun aft Trin ☌ H ☌ Co-		☾	4	31	7	29
11 M.	☌ slo. C. 5m [LUNUS b. 1447	Expect	☾	4	31	7	29
12 Tu	☌'s dec. 22 deg. N.	a Storm,	☾	4	32	7	28
13 W.	☌ ☌	then clear	☾	4	32	7	28
14 Th	☌ runs high,	and	☾	4	33	7	27
15 Fr	ST SWITHEN, Scorp. so. ♀ 59	very	☾	4	34	7	26
16 Sat		sultry,	☾	4	34	7	26
17 B	7th Sunday after Trinity,		☾	4	35	7	25
18 M.			☾	4	35	7	25
19 Tu	King Geo IV Crowned 1821,	Still very	☾	4	36	7	24
20 W	Margaret ☌ Perigee ☌ L. 58 S.	hot,	☾	4	37	7	23
21 Th	☌'s dec 26 deg N.		☾	4	38	7	22
22 Fr	MAGDALEN. ☌ ☌		☾	4	39	7	21
23 Sat	☌ ent ☌ Dog Days begin,		☾	4	40	7	20
24 B	8th Sunday after Trinity,		☾	4	41	7	19
25 M	ST JAMES,	Thunder	☾	4	42	7	18
26 Tu	ST ANNE ☌ ☌	showers	☾	4	43	7	17
27 W.	☌ runs low,	in many	☾	4	44	7	16
28 Th	Sagitta. so. ♀ 39,	places,	☾	4	45	7	15
29 Fr	♀ Gr Elong. ☌'s lo. C. 6m.		☾	4	46	7	14
30 Sat		It is now	☾	4	47	7	13
31 B	9th Sunday after Trinity,	pleasant	☾	4	48	7	12

ECHO no more returns the cheerful sound
Of sharpening scythe: the mower, sinking, heaps
O'er him the humid hay with flowers perfum'd,
And scarce a chirping grass-hopper is heard
Through the dumb mead: - Distressful NATURE pants,
The very streams look languid from afar;
Or, through th' unshelter'd glade, impatient seem
To hurt into the covert of the grove.

VIII. AUGUST.

Last Quarter, 6th, 7h 5m afternoon,
New Moon 14th, 1h 49m morning,
First Quarter 20th, 4h 24m afternoon,
Full Moon 28th, 6h 51m morning.

M	W	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES &c.	WEATHER	P	OR	OS	ROS
1	M	LAMMAS DAY, ☉ slo. C. 6m.	Clear	☿	4 49 7 11	8 17	
2	Tu	☉ L. 5. 6 N.	and pleasant.	☿	4 50 7 19	8 47	
3	W	☉ Apogee,		☿	4 51 7 9	9 9	
4	Th	☉ s dec 17 deg. N.	The want	☿	4 53 7 7	9 36	
5	Fr		of	☿	4 54 7 6	10 35	
6	Sa	Transfig. of our Lord,	rain is	☿	4 55 7 4	11 12	
7	B	10th Sun aft Trin. Name of	tell,	☿	4 57 7 3	11 54	
8	M	[Jesus.		☿	4 59 7 1	12 47	
9	Tu	7 s. ri. 10. 31.	Very	☿	5 0 7 0	0 47	
10	W	St LAWRENCE, ☉ ☉	sultry	☿	5 1 6 59	1 46	
11	Th	☉ so 9h 4sol. ☉ uns high,	with thun	☿	5 2 6 58	2 54	
12	Fr	KING GEO IV b. 1762,	der,	☿	5 3 6 57	4 3	
13	Sa			☿	5 4 6 56	5 21	
14	B	11th Sunday after Trinity,	Refresh-	☿	5 5 6 55	7 26	
15	M	☉ L 5 2 S.	ing	☿	5 6 6 54	7 59	
16	Tu	☉ York b. 1763. ☉ slo. C. 4m.	showers	☿	5 8 6 52	8 18	
17	W	☉ Perigee, ☉ ☉ ☉ Surr's of		☿	5 9 6 51	9 1	
18	Th	☉ s decl 13 deg N [G. Hull 1812		☿	5 11 6 49	9 59	
19	Fr	☉ Gr. Elong.	Clear and	☿	5 12 6 48	10 27	
20	Sa		fine	☿	5 14 6 46	11 19	
21	B	12th Sun. aft. Trin. D of Cla-	weather.	☿	5 15 6 45	12 11	
22	M	☉ ☉ France b. 1765 { 7 36		☿	5 17 6 43	0 15	
23	Tu	☉ ent. ☉ ☉ runs low { 8 34	Want	☿	5 18 6 42	1 16	
24	W	☉ Bartholomew ☉ so. { 9 22	of rain.	☿	5 20 6 40	2 19	
25	Th		in many	☿	5 21 6 39	3 29	
26	Fr	☉ Lauri ri 11. 49.	places.	☿	5 23 6 37	4 39	
27	Sa	☉ s dec 10 deg N { 11 42		☿	5 24 6 36	5 49	
28	B	13th Sun aft Trin St AUGUSTINE	Cloudy,	☿	5 26 6 34	6 52	
29	M	St. John Bapt. beheaded ☉ L	Still a	☿	5 27 6 33	7 17	
30	Tu	[5. N	want of	☿	5 28 6 32	7 42	
31	W	☉ Perigee ☉ d. C together	rain	☿	5 29 6 31	8 17	

THE Sun has lost his rage; his downward orb
Shoots nothing now but animating warmth,
And vital lustre; that, with various ray
Lights up the clouds those beauteous robes of Heaven.
Incessant roll'd into romantic shapes.
The dream of waking fancy! Broad below,
Cover'd with ripening fruits and swelling fast
Into the perfect year, the pregnant earth
And all her tribes rejoice.

IX. SEPTEMBER.

Last Quarter, 5th, 10h. 59m. morning,
New Moon, 12th, 9h. 51m. morning,
First Quarter, 19th, 1h. 20m. morning,
Full Moon, 26th, 11h. 4m. afternoon.

M	W	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS ANNIVERSARIES, &c	WEATHER	P	OR	OS	R	S
1	Th	ST. GILES, $\frac{1}{2}$ so 8h. 26m.	Clear and	☾	5 29 6	31 8	10	
2	Fr	London burnt 1666 O. S. & sta.	more	☾	5 31 6	29 3	41	
3	Sat	Dog-days end.	Cool,	☾	5 33 6	27 9	16	
4	B.	14th Sunday after Trinity,		☾	5 34 6	26 9	59	
5	M	Celi. ri. S. 43.		☾	5 36 6	24 10	46	
6	Tu	☉		☾	5 37 6	23 11	41	
7	W.	Emarchus, ☉'s decl 6 deg N ☉	Weather	☾	5 38 6	22	morn	
8	Th	Nativity of B. V. M. [fast C 2m]	now	☾	5 40 6	20 0	41	
9	Fr	☉ runs high.	variable,	☾	5 41 6	19 1	50	
10	Sat		rain in	☾	5 43 6	17 3	0	
11	B.	15th Sunday after Trinity,	many	☾	5 45 6	15 4	13	
12	M.	☉ L. 5. S	places,	☾	5 47 6	13 0	set	
13	Tu			☾	5 48 6	12 6	34	
14	W.	Holy Cross, ☉ Per. ☐ $\frac{1}{2}$ ☉		☾	5 50 6	10 7	6	
15	Th	☉'s decl. 3 deg N.	A proba-	☾	5 51 6	9 7	46	
16	Fr	Inf. ♂. ♀. ☉. [fast C. 14m.	bility of	☾	5 52 6	8 8	32	
17	Sat	LAMBERT,	fine wea-	☾	5 53 6	7 9	23	
18	B.	16th Sun. aft. Trin. ☉ ☉	ther for	☾	5 54 6	6 10	20	
19	M.		some	☾	5 55 6	5 11	18	
20	Tu	☉ runs low	time,	☾	5 56 6	4	morn	
21	W.	ST. MATTHEW, $\frac{1}{2}$ so. 7h. 15m		☾	5 57 6	3 0	22	
22	Th	☉ so.	Showers	☾	5 59 6	1 1	29	
23	Fr	☉ ent. Δ day & night equal,	of	☾	6 0 6	0 2	33	
24	Sat	☉ L. 4 53 N. 7 x's ri. 8h.	rain,	☾	6 2 5	58 3	34	
25	B.	17th Sun aft. Trin. & statio.		☾	6 4 5	56 4	38	
26	M	ST. CYPRIAN, $\frac{1}{2}$ statio ☉	Clear,	☾	6 5 5	53 0	10	
27	Tu	[decl. 2 deg. S]	and	☾	6 7 5	53 5	58	
28	W	☉ Apogee,	high	☾	6 8 5	52 6	25	
29	Th	ST. MICHAEL, Q. of Wurt. born	winds.	☾	6 10 5	10 6	53	
30	Fr	ST. JEROME ☉ fast C 10m [1766]		☾	6 11 5	9 7	26	

CROWN'D with the sickle and the wheat n sheaf,
While AUTUMN, nodding o'er the yellow plain,
Comes jovial on; & the Doric reed once more
Well pleas'd, I tune—what'er the Wintry frost
Nitrous prepar'd; the various blossom'd Spring
Put in white promise forth; and Summer suns
Concocted strong rush bow'd to new to view,
Full, perfect all, and swell my glorious theme!

X. OCTOBER.

Last Quarter, 5th, 1h 13m. morning,
New Moon, 11th, 6h. 21m. afternoon,
First Quarter, 18th, 5h. 57m. afternoon,
Full Moon, 26th, 8h. 53m. afternoon,

W. W.	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER.	P	OR	OS	ROS
1 Sat	Remigius Bp.	High winds mostly from N.W.	8	6	13	5 47 3 6
2 B.	18th Sunday after Trinity,		□	6	15	5 45 3 52
3 M.	☉ ☽		□	6	17	5 43 9 43
4 Tu	☽ station. ☉ runs high,		☼	6	18	5 42 10 38
5 W.	☉ fast C. 11m.		☼	6	19	5 41 11 39
6 Th	Faith. ☉'s decl 5 deg. S.	Clear and Cool,	☼	6	21	5 39 12 39
7 Fr	☽ 6h 7 46.		☼	6	22	5 38 0 50
8 Sat	☽ 1st ☉ ☽ L. S. S.		☼	6	23	5 37 2 1
9 B.	18th Sun aft Trin. St Den, Bp.		☼	6	25	5 35 3 13
10 M.	Oxford & Camb. Term begins.	a storm may be expected.	☼	6	26	5 34 4 24
11 Tu	☉ Perseus,		☼	6	28	5 32 5 29
12 W.			☼	6	29	5 31 5 49
13 Th	Transl. of K. Edw. Conf.		☼	6	30	5 30 6 26
14 Fr	☉ decl 8 deg. S.		☼	6	32	5 28 7 11
15 Sat	☉ ☽ ☉ fast C. 14m.	More clear and warm	☼	6	33	5 27 8 13
16 B.	20th Sunday after Trinity,		☼	6	35	5 25 9 16
17 M.	Esthereda, ☉ runs low.		☼	6	37	5 23 10 22
18 Tu	St. Luke,		☼	6	38	5 22 11 29
19 W.		Windy and some rough weather,	☼	6	40	5 20 12 39
20 Th			☼	6	41	5 19 0 39
21 Fr	Fomalh. so 9. 1.		☼	6	43	5 16 1 37
22 Sat	☉ Lat 5 S N.		☼	6	44	5 16 2 36
23 B.	21st Sun aft. Trinity, ☉ ent.		☼	6	45	5 15 3 39
24 M.	☉ Argoes, [☽		☼	6	46	5 14 4 35
25 Tu	Crispin, ☉'s decl. S.		☼	6	48	5 12 5 36
26 W.		Rain	☼	6	50	5 10 6 39
27 Th			☼	6	51	5 9 5 34
28 Fr	St Simon & St Juds,	Clear and pleasant	☼	6	52	5 8 6 7
29 Sat			☼	6	53	5 7 6 54
30 B.	22d Sunday after Trinity, ☉ ☽	Mode- rate	☼	6	55	5 5 7 44
31 M.	Sep. ☽ ☽ ☉ fast C. 16m		☼	6	57	5 3 8 36

HENCE from the busy joy resounding fields,
In cheerful error, let us tread the maze
Of Autumn unconfin'd; and taste, reviv'd,
The breath of orchard big with bending fruit—
Obedient to the breeze and beating ray,
From the deep loaded bough a mellow shower
Tressoms mells away. The juicy pear
Lies, in a soft profusion, scatter'd round.

XI. NOVEMBER.

Last Quarter, 3d, 1h. 12m. afternoon,
 New Moon, 10 h, 4h. 4m. morning,
 First Quarter, 17th, 6h. 22m. morning,
 Full Moon, 25th, 11h. 3m. morning,

M.	W.	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES &c.	WEATHER	P	OR	OS	R	S
1	Tu	ALL SAINTS ☉ runs high,	Clear	☉	6	59	5	19 35
2	W	ALL SOULS, D. of Kent b. 1767	with brisk	☉	7	05	0	10 42
3	Th	Prs. Sophia b 1777 ☉'s decl 15	winds,	☉	7	14	59	11 48
4	Fr	K. Wm III landed 1688 [deg S		☉	7	24	58	morn
5	Sa	Powder Plot 1605 ☉ L 5 11 S		☉	7	34	57	0 58
6	R	23d Sun of Trin Leonard con		☉	7	44	56	2 7
7	M	Mich T. b. ☉ perigee ☉ fast C	Now	☉	7	54	55	3 22
8	Tu	Prs. Augus. Sophia b 1768 [16m	warm	☉	7	64	54	4 37
9	W	Tamari ri 7. 12	smoky	☉	7	74	53	5 55
10	Th	LUTHER born 1483; [Farm.	weather,	☉	7	84	51	☉ etc
11	Fr	St MARTIN, ☉ ♀ batt of Chys	for	☉	7	94	50	5 59
12	Sa	On mor. of St Mart 2 ret Canb.	several	☉	7	104	50	5 59
13	R	24th Sun of Trin Britius [F div m	days,	☉	7	124	45	7 1
14	M	☉ runs low,		☉	7	134	47	8 5
15	Tu	MACHUITS		☉	7	144	46	9 11
16	W	☉ fast C. 15 m.	High	☉	7	154	45	10 19
17	Th	Hugh Bp of Lincoln,	winds	☉	7	164	44	11 23
18	Fr	In 8 days of St Mar. 3 ret ☉ L	may	☉	7	174	43	morn
19	Sa	[5. 15 N	be	☉	7	184	42	0 29
20	R	25th Sun of Trin Edm K & nity'r	expected	☉	7	194	41	1 31
21	Tu	☉ Apogee, Orion ri. 7 37 ☉ su		☉	7	204	40	2 27
22	W	CECILIA,	Rain	☉	7	214	39	3 23
23	Th	St CLEMENT.		☉	7	224	38	4 25
24	Fr	Rigel ri 7 36.		☉	7	234	37	5 25
25	Sa	In 15 d of St Mart 4 ret Cath	Clear and	☉	7	244	36	6 29
26	R	☉ ♀ storm of 1768 [fine V	pleasant,	☉	7	254	35	☉ rise
27	Tu	Advent Sunday ☉ fast C. 12m	Rain may	☉	7	264	34	5 35
28	W	Mich T. ends ☉ decl. 21 deg S	be	☉	7	274	33	6 27
29	Th	☉ runs high,	expected	☉	7	284	33	7 17
30	W	St ANDREW.	perhaps	☉	7	294	32	8 29
			snow	☉	7	304	31	9 31

*BUT see the fading many colour'd woods,
 Shade deepning into shade the country round
 Imbrown'd; a crowded umbrage, dusk and dun,
 Of every hue from wane declining green
 To sooty dark These now the lonesome Muse,
 Love whispering, lead into their leaf-strown walk,
 And give the season in its latest eve.*

XII. DECEMBER.

Last Quarter, 2d, 10h 58m afternoon,
New Moon 9th, 3h 25m afternoon,
First Quarter 17th, 1h 57m morning,
Full Moon 25th, 4h 4m morning.

M	W	ASPECTS, HOLIDAYS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c.	WEATHER	☉ P ☉ R ☉ S ☉ OS				
				P	R	S	OS	OS
1	Th		Clear	☉	7 30	4 30	10 39	
2	Fr	☉ fast C. 10m.		☉	7 30	4 30	11 40	
3	Sat	☉ L. 5. 17 S.	pleasant,	☉	7 30	4 30	morn	
4	B	2d Sunday in Advent,		☉	7 31	4 29	9 57	
5	M.	☉ 24 ☉'s decl 22 deg. S.	Snow	☉	7 31	4 29	2 10	
6	Tu	NICOLAS, Orion ri. 6 40.	or	☉	7 31	4 29	3 23	
7	W	☉ Perseus,	rain,	☉	7 32	4 28	4 43	
8	Th	Conception of B. V. Mary,	Clear and	☉	7 33	4 27	5 55	
9	Fr	☉ eclipsed visible ☉ ☉.	fine	☉	7 34	4 26	sets	
10	Sat	☉ ☉ ☉		☉	7 34	4 26	5 32	
11	B	3d Sunday in Advent,	Flying	☉	7 35	4 25	6 39	
12	M.	☉ runs low,	clouds	☉	7 35	4 25	7 47	
13	Tu	Lucy,	with	☉	7 36	4 24	8 54	
14	W	☉'s decl. 23 deg. S.	chilly	☉	7 36	4 24	10 2	
15	Th	☉ L. 5. 16 N.	winds,	☉	7 37	4 23	11 4	
16	Fr	☉ Amb. T. ends O Sapientia, ☉		☉	7 37	4 23	morn	
17	Sat	☉ Oxford T. ends, ☉ fast C. 4m.	Proba-	☉	7 38	4 22	0 8	
18	B	4th Sunday in Advent, [Niagara	bility	☉	7 38	4 22	1 7	
19	Tu	☉ so. 11h. 16m. Capt. of Fort	of	☉	7 38	4 22	2 7	
20	Tu	☉ Apogee Sirius ri. 7 43 ☉ so	Snow,	☉	7 38	4 22	3 2	
21	W	☉ Tho's. ☉ ant. ☉ shortest d	Clear	☉	7 38	4 22	3 59	
22	Th	☉ Stasia ☉'s decl 23° 27 S.	and	☉	7 38	4 22	4 56	
23	Fr	☉ Leonis ri. 7 56.	cold,	☉	7 37	4 22	5 53	
24	Sat	☉ ☉ ☉ & ☉ together,	Expect	☉	7 37	4 22	6 40	
25	B	Christmas Day, Sundry,	more	☉	7 36	4 21	rise	
26	Tu	☉ St Stephen ☉ runs high,	snow,	☉	7 36	4 21	6 7	
27	W	☉ St John,	cold,	☉	7 35	4 20	7 11	
28	Th	☉ Innocents, Pretender died 1765.	like bare	☉	7 35	4 20	8 20	
29	Fr	☉'s decl 23 deg. S.	of rock	☉	7 35	4 20	9 29	
30	Sat	☉ L. 5. 13 S. D. of Americans	nose fin	☉	7 35	4 20	10 33	
31	B	☉ Western Int. ☉ ☉ ☉ 1772.	gers and	☉	7 34	4 20	11 44	
			ions.	☉	7 34	4 20	11 44	

'Tis done! down winter spreads his latest glooms,
And reigns triumphant o'er the conquer'd year,
How dead the vegetable world appears!
How dumb the forest! Hark! a wild wind
His desolate domain, how oft proud man
Sees how this picture'd life passes in a moment,
And pale concurring WINTER comes at last,
And shuts the scene!

BRITISH INTREPIDITY.

THE following instance of generous intrepidity has very seldom been equalled, and, we think, never exceeded.—It is extracted from the unpublished Journal of an Officer on board the vessel mentioned in the narrative :—

“On our passage from Lisbon to Virginia, in the *Sally* and *Kitty*, Captain C——, we experienced a succession of bad weather. One evening, about seven o'clock, I being at the helm, heard a voice, apparently rising out of the sea, calling me by name. Surprised, I ran to the ship's side, and saw Richard Pallant, a youth, in the water, going astern. Immediately I called all hands. The Captain, though a man of approved resolution, was quite confounded at the boy's danger, as his friends, who were people of property at Ipswich, had trusted him the voyage, confiding in C——'s protection and care. He ran backwards and forwards, not knowing what to do, exclaiming that the boy must perish ; for the ship drove apace from him before the swell, which was so mountainous that he durst not hoist out the boat.

“As no measures were offered to be taken for the preservation of the boy, though not at this time above a hundred yards from the vessel, I mentioned the possibility of swimming to him with the end of the deep sea line, which would serve to haul him, and the man who swam to him, aboard. The Captain, mad at a proposal which he thought too dangerous to be attempted, cursed me in a rage, exclaiming, ‘Who would be mad enough to go?’ Piqued at his answer, and eager for the boy's safety, I proffered myself to go, and was immediately relieved at the helm by an American, beyond comparison the best swimmer on board.—It was no time to deliberate. I stripped in a moment, and clapping the line round my body, plunged from the ship's side into the sea. The line was new and stiff ; so that, not drawing close round me, I swam through it ; but, catching it as it slipped over my feet, I secured it by putting my head and one arm through the noose. Ere I had swam far, the line on board getting foul, checked me suddenly, and pulled me backwards under water. I soon recovered myself, and strove to proceed. During this, they on board, endeav-

voicing in vain to clear the line, cut some parts that were entangled, to free the rest ; and in their hurry, cutting the wrong part, let about half the coil drop overboard, leaving me adrift with it fast round my neck. Immediately they called to me to return, but the booming of the waves prevented my understanding them. I thought they were only striving to encourage me : and therefore, shouting cheerfully again to shew my confidence, swam forwards.

" Having, as I guessed, come near the place where the boy was, I looked round, and not seeing him, was afraid he had gone down ; but mounting the next wave, I saw him in the hollow ; and shooting down the declivity, hailed him, and found him yet sensible, but just sinking. I gave him my hand, earnestly beseeching him not to grapple my body, and then called out to those on board to haul in, not knowing that the line was cut. On turning round, and facing the ship, my heart sunk within me to see the distance she was at. As the vessel drove fast before the sea, whilst I was swimming slowly the other way, she was now more than a quarter of a mile from us ; so that, knowing the line could not reach so far, I found that I must be adrift.

" All the horrors of my situation rushed on me at once, and I thought death inevitable, but still struggled hard for life. Whilst I was swimming forwards, the rope, being kept slanting in the water, I felt not half its weight ; but now it incommoded me exceedingly, when I remained almost stationary, encumbered with the boy. The waves, too, which, while I breasted and saw the approach of, I easily mounted, now rolling behind us, broke deep over our heads, burying us under them with irresistible fury. I strove hard to disengage myself from the line, but the noose being jammed behind my shoulder, and one hand holding the boy, I could not effect it.

" When the line was cut, they on board strove with all expedition to hoist out the boat ; for though the Captain hesitated to do it at first, whilst only one was overboard, yet now that another, by a voluntary effort for the boy's preservation, must have been given up to hopeless destruction, he resolved, at any risk, to attempt to save us. Soon after I was turned towards the ship, I saw them hoisting out the boat ; the interval from the cutting of the line to this moment having been spent in clearing her of the lumber

with which she was filled. At last she put off, and I had the consolation to see her come round the ship's bow. The height of the sea was considered so very dangerous, that, out of a whole British Crew, but three were found who durst venture in the boat; and in the confusion, they came away with only two oars, and but three thowls for these, and without either rudder or tiller. Under these disadvantages they pulled very slowly against a most mountainous swell, which they were forced to tend with the utmost skill, to prevent the boat's being sunk by it.

"Encouraged by the sight of the efforts made for our preservation, I strove with the utmost exertion to keep above the water until they came up, and endeavoured what little I could to meet them; when a sea breaking deeper than ordinary over us, in striking eagerly to raise myself, I broke my hand from the boy's hold; upon which he grasped me round the loins, with my head downwards under his breast. Struck with the dread of instant fate, I struggled at my full exertion to disengage myself; but it was impossible. The fear of death, and almost the present pain of it, rendered his grasp too strong to be broken from. In this trembling moment, short as the interval must have been, a throng of ideas rushed with inconceivable rapidity into my mind. Futurity, with its joys and torments strongly contrasted, as I shuddered on its very verge, was pictured in its most striking colours to my imagination.

"Finding my struggling ineffectual, I had happily the presence of mind to sink myself, and began to dive downwards, at the very moment when my bosom, bursting with holding my breath, so strongly impelled me to strive for the surface, to end the intolerable torture. My diving had the desired effect; the boy, finding me sinking, let go his hold, and rose to the surface. I rose immediately when disengaged, and drew breath. Another moments delay had sealed our destruction.

"Struck with horror at this hair-breath escape, I began to swim singly towards the boat, which was now within two hundred yards of us, when the youth, seeing himself abandoned, piteously cried out to me for God's sake not to leave him. My own preservation by making to the boat, opposed to my almost certain fate if I returned, caused a momentary struggle in my bosom; and a severe one it was; to all

appearance the choice of life or death. Compassion, however, prevailed. Struck with his inevitable destruction, I returned, and, catching hold of him just sinking, I again gave him my hand, charging him on his life not to grapple me any more, and renewed the arduous struggle to keep us both afloat until the boat came up; for now utterly exhausted, we rose but at intervals to draw breath.

"Eternal God! how slowly the boat seemed to approach, and how inconceivably long appeared the dreary time of fatigue and terror which we spent in anxiously awaiting it! Every wave now broke over us, and we continued, though with the utmost difficulty, to contend with our fate, till the boat came very near; when a mountainous wave, bursting with impetuous sweep, rolled us over. Our efforts to regain the light separated our hands, and I again found myself clasped in the eager grasp of my companion. I had recourse to diving again; but this did not now so readily procure my release. Spent and stunned with the shock, he persevered in retaining his hold, till, being able to hold my breath no longer, I drew in a full draught of water.—I was still sensible of the excessive pain; it seemed as if my entrails were burst by something forced down them.

"He now, by some means, quitted me, and we both rose—but my senses wandered, the sky danced to my sight, and I was sinking, when, by God's mercy, the boat being now come up, one of the sailors caught hold of me, just as I was losing, for ever in this life, the sight of day. Another seized the boy, who had suffered less during this last struggle than I had; and we were dragged into the boat, where we lay in her bottom faint and exhausted.

"Our brave preservers exerted their utmost skill to regain the ship. This they with difficulty accomplished, and, getting along side, she tossed with such violence that a single stroke against the ship would have shattered the boat to pieces. The men having hooked the tackle to hoist her in, leaped on board; but we who were scarcely able to stand, must have been crushed to pieces between the boat and the ship, had we attempted it. We were therefore obliged to remain lying in the boat, awaiting the chance of their getting her in, or else of her being stove by the sea, or breaking from the tackle, in which case we yet should have suffered that fate which we had hitherto so providen-

tially escaped. At length the sailors, with some damage, got her on board, and, being taken out of her, we were received with transport by our shipmates, who had despaired of ever seeing us again.

‘ I had the line now taken off my neck, and found on measuring it, that I had sustained the weight of seventy yards during the whole time I was overboard. It was about half an inch round, being a common deep-sea line — All night I suffered most severely from the water I had swallowed; and observed, with extreme surprise, when I turned into my hammock, that the agitation of my spirits prevented my enjoying that sleep which my fatigue rendered so necessary, nor could I close an eye during the four hours of my watch below.”

‘ They that go down to the sea in ships, and occupy their business in great waters; these men see the works of the Lord; and his wonders in the deep.”—Psaln cvii, 23 and 24.

A CRYSTAL SUMMER HOUSE.

The King of Siam has in one of his country palaces, a most singular pavilion. The table, the chairs, the closets, &c are all formed of crystal. The walls, the ceiling, and the floors, are formed of pieces of plate glass, of about an inch thick and six feet square, so nicely united by a cement, which is as transparent as the glass itself, that the most subtle water cannot penetrate. There is but one door, which shuts so closely, that it is as impenetrable to the water as the rest of this singular building. A Chinese engineer has constructed it thus as a certain remedy against the insupportable heat of the climate. The pavilion is twenty-eight feet in length, and seventeen in breadth; it is placed in the midst of a great basin, paved and ornamented with marble of various colours. They fill this basin with water in about a quarter of an hour, and it is emptied as quickly. When you enter the pavilion, the door is immediately closed, and cemented with mastick, to hinder the water from entering; it is then they open the sluices, and this great basin is soon filled with water, which is even suffered to overflow the land, so that the pavilion

is entirely under water, except the top of the dome, which is left untouched for the benefit of respiration. Nothing is more charming than the agreeable coolness of this delicious place, while the extreme fervour of the sun boils on the surface of the freshest fountains.—*D'Iraeli's Curios. Lit.*

THE WAY TO BE HAPPY.

The way to be happy, is to look down on those who suffer, and not up to those who shine in the world. The comparison would be then so much in our favour that we should cease to complain. So far should we be from repining at the unequal distribution of fortune, that we should sit down contented with our own lot, and be happy with the blessings we enjoy. Our pride would be humbled, and our peevishness turned into pity; our murmurings would be hushed at the sight of others. A little reason and common sense would point out to us the absurdity of our pursuits, and prove how dangerous it is to follow the deceitful track.—How happy then might people live, and what a figure might they make in the eye of the world, were they to manage the liberality of fortune with common sense, and learn to despise the superfluities of it; from a want of this, springs all the unhappiness of this life, and from a careful observance of it, proceeds every satisfaction we can wish to obtain.

ON CONVERSATION.

*"There are whom heav'n hath bless'd with store of wit,
Yet want as much again to manage it;
Words, are like leaves, and where they most abound,
Much fruit of sense beneath is rarely found."*—POPE.

The noble faculty of speech distinguisheth mankind from the brute creation; but it is lamentable to reflect, that it has been abused in many instances to the basest purposes.—Instances do daily occur to prove the truth of this remark; for we can scarcely mix in society without experiencing the shafts of envy, bigotry, and malevolence. Let the best characters appear on the theatre of the world, and we shall see them insulted, or degraded by the surmises of

calumny. Their motives are immediately examined, and if not found out which is generally the case, they are condemned without judge or jury as impostors : so that the most retired part of the world will not screen the virtuous and the good from rancour and ill-will. That despicable beings are most predominant, cannot be denied, but it by no means follows from hence, that all in society are of the same disposition. From the pages of history we have reason to infer that the best part of mankind have been lovers of retirement, and have chosen sequestered scenes in preference to palaces, and splendid edifices ; having experienced the varieties of life, they have courted the most retired spot for learning, meditation and cool reflection. — The consequence has been, that they have perceived the true end of their creation, and have returned to their former connexions as better Christians.

Honorio was favoured with the caresses of the most religious and virtuous part of mankind ; but by mixing with other society, he was led from the path of duty, upon examination he found the world to be an enemy, he therefore resolved to retire for a time, in order to be restored to greater usefulness. In retirement he has examined his heart, probed the secret recesses of his mind, and found out the springs of human actions. He now condemns what he formerly admired and resolves that he will be more cautious in future, not only of his conduct, but of his conversation.

Dr Knox, in one of his inimitable essays, makes this observation, “ that small towns are very much given to scandal, as the inhabitants are fond of raising reports to the prejudice of others ; whereas in large cities, the citizens are otherwise employed ;” and therefore he gives the preference to villas, which are excluded from all society — How far the respectable author may be just in his remarks, cannot easily be determined ; but it is clear that calumny cannot in any place be justified ; for it ought to be entirely banished from mankind as an evil, of the greatest magnitude. Shakespeare exposes it in the most glowing colours, for says he,

—“ *Who steals my purse, steals trash ;
'Tis something, nothing ; 'twas mine, 'tis his,*

*And has been slave to thousands :
But he who filches from me my good name,
Robs me of that which not enriches him,
But makes me poor indeed."*—

As remedies against this insinuating evil, the tongue, the glory of our frame, is to be well employed in speaking such discourses as are for the good of others ; the works of creation, the discoveries of philosophy, and other useful topics, are worthy of our daily attention ; not excluding what may please or edify, providing it may be free from scandal, arrogance, and obscenity ; for pleasantry is not amiss, if we wound not the feelings, nor hurt the peace of our friends. The words of a certain poet may be applied to some jesters :—

*" Who for the poor renown of being smart,
Would stick a dagger to his brother's heart."*

An anecdote from the Gentleman's Magazine may be introduced in this essay, with the greatest propriety —

" A sea faring man courted a young woman at Limehouse, a small village in England, whom he got with child ; soon after which he went to sea and left her ; He stayed about two years in the West Indies, where he saved some money, but could not be easy in his mind on account of ruining the young woman. He left the ship, and some wages that were due to him, and came home with a design to marry her. Going into a public house at Limehouse, which he had formerly frequented, and enquiring after the young woman, the landlord said she was alive and well, and had a charming boy ; (but by way of hum, as it is called) told him too, that she was married.—Immediately on this, the poor seaman left the house, rambling about he neither knew nor cared whither, and was picked up by a press-gang, and sent on board a tender, where he hanged himself the very first night. The news of this affected the young woman so much, that she died soon after, and the poor child was left on the parish ; nor did the landlord, who was in reality a good natured man, ever enjoy a moment's peace of mind during the few years which he lived."

The above narrative is really afflicting, and should teach us caution in speaking of others, so as not to magnify matters, much less to speak what is not true. Some cannot

bear the most innocent railery, and misconstrue the least hint, as if we intended to insult them. Such persons are too delicate for society; as we must bear and forbear whilst we are in this world.

The manner of speaking ought to be carefully attended to; so that our conversation should not be too long, lest we may be thought to be in a passion, when in reality we are not. Let us cultivate urbanity of manners, and a sweetness of temper, free from affectation, if we would wish not to give offence; for if we look into our own hearts, we shall never spy the faults of others; and suppose we should, we shall cast a mantle of love over them.

A loquaciousness in conversation is by no means to be indulged; for a still tongue shews a wise head: whereas "in the multitude of words there wanteth not sin." And it would have been far better for some not to have spoken at all, than speak to the prejudice of others.

USEFUL RECEIPTS.

METHOD OF TEMPERING EDGE TOOLS WHEN OF TOO BRITTLE

A QUALITY.

Plunge the blade up to the handle in boiling fat for two hours, and then taking it out let it cool gradually. A knife the edge of which was so brittle that it broke in cutting even a pen; after the operation, was capable of cutting the hardest wood, even box or ebony.

From a French Publication.

TO MAKE SOAP.

To 12 gallons of lye, of strength just sufficient to bear an egg, add 16 lbs of clean melted grease, which by being placed in the hot sun, and occasionally stirred, will, in a few days, produce a soap of first quality.

A house keeper, and subscriber.

AN EXCELLENT RECEIPT FOR CURING HAMS AND BEEF.

Take 6 lbs. of coarse salt,
2 lbs of brown sugar,
2 oz. of saltpetre,
4 gallons of water,

Boil the pickle, and skim it well. Put over the meat, when cold, and let it remain in the pickle about 8 or 9 weeks; for beef not so long in pickle.

TO MAKE AND PRESERVE YEAST.

To make it—Boil a handful of hops in three pints of water, three or four minutes. The water must boil when the hops are put in. Strain the liquor, and then thicken it with flour to the consistence of starch. Let it stand till it is about milk warm, and put it into a jar large enough to allow room for it to rise; then add about a teacupful of yeast and let it work.

To preserve it.—After the yeast has risen sufficiently, add as much meal of *white* Indian corn as will make it stiff enough to be rolled thin; then, immediately, and before it rises a second time, roll it, and with a tea cup or wine glass, cut it into cakes, and dry them in the shade, in an airy room, or in any other good place. Turn them three or four times in the day: after they are quite dry, put them into a basket, or bag, and keep them aired and free from moisture. One of these cakes, soaked about 15 minutes in cold water, will be sufficient for two good sized loaves.

Infallible cure for the tooth ache.— $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. best pale Peruvian bark finely powdered: 1 pint of old 4th proof French brandy: 1 pint of rose water: 1 pint of pure water.

Mix, and after 24 hours it is fit for use.

For severe toothache, add 1-4 more brandy in proportion to any given quantity of the above, which hold in the mouth 5 minutes.

The above will preserve the teeth and gums from disease, and cure when already diseased—it should be used every morning with a tooth brush.

Botts in Horses.—James Morris of Morrisiana, communicates these facts—That he knew a farmer of 40 years experience who told him he never lost a horse with the botts, although one of the most extensive breeders in the country—his practice was to give his horses while in the stable each a handful of salt per week. This practice J. M. says, he has followed for 28 years, and has not at that time had a horse affected by the botts.

Cows overeaten.—A dram glass of spirit of turpentine in

half a pint of new milk, is a remedy for cows which have overeaten clover.

BOTANICAL AND AGRICULTURAL MEMORANDA.

Insects on Trees.—A gentleman in Essex, Eng. having in his orchard many old worn-out apple trees which produced fruit scarcely larger than a walnut, last winter took fresh-made lime from the kiln, slacked it with water, and well dressed the trees with a brush. The result was, that the insects and moss were completely destroyed, the outer rind fell off; a new, smooth, clear one was formed, and the trees, although some of them are twenty years old, have now a most healthy appearance.

LAMBS.

The first care of them is to see whether they can come at the teat; and if not to clip away the wool of the ewes which hinders them, and also all the tags of wool on the udders of the ewes, which the lambs are liable to take hold of instead of the teats.

If the ewe refuse to let her lamb suck, she and her lamb should be shut up together in a close place, till she grow fond of him. For this purpose, some say that surprising a sheep with a dog will be effectual.

Care should be taken to feed the ewes plentifully after yeaving, and with some juicy kind of food, so that the lambs may not fail in having plenty of milk. The rams may be altered at any time from one to three weeks old, if they appear to be well and strong.

They should not be weaned till they are six weeks, or two months old. At this age they should be taken from the ewes, and have the best of pasture during the first fortnight; by the end of which time they will be so naturalized to living wholly upon grass, that they may be turned into a poorer pasture.

The worst woolled lambs, and coloured ones, and those that are small, should be destined to the knife, and not weaned. So great is the need of increasing the manufacture of woollen in this country, that I must earnestly recommend it to the farmers, not to kill, or sell for killing, any lamb, till it is near half a year old, or till the wool become to such fulness of growth, as to be valuable for

spinning. To kill them earlier is so wasteful a practice as to be inexcusable.

Those ewe lambs which are kept for stock, should not come at the rams: For if they have lambs at a year old it stunts them in their growth; and they have so little milk, that their lambs die for want of nourishment. Or if they chance to live, they will be apt to be always small. This practice is one reason why our breed of sheep in this country is so poor.

The largest lambs should be sheared at the time of the new moon in July. Their fleeces will yield as much the next year, and the wool will be better, and as cold storms rarely happen at that time of the year, the lambs will do better without their fleeces than with them.

Deane's N. E. Farmer.

TO DESTROY WORMS ON FRUIT TREES.

Take a half-inch auger or bit and bore to the centre of every tree; then by means of a paper tube, fill the hole with SULPHUR, crowd it in with a small ramrod; then cut out a green limb from the same tree, and plug the hole. It will not require more than two table spoonfulls of sulphur for each tree, and in forty eight hours the worms will leave the remotest branches. This process will also be beneficial for young fruit trees, even when not troubled with worms. It renders them more thrifty. This process has been found infallible.

FATTING SWINE.

A writer says, sour food is the most grateful and alimentary to swine. One gallon of sour wash goes farther than two of sweet.—Dry rotten wood should be constantly in the pens, that the hogs when confined for fattening may eat it at pleasure. Nature points out this absorbent as a remedy, or preventive. They will leave their food to devour the rotten wood when they require it. I have not lost a fattening hog for more than 30 years, when I used it, but have suffered greatly by neglecting it. Some of my neighbours met with frequent losses of fattening hogs, till I informed them of my practice; of which I was told by a woman from East-Jersey, before our revolutionary war. She said, it was then known and practiced there.

The writer adds, we have three blacksmiths in this town; and my hogs eat up all the ashes or cinders they make; we haul into the pens by cart loads, and the hogs will, as you observe of the rotten wood, devour this at times with more avidity than their ordinary food.

TO MAKE RASPBERRY WINE.

One gallon of raspberry juice to one gallon of rum or gin. It is sweetened to the taste of those who make it. Should it not fine, put a little milk to it, and it will fine down.

CIVIL LIST OF UPPER CANADA.

PRESENT LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

His Excellency Major General SIR PEREGRINE MAITLAND, Knight
Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath,
Knight of the Russian Order of St. George, and of the Order of
William in the Netherlands, &c. &c. &c.

Aide-de-Camp and Private Secretary, MAJOR HILLIER, 74th Reg't.

GOVERNMENT OFFICERS.

EDWARD M'MAHON, Esquire, *Chief Clerk*,
Thomas FitzGerald, and } *Clerks*,
John Lyon, Esquires, }
Office Keeper and Messenger,
ISAAC PILKINGTON.

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The Hon. W. D. POWELL, *Chief Justice, Speaker.*

The Right Hon. & Rev. JACOB LORD BISHOP OF QUEBEC.

The Hon. JAMES BABY,	The Hon. GEORGE CROOKSHANK,
JOHN M'GILL,	& Rev. J. STRACHAN, D. D.
THOMAS TALBOT,	ANGUS MACKINTOSH,
WILLIAM CLAUS,	JOSEPH WELLS,
THOMAS CLARK,	DUNCAN CAMERON,
WILLIAM DICKSON,	GEORGE H. MARKLAND,
NEIL M'LEAN,	JOHN H. DURN.

JOHN POWELL, Esq. *Clerk*,

The Rev. WILLIAM MACAULAY,—*Chaplain*,

D'ARCY BOULTON, Jun'r. Esquire,—*Master in Chancery, attending
the Legislative Council.*

WILLIAM LEE, Esquire,—*Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.*

HUGH CARPRAE,—*Door Keeper.*

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY AND OFFICERS.

MEMBERS	FOR WHAT PLACE	RESIDENCE.
Atkinson, James	Frontenac,	Kingston.
Burnham, Zaccheus	Northumberland,	Amherst.
Beardsley, B. C.	Lincoln,	Niagara.
Burke, Geo. Thew	Carlton,	Perth.
Beasley, Richard	Halton,	Hamilton.
Bidwell, M. S.	Lennox & Addington,	Bath.
Boulton, G. S.	* Durham,	Cobourg.
Clark, John	Lincoln,	St. Catharines.
Cameron, Duncan	Glengary,	Eastern District.
Coleman, Thomas	Hastings,	Belville.
Chrysler, John	Dundas,	Chrysler's Farm.
Cumming, John.	Town of Kingston,	Kingston.
Gordon, James	Kent,	Amherstburgh.
Hamilton, George	Wentworth,	Hamilton.
Horner Thomas	Oxford,	Burford.
Ingersoll, Charles	Oxford,	Oxford.
Jones, Jonas	Grenville,	Brockville.
Jones, Charles.	Leeds,	Brockville.
Jones, David.	Leeds,	Brockville.
Lyons, James	† Northumberland,	Carrying Place.
Lafferty, John J.	Lincoln,	Stamford.
M'Lean, Archibald	Stormont,	Cornwall.
Morris, Wm.	Lanark,	Perth.
McDonnell, Alex.	Glengary,	Eastern District.
McCall, Duncan	Norfolk,	London District.
Matthews, John	Middlesex,	Lobo.
McDonald, Donald	Prescott & Russell,	Ottawa.
McBride, Edward	Town of Niagara,	Niagara.
Peterson, Paul	Prince Edward,	Hallowell.
Perry, Peter	Lennox & Addington,	
Playter, Ely	York & Simcoe,	Yonge Street.
Robinson, John B.	Town of York,	York.
Randal, Robert	Lincoln,	Queenston.
Rolph, John	Middlesex,	Vittoria.
Scollick, Wm.	Halton,	Dundas.
Thomson, Hugh C.	Frontenac,	Kingston.

* Disputed by C. Fothergill.

† Disputed by B. Ewings.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY AND OFFICERS.

MEMBERS	FOR WHAT PLACE	RESIDENCE.
Thompson, Wm.	York & Simcoe,	Toronto.
Vancoughnet, P.	Stormont,	Cornwall.
Walsh, F. L.	Norfolk,	Victoria.
White, Reuben	Hastings,	Belville.
Wilson, James	Prince Edward,	Hallowell.
Wilson John	Wentworth,	Salisbury.
Walker, Hamilton	Grenville,	Prescott.
Wilkins, Alexander	Essex,	Western District.

Grant Powell, Esquire,—*Clerk.*

The Rev Robert Addison,—*Chaplain.*

Samuel P. Jarvis, Esquire,—*(Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.*

Mr. Adam McNabb,—*Sergeant at Arms.*

William Knott,—*Door Keeper.*

John Hunter,—*Messenger.*

MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

The Hon. William Dummer Powell, Chief Justice,—*Chairman.*

The Right Rev. Jacob, Lord Bishop of Quebec,

The Hon. James Baby, The Hon. & Rev. Dr. J. Strachan,

Samuel Smith, William Claus,

G. H. Markland, I. Robinson,

John Small, Esquire. *Clerk of the Council.*

John Brinkie, Esquire, *Deputy Clerk of the Council.*

Mr. George Savage, } *Clerks in the Council Office.*

Mr. William Lee, }

Hugh Carfrae,—*Door Keeper and Messenger.*

Sarah Lancaster,—*House Keeper.*

The regular Land Council Days for the year 1825 are,

January,	5 and 10	July,	6 and 20
February,	2 and 16	August,	3, 17 & 31
March,	2, 16 & 30	September,	14 and 28
April,	13 and 27	October,	12 and 26
May,	11 and 25	November,	9 and 23
June,	8 and 22	December,	7 and 21

Upper Canada has at present 11 Districts; 24 Counties; 280 Townships; and, 150,000 Inhabitants, at the Lowest calculation, exclusive of Indians, Strangers, and the Army and Navy. She has also 56 Regiments of Militia, mustering 30,000 strong.

For further particulars respecting the past and present state of the Country, and for a detailed account of its resources, and every minutiae respecting it, the reader is referred to the "YORK ALMANAC, AND ROYAL CALENDAR OF UPPER CANADA, FOR THE YEAR 1825."

No. I.

TABLE of Interest at 3 per Cent.

	1 Week.			Month.			3 Months.			6 Months.			1 Year.			
	s	d	q	s	d	q	s	d	q	s	d	q	s	d	q	
SHILLINGS.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	2	
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	4	
	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	2	8	
	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	3	0	3	2	
	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	4	4	
	7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	2	0	5	0	
	8	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	2	3	0	5	2
	9	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	3	0	0	6	1
	10	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	0	3	2	0	7	0
POUNDS.	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	3	2	0	7	0	1	2	0	0
	2	0	0	2	0	2	0	7	0	1	2	0	2	4	0	0
	3	0	0	3	0	3	2	10	3	1	9	2	3	7	0	0
	4	0	1	0	0	4	3	1	2	1	2	4	2	4	9	0
	5	0	1	2	0	6	0	1	6	0	3	0	0	6	0	0
	6	0	1	3	0	7	0	1	9	2	3	7	0	7	2	0
	7	0	2	0	0	8	1	2	1	0	4	2	0	8	4	0
	8	0	2	1	0	9	2	2	4	3	4	9	2	9	7	0
	9	0	2	2	0	10	3	2	8	1	5	4	2	10	9	0
	10	0	3	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	6	0	0	12	0	0
TENS OF POUNDS.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
	20	0	0	6	0	2	0	0	6	0	0	12	0	1	4	0
	30	0	0	9	0	3	0	0	9	0	0	18	0	1	16	0
	40	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	12	0	1	4	0	2	8	0
	50	0	1	3	0	5	0	0	15	0	1	10	0	3	0	0
	60	0	1	6	0	6	0	0	18	0	1	16	0	3	12	0
	70	0	1	9	0	7	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	4	4	0
	80	0	2	0	0	8	0	1	4	0	2	8	0	4	16	0
	90	0	2	3	0	9	0	1	7	0	2	14	0	5	8	0
	100	0	2	6	0	10	0	1	10	0	3	0	0	6	0	0
	1000	1	5	0	5	0	0	15	0	0	30	0	0	60	0	0

No. II.

A TABLE of Discount Per Cent,

2 1-2 per cent. is 0-6d. in a £.	17 1-2 per cent. is 3s. 6d. in a £.
5 1 0	20 4 0
7 1-2 1 6	22 1-2 4 6
10 2 0	25 5 0
12 1-2 2 6	30 6 0
15 3 0	36 7 0