

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT
OF
THE PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL,

READ AND APPROVED, THURSDAY, NOV. 2ND, 1859;

TO WHICH ARE ADDED,

THE CONSTITUTION, BYE-LAWS, AND LIST OF MEMBERS.

Montreal:

PRINTED FOR THE SOCIETY, BY JOHN LOVELL.

1859.

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ANNUAL MEETING OF ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

At the Annual Meeting of this Society, held on Thursday evening, November 2nd, at its Hall, corner of McGill and Recollet Sts., the Treasurer's Statement was read and approved, from which it appeared that the receipts during the year had amounted to \$1952 5c., and the expenditure to \$1252 45c.; leaving a balance in the Society's favor of \$699 60c. The following gentlemen were then elected officers for the ensuing year:—

President—T. D. MCGEE, M.P.P.

1st Vice-President—P. DELANEY.

2nd ditto —T. J. WALSH.

Treasurer—REV. M. O'BRIEN.

Corresponding Secretary—JAS. DONNELLY.

Recording Secretary—J. P. KELLY.

Assist. Rec. Secretary—FRANCIS GALLAGHER.

The following Annual Report was then read and listened to with the utmost attention:—

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COUNCIL OF ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

The Council of the St. Patrick's Literary Association of Montreal have the honour to submit to the members their first Annual Report. In doing so, they solicit the indulgence of the Society while they enter into some general observations on the objects of the Society, and the details of its organization.

Associations under the same name as our own have frequently been established in the towns and cities of the United States and Canada, but these societies have almost invariably been confined to the public celebration of the 17th of March, or to benevolent objects. In some instances it was attempted to combine charitable with educational purposes; but, we believe the general experience is that a singleness of design has, in every case, ensured whatever success attended their efforts. It was with this conviction strongly impressed upon their minds that the projectors of our Association decided to restrict its operations to works of a purely literary and educational character.

There were open to us, therefore, the usual means of associated action—the collection of a library, Public Lectures, Debates, and Classes, instituted for the prosecution of particular studies. In each of these departments we have endeavoured to do our utmost, in proportion to our means, and the difficulties which all new societies have to encounter.

In getting together the nucleus of a Library we were guided by two main considerations; the *usefulness* of the works to be selected considered in themselves, and their *fitness* as studies for our own members. Being a Society of Catholics, nothing anti-Catholic could, of course, have a place on our shelves; and, being a Society of Irishmen, or the sons of Irishmen, we saw the necessity of commencing our collection with some of the standard works relating to that country and people. Our experience in both these respects may be briefly stated, and, perhaps, may be of use to other Associations similarly circumstanced.

It was the opinion of the Council from the outset—and to this opinion the catalogue, when published, will bear evidence—that merely utilitarian works, treating on abstract subjects, however important, were not the best calculated to beget a taste for reading, or to foster habits of original reflection, among those for whose mental appetites they were called on to provide. They have, therefore, expended a considerable portion of the funds at their disposal, in the purchase of books calculated to awaken and excite curiosity—to arouse the dormant mind, and nourish the growing taste, rather than with any expectation of satisfying higher wants, or dispensing with the necessity for persevering individual exertion. In procuring standard works relating to Ireland—as they felt it at once their duty and their inclination to do—the Council of the Association encountered obstacles, which for the benefit of others they feel constrained to point out. American editions of some of the more popular books on Irish subjects were to be found in our own bookstores, or at New York or Boston. But whoever desires to get together authorities in relation to the former history, or to subjects of special or local interest connected with that country, can only obtain them by correspondence with Dublin. Here a difficulty arises, which neither the Irish in America, nor the Dublin Bookseller, should allow much longer to continue.—Nothing of the nature

of a Book-Exchange, between Ireland and America, now exists ; and whether it be that the infrequency of the demand discourages the establishment of such a system of exchange, or that the indifference or negligence of the trade diminishes the demand by enhancing the expensiveness of particular orders, certain it is that an Irish book will cost, to bring it to America, a considerable percentage on its first cost in Ireland.

Desirous to draw public attention to this point, the Council avail themselves of the opportunity of quoting the opinions of gentlemen in Ireland, whose names will be at once recognized as of the greatest weight in all matters of this description. Mr. Smith O'Brien, writing recently on the subject to one of the officers of the Association, says —

“ I wish that you would assist in establishing some arrangement by which there may be greater opportunities hereafter, than at present exist, for the interchange of books published in Ireland and America. Many books are published in America, which would find a ready sale here, if there were opportunities of purchasing them, and on the other hand there would be great encouragement for the publication of works in Ireland, if there were any agency existing by which they could be sold in America.”

And Professor Curry, M.R.I.A., to whom we are under deep obligations for his kindness in selecting from the Dublin catalogues, works on Irish history for our library, remarks in relation to another branch of the difficulty :—

“ ‘ Old Books ’ are becoming exceedingly rare and dear here. They are sent out to all parts of the world, to which the last few years have carried our people in such numbers. Dr. Lanigan’s *Irish Ecclesiastical History* and Archdall’s *Monasticon*, which, a few years ago, were sold for eight shillings, can scarcely be got now under forty-five shillings.”

Under these circumstances, the Council consider themselves fortunate, in being able to say that they have procured, even a few such books, for their embryo collection ; without Professor Curry’s obliging aid, however, it would have been impossible for them to have done so.

The Council have also to acknowledge donations of valuable

books from the Rev. Messrs. Toupin, O'Farrell, and O'Brien; from Mrs. and Mr. James Sadlier; J. W. Hingston, M.D.; J. Donnelly, and T. C. Collins, Esqrs., and from the President, to all of whom they take this opportunity of returning the most cordial thanks of the Association.

A course, consisting of seven public lectures, was delivered before the members of the Association and others, commencing on Monday, the 7th November, and closing on the 5th May. Of these lectures, one was the President's introductory Address, on "The Intellectual Record of the Irish Race"; four were by the Rev. Mr. O'Farrell on "The Ecclesiastical History of Ireland"; one by Dr. Hingston, on "The Harmony of Nature," and one by the Hon. Mr. Chauveau, Superintendent of Education for Lower Canada, on "Brittany." We have to acknowledge that all these lectures were gratuitously given to aid in the establishment of the Association, and it will be seen, by the financial statement accompanying the Report, that they have materially contributed to that end. Lecture arrangements for the winter of 1859-60, will be announced through the city press in a few days.

The Debates of the Society, held in its own Hall, and open only to members, were maintained with much spirit and the best possible temper, during the entire session—from November till May. The large attendance on all those nights showed that this method of eliciting information is likely to become a favourite one, if carefully watched over. The following is a list of the topics discussed, and of the papers read, *apropos* of some of the subjects, after the close of the debates:—

DEBATES.

1. Whether Literary Societies or private studies are more conducive to the diffusion of Knowledge.
2. Whether the Soldier or the man of Letters confers more benefits on his country (discussed twice.)
3. Whether the Western Powers were justified in the employment of force to compel China to open her Ports to foreign commerce.
4. Was the result of the Crusades beneficial to the cause of European Civilization (discussed on two occasions).

5. Was O'Connell superior to Sheil as an Orator.
6. The relative merits of Napoleon and Wellington as Generals.
7. Ancient and Modern Mechanism.
8. The relative merits of the Ancient and Modern Poets (debated twice).

ESSAYS.

1. Comets and the Cometary World.
2. The History and Principles of Horology.
3. Astromony.
4. Language.
5. The influence of the Crusades on the progress of European Civilization.
6. Personal recollections of a voyage from Liverpool to Portland.
7. O'Connell and Sheil.
8. The Beauties of Nature.

We regret we cannot give an equally satisfactory account of the Classes, instituted at the beginning of last winter. They were three in number. 1. A class of Arithmetic and Book-keeping, under the charge of Mr. Doran, assisted by Mr. Mathews; 2. A class of Grammar and Geography, under the charge of Mr. Delaney; 3. A class of Ancient and Modern History, under charge of Mr. M'Gee, M.P.P. The attendance at these classes, after the first few evenings, dwindled down nightly, and left reasonable grounds to doubt whether primary instruction can be successfully inculcated by these means. The Council, therefore, take this occasion of strongly recommending those who may desire to be members of this Association, and yet in need of rudimental education, to qualify themselves for membership in the evening schools, now so general and inexpensive in Montreal.

Soon after the organisation of the Society, notice was given, as required by law, of our intention to apply at the ensuing session of the Provincial Parliament for an Act of Incorporation. This was accordingly done, and after the requisite forms had been complied with, and the bill had passed the lower house, the Hon. Legislative Council saw fit to amend it, by inserting the invidious six months bequests' clause, now engrafted on all similar Acts of Parliament. Although our Society was not likely to be particularly affected by

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such a provision, rather than submit to its imposition as a test of opinion, we determined not to accept the Act with that clause. It was consequently lost by our direction, when about to pass through the final stage of legislation.

In the month of May, the city of Montreal was visited by a distinguished gentleman, a well known friend of popular education in Ireland, Mr. Smith O'Brien. On that occasion the Society felt it their duty to present an address of congratulation to the hon. gentleman, which will be found among the documents appended to the Report. The 28th day of the same month, being the 89th Anniversary of the birth-day of the Bard of Erin, and one of the most effective advocates of Catholic liberty within the British Empire,—Thomas Moore,—an impromptu celebration of the day was got up by the officers and members of the Society. The Council have it under consideration to observe that day, annually, with all adequate honor.

The conviction that the cultivation of musical taste, among our members, is an appropriate addition to our general programme, induced them to recommend the project of establishing an Instrumental Band, in connexion with the Society. To enable them to undertake this expense, a *Pic-Nic* was given, in the Botanical Gardens of M. Guilbault, on the 28th of July. The assemblage on that occasion was most numerous, most orderly, and most respectable. To Mr. J. Ivers, Chairman, and the Committee of Arrangements generally, the Council are under lasting obligations for their indefatigable exertions. They have now the pleasure of announcing that the Band so founded, under the able direction of Mr. Crozier, will probably be able to perform before and after the lectures of next season, and on the coming Anniversary of the birth of Thomas Moore.

Respectfully submitted,

By Order of the Council.

THOMAS D'ARCY MCGEE,

President.

THOMAS J. WALSH,

Recording Secretary.

Montreal, November, 1859.

TREASURER'S STATEMENT.

*The St. Patrick's Literary Association in Account with Rev. M.
O'Brien, Treasurer.*

ASSOCIATION ACCOUNT.

Dr.

To Admission Fees,.....	\$243 00	
To Monthly "	227 55	
To Donations,	25 00	
Lectures,.....	731 00	
		1226 55

Cr.

By Hall Fixtures,.....	\$131 40	
By " Rent,.....	120 00	
By " Care-taker,	55 00	
By Lecture Expenses,	128 25	
By Books,	260 73	
By Maps,.....	25 00	
By Stationery,	8 27	
By Fire-wood,	6 00	
By Gas Rent,.....	10 19	
By Advertising,.....	28 53	
By Balance in favor of Association,.....	453 18	
		1226 55

BAND ACCOUNT.

Dr.

To Pic-Nic,.....	\$725 50	
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Cr.

By Pic-Nic Expenses,	\$320 75	
By Instruments,.....	116 00	
By Band-master's Salary,.....	36 00	
By Music Stands,.....	5 00	
By Stationery,	1 33	
By Balance,	246 42	
		725 50
Balance in favor of Association Account,		453 18
" " " Band "		246 42
		\$699 60
Balance in Treasurer's hands,.....		\$699 60

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Balance in Treasurer's hands,.....	\$699 60	

CONSTITUTION AND BYE-LAWS

OF THE

St. Patrick's Literary Association,

Founded at Montreal, November, 1858.

ARTICLE I.—The objects of this Association shall be to create among its members, more especially among young men, the love of sound principles and a healthy literature; for which purpose, among other means to be employed,—

1st. A Library shall be established for the use of its members.

2nd. Debates shall be holden and Essays read by the members, at the regular meetings of the Association.

3rd. Provision shall be made for an Annual Course of Public Lectures before the Association.

ARTICLE II.—The Association shall be under the patronage of the Very Reverend Superior of the Seminary of St. Sulpice of Montreal.

ARTICLE III.—Respect, in everything, for the teachings of the Church shall be a fundamental law of this Association.

ARTICLE IV.—The name of this Association shall be the "*St. Patrick's Literary Association of Montreal.*"

ARTICLE V.—The Association shall be composed of ordinary or active members, and honorary members.

ACTIVE MEMBERS.

ARTICLE VI.—*Qualifications for Active Membership.*—To be an ordinary or active member of this Association, every candidate is required—1st, To be a Catholic; 2nd, To be of good moral reputation; 3rd, To sign the present Constitution, and the Rules annexed.

ARTICLE VII.—Every ordinary or active member has a right to vote; is eligible to office; can propose or second a motion, or give notice thereof.

ELECTION OF MEMBERS.

ARTICLE VIII.—No one shall be elected an honorary member whose name has not been previously submitted to the Council. If approved of by them, he shall be elected by ballot in the same way as ordinary members.

ARTICLE IX.—Names of candidates for ordinary membership must be handed to the Recording Secretary, at least one full week before the meeting at which they are to be voted for.

ARTICLE X.—All elections of members to be by ballot.

ARTICLE XI.—Each member, as soon as elected, shall pay the initiation fee of one dollar, and sign the Constitution; thereafter, the monthly fee shall be 25 cents.

OFFICERS.

ARTICLE XII.—The officers of the Association shall be, a President; two Vice-Presidents; a Recording Secretary, an Assistant do.; a Corresponding Secretary; and a Treasurer.

ARTICLE XIII.—In the absence of the officers, the Association may name a Chairman and Secretary, *pro tempore*.

THE COUNCIL.

ARTICLE XIV.—The above-named officers—that is, the President, two Vice-Presidents, the Recording Secretary, the Assistant do., the Corresponding Secretary, the Treasurer, together with the Rev. Director delegated by the Superior of the Seminary of St. Sulpice at Montreal—shall constitute the Council.

ARTICLE XV.—In addition to the Council, there shall be a Committee of 21 persons, to be chosen by ballot at a regular meeting of the Association, whose duty shall be to assist in carrying out the decisions of the Council.

ARTICLE XVI.—The minutes of the Council shall be preserved for their use only by the Secretary.

ARTICLE XVII.—Nevertheless the Association can order the deliberations to be produced before it when necessary.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

ARTICLE XVIII.—The election of officers shall take place annually at the anniversary, on the first Thursday in November. On their being duly proposed and seconded, in writing, they shall be announced from the Chair, and balloted for, if necessary; but no member shall be eligible to vote unless his subscription has been paid up to the commencement of the current month.

VACANCIES.

ARTICLE XIX.—Vacancies occurring in the offices of the Association, during the year, may be filled up at any ordinary meeting, one month's previous notice being given, by order of the Council.

INVESTMENT OF FUNDS.

ARTICLE XX.—The Treasurer, with the sanction of the Council, may invest the surplus funds in his hands in such securities as will not place them beyond the reach of the Association should any contingency arrive to require their employment on short notice.

ORDINARY MEETINGS.

ARTICLE XXI.—The ordinary meetings of the Association shall be held monthly, on the first Thursday of each month, from May till October inclusive; and weekly from the first Thursday in November till the last Thursday in April inclusive.

SPECIAL MEETINGS.

ARTICLE XXII.—Special meetings shall be called by the Council of their own accord, or on the requisition of six or more mem-

bers ; but the object of every such special meeting shall be stated in the call, and no other business than that stated shall be entertained at such meeting.

THE LIBRARY.

ARTICLE XXIII.—The Care-Taker of the Hall shall allow no book, or publication, the property of the Association, to be taken from the Hall, without a written order, specifying the name of the book, and signed by the President and Rev. Director, until such time as the Circulating Library shall be opened.

The Rev. Director may remove from the Library any book which the Superior deems injurious to faith or morals.

POLITICS.

ARTICLE XXIV.—Political discussions, or allusions to politics of the day, shall be out of order.

EXPULSION.

ARTICLE XXV.—Charges against members, of having deliberately violated either the general objects or particular rules of this Association, or of conduct unworthy of an officer or a member, shall be specified in writing, signed at least by two members, and first submitted for the consideration of the Council,—the Council to report the same, with their own judgment thereon, at the next regular meeting ; the members shall then vote on the motion of expulsion in the same way as for the admission of a candidate. Should the Council decide against the validity of the grounds alleged, the motion cannot be proceeded with.

CHANGE OF CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE XXVI.—None of the Articles of this Association shall be changed, modified or abrogated, but at a meeting specially called for that purpose,—at least one month's notice to that effect being given at a previous meeting. Every constitutional change, to be adopted, must obtain two-thirds of the votes of the members present, and the approval of the Very Reverend Superior of the Seminary.

BYE-LAWS.

THE PRESIDENT.

I. The President presides at all the meetings of the Association and those of the Council of Management, enforces order and decorum, and decides upon all questions of order. He takes part in none of the debates, and votes in no case, except the vote is given by ballot. In this last case, he votes with the other members; but when votes are given *vivâ voce*, if they should be equally divided, he gives the casting vote.

An appeal can be made to the meeting at large concerning the President's decision on questions of order.

THE VICE-PRESIDENTS.

II. The First Vice-President shall fulfil all the duties of the President in his absence, subject to the same restrictions.

The Second Vice-President shall fulfil all the duties of the President in the absence of the President and First Vice-President, subject to the same restrictions.

TREASURER.

III. The Treasurer shall receive all monies of the Association from the Recording Secretary, and give receipts for the same; and shall report the state of the funds to the Association half-yearly.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

IV. The Recording Secretary shall keep the Records of the Association. He shall keep a list of all members, with a record of all dues received, and take the Treasurer's receipt on paying

over the same; take minutes of the proceedings of the Association, and prepare a summary, when necessary, for publication.

The Recording Secretary shall act as Secretary to the Council of Management; and, as such, keep the minutes of the Council.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

V. The Corresponding Secretary shall conduct the correspondence of the Association, under the direction of the Council. He shall endorse and file all letters he receives and copies of those he sends.

THE COUNCIL.

VI. The duties of the Council will be—1st, To choose subjects of discussion; 2nd, To name public Lecturers to be invited by the Association; 3rd, To authorise any extraordinary expenditure which the Treasurer may be obliged to make.

The Council shall prepare, for each annual meeting of the Society, a Report of the year's transactions, containing information on the following points:—

First, The general progress of the Association during the year.

Secondly, The Treasurer's annual Report.

Thirdly, Additions made to the Library.

Fourthly, Reports from the Teachers of Classes for the previous season.

Fifthly, Extracts from Lectures or Correspondence, which it may be considered desirable to preserve in that permanent form.

MEMBERS.

VII. No member shall speak more than twice on any subject in debate, or to a motion, except in explanation. Members who descend to personalities shall be called to order, and may be publicly censured by the Association, on the motion of any member to that effect.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

VIII. At ordinary meetings of the Association the following shall be the regular order of business:—1st. The minutes of the previous

meeting shall be read and corrected if correct;—2nd. Candidates for membership, proposed at a previous meeting, shall be ballotted for;—3rd. Reports of the Council or of Special Committees shall be read;—4th. Communications received shall be read;—5th. Motions and miscellaneous business;—6th. Names of candidates for membership shall be announced;—7th. Collection of monthly and other dues.

ALTERATION OF BYE-LAWS.

IX. No Bye-law shall be altered, repealed, or added, to the foregoing, except by a two-third vote of the members, at a meeting specially called for that purpose, and the approval of the Superior of the Seminary.

By virtue of the foregoing Constitution and Bye-Laws, a meeting was held in the St. Patrick's Hall, on Thursday evening, 30th October, 1858, at which the Very Rev. the Superior of the Seminary presided, accompanied by the Rev. Messrs. O'Brien, Toupin, O'Farrell, Hogan, and Halley.

The Rev. Mr. O'Brien having been then appointed first Director, the Association was formally inaugurated.

LIST OF OFFICERS AND MEMBERS
OF THE
ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION
For the Years 1858-59.

OFFICE-BEARERS.

Director—REV. M. O'BRIEN.
President—T. D. MCGEE, M.P.P.
First Vice-President—GEO. E. CLERK.
Second Vice " THOS. S. HUNT.
Treasurer—REV. M. O'BRIEN.
Corresponding Secretary—JAS. DONNELLY.
Assist. " " J. P. KELLY.
Recording Secretary—T. J. WALSH.
Assist. " " JOHN PRENDERGAST.

MEMBERS.

Anderson, Robert.	Cavanagh, Henry.
Allen, Michael.	Clarke, Charles A.
Arrahill, Michael.	Cusack, C. J.
	Cameron, Allan.
Brennan, Thomas.	Collins, Michael.
Breen, John.	Conroy, John.
Bartley, William P.	Carriek, Robert.
Bell, Thomas.	Cassidy, Felix.
Buchanan, Thomas.	Coghlan, James.
Brady, John.	Cullen, William.
Bergan, William.	Coghlan, Daniel.
Britt, John.	Clement, Benjamin.
Birmingham, Edward.	Cloran, Joseph.
Burns, James.	Carney, Owen.
	Cox, William.
	Carney, Charles.
Cullen, William.	
Cox, Thomas.	Donnelly, James.
Cox, Patrick.	Delaney, Patrick.
Clerk, George E.	Doran, William.
Coffey, Thomas.	Devlin, Bernard.
Cox, John.	

Doyle, Stephen.
 Doherty, John.
 Duffey, Hugh.
 Delaney, William.
 Deegan, William.
 Duffy, Thomas.
 Doyle, Peter.
 Doherty, William.
 Darragh, Peter.
 Dundon, James.

 Fitzpatrick, Edward.
 Farrelly, Edward.
 Flemming, Patrick.
 Fitzgibbon, David.
 Flynn, James.
 Farrell, John.
 Farrell, David.
 Feron, Edward.
 Foley, Denis.
 Fennell, William.
 Feron, Michael.
 Feron, Martin.

 Gallegar, John.
 Grimes, Constantine.
 Gormon, John.
 Gillespy, John.
 Gowley, John.
 Gilliss, Terence.
 Grace, Patrick.
 Gillespy, Peter.
 Graingal, Thomas.
 Gowley, John, jr.
 Gallagher, Patrick.
 Gallagher, Francis.
 Groves, George.
 Gordon, Henry.

 Hanley, Thomas.
 Hitchins, Frederick.
 Hingston, Dr.
 Hingston, James.
 Hunt, Thomas S.
 Harkin, Charles.
 Howley, Patrick.
 Hamill, Arthur.
 Hamill, William.
 Hamill, John.
 Harkins, Peter.
 Hogan, Patrick.
 Harney, William.
 Howley, Michael.
 Howley, James.
 Howley, Charles.

Howley, Bartholemew.
 Harkin, Henry, jr.

Ivers, John.
 Jordan, Henry.
 Joyner, John.

Keegan, Andrew.
 Kelly, John.
 Kelly, John P.
 Kelly, John J.
 Kearns, Peter.
 Kilgannon, Martin.
 Kearney, Patrick.
 Kinch, George.
 Kennedy, Patrick.
 Kearey, John.
 Kearns, Michael.
 Kerrigan, Alexander.

Leary, John.
 Larkin, Patrick.
 Lanigan, Daniel.
 Longan, John.
 Lynch, John.
 Lambe, James.
 Lafferty, James.
 Larkin, James.
 Lalor, John.

Mathews, William.
 Murphy, Edward.
 Murphy, P. A.
 Moore, Thomas.
 Mullarky, M. C.
 Moran, Patrick.
 Mathews, Thomas.
 Murphy, John.
 Murray, James.
 Mahoney, John.
 Maher, William.
 Mullins, Francis.
 Murphy, P. A.
 Mohan, William.
 Maher, William.
 Maher, James.
 Martin, James.
 Meaney, Peter.
 Mohan, Patrick.
 Mahoney, James.
 Murphy, Henry.
 Martin, Patrick.
 Mullins, F. F.
 Moley, John.

McCready, Thomas.
 McGee, Thos. D'Arcy.
 McGrath, Thomas.
 McAndrew, Michael.
 McGrath, Lawrence.
 McKeon, Felix.
 McVey, Peter.
 McKeon, John.
 McKeon, Edward.
 McGolrick, John.
 McCarthy, James.
 McCann, Patrick.
 McAnany, Bernard.
 McElroy, James.
 McKenna, Thomas.
 McElhern, James.
 McCaffry, John.
 McGrath, John.
 McDonnell, James.
 McCaffry, Patrick.
 McNally, Thomas.
 McGuire, Hugh.
 McGarrigal, Hugh.
 McEvenue, Bernard.
 McAvilly, John.
 McGale, D. S.
 McManus, Peter.
 McMullin, John.
 McGauvran, J. W.
 McLaughlin, Wm.

Norris, Patrick.
 Norton, John.
 Neary, James.

O'Brien, James.
 O'Leary, Dr.
 O'Brien, W. W.
 O'Connor, Daniel.
 O'Kelly, William.
 O'Brien, Michael.
 O'Brien, James J.
 O'Meara, Michael.
 O'Reilly, Phillip.
 O'Hara, Dominic.
 O'Sullivan, Timothy.
 O'Connor, John.
 O'Malley, Anthony.
 O'Neil, Lawrence.
 O'Connor, Hugh.
 O'Connor, Dennis.
 O'Rourke, Hugh.
 O'Sullivan, John.

Purcell, Phillip.

Prendergast, John.
 Palmer, Francis.
 Parker, William.
 Phelan, Daniel.
 Partridge, Thomas.
 Pickring, Richard.

Quinn, Patrick.

Reddy, John.
 Rourke, John.
 Reilly, Robert.
 Ryan, Nicholas.
 Ryan, Thomas P.
 Ryan, P. E.
 Rawley, William.
 Rodden, Edward.
 Rafter, John.
 Rowe, —.
 Robinson, John.

Sexton, Thomas.
 Sadleir, James.
 Sullivan, Michael.
 Shannon, Daniel.
 Shannon, Alexander.
 Shanley, Patrick.
 Sheridan, James.
 Sadleir, James.
 Sweany, Charles.
 Stafford, James.
 Stack, William.

Tucker, Patrick.
 Tansy, Bernard.
 Tobin, Patrick.
 Tierney, John.
 Tracy, Martin.
 Tidmarsh, Henry.
 Teulon, Henry.

Ward, Galbraith.
 Wall, Robert.
 Walsh, Thomas J.
 Williamson, Alexander.
 Woods, Edward.
 Walsh, James.
 Walsh, P. F.
 Whyte, Patrick.
 Wall, William.
 Walsh, Charles.
 Wyer, Robert.
 Wilkinson, Michael.
 Walsh, Patrick.

APPENDIX TO ANNUAL REPORT.

ADDRESS PRESENTED TO WM. SMITH O'BRIEN, Esq., DURING
HIS VISIT TO MONTREAL.

ILLUSTRIOUS SIR,—Your countrymen, by birth, inhabiting the chief city of British North America, have received, with a common and general joy, the tidings of your coming amongst them. Like other communities, they cannot silently suppress their congratulations on finding you in their midst; and if your own will and wish were not so repeatedly expressed elsewhere, they would have sought the honour of extending to you a more public and festal reception.

In this general joy the St. Patrick's Literary Association, dedicated to the dissemination of knowledge amongst its members, has thoroughly shared. As an Association, we cannot but remember your long-continued efforts to diffuse popular information both in connexion with the "Society for the Diffusion of Knowledge," in your addresses to numerous Institutes, and your writings in the Press and otherwise.

As a non-political body, we ground our gratitude on these services which you have rendered to the cause of intelligence and sound principles; and on these we confidently class you as among the foremost promoters of Societies similar to our own. One of the objects our Association has most at heart, is the cultivation of a taste for Irish history, and the *belles-lettres* of our beloved fatherland. In pursuing that pathway, the names of your famous ancestors arrest our attention in every age; and it is an additional pleasure for us to rise from the perusal of those chronicles where their acts are recorded, and to hail the living representative of the patriotism and courage, to do and to suffer, which have made their names immortal.

Permit us, Sir, in conclusion, to extend to you our most cordial welcome; which, we are well assured, will be spontaneously echoed by the whole body of our citizens, irrespective of creed or nationality.

