

THE

STRANGER'S GUIDE

TO THE

ISLAND AND CITY

OF

MONTREAL,

CONTAINING A

RRIEF DESCRIPTION OF ALL THAT IS REMARKABLE'
IN EITHER;

ILLUSTRATED BY A MAP OF THE CITY,

ANI

NUMEROUS WOOD CUTS.

BY ROBERT W. S. MACKAY.

Montreal:

PRINTED BY LOVELL AND GIBSON, ST. NICHOLAS STRRET. 1848.

PRICE, 1/101.



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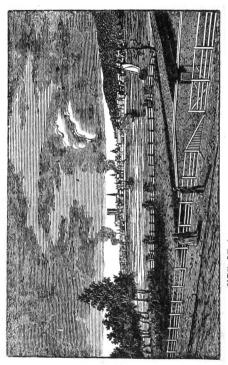
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CITY OF MONTHEAL, FROM ST. HELENS.

STRANGER'S GUIDE

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or

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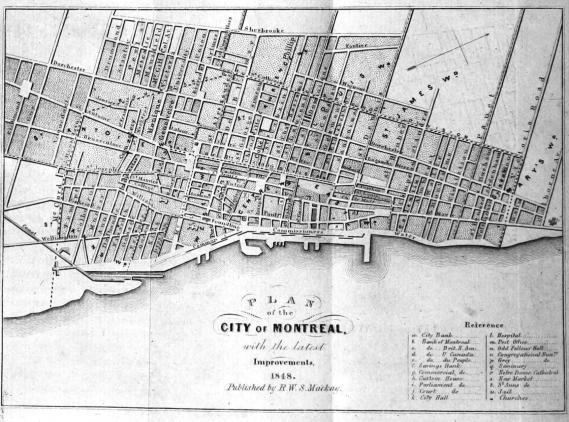
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THE STRANGER'S GUIDE.

THE ISLAND OF MONTREAL

Is the largest and most fertile island belonging to Canada, and is generally considered as the garden of the Lower Province. Its soil is in most parts excellent, and it produces nearly every kind of grain, fruit and vegetable in perfection. The general surface of the Island is level, with the exception of the Mountain near the City; it is however diversified by several gentle ridges, having a tendency from N. E. to S. W., which are designated Coteaux. Mount Royal, or the Mountain, which overlooks the City, consists of two distinct hills, between which one of the leading avenues into it passes. There are roads also by which the circuit of either or both mountains can be made, and which, from the very beautiful scenery they present, are favorite drives with the tourist or seeker of recreation. The base of the Mountain is adorned with many beautiful villas, and the choicest orchards of the whole island, or indeed of Lower Canada, are those which are situated around it, the fruit being of the most

delicious flavor, and greatest luxuriance of yield. The island is divided into ten parishes, viz:

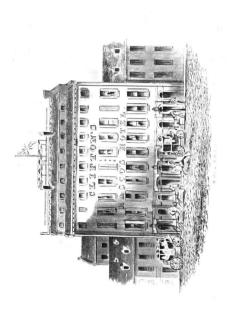
THE PARISH OF THE CITY OF MONTREAL, which comprehends the City proper, the Côtes de la Visitation, St. Joseph, Notre Dame des Neiges, and St. Pierre, together with parts of St. Paul and St. Catherines; the isle of St. Paul, at the mouth of River St. Pierre, and the Isle aux Hérons. Côte des Neiges is a neat, thriving village, containing several tanneries and stores, and a chapel.

THE PARISH OF ST. LAURENT comprehends Côtes St. Laurent and St. Michel, with part of Notre Dame des Vertus. The handsome village of St. Laurent contains a number of stores, and a large Parish Church.

THE PARISH OF SAULT AU RECOLLET, situated on the Back River, or Rivière des Prairies, contains a neat village of the same name, a fine church, and several valuable saw and corn mills.

THE PARISH OF ST. GENEVIÈVE is situated at the extreme N. W. of the Island, opposite Isle Bizard, and has nothing remarkable to speak of.

THE PARISH OF LACHINE contains the large and thriving village of that name; it is an extensive Parish, extending nearly eight miles along the St. Lawrence, and has many excellent farms, orchards and gardens.



THE PARISH OF POINTE CLAIRE extends from the Parish of Lachine, along the river, and includes part of Isle Perrot.

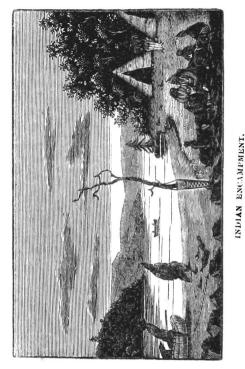
THE PARISH OF LONGUE POINTE commences at the Eastern boundary of the Parish of Montreal, and extends to that of Point aux Trembles, extending in depth back to the centre of the Island; there are many rich farms in this Parish.

THE PARISH OF POINT AUX TREMBLES extends from the last named to the upper end of Isle Thérèse, and includes the whole of the lower part of the Island, which fronts the St. Lawrence. The village of the same name is a neat place of 70 or 80 houses, and is much frequented by visitors from the city.

THE PARISH OF RIVIÈRE DES PRAIRIES contains the whole of the Côte St. Joseph, and, as its name implies, fronts on the river of the same name.

THE PARISH OF ST. ANNE embraces the whole upper end of the island, and also the upper part of Isle Perrot; it contains the pleasant village of St. Anne, and possesses many good farms and orchards.

The greatest length of the island is thirty-two miles, and its breadth ten miles, and the population, including the City of Montreal, is estimated at from 65 to 70,000 souls. The City of Montreal sends two, and the remainder of the island one Member to the Provincial Parliament.



The distances of the principal places upon the Island, from the centre of the City, are as follows, viz:—

Abord au Plouffe,	9	miles
Côte des Neiges,	3	"
Lachine,		44
Longue Pointe,		44
Point aux Trembles,	$9\frac{3}{4}$	**
Pointe Claire,	16]	
Sault au Recollet,	7 1/2	
St. Laurent,	$6\frac{3}{4}$	44
St. Anne,	22	46
St. Geneviève,	18	**

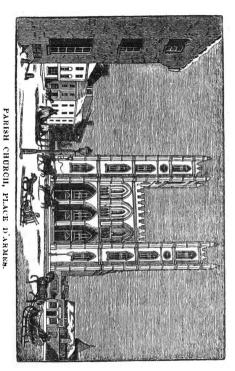
THE CITY OF MONTREAL, the capital of United Canada, and the largest and most populous City in British North America, is situated upon the Island of the same name, in latitude 45° 31′ North, and longitude 73° 34′ West from Greenwich. Including the Suburbs, it covers an area of about 1020 acres, of which the ground within the line of the old fortifications does not comprise much over a tenth part.

Her local advantages for the purposes of trade are numerous, and will be greatly increased when the line of Rail-road to Portland, connecting her with the Atlantic, is completed, of which there is an early prospect. From whatever side the City is approached, the scene is one of much interest; if from the St. Lawrence, the splendid towers of the Cathedral, the tall spires of Christ Church, St. Patrick's Church and several others; the elegant front of the Bonsecours Market, and the long ranges of cut-stone buildings which front the River, form at once a tout ensemble which is perhaps unequalled in any other American City. And although the prospects from the land side are not quite so imposing, they are all agreeable, and that from the Côte des Neiges road, (which crosses the spur of the Mountain that overlooks the City,) is, taken all together, one of the finest in this part of the world.

The population of the City is something over 50,000, and the number of inhabited houses about 6,500; it is divided into nine wards, and is municipally governed by a Mayor, Aldermen, and Council elected by householders, who pay an annual rent of \$45 or upwards.

The climate, although severe in winter, is exceedingly conducive to health and longevity, and the average mortality is much less than in many other cities of North America.

The Public Buildings are both numerous and elegant; and include many which are particularly worthy of notice, among which we may enumerate:



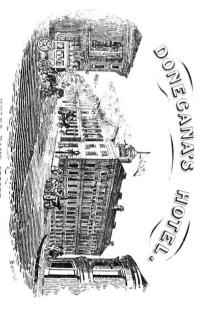
ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCHES.

THE PARISH CHURCH OR CHURCH OF NOTRE DAME. THE corner stone of this magnificent edifice. which is built in the perpendicular Gothic Style of the Middle Ages, was laid on the third September. 1824, and it was opened for public worship in July, 1829. The length of the Church is 255 feet 6 inches, and its breadth 134 feet 6 inches. The height of the principal towers is 220 feet, and of the others 115 feet each, and the great window at the high altar is 64 feet in height, by 32 feet in breadth. The total number of news is 1,244, capable of seating between six and seven thousand persons. In the North West tower is a fine chime of bells, and in the N. E. tower is placed the largest bell in America, being one cast expressly for this Church, which weighs 29,400 lbs.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH.

This large and commanding edifice is built in the Gothic Style of the 15th century. It stands upon an elevated site, and is one of the most striking objects visible on approaching the City. The extreme length is 240 feet, the breadth 90 feet, and the height of the spire 225 feet. The interior is comfortably fitted up, and there is room to seat about 5,000 persons.

The other Roman Catholic Churches in the City are:



MONTREAL.

St. James, or the Bishop's Church, St. Denis street.

The Bonsecours Church, St. Paul street, and The Recollet Church, Notre Dame Street.

CHURCHES OF ENGLAND.

Christ's Church, Notre Dame Street.

This Church, of which the first stone was laid in 1805, was opened for Divine Worship in 1814.

The front is of the Doric Order of Architecture; the height of the spire being 204 feet. Its length, including the recess for the altar, is 132 feet, and the width is 40 feet. The interior is simply and neatly fitted up, and it possesses one of the finest organs and best choirs in America. It will accommodate nearly 3000 persons.

The other Churches of this denomination are: Trinity Church, St. Paul street.

St. George's Church, St. Joseph street.

St. Ann's Church, Griffintown, and

St. Thomas's Church, St. Mary street.

WESLEYAN CHURCHES.

THE New Wesleyan Church, in Great St. James Street, is a spacious and elegant building, in the Florid Gothic Style of the 14th century, and is much admired as a fine specimen of that style of architecture. It was erected at an expense of \$50,000, and will seat over 2,000 persons.



ST GEORGE'S CHURCH.

There are also two other churches of this Society in the City, one in the Gothic Style of Architecture in Griffintown, and one in the Grecian Style of Architecture, in the Quebec Suburbs. The remaining Churches in Montreal are:

The First Congregational Church, an elegant building, on Radegonde street.

The Second Congregational Church, on Gosford street.

St. Andrew's, Scotch Kirk, St. Peter street.

St. Paul's, Scotch Kirk, St. Helen street.

St. Gabriel Street Church, St. Gabriel street.

New Free Church, Côté street.

Secession Church, Lagauchetière street.

American Presbyterian Church, Great St. James street.

Baptist Chapel, St. Helen street.

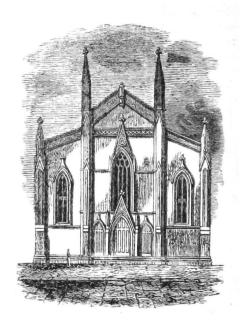
Unitarian Chapel, Lagauchetière street.

Jew's Synagogue, Chenneville street.

The Congregation of St. Andrew's Church are about erecting an elegant new edifice, on the high ground on Lagauchetière street, near St. Patrick's Church.

THE PARLIAMENT HOUSE, FORMERLY ST ANN'S MARKET,

Was, upon the removal of the seat of Government from Kingston to this City, considered the most eligible building which could be found here



WESLEYAN CRURCH, GREAT ST. JAMES STREET.

for its present use, it was accordingly leased by the Government from the Corporation, and fitted up in its present neat and appropriate style, and although not all that could be desired, it forms upon the whole a tolerably commodious Parliament House. The length of the edifice is 342 feet; it is 58 feet wide in the centre, and 50 feet wide in the wings, and was originally erected as a market, at a cost of about \$70,000.

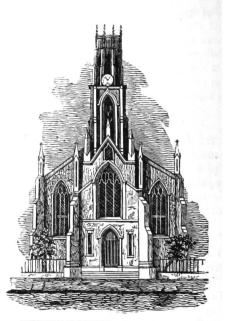
BANK OF MONTREAL, PLACE D'ARMES.

This building is a beautiful specimen of the Corinthian Order of Architecture; the front presents a portico of six columns 40 feet high, the entire height, from the pavement to the apex of the pediment of the portico, being 63 feet, six inches; it is 93 feet long, by 63 feet deep.

THE CITY BANK, PLACE D'ARMES,

Is also a very elegant building, in the Grecian Style of Architecture.

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.
THE BANK DU PEUPLE, and the COMMERCIAL
BANK, all situated in Great St. James street,
are tasty and substantial edifices, and add much
to the fine appearance of that noble street, as
does also THE ODD FELLOWS HALL, an elegant
building worthy of the Society whose name it
bears.



WESLEYAN CHAPEL, GRIFFINTOWN.

THE BONSECOURS MARKET, ST. PAUL STREET,

Is altogether, perhaps, the finest and most commodious building of the kind in America. Its chaste and elegant front to the River, strikes every traveller with admiration. As our limits, however, will not permit an extended notice, we would recommend all strangers in Montreal to pay it a visit.

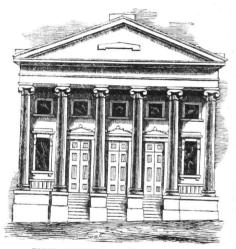
THE GENERAL HOSPITAL, DORCHESTER STREET, Is a commodious and airy building, well adapted to the purposes for which it was designed. It stands upon high and commanding ground, and is worthy of a visit from the professional or philanthrophic traveller.

THE BAPTIST COLLEGE, DORCHESTER STREET, WEST.

Is a fine edifice, situated upon the most elevated ground within the Western part of the City; it is one of the most prominent objects on approaching the City from the south east, and adds much to its appearance. It was erected at a cost of about \$30,000.

M'GILL COLLEGE, AT THE BASE OF THE MOUNTAIN.

This building, which was liberally endowed by the gentleman whose name it bears, is not yet completed. Its situation, however, is one of



FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

the most delightful, contiguous to the City, and it promises to be at no distant day an ornament not merely to the City, but to the Province at large.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC COLLEGE, COLLEGE STREET,

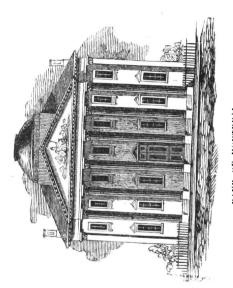
Is a plain but substantial pile of building, erected at an expense of about \$50,000. It has a good library, and philosophical apparatus, and at present has about 300 pupils.

SEMINARY OF ST. SULPICE.

A large and elegant pile of buildings to accommodate THE ORDER OF ST. SULPICIANS, is now in course of erection, upon the ground adjoining the Parish Church. It is said the design when completed will be such as to render the edifice in every way worthy of the noble pile beside which it is placed, and of the wealthy and benevolent Order for whom it is designed.

THE HIGH SCHOOL OF MONTREAL, HANOVER STREET

Is an elegant building, recently erected, in the Domestic, approaching the Tudor Style of Architecture; its size is 180 by 60 feet, and it will accommodate about 400 pupils. The School, since its establishment has been eminently successful.



BANK OF MONTREAL.

THE FREE MASON'S HALL AND THEATRE ROYAL, DALHOUSIE SQUARE,

This splendid pile of buildings, which has just been completed, contains the New Freemason's Hall, and also one of the neatest and most comfortable theatres in America, in which there are generally good performances, nightly, during the summer season, and in winter occasionally by the Gentlemen Amateurs of the city, or of the Regiments in garrison.

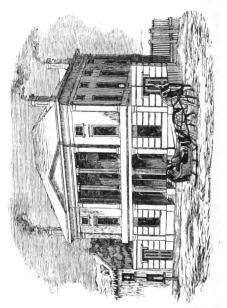
It was built by M. J. Hays, Esq., a gentleman to whom the public is largely indebted for his untiring exertions to improve and benefit the City.

THE CUSTOM HOUSE, ST. PAUL STREET,

Is a neat building of the Tuscan Order, well adapted, both from its situation and design, for the intended purpose.

THE JAIL, ST. MARY STREET,

Is a strong, though not very commodious edifice, built at a cost of about \$120,000; its length is 225, and depth of wings 82 feet, its internal arrangements are greatly defective, the only redeeming features being its airy and healthy site, and the unwearied benevolence of the present governor; it is intended to accommodate about 500 prisoners, of whom 33 are by our present



humane laws supposed to be debtors, as there are that number of debtors' bed-rooms.

THE WATER WORKS, NOTRE DAME STREET.

Is a plain, neat and useful pile of building, erected for the purpose of supplying the City with water, which is forced up from the river by steam power, into two reservoirs, which will contain about half a million of gallons. The works are now under the management of the Corporation of the City.

NUNNERIES.

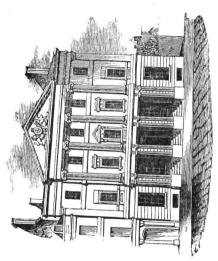
Of these there are three, viz:

1st. THE GREY NUNNERY, on Foundling street, founded in 1692, for the care of Lunatics and Foundlings.

2nd. THE BLACK, OR CONGREGATIONAL NUN-NERY, Notre Dame Street, founded in 1659, for the education of young females.

And 3rd. THE HOTEL DIEU NUNNERY, on St. Joseph and St. Paul Streets, founded in 1644, for the reception of sick and diseased persons.

Of these establishments, it is only necessary to say, that they are admirably arranged and governed, are instrumental in doing an immense amount of good, as witness the untiring exertion of the good Sisters, during the prevailing sickness of 1847, principally among the poor emi-



BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

grants, when numbers of these really Christian ladies fell victims to their devotion to the sacred cause of charity and humanity.

Strangers wishing to see the interior of the Nunneries should apply for permission from the Lady Superior, which is always granted when properly applied for.

NELSON'S MONUMENT, NOTRE DAME STREET, AND THE MCTAVISH MONUMENT, AT THE FOOT OF THE MOUNTAIN, are generally visited by strangers; indeed the first named cannot fail to be so, as it is in the very heart of the City. It is at present much dilapidated, but we believe will be speedily repaired by the City Council.

The principal remaining Public Buildings, which are, however, unworthy of notice, and will probably soon be replaced by others, are:

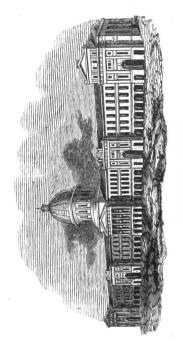
The old Government House, Notre Dame street.

The old Court House, Notre Dame street.

The old Jail, (present Court House,) Notre Dame street.

The Barracks, Water street.

Having mentioned the old Government House, it may be proper to observe that the Governor General does not reside in the City, but at Monk-Lands, a small but handsome country house, situated at Côte St. Antoine. He transacts pub-



BONSECOURS MARKET.

lic business, however, at the Government House, Notre Dame street.

THE WHARVES OF THE CITY, which are constructed in a manner unequalled upon this continent, are worthy of all commendation, and cannot fail to surprise visiters, who have been accustomed to nothing but the frail wooden structures of that nature, so common in America.

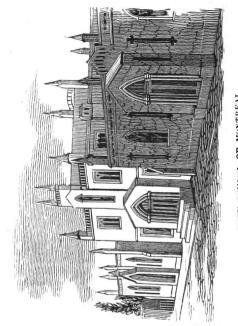
THE LACHINE CANAL, WITH ITS LOCKS AND BASINS, is another of those Public Works of which our fair City may well be proud, nor is there in the world, (we speak advisedly) any canal structure to equal them; no stranger should pass through Montreal without visiting these works.

THE LACHINE RAILROAD, recently completed, connects the City, by a line of road nine miles in length, with the village of that name; it is a pleasant excursion, and can be made back and forwards in a short time, and at a trifling cost.

THE PRINCIPAL HOTELS IN THE CITY ARE:

Donagana's Hotel, corner of Notre Dame and Bonsecours streets, is situated on one of the most pleasant and elevated sites in the City; it is under the management of Mr. J. M. Donagana, and is not surpassed in either extent or arrangement by any hotel in America, being fully equal to the celebrated "Astor House," of New York.

CLIFTON'S HOTEL, late Rasco's, on St. Paul street, has lately passed into the hands of Mr.



HIGH SCHOOL OF MONTREAL.

Clifton, and affords every accommodation which can be desired by the most fastidious.

THE MONTREAL HOUSE, Custom House Square, is under the management of Mr. Fellers, and bids fair to be a favorite house with the travelling community at large.

Hall's Ottawa Hotel, Great St. James st. has always had a high character with the travelling public, and as it is still under the able direction of the same host, it will doubtless continue to maintain it.

The other principal hotels where travellers are accommodated, are:

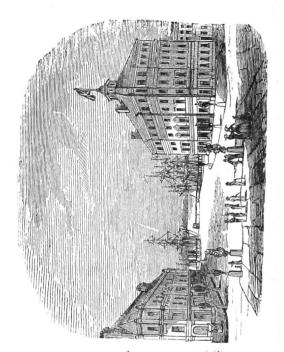
The Adelphi Hotel (W. R. Orr) Place d'Armes.
The Commercial Hotel, (W. E. Moore,)
opposite the Wharf.

The Exchange Coffee House (Mayo and Flagg)
St. Paul street.

Grant's Hotel, (John Grant,) St. Henry st. Orr's Hotel, (John Orr.) 90 Notre Dame street. Swords' Hotel, (M. O'Neil,) 2 St. Vincent street.

There is a large number of other good houses, where travellers can find every comfort and convenience, but the limits of our little work preclude a more particular reference to them here.

THE CHAMP DE MARS is a favorite promenade for citizens or strangers, and frequently during the summer evenings, the fine bands of the Regi-



PELLERS' MONTHEAL HOUSE.

ments in Garrison, dispense their enlivening strains to the surrounding multitude.

St. Helen's Island is also a most delightful spot, looking, as it does, like a gem set in the clear waters of the river.

THE GREAT AND LITTLE MOUNTAINS behind the City, cannot be overlooked in our catalogue of the agrémens of Montreal, and no traveller should pass through the City without driving at least once round them.

Another favorite drive in the immediate vicinity, is to Longue Point, and if desirous of a more extended tour on the Island, the excursions to Point aux Trembles, Sault au Recollet or St. Anne, will be found highly agreeable, and a visit to the Belœil Mountains on the south side of the Saint Lawrence, will be found amply to repay for the time or toil necessary.

CITY MILLS, MONTREAL.

This is a large and handsome flouring establishment, (situated near the Upper Basin of the Lachine Canal,) which has been recently erected by Mr. Ira Gould. It contains six run of stones, and is capable of manufacturing from five to six hundred barrels of Superfine Flour daily. In connexion with the mill are large and commodious stores, capable of receiving an immense amount of produce, and the depth of water in the Basin is such, that vessels of a large class can

load or unload, immediately in front of the stores.

CURRENT RATE OF COIN.

		8.	d.	
The A	merica	n Half Eagle,25	o Cı	ırrency
**	46	Quarter Eagle,12	6	"
Ameri	can or	Mexican Dollar, 5	1	"
44	"	Half Dollar, 2	6]	"
"	"	Quarter Dollar, 1	3	44
44	66	Dime, 0	6	44
British	Sove	eign,24	6	••
44	Half	Sovereign,12	3	66
44		n piece, 6	1	44
41		Crown, 3	0 1	44
"		ng, 1	3	44
46		ence,	7호	46

Travellers not conversant with our currency will find it facilitate their transactions, to bear in mind that our shilling is 20 cents.

THE LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INSTITUTIONS IN THE CITY ARE AS FOLLOWS, VIZ:

The Advocates' Library, whose rooms are in the Court House.

The Mercantile Library Association, St. Joseph street.

The Mechanics' Institute, 44 Great St. James street.

The Natural History Society, 10 Little St. James street.

The Shakspere Club, 8 Great St. James street.
The Institut Canadien, 25 St. Gabriel st.
The Merchants' Exchange Reading Room, Odd-Fellows' Hall. Great St. James street.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETIES ARE:

The St. George's Society, The St. Andrew's Society, The St. Patrick's Society, The St. Jean Baptiste Society, The German Society.

There are several Masonic Lodges in the City, whose general place of Meeting will be at the Free Mason's Hall, Dalhousie Square. There are also numerous lodges of Odd Fellows; those in connection with Great Britain, have their Hall in St. Gabriel street, and those who receive visitors from the United States, have their Hall in Great St. James street. The RECHABITE SOCIETY have also several Tents, their place of meeting being the old Merchants' Exchange, St. Joseph street.

GUIDE TO PUBLIC OFFICES IN THE CITY.

Adjutant General of the Forces, 68 St. Lewis street.

Adjutant General of Militia, St. Lewis street.

Attorneys General, U. and L. Canada, Government House.

Barrack Master, Water street, near the Barracks.

Bankrupt Court, Court House, Notre Dame street.

Board of Works, 45 Notre Dame street. Chief Engineer Fire Department, City Hall. Chief of Police, Foot of the New Market. City Surveyor, City Hall, Notre Dame street. City Treasurer, City Hall, Notre Dame street. City Clerk, City Hall, Notre Dame street. Civil Secretary, Government House, Notre

Civil Secretary, Government House, Notre Dame street.

Clerk of Crown in Chancery, 60 Notre Dame street.

Clerk of the Peace, Court House, Notre Dame street.

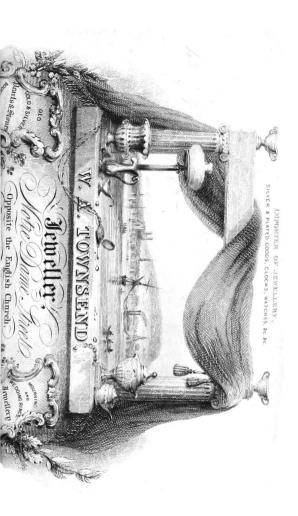
Collector of Customs, Custom House, St. Paul street.

Commissary General, 53 Notre Dame street. Commissioner of Police, Court House.

Commissioner of Customs, Government House. Commissioners for Improving the Harbour of Montreal, Commissioners street, near Custom House Square.

Coroner of the District, Auldjo's Buildings, St. Paul street.

County Registrar, Place d'Armes Hill.



Commissioner Crown Lands, 5 St. Gabriel st. District Inspector of Licences, 55 Notre Dame street.

Emigrant Agent, Canal Basin.

Executive Council Office, Government House.

Harbour Master, Commissioners street, near Custom House Square.

Indian Department, Government House, Notre Dame street.

Inspector General of Public Accounts, Government House.

Inspector of Weights and Measures, Little St. James street.

Inspector General of Hospitals, 4 Cornwall Terrace.

Inspector of Anatomy, City Hall, Notre Dame street.

Inspectors of Pot and Pearl Ashes, College st. Inspector of Flour, 28 St. Joseph Street.

Mayor of the City, City Hall, Notre Dame street.

Military Secretary, Dalhousie Square.

Ordnance Department, Water, near St. Paul street.

Post Office, 15 Great St. James street. Printer to the Queen, St. Thérèse street. Prothonotary, Court House, Notre Dame st. Provincial Secretary, Government House. Provincial Registrar, Government House.

MONKLANDS

Quarter Master General, Durham Place, St. Lewis Street.

Receiver General, Government House, Notre Dame street, left wing,

Sheriff, Court House, Notre Dame street.

Superintendent of Education, Government House.

Town Major, 63 St. Lewis street.

Translator of Laws, Government House.

Turnpike Trustees, Commissioners street, near Custom House Square.

Trinity House, Commissioners street, near Custom House Square.

Wharfinger, 67 Commissioners street.

STATISTICS OF THE CITY OF MONTREAL.

ACCORDING TO THE CENSUS OF 1844.

Total population,44	,093
French Canadians,19	,041
British Canadians,	,863
English Irish and Scotch,15	,468
United States and other places,	721
Proprietors of Property,	,607
Houses Inhabited,	
	
Estimated Population (1848)50	,000

ROUTES AND DISTANCES FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal to Quebec,....180 Miles, by Steamboat.

TO CANADA WEST.

Miles

Miles.
Montreal to Lachine, 9 by Rail-road.
Lachine to Cascades, 24 by Steamboat.
Cascades to Coteau du Lac, 16 by Steamboat.
Coteau du Lac to Cornwall, 41 by Steamboat.
Cornwall to Dickinson's Land-
ing (Canal) 12 by Steamboat.
Dickinson's Landing to King-
ston,110 by Steamboat.
Kingston to Cobourg,110 by Steamboat.
Cobourg to Port Hope, 7 by Steamboat.
Port Hope to Toronto, 60 by Steamboat.
Toronto to Hamilton, 45 by Steamboat.
Toronto to Niagara, 35 by Steamboat.
Niagara to the Falls, 14 by Stage.

By the completion of the St. Lawrence Canals, the entire distance between Kingston and Montreal can now be performed by Steamboats.

OTTAWA ROUTE.

Miles.

Lachine to	Carillon,	50	by	Steamboat.
Carillon to	Grenville,	12	by	Stage.

Grenville to Bytown,..... 70 by Steamboat

Miles.

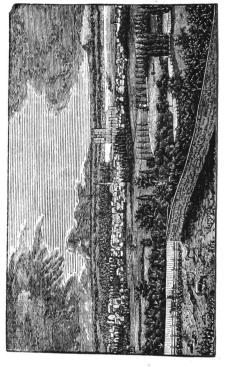
Bytown to Kingston,130 by Steamboat.						
From Montreal to the Caledonia Springs, 77 Miles by Railroad, Steamboat and Stage.						
TO BOSTON OR NEW YORK.						
Miles.						
Montreal to Laprairie, 9 by Steamboat.						
Laprairie to St. Johns, 15 by Railroad.						
St. Johns to Burlington, 75 by Steamboat.						
Burlington to Whitehall, 75 by Steamboat.						
Whitehall to Albany, 72 by Stage.						
Whitehall to Saratoga, 39 by Stage.						
Saratoga to Troy, 31 by Railroad.						
Troy to Albany, 6 by Stage or Steamboat.						
Albany to New York,160 by Steamboat.						
Albany to Boston,210 by Railroad.						
Burlington to Boston,212 by Stage.						

THE BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS, BESIDES THOSE ALREADY ENUMERATED, ARE:

The Protestant Orphan Asylum, 44 St. Antoine street.

The Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Notre-Dame streat, adjoining the Recollet Church.

Montreal Lying-in Hospital, 46 St. Antoine street.



CITY OF MONTREAL, FROM THE MOUNTAIN.

The Ladies' Benevolent Society, St. Charles Barromée street.

University Lying-in Hospital, 36 St. Charles Barromée street.

The Self-Supporting Dispensary, 8 St. Urbain street.

The Eye Institution, 8 St. Urbain street.

The Magdalen Asylum, 75 Campeau street.

The Institution for Eye and Ear Diseases, Haymarket Square.

The Asylum for Aged and Infirm Women, St. Catherine street.

The Firemen's Benevolent Association.

THE RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES ARE:

The Montreal Bible Society.

The Montreal Religious Tract Society.

The Montreal Wesleyan Methodist Sunday School Society.

The Montreal Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

The Montreal French Canadian Missionary Society.

The Canada Sunday School Union.

The Montreal Friendly Union.

The Montreal Strangers' Friend Society.

THE FIRE ENGINES AND STATIONS ARE,

- 1. The Phœnix, St. Lawrence Hill.
- 2. The Neptune, St. Mary street.

- 3. The Protector, Notre Dame street.
- 4. The Montreal, Dalhousie Square.
- 5. The Queen, Wellington street.
- 6. The Mutual, St. Lawrence street.
- 7. The Hose Company, Little St. James street.
- 8. The Union, Hay Market Square.
- 9. The Hero, St. Joseph street.
- 10. The Hook and Ladder, head of Côté st.

THE POLICE OF THE CITY, which consists of 2 Chief, and 66 Sub-Constables, is under the direction of the following Officers, viz:

Wm. Ermatinger, Esq., Police Magistrate, office at the Court House.

Thos. Wiley, Esq., Chief of Police, office at the Bonsecours Market.

Mr. H. Jeremie, Deputy Chief of Police, office at the Bonsecours Market.

THE FOLLOWING NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS
ARE PUBLISHED IN THE CITY, VIZ:—

Album Litteraire, (L. O. Letourneux) St. Vincent Street.

Agricultural Journal (English and French,) Lower Canada Agricultural Society; W. Evans, Secretary. Lovell & Gibson, Printers.

Aurore des Canadas, (French,) tri-weekly, T. L. Doutney, St. Amable lane.

Baptist Register, (Baptist,) R. Campbell, weekly, St. Joseph street, near Place d'Armes.

British American Journal of Medical and Physical Science, (Dr. Hall, Editor,) J. C. Becket, printer.

Canada Gazette, (Derbishire & Desbarats, Queen's Printer,) St. Thérèse street.

Courier, daily, tri-weekly, and weekly, C. Lindsay, St. François Xavier street.

Gazette, daily and tri-weekly, R. Abraham, 10 Hospital street.

Herald, daily, tri-weekly, and weekly, D. Kinnear & Co., St. Gabriel street.

La Minerve, (French,) tri and semi-weekly, L. Duvernay, St. Vincent street.

La Revue Canadienne, (French,) weekly, L. O. Letourneux, St. Vincent street.

L'Avenir, (French,) 1221 St. Paul street.

Literary Garland, monthly, Lovell & Gibson, St. Nicholas street.

Mélanges Religieux, (French Roman Catholic,) semi-weekly, St. Denis, near St. Catherine street.

Pilot, tri-weekly, (Higman & Donoghue,) Place d'Armes.

Snow Drop, monthly, Lovell & Gibson., St. Nicholas street.

Temperance Advocate, monthly, J. C. Becket, 211 St. Paul street.

Transcript, tri-weekly, D. M'Donald, Hospital street.

Witness, weekly, John Dougall, Exchange Court.

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The boundaries of the several Divisions mentioned in the Table, are shewn by the dotted lines on the Map of the City, which accompanies this work.



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or

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Montreal, June, 1848.

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