### ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

#### **INSPECTOR**

OF THE

# Public Schools

OF THE

#### CITY OF TORONTO,

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1880.

TORONTO:

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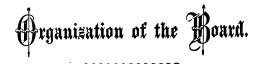
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## Public School Poard.

#### 1880.

Mard of St. Lawrence.	
•	Term Expires
JAMES BURNS, Esq	Dec. 1880
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Ward of St. David.	
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E. P. RODEN, Esq	Dec. 1881
Mard of St. Thomas.	
J. A. MILLS, Esq	Dec. 1880
HENRY SWAN, Esq	Dec. 1881
Ward of St. Lames.	
JAMES BAIN, Esq	Dec. 1880
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W. MARA, Esq	Dec. 1880
W. MARA, Esq	Dec. 1881
Ward of St. Stephen.	
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JAMES BAIN, Esq.

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#### Il.—On School Management.

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RODEN AND MARA.

#### III.—On Sites and Buildings.

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#### IV -On Printing and Supplies.

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TRUANT OFFICER, - - - JOHN T. THOMPSON, Esq.
AUDITOR, - - - - - - - - R. C. FITZGERALD, Esq.

Anspector's Annual Report.

## Unspector's Annual Report.

To the Board of Public School Trustees of the City of Toronto:

#### GENTLEMEN,

In accordance with a Resolution of your honorable Board, I respectfully submit the Twenty-second Annual Report of the Schools under your charge.

Appended to the Report will be found Statistical Tables which give in detail all important particulars relating to teachers, pupils, attendance, absenteeism, tardiness, studies pursued, cost of maintenance, &c.

#### ATTENDANCE.

The total number of pupils registered during the year was 12,465.

The average daily attendance was 8,215. Last year it was 8,144.

577 pupils attended school less than 20 days.

1103	",	"	"	between	20	anc	1 50	days.
2461	"	"	"	"	50	"	100	"
2051	"	"	"	"	100	"	150	"
3 <b>93</b> 5	"	"	"	"	150	"	200	"
2338	"	"	"	"	200	"	203	"

The number who attended school for over 100 days is 8,324, or 67 per cent. of the total registered number.

The number in attendance over 200 days is 905 more than last year.

The most correct idea of the relation of the Average to the Registered Attendance is obtained by comparing the average of Monthly Averages with the average of Monthly Registered Numbers.

The average of Monthly Registered Numbers was 8,987. This shows an increase compared with last year of 77. (See Table A.)

The average of Monthly Average Numbers was 8,108. This shows an increase of 38 when compared with the corresponding number of last year. (See Table B.)

The increase shown by Tables A and B over the attendance of the previous year is small, owing to the fact that there was not a sufficient number of schools to accommodate those who applied for admission.

The average of Monthly Averages was 90.3 per cent. of the average of Monthly Registered Numbers.

The best average for any month in the year was 93.3 the average for December.

The worst average was 88, the average for February.

The largest number was registered in October, and the smallest number in July. The attendance in July was 1,058 less than in any other month, and 1,302 less than the average.

#### LATENESS.

The improvement in the punctuality of the pupils has continued during 1880. Both parents and pupils in nearly every part of the city seem to be fully alive to the importance of acquiring the habit of promptness. By reference to Table D it will be seen that the lateness is confined largely to a few Schools.

The following table shows the number of cases during the past seven years.

•	Average	Cases of
Date.	Attendance.	Lateness
1874	4,814	69,456
1875	6,386	65,364
1876	5,976	31,476
1877	6,860	15,272
1878	7,467	7,474
1879	8,144	6,615
1880	8,215	5,967
Table D.)		

#### CERTIFICATES OF HONOR.

(See

Certificates of Honor are awarded at the Christmas Vacation to such pupils only as have not been once absent or late, and whose conduct has been uniformly good, unless the absence or lateness shall have been occasioned by sickness, of not more than three weeks' continuance, to be certified in writing by the pupils' parents or guardians.

These Certificates are of two grades, and named respectively First Honor Certificates and Second Honor Certificates.

The First Honor Certificates shall be awarded to such pupils as have fulfilled the above condition for two consecutive sessions.

The Second Honor Certificates shall be awarded to such pupils as have conformed to the said rules for one session during the year.

The following statement shows the number of Certificates given in the various schools at the close of 1879:

	First	Second	
Schools.	Honor	Honor	Total.
Dufferin	159	146	305
Wellesley	236	310	546
Ryerson	149	181	330
Phœbe Street	150	256	406
John "	118	136	254
Victoria "	78	121	199
Winchester "	102	146	248
Niagara "	85	100	185
Park "	70	85	155
George "	47	88	135
Louisa "	42	96	138
Bathurst "	54	136	190
Palace "	16	44	60
Parliament "	62	91	153
Church "	65	127	192
Elizabeth "	39	. 74	113
York "	13	17	30
Givins "	51	58	109
Borden "	20	31	51
Leslieville	7	17	24
Markham "	11	29	40
Total	1,574	<b>2,</b> 289	3,863

I would strongly recommend that in the matter of conduct the number of misdemeanour marks allowed without invalidating a claim to a Certificate be reduced, so as to give good behaviour a more preponderating influence than heretofore.

#### TEACHERS.

There were 150 Teachers in the employ of the Board at the close of the year, exclusive of the Special Teachers in Music and Drawing.

There are 22 Male, and 128 Female Teachers employed.

They hold Certificates as follows:

First	Class	Provinci	al	 	 4	7
First	Class	County	${\bf Board}$	 ••••	 I	8
Secor	nd Cla	ss Provin	ncial	 	 8	2

I am glad to be able to report that Miss A. A. Gray, of Palace Street School, succeeded in raising her grade from Second to First Class at the examination last July.

#### SCHOOL ACCOMMODATION.

There is no doubt that unless some method be adopted by the Legislature of Ontario to correct the legislation of 1879 in regard to school accommodation, great injustice will be done to rate-payers in cities and towns, where the school population is increasing. It may have been desirable to restrict School Boards so far as to prevent their building larger and more stylish school houses to take the place of those which provided sufficient accommodation for all pupils in the municipality or section, without authority from the ratepayers. There might be a difference of opinion regarding the substitution of a new brick building for an old frame house, which, though old fashioned, was sufficiently commodious. It is questionable, however, whether even this step would have been justifiable, as trustees are not often too extravagant in spending money, a part of which comes out of their own pockets in the shape of taxes. Whatever opinion may be

held on this question, however, it is difficult to see what could have induced a body of intelligent men to place it within the power of a Council to completely paralyze School Boards in their efforts to provide accommodation in a reasonable manner for children who have no schools at all which they can attend. Trustees of Toronto have for years admitted pupils to their schools far in excess of the number allowed by law, in the hope that they would be able in a few years to overtake the rapidly increasing school population of the city. They found themselves in the early part of 1880 with over two thousand pupils in the schools more than the legal number, and with over six hundred applicants who could not be admitted. Under these circumstances application was made for the moderate sum of \$15,600.00, to provide additional accommodation, and the City Council took advantage of the right given by the amendment of 1879 to treat the request of the Board with absolute indifference, until near the close of the year, so that it was impossible to provide the accommodation which was so urgently needed. The result was that hundreds of children, whose sparents were anxious to have them in school, had to remain on the streets.

During the coming year it will be absolutely necessary (1) to enlarge Borden Street School; (2) to relieve Wellesley, Church Street, and Winchester Street Schools by a School in the northern part of the city; and (3) to provide accommodation in some way for the children unable to obtain admission into Phœbe Street, John Street, and Niagara Street Schools.

#### APPARATUS.

During the year the schools were supplied with Globes, 60 in all having been purchased.

The Apparatus most needed now consists of Charts for Vocal

Culture, and some Geographical Apparatus for the primary classes.

#### CLASSIFICATION.

The Pupils of the Schools are classified into ten grades. This makes the progressive steps in the advancement of a child comparatively easy. The most encouraging fact in this connection is that the number of pupils above the Second Book continues to increase. It is to be regretted that in the highest Divisions of boys the numbers are small.

On this question I offer the tollowing remarks:

- 1. Promotions to these classes are only made once a year, in September, and consequently towards the close of the second session the number of pupils becomes reduced, owing to the fact that the larger boys are constantly leaving to go to business.
- 2. While fifty is regarded as the legal number in a class, it must be remembered that this is the *maximum* number, and all authorities agree in recommending a smaller number than this for advanced classes.
- 3. It is desirable that the Head Master of a large school should have reduced responsibility in connection with the class immediately under his charge, that he may be able to devote the necessary time to the supervision of his school.
- 4. Parents have a right to get for their children a thorough English education in the Public Schools. The Philistines who, for various selfish reasons, oppose the Public Schools, of course deny this. They would close these schools altogether if they could, and any concession made to them would but sharpen their appetites for the entire destruction of the system. The Fifth Book Classes can not be so cheaply taught in any other way, as

in the Public Schools. If they were removed from the Public Schools it would necessitate the erection of an additional High School, where they would be taught at a vastly increased cost to parents and the ratepayers generally. The corresponding classes in High Schools are not so largely attended as the smallest of our advanced classes.

5. The higher classes might be equalized by teaching the sexes together.

#### PRIZE GIVING.

Prizes were given as usual at the close of the first session in July. In the highest four divisions they were given as the result of the combined examination. (See report of the combined examination). In the classes below the fourth book, the prizes were given on the joint basis of sessional records, and examination results. The Board presented prizes in books to the value of \$350.07.

In addition to the above, twelve scholarships were presented by the Board of Trustees of the Collegiate Institute, and two medals, one gold, and one silver, by Mr. John McDonald. These medals and scholarships were given for general proficiency. A medal was given by the Inspector for the best original design, and Mr. John Hallam presented a gold and a silver medal to the pupils who obtained the highest marks in Canadian History and Geography.

The Jesse Ketchum prizes were distributed in December, by Rev. Samuel Rose, D. D., Rev. John M. Cameron, Rev. H. D. Powis, and Mr. Warring Kennedy, accompanied by the Chairman of the Board, Mr. James Bain. These gentlemen visited the various schools, and delivered very useful and interesting ad-

dresses to the pupils before giving the prizes. This annual visitation is regarded with great interest by both teachers and pupils. Three hundred and sixty-six books were presented this year.

#### NIGHT SCHOOLS.

The establishment of Evening Schools by the Public School Board was an experiment, and grave doubts were entertained, even by those who advocated the opening of these schools, as to their success. They had been tried several years ago, and with unsatisfactory results. The work of giving instruction to those unable to attend school during the day had been done by the Mechanics' Institute classes and by other organizations. The classes opened by the Board were very successful, however, and the attendance, interest, conduct, attention, and progress of the majority of the pupils were very satisfactory. The total number admitted was 1,292; 855 males and 437 females.

The average attendance was in January, 723; males, 460; females, 263; in February, 655; males, 428; females, 227; in March, 424; males, 272; females, 153. The average for the whole time was 601, or 46.5 per cent. of the total registered number.

The number not once late was 1,118.

The number not once absent after entering was only 83.

It was found that a good many, especially of the junior pupils, entered the school without having a very strong desire for learning, with a view of causing amusement, and in some cases to annoy the teachers. This is a difficulty uniformly experienced to a greater or less degree in connection with Night Schools, and various plans have been tried to remedy the evil. The best that I have become acquainted with, is that suggested by Superintendent Marble of Worcester, Massachusetts. In order to meet the

difficulty the following circular is issued by him to those who wish to join the evening classes. The circular also serves as a ticket of admission to the schools, and a receipt for the deposit made:

"The Evening Schools have cost the city more than \$2,000 each winter the past few years. They are kept for the benefit of persons over fifteen years old, who have not had a good chance to go to school when young. But a great many boys and girls who do not care to learn have flocked in; they have taken up the time of the scholars who try to learn; and they have dropped out as soon as they found they could not go to school for fun. Others have begun to go to School, and have fallen out as soon as good skating or some other amusement comes along.

In order to protect those who give their time, and really wish to learn, and to save the cost of keeping School without profit to the scholars, the Committee now require a deposit of \$1.00 from each pupil when he receives his ticket of admission. If he is studious and orderly, and is not absent except when he is absolutely obliged to be, the money will be refunded at the end of about one month, or Dec. 24. He can then renew his certificate for another month. The School will, therefore, cost nothing to those pupils who go regularly, and make a business of it. Those who go once in a while for amusement will lose the money deposited, and thus pay the city part of the cost incurred on their account.

On the above terms this admits————, No————
Street to the Street Evening School till Dec. 24, 1880,
unless he is sooner dismissed for misconduct. He has made the
deposit of \$1.00.
Worcester, Nov. 1880.
Supt. of Schools.
Dec. 24, 1880. This ticket is renewed till———————————————————————————————————

Mr. Marble speaks of the success of the system adopted as follows:

This ticket is renewed till-

"On the first evening, the attendance in each of the schools opened was as large as the average last year; the number has steadily increased; and there has not been the least disorder or disturbance. The school has gone on from the first as well as it used to after three or four weeks of irregularity by the old plan. With scarcely an exception the pupils have taken hold with a will, and shown a disposition to improve their opportunities. The plan has eliminated all the idle and indifferent. In very few cases has the deposit been forfeited. It seems from the experience thus far that the difficulty solves itself, and with no hardship to any one."

It is well known that there are many young men and women in Toronto, who are anxious to make up for lack of school training in early years by attending classes established for their benefit in the evening; and I am confident that the only plan that can be adopted to make these classes a permanent success, is to make regulations which will prevent the admission of any but those who are earnestly desirous of improving themselves. It is not fair to such pupils that most of the teacher's time should be occupied in dealing with those who are careless or unruly; nor is it right that the Board should be put to the expense of lighting and heating extra rooms for the benefit of those who only attend a few evenings. Fewer rooms would need to be opened, if only deserving pupils were admitted.

#### TRUANT SCHOOLS.

Children may be divided into three general classes:

- 1. Those whose parents or guardians send them to School, and who go regularly as sent.
- 2. Those who are sent to School by their parents or guardians, but who do not go regularly as sent.

3. Those whose parents or guardians do not send them to School or take any interest in their education.

Classes two and three, as a rule, fall into bad habits and are ultimately dealt with by law as criminals.

The Board cannot deal with class three in any way without an Industrial School, which, I regret to say, is not likely to be established in Toronto for some time; therefore, those children belonging to class three may at present be left out of consideration altogether.

With the pupils in class two, the case is quite different. They naturally divide themselves into two sub-divisions: (a.) Those who are under the control of their parents, and who only play truant occasionally. (b.) Those who are beyond parental control and are confirmed truants. With regard to sub-division (a) no action is necessary by the Board. The present system of direct communication and joint action between the school authorities and the parents or guardians, produces satisfactory results so long as the pupils respect home authority. In the case of sub-division (b), however, I think the time has come when both for their own welfare and that of the other pupils in our Schools prompt action should be taken. So long as the parent or guardian possesses sufficient influence, he is clearly the person who should compel the pupil to go to school. It is equally clear, however, that when this power is wanting the Board should interfere. It may either prohibit the attendance of such pupils and drive them into criminal courses (a plan I am confident that no member of the Board would recommend); or it may take the place of the parent in forcing these confirmed truants to go to School. The latter method is not possible so long as the truants attend twenty-one different Schools, without the aid of a very large staff of absentee officers. To make it possible I strongly recommend the formation of one central class for confirmed truants alone.

The following are some of the advantages that would result from the establishment of such a class:

- 1. The Absentee Officer could find out at once every morning if any pupil were absent from the class.
- 2. The discipline and general management of the class might be adapted to the special necessities of the class of pupils who attend it.
- 3. The other classes throughout the city would be at once relieved of the evil influence of the confirmed truants.
- 4. The mere fact of the formation of such a class would deter many pupils from becoming confirmed truants.

#### PROGRESS IN STUDIES.

The advancement made by the pupils as a whole has been very satisfactory. Perhaps the most gratifying feature in this connection is the fact that the pupils throughout the city attain more nearly to a uniform standard year by year. This is mainly due to the improved system of classification and promotion adopted a few years ago, but it also results to a large extent from the improved methods adopted by the teachers, and the increasing interest which they manifest in their work. With remarkably few exceptions the teachers devote themselves earnestly and faithfully to their work; this of course produces a corresponding improvement in the pupils.

It is pleasing to find that the uniformity spoken of applies chiefly to those subjects which will be of most importance to the pupils after they leave school. In regard to this subject the Com-

bined Examiners speak as follows: "The Examiners would congratulate the Board of Trustees and the citizens of Toronto, on the growing efficiency of the Public Schools of the city and the system of instruction conducted in them, as brought out by this examination. It is pleasant to have to state that the standard of excellence is highest and most nearly equal in those branches of study which all would deem of greatest importance."

With reference to the individual subjects of study the following remarks may be made:

#### READING.

This subject is one in which our teachers manifest a lively interest. It has occupied their attention at every meeting of the Association since its organization, and it is regarded by all as one of the most important subjects taught in the Schools. In the primary classes attention has been mainly given during the year to the introduction of a large amount of phonic drill in the teaching of word recognition. Several of the teachers have succeeded admirably in this work, in fact considering the very large numbers in the junior classes, the progress made in learning to read must be regarded as eminently satisfactory. In the higher classes more attention is being given to securing a thorough understanding of what is read. Vocal drill has also received a fair share of attention during the year, although what has been done in this matter has been accomplished under difficulties. There is urgent need of Vocal Charts in all the advanced classes. The schools have been liberally supplied with maps and globes, and as charts are quite as necessary in vocal culture as maps are in teaching geography it seems reasonable that the charts should be supplied as well as the maps. Good reading is of more practical utility than a knowledge of geography. I would recommend the use of Shoemaker's Chart in our schools.

I am glad to be able to report that the subject of good reading is awakening an interest outside of the schools. Rev. Septimus Jones, a gentleman who has in many ways shown his interest in our schools, has kindly offered a valuable prize for reading, to be competed for annually by the pupils of the higher classes. He properly distinguishes reading from declamation, and gives his prize to encourage the developement of the ability to read the good literature of our own language fluently and intelligently.

The subject of Reading is connected on our programme with English Literature. The latter subject I regret to say, is not taught very systematically. The school regulations of the Department, and our own programme of studies, provides that in the highest divisions of our schools the pupils shall read the literary works selected from time to time for the Intermediate Examination. I think the time has arrived when our pupils are sufficiently advanced in other departments to warrant their making a critical study of a few of the masterpieces of English literature.

The results of such a study in improving the literary taste of the pupils, and familiarizing them with the correct use of their own language, are too evident to need explanation. I would also strongly recommend that every child in our schools be required to commit to memory certain appropriate selections from the best English authors. A limited number of selections might be chosen for each grade, and set down as a part of the work to be prepared by each pupil before promotion. The reading hour on Friday of each week has been set apart for the recitation of pieces suitable for declamation. This exercise produces certain good results, but those who receive most benefit are generally those who need it least. If every pupil is required to prepare a very short selection, each one is able to enter intelligently into the study of the proper method of reciting it. In addition to this,

each pupil will have at the end of his school career, a number of good quotations stored in his memory, which will be of great service to him through life.

#### SPELLING.

This subject is taught chiefly as a written exercise. It is one of the most difficult of all subjects in which to secure uniformly good results. I am satisfied that so far as the direct teaching of spelling is concerned, our teachers are pursuing, the correct method—by dictation. Each pupil by this method spells every word, and he is compelled to use the words as he uses them in after years, by writing them. No other plan can so impress any form or fact on the memory, as actually making a form or representing an idea by the hand. I am convinced that correct spelling depends very largely upon the training of the eye, and that additional effort put forth in the junior classes to secure a more accurate and critical development of the powers of observation will be amply repaid to both teachers and pupils by the increased facility in learning to spell afterwards.

#### ARITHMETIC.

The constant aim of our teachers is to render the pupils independent of paper or slate and pencil, in calculation. To this end great attention is devoted, in all grades, to securing rapid and accurate working in the simple rules, especially in addition. The ridiculous practices of counting fingers, writing down the number to be carried, &c., have disappeared from our classes. Children are not allowed to add on slates until they are familiar with the combinations mentally. I would recommend that the highest classes use a more advanced arithmetic than the one now used.

#### HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

The modern text books on these subjects are greatly in advance of those formerly in use. The results reached in both subjects in our schools are very satisfactory. The interest taken in the highest classes in Canadian Geography and History was clearly shown by the excellent papers sent in by the candidates for the special examinations for Mr. Hallam's medals. The pupil who won the gold medal received within eleven marks of the possible maximum.

#### WRITING.

A great improvement in the general excellence of the writing done in our schools has been made during the past five years. The pupils begin to write script in the lowest classes. Probably the most difficult thing a teacher has to accomplish, is to make all the pupils in a class hold their pens in the correct position, and sit properly while writing. I am glad to bear testimony to the pains taken by nearly all our teachers to secure the correct position of body, book and pen, in practising this subject. I am confident that it only requires a fair examination of the copy books of any of the classes in our schools, from the lowest to the highest, to convince an unprejudiced mind that this subject is well taught. Among the most striking facts which such an examination reveals are: 1. Uniformity of excellence among the members of the class; 2. Great care in the formation of letters; 3. Freedom from blots or creases in the copy books. The Combined Examiners note very encouraging progress in the writing and style of work done by the pupils at each successive examination.

#### DRAWING.

In no subject has the advancement been so marked during the past two years as in Drawing. The amazing progress made is

attributable to the fact that the crippling delusion, that it requires an artist to teach Drawing, has been dispelled, and our regular teachers teach this subject as they teach other subjects. Industrial Drawing receives the greatest amount of attention.

#### CITY MODEL SCHOOL.

To enable students residing in Toronto to fulfil the Departmental requirements for admission to the Provincial Normal School for second class professional training, without leaving home, and at the same time to furnish elementary training for those who are in the future to be our teachers, the Board decided, in November, to establish a City Model School on the following plan:

1st. The Public Schools throughout the city shall be designated a City Model School, and shall be used as Practice Schools for the Teachers in training, who shall act as assistants in the primary classes under the supervision of the regular Teachers, and also as occasional Teachers in case of temporary vacancies.

2nd. The lessons on School Management, Discipline, Education, Methods of Teaching, and School Law and Regulations shall be taught to the students by the Inspector, those on Mental Arithmetic by the Head Master of Victoria Street School, and those on Elocution by a Teacher specially appointed for that purpose. The lessons to be taught by the Inspector shall be given from 3.30 to 4.30 p. m., twice each week, in York Street School.

3rd. The Head Master of Victoria Street School shall keep the various records required by the Education Department, and perform such other duties pertaining to the position of Head Master of a Model School as are not assigned to the Inspector.

4th. Teachers in training shall pass in order from School to

School, spending a period of two weeks in each of such Schools as may be designated by the Committee on School Management.

5th. The length of a term in the Toronto City Model School shall be one School year, beginning in September and ending in the July following.

6th. On completing a full term in the Toronto City Model School, with the necessary training and practice, and passing a satisfactory examination in the prescribed professional work for Third Class Certificates, the Teachers in training shall be allowed to attend the Provincial Normal School to receive the necessary training for Professional Second Class Certificates, provided they have the requisite non-professional rank.

7th. Those students who hold Intermediate Certificates, and who were residents of the city of Toronto for the six months last past, previous to seeking admission, shall be permitted to attend the City Model School as teachers in training. Other residents may be admitted by the Committee on School Management.

This is one of the most important steps taken by the Board for many years. The young ladies in training will act in the capacity of assistants in the primary classes, and will thus to a certain extent, overcome the pressing difficulty of overcrowding. They will also do most of the necessary occasional teaching, and will thus save the Board a considerable sum each year. In addition to this there can be no doubt but that the ladies so trained will be much better able to perform the special duties of city teachers than those trained at a County Model School.

It may seem at first sight that it is scarcely fair to the candidates themselves to require them to teach a year without any salary. This is not the case, however, as will be seen from the following considerations:

- 1. It is certainly no hardship to be allowed to receive a training for a profession free of charge. The candidates, in most cases, pay for the non-professional part of their training in the Collegiate Institute, and have to devote their time as well, generally for more than a year. They certainly should be glad of the opportunity of getting their professional training free.
- 2. The candidates without the City Model School would have to spend at least two months at a County Model School, and then teach a year somewhere in Ontario, before being allowed to attend a Normal School.
- 3. The advantages offered by the City Model School may justly be regarded as adding an additional year to the free course of the Public School system in Toronto. There can be no doubt that, whether a lady intends to teach or not, the year spent in the Model School will be one of the most valuable years of school life to her in fitting her for the proper fulfilment of her duties in life.

#### TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

The meetings of the Association were held during the year in accordance with the regulations of the Education Department. Both were largely attended by the teachers of Toronto and Yorkville. In addition to discussing the various professional subjects on the following programmes, several other questions were considered, the most important being the establishment of a professional Library in connection with the Library of Reference belonging to the School Board. The teachers show a commendable anxiety to avail themselves of the privilege of using the books already purchased,

#### PROGRAMMES.

#### FIRST MEETING, JANUARY, 1880.

#### FRIDAY, JANUARY 23.

9-9-5-	Calling Roll of Teachers.
9.5-10.30.	"Expressive Reading," Senior Classes—Mr. Richard
	Lewis.
10.45-12.	"Marking for Conduct and Work"—Discussion led
	by Mr. Levi Clark.
2 3 15.	"How I manage my Class."—Mrs. S. E. Wallace.
3.30-5.	"The Education of the Citizen."—W. A. Douglas,
	M. A.

#### SATURDAY, JANUARY 24.

9-10. Election of Officers.

10-11. "The Teaching of History."—Mr. S. McAllister.

11.15-12.15. Written Questions answered by the President.

On Friday evening (Jan. 23rd) a Lecture was delivered by Professor Loudon, of Toronto University. Subject—"The Tuning Fork."

#### SECOND MEETING.

#### FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17.

9-9-5-	Calling Roll of Teachers.
9.5-10.15.	"School Hygiene."—Dr. Playter.
10.15.10.45.	Vocal Drill.—Mr. R. Lewis and Miss Lewis.
I I-I 2.	"Per Cent."—Mr. G. K. Powell.
2-3.	"The Teacher's Temptations."-Miss Alice Free-
•	man.
2. T E-E.	General Discussion on Regulations and Programme

#### SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18.

9-10.30. "How to Teach Euclid."—Mr. F. F. Manly, M. A.

10.45-12. "School Hours."—Mr. F. S. Spence.

2-3.15 "Class Movements in the School and in the Yard."

-Mr. R. W. Doan.

3.15-4. General Business.

Rev. Professor Calderwood, of Edinburgh University, lectured before the Association on Friday evening.

R. McCAUSLAND,

JAMES L. HUGHES,

Secretary.

President.

#### EXAMINATIONS.

Three written Examinations were held during the year; the Combined Examination and two Promotion Examinations. The Examiners for the Combined Examination were Rev. I. Tovell, A. McMurchy, Esq., M. A.; Rev. John M. King, M. A., and William Anderson, Esq. The list of Scholarships and Prizes awarded will be found in the Report of the Examiners. The comparative standing of the different schools in the various departments of study, will be found below by comparing the marks obtained at the Combined Examination.

#### COMBINED EXAMINATION.

I have deemed it advisable to make the following explanation in reference to the mode of conducting the Combined Examination. Examiners are appointed who prepare their papers independently, and send them to the School Board Printer themselves. The proofs are sent to them, and the papers also *under seal*. They retain them until the day of Examination, when they are opened by them in the presence of the candidates,

No school officer or teacher has anything to do with the papers until they are submitted to the candidates.

This is the only competitive examination held by the Board.

The following tables give the standing of the various divisions at the Combined Examinations.

FIRST DIVISION.

Twelve Pupils from each Division.

Schools and Divisions.	Mathematics.	Grammar, Composition, and Hygiene.	History and Geography.	Reading, Spelling, and Derivation.	Writing, Drawing, Music, & Bock-keeping.	Тотаь.
Marks possible	4140	2160	2400	1920	2040	12660
Wellesley, Girls	2331	1811 1789	1821	1774	1494	9388 8855
Wellesly, "	2302	1476	1678	1471	1535	8362
Dufferin, Girls	1473	1587	1598	1652	1449	7759
Ryerson, "	1423	1430	1540	1638	1365	
Dufferin, Boys	1555	1412	1477	1351	1334	7029

## SECOND DIVISION. Ten Pupils from each Division.

Sshools and Divisions.	Mathematics.	Grammar, Composition, and Hygiene.	History and Geography.	Reading, Spelling, and Derivation.	Writing, Drawing, Music, & Book-keeping,	Тотаі
Marks possible	3200	1800	2000	1600	1700	10300
Wellesley, Girls	1355	1205	1017	1177	907	5702
	1294	897	1198	1191	1024	5634
Ryerson, Boys	1320	989	I 2 I 2	1093	849	5463
" Girls	1484	838	1049	1181	762	
Dufferin, Boys	1287		1151	967	755	
	1174	750	795	1150	804	4693

#### THIRD DIVISION.

#### Ten Pupils from each Division.

Schools and	Divisions.	Arithmetic, Mensuration & Algebra.	Grammar, Composition, and Hy-giene.	History a: d Geography.	Reading, Spelling, and Derivation.	Writing, Drawing, Music, & Book-l eep'ng.	Total.
Marks possible		2000	1550	2000	1600	1450	8600
Dufferin, Boys			1174				5947
" Girls		1170	1194	1218	1331		
Ryerson, Boys			1217		1191	897	5637
John St, Girls	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	916	1185		1170		5206
Ryerson, "		857	961	857	1243	822	4740

#### FOURTH DIVISION.

#### Five Pupils from each Division.

B						
Schools and Divisions.	Arithmetic,	Grammar, Composition, and Hygiene.	History and Geography.	Reading, Spelling, and Derivation,	Writing, Drawing. and Music.	Total
Marks possible	750	775	1000	800	600	3925
Wellesley, Girls	481	643				2784
Dufferin, Boys	473					
Ryerson, "						
	430	. •		516		
Wellesley,	413		553	555		
Kycison,	436	506	438	590	496	2466
Pbæbe St. "	423	538	381	551	441	2334
Victoria St. "	294				355	2265
Winchester St.	388	492				2242
Victoria St., Girls	311			579		
Dufferin "	365		311			1
John St., Boys						
Ningara St.,	199		313			
	308					1913
Park,	317	339	377	523	309	1865

#### GOVERNMENT GRANT.

The amount received during the year from the Government Grant was \$8,756. The whole amount set apart for Toronto was \$10,555. The Separate Schools received \$7,799. The sum of \$10,555 is approximated to Toronto, on the basis of its population, when compared with the other municipalities of the province at the time of our last census. This sum is then divided between the Public and Separate Schools, according to their average attendance. The amount received per pupil was over one dollar. This sum changes every year, and becomes less (per pupil) as the average attendance increases.

#### PROGRESS OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Table H gives a comparative statement of various items relating to the Schools since 1844. It will be seen by reference to it, that the increase in the attendance at our Schools has been very rapid.

Ιn	1869 the	Average	Registered	No. wa	as 2,846,	the Daily	Attendar	100, 2, 260
"	1870	"	"	"	4,106,	"	"	3,288
"	1880	46	"	"	8,987,	"	"	8,215

The Registered and Average Attendance have thus been more than doubled during the past ten years.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES HUGHES,

Public School Inspector.

Toronto, February 10, 1881.

Statistical & Reference Tables.

TABLE A.

Showing the Registered Number of Pupils in each School for each Month.

Av'r'ge Reg'd Nos.	531	815	. 999	822	586	453	584	511	522	476	366	401	371	453	170	566	181	283	173	79	129	62	89	68	8987
Total	5848	8970	6232	9042	6455	4989	6427	5631	5750	5236	4032	4412	4083	4985	1879	2933	1991	3135	1906	872	1422	876	754	686	98849.
DEC.	527	815	260	858	596	433	222	490	487	480	337	427	356	437	175	263	174	275	158	78	139	103	20	97	8875
Nov.	550	839	296	850	623	458	585	518	526	504	380	451	371	460	183	276	191	281	166	11	151	106	59	100	9268
Ocr.	550	847	610	850	625	467	287	525	539	511	378	438	383	455	194	278	181	276	169	7	9	82	72	104	9333
SEPT.	563	852	618	858	624	455	594	531	548	510	356	438	380	472	179	282	159	293	172	75	163	73	67	66	9335
Јосу.	421	629	450	715	909	395	522	436	451	369	325	333	320	409	150	556	149	283	168	65	129	67	89	83	7698
JUNE.	467	992	496	288	9/9	457	579	525	206	445	355	392	370	455	169	265	181	298	182	99	128	2	69	83	8686
MAY.	496	801	539	810	299	462	615	537	548	483	376	398	378	474	176	580	183	300	188	9/	119	65	74	83	0906
APRIL	539	833	999	844	585	456	621	525	543	488	392	397	388	483	163	285	199	594	188	83	116	25	74	82	9232
MAR.	563	833	592	853	266	466	594	504	544	487	368	375	374	462	160	565	187	580	174	88	601	11	74	68	1806
FEB.	578	853	612	842	573	472	587	499	230	482	372	368	384	424	158	244	189	564	170	87	103	85	28	82	9014
JAN.	594	867	622	855	585	468	589	547	528	477	383	389	379	454	172	569	198	291	171	6	105	8	69	82	9267
SCHOOLS.	Dufferin	Wellesley	Ryerson	Phæbe Street	John " in	Park	Winchester "	Victoria "	Niagara "	Louisa ",	Parliament "	Church "	George "	Bathurst "	Palace "	Elizabeth "	York "	Givins "	Borden "	Leslieville	Markham "	Boys' Home	Girls' Home	Orphans' Home.	Total

TABLE B.

Showing the Average Attendance at each School for each Month.

SCHOOLS.	JAN.	FEB.	Mar.	APRIL	MAY.	JUNE.	July.	SEPT.	Ocr.	Nov.	DEC.
Dufferin	524	524	506	484	442	426	376	509	503	507	510
Welleslev	791	719	752	208	742	707	628	803	803	791	774
Ryerson	565	538	535	909	479	434	355	561	561	541	512
Phœbe Street	775	749	758	746	730	716	644	752	770	755	795
	519	521	514	529	548	526	457	557	589	575	561
Park	450	431	428	416	414	333	335	411	421	410	394
Winchester "	538	512	241	546	552	530	474	557	545	532	511
Victoria "	470	416	440	456	474	463	377	468	467	468	436
Niagara "	440	450	464	484	490	467	405	480	488	477	450
Louisa "	413	421	428	411	412	388	305	431	448	477	422
Farliament "	354	337	333	333	339	315	288	325	349	352	335
Church "	351	329	341	360	366	356	276	397	408	415	398
Gtorge "	351	348	348	351	346	339	279	334	344	337	340
Bathurst "	403	369	424	440	437	425	343	446	431	430	417
Palace "	151	143	142	134	152	150	137	160	178	168	163
Elizabeth "	233	192	221	251	246	231	203	253	242	247	245
Vork "	165	163	173	175	163	191	132	132	160	168	163
Givens ","	256	217	243	265	268	272	242	270	254	262	260
Borden "	154	137	155	168	169	171	155	160	160	156	152
Leslieville	81	74	77	9/	89	22	63	63	67	67	69
Markham "	98	68	105	108	114	120	117	149	151	140	131
Boys' Home.	74	22	73	ó7	64	99	67	20	74	96	101
Girls' Home	65	9/	2	69	65	64	64	9	99	55	20
Orphans'	85	87	68	73	81	81	81	92	100	66	62
Total	8264	7919	8159	8215	8161	7864	9089	8450	8579	8491	8282
											-

TABLE C.

Showing the number of days lost through absence during the year.

TOTAL	9481 12606 11428 15768 10735 9661 11196	12119 10433 11468 7224	2507 7752 3802 3802 3802 4978 5661 1572 1918 894 1098	172801
DEC.	526 838 919 940 704 850 936	859 595 907 531	423 430 217 229 200 107 68 64 7	11291
Nov.	987 1100 1118 1369 1114 11128	1005 .948 1146 713	674 772 680 839 839 418 459 459 99 88 88	16341
Oct.	867 859 918 1375 935 911 979	1062 1023 1056 612	573 665 663 663 673 673 172 182 182 555 64 8	14997
SEPT.	847 831 984 1257 988 721	989 836 1009 477	522 766 504 283 283 443 451 156 179 179 18 18 18	13994
Jucx.			83 238 159 112 195 76 76 77 76 77 77 76 77 18	3963
JUNE.			812 841 8427 955 688 700 700 184 184 93 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 68 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81	19928
MAY.	991 1268 1134 1714 1186 1078	1153 1064 1238 731	639 666 666 674 736 638 638 164 184 184 184 184 184 184 188 188	18196
APRIL	1122 1527 1294 2170 1120 1055	1254 1201 1575 1191	709 751 1031 659 842 553 603 221 145 128 173 173 568	21223
MAR.	1101 1562 1206 1728 1139 914	1136 1132 1121 702	632 658 813 813 343 717 717 202 202 103 108 108	17781
FEB.			653 769 907 310 1051 447 447 931 319 220 171 171 117	20252
JAN.	880 1218 1023 1133 922 639	1216 1012 820 531	581 850 850 850 1589 109 109 1293 138 1188 1188	14835
Av'r'ge Reg'd Nos.	531 815 566 822 586 453	522 522 476 366	401 453 170 266 181 173 173 173 173 68	8987
SCHOOLS.	Dufferin Wellesley Ryerson Phæbe Street. John Park	Winduesori Victoria Niagara Louisa Parliament	Church George Bathurst Falace Elizabeth York York Gorden Leslieville Markham Boys' Home Girls' Home	Total

TABLE D.

Showing the number of cases of lateness during the year.

,					,									ı											
Total.	109	52	35.0	231	137	337	295	361	675	006	100	177	302	242	66	524	443	207	225	23	2	) <del>[</del>	1	. 0	5967
DEC.	16	ıc	3	3 2	5 2	35	6	8	42	95	10	88	27	56	=	23	33.	65	91	6	0	1 4	· C	•	485
Nov.	=	:=	0	8	ķ	5	22	27	20	200	21	56	8	17	6	- 74	. [5	32	27	10	9	6	0	0	826
Oct.	6	. 6	56	6	=	25	56	22	49	92	_	S	98	11	-	30	21	20	55	4	1	9	0	0	540
SEPT.	9	· 67	53	<u>«</u>	15	12	66	20	68	20	91	22	41	6	_	64	92	23	31	4	6	_	0	0	578
JULY.	6	-	20	0	0	ಣ	-	4	-	24	0	က	67	က	0		67	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	70
MAY. JUNE.	4	60	36	00	ေ	27	37	38	64	55	20	14	63	77	12	14	32	Ξ	6	<b>C1</b>	œ	4	0	0	476
MAY.	7	က	19	11	Ξ	55	27	83	48	110	œ	. 13	31	22	9	48	45	91	53	īG	7	0	0	0	516
APRIL	5	9	30	6	6	41	53	23	28	104	က	œ	17	83	7	25	55	22	82	4	4	6	_	0	564
MAR.	19	က	09	15	24	25	34	30	52	75	œ	16	œ	32	10	54	43	32	20	С	×0	5	0	0	573
FEB.	14	٠	33	25	20	31	35	35	86	110	12	14	12	28	13	11	64	. 16	35	_	6	0	0	0	189
JAN.	11		25	16	11	25	30	77	104	65	15	18	17	34	12	82	75	18	14	က	ro	0	0	•	645
Average Registered Numbers.	531	815	266	822	586	453	584	511	525	476	366	401	371	453	170	566	181	283	173	79	129	79	89	68	8987
SCHOOLS.	Dufferin	Wellesley	Rverson	Phœbe Street		Park	Winchester "	Victoria "	Niagara "	Louisa "	Parliament "	Church "	George "	Bathurst "	Palace "	Elizabeth "	York "	Givens "	Borden "	Leslieville "	Markham "	Fovs Home.	Girls, Home	Orphans' Home	Total

TABLE F.	Showing the length of Time the Pupils attended du
TABLE E.	Showing the Average Number of Pupils to each Teacher during the Year.

IABLE E. Showing the Average Number of Pupils to each Teacher during the Year.	IABLE E.  Number of Pupils t	o each Te	acher	Shor	oing the len	TABLE regimently of Time the near	TABLE F. Showing the length of Time the Pupils attended during the near	s attended o	uring
f						210	gent.		
SCHOOLS.	Average Registered Attendance.	Number of Teachers.	Average per Teacher.	Less than 20 days.	Between 20 and 50 Days.	Between 50 and 100 Days.	Between 100 and 500 Days.	Between 150 and 200 Days.	More than 200 Days.
Dufferin	531	12	45	23	55	148	124	245	196
Welleslev	815	12	89	66	8	203	166	405	234
Rverson	266	12	56	34	49	135	168	294	202
Phæbe Street	822	133	33	96	89	223	138	338	250
	586	10	59	. F.	85	159	121	237	169
Park	453	00	27	33	80	105	117	205	105
Winchester "	584	00	73	15	50	118	104	274	155
Victoria "	511	00	64	88	89	126	133	248	101
Niagara "	522	∞	65	56	73	137	124	217	138
Louisa "	476	6	53	53	81	163	123	198	102
Parliament "	366	9	61	30	61	86	84	164	88
Church "	401	9	67	21	4	114	86	153	110
George "	371	9	62	53	21	106	72	146	06
Bathurst "	453	9	73	19	51	108	117	223	91
Palace "	170	4	43	18	32	58	36	69	30
Elizabeth "	566	īĊ	53	61	44	87	69	110	27
;	181	4	45	25	41	81	35	28	56
Givins "	283	4	7.	20	33	84	54	127	64
Borden "	173	23	87	70	17	57	53	19	33
Leslieville	79	- 73	40	∞	9	24	53	53	13
Markham "	199	2	65	9	25	48	30	65	91
Bous, Home	70	_	62	· =	17	900	66	15	49
City Home	8	-	œ		: 6	2.5	; œ	96	1 =
Girls mome	88	-	36	> -	; •	7 6	25	20	
Orphans' Home	ŝ	-	60	I	c	92	13	07	40
Total	8987	150	99	577	1103	2461	2051	3935	2338
			•				٠		

TABLE G.

Showing the numbers engaged in each Department of Study during the year.

Drill and Calisthenics.	106 6512 6512 6512 6513 6513 6513 6513 6513 6513 6513 6513
Domestic Economy.	431 1722 140 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 17
Book-kecping.	100000000
Natural Philosophy.	
Geometry and Mensuration.	79 419 419 882 425 425 225 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 231 231 231 231 231 232 231 232 231 232 231 232 231 232 231 232 231 232 231 232 232
Algebra.	23. 23. 23. 23. 23. 23. 23. 23. 23. 23.
Hygiene.	2011 2011 2011 2011 2011 2012 2013 2013
General History.	286
English History.	27.0 23.14 25.2 25.2 25.2 25.2 25.2 25.2 25.2 25.
Canadian History.	248 2999 2999 2999 2999 394 394 394 488 488 488 488 488 488 488 488 488 4
Grammar and Composition	79 888888888888888888888888888888888888
Object Lessons.	1177 1177 11036 11
Music.	791 1078 1078 1078 1078 1078 1078 1079 1079 1079 1079 1079 1079 1079 1079
.gaiws1Q	791 1078 1078 882 882 882 662 773 663 663 883 888 888 888 888 888 888 88
Geography.	791 1078 1078 11138 11118 802 605 7109 7109 7109 7109 7109 7109 7109 7109
Arithmetic.	791 882 882 810 810 810 810 810 810 810 810 810 810
Writing.	1078 1078 802 802 802 802 603 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109
Spelling.	791 882 882 1113 882 882 882 663 739 747 726 663 663 663 663 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164
Fifth Reader.	228 228 273 273 8827
Fourth Reader.	316 223 233 77 77 71 66 69 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64
Third Reader.	222626 222826 222826 222826 2228 2228 2
Second Reader.	156 156 157 157 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158
First Reader.	2270 2270 2270 2270 2270 2270 2270 2270
SCH00I/S.	Dufferin Wellesley Wellesley Wellesley Phoebe Street Phoebe Street Ninclester Winclester Winch Januah Stagaa Saliament Saliame

TABLE H.

Comparative Statement of the City Schools, under specific headings, from 1844 to 1879, both inclusive.

Year.	City Population.	Average Registered Attendance.	Average Daily Attendance.	her	Average No. of Pupils to each Teacher.		Fotal C aintain Scho	ing the	Cost per child per ann. on basis of Register- ed Attendance.	Cost per Child per ann. on basis of Daily Attendance.
1844	18500		1194	12	100	41	month	s \$5508		\$5 00
1845	19706		1108	12	92	$\tilde{1}\tilde{2}$	"	7684		7 00
1846	20565		1212	$1\overline{5}$	81	12	66	8044		6 60
1847	21734		1265	13	97	12	66	7484	1	6.00
1848	23503		1431	13	110	6	4.6	3668		5 20
1849	24226		1325	13	102	6		3668		5 08
1850	25766		1259	15	91	12		7992		6 30
1851	30762	1843	1266	16	85	12	"	9624	\$5 80	7 20
1852	35000	1872	1346	16	84	12	66	10232	5 40	7 40
1853	40000	1886	1402	20	70	12	"	12860	7 00	9 00
1854	41500	1971	1459	21	69	12	"	16704	8 50	11 40
1855	42500	2066	1570	31	50	12	"	20872	10 00	13 00 12 80
1856	43250		1747	32	55	$\frac{12}{12}$	• • • •	22568	10 00	12 80 13 00
1857	45000	2480	1863	36		12	"	24216	10 00	12 80
1858	47500	2522	1987	36	55	12	"	$26386 \\ 25212$	9 69 9 20	11 73
1859	45000	2742	2150	38	56 59	12	"	26044	9 15	11 52
1860	45000	2846	2260	38	59 57	12		25640	9 16	11 75
1861	44743	2800	2180	38	57 57	12	"	25054	8 94	11 48
1862	45000	2825	$\frac{2183}{2187}$	38 38	60	12	4.6	25636	8 54	11 21
1863	47500	3000	2400	39	61	12	"	26184	8 39	10 91
1864	47500	3121	2251	40	56	12	"	26448	8 11	11 75
1865	47500	3248 3139	2399	41	58	$\overline{12}$	"	27548	8 52	11 17
1866	47500		2609	41	64	12	66	26900	7 90	10 31
1867	47000		2810	45	62	12	"	29044	7 94	10 33
1868 1869	50000 55000		3132	46	68	12	"	30460	7 80	9 73
1870	56000		3288	50		12	• •	33348	8 02	10 02
1871	57500		3638	52		12	"	35000	7 53	9 62
1871	58000		4070	61		12	"	42500	8 33	10 44
1872	60000		4453	65	69	12	"	55500	10 02	12 46
1874	62000		4814	75		12	"	52000	6 31	10 80
1875	64000		5386	90	72	12	"	58772	6 08	10 91
1876	65000		5976	94	73	12	"	60456	6 17	10 13
1877	67000	7606	6860	128	59	12	" "	76006	6 90	11 07
1878	68000		7467	140	59	12	"	83792	7 29	11 22
1879	70000		8144	148	60	12	44	89713	7 44	11 02
1880	73000		8215	150	60	12		92842	7 45	11 30
	1	1	1		J	i			1	

### TABLE I.

List of Teachers, arranged with a view to secure Equitable Promotion, and showing the Division taught by each Teacher; their Certificates; Places of Training; and the date at which they entered the service of the Board.

NAMES.	CERTIFICATES.	WHERE TRAINED.	ENTERED SERVICE OF BOARD.
Anderson, James Campbell, John Cassidy, Wm Clark, Levi Clark, Levi Clark, Levi Coyne, Samuel Crane, George Doan, Robert W Gill, Martin Hendry, Andrew Lewis, Richard Martin, R. T McAulister, Samuel McCausland, Robert McDonald, Adam Phillips, John	Provincial 2nd B. County Bd. 1st A. Provincial 1st A. Provincial 1st B. Provincial 1st C. County Bd. 1st A. Provincial 1st B. Provincial 1st B. County Bd. 1st A. Provincial 1st C. County Bd. 1st A. Provincial 1st A. County Bd. 1st C. Provincial 1st C. Provincial 1st C. County Bd. 1st C. Provincial 1st A. Provincial 1st A.	Edinburgh, Scotland. Prov. Normal School. Prov. Normal School. Prov. Normal School. Dublin. Prov. Normal School. Prov. Normal School. Prov. Normal School. Liverpool, England. Prov. Normal School.	January, 1858 November, 1868 October, 1879 1879 November, 1872 January, 1877 January, 1874 January, 1874 January, 1874 January, 1875

FEMALE ASSISTANT TEACHERS. TABLE I. (Continued.)

ENTERED SERVICE OF BOARD. (Last time.)	May, 1865 January, 1864 April, 1852	April, 1858 April, 1866 September, 1870	November, 1875 April, 1872 November, 1855 April, 1872 October, 1865 October, 1865 January, 1865
WHERE TRAINED.	Prov. Normal School.		* * * * * * *
CERTIFICATES.	Provincial 1st A. Provincial 1st A. County Bd. 1st A.	County Bd. 1st C. Provincial 1st B. Provincial 1st A.	Provincial lat C. Provincial lat C. Provincial lat G. Provincial lat A. Provincial lat B. Provincial lat B. Provincial lat B.
Division.	Senior 5th Bk.	Junior 5th Bk.	Senior 4th Bk.
NAMES.	Miss Margaret Buik "Oliva Dunn "M. J. Keown	" Susan Hamilton." Charlotte Spotton Mary A. Worth.	" S. J. Hamilton " Agnes Kellock " Elizabeth Kennedy " Sarah McCreight " Jessie Rogers " Rebeca Thompson " E. A. Williams

### TABLE I. (Continued).

## FEMALE ASSISTANT TEACHERS.

RVICE D.	1871 1870 1868 1856 1856	1861 1875 1870 1870 1872 1873 1872 1872 1873 1873 1874
ENTERED SERVICE OF BOARD. (Last time.)	February, 1871 September, 1870 January, 1868 September, 1869	July, August, October, September, January, March, December, April, June, March, January,
Where Trained.	Prov. Normal School.	2222 22222
Wher	Prov. N " London T Prov. N	*****
CERTIFICATES.	Provincial 1st C. Provincial 1st C. Provincial 1st C. County Bd. 1st A. Provincial 1st C.	Provincial 2nd A. Provincial 1st A. County Bd. 1st G. Provincial 2nd A. County Bd. 1st B. Provincial 1st G. Provincial 1st G. Provincial 1st C.
Division.	Junior 4th Bk.	Senior 3rd Bk,  """  """  """  """  """  """  """
NAMES,	Miss Margaret Coyne  " J. A. Cruise  " S. M. Hamilton  " Georgina Round  Mrs. Kate Stevenson	Miss Annie I., Armstrong  "Annie I. Cameron "Jessie Campbell Mrs. Annie Carey Miss Helen Frazer "Carrie Gray Mrs. E. A Greene "Emma Kennedy "Kate A. Scarlett "Jane Smyth. "Georgina Stokes "Maria Woods

92	2 5	<u>ب</u>	74	74	74	2	2	12	22	74	22	27	15	15	22	2	33	47	22	9	9	7	ō	5	īo	ŗ-	9	9	ŭ	అ
	18/2						, 18.	18,	r. 18,	r. 18	18	18	ar, 18.	80			1873	r, 1874	1875	18,	18,	18,	18,	18,	187	187	187	187	187	187
February,	May,	August,	September	March,	September.	February.	April.	March.	Septembe	September,	August,	April,	September,	January.	September.	September,	February.	September,	October,	October,	April,	January,	August,	August,	October,	January,	October,	October,	August,	January,
Prov. Normal School.	<b>:</b> :	3	z	ï	:	:	3	3	3	:	;	3	3	3	ž	;	:	:	Prov. Normal School.	ï	3	z	÷	,,	"	z	:	z	÷	3
Norma	: :	:	ï	÷	3	3	:	z	ä	ä	:	ä	3	ä	:	ï	=	;	Norma	:	3	3	"	:	;	•	:	:	3	3
Prov.	<b>:</b> :	=	:	:	:	*	3	;	:	:	:	:	3	:	;	:	3	:	Prov.	:	3	:	:	:	3	3	3	"	"	÷
	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 1st C.	Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 1st B	Provincial 2nd B	Proxincial 2nd B	Provincial 1st B.	Provincial 2nd	Provincial 2nd B.	Country Bd. 1st C.	Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 1st B.	Provincial 1st C.	Provincial 2nd B	Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 2nd A	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 1st.	Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 1st.	Provincial 1st B.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 1st.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 2nd B.
Junior 3rd Bk.	"	"	"	,,	**	3	3	"	3	**	"	**	"	99 - 99	"	"	;	"	Senior 2nd Bk.	3	"	33	3	"	"	,,	"	"	"	"
Mrs. J. S. Arthurs		Mrs. M. A. Fitzgerald		Ada Frishy	Moure Cum	House Hour	Managast Hunton	Mrs Lilly Hunter	Emma Liller	6 Mrs McBrian	" M A McDonald	Miss Sugar McKonzie		Margaret Newton	Mrs Georgina Richas	"Kate Rowland	Miss Amelia Sims		Mrs. [ N Aonew	_	Mrs J S Balmer	ح د	Wiss Thomasina Carlyle		" Alice Freeman	" Annie A Grav	" Jennie Gunn.	" Charlotte Jackson	Tonise Lumsden	Martha Softon

### TABLE I. (Continued.)

# FEMALE ASSISTANT TEACHERS.

ENTERED SERVICE. OF BOARD. (Last time.)	September, 1875 October, 1875 August, 1875	January, 1877 January, 1878 January, 1877 May, 1877 May, 1877 January, 1877
WHERE TRAINED.	Prov. Normal School	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
()eritricates.	Provincial 2nd A. Provincial 2nd B. Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 2nd B. Provincial 1st A. Provincial 1st A. Provincial 2nd B. Provincial 2nd A. Provincial 2nd B. Provincial 2nd B. Provincial 1st C. Provincial 1st C. Provincial 1st C.
Division.	Senior 2nd Bk.	Junior 2nd Bk.
NAMES.	Miss Minnie Smith  " Carrie J. Watson  " Mary A. Westman	Mrs. A. T. Armour  Miss L. Cornor  " L. Gellatly  " Georgina Graut  " E. R. Gray  Mrs. McCuaig  Miss L. Payne  " E. Y. Sams  " M. M. Sefton  " M. B. Spence  Mrs. L. Steward  Mrs. L. S. Taylor  " E. E. Taylor  " E. Williams  Mrs. S. E. Wallace  Mrs. S. E. Wallace

April, 1878	Sontemb	Tours	r annaly,	repruary	January,	Septembe	September	September	October,	September		_		October,	October,	January,	•		January.		September.	April.	October.	September.	September,	September,	September,	December,	September,	September	September,
Prov. Normal School	"	**	,,		;	;	**	;	"	"		mal School		) <b>!</b>	"	;			Prov. Normal School.	"	"	"	:	,, ,,	;	;	"	:	:	"	;
Prov. Nor	3	,		: :	3	3	<b>:</b>	:	ŭ	3	Bristol, Eng.	Prov. Norma	z	ï	*	;			Prov. Nor	. ,,	z	3	š	÷	3	;	*	:	:	;	:
Provincial 2nd B.	Descripcial 2nd D.	Description of D	r rovincial zuu D.	Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 1st C.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 1st C.	Provincial 2nd B.	County Bd. 1st C.	Provincial 2nd A.	· Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 2nd B.			Provincial 2nd A.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 1st C.	Provincial 2nd B.	County Bd. 1st B.	Provincial 2nd B.	Provincial 2nd B.					
Senior 1st Bk.	"	"	: :	:	"	"	"	**	"	33	;	"	**	"	"	;			Innior 1st Bk	"	"	"	"	"	"	33	"	"	"	"	;
Miss Balla Brown	• •	•		Annie S. Gray		" F. Martin	" M. J. McCally	" Agnes McIntvre.	" M Milne	" M. Mullen	" B. Sims	" F. Sims		" May F. Spence	** E C. Sturrock	" Florence Thompson	•		Miss I Anderson	f I Anderson	Mrs. I. F. Rell	. ⊲	" P Black			" I Campbell	" J (Jarv]vle	" Carrie Catheart	" H Clarkson	Mrs I Coad	L. Dickir

### TABLE I. (Continued.)

# FEMALE ASSISTANT TEACHERS.

Names,	Division.	CERTIFICATES.	Where Trained.	ENTERED SERVICE OF BOARD. (Last time.)
	Junior 1st Bk.	Provincial 1st B.	Prov. Normal School.	December, 1879
M N Longo	"	Provincial 2nd B.	"	September, 1879
T. Lowry		Provincial 1st A.	30 33	October, 1880
Miss Jessie Mark	"	Provincial 2nd B.	., ,	September, 1879
S Martin	"	Provincial 2nd B.	"	
A McKee	"	Provincial 2nd B.	"	October. 1879
McKee	33	Provincial 2nd B.	"	
Nudel	"	Provincial 2nd A.	"	September, 1878
Ritchie	"	Provincial 2nd B.	<b>))</b> )) ))	September, 1878
S F A Scobie	33 . 33 .	Provincial 2nd B.	***	January, 1879
Smyth	"	Provincial 2nd B.	)) )) ) <b>)</b>	September, 1879
	33	Provincial 2nd A.	<b>37</b> 33 33	July. 1879
W Wallace	**	Provincial 2nd A.	,, ,, ,,	January 1879
	"	Provincial 2nd B.	<b>39 39</b> . 33	
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Kxaminers' Report.



### REPORT

OF THE

### **Examiners** in regard to the Combined Examinations

OF THE

### PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF TORONTO.

The Examiners have the honor to report that, in the discharge of the duty entrusted to them, they examined, on the 22nd and 23rd of June, the selected pupils sent up to them from the several Public Schools in the City, in which the more advanced pupils are taught. The examination was conducted in the Dufferin and Ryerson Schools, and, as in former years, was throughout a written one. The pupils examined belonged to the four highest divisions, and numbered in all 247, being 15 more than took part in the corresponding examination last year.

The Examiners beg to submit the following results as brought out by a careful comparison of the papers handed in to them:—

### I. FOURTH DIVISION.

The pupils of this Division, numbered 65. They were taken from the Fourth Divisions of the following Schools; the Dufferin, the Ryerson, the Wellesley, Victoria Street, Phœbe Street, Winchester Street, Niagara Street, the Park, and John Street; ten—five boys and five girls—from each of the first four; and five from each of the others. They were examined in Arithmetic, Grammar, and Composition, Hygiene, History and Geography, Read-

ing, Spelling and Derivation, Writing, Drawing and Music, Taking a general view of the Schools in this Division, the Girls' department in the Wellesley School stands first; the Boys' department of the Dufferin comes next; and after these the Boys' department of the Ryerson, and the Wellesley Schools and the Girls' department of the Ryerson are nearly equal. In this, as in the other divisions, the highest prizes are given for General Proficiency; the holders of these are not permitted to take prizes also for excellence in the separate branches of study in the examination. The Examiners recommend the General Proficiency prizes in this Division to be awarded to the following;

- 1. Richard Weston, The Dufferin School.
- 2. D'Arcy Winterbottom, Wellesley "
- 3. Minnie Jackes, " "
- 1. Jennie Houston, " "
- 5. Isabella McDonald, " "

Taking the subjects separately, or in natural groups, the Examiners find that in this division the greatest excellence in Arithmetic was exhibited by the Girls' department in the Wellesley School; the Boys' department of the Dufferin comes next, and close upon it both departments of the Ryerson. In Grammar and Hygiene, which for prize purposes are grouped together, the highest place was taken by the Girls' department of the Wellesley School; the Boys' department of the Dufferin again taking the second place; the Boys' department of Wellesley and the Girls' department of Phœbe Street taking the third and fourth places respectively. In History and Geography the Boys' department of the Ryerson stands first, and close upon it, the Girls' department of the Wellesley; the Boys' departments of Victoria Street and the Dufferin School follow at some distance In Reading, Spelling and Derivation the place of honor is held by the Boys'

departments in the Dufferin and John Street Schools and by the Girls' department in the Ryerson; these being found to be of nearly equal merit. In the last group, which includes Writing, Drawing and Music, the greatest amount of excellence is exhibited by the Girls' departments in the Ryerson, Phœbe Street, Wellesley and Dufferin Schools, and in the order now enumerated.

In addition to the prizes for Proficiency, the Examiners recommend the following to be given in the branches specified:—

### I. ARITHMETIC.

Alexander Hunter, Dufferin School.
 Alfred Ashbridge,
 Dufferin School.
 Brown, Phoebe Street School.
 Alice Arnall, Victoria Street School.

### II. GRAMMAR, COMPOSITION AND HYGIENE.

Arthur Goldsmith, Dufferin School.
 Alexander Murphy,
 John Street School.
 Louie Ross, Ryerson School.
 William Taylor, Wellesley School.

### III. HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

J. McGregor, Ryerson School.
 John Watson, Victoria Street School.
 P. Brunskill, Ryerson School.
 G. Graham, Ryerson School.

### IV. READING, SPELLING AND DERIVATION.

- 1. Lousia Devlin, Victoria Street School; Esther Schiebe, Victoria Street School: Alex. Murphy, John Street School. 4. Katie Harris, Victoria Street School; Alex. Hunter, Dufferin School.
  - V. WRITING, DRAWING AND MUSIC.
  - 1. Louie Ross, Ryerson School. 2. L. Palmer, Ryerson

School; A. Young, Ryerson School. 4. Katie Vaughan, Phoebe Street School.

### II. THIRD DIVISION.

Fifty pupils appeared for Examination in this Division; ten boys and ten girls from the same Division of the Dufferin, and an equal number from the Ryerson, and ten girls from John Street School. They were subjected to examination in the same subjects as the Fourth Division, with Algebra and Book-keeping added. For the two previous years the best examinations on all the subjects, was in this Division passed by the Girls' department in the Ryerson School. This year the place of honor is taken by the Boys' department of the Dufferin, closely followed by the Girls' department of the same School. Coming to the separate branches, in Arithmetic and Algebra, and in Writing, Book-keeping and Drawing, the first place is taken by the Boys' department of Dufferin, the second by the Girls' department of the same school; in Grammar, Composition and Hygiene, and also in History and Geography the first place is taken by the Boys' department of Ryerson School. In Reading and Spelling the Girls' department of Dufferin stands first.

The Examiners' recommend Prizes to be given in this Division as follows:

### I. GENERAL PROFICIENCY.

Maggie Gowans, Dufferin School.
 Fannie Hamilton,
 Dufferin School.
 Thomas McMullen, Ryerson School.
 Frank Wells, Dufferin School.
 Mary Dawson, John Street School.

### II. MATHEMATICS.

1. George Jameson, Dufferin School. 2. Carrie M. Ellis,

Dufferin School; J. A. Fraser, Dufferin School. 4. Albert Summers, Dufferin School.

### III. GRAMMAR, COMPOSITION AND HYGIENE.

Carrie M. Ellis, Dufferin School.
 W. Phillips, Ryerson School.
 P. R. Herrington, Dufferin School.
 M. Purvis Ryerson School.

### IV. HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

1. W. J. Darby, Dufferin School. 2. George Jameson, Dufferin School; W. Phillips, Ryerson School. 4. W. McMurchy, Ryerson School.

### V. READING, SPELLING AND DERIVATION.

1. Genevieve Miller, Dufferin School. 2. Lena M. Hood, Dufferin School. 3. Carrie M. Ellis, Dufferin School; Bella E. Passmore, Dufferin School; William Hill, Dufferin School.

### VI, WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, DRAWING AND MUSIC.

1. George Jameson, Dufferin School. 2. William Hill, Dufferin School. 3. A. S. Groat, Dufferin School. 4. Norman Bolton, Dufferin School; Mary Wright, John Street School.

### III. SECOND DIVISION.

Sixty pupils took part in the Examination in this Division; ten boys and ten girls from each of the following Schools: Dufferin, Ryerson and Wellesley. They were examined in Euclid and Natural Philosophy in addition to the subjects embraced in the examination of the third division. Of the three Schools, the aggregate marks of Ryerson are the highest; but taking departments alone, the Girls' department in Wellesley stands highest, and the same department in Dufferin comes next. Coming to

separate branches of study, the highest excellence in Mathematics is exhibited by the Girls' department in Ryerson, the same department in Wellesley taking the second place. In Grammar, Composition and Hygiene, the Girls' department in Wellesley is much in advance of the others. In History and Geography, the first place is taken by the Boys' department of the Ryerson School, and the second by the Girls' department in the Dufferin. In Reading, Spelling and Derivation, the Girls' departments in Dufferin, Ryerson and Wellesley, were first and nearly equal. In the remaining group of subjects, Writing, Book-keeping, Drawing and Music, the first place was taken by the Girls' department of the Dufferin School, and the second by the same department of the Wellesley.

The Examiners recommend the following Prizes in this Division:

### I. GENERAL PROFICIENCY.

1. Letitia Armstrong, Ryerson School. 2. Minnie Green, Dufferin School. 3. Maggie Donald, Wellesley School. 4. Robert Moggridge, Dufferin School. 5. Carrie Hall, Ryerson School.

### II. MATHEMATICS.

1. Robert Davis, Ryerson School. 2. Walter Evans, Dufferin School. 3. Frank Webster, Dufferin School. 4. Annie Lawson, Wellesley School; Jennie Pursey, Wellesley School.

### III. GRAMMAR, COMPOSITION AND HYGIENE.

Bertha Christie, Wellesley School. 2. Henrietta McKim, Wellesley School. Jennie Pursey, Wellesley School. 4. Minnie Christie, Wellesley School.

### IV. HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

1. Walter Evans, Dufferin School. 2. Maggie Hay, Dufferin School; J. Carter, Ryerson School. 4. A. Oakley, Ryerson School.

### V. READING, DERIVATION AND SPELLING.

1. Alice Harding, Dufferin School. 2. A. Mullen, Ryerson School. 3. A. Douglas, Wellesley School; Maggie Hay, Dufferin School.

### VI. WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, DRAWING AND MUSIC.

1. Henrietta McKim, Wellesley School. 2. Bella S. Laidlaw, Dufferin School, 3. Martha Findlay, Dufferin School. 4. Sarah Grove, Dufferin School.

### IV. FIRST DIVISION.

In this Division 12 pupils appeared for examination from each department of the corresponding divisions in Dufferin, Wellesley, and Ryerson Schools, making a total of 72. They were examined in all the subjects (fifteen) taught in the Public Schools of the City, and the results were such as reflected very high honour, both on the teachers and the scholars. The aggregate marks of the highest pupil this year are 15 per cent in advance of those reached by the pupil holding the same position last year. Three departments in these Schools exceed the aggregrate reached by the highest department last year; one of them being 20 per cent. in advance. The marks of the holder of the 10th Scholarship this year, equal those obtained by the holder of the first last year. This is no doubt due, in great measure, to the increasingly large number of pupils who are willing to prolong their attendance from year to year in the highest division of the School. There can be no doubt of the fact that the degree of excellence exhibited this

year is largely in advance of that reached on any previous occasion in the history of the Public Schools of Toronto. Taking all the subjects iuto account, the highest standard was reached by the Girls' department in Wellesley School; the Boys' department in Rverson comes next, though at a considerable distance; and after it, the Boys' department in Wellesley. The record of no department in this highest division is discreditable. Passing the various branches of study under review, the first place in each of them is taken by the Girls' department of the Wellesley School; in Mathematics, the second place is taken by the Boys' department in the same school; in Grammar, Composition and Hygiene, and in History and Geography, the second place is taken by the Boys' department of Ryerson; in Reading, Spelling and Derivation, the second place is held by the Girls' department of Dufferin, and in Writing, Book-keeping, Drawing and Music, by the Boys' department of Wellesley.

The Gold Medal awarded to the pupil who has passed the best examination in all the branches of study in the highest division, has been gained by Christina Niven of the Wellesley School, and the Silver Medal, by William Graham of the Ryerson School, who stands next.

The Examiners recommend that the Scholarships for General Proficiency and the Prizes for excellence in special subjects be awarded as follows:—

### SCHOLARSHIPS.

1. Christina Niven, Wellesley School. 2. William Graham, Ryerson School. 3. Frederick Featherstonehaugh, Ryerson School. 4. Annie Brown, Wellesley School; Albert Keeler, Ryerson School. 6. Alice Kirk, Wellesley School. 7. Jennie Gray, Dufferin School. 8. Elizabeth Young, Wellesley School,

9. Amiel Schadel, Wellesley School. 10. Newton Kent, Wellesley School. 11. John Laidlaw, Wellesley School. 12. Robert Duncan, Ryerson School.

### PRIZES. I. MATHEMATICS.

W. J. Massey, Wellesley School.
 Joseph Skirrow, Wellesley School.
 Ryerson School.
 Amanda Hicks, Wellesley School.

### II. GRAMMAR, COMPOSITION AND HYGIENE.

1. Mahala Hicks, Wellesley School; James Maybee, Ryerson School. 3. Minnie Brewer, Wellesley School. 4. George Anderson, Ryerson School.

### III. HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

r. Jennie King, Dufferin School. 2. Hattie Holmes, Wellesley School. 3. William Robins, Wellesley School. 4. Emily Maybee, Ryerson School.

### IV. READING, SPELLING AND DERIVATION.

- r. Amanda Hicks, Wellesley School; Jennie King, Dufferin School. 3. Mary Baillie, Ryerson School; Prudence Henry, Ryerson School; Christy Ashby, Wellesley School.
  - V. WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, DRAWING AND MUSIC.
- 1. William Sills, Dufferin School. 2. Amanda Hicks, Wellesley School. 3. Jennie Sinclair, Dufferin School; Emma Saunders, Ryerson School.

At the request of the Board, a Supplementary Examination was conducted in Canadian History and Canadian Geography, with the view of awarding two Medals, generously offered by a citizen of Toronto, for excellence in these branches of knowledge. Fifty-four pupils submitted to the examination. The acquaintance

with the subjects evinced by all was highly creditable; very many showed a knowledge of these departments of History and Geography so wide and accurate that it was no easy matter to decide as to the holders of the Medals. It was found that Jennie Gray of the Dufferin School, was entitled to the first, and Newton Kent of the Wellesley School, to the second. It should be stated that Joseph Mills, of Dufferin; Fred. Featherstonhough, of Ryerson; and Christina Niven, of Wellesley, were nearly equal to the second pupil in the competition.

In concluding their Report, the Examiners would congratulate the Board of Trustees and the citizens of Toronto on the growing efficiency of the Public Schools of the city and the system of instruction conducted in them, as brought out by this examination. It is pleasant to have to state that the standard of excellence is highest and most nearly equal in those branches of study which all would deem of greatest importance. In the opinion of the Examiners it would not be wise to extend farther, in the meantime, the subjects of study; in some branches, as in Euclid, it might be the course of wisdom to reduce somewhat the amcunt of work attempted. In conducting the examination, much valuable assistance was given to the Examiners by the Inspector, and by those Teachers who were appointed to distribute papers and superintend the pupils while writing their answers.

JOHN M. KING, M. A.,

Chairman of Board of Examiners.

Examination Papers.

### Çxamination Papers.

COMBINED EXAMINATION.

### SENIOR FIFTH BOOK.

### ARITHMETIC AND MENSURATION.

- 1. Find the sum of the third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh parts of 32760.
- 2. Define a Fraction. Distinguish between a Vulgar and Decimal Fraction. Give example of a Proper, Simple and Complex Fraction.

3. Simplify 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{2\frac{2}{3} \times 1^{5/9} \text{ of } \frac{7}{6}}{11\frac{2}{3} - 1^{1}/12 \text{ of } 7\frac{1}{3}} \end{cases} \div \frac{5\frac{1}{2} \times (3\frac{1}{2} - 1^{2}/13)}{16\frac{1}{4} + 3^{3}/16 \text{ of } \frac{7}{51}} \\ + \frac{11\frac{1}{2}8 \text{ of } 3^{1}/5 \text{ of } 1\frac{1}{4}}{89 \times \frac{7}{8} \text{ of } 4} \end{cases}$$

- 4. How many cubic feet of timber would be required for the sleepers of a double line of railway 18 miles long if each sleeper be 9 feet long, 10 inches broad, and 8 inches thick, and they are placed 3 feet apart?
- 5. Two persons start at the same time, one for Weston, driving at the rate of rr miles an hour, and the other from Toronto, walking at the rate of four miles an hour. Where and when will they meet, the distance between the two places being ten miles?
- 6. Divide '3102 by '071; and give the quotent as decimal of 5'051.

- 7. A certain estate is left to five sons; the diameter of the whole estate is 1½ miles. Each of four sons is to receive a share equal to a circle whose radius is 400 yards, and the eldest the residue. What is the share of each? Answer in acres, &c., to yards.
- 8. The Fahrenheit thermometer marks freezing point at 32°, and boiling point at 212°. The Centigrade freezing point is zero and boiling point 100°. What degree Fahrenheit corresponds to 60° Centigrade?
- 9. If I sold \$8,000 stock, yielding 6 per cent. per annum dividend at 81, and invested in bank stock at 101, yielding 7½ per cent. annually. Find gain or loss by the transfer.

### GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION.

- 1. Define Relative Pronoun, Etymology, Impersonal Verb, Passive Voice, Interjection.
- 2. Give the plural of attorney, 2, i, cloth: the singular of kine, phenomena; the past tense, past participle, and present participle of go, lay, die; the possessive plural of woman, boy, lady.
- 3. Explain the origin of the sign of the possessive case of the noun; and of the suffix forming the past indicitave of the weak verb.
- 4. Name and illustrate the four principal syntactical combinations or relations of the parts of speech.
  - 5. Parse the words in italics in the following quotation:
    - "I who wept a little did, I will contess,

      The moment I was seated here alone,

      Honor my little cell with some few tears,

      Which anger and resentment could not dry."

### 6. Analyse:

"Tell me not in mournful numbers,
Life is but an empty dream;
For the soul is dead that slumbers;
And things are not what they seem."

- 7. Correct anything faulty in the following sentences—giving your reasons:
  - (a) There appears to be many who will not be promoted.
  - (b) Boys are in the plural number because they mean many.
  - (c) James and John have returned more than a month ago.
- (d) In the observance of the laws consists the stability and welfare of the kingdom.
  - 8. Write on one of the following subjects:

The Play-ground.

Vacation.

Advantages derived from the practice of English Composition. 3rd and 4th Divisions.

### DICTATION AND DERIVATION.

- 1. Write a passage to be dictated in the class-room.
- 2. Correct the errors in spelling in the following passage:

There are precidents, therfore for all such things; but such precidents as could not for a moment survive the times of madness and destraction which gave them birth, but which, as soon as the spurs of the occasions were blunted, were repealled and execrated by parliments which, little as I may think of the present,

ought not to be compared with it—parliments sitting in the darkness of former times, in the night of freedom—before the principals of government were developed, and before the constitution became fixed.

3. Derive the following words, giving the meaning of the root, and, where such occur, of the affix and prefix in each case; dedicated, lecture, circumstances, obtained, designation, falsehood, imposed, currency, significance.

### HISTORY.

- 1. Give the character of James I., and some of the more important events in his reign.
- 2. What do you understand by the Petition of Right; under what circumstances was it granted and with what result?
- 3. State the origin and principal events of the Civil War under Charles I.
- 4. With what results was the protectorate of Cromwell attended in relation to the foreign possessions of England?
- 5. Give the date of the Restoration, and give the names and purport of the more important Acts passed after it to secure the religion and liberties of England.
- 6. Give the date and circumstances attending the discovery of Canada.
- 7. What is Seignorial tenure, and when and how was it abolished?
- 8. Give the names of the Governors of Canada between 1840 and 1867.

### GEOGRAPHY.

- 1. What evidence have we that the waters of Lake Ontario once extended over parts that are now being tilled by the farmer?
- 2. Account for an eclipse of the moon As to the shape of the earth what does an eclipse of the moon prove?
- 3. It is said the earth is nearest the sun in winter, account then for the cold temperature of winter.
  - 4. Define Ecleptic, Horizon. What is our first meredian?
- 5. From what countries principally come our buffalo-robes, seal-skins, teas, coal, coal-oil, and finest silks?
- 6. Name six of the greatest nations in the world. In what zones are they found?
- 7. Where are Borneo, Ceylon, Madagascar, Cuba, Sicily, Formosa, Anticosti?
- 8. In what countries are Sedan, Sebastapol, Lucknow, Sadowa, and the battle field of Waterloo.

### EUCLID.

- 1. Define a right angle, an oblong, a rhombus.
- 2. It two triangles have two sides of the one equal to two sides of the other, each to each, and have likewise their bases or third sides equal, the angle which is contained by the two sides of the one shall be equal to the angle which is contained by the two sides equal to them of the other.
- 3. To describe a square that shall be equal to a given rectilineal figure.

4. The angle in a semi-circle is a right angle, the angle in a segment greater than a semi-circle is less than a right angle, and the angle in a segment less than a semi-circle is greater than a right angle.

### ALGEBRA.

Define Index and Coefficient.

- 1. Simplify  $(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) (bz cy)^2 (cx az)_2 (ay bx)^2$ .
- 2. Divide  $1 \frac{2}{3}x x^4 + 2x^5$  by  $1 + \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{5}{8}x^2 + 2x^3 \frac{7}{8}x^4$ .

3. Simplify 
$$\frac{b+c}{(a-b)(a-c)} + \frac{c+a}{(b-c)(b-a)} + \frac{a+b}{(c-a)(c-b)}$$

- 4. A miller has 125 bushels of Winter wheat for which he paid \$1.35 a bushel, and now Spring wheat is selling at \$1.28 a bushel. How many bushels of Spring wheat must he add so that a bushel of the mixed wheat may be sold for \$1,25?
  - 5. Find the value of x in the equation

$$\frac{2x - \frac{1}{3}}{1 - x} - \frac{x - 2}{3x + 1} \times 3^{2/3} = 0,$$

### NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.

- 1. What is Mechanics?
- 2. When are forces in equilibrium? Illustrate by examples.
- 3. What is a Motor?
- 4. Name the seven Mechanical Powers?
- 5. These seven Powers are the combination of what three simple machines?

- 6. Describe a Plumb-line, and tell its use.
- 7. What force is it that gives weight to bodies.
- 8. What is an inclined Plane?
- 9. In constructing roads in mountainous districts what principle in mechanics is observed?
  - 10. What are the practial uses of a Barometer?

### BOOK KEEPING.

- Explain the use of the Journal and the Ledger.
- 2. What is the chief difference between single and double entry. Name four or more accounts not used in the single entry.
- 3. How would you close Merchandise, Loss and Gain, Balance.
- 4. Explain fully the meaning of the following terms as employed in Book-Keeping: Stock, Bill Payable, Trial Balance.
- 5. Name an Account in which the Dr. side can never be greater than the Cr., and one in which the Cr. side can never be greater than the Debtor.

### 6. Journalize:

- (a) Sold goods to A. B. amounting to \$500, and received in payment Cash \$300 and other goods for the balance.
- (b) Bought goods from C. D. amounting to \$1000, paying Cash \$700 and giving my note for \$300.

- 7. When do you credit and when debit Loss and Gain?
- 8. Should the totals of the debits and the credits of all the accounts in the Ledger taken together always be equal? Give your reason.

### FIRST DIVISION.

### HYGIENE.

- 1. On what does the heat of the body depend? What is the principal object of clothing? And what is the comparative value of linen and of woolen clothing in relation to this object?
- 2. What is the life-sustaining element in the air we breathe? Account for the sense of fatigue after remaining for some time in a crowded room?
  - 3. State the effects of too little physical exercise?
- 4. What methods may be used for purifying water, and what are some of the sources of its impurity?
  - 5. Through what organs does oxygen get into the blood?
- 6. How would you proceed to extinguish the fire which had caught the clothing worn by a human being?
- 7. Sleep; how much is needed? What are the results of an insufficient amount? Under what conditions may it be made most conducive to health?

### MUSIC.

1. What is meant by the Key-note?

- 2. What is the Key-note when 4 Flats in the Signature! And 3 Sharps?
- 3. What is the relation between the Major and Minor Scales? How do their signatures differ?
  - 4. What is the difference between a Major and Minor third?
  - 5. How many Semitones in a perfect fifth?
  - 6. Which Scales have 4 Sharps? Which 6 Sharps?
- 7. What are the Signatures for Compound Common Time? Also for Compound Triple 7 ime?
  - 8. What is the effect of a Slur?
  - 9. What Notes form the Triad for E. Major Scale?
- 10. Give the Notes which form the third position of the Triad for F. Minor Scale.
- 11. What is the effect of the Double Sharp, Double Flat, the Signs, and how are they contradicted?

#### SENIOR AND JUNIOR FIFTH BOOKS.

#### DRAWING.

- 1. Draw an original industrial design.
- 2. Draw from memory an industrial design given during the session.
- 3. Draw an edge view of a circle—also an oblique view, and name it.

### SENIOR AND JUNIOR FOURTH BOOKS.

- 1. Draw an industrial design—original.
- 2. Draw an industrial design from memory.
- 3. Draw a quadrant, a sector, an arc.

#### HYGIENE.

- r. On what does the heat of the body depend? What is the principal object of clothing? And what is the comparative value of linen and of woolen clothing in relation to this object?
- 2. What is the life-sustaining element in the air we breathe? Account for the sense of fatigue after remaining for some time in a crowded room?
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- 6. How would you proceed to extinguish the fire which had caught the clothing worn by a human being?
- 7. Sleep; how much is needed? What are the results of an insufficient amount? Under what conditions may it be made most conducive to health?

#### JUNIOR FIFTH BOOK.

# ARITHMETIC AND MENSURATION.

1. Find the sum of the third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh parts of 32760.

- 2. How many posts, six feet apart, would be required in fencing a circular plot of ground one mile round?
- 2. Define a Fraction. Distinguish between a Vulgar and Decimal Fraction. Give example of a Proper, Simple and Complex Fraction.

3. Simplify 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{2\sqrt[2]{3} \times 1^{5/9} \text{ of } ^{7/6}}{11\sqrt[2]{3} - ^{11}/_{12} \text{ of } 7\sqrt[1/3]{3}} \end{cases} \div \frac{5\sqrt[1/2]{2} \times (3\sqrt[1/2]{2} - 1^{2}/_{18})}{16\sqrt[1/4]{4} + 3\sqrt[3]{16} \text{ of } ^{7/51}} + \frac{11\sqrt[1/8]{8} \text{ of } 3^{1/5} \text{ of } 1\sqrt[1/4]{4}}{89 \times 7/8 \text{ of } 4}$$

- 4. How many cubic feet of timber would be required for the sleepers of a double line of railway 18 miles long if each sleeper be 9 feet long, 10 inches broad, and 8 inches thick, and they are placed 3 feet apart?
- 5. Two persons start at the same time, one from Weston, driving at the rate of 11 miles an hour, and the other from Toronto, walking at the rate of four miles an hour. Where and when will they meet, the distance between the two places being ten miles?
- 6. Divide 3102 by 071; and give the quotent as decimal of 5'051.
- 8. Find the difference between Banker's and true discount on a note made the first day of January, 1880, due 22nd June same year, and paid on the 1st of April, rate of discount being 8 per cent. per annum.

# GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION.

- 1. Define Relative Pronoun, Etymology, Impersonal Verb, Passive Voice, Interjection.
  - 2. Give the plural of attorney, 2, i, cloth: the singular of kine,

phenomena; the past tense, past participle, and present participle of go, lay, die; the possessive plural of woman, boy, lady.

- 3. Explain the origin of the sign of the possessive case of the noun; and of the suffix forming the past indicitave of the weak verb.
- 4. Name and illustrate the four principal syntactical combinations or relations of the parts of speech.
  - 5. Parse the words in italics in the following quotation:

"I who wept a little did, I will contess,
The moment I was seated here alone,
Honor my little cell with some few tears,
Which anger and resentment could not dry."

#### 6. Analyse:

"Tell me not in mournful numbers,
Life is but an empty dream;
For the soul is dead that slumbers;
And things are not what they seem."

- 7. Correct anything faulty in the following sentences—giving your reasons:
  - (a) There appears to be many who will not be promoted.
  - (b) Boys are in the plural number because they mean many.
  - (c) James and John have returned more than a month ago.
- (d) In the observance of the laws consists the stability and welfare of the kingdom.
  - 8. Write on one of the following subjects:

The Play-ground.

Vacation.

Advantages derived from the practice of English Composition. 3rd and 4th Divisions.

#### DICTATION AND DERIVATION.

- 1. Write a passage 'o be dictated in the class-room.
- 2. Correct the errors in spelling in the following passage:

There are precidents, therfore for all such things; but such precidents as could not for a moment survive the times of madness and destraction which gave them birth, but which, as soon as the spurs of the occasions were blunted, were repealled and execrated by parliments which, little as I may think of the present, ought not to be compared with it—parliments sitting in the darkness of former times, in the night of freedom—before the principals of government were developed, and before the constitution became fixed.

3. Derive the following words, giving the meaning of the root, and, where such occur, of the affix and prefix in each case; dedicated, lecture, circumstances, obtained, designation, falsehood, imposed, currency, significance.

## GEOGRAPHY.

- I Sailing from London, Eng., what would be the shortest route to India?
- 2. In what countries respectively are Canton, Yokohama, Melbourne, Bombay, Damascus?
- 3. What countries lie along the northern shore of the Mediterranean?
  - 4. Name the British possessions in Europe.

- 5, Give the course of the Gulf Stream. State some effects produced by it.
  - 6. It is said the earth is nearer the sun in winter than in summer, account then for the difference in temperature.
  - 7. From what countries principally come our buffalo-robes, teas, rice, sugar, and coal?
  - 8. What are the chief sources of wealth in France? Name the principal exports of Canada.

#### MODERN HISTORY.

- 1. About what period was the Kingdom of England formed and by whom?
- 2. State the circumstances attending the Norman Conquest and the effects resulting from it.
  - 3. What do you understand by the Feudal system?
- 4. What was the object of the Crusades? Mention the names of some of the chief actors in them. When did Jerusalem finally pass out of Christian hands?
  - 5. What lent distinction to Florence in the fifteenth century?
  - 6. Give a brief sketch of Charles the Fifth.
- 7, Who were the principal actors in the thirty years' war and what is the name of the treaty by which it was closed?
- 8. In what ways did Peter the Great contribute to the greatness of Russia?

#### EUCLID.

- 1. Define a line, a square, parallel straight lines.
- 2. To bisect a given finite straight line, that is, to divide it into two equal parts.
- 3. To make a parallelogram given, which shall be equal to a given triangle, and have an angle equal to a given rectilineal angle.
- 4. If the square upon one side of a triangle be equal to the squares upon the other two sides, the angle contained by these two sides is a right angle.

#### SECOND DIVISION.

#### ALGEBRA.

Define Index and Coefficient.

- 1. Simplify  $(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)$   $(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) (bz cy)^2 (cx az)_2 (ay bx)^2$ .
- 2. Divide  $1 \frac{2}{3}x x^4 + 2x^5$  by  $1 + \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{5}{3}x^2 + 2x^3 \frac{7}{3}x^4$ .
- 3. Find the G. C. M. of  $2x^2 13x \times 15$  and  $6x^2 7x 3$ .

4. Simplify 
$$\frac{b+c}{(a-b)(a-c)} + \frac{c+a}{(b-c)(b-a)} + \frac{a+b}{(c-a)(c-b)}$$

5. Find the value of x in equation

$$\frac{2x-3}{x+1} - \frac{2x+5}{5x-2} = \frac{3x-4}{5x-2} + \frac{x-5}{x+1}.$$

#### NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.

- 1. What properties belong to all bodies?
- 2. Give examples of the principle of inertia.

- 3. Define Compressibility, Dilatibility, Porosity.
- 4. Define Specific Gravity.
- 5. What is a Siphon, and how is it prepared for use?
- 6. What is a Water-Pump?
- 7. In using the common Lifting Pump explain how the water is lifted from a well.
  - 8. Name some of the uses of a Barometer.

#### BOOK KEEPING.

1. How would you enter the following in the Day Book and Ledger?

#### JUNE 1.

You commence business with Mdse \$1200	
Cash 1500	
Richard Dawson owes you 100	
You owe James Smith 75	
<del>2-`</del>	
Bought from Peter Cooper on credit 300 lbs. tea at 50c.	
<del>-</del> 3 <del></del>	
Paid Peter Cooper on account 100	
<del>-4-</del>	
Received from Richard Dawson in full	
of account 100	
<del></del> 5	
Paid to James Smith 50	

- 2. How would you find the losses or gains by Single Entry?
- 3. What is meant by Liability, Asset, Bill Receivable?

4. On which side of the Cash Book or Cash Account would you enter Cash Received?

#### SENIOR FOURTH BOOK.

#### ARITHMETIC AND MENSURATION.

- 1. Find the sum of the third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh parts of 32760.
- 2. How many posts, six feet apart, would be required in fencing a circular plot of ground one mile round?
- 2. Define a Fraction. Distinguish between a Vulgar and Decimal Fraction. Give example of a Proper, Simple and Complex Fraction.

3. Simplify 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{2\sqrt[2]{3} \times 1^{5/9} \text{ of } ^{7/6}}{11\sqrt[2]{3} - 1^{1/1}/12 \text{ of } 7^{\frac{1}{2}/3}} \end{cases} \div \frac{5\frac{1}{2} \times (3\frac{1}{2} - 1^{2}/13)}{16\frac{1}{4} + 3^{3/16} \text{ of } ^{7/51}} + \frac{11\frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 3^{1/5} \text{ of } 1\frac{1}{4}}{89 \times \frac{7}{8} \text{ of } 4}$$

- 5. Find the cost of carpeting a room 16 feet by 12 feet 6 inches, with carpet 5% of a yard wide, at \$1.50 per yard.
- 6. Two persons start at the same time, one from Weston, driving at the rate of 11 miles an hour, and the other from Toronto, walking at the rate of four miles an hour. Where and when will they meet, the distance between the two places being ten miles?
- 7. Find the simple interest on \$335.50 from the 1st of January, 1880, to the 22nd of June of the same year at 7 per cent. per annum.
- 6. Divide 3102 by 071; and give the quotent as decimal of 5051.

# THIRD DIVISION.

#### ALGEBRA.

Define Index and Coefficient.

- 1. Simplify  $(a^2 + b^2 + c_2)(x_2 + y_2 + z_2) (bz cy)^2 (cx az)^2 (ay bx)^2$ .
- 2.  $15x^5 17x^4 24x^3 1382x 130x + 63$  by  $5x^3 + 6x^1 9x + 7$ .
  - 3. Find the value of x in the equation

$$\frac{x-2}{x+2} + \frac{x-3}{x-2} = 2$$

#### ANCIENT HISTORY.

- 1. Give the names of the various Aryan races in Europe in the order of their migration into it.
- 2. Who were the parties in the Peloponnesian war, and with what result was it waged?
  - 3. Give an account of the second Punic War.
  - 4. What important service was rendered Rome by Sulla?
- 5. When, by whom, and with what results was the battle of Philippi fought?
- 6. Give the names of the Flavian Emperors, and mention the more important events which took place during their reign.
- 7. What importance attaches to Constantine the Great, and when and where did he begin to reign, and how long did his reign continue?

# SENIOR AND JUNIOR FOURTH BOOK

#### DERIVATION.

Give the root, and the affix, and prefix (when possible) of each of the following words:

Distinguishable,	Detached,
Angular,	Polished,
Ordinary,	Descend,
Channel,	Carefully.
Fragments	

#### Fragments,

#### GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION.

- 1. Define Personal Pronoun, Participle, Adverb, Preposition.
- 2. Write the plural of chimney, shelf, story; the past tense and past participle of *ride*, *play*, *lay*; and possessive plural of *man*, *girl*, *soldier*.
- 3. Change the voice of the verb in each of the following sentences:
  - "The curfew tolls the knell of parting day."
    "We were summoned to dinner by the ringing of a gong."
  - 4. Parse the words in italics in the following:

The heart of Robert Bruce, which was preserved in a silver case, they consigned to the care of Douglas.

# 5. Analyse:

The abuses of John's government caused the combination of the barons which extorted Magna Charta.

6. Write a short letter to a friend describing a walk into the country, or a trip on Lake Ontario.

#### GEOGRAPHY.

- 1. Name the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada.
- 2. What cities have we in Ontario?
- 3. In what direction from Toronto is Rosseau Lake, Goderich, St. Catharines, Ottawa?
- 4. Name the capitals of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and British Columbia.
  - 5. What is the population of the British Empire?
- 6. Give the colonies and possessions in Europe belonging to the British Empire.
- 7. What direction would you take to reach the capital of England from Edinburgh, from Dublin, from St. Petersburgh, from Paris?
- 8. In the German Confederation what kingdom is the most important? Name its capital.
  - 9. What States make up the United Kingdom of Italy?
  - 10. Give the rivers of Italy and the seas into which they flow.
- 12. Sailing from London, England, describe the shortest route to India.
- 12. Where is Palestine situated? What is it noted for? In Africa what river possesses the greatest historic importance?

#### MUSIC.

- 1. How many kinds of Scales are there, and what are they?
- 2. Of what are the Scales composed?

- 3. What effect has a Sharp or Flat placed before a note?
- 4. What is the use of the Natural?
- 5. Is it necessary to put a Sharp or Flat before every note required to be raised or lowered? Why?
  - 6. What is an Interval?
  - 7. What is a Semitone? What a Tone?
  - 8. How many kinds of Tone are there? Name them.
  - 9. What are the Subdivisions in Time?
  - 10. Under which division does C. come? And \(\frac{3}{4}\)? And \(\frac{4}{4}\)?
  - 11. What is meant by the Key-note?
- 12. What is the Key-note when 4 Flats is the Signature? And 3 Sharps?

#### HYGIENE.

- 1. What are the essential conditions of health?
- 2. How are the muscles rendered strong?
- 3. Why is occasional bathing conducive to health, and when is the warm bath debilitating?
  - 4. Mention some things favorable to digestion.
- 5. Why is it dangerous to eat or drink any food which has remained in the room of any person suffering from fever or contagious disease of any kind?
  - 6. What can be said of milk as an article of food?
  - 7. How would you treat a scald or burn?

# JUNIOR FOURTH BOOK.

# ARITHMETIC AND MENSURATION.

- I. Find the sum of the third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh parts of 32760.
- 2. Add together thirty millions five hundred and eight thousand six hundred, twenty-three thousand twenty-three hundred and twenty-three, ninety one thousand and nineteen, eighteen thousand eighteen hundred and eight, and fifty-nine millions eleven thousand and one.
- 3. After subtracting 357 thirty-five times from a certain number, there remains 309. What is the number?
- 4. How many posts, six feet apart, would be required in fencing a circular plot of ground one mile round?
- 5. The height of Chimborazo, one of the Andes is 21440 feet. Express it in miles, &c.
- 6. Define a Fraction. Distinguish between a Vulgar and Decimal Fraction. Give example of a Proper, Simple and Complex Fraction.

7. Simplify 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{2\sqrt[2]{3} \times 1^{5/9} \text{ of } ^{7/6}}{11\sqrt[2]{3} - 1^{1/2} \text{ of } 7^{1/3}} \end{cases} \div \frac{5\sqrt[4]{2} \times (3\sqrt[4]{2} - 1^{2/13})}{16\sqrt[4]{4} + 3\sqrt[3]{16} \text{ of } ^{1/2} \text{ of } 1\sqrt[4]{4}} + \frac{11\sqrt[4]{8} \text{ of } 3^{1/5} \text{ of } 1\sqrt[4]{4}}{89 \times 7/8 \text{ of } 4}$$

8. From £.062725 + £3.005 take the sum of 15.825s. + 51.25d.

#### HISTORY.

1. Mention the several races which contribute to form the English people.

- 2. What were the contents of the Great Charter? Where and by whom was it signed?
- 3. Give some particulars of the reign of Henry V., and mention the war which broke out after his death.
- 4. Name, in order, the sovereigns of the Tudor dynasty. Give the name and offices of some of the chief men in the reign of Henry VIII.
- 5. In whose reign did Marlborough die? Give the names of his victories, and state the name and terms of the treaty formed at the close of the war.
- 6. When was the independence of the United States of America acknowledged by England, and what were the causes which led to it?

# FOR MR. ALDERMAN HALLAM'S MEDALS.

#### CANADIAN HISTORY.

- 1. Give a brief account of the habits and character of the inhabitants of Canada at the time of the discovery by Europeans.
- 2. Give the names of the four leading tribes of Indians with which the first settlers of Canada were brought into relationship, and state the nature of their relations to them respectively.
- 3. What seems to have been the location of the first European settlement, and under whose auspices was it made?
- 4. Mention some of the impediments to success with which the early settlers had to contend.
  - 5. Give an account of the parts borne respectively by

Champlain, Frontenac, and La Salle in the settlement and exploration of the country, with dates.

- 6. What were the first articles of exchange between Canada and Europe? Compare with them those of to-day.
- 7. Mention several distinct forms of government which existed in Canada previous to the introduction of responsible government. What do you understand by responsible government?
- 8. Give the dates and the purport in relation to Canada of the following treaties: St. Germain-in-Laye, Utrecht, and Paris.
- 9. What causes led to the erection of two governments in Canada—one in Upper Canada and one in Lower—and what causes led to their re-union? Give the date of the latter.
- 10. Mention the Circumstances connected with the foundation of Annapolis and of Halifax.
  - II. What causes led to the rebellion in Upper Canada?
- 12. Give the dates of the following events: (a) Champlain's first voyage to Canada. (b) His death. (c) Foundation of Quebec. (d) Final surrender of Canada to the British. (e) Ashburton Treaty. (f) Reciprocity Treaty. (g) Confederation.

#### GEOGRAPHY.

- 1. Give the area and population of the Dominion of Canada.
- 2. Name the Provinces through which the following rivers flow: Saguenay, Red, Fraser, Trent, St. John and Grand.
- 3. Where are the following Islands found: Manitoulin, Queen Charlotte, Long Point, Wolfe, Christian, Orleans, and Magdalen?

- 4. Name the principal minerals of Canada, and tell where they are chiefly to be found.
- 5. What are the chief industries of the Maritime Provinces? What the exports of Ontario?
  - 6. Give the Counties and their capitals on Lake Erie.
- 7. What towns on the line of the G. T. R. between Toronto and Prescott?
  - 8. Give the lines of railway in Ontario.
- 9. What is the length of the St. Lawrence? 'Name its rapids. Name the lakes of which it is the outlet.

Pinancial Statements.

# Financial Statements.

Annual General Statement of Receipts and Expenditure for Public School Purposes, City of Toronto, for the year ending December 31st, 1880.

## INCOME FOR 1880.

INCOME FOR 1880.			
Balance from 1879	\$5,837	61	
Cash on hand	1	33	
Legislative Appropriation for 1880	8,756	00	1
Municipal Assessment for General School Purposes	87,603	00	
" Building Purposes	15,600	00	
Fees for non-resident pupils	100	50	
Educational Department School Prizes for 1880	106	17	
Sundries	13	70	
-			<b>6110 010 0</b>
Total			\$118,018 3
EXPENDITURE FOR 188	0.		
1. New School Buildings, Sites, &c., as per state-			
ment in detail. (See Appendix A)	\$4,569	66	
2. Repairs, Alterations and Improvements at the several Schools, as per statement in detail.	. ,		
(See Appendix B.)	4,268	33	
3. Salaries of Officers, Teachers and Caretakers,			
as per statement in detail. (See Appendix			
C.)	78,003	64	
4. Fuel for Schools, Board Room and Offices:			
Wm. McGill & Co., Wood and			
Coal, per Contract\$3,886 85			
P. Burns, do			
Sundry persons, cutting wood 636 11			
Cartage			
	4,614	19	
5. Premiums of Insurance on Buildings, Furni-	,-		
ture, etc., as per statement in detail. (See			
Appendix D.)	672	20	
Carried forward	92,128	02	

•			•
Brought forward	<b>\$92,</b> 128	02	
6. Expenditure on Night Schools as per statement in detail. (See Appendix E.)	2,096	71	
7. Printing. Stationery, School Supplies, Prize Books, Apparatus, &c., as per statement in	·		
detail. (See Appendix F.)	2,252	26	
8. Water Rates for all the Schools	1,741		
9. Black-leading Stoves, Varnishing Pipes, Re-	1,,11	00	
placing old Stoves, Zinc, etc., in all the			
Schools:			
F. W. Unitt\$234 78			
J. C. Swait			
	301	68	
10. Miscellaueous Expenditure, as per statement	000	0.0	
in detail. (See Appendix G.)	989		
11. Cash on hand	z	<u>26</u>	
Total Expenditure		<b>\$</b> 99,	511 37
Building Account	13.827	21	
School Account	•		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		506 94
Total		\$118,	018 31
Certified,			
W. C. WILKINSON, Audited and A	Approve	d,	
Secretary. R. C	C. FITZ	GERAL	D.
Toronto, January, 1881.		Λ	uditor.
•			
	- ,		
APPENDIX A.			
Statement in detail of Expenditure on Acc			
Buildings, Sites, &c., from 31st De	cember,	1879, t	to 31st
December, 1880, given as one sum in 1	tem N	o. I, A	nnual
General Statement.		•	
•			
Thos. Murray, School Site, Hope Street	on of S	\$2,	500 00
Building, Hope Street			715 00
E. & C. Gurney & Co., F: rnaces for Ryerson and	l Well	eslev	
Schools			
			354 66
Total of Item No. 1	• • • • • •	1,	

# APPENDIX B.

Statement in Detail of Expenditure for Repairs, Alterations, and Improvements at the Several Schools during 1880, given in one sum in Item No. 2, in Annual General Statemeni.

# GIVINS STREET SCHOOL.

G. Weeks, Carpenters' Work, Repairs, &c	\$45	00		
G. Keen, Painting and Re-glazing	16	00		
V. J. Wallis, Plumbers' Work	7	94	1	
H. R. Whetter, Repairing Blackboards	7	00		
Pells & Dodds, Repairs	-	30		
			\$78	24
			J.O	
NIAGARA STREET SCHOO	L.		,	
J. Sloan, Carpenters' Work, Planking, &c	\$217	20		
V. J. Wallis, Plumbers' Work, Putting in Gas				
Pipes	30	00		
V. J. Wallis, Altering and Renewing Sink	20	65		
A. Montgomery, Cement Blackboards	48	00		
G. Weeks, Carpenters' Work	31	50		
Pells & Dodds " "	10	78		
G. S. Faircloth & Son, Reglazing	5	90		
S. Phillips, Cover for Gas Meter	1	50		
			365	53
<del>-</del>			000	00
BATHURST STREET SCHOO	)L.		000	00
		97	300	00
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c	<b>\$</b> 96		000	00
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$96 23	00	000	00
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$96 23 109	00 15	000	00
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$96 23 109 37	00 15 00	000	00
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$96 23 109 37	00 15 00 70	000	00
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$96 23 109 37 1	00 15 00 70 00	000	90
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c  H. R. Whetter, Cement Blackboards.  T. M. Buley, Painting and Reglazing.  G. Keen, Whitewashing and Reglazing.  J. Frazer, Reglazing.  J. Sloan, Repairs.  Pells & Dodds "	\$96 23 109 37 1 3	00 15 00 70 00 35	000	90
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$96 23 109 37 1 3	00 15 00 70 00		
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c  H. R. Whetter, Cement Blackboards.  T. M. Buley, Painting and Reglazing.  G. Keen, Whitewashing and Reglazing.  J. Frazer, Reglazing.  J. Sloan, Repairs.  Pells & Dodds "	\$96 23 109 37 1 3	00 15 00 70 00 35	272	
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c  H. R. Whetter, Cement Blackboards.  T. M. Buley, Painting and Reglazing.  G. Keen, Whitewashing and Reglazing.  J. Frazer, Reglazing.  J. Sloan, Repairs.  Pells & Dodds "	\$96 23 109 37 1 3 1	00 15 00 70 00 35		
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$96 23 109 37 1 3 1 1 OL.	00 15 00 70 00 35 50		
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$96 23 109 37 1 3 1 1 OL.	00 15 00 70 00 35 50		
J. Nelson, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$96 23 109 37 1 3 1 1 OL.	00 15 00 70 00 35 50	272	

$Brought\ forward\dots\dots$			\$731	89
BORDEN STREET SCHOO	L.			
J. Cropper, Carpenters' Work	4	20 91 92	24	03
PHŒBE STREET SCHOOL				••
J. Howard, Constructing Drain, Carpenters'				
Work, &c	<b>\$2</b> 16	14		
Cooke & Berry, Removing Night Soil	69	06		
V. J. Wallis, Plumbers' Work	11	35		
Pells & Dodds, Carpenters' Work	8	99		
G. Keen, Reglazing	12	00		
A. M. Browne, "	. 2	25		
J. Bovaird, Repairs	1	00		
or bornard, and an arrangement of the second			320	79
RYERSON SCHOOL.				
J. H. Hamblyn, Carpenters Work, &c	\$120	82		
J. Stephens " "		89		
T. M. Buley, Painting and Reglazing		99		
J. Frazer, " "		34		
W. R. Dossor, Clearing Obstructions in Chimney.		00		
V. J. Wallis, Plumbers' Work		75		
A. M. Browne, Reglazing		15		
J. Sloan, Repairs		85		
W. H. Smith, Assorted Shrubs		00		
THE CHILD I LOSS COM COM COM COMMENCE C		<u> </u>	192	79
JOHN STREET SCHOOL			102	••
J. Bullman, Carpenter Work, &c	GA	11		
G. Pearcy, Painting and Reglazing		05		
A. Montgomery, Cement Blackboards and Plaster-	02	V <sub>O</sub>		
ing	59	20		
A. W. Mason, Repairs		00		-
Pells & Dodds, "	2	35		
1 this & Dodds,	`	99	181	71
TARTE CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL			101	/1
YORK STREET SCHOOL AND C	FFICE	ES.		
A. Coyell, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$29	86		
Pells & Dodds, Carpenters' Work, &c	25	42		
A. M. Browne, Painting and Whitewashing	62	70		
W. J. Gibson, Plumbers' Work		42		
•				
Carried forward	<b>\$</b> 125	40	\$1,451	21

Brought forward	\$125	40	<b>\$1,4</b> 51	21
V. J. Wallis, Repairing Roof	7	15		
G. Leslie & Son, Assorted Shrubs	2	00		
_			134	<b>55</b>
LOUISA STREET SCHOOL	<b>.</b>			
W. G. Boon, Carpenters' Work	\$253	61		
J. Stephens, Carpenters' Work	10	54		
Pells & Dodds, Carpenters' Work	9	29		
G. Pearcy, Painting	29	55		
J. L. Robin, Reglazing	8	10		
E. Merrett, Reglazing	1	30		
J. Fraser, Reglazing	1	<b>25</b>		
-			313	64
ELIZABETH STREET SCHO	OL.			
J. Stephens, Carpenters' Work, &c	\$42	24		
W. J. Gibson, putting in Gas Pipes	55			
J. Gray, Tinsmiths' Work		85		
Pells & Dodds, Repairs		34		
A. M. Browne, Reglazing	·	80		
J. Fraser, Reglazing	1	25		
- Trasti, 108m211g		_	108	74
WELLESLEY SCHOOL.				
J. Stephens, Carpenters' Work	\$124	99		
H. Geraghty, Carpenters' Work	10	00		
G. Pearcy, Painting and Reglazing	15	20		
J. Gray, Plumbers' Work	3	<b>25</b>		
J. Fraser, Reglazing	4	05		
James Stephens, Assorted Shrubs	7	00		
Pells & Dodds, Repairs	1	00		
-			165	49
CHURCH STREET SCHOO	L.			
D. M. Kimings, Carpenters' Work	\$79	80		
Livingston & Wright, Constructing Brick Ash Pit.	35	00		
B. Brick, Constructing Drain	40	<b>50</b>		
O. Tolliver, Whitewashing	20	00		
C. R. Rundle & Co., Cement Blackboards	18	85		
W. J. Gibson, Plumbers' Work	5	08		
J. H. Haskett, Reglazing	3	00		
J. Fraser, Reglazing	3	55		
Young & Davis, Frosting Windows		75		
Pells & Dodds, Repairs	_	75		
-	·····		209	28
Carried forward			\$2,382	91

Brought forward			\$2,382	91
VICTORIA STREET SCHOOL	)L.			
J. Stephens, Carpenters' Work	\$127 54			
W. J. Gibson, Plumbers' Work	16			
Geo. Boxall, Tinsmiths' Work	_	35		
J. Fraser, Reglazing	3	95		
J. H. Haskett, Reglazing	1	<b>40</b>		
Pells & Dodds, Repairs	. 2	15		
W. Verrall, Repairs		75	211	<b>~=</b>
			211	07
GEORGE STREET SCHOOL	L,			
T. M. Bryer, Carpenters' Work, &c	<b>\$</b> 63			
Pells & Dodds, Carpenters' Work		80		
J. H. Haskett, Reglazing, &c		90		
A. Hamilton, Reglazing, &c		20		
W. St. Louis, Plasterers Work, &c		00 77		
Young & Davis, Frosting Windows		75		
Wheeler & Bain, Tinsmiths' Work		53	•	
			122	01
WINCHESTER STREET SCHO	OL.			
J. T. Coatsworth, Carpenters' Work	\$30	64		
T. M. Bryer " "		85		
C. R. Rundle & Co., Repairing Blackboards	•	10		
G. S. Faircloth & Son, Reglazing, &c		70		
J. Bulley, Clearing Drain	4	00		
W. J. Gibson, Plumbers' Work	1	90		
Pells & Dodds, Repairs	2	<b>79</b>		
-		—	\$63	98
DUFFERIN SCHOOL.				
James Corbett, Carpenters' Work	<b>\$</b> 23	30		
W. St. Louis, Plasterers' Work	18	50		
J. Kidd, Painting Front Fence	60	00		
J. C. Swait, Repairing Valleys and Eavetroughs	13	10		
W. J. Gibson, Plumbers' Work	6	70		
J. Fraser, Reglazing		<b>40</b>		
De Laplante & Bowden, Planking	3	20		
Pells & Dodds, Repairs		85		
G Reading, Assorted Shrubs	4	00	10"	٥Ĕ
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			135	
Carried forward			\$2,915	02

Brought forward		\$2,915 02
PARK SCHOOL.		
J. Wilson, Carpenters' Work, A.c	\$302 87	
ing	105 90	
C. R. Rundle & Co., Plastering	34 65	
Cooke & Berry, Removing Night Soil	47 38	
Pells & Dodds, Carpenters' Work	9 39	
J. H. Haskett, Reglazing	2 50	
E. Merrett, "	80	503 49
PARLIAMENT STREET SCHO	OL.	
J. Corbett, Carpenters' Work	\$66 91	
J. Wilson, Carpenters' Work	47 09	
A. Hamilton, Painting and Whitewashing	40 02	
Richards Bros., putting in Gas Pipes	32 70	
C. R. Rundell & Co., Cement Blackboards	18 55	
Pells & Dodds, Repairs	4 45	
J. H. Haskett, Reglazing	3 20	
J. Fraser, Reglazing	1 30	21, 22
·		214 22
PALACE STREET SCHOOL	ı <b>.</b>	
J. Wilson, Carpenters' Work	\$177 92	
J. Bulley, Tuckpointing	118 00	
W. St. Louis, Plastering, Whitewashing, &c	88 00	
Cooke & Berry, Removing Night Soil	41 38	
" Repairing Closets	6 00	
J. H. Haskett, Painting & Reglazing	29 80	
Pells & Dodds, Repairs	5 15	100 05
LESLIEVILLE SCHOOL.		466 25
T. M. Bryer, Carpenters' Work	\$17 80	
W. St. Louis, Whitewashing and Plastering	33 50	
MISCELLANEOUS.		51 30
		,
A. Montgomery, Cement Blackboards at Sundry	004.00	
Schools	\$34 00	•
G. Leslie & Son, Shade Trees	36 20	•
Sweeping Chimnies.	22 20	
Expenses of Annual Inspection of School Pro-	16 90	•
perty	16 30	
Sundry Small Payments	9 35	118 05
mulati N o		@4 069 99
Total of Item, No. 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>\$4,268 33</b>

# APPENDIX C.

Statement in Detail of Salaries of Officers, Teachers, Caretakers, &c., paid during 1880, as given in one sum in Item No. 3, in Annual General Statement.

James Hughes, Inspector W. C. Wilkinson, Secretary J. T. Thompson, Truant Officer Wm. Anderson, Auditor C. R. Woodland, Messenger and Caretaker Four, Examiners (Combined Examination) Twenty-two Caretakers	\$1,800 00 1,300 00 700 00 25 00 600 00 160 00 3,813 80	) ) ) )
MALE TEACHERS.		
HEAD MASTERS.		
James Anderson	\$850 00	
John Campbell	898 75	
Wm. Cassidy	750 00	
Levi J. Clark	900 00	
Samuel Coyne	850 00	
George Crane	850 00	
Robert W. Doan	900 00	
Martin Gill	900 00	
Audrew Hendry	900 00	
Richard Lewis	1,000 00	
R. T. Martin	850 00	
Samuel McAllister	1,000 00	
Robert McCausland	850 00	
Adam F. McDonald	1,000 00	
Adam Morrison	900 00	
John Phillips	750 00	
Albert R. Pyne	894 25	
Francis S. Spence	897 50	
Wm. Spotton	750 00	
_		16,690 50
Assistant Masters.		20,000
Henry Browne	\$850 00	
Peter G. Meldrum	850 00	
George K. Powell	850 00	
		2,550 00
Carried forward		\$27,639 30

Brought forward			\$27,639	30
Music Teachers.				
A. P. Perrin	\$325 325		650	00
FEMALE TEACHERS.			000	00
HEAD MISTRESS.				
Miss C. M. Churchill	\$600	00		
_			600	00
SENIOR FIFTH BOOK CLASS.				
Miss M. Buik	\$525	00		
" O. Dunn	525	00		
" M. J. Keown	525	00		
			1,575	00
JUNIOR FIFTH BOOK CLASS.				
Miss Susan Hamilton	\$467	87		
" C. Spotton	500	00		
" M, A, Worth	500	00		
· ·	<del></del> -		1,467	87
SENIOR FOURTH BOOK CLASS				
Miss S. J. Hamilton	\$470	00		
" A. Kelloch	472	.00		
" Elizabeth Kennedy	475	00		
" S. McCreight	500	00		
" J. Rogers	500	00		
"R. Thompson	500	00		
"E. A. Williams	500	00		
			3,417	00
JUNIOR FOURTH BOOK CLASS.				
Miss M. Coyne	\$448	00		
" J. A. Cruise	449	00		
" S. M. Hamilton	450	00		
" G. Round	500	00		
Mrs. K. Stevenson	450	00		
-			2,297	00
SENIOR THIRD BOOK CLASS.				
Miss A. Armstrong	\$424	50		
" A. I. Cameron	425			
" Jessie Campbell	424			
Mrs. A. Carey	425	00	,	
<u> </u>		_		
Carried forward	1,698	98	\$37,646	17
•				

Brought forward	<b>\$1,698</b>	98	\$37,646	17
Miss H. Fraser	408		4,020	
" Carrie Gray	418	75		
Mrs. E. A. Green	425	00		
Miss P. J Johnston	405			
"Emma Kennedy	399			
"Kate Lemon	334			
"Kate A. Scarlett	450			
" Jane Smyth	500			
"G. Stokes	424			
" Maria Woods	425	•		
Waria Woods			5,888	48
JUNIOR THIRD BOOK CLASS				
Mrs. J. S. Arthurs	<b>\$4</b> 50	00		
Miss A. Chambers	399	50		
Mrs. M. A. Fitzgerald	400	00		
Miss M. Frazer	400	00		
" A. Frisby	398	00		
" M. Gunn	400	00		
" H. How	400	00		
" M. J. Hunter	400	00		
Mrs. L. Leadley	399	50		
" E. Lilly	397	50		
" J. A. McBrien	394	50		
" M. A. McDonald	380	24		
Miss S. McKenzie	400	00		
" I. Mearns	400			
" M. Newton	388			
Mrs. G. Riches	450			
" K. Rowland	425			
Miss A. Sims	400			
" H. Somerville	400			
-			7,682	24
SENIOR SECOND BOOK CLASS	•			
Mrs. J. N. Agnew	\$373	00		
Miss K. M. Allan	371	00		
Mrs. J. S. Balmer	<b>3</b> 75	00		
" C. Brechon	371	50		
Miss T. Carlyle	372	00		
" E. J. Church	374	<b>50</b>		
" A. Freeman	371	<b>50</b>		
" A. A. Gray	333	08		
" J. Gunn	<b>3</b> 75	00		
" C. Jackson	336	<b>74</b>		
Carried forward	<b>\$3,653</b>	32	<b>\$</b> 51,216	89
,				

$Brought forward \dots \dots$	\$3,653 32	\$51,216 89
Miss L. Lumsden	374 00	
" M. Sefton	374 50	
" M. B. Smith	375 00	
" C. J. Watson	373 50	
" M. A. Westman	375 00	
		5,525 32
JUNIOR SECOND BOOK CLASS	S.	
Mrs. A. F. Armour	\$347 00	
Miss L. Cornor	348 50	
" L. Gellatly	346 00	
" G. Grant	350 00	
" E. R. Gray		
" L. Kessack	287 26	
Mrs. M. McCuaig.		
Miss L. Payne	350 00	
" E. Y. Sams		
" A. M. Sefton		
Miss M. Spence	350 00	
Mrs. M. Steward	350 00	
Miss L. S. Taylor	350 00	
" E. C. Thompson	350 00	
Mrs. S. E. Wallace	346 20	
Miss M. L. Williams	347 00	
MISS M. D. WHIGHUS		5,518 96
SENIOR FIRST BOOK CLASS	•	
Miss I. Brown	\$324 50	
" E. M. Chadwick	325 00	
" F. A. Cheney	324 50	
" E. Foulds	$325 \ 00$	
" A. S. Gray	325 00	
" S. Hagarty	325 00	
" F. Martin	325 00	
" M. J. McCally	324 50	
"A. McIntyre	319 00	
" M. Milne	323 50	
" M. Mullen	325 00	
" B. Sims	325 00	
" F. Sims	322 00	
" L. Slater	325 00	
" M. F. Spence	316 00	
" L. Sturrock	256 91	
" F. Thompson	324 00	
		5,434 <b>9</b> 1
Carried forward		\$67,696 08

$Brought\ forward\dots\dots$			\$67,696	08
Junior First Book Class.				
Miss J. Anderson	<b>\$</b> 331	50		
"L. Anderson	324	00		
Mrs. J. E. Bell	325	00		
Miss A. Black	325	00		
" P. Black	325	00		
" E. Bolton	317	<b>5</b> 0		
" L. E. Briant	216	64		
" J. F. Brown	325	00		
" I. Campbell	324	<b>50</b>		
" J. Carlyle	324	00		
" H. Clarkson	325	00		
Mrs. L. Coad	104	68		
Miss L. Dickenson	325	00		
Mrs. J. Greer	325	00		
Miss E. Langton	325	00		
" M. Logan	325	00		
Mrs. S. L. Lowry	67	74		
Miss A. Mckee	325	00		
" F. McKee	321	00		
" J. Mark	323	<b>50</b>		
" A. S. Martin	325	00		
" I. Nudel	325	00		
" M. Ritchie	324	<b>50</b>		
" S. E. A. Scobie	325	00		
" M. Smyth	335	00		
" I. V. Straubel	322	00		
" B. M. Wallace	325	00		
"A. T. Waterson	324	50		
<del>-</del>			8,511	06
Miss B. Gunn, Drawing Teacher	\$500	00		
Occasional Teachers	1,296	50		
· -	·	_	1,796	50
Total of Item No. 3			. \$78,003	64

#### APPENDIX D.

Statement of Premiums of Insurance paid, as given in one sum in Item No. 5, in Annual General Statement.

Sovereign	44	66	112 0
Queen City	"	"	108 8
Northern	"	* 6	
British Ameri	can	4.6	
Western	. "	. "	88 (
Phœnix	44	66	

# APPENDIX E.

Statement in Detail of Expenditure on Night Schools, as given in one sum in Item No. 6, in Annual General Statement.

Salaries of Teachers Salaries of Caretakers					\$1,649 218	
Gowans & Kent, Furnish					145	
J. N. Richards & Co., C					12	40
N. L. Piper & Son					40	23
C. & J. Murray		"	"	 		15
J. Sloan, Hanging Lamp					8	10
J. Lang, Lamp Shades.						10
J. Philips, Coal Oil	. <b></b>			 	 4	12
C. Jones " "	. <b></b> .			 	 2	18
J. Curtis, Hanging Lam	. ,ag		<b></b>	 	 2	50
	Total of	ltem	No. 6	 	 \$2,096	71

# APPENDIX F.

Statement in Detail for Printing, Advertising, Stationery, School Supplies, Prize Books, Apparatus, etc., as given in one sum in Item No. 7, in Annual General Statement.

G. C. Patterson & Co., Printing Inspector's Annual Report	<b>\$94</b>	85
" " Semi-Monthly Minutes	151	85
" Examination Papers, Circulars,		
Posters, Notices and General Printing	294	00
Rolph, Smith & Co., Certificates of Honor	65	00
Globe Printing Co., Advertising	28	00
Mail, "	28	00
Telegram, "	23	<b>50</b>
World, "	4	50
James Campbell & Son, Prize Books	424	73
R. Hay & Co., Primary Seats, Tables, Pointers, Ink-wells, and		
Repairs to School Furniture	141	29
Education Depository, Apparatus	180	98
Barber & Ellis, Stationery and School Supplies	301	88
W. Gage & Co. " " "	232	35
Brown Bros. " " "	22	96
Buntin Bros., Paper for Electric Pen	6	75
Kent Bros., Repairing and Cleaning Clocks in all the Schools	56	25
R. H. Smith, Window Blinds for Sundry Schools	33	60
P. Paterson & Son, Hardware and Supplies	22	60
J. Davis & Co., Electric Pen Supplies	11	oò
J. M. Maude, Ink	39	73
W. Townsend, Black-board Brushes, Oil Cloth, &c	18	99
I. Suckling & Sons, Tuning Forks, &c	14	<b>5</b> 0
J. C. Swait, Tin Cups	13	50
N. L. Piper & Son, Pails	7	05
Grant, Barfoot & Co., Lithographing Diploma	15	0 <b>0</b>
J. Sloan, Repairing Desks and Benches	7	90
H. Pim, Printograph and Refilling	7	75
A. H. Paule, Refilling Printograph	2	00
Sundries	1	75
_		

# APPENDIX G.

Statement in Detail of Miscellaneous Expenditure, as given in one sum in Item No. 10, in Annual General Statement.

Trustee Elections, Returning Officers, Fees, Rent of Polling		
Booths, &c	\$275	45
Entrance Examinations, Collegiate Institute	110	00
Kerr & Anderson, Rent of Mission Church, Markham Street, for		
School Purposes	100	00
A. W. Goldsmith, Rent of Church adjoining Elizabeth Street		
School, for School Purposes	148	00
J. G. Owens, Engrossing Resolution to Dr. G. Wright, the retir-		
ing Chairman	25	00
J. T. Thompson, Truant Officer Bonus	50	00
C. R. Woodland, Messenger "	50	00
London & Paris House, Clock for Board Room	18	00
Gas Account, for Board Room and Office	16	85
H. Pellatt, for use of Pavilion, Horticultural Gardens, for Annual		
Meeting	10	00
Mason, Risch & Co., Piano	. 5	00
Cab Hire, &c., for Distribution of Jesse Ketchum Prizes	20	<b>50</b>
Cab Hire for Funeral of the late Hon. George Brown	15	<b>50</b>
Bill Posting, H. Jackman, \$9.00; W. Tozer, \$2.50	11	50
W. H. Sparrow, Filter for Offices	7	00
G. Pearsall, Lawn Mower, Wellesley School	7	75
W. Briscoe, Wheelbarrow for Ryerson School	6	00
J. Creys, Wheelbarrows for Louisa and John Street Schools	10	0 <b>0</b>
Expenses of Committee, Measuring and Inspecting Wood	11	<b>3</b> 0
Cartage and Expressage	20	47
C. R. Woodland, Superintending Stove Cleaning, &c	10	00
J. T. Thompson, Street Car Tickets	3	00
Inspector's Postage, P.O. Box, &c	12	
Secretary's "	16	
S. S. Cann, Ice for Board Room and Offices	_	75
E. Davis, Step-ladder	3	00
Cab Hire for Committees, &c		<b>50</b>
Might & Taylor, Directory		<b>50</b>
Elliot & Co., Oxalic Acid	_	80
Hart & Rawlinson, Sundries	-	95
Sundries	1	<b>7</b> 5
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Total of Item No. 10....... \$989 36

# SECRETARY'S VALUATION OF SCHOOL PROPERTY.

Secretary's Statement of the Estimated Value of the School Premises, Sites, Buildings, Furniture, &c., belonging to the Public School Board of the City of Toronto, at the 31st December, 1880.

Schools.	SITES.	Buildings.	TOTAL.
Park	\$2,500	\$ 9,000	\$11,500
Parliament Street	4,500	10,500	15,000
Winchester "	4,500	13,000	17,500
Dufferin	8,000	21,000	29,000
George Street	3,500	10,500	14,000
Palace "	1,500	6,000	7,500
Leslieville	<b>50</b> 0	3,500	4,000
Victoria Street	5,000	11,000	16,000
Church "	4,000	10,500	14,500
John "	4,000	15,000	19,000
York "	5,500	14,500	20,000
Niagara "	4,000	13,000	17,000
Louisa "	3,500	12,500	16,000
Elizabeth "	2,500	6,000	8,500
Wellesley "	5,000	<b>27,0</b> 00	32,000
Phœbe "	4.000	16,000	20,000
Borden "	1,000	5,500	6,500
Ryerson	7,000	23,000	30,000
Bathurst Street	2,000	10,500	12,500
Givens "	1,500	8,000	9,500
Lake View Avenue	3,000	• • • •	3,000
Hope Street	2,500	••••	2,500
	\$79,500	<b>\$246,0</b> 00	\$325,500
Furniture, School Apparatus, &c	., say		20,000
Total estimated Va	alue of S	chool Property	345,500

Certified,

W. C. WILKINSON,

Secretary.